FPSC Trained Graduate Teacher | BS-16 — GUESS PAPER 2027 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Trained Graduate Teacher | BS-16 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 30 verified facts predicted to recur, 70 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified FPSC Trained Graduate Teacher | BS-16 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 70 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 71 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2027 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 English

Which word means from the time that and fits this sentence: Many things happened ___ I left the school?

- A. Since ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Because

- D. None of these

Why this answer? "Since" means "from the time that", which is exactly the sense: many things happened from the time I left the school.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q2 (since means from the time that)

Question 2 English

In a first conditional sentence, which verb form completes the result clause: If you work in collaboration, you ___ rapid progress?

- A. would make
- B. will make ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. shall make
- D. None of these

Why this answer? In a first conditional (if + present simple), the result clause uses "will": "If you work in collaboration, you will make rapid progress."

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q7 (first conditional uses will)

Question 3 English

Which sentence is the correct passive of People use this footpath all the time?

- A. This footpath is used all the time. ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The footpath is in use all the time.
- C. The footpath is used by the people.
- D. None of these

Why this answer? This is the correct passive: the object becomes the subject, the generic

e people" is dropped, and "all the time" is kept.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q10 (correct passive keeps all the time and drops by the people)

Question 4 English

Which article must go before environment in this sentence: There was a program on television about dangers to ___ environment?

- A. the ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. a
- C. an
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The sentence needs the definite article before "environment": "dangers to the environment".

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q11 (definite article the before environment)

Question 5 English

They have lived here ___ 2010.

- A. for
- B. from
- C. since ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. in

Why this answer? Since is used with a point in time, 2010.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English grammar: prepositions of time recurs in this post's syllabus.

6 English

Choose the correct passive of: She wrote a letter.

- A. A letter is written by her.
- B. A letter was written by her. ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A letter has been written by she.
- D. A letter was wrote by her.

Why this answer? Past simple passive uses was plus the past participle written.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English grammar: passive voice recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 7 English

The synonym of happy is ___.

- A. sad
- B. joyful ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. angry
- D. tired

Why this answer? Joyful means the same as happy.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English grammar: vocabulary recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 8 English

Choose the correctly spelt word.

- A. seperate
- B. separate ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. separete
- D. seprate

swer? Separate is spelt s-e-p-a-r-a-t-e.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English grammar: spelling recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 9 English

Choose the correct indirect speech: He said, I am busy.

- A. He said that he is busy.
- B. He said that he had been busy.
- C. He said that I am busy.
- D. He said that he was busy. ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? In indirect speech the present simple am becomes the past simple was.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English grammar: narration recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 10 English

Neither of the boys ___ arrived.

- A. have
- B. are
- C. were
- D. has ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Neither takes a singular verb, so has is correct.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English grammar: subject-verb agreement recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 11 Professional

Desirable changes in the behaviour of the learner are the ___ of teaching.

- B. to involve pupils in activities
- C. to impart knowledge
- D. Desirable changes in behavior ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The accepted goal of teaching is to bring about desirable changes in the learner's behaviour.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q21 (goal of teaching is desirable changes in behaviour)

Question 12 Professional

The rules of presenting content so that pupils understand it easily are known as the ___ of teaching.

- A. Techniques of teaching
- B. Methods of teaching
- C. None of these
- D. Maxims of teaching ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Maxims of teaching are the rules and principles that guide the presentation of content so that it is easy for pupils to understand.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q22 (maxims of teaching guide presentation of content)

Question 13 Professional

The taxonomy of Biggs and Collis, SOLO, expands to ___.

- A. Structure of the observed learning outcome ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. System of the observed learning outcomes
- C. Structure of the observed learning outcomes
- D. None of these

swer? SOLO stands for Structure of the Observed Learning Outcome; it is the taxonomy of learning outcomes developed by Biggs and Collis.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q24 (SOLO is Structure of the Observed Learning Outcome)

Question 14 Professional

Pupil freedom and participation, with emphasis on democratic values, mark which method?

- A. Lecture method
- B. Demonstration method
- C. Child centered method ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The child-centred method puts the child at the centre and gives pupils freedom and participation, which is where democratic values are emphasised.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q26 (child-centred method emphasises democratic values)

Question 15 Professional

The question-answer method is another name for which method?

- A. Discussion method
- B. Lecture method
- C. None of these
- D. Question-Answer method ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Socratic method works by asking a series of questions that lead the learner to discover the answer, so it is also called the question-answer method.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-

Q27 (Socratic method is the question-answer method)

Question 16 Professional

A teacher makes pupils repeat a spelling pattern ten times until they get it right every time. Which method is being used?

- A. Drill method ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Project method
- C. Problem solving method
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Drill is the repeated performance of a learning act until the desired level of skill is reached.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q28 (drill is repeated performance until the desired skill level)

Question 17 Professional

In 1837 Froebel founded the children's garden. What is it called in English education?

- A. Vocational school
- B. Public high school
- C. Kindergarten ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Friedrich Froebel founded the kindergarten, the "children's garden", in 1837, and it is his best-known contribution to education.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q29 (Froebel founded the kindergarten)

18 Professional

A teacher writes on the board while pupils watch and copy. The board is an example of which aid?

- A. Audio aid
- B. Audio-visual aid
- C. Visual aid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? A blackboard is seen, not heard, so it is a visual aid.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q30 (blackboard is a visual aid)

Question 19 Professional

Sensorimotor, preoperational, concrete operational and formal operational are the four stages named by whom?

- A. Skinner
- B. Bruner
- C. Piaget ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Jean Piaget identified the four stages of intellectual development: sensorimotor, preoperational, concrete operational and formal operational.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q31 (Piaget identified four stages of intellectual development)

Question 20 Professional

A pupil reads slowly, confuses letters and struggles with spelling. This points to which difficulty?

ding disorder ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Listening disorder
- C. Mental disorder
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Dyslexia is a specific learning difficulty that affects reading, spelling and word recognition.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q32 (dyslexia is a reading disorder)

Question 21 Professional

Childhood is not merely preparation for adulthood; in the current view it is a unique period of ___.

- A. Growth ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Change
- C. Development
- D. None of these

Why this answer? In the current view, childhood is seen as a unique period of growth in its own right, not merely a preparation for adulthood.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q34 (childhood is a unique period of growth)

Question 22 Professional

Six stages in three levels form whose theory of moral development?

- A. Piaget
- B. Erikson
- C. Kohlberg ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

swer? Lawrence Kohlberg proposed the theory of moral development with its six stages in three levels.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q35 (Kohlberg proposed the theory of moral development)

Question 23 Professional

Which principle explains that development goes on without a final stopping point?

- A. Inter-relation
- B. Continuity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Integration
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The principle of continuity says that development is a continuous, never-ending process.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q36 (continuity means development is a never-ending process)

Question 24 Professional

Kohler's insight theory, developed within Gestalt psychology, explains what?

- A. Motivation
- B. Personality
- C. Learning ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Gestalt psychologists, especially Kohler, developed the insight theory of learning: learning by sudden insight into the whole situation.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q38 (Gestalt insight theory is a theory of learning)

25 Professional

Pupils look forward to a teacher's lessons because the subject comes alive for them. Such a teacher is best described as ___.

- A. Hard working
- B. Punctual
- C. Competent ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? A teacher who creates interest in the subject is described as competent, because competence includes making the subject engaging.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q39 (a teacher who creates interest is competent)

Question 26 Professional

Hands-on activities for pupils reading below grade level are planned by whom?

- A. Teachers ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Principal
- C. Parent
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Teachers plan and carry out classroom activities, including hands-on activities for pupils below grade level.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q42 (teachers plan classroom hands-on activities)

Question 27 Professional

Which of these tells a teacher whether teaching has been effective?

- A. The number of books

understanding level of students ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. The use of materials
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Teaching is effective when pupils understand, so the teacher watches the pupils' level of understanding.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q43 (effectiveness is judged by the understanding level of students)

Question 28 Professional

A test question that most strong pupils answer correctly and most weak pupils miss shows good ___.

- A. Micro teaching
- B. Validity
- C. Discrimination power ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Discrimination power is the ability of a test item to separate high achievers from low achievers.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q44 (discrimination power sorts high and low achievers)

Question 29 Professional

Who, together, should determine school policy?

- A. Citizens and Educators ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Headmaster
- C. Headmaster and teachers
- D. None of these

swer? In the standard textbook answer, school policy is determined by citizens and educators together.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q45 (school policy is determined by citizens and educators)

Question 30 Professional

Arranging staff, rooms and materials to carry out a teaching plan is which management function?

- A. Planning
- B. Controlling
- C. Organizing ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Organizing is the management function of arranging resources and making the arrangements to carry out a plan.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q46 (making arrangements is part of organizing)

Question 31 Professional

Strict control and obedience are the marks of which model, used mainly for discipline?

- A. Discipline ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Planning
- C. Cooperation
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The authoritarian model rests on strict control and obedience, so it is most associated with discipline.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-

Q47 (authoritarian model is most suitable for discipline)

Question 32 Professional

Keeping the classroom clean, bright and well-ordered is an example of which task?

- A. Instructional task
- B. Administrative task
- C. None of these
- D. Non instructional task ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Providing a good educational environment is a support activity, not direct instruction, so it is a non-instructional task.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q48 (provision of a good educational environment is a non-instructional task)

Question 33 Professional

Without whom can the aims of education not be accomplished in the classroom?

- A. School
- B. Society
- C. Teacher ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The teacher is the chief source for the accomplishment of the aims of education, because the teacher carries the teaching into the classroom.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q49 (the teacher is the chief source for accomplishing the aims of education)

Question 34 Professional

A curriculum is best described as a ___ process.

t of activities

- B. A continuous process ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A set of books
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Curriculum is a continuous process of planning, developing and revising the learning experiences of pupils.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q50 (curriculum is a continuous process)

Question 35 Professional

Count the elements of curriculum: objectives, content, methodology and evaluation. How many are there?

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. None of these
- D. Four ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The elements of curriculum are four: objectives, content, methodology and evaluation.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q51 (elements of curriculum are four)

Question 36 Professional

Which four items together make up a curriculum?

- A. Objectives, content, methodology and evaluation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Aims, content, teaching and evaluation
- C. Objectives, contents, methodology and assessment
- D. None of these

swer? The four components of curriculum are objectives, content, methodology and evaluation.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: fpsc-trained-graduate-teacher-female-2023 Q52 (components are objectives, content, methodology and evaluation)

Question 37 Professional

An essay test mainly measures a pupil's power of ___.

- A. Guessing
- B. Expression and organisation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Copying
- D. Memorising spellings

Why this answer? Essay tests measure how a pupil organises and expresses ideas in writing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — types of tests recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 38 Professional

A test blueprint is a plan showing ___.

- A. The school building
- B. The exam hall seating
- C. How questions are spread over topics and objectives ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. The teachers timetable

Why this answer? A blueprint maps test questions to topics and objectives before the test is made.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — test construction recurs in this post's syllabus.

39 Professional

Grading means assigning ___ to pupils' performance.

- A. Marks only
- B. Grades or letters ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Punishment
- D. Homework

Why this answer? In grading, performance is reported as grades such as A, B or C.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — grading recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 40 Professional

Continuous assessment is carried out ___.

- A. Only at the end of the year
- B. Throughout the course ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Only once a term
- D. Only in the final exam

Why this answer? Continuous assessment judges pupils' work throughout the course, not only at the end.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — assessment recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 41 Professional

The hidden curriculum refers to the values and norms pupils learn ___.

- A. Unintentionally at school ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. From the textbook
- C. From the timetable

Why this answer? The hidden curriculum is the unwritten learning of attitudes and values at school.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — curriculum recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 42 Professional

The core curriculum is the set of subjects ___.

- A. All pupils study in common ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Only for gifted pupils
- C. Taught only in private schools
- D. Chosen by parents

Why this answer? Core subjects are common to all pupils.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — curriculum recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 43 Professional

A syllabus is best described as ___.

- A. The whole curriculum
- B. The school rules
- C. The exam results
- D. A part of the curriculum for one subject ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A syllabus sets out the content of one subject and is part of the wider curriculum.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — curriculum recurs in this post's syllabus.

44 Professional

A textbook is best described as ___.

- A. A teaching aid only
- B. A test paper
- C. The main printed source of subject content ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A school register

Why this answer? A textbook is the main printed source from which subject content is taught.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching aids recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 45 Professional

Charts and diagrams are examples of which teaching aid?

- A. Audio aid
- B. Audio-visual aid
- C. No aid
- D. Visual aid ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Charts are seen, not heard, so they are visual aids.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching aids recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 46 Professional

A radio programme used in class is an example of which aid?

- A. Visual aid
- B. Audio-visual aid
- C. Audio aid ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Radio is heard, so it is an audio aid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching aids recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 47 Professional

A film shown in class is an example of which aid?

- A. Audio-visual aid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Visual aid
- C. Audio aid
- D. No aid

Why this answer? A film combines sound and sight, so it is an audio-visual aid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching aids recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 48 Professional

Intrinsic motivation comes from ___.

- A. Prizes and rewards
- B. Fear of punishment
- C. Interest within the learner ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Marks alone

Why this answer? Intrinsic motivation arises from the learner's own interest in the task.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — motivation recurs in this post's syllabus.

49 Professional

A prize given for good work is an example of which motivation?

- A. Intrinsic motivation
- B. No motivation
- C. Negative motivation
- D. Extrinsic motivation ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Rewards from outside, such as prizes, are extrinsic motivators.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — motivation recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 50 Professional

Learning is best defined as a relatively permanent change in behaviour through ___.

- A. Growth alone
- B. Experience ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sleep
- D. Age alone

Why this answer? Learning is a lasting change in behaviour that comes from experience.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — learning recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 51 Professional

Maturation is a change that comes mainly from ___.

- A. Teaching
- B. Natural growth ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Practice
- D. Reading

swer? Maturation is development through natural growth, not through teaching.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — growth and development recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 52 Professional

The first stage of memory is ___.

- A. Storage
- B. Encoding ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Retrieval
- D. Forgetting

Why this answer? Encoding, taking information in, is the first stage of memory.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — memory recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 53 Professional

The forgetting curve was first described by whom?

- A. Pavlov
- B. Skinner
- C. Piaget
- D. Ebbinghaus ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Ebbinghaus studied memory and described how forgetting increases with time.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — memory recurs in this post's syllabus.

54 Professional

The first intelligence test was developed by whom?

- A. Binet ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Spearman
- C. Terman
- D. Wechsler

Why this answer? Binet and Simon produced the first intelligence test in 1905.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — intelligence testing recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 55 Professional

Intelligence quotient is found by dividing mental age by chronological age and multiplying by ___.

- A. 10
- B. 50
- C. 100 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1000

Why this answer? IQ equals mental age divided by chronological age, multiplied by 100.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — intelligence testing recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 56 Professional

Dysgraphia is a difficulty mainly with ___.

- A. Reading
- B. Writing ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Speaking

Why this answer? Dysgraphia is a learning difficulty affecting handwriting and writing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — special education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 57 Professional

Dyscalculia is a difficulty mainly with ___.

- A. Reading
- B. Writing
- C. Seeing
- D. Numbers and maths ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Dyscalculia is a learning difficulty affecting number work and maths.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — special education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 58 Professional

ADHD stands for a difficulty with attention and ___.

- A. Hearing
- B. Memory only
- C. Hyperactivity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Vision

Why this answer? ADHD is attention deficit hyperactivity disorder.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — special education recurs in this post's syllabus.

59 Professional

A child with autism mainly has difficulty with ___.

- A. Running fast
- B. Seeing colours
- C. Hearing music
- D. Social communication ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Autism mainly affects social communication and interaction.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — special education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 60 Professional

Inclusive education means teaching ___.

- A. Only gifted pupils
- B. Only disabled pupils at home
- C. Boys and girls separately
- D. All pupils together in the same school ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Inclusive education brings all pupils, including those with disabilities, into the same classrooms.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — inclusive education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 61 Professional

How many main types of guidance are commonly named?

- A. Two
- B. Three ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Four

Why this answer? Guidance is commonly divided into three types: educational, vocational and personal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — guidance recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 62 Professional

Vocational guidance helps a person choose ___.

- A. A career ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A school subject
- C. A hobby
- D. A friend

Why this answer? Vocational guidance guides the choice of an occupation or career.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — guidance recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 63 Professional

Personal guidance helps a person with ___.

- A. Exam marks
- B. Personal and emotional problems ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sports fixtures
- D. Timetable making

Why this answer? Personal guidance helps with personal and emotional problems.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — guidance recurs in this post's syllabus.

64 Professional

Counselling is best described as ___.

- A. Punishing a pupil
- B. Giving orders
- C. Marking papers
- D. A face-to-face helping relationship ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Counselling is a face-to-face helping relationship between counsellor and client.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — counselling recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 65 Professional

Directive counselling is centred on the ___.

- A. Client
- B. Parent
- C. Counsellor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Teacher

Why this answer? In directive counselling the counsellor directs the process; it is counsellor-centred.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — counselling recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 66 Professional

Non-directive, client-centred counselling was developed by whom?

- A. Rogers ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Williamson

- D. Skinner

Why this answer? Carl Rogers developed client-centred, non-directive counselling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — counselling recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 67 Professional

Eclectic counselling is one that ___.

- A. Uses only one method
- B. Combines methods from different approaches ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Avoids all methods
- D. Uses punishment only

Why this answer? Eclectic counselling takes useful methods from several approaches.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — counselling recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 68 Professional

Classroom management is mainly about ___.

- A. Keeping accounts
- B. Maintaining an orderly learning environment ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Building classrooms
- D. Writing reports

Why this answer? Classroom management keeps the class orderly so learning can go on.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — classroom management recurs in this post's syllabus.

69 Professional

The best form of discipline in a classroom is ___.

- A. Self-discipline ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Fear
- C. Corporal punishment
- D. Shouting

Why this answer? Self-discipline, pupils controlling their own behaviour, is the best discipline.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — classroom management recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 70 Professional

The main drawback of punishment is that it creates ___.

- A. Interest
- B. Confidence
- C. Love of learning
- D. Fear and resentment ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Punishment often creates fear and resentment rather than lasting good behaviour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — classroom management recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 71 Professional

Supervision in education aims mainly at ___.

- A. Checking attendance only
- B. Collecting fees

roving teaching ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Building schools

Why this answer? Instructional supervision aims to improve the quality of teaching.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — supervision recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 72 Professional

Educational administration is the work of ___.

- A. Teaching one subject
- B. Managing men and materials to achieve educational aims ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Writing textbooks
- D. Marking exams only

Why this answer? Administration manages people and resources so that educational aims are achieved.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — educational administration recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 73 Professional

Inspection differs from supervision because inspection mainly ___.

- A. Guides teachers
- B. Trains teachers
- C. Plans lessons
- D. Checks and reports on standards ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Inspection checks whether standards are met, while supervision guides and improves teaching.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — supervision recurs in this post's

Question 74 Professional

The first All Pakistan Educational Conference of 1947 recommended ___.

- A. Only higher education
- B. Closing primary schools
- C. English only teaching
- D. Free and compulsory primary education ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The 1947 conference recommended free and compulsory primary education.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 75 Professional

The National Education Commission of 1959 is also known as the ___.

- A. Sharif Commission ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Hamoodur Rahman Commission
- C. Siddiqui Commission
- D. Iqbal Commission

Why this answer? The 1959 commission was headed by S. M. Sharif, so it is called the Sharif Commission.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 76 Professional

The Education Policy of 1972 is best known for the ___ of private educational institutions.

atisation

- B. Nationalisation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Closure
- D. Sale

Why this answer? The 1972 policy nationalised private educational institutions in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 77 Professional

The National Education Policy of 1979 stressed the ___ of education.

- A. Westernisation
- B. Commercialisation
- C. Privatisation
- D. Islamisation ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The 1979 policy stressed the Islamisation of education in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 78 Professional

Article 25-A of the Constitution of Pakistan guarantees ___.

- A. Free university education for all
- B. Free books for teachers
- C. Free transport for pupils
- D. Free and compulsory education for children aged 5 to 16 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Article 25-A makes free and compulsory education a right for children

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 79 Professional

After the 18th Amendment, education in Pakistan became mainly a ___ subject.

- A. Provincial ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Federal
- C. District
- D. Private

Why this answer? The 18th Amendment of 2010 devolved education to the provinces.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 80 Professional

The Higher Education Commission of Pakistan was set up in which year?

- A. 1998
- B. 2008
- C. 2015
- D. 2002 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Higher Education Commission was established in 2002.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 81 Professional

The Federal Public Service Commission is established under which Article of the

- A. Article 240
- B. Article 242 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Article 25-A
- D. Article 37

Why this answer? Article 242 of the Constitution provides for the Federal Public Service Commission.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — education in Pakistan recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 82 Professional

Teaching is called a profession because it needs ___.

- A. Only a degree
- B. Special training and a code of ethics ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A uniform
- D. A large salary

Why this answer? Teaching needs specialised training and a code of ethics, like other professions.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching as a profession recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 83 Professional

A teacher's first duty is towards ___.

- A. The pupils ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The head teacher
- C. The parents

government

Why this answer? A teacher's first duty is to the pupils in their care.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching as a profession recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 84 Professional

Co-curricular activities mainly help develop a pupil's ___.

- A. Marks only
- B. Handwriting only
- C. Personality ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Memory only

Why this answer? Co-curricular activities develop personality, leadership and social skills beyond the classroom.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — co-curricular activities recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 85 Professional

The morning assembly in a school mainly promotes ___.

- A. Sleep
- B. Games only
- C. Discipline and national spirit ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Homework

Why this answer? Morning assembly builds discipline, unity and national spirit.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — school organisation recurs in this post's syllabus.

86 Professional

The main purpose of homework is to ___.

- A. Punish pupils
- B. Reinforce classroom learning ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Fill time
- D. Replace teaching

Why this answer? Homework reinforces and practises what was taught in class.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — teaching practice recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 87 Professional

After asking a question, a good teacher gives pupils ___ before expecting an answer.

- A. No time at all
- B. A punishment
- C. The answer at once
- D. Wait time to think ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Wait time lets pupils think before they answer.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — questioning technique recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 88 Professional

Which is the first level of the affective domain?

- A. Responding
- B. Valuing
- C. Characterisation
- D. Receiving ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? Receiving, being willing to listen, is the first level of the affective domain.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Bloom's taxonomy recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 89 Professional

The psychomotor domain is concerned with ___.

- A. Feelings
- B. Knowledge
- C. Attitudes
- D. Physical skills ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The psychomotor domain covers physical and motor skills.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Bloom's taxonomy recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 90 Professional

The taxonomy of educational objectives was developed by whom?

- A. Piaget
- B. Skinner
- C. Benjamin Bloom ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Dewey

Why this answer? Benjamin Bloom led the team that produced the taxonomy of educational objectives.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Bloom's taxonomy recurs in this post's syllabus.

91 Professional

How many levels are there in the SOLO taxonomy?

- A. Five ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Three
- C. Four
- D. Seven

Why this answer? SOLO has five levels: pre-structural, uni-structural, multi-structural, relational and extended abstract.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — SOLO taxonomy recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 92 Professional

Mastery learning is most closely linked with whom?

- A. Skinner
- B. Pavlov
- C. Bloom ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Thorndike

Why this answer? Bloom's mastery learning holds that nearly all pupils can master a subject given enough time.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — mastery learning recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 93 Professional

In cooperative learning, pupils learn mainly ___.

- A. Alone
- B. In small groups helping each other ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. By copying notes

Why this answer? Cooperative learning has pupils work in small groups and help each other learn.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — cooperative learning recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 94 Professional

Peer tutoring means ___.

- A. A teacher tutoring at home
- B. Parents teaching at school
- C. A tutor on television
- D. Pupils teaching each other ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? In peer tutoring, pupils teach and help their fellow pupils.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — peer tutoring recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 95 Professional

Remedial teaching is meant for pupils who ___.

- A. Have learning difficulties ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Are gifted
- C. Are absent
- D. Are monitors

Why this answer? Remedial teaching removes the difficulties of pupils who lag behind.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — remedial teaching recurs in this post's syllabus.

96 Professional

Enrichment programmes are meant for which pupils?

- A. Slow learners
- B. Absent pupils
- C. Gifted pupils ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. New pupils

Why this answer? Enrichment gives extra, challenging work to gifted pupils.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — gifted education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 97 Professional

A pupil is usually called gifted when the IQ is about ___ or above.

- A. 130 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 100
- C. 110
- D. 120

Why this answer? An IQ of about 130 or above is commonly taken as the mark of giftedness.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — gifted education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 98 Professional

A slow learner is a pupil whose learning is ___ than that of classmates.

- A. Faster
- B. Slower ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Equal to

Why this answer? A slow learner learns more slowly than classmates of the same age.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — special education recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 99 Professional

Child-centred education is most closely linked with whom?

- A. Dewey ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Herbart
- C. Skinner
- D. Pavlov

Why this answer? Dewey put the child at the centre of education.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — educational thinkers recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 100 Professional

Learning by doing is the famous idea of whom?

- A. Herbart
- B. Froebel
- C. Dewey ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Montessori

Why this answer? Dewey stressed learning by doing, through real activity and experience.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — educational thinkers recurs in this post's syllabus.

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