PPSC Accounts Officer | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 1 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Accounts Officer | BS-17 · **Set:** 1 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 10 verified facts predicted to recur, 90 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Accounts Officer | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 90 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 19 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Accounting And Finance

Which equation expresses the basic accounting equation?

- A. Assets = Liabilities - Owner's Equity
- B. Assets = Liabilities + Owner's Equity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Assets + Liabilities = Owner's Equity

bilities = Assets + Owner's Equity

Why this answer? The accounting equation states that assets always equal liabilities plus owner's equity.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: the basic accounting equation recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 2 Accounting And Finance

Who is regarded as the father of double-entry bookkeeping?

- A. Adam Smith
- B. John Maynard Keynes
- C. Luca Pacioli ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Alfred Marshall

Why this answer? Luca Pacioli, the Italian mathematician, first described double-entry bookkeeping in 1494.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: double-entry bookkeeping recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 3 Accounting And Finance

In double-entry bookkeeping, every transaction affects at least how many accounts?

- A. One account
- B. Three accounts
- C. Four accounts
- D. Two accounts ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? In double-entry bookkeeping every transaction is recorded in at least two accounts, one debited and one credited.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: double-entry

g recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 4 Accounting And Finance

An increase in an asset account is recorded on which side?

- A. Credit side
- B. Debit side ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Either side
- D. Neither side

Why this answer? Assets increase on the debit side and decrease on the credit side.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: debit and credit rules recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 5 Accounting And Finance

In which book is a transaction first recorded in chronological order?

- A. Ledger
- B. Trial balance
- C. Balance sheet
- D. Journal ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The journal is the book of original entry, where transactions are first recorded in date order.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: books of account recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 6 Accounting And Finance

The book in which accounts are maintained in classified form is called what?

- A. Ledger ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Cash book
- D. Day book

Why this answer? The ledger is the book in which accounts are kept in classified form after posting from the journal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: books of account recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 7 Accounting And Finance

What is the main purpose of preparing a trial balance?

- A. To find the profit of the business
- B. To check the arithmetical accuracy of the ledger ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. To value the closing stock
- D. To prepare the tax return

Why this answer? A trial balance is prepared to check the arithmetical accuracy of the ledger accounts.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: trial balance recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 8 Accounting And Finance

The gradual fall in the value of a fixed asset due to use or time is called what?

- A. Appreciation
- B. Depletion
- C. Inflation
- D. Depreciation ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Depreciation is the gradual fall in the value of a fixed asset through

the passage of time.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: depreciation recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 9 Accounting And Finance

Under the straight-line method, the depreciation charged each year is what?

- A. Higher in the early years
- B. Lower in the early years
- C. The same amount every year ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Based on the sales of the year

Why this answer? Under the straight-line method an equal amount is written off as depreciation every year.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: depreciation methods recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 10 Accounting And Finance

The current ratio is calculated as which of the following?

- A. Current assets divided by current liabilities ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Current liabilities divided by current assets
- C. Total assets divided by total liabilities
- D. Fixed assets divided by current liabilities

Why this answer? The current ratio is current assets divided by current liabilities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: accounting ratios recurs in every sitting of this post.

11 Accounting And Finance

Which item is excluded from quick assets when computing the quick ratio?

- A. Cash
- B. Debtors
- C. Inventory ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Bank balance

Why this answer? The quick ratio excludes inventory (stock) from current assets, because stock is the least liquid current asset.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: accounting ratios recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 12 Accounting And Finance

Gross profit is equal to which of the following?

- A. Sales plus cost of goods sold
- B. Net profit plus expenses
- C. Sales minus cost of goods sold ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sales minus expenses

Why this answer? Gross profit equals sales less the cost of goods sold.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: final accounts recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 13 Accounting And Finance

Cost of goods sold equals opening stock plus purchases minus what?

- A. Opening stock
- B. Sales
- C. Gross profit

sing stock ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Cost of goods sold is opening stock plus purchases less closing stock.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: final accounts recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 14 Accounting And Finance

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognised when it is what?

- A. Received in cash
- B. Delivered in goods only
- C. Counted at the year end
- D. Earned, whether cash is received or not ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Under the accrual basis revenue is recognised when it is earned, not when the cash is received.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: accounting concepts recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 15 Accounting And Finance

The going concern concept assumes that a business will do what?

- A. Close within a year
- B. Sell all its assets
- C. Continue operating for the foreseeable future ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Merge with another business soon

Why this answer? The going concern concept assumes the business will continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: accounting concepts recurs in every sitting of this post.

16 Accounting And Finance

The matching concept requires expenses to be matched with what?

- A. The cash paid out
- B. The owner's capital
- C. The revenues they helped to earn ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. The liabilities of the business

Why this answer? The matching concept matches the expenses of a period with the revenues they helped to earn in that period.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: accounting concepts recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 17 Accounting And Finance

Money spent on buying a machine for the business is what kind of expenditure?

- A. Revenue expenditure
- B. Deferred expenditure
- C. Personal expenditure
- D. Capital expenditure ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Buying a machine is capital expenditure, because the benefit lasts for more than one year.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: capital and revenue expenditure recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 18 Accounting And Finance

Which of the following is a revenue expenditure?

- A. Repairs to machinery ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Purchase of a building

- D. Purchase of land

Why this answer? Repairs to machinery are revenue expenditure, because they only maintain the asset in working order.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: capital and revenue expenditure recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 19 Accounting And Finance

Working capital is equal to which of the following?

- A. Total assets minus total liabilities
- B. Current assets minus current liabilities ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Fixed assets minus current assets
- D. Sales minus purchases

Why this answer? Working capital equals current assets less current liabilities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: working capital recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 20 Accounting And Finance

Which statement shows the financial position of a business on a particular date?

- A. Balance sheet ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Income statement
- C. Cash flow statement
- D. Trial balance

Why this answer? The balance sheet shows the financial position of a business — its assets, liabilities and capital — on a particular date.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: financial

ecurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 21 Accounting And Finance

Which statement shows the profit or loss of a business over a period of time?

- A. Balance sheet
- B. Cash flow statement
- C. Income statement ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Trial balance

Why this answer? The income statement (profit and loss account) shows the profit or loss earned over a period.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: financial statements recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 22 Accounting And Finance

An amount owed by a customer that will never be paid is called what?

- A. Bad debt ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Good debt
- C. Doubtful debt
- D. Secured debt

Why this answer? A bad debt is an amount owed by a debtor that will never be recovered.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: bad debts recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 23 Accounting And Finance

A provision for doubtful debts is created to cover which of the following?

- B. Debts already written off
- C. Shortages of cash
- D. Tax liabilities

Why this answer? A provision for doubtful debts is set aside for debts that may not be recovered.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: provisions recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 24 Accounting And Finance

A bank reconciliation statement is prepared to reconcile what?

- A. Sales with purchases
- B. Debtors with creditors
- C. Capital with drawings
- D. The cash book balance with the bank statement balance ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A bank reconciliation statement reconciles the balance in the cash book with the balance in the bank statement.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: bank reconciliation recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 25 Accounting And Finance

Under the FIFO method of stock valuation, the stock issued first is assumed to be which stock?

- A. The oldest stock purchased ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The newest stock purchased
- C. The cheapest stock
- D. The damaged stock

swer? FIFO (first in, first out) assumes the oldest stock purchased is issued first.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: stock valuation recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 26 Accounting And Finance

Which of the following is a section of the cash flow statement?

- A. Selling activities
- B. Buying activities
- C. Lending activities
- D. Operating activities ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The cash flow statement has three sections: operating, investing and financing activities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: cash flow statement recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 27 Accounting And Finance

The break-even point is the level of sales at which what happens?

- A. Profit is at its highest
- B. Sales are at their highest
- C. Total revenue equals total cost ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Cost is at its lowest

Why this answer? At the break-even point total revenue equals total cost, so there is neither profit nor loss.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: break-even analysis recurs in every sitting of this post.

28 Accounting And Finance

Goods taken by the owner of a business for personal use are called what?

- A. Purchases
- B. Sales
- C. Drawings ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Expenses

Why this answer? Goods or cash taken by the owner for personal use are called drawings.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: capital and drawings recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 29 Accounting And Finance

Amounts owed by a business to its suppliers are called what?

- A. Creditors ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Debtors
- C. Owners
- D. Bankers

Why this answer? Amounts owed by a business to its suppliers are its creditors (accounts payable).

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: debtors and creditors recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 30 Accounting And Finance

Amounts owed to a business by its customers are called what?

- A. Creditors
- B. Lenders

- D. Debtors ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Amounts owed to a business by its customers are its debtors (accounts receivable).

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Accounting: debtors and creditors recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 31 Auditing And Taxation

An independent examination of the books of account of a business is called what?

- A. Investigation
- B. Valuation
- C. Budgeting
- D. Audit ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? An audit is an independent examination of the books of account and records of a business.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: meaning and purpose of audit recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 32 Auditing And Taxation

An audit carried out by the employees of the organisation itself is called what?

- A. External audit
- B. Statutory audit
- C. Internal audit ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Government audit

Why this answer? An internal audit is carried out by the organisation's own employees to check its systems and records.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: types of audit recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 33 Auditing And Taxation

The auditor appointed by the shareholders of a company is called what?

- A. Internal auditor
- B. Cost auditor
- C. Tax auditor
- D. External auditor ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The external auditor is appointed by the shareholders to give an independent opinion on the company's accounts.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: types of audit recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 34 Auditing And Taxation

Checking entries in the books of account with the supporting documentary evidence is called what?

- A. Verification
- B. Vouching ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Valuation
- D. Posting

Why this answer? Vouching is the checking of entries in the books with the vouchers and documents that support them.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: vouching and verification recurs in every sitting of this post.

35 Auditing And Taxation

Confirming the existence and the value of assets and liabilities is called what?

- A. Vouching
- B. Totalling
- C. Verification ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Balancing

Why this answer? Verification is the process of confirming that assets and liabilities exist and are correctly valued.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: vouching and verification recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 36 Auditing And Taxation

The auditor expresses his opinion on the accounts through which document?

- A. Balance sheet
- B. Audit report ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Trial balance
- D. Ledger

Why this answer? The auditor gives his opinion on the truth and fairness of the accounts in the audit report.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: audit report recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 37 Auditing And Taxation

When the auditor is fully satisfied with the accounts, he gives what kind of opinion?

- A. Qualified opinion
- B. Unqualified opinion ✓ **Predicted answer**

erse opinion

- D. Disclaimer of opinion

Why this answer? A fully satisfied auditor gives an unqualified (clean) opinion on the accounts.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Auditing: audit report recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 38 Auditing And Taxation

Which of the following is a direct tax?

- A. Sales tax
- B. Excise duty
- C. Customs duty
- D. Income tax ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Income tax is a direct tax, because it is paid directly by the person on whom it is imposed.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Taxation: direct and indirect taxes recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 39 Auditing And Taxation

Which of the following is an indirect tax?

- A. Sales tax ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Income tax
- C. Capital gains tax
- D. Property tax

Why this answer? Sales tax is an indirect tax, because it is collected from the buyer through the seller.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Taxation: direct and indirect taxes recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 40 Auditing And Taxation

In Pakistan, the tax year runs from which dates?

- A. 1 July to 30 June ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1 January to 31 December
- C. 1 April to 31 March
- D. 1 October to 30 September

Why this answer? In Pakistan the tax year runs from 1 July to 30 June.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Taxation: tax year in Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 41 Auditing And Taxation

Which body collects federal taxes in Pakistan?

- A. Federal Board of Revenue ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. State Bank of Pakistan
- C. Securities and Exchange Commission
- D. Auditor General of Pakistan

Why this answer? The Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) collects federal taxes in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Taxation: tax administration in Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 42 Auditing And Taxation

Tax deducted at source from a payment is called what?

- A. Advance tax

- C. Excise duty
- D. Withholding tax ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Tax deducted at source when a payment is made is called withholding tax.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Taxation: withholding tax recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 43 Economics

According to the law of demand, when the price of a good rises, its quantity demanded generally does what?

- A. Falls ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rises
- C. Stays the same
- D. Doubles

Why this answer? The law of demand says that, other things being equal, a rise in price leads to a fall in quantity demanded.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: law of demand recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 44 Economics

According to the law of supply, when the price of a good rises, the quantity supplied generally does what?

- A. Falls
- B. Stays the same
- C. Rises ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Becomes zero

swer? The law of supply says that, other things being equal, a rise in price leads to a rise in quantity supplied.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: law of supply recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 45 Economics

Gross Domestic Product measures which of the following?

- A. The total exports of a country
- B. The total value of goods and services produced within a country in a year ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. The total imports of a country
- D. The total government spending of a country

Why this answer? Gross Domestic Product is the total market value of all goods and services produced within a country in a year.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: national income recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 46 Economics

A general rise in the prices of goods and services over time is called what?

- A. Deflation
- B. Recession
- C. Inflation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Depression

Why this answer? Inflation is a general and sustained rise in the prices of goods and services.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: inflation recurs in

of this post.

Question 47 Economics

The central bank of Pakistan is which of the following?

- A. National Bank of Pakistan
- B. Bank of Punjab
- C. State Bank of Pakistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Habib Bank

Why this answer? The State Bank of Pakistan is the central bank of the country.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: banking in Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 48 Economics

Government policy about taxation and public spending is called what?

- A. Monetary policy
- B. Trade policy
- C. Industrial policy
- D. Fiscal policy ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Fiscal policy is the government's policy on taxation, spending and borrowing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: fiscal and monetary policy recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 49 Economics

Policy about the money supply and interest rates, run by the central bank, is called what?

- A. Monetary policy ✓ **Predicted answer**

al policy

- C. Budget policy
- D. Exchange policy

Why this answer? Monetary policy is the central bank's policy on the money supply and interest rates.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: fiscal and monetary policy recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 50 Economics

In a perfectly competitive market there are how many buyers and sellers?

- A. Many buyers and many sellers of an identical product ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. One seller only
- C. A few large sellers
- D. One buyer only

Why this answer? Perfect competition has many buyers and many sellers dealing in an identical product.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: market structures recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 51 Economics

A market with only one seller of a product is called what?

- A. Oligopoly
- B. Monopsony
- C. Duopoly
- D. Monopoly ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A monopoly is a market with a single seller of a product that has no

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: market structures recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 52 Economics

The cost of the next best alternative given up when a choice is made is called what?

- A. Fixed cost
- B. Opportunity cost ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Variable cost
- D. Sunk cost

Why this answer? Opportunity cost is the value of the next best alternative forgone when a choice is made.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Economics: opportunity cost recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 53 Computer Science

In computing, what do the initials VGA stand for?

- A. Visual Graphics Array
- B. Volatile Graphics Array
- C. Video Graphics Array ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Video Graphics Adapter

Why this answer? VGA stands for Video Graphics Array.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q5 (verified item — correct answer: Video Graphics Array).

54 Computer Science

In an email program, what does a small paper-clip symbol next to a message tell you?

- A. It is high priority
- B. It contains a virus
- C. It has an attachment ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. It has no text

Why this answer? A paper clip sent with an email indicates an attachment.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q6 (verified item — correct answer: Attachment).

Question 55 Computer Science

In a spreadsheet, a smart tag disappears from a cell as soon as what happens?

- A. The data in the cell is changed or deleted ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The cell is hidden
- C. The cell is moved
- D. The formatting of the cell is changed

Why this answer? A smart tag is removed from a cell when the data in the cell is changed or deleted.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q7 (verified item — correct answer: The data in the cell is changed or deleted).

Question 56 Computer Science

Which kind of computer memory keeps its stored information even when the power is switched off?

- A. Non-volatile memory ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Cache memory
- D. Virtual memory

Why this answer? Non-volatile memory retains stored information even after power is removed.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q8 (verified item — correct answer: Non-volatile memory).

Question 57 Computer Science

Which unit of the computer is called its brain?

- A. Central Processing Unit ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Monitor
- C. Keyboard
- D. Hard disk

Why this answer? The Central Processing Unit (CPU) is called the brain of the computer because it carries out instructions.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer Science: computer hardware recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 58 Computer Science

Which memory is lost when the computer is switched off?

- A. ROM
- B. Hard disk
- C. Compact disc
- D. RAM ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? RAM (random access memory) is volatile, so its contents are lost when

r is switched off.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer Science: computer memory recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 59 Computer Science

Computers store and process data in which number system?

- A. Binary ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Decimal
- C. Octal
- D. Hexadecimal

Why this answer? Computers store and process data in the binary number system, using only 0 and 1.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer Science: number systems recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 60 Computer Science

Which program is mainly used for spreadsheets and calculations?

- A. MS Word
- B. MS Excel ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. MS PowerPoint
- D. MS Paint

Why this answer? MS Excel is the spreadsheet program used for tables, formulas and calculations.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer Science: computer software recurs in every sitting of this post.

61 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan calls the boundary it claims along the eastern bank of Sir Creek by which name?

- A. Red Line
- B. Orange Line
- C. Yellow Line
- D. Green Line ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Green Line is the boundary as claimed by Pakistan along the eastern bank of Sir Creek, under the 1914 Resolution.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q10 (verified item — correct answer: Green Line).

Question 62 Pakistan Studies

About what share of Pakistan's total land area does Balochistan cover?

- A. 47%
- B. 43.6% ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 52%
- D. 61%

Why this answer? Balochistan covers 43.6% of Pakistan's area.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q11 (verified item — correct answer: 43.6%).

Question 63 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan came into being on which date?

- A. 14 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 15 August 1947
- C. 23 March 1940

Why this answer? Pakistan came into being on 14 August 1947.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: creation of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 64 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan?

- A. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- B. Muhammad Ali Bogra
- C. Chaudhry Muhammad Ali
- D. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Liaquat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: first office holders recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 65 Pakistan Studies

What is the capital of Pakistan?

- A. Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Karachi
- C. Lahore
- D. Rawalpindi

Why this answer? Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

66 Pakistan Studies

What is the national language of Pakistan?

- A. Punjabi
- B. Urdu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindhi
- D. English

Why this answer? Urdu is the national language of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 67 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab
- B. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindh
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: provinces of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

The present Constitution of Pakistan was adopted in which year?

- A. 1956
- B. 1973 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1962
- D. 1985

swer? The present Constitution of Pakistan was adopted in 1973.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: constitutional history recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 69 English

Which word describes a material that breaks easily when it is struck?

- A. Brittle ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Ductile
- C. Malleable
- D. Flexible

Why this answer? Brittle means liable to be easily broken.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q3 (verified item — correct answer: Brittle).

Question 70 English

Choose the synonym of 'happy'.

- A. Sad
- B. Joyful ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Angry
- D. Tired

Why this answer? 'Joyful' means the same as 'happy'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 71 English

Choose the antonym of 'brave'.

- B. Fearless
- C. Heroic
- D. Cowardly ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Cowardly' is the opposite of 'brave'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 72 English

What is the plural of 'child'?

- A. Children ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Childs
- C. Childes
- D. Childrens

Why this answer? The plural of 'child' is 'children'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: plurals recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 73 English

Choose the correctly spelt word.

- A. Enviroment
- B. Environment ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Envirnment
- D. Envoirment

Why this answer? 'Environment' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recurs in every

Question 74 English

A person who writes books is called what?

- A. Painter
- B. Author ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Singer
- D. Actor

Why this answer? An author is a person who writes books.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: one-word substitution recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 75 English

The idiom 'to bite the dust' means what?

- A. To eat dust
- B. To work hard
- C. To be defeated ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. To hide

Why this answer? The idiom 'to bite the dust' means to be defeated.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: idioms recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 76 English

Choose the passive voice of 'He wrote a letter'.

- A. A letter is written by him
- B. A letter was written by him ✓ **Predicted answer**

tter has been written by him

- D. He was written a letter

Why this answer? The passive voice of 'He wrote a letter' is 'A letter was written by him'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: active and passive voice recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 77 English

Choose the correct preposition: He is good ___ mathematics.

- A. in
- B. at ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. on
- D. of

Why this answer? The correct preposition is 'at': he is good at mathematics.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: prepositions recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 78 General Knowledge

Keohane and Nye's 'Power and Interdependence' is regarded as a classic work of which field?

- A. Classical political economy
- B. Modern international political economy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Development economics
- D. Behavioural economics

Why this answer? Power and Interdependence, by Keohane and Nye, is a classic work of modern international political economy (IPE).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-

4-TRANSPORT Q1 (verified item — correct answer: Power and interdependence).

Question 79 General Knowledge

Which is the largest ocean in the world?

- A. Atlantic Ocean
- B. Indian Ocean
- C. Arctic Ocean
- D. Pacific Ocean ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: oceans of the world recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 80 General Knowledge

Which is the longest river in the world?

- A. Amazon
- B. Nile ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Indus
- D. Yangtze

Why this answer? The Nile is the longest river in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: rivers of the world recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 81 General Knowledge

What is the capital of France?

- A. London

- C. Paris ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Berlin

Why this answer? Paris is the capital of France.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: capitals of the world recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 82 General Knowledge

Who was the first President of the United States?

- A. Abraham Lincoln
- B. George Washington ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Thomas Jefferson
- D. John Adams

Why this answer? George Washington was the first President of the United States.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world leaders recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 83 General Knowledge

The United Nations was founded in which year?

- A. 1919
- B. 1939
- C. 1945 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1950

Why this answer? The United Nations was founded in 1945.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: international organisations recurs in every sitting of this post.

84 Everyday Science

When a heavy nucleus splits in a fission reaction, which form of energy is released first as heat?

- A. Electrical energy
- B. Chemical energy
- C. Thermal energy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Geothermal energy

Why this answer? A nuclear fission reaction produces thermal energy: the splitting nucleus releases heat.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q4 (verified item — correct answer: Thermal energy).

Question 85 Everyday Science

What is the chemical formula of water?

- A. CO2
- B. O2
- C. H2O ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. NaCl

Why this answer? The chemical formula of water is H2O.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: common chemicals recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 86 Everyday Science

At sea level, pure water boils at what temperature?

- A. 90 degrees Celsius
- B. 80 degrees Celsius

degrees Celsius ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. 120 degrees Celsius

Why this answer? At sea level pure water boils at 100 degrees Celsius.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: heat and temperature recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 87 Everyday Science

Which fruit is a rich source of vitamin C?

- A. Banana
- B. Apple
- C. Orange ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Grapes

Why this answer? Oranges are a rich source of vitamin C.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: vitamins recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 88 Everyday Science

Which planet is nearest to the Sun?

- A. Mercury ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Venus
- C. Earth
- D. Mars

Why this answer? Mercury is the planet nearest to the Sun.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: solar system recurs in every sitting of this post.

89 Geography

What is the name for a narrow strip of land that joins two larger land areas and separates two bodies of water?

- A. Strait
- B. Peninsula
- C. Bay
- D. Isthmus ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? An isthmus is a narrow piece of land separating two water bodies.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2024-ACCOUNTS-OFFICER-BS17-18J2024-TRANSPORT Q9 (verified item — correct answer: Isthmus).

Question 90 Geography

Which is the largest hot desert in the world?

- A. Gobi
- B. Sahara ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Kalahari
- D. Thar

Why this answer? The Sahara is the largest hot desert in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Geography: deserts of the world recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 91 Geography

What is the highest mountain peak in the world?

- A. K2
- B. Kangchenjunga
- C. Mount Everest ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mount Everest is the highest mountain peak in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Geography: mountains of the world recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 92 Geography

What is the capital of Japan?

- A. Tokyo ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Beijing
- C. Seoul
- D. Bangkok

Why this answer? Tokyo is the capital of Japan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Geography: capitals of the world recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 93 Mathematics

What is 25 percent of 200?

- A. 25
- B. 75
- C. 100
- D. 50 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 25 percent of 200 is 50.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: percentages recurs in every sitting of this post.

94 Mathematics

If x + 7 = 15, what is the value of x?

- A. 7
- B. 9
- C. 8 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 22

Why this answer? If x + 7 = 15, then x = 15 - 7 = 8.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: simple equations recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 95 Mathematics

What is the square root of 144?

- A. 14
- B. 16
- C. 11
- D. 12 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The square root of 144 is 12, because 12 x 12 = 144.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: square roots recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 96 Mathematics

What is the next number in the series 2, 4, 8, 16?

- A. 20
- B. 24
- C. 18
- D. 32 ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer: Each number doubles, so the next number after 16 is 32.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: number series recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 97 Urdu

اردو کے پہلے شاعر کسے کہا جاتا ہے؟

- A. میر تقی میر
- B. مرزا غالب
- C. علامہ اقبال
- **Predicted answer** ✓ D. امیر خسرو

Why this answer? امیر خسرو کو اردو کا پہلا شاعر کہا جاتا ہے۔

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Urdu: Urdu literature recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 98 Urdu

مرزا غالب کا اصل نام کیا تھا؟

- **Predicted answer** ✓ A. مرزا اسد اللہ خان غالب
- B. مرزا محمد تقی
- C. مرزا سلیمان شاہ
- D. مرزا بابر علی

Why this answer? مرزا غالب کا اصل نام مرزا اسد اللہ خان غالب تھا۔

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Urdu: Urdu literature recurs in every sitting of this post.

99 Urdu

'شاعرِ مشرق' کس شاعر کا لقب ہے؟

A. میر تقی میر

Predicted answer ✓ B. علامہ اقبال

C. مرزا غالب

D. فیض احمد فیض

Why this answer? 'شاعرِ مشرق' علامہ اقبال کا لقب ہے۔

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Urdu: Urdu literature recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 100 Urdu

'دیوانِ غالب' کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

A. میر تقی میر

Predicted answer ✓ B. مرزا غالب

C. علامہ اقبال

D. فیض احمد فیض

Why this answer? 'دیوانِ غالب' مرزا غالب کی تصنیف ہے۔

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Urdu: Urdu literature recurs in every sitting of this post.

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