# PPSC Assistant Professor History | BS-18 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

**Body:** Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Assistant Professor History | BS-18 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 50 verified facts predicted to recur, 50 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

**GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper.** Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Assistant Professor History | BS-18 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

**[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool.** 50 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 100 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

## Question 1 History

Which territory did Humayun allot to his younger brother Hindal?

- A. Sambhal
- B. Kabul
- C. Mewat ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Humayun allotted Mewat to his younger brother Hindal.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q51 (verified item — correct answer: Mewat).

## Question 2 History

Who wrote the Akbarnama, the biographical account of Emperor Akbar?

- A. Raja Man Singh i
- B. Abdul-Fazl Ibne Mubarak ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Abdul Rahim khan-i-khana
- D. Tansen

**Why this answer?** The Akbarnama, a biographical account of Emperor Akbar, was written by Abul Fazl ibn Mubarak.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q52 (verified item — correct answer: Abdul-Fazl Ibne Mubarak).

## Question 3 History

'A Study of History' is the great work of which historian?

- A. Toynbee ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Collingwood
- C. Herodotus
- D. Saint Augustine

**Why this answer?** 'A Study of History' is the great work of Arnold J. Toynbee.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q54 (verified item — correct answer: Toynbee).

## 4 History

Who wrote 'The Idea of History'?

- A. Arnold J. Toynbee
- B. R. G. Collingwood ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Will Durand
- D. Thucydides

**Why this answer?** 'The Idea of History' was written by R. G. Collingwood.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q56 (verified item — correct answer: R. G. Collingwood).

## Question 5 History

What title was held by the ruler of the princely state of Chitral?

- A. Mehtar ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Nawab
- C. Wali
- D. Khan

**Why this answer?** The ruler of the princely state of Chitral was titled Mehtar.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q57 (verified item — correct answer: Mehtar).

## Question 6 History

By whom was the State of Bahawalpur founded?

- A. Nawab Sadiq I
- B. Nawab Feteh Muhammad khan
- C. Nawab Bahawal I ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Nawab Mubarak

**swer?** The State of Bahawalpur was founded by Nawab Bahawal Khan I (1748).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q58 (verified item — correct answer: Nawab Bahawal I).

## Question 7 History

To which Sufi order did Bahauddin Zakariya Multani belong?

- A. MAqshbandia
- B. Qadaria
- C. Soharwardia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Chistia

**Why this answer?** Bahauddin Zakariya Multani belonged to the Suhrawardi Sufi order.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q59 (verified item — correct answer: Soharwardia).

## Question 8 History

By what title was the ruler of the State of Lasbela known?

- A. Meer
- B. Khan
- C. Nawab
- D. Jam Sahib ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The ruler of the State of Lasbela was titled Jam (Jam Sahib).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q60 (verified item — correct answer: Jam Sahib).

## 9 History

Of which kingdom was Charlemagne the king?

- A. Italy
- B. England
- C. Germany
- D. France ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Charlemagne was king of the Franks (France).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q68 (verified item — correct answer: France).

## Question 10 History

The description of history as 'the unfolding story of human freedom' comes from whom?

- A. Carr
- B. Lord Acton ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Barnes
- D. Gottschack

**Why this answer?** Lord Acton defined history as 'the unfolding story of human freedom'.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q69 (verified item — correct answer: Lord Acton).

## Question 11 History

Where is Qutbuddin Aibak buried?

- A. Agra
- B. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Delhi
- D. Multan

**swer?** Qutbuddin Aibak is buried in Lahore (he died playing polo there in 1210).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q95 (verified item — correct answer: Lahore).

## Question 12 History

Which Tughlaq king was an idealist by nature?

- A. Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
- B. Feroz Tughlaq
- C. Qutlugh khan
- D. Muhammad bin Tughlaq ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Muhammad bin Tughlaq is remembered as the idealist (visionary but impractical) among the Tughlaq kings.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q96 (verified item — correct answer: Muhammad bin Tughlaq).

## Question 13 History

Who built Madina-tul-Mansoor near the Iraqi town of Anbar?

- A. Abu Jafar al-Mansoor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Abdul Abbas al Saffah
- C. Muhammad Mehdi
- D. Musa al-Hadi

**Why this answer?** Madinat al-Mansur (near Anbar, Iraq) was built by Caliph Abu Jafar al-Mansur.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q97 (verified item — correct answer: Abu Jafar al-Mansoor).

14 History

The Second Battle of Panipat was fought in which year?

- A. 1526
- B. 1556 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1576
- D. 1761

**Why this answer?** The Second Battle of Panipat was fought in 1556 between Akbar and Hemu.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Battles of Panipat recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 15 History

The Battle of Buxar was fought in which year?

- A. 1757
- B. 1761
- C. 1773
- D. 1764 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Battle of Buxar was fought in 1764; the British defeated the combined forces of Mir Qasim, Shuja-ud-Daulah and Shah Alam II.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Battles of India recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 16 History

Tipu Sultan died in 1799 during which war?

- A. Fourth Anglo-Mysore War ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Third Anglo-Mysore War

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- D. First Anglo-Maratha War

**Why this answer?** Tipu Sultan died in 1799 defending Seringapatam in the Fourth Anglo-Mysore War.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Anglo-Mysore Wars recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 17 History

Fatehpur Sikri was built by which Mughal emperor?

- A. Babur
- B. Shah Jahan
- C. Akbar ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Jahangir

**Why this answer?** Fatehpur Sikri was built by Akbar as his capital in the 1570s.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Mughal architecture recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 18 History

The Red Fort in Delhi was built by which emperor?

- A. Akbar
- B. Shah Jahan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Aurangzeb
- D. Babur

**Why this answer?** The Red Fort in Delhi was built by Shah Jahan (completed 1648).

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Mughal architecture recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 19 History

Aurangzeb died in which year?

- A. 1707 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1719
- C. 1680
- D. 1739

**Why this answer?** Aurangzeb died in 1707 after a reign of nearly fifty years.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Mughal emperors recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 20 History

The Delhi Sultanate was founded in 1206 by whom?

- A. Qutbuddin Aibak ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Iltutmish
- C. Balban
- D. Alauddin Khalji

**Why this answer?** The Delhi Sultanate was founded in 1206 by Qutbuddin Aibak.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Delhi Sultanate recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 21 History

Who completed the construction of the Qutb Minar?

- A. Qutbuddin Aibak
- B. Feroz Shah Tughlaq
- C. Alauddin Khalji
- D. Iltutmish ✓ **Predicted answer**

**swer?** The Qutb Minar, begun by Qutbuddin Aibak, was completed by Iltutmish.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Delhi Sultanate recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 22 History

Alauddin Khalji is best known for which reform?

- A. Market and price control ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Land revenue settlement
- C. Religious tolerance
- D. Naval expansion

**Why this answer?** Alauddin Khalji is best known for his market and price control reforms.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Khalji reforms recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 23 History

Muhammad bin Qasim conquered Sindh in which year?

- A. 712 AD ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 711 AD
- C. 713 AD
- D. 1026 AD

**Why this answer?** Muhammad bin Qasim conquered Sindh in 712 AD.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Arab conquest of Sindh recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 24 History

Mahmud of Ghazni attacked the Somnath temple in which year?

- A. 1001
- B. 1026 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1018
- D. 1030

**Why this answer?** Mahmud of Ghazni attacked the Somnath temple in 1026.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Ghaznavids recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 25 History

The Second Battle of Tarain (1192) was fought between whom?

- A. Muhammad Ghori and Prithviraj Chauhan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Babur and Ibrahim Lodi
- C. Akbar and Hemu
- D. Sher Shah and Humayun

**Why this answer?** The Second Battle of Tarain (1192) was fought between Muhammad Ghori and Prithviraj Chauhan; Ghori won.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Battles of India recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 26 History

Babur's autobiography is known by which name?

- A. Akbarnama
- B. Humayunnama
- C. Tuzk-e-Jahangiri

burnama (Tuzk-e-Babri) ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Babur's autobiography is the Baburnama (Tuzk-e-Babri).

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Mughal literature recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 27 History

Humayun's Tomb in Delhi was built by whom?

- A. Bega Begum (Haji Begum) ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Akbar
- C. Shah Jahan
- D. Nur Jahan

**Why this answer?** Humayun's Tomb was built by his widow Bega Begum (Haji Begum).

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Mughal architecture recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 28 History

Jahangir ascended the Mughal throne in which year?

- A. 1600
- B. 1611
- C. 1627
- D. 1605 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Jahangir ascended the Mughal throne in 1605 after Akbar's death.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Mughal emperors recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 29 History

The Treaty of Allahabad was signed in which year?

- A. 1764
- B. 1765 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1773
- D. 1757

**Why this answer?** The Treaty of Allahabad was signed in 1765, granting the British the Diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: British expansion recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 30 History

The Regulating Act was passed in which year?

- A. 1784
- B. 1765
- C. 1793
- D. 1773 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Regulating Act, the first British parliamentary Act over the East India Company, was passed in 1773.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: British legislation recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 31 History

The War of Independence of 1857 began at which place?

- A. Delhi
- B. Meerut ✓ **Predicted answer**

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- D. Kanpur

**Why this answer?** The War of Independence of 1857 began at Meerut on 10 May 1857.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: War of 1857 recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 32 History

The Indian National Congress was founded in which year?

- A. 1906
- B. 1877
- C. 1909
- D. 1885 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Indian National Congress was founded in 1885.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Indian National Congress recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 33 History

The Partition of Bengal was announced in 1905 by which Viceroy?

- A. Lord Minto
- B. Lord Curzon ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Lord Irwin
- D. Lord Mountbatten

**Why this answer?** The Partition of Bengal was announced in 1905 by Viceroy Lord Curzon.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Partition of Bengal recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 34 History

The Government of India Act was passed in which year?

- A. 1919
- B. 1935 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1909
- D. 1947

**Why this answer?** The Government of India Act, the longest Act of the British Parliament, was passed in 1935.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Constitutional reforms recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 35 History

The Cripps Mission came to India in which year?

- A. 1940
- B. 1946
- C. 1942 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1939

**Why this answer?** The Cripps Mission came to India in 1942 with proposals for self-government after the war.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Cripps Mission recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 36 History

Direct Action Day was observed by the Muslim League on which date?

- A. 23 March 1940
- B. 14 August 1947

August 1946 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. 3 June 1947

**Why this answer?** Direct Action Day was observed by the Muslim League on 16 August 1946.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Direct Action Day recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 37 History

The Indian Independence Act was passed in which year?

- A. 1946
- B. 1948
- C. 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1935

**Why this answer?** The Indian Independence Act was passed by the British Parliament in July 1947.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Indian Independence Act recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 38 History

The French Revolution began in which year?

- A. 1776
- B. 1789 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1804
- D. 1815

**Why this answer?** The French Revolution began in 1789.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: French Revolution

ry sitting of this post.

## Question 39 History

The Industrial Revolution began in which country?

- A. France
- B. Germany
- C. America
- D. England ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Industrial Revolution began in England in the late 18th century.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Industrial Revolution recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 40 History

The First World War ended in which year?

- A. 1919
- B. 1917
- C. 1914
- D. 1918 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The First World War ended in 1918 with the Armistice of 11 November.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: World wars recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 41 History

The Second World War began in which year?

- A. 1938
- B. 1941

- D. 1939 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Second World War began in 1939.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: World wars recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 42 History

The Russian Revolution took place in which year?

- A. 1905
- B. 1914
- C. 1921
- D. 1917 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Russian Revolution took place in 1917.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Russian Revolution recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 43 History

The Magna Carta was signed in which year?

- A. 1066
- B. 1216
- C. 1295
- D. 1215 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Magna Carta was signed in 1215 by King John of England.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Magna Carta recurs in every sitting of this post.

The Renaissance began in which country?

- A. France
- B. England
- C. Italy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Spain

**Why this answer?** The Renaissance began in Italy in the 14th century.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — History: Renaissance recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 45 Pakistan Studies

Who became the first Chief Minister of East Bengal after independence?

- A. Khawaja Nazimuddin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. H.S Suhrawardy
- C. A.K Fazal ul Haq
- D. Attaur Rehman Khan

**Why this answer?** Khawaja Nazimuddin was the first Chief Minister of East Bengal after independence (1947-1948).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q55 (verified item — correct answer: Khawaja Nazimuddin).

## Question 46 Pakistan Studies

How was Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy relieved of the prime ministership?

- A. He tendered voluntary resignation.
- B. He was dismissed by the President
- C. He had to submit forced resignation ✓ **Predicted answer**

was impeached by the Assembly

**Why this answer?** Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy was forced to resign as Prime Minister in October 1957 under pressure from President Iskander Mirza.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q61 (verified item — correct answer: He had to submit forced resignation).

## Question 47 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first bureaucrat elevated to Secretary General of a ministry in Pakistan?

- A. Sikandar Mirza
- B. Ghulam Ahmad
- C. Ch. Muhammad Ali ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Aziz Ahmad

**Why this answer?** Chaudhry Muhammad Ali was the first bureaucrat elevated to the post of Secretary General of a ministry in Pakistan.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q62 (verified item — correct answer: Ch. Muhammad Ali).

## Question 48 Pakistan Studies

During whose prime ministership was Gwadar purchased back from the Sultan of Muscat?

- A. Feroz Khan Noon ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Ch. Muhammad Ali
- C. Muhammad Ali of Bogra
- D. I.I Chundrigar

**Why this answer?** Gwadar was purchased back from the Sultan of Muscat in 1958 during Feroz Khan Noon's prime ministership.

**ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q63 (verified item — correct answer: Feroz Khan Noon).

## Question 49 Pakistan Studies

The title 'Ambassador of Hindu-Muslim Unity' was given to Mr Jinnah by whom?

- A. Moti Lai Nehru
- B. Gokhale ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Surider Nath
- D. Sarojni Naidu

**Why this answer?** Gopal Krishna Gokhale called Jinnah the 'Ambassador of Hindu-Muslim Unity'.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q64 (verified item — correct answer: Gokhale).

## Question 50 Pakistan Studies

In which year did the British Government announce the Communal Award?

- A. 1930
- B. 1931
- C. 1932 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1933

**Why this answer?** The Communal Award was announced by the British Government in August 1932.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q65 (verified item — correct answer: 1932).

## 51 Pakistan Studies

In which city did the Muslim League hold its first annual session?

- A. Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Bombay
- C. Aligarah
- D. Calcutta

**Why this answer?** The first annual session of the All-India Muslim League was held in Karachi in December 1907.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q66 (verified item — correct answer: Karachi).

## Question 52 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Urdu Defence Association founded by Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk?

- A. 1901
- B. 1900 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1902
- D. 1903

**Why this answer?** The Urdu Defence Association was founded by Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk in 1900.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q67 (verified item — correct answer: 1900).

## Question 53 Pakistan Studies

Who founded the Central National Muhammadan Association in 1877?

- A. Chaudhri Rehmat Ali
- B. Syed Ameer Ali ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Mohsin-ul-Mulk

**Why this answer?** The Central National Muhammadan Association was founded in 1877 by Syed Ameer Ali.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q83 (verified item — correct answer: Syed Ameer Ali).

## Question 54 Pakistan Studies

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan advised Indian Muslims not to be in a hurry to take part in what?

- A. Education
- B. Writing Articles
- C. Politics ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Youth Festivals

**Why this answer?** Sir Syed Ahmad Khan advised Indian Muslims not to take part in politics in a hurry (and to focus on education first).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q98 (verified item — correct answer: Politics).

## Question 55 Pakistan Studies

One of Jinnah's Fourteen Points demanded what?

- A. Quit India
- B. From a confederation
- C. Separate Sindh from Bombay ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Hold fresh elections

**Why this answer?** One of the demands in Jinnah's Fourteen Points (1929) was the separation of Sindh from the Bombay Presidency.

**ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q99 (verified item — correct answer: Separate Sindh from Bombay).

## Question 56 Pakistan Studies

After what event did the All-India Muslim League celebrate the Day of Deliverance in 1939?

- A. Nehru Report
- B. Simon Commission
- C. Congress quit the governments ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Radcliff Award

**Why this answer?** The Muslim League celebrated the Day of Deliverance in December 1939 after the Congress ministries resigned.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q100 (verified item — correct answer: Congress quit the governments).

## Question 57 Pakistan Studies

Who moved the Lahore Resolution in 1940?

- A. A. K. Fazlul Haq ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- C. Liaquat Ali Khan
- D. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan

**Why this answer?** The Lahore Resolution was moved by A. K. Fazlul Haq on 23 March 1940.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Lahore Resolution recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 58 Pakistan Studies

What is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Snow leopard
- B. Indus dolphin
- C. Chinkara
- D. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: National symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 59 Pakistan Studies

What is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Rose
- B. Tulip
- C. Marigold
- D. Jasmine ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Jasmine is the national flower of Pakistan.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: National symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 60 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan's national anthem was written by whom?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Faiz Ahmad Faiz
- D. Josh Malihabadi

**swer:** Pakistan's national anthem was written by Hafeez Jalandhari.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: National symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 61 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan's first census was held in which year?

- A. 1947
- B. 1961
- C. 1971
- D. 1951 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Pakistan's first census was held in 1951.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Census recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 62 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh
- C. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

**Why this answer?** Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Provinces of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 63 Pakistan Studies

Which is the longest river of Pakistan?

- B. Indus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Chenab
- D. Ravi

**Why this answer?** The Indus is the longest river of Pakistan.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Rivers of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 64 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan became a republic on which date?

- A. 14 August 1947
- B. 23 March 1940
- C. 23 March 1956 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 13 August 1973

**Why this answer?** Pakistan became a republic on 23 March 1956, when its first Constitution came into force.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Constitutions of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 65 Islamic Studies

Who led the second migration to Habsha (Abyssinia)?

- A. Hazrat Hamza (R.A)
- B. Hazrat Jafar Tayyar (RA) ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Hazrat Bilal (RA)
- D. Hazrat Ali (RA)

**Why this answer?** The second migration to Abyssinia (Habsha) was led by Hazrat Jafar

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q91 (verified item — correct answer: Hazrat Jafar Tayyar (RA)).

## Question 66 Islamic Studies

The killing of whom at Nakhla was the immediate reason for the Battle of Badr?

- A. Utuba
- B. Abu Jehal
- C. Umro bin Hazarmi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Walid

**Why this answer?** The immediate reason for the Battle of Badr was the killing of Amr ibn al-Hadrami by the Muslims at Nakhla.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q92 (verified item — correct answer: Umro bin Hazarmi).

## Question 67 Islamic Studies

The Treaty of Hudaibiya was signed between Suhail bin Amr and whom?

- A. Hazrat abu Bakar(RA)
- B. Hazrat Umer (RA)
- C. HazratUsman (RA)
- D. Hazrat Muhammad bin Abdullah (RA) ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The Treaty of Hudaibiya was signed between Suhail bin Amr (for the Quraysh) and the Holy Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q93 (verified item — correct answer: Hazrat Muhammad bin Abdullah (RA)).

## 68 Islamic Studies

In which field did the Holy Prophet (PBUH) deliver his Last Sermon?

- A. Arafat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Badar
- C. Doma-tul-jandal
- D. Hunain

**Why this answer?** The Holy Prophet (PBUH) delivered the Farewell Sermon in the field of Arafat.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q94 (verified item — correct answer: Arafat).

## Question 69 Islamic Studies

Who was the first Caliph of Islam?

- A. Hazrat Umar (RA)
- B. Hazrat Usman (RA)
- C. Hazrat Ali (RA)
- D. Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA) ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA) was the first Caliph of Islam (632-634 AD).

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Khulafa-e-Rashideen recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 70 Islamic Studies

The Battle of Badr was fought in which Hijri year?

- A. 3 AH
- B. 5 AH
- C. 1 AH

✓ Predicted answer

**Why this answer?** The Battle of Badr was fought in 2 AH (624 AD).

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Battles of Islam recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 71 Islamic Studies

The Holy Quran was first revealed in which month?

- A. Ramadan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Shawwal
- C. Muharram
- D. Zul-Hijjah

**Why this answer?** The Holy Quran was first revealed in the month of Ramadan, on Laylat-ul-Qadr.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Revelation of the Quran recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 72 Islamic Studies

Who was the first wife of the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?

- A. Hazrat Ayesha (RA)
- B. Hazrat Hafsa (RA)
- C. Hazrat Maria (RA)
- D. Hazrat Khadija (RA) ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Hazrat Khadija (RA) was the first wife of the Holy Prophet (PBUH).

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Family of the Prophet recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 73 Islamic Studies

The migration (Hijrat) to Madinah took place in which year?

- A. 610 AD
- B. 622 AD ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 632 AD
- D. 570 AD

**Why this answer?** The Hijrat to Madinah took place in 622 AD, the year from which the Hijri calendar begins.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Hijrat recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 74 Islamic Studies

How many Surahs are there in the Holy Quran?

- A. 114 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 110
- C. 116
- D. 120

**Why this answer?** There are 114 Surahs in the Holy Quran.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Holy Quran recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 75 Islamic Studies

What is the rate of Zakat on cash and wealth?

- A. 2.5% ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 5%
- C. 10%

**Why this answer?** The rate of Zakat on cash, gold and trade goods is 2.5%.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Zakat recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 76 Islamic Studies

Who was the first muezzin of Islam?

- A. Hazrat Bilal (RA) ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Hazrat Ammar (RA)
- C. Hazrat Salman Farsi (RA)
- D. Hazrat Abu Huraira (RA)

**Why this answer?** Hazrat Bilal (RA) was the first muezzin of Islam.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — Islamic Studies: Companions of the Prophet recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 77 General Knowledge

What was Lord Mountbatten's military rank?

- A. Air Marshal
- B. General
- C. Field Marshal
- D. Admiral ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Lord Mountbatten was a Royal Navy Admiral (he later became Admiral of the Fleet).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q53 (verified item — correct answer: Admiral).

## 78 General Knowledge

Who designed the Faisal Mosque in Islamabad?

- A. Vadat Dalokay ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Nail Cakirhan
- C. Nurat Soygenis
- D. Kadir Topbas

**Why this answer?** The Faisal Mosque in Islamabad was designed by the Turkish architect Vedat Dalokay.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q80 (verified item — correct answer: Vadat Dalokay).

## Question 79 General Knowledge

Which mountains separate Asia from Europe?

- A. Hindu Kush Mountains
- B. Alps Mountains
- C. Ural Mountains ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Atlas Mountains

**Why this answer?** The Ural Mountains form the boundary between Asia and Europe.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q81 (verified item — correct answer: Ural Mountains).

## Question 80 General Knowledge

Ashgabat is the capital of which country?

- A. Armenia
- B. Azerbaijan
- C. Turkmenistan ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Ashgabat (Ashkhabad) is the capital of Turkmenistan.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q82 (verified item — correct answer: Turkmenistan).

## Question 81 General Knowledge

In which year did Pakistan become a member of the Non-Aligned Movement?

- A. 1979 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1961
- C. 1972
- D. 1987

**Why this answer?** Pakistan became a member of the Non-Aligned Movement in 1979.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q84 (verified item — correct answer: 1979).

## Question 82 General Knowledge

What is the length of a cricket bat, in inches?

- A. 36
- B. 39
- C. 41
- D. 38 ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** The length of a cricket bat is 38 inches.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q85 (verified item — correct answer: 38).

## 83 General Knowledge

Where is the headquarters of the World Trade Organization?

- A. Vienna
- B. Brussels
- C. Geneva ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. London

**Why this answer?** The World Trade Organization is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q86 (verified item — correct answer: Geneva).

## Question 84 General Knowledge

Who was selected as Crown Prince of Saudi Arabia in June 2017?

- A. Ahmad bin Fahd
- B. Mohammad bin Salman ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Adbullah bin Bandar
- D. Turk bin Hazloul

**Why this answer?** Mohammad bin Salman was selected as Crown Prince of Saudi Arabia in June 2017.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q87 (verified item — correct answer: Mohammad bin Salman).

## Question 85 General Knowledge

Which is the most sovereign body of the United Nations?

- A. International Court of Justice
- B. General Assembly ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Secretarial

**Why this answer?** The General Assembly is the most sovereign (most representative) body of the United Nations; all member states are represented in it.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q90 (verified item — correct answer: General Assembly).

## Question 86 General Knowledge

What is the capital of France?

- A. London
- B. Berlin
- C. Madrid
- D. Paris ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Paris is the capital of France.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: World capitals recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 87 General Knowledge

Which is the largest ocean in the world?

- A. Pacific Ocean ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Atlantic Ocean
- C. Indian Ocean
- D. Arctic Ocean

**Why this answer?** The Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean in the world.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: World oceans recurs in every sitting of this post.

## 88 General Knowledge

Where is the headquarters of the United Nations?

- A. Geneva
- B. New York ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Vienna
- D. Paris

**Why this answer?** The United Nations is headquartered in New York.

**Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor:** syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: United Nations recurs in every sitting of this post.

## Question 89 English

Which word correctly completes the sentence 'The fever will soon ___'?

- A. Abate ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Abet
- C. Decline
- D. Debate

**Why this answer?** 'The fever will soon abate'; to abate is to lessen, the standard word for a fever going down.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q74 (verified item — correct answer: Abate).

## Question 90 English

Which preposition correctly completes the sentence 'I am sick ___ your lies'?

- A. I am sick by your lies
- B. I am sick from your lies
- C. I am sick of your lies ✓ **Predicted answer**

n sick to your lies

**Why this answer?** 'Sick of' is the idiom for being fed up with something.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q75 (verified item — correct answer: I am sick of your lies).

## Question 91 English

What is the correct meaning of the word LIMPID?

- A. Calm
- B. Relaxed
- C. WAtery
- D. Clear ✓ **Predicted answer**

**Why this answer?** Limpid means clear (of water or eyes), transparent.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q76 (verified item — correct answer: Clear).

## Question 92 English

What is the antonym of the word 'Affluence'?

- A. Abundance
- B. Dreadful
- C. Dearth ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Fortune

**Why this answer?** Affluence means abundance of wealth; its antonym is dearth (scarcity).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q77 (verified item — correct answer: Dearth).

## 93 Computer Science

Thumb scanners, retina scanners and voice recognition are examples of what kind of input devices?

- A. Electronic
- B. Scanning
- C. Biometric ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Automatic

**Why this answer?** Thumb scanners, retina scanners and voice recognition are biometric input devices (they read body characteristics).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q70 (verified item — correct answer: Biometric).

## Question 94 Computer Science

Which shortcut key centres the selected text in MS Word?

- A. Ctrl+C
- B. Ctrl+R
- C. Ctrl+E ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Ctrl+T

**Why this answer?** Ctrl + E centres the selected text in MS Word.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q71 (verified item — correct answer: Ctrl+E).

## Question 95 Mathematics

A motorist drives at 40 km per hour from 9:48 am to 10:15 am. How many kilometres does he travel?

- A. 15

✓ Predicted answer

- C. 20
- D. 30

**Why this answer?** From 9:48 am to 10:15 am is 27 minutes (0.45 hours); at 40 km/h the motorist travels 0.45 x 40 = 18 km.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q72 (verified item — correct answer: 18).

## Question 96 Mathematics

A bag holds 9 kg of sugar, packed into 450-gram packets. How many packets can be made?

- A. 20 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 16
- C. 18
- D. 24

**Why this answer?** 9,000 g divided by 450 g = 20 packages.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q73 (verified item — correct answer: 20).

## Question 97 Everyday Science

Metatarsal bones form part of which region of the human skeleton?

- A. Feet ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Hands
- C. Forearm
- D. Shoulders

**Why this answer?** The metatarsal bones are in the feet.

**ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q78 (verified item — correct answer: Feet).

## Question 98 Everyday Science

All of the following are non-metallic minerals except one. Which is the exception?

- A. Asbestos
- B. Graphite
- C. Platinum ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sulphur

**Why this answer?** Platinum is a metal, so it is the exception among the non-metallic minerals.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q79 (verified item — correct answer: Platinum).

## Question 99 Urdu

ہائیکو کی بناوٹ میں کتنے مصرعے ہوتے ہیں؟

A. فقط دو مصرعوں پر

**Predicted answer** ✓ B. تین مصرعوں پر

C. چار مصرعوں پر

D. پابندی نہیں طوالت پر

**Why this answer?** A haiku consists of three lines (5-7-5 syllables).

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q88 (verified item — correct answer: تین مصرعوں پر).

مشہور تذکرہ آب حیات کے مصنف کون ہیں؟

A. حسن عسکری

**Predicted answer** ✓ B. مولا محمد حسین آزاد

C. حامد حسین قادری

D. نظیر لدھیانوی

**Why this answer?** 'Aab-e-Hayat', the famous tazkira, was written by Muhammad Hussain Azad.

**Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur:** ppsc-assistant-professor-history-2017 Q89 (verified item — correct answer: مولا محمد حسین آزاد).

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