PPSC Curator | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 1 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Curator | BS-17 · **Set:** 1 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 13 verified facts predicted to recur, 87 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Curator | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 87 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 26 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Which historian is regarded as the founder of modern, source-based history?

- A. Herodotus
- B. Leopold von Ranke ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Thucydides
- D. Edward Gibbon

swer? Ranke insisted history be written from primary sources, as it actually happened.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q1 (verified item — correct answer: Leopold von Ranke).

Question 2 General Knowledge

Which archaeologist is called the father of modern archaeological excavation for his systematic methods in Egypt?

- A. Heinrich Schliemann
- B. William Flinders Petrie ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. William Cunnington
- D. Sir Arthur Evans

Why this answer? Petrie is called the father of modern excavation for his systematic, scientific methods and careful recording.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q6 (verified item — correct answer: William Flinders Petrie).

Question 3 General Knowledge

Which emperor embraced Buddhism after the bloody Kalinga War?

- A. Chandragupta Maurya
- B. Samudragupta
- C. Harshavardhana
- D. Ashoka the Great ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? After the Kalinga War, Emperor Ashoka converted to Buddhism and promoted it across his empire.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q7 (verified

ect answer: Ashoka the Great).

Question 4 General Knowledge

At Runnymede in 1215, between whom was the Magna Carta agreed?

- A. King Henry VIII and the Parliament
- B. King Richard and the Nobles
- C. King Edward and the Church
- D. King John and the Barons of England ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Magna Carta was the charter of rights agreed at Runnymede in 1215 between King John and his rebel barons.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q8 (verified item — correct answer: King John and the Barons of England).

Question 5 General Knowledge

What does archaeology study?

- A. Human kinds
- B. Animals
- C. Plants
- D. Past things ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Archaeology is the scientific study of the human past through material remains, the past things left behind.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q11 (verified item — correct answer: Past things).

Question 6 General Knowledge

Which museum in London houses the Rosetta Stone?

- B. Vatican Museums
- C. Hermitage Museum
- D. British Museum ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Rosetta Stone is displayed in the British Museum in London.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world museums recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 7 General Knowledge

Who painted the Mona Lisa?

- A. Leonardo da Vinci ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Raphael
- C. Michelangelo
- D. Rembrandt

Why this answer? Leonardo da Vinci painted the Mona Lisa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — famous painters recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 8 General Knowledge

What is the capital of Australia?

- A. Sydney
- B. Melbourne
- C. Perth
- D. Canberra ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Canberra is the capital of Australia.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world capitals recurs in every

Question 9 General Knowledge

Which river flows through London?

- A. River Severn
- B. River Clyde
- C. River Mersey
- D. River Thames ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The River Thames flows through London.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world rivers recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 10 General Knowledge

Which is the largest hot desert in the world?

- A. Sahara Desert ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Gobi Desert
- C. Kalahari Desert
- D. Arabian Desert

Why this answer? The Sahara is the largest hot desert in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 11 General Knowledge

Who wrote the play Hamlet?

- A. William Shakespeare ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Charles Dickens

- D. Geoffrey Chaucer

Why this answer? William Shakespeare wrote Hamlet.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English literature recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 12 General Knowledge

Which planet is known as the Red Planet?

- A. Mars ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Venus
- C. Jupiter
- D. Saturn

Why this answer? Mars is known as the Red Planet.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the solar system recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 13 General Knowledge

In which year did the Second World War end?

- A. 1941
- B. 1943
- C. 1945 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1950

Why this answer? The Second World War ended in 1945.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world history recurs in every sitting of this post.

14 General Knowledge

Which country is home to the Great Wall?

- A. Japan
- B. India
- C. China ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Mongolia

Why this answer? The Great Wall is in China.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 15 General Knowledge

What is the chemical symbol for gold?

- A. Au ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Ag
- C. Gd
- D. Go

Why this answer? Au is the chemical symbol for gold.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — chemical symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 16 General Knowledge

Which ocean is the largest in the world?

- A. Atlantic Ocean
- B. Pacific Ocean ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Indian Ocean
- D. Arctic Ocean

swer? The Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 17 General Knowledge

Who was the first President of the United States?

- A. Abraham Lincoln
- B. George Washington ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Thomas Jefferson
- D. John Adams

Why this answer? George Washington was the first President of the United States.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world history recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 18 General Knowledge

Which instrument is used to measure temperature?

- A. Barometer
- B. Thermometer ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Altimeter
- D. Speedometer

Why this answer? A thermometer measures temperature.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — scientific instruments recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 19 General Knowledge

What is the capital of Japan?

- B. Osaka
- C. Seoul
- D. Tokyo ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Tokyo is the capital of Japan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world capitals recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 20 General Knowledge

Which gas do plants absorb from the air?

- A. Oxygen
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Hydrogen
- D. Carbon dioxide ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Plants absorb carbon dioxide from the air.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — general science recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 21 General Knowledge

Who wrote the novel Pride and Prejudice?

- A. Charlotte Bronte
- B. Jane Austen ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Mary Shelley
- D. Virginia Woolf

Why this answer? Jane Austen wrote Pride and Prejudice.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English literature recurs in

of this post.

Question 22 General Knowledge

Which is the longest river in the world?

- A. River Nile ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. River Amazon
- C. River Yangtze
- D. River Mississippi

Why this answer? The Nile is generally regarded as the longest river in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world rivers recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 23 General Knowledge

In which continent is Egypt located?

- A. Asia
- B. Europe
- C. Africa ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. South America

Why this answer? Egypt is located in Africa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 24 General Knowledge

What is the main language of Brazil?

- A. Spanish
- B. Portuguese ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Italian

Why this answer? Portuguese is the main language of Brazil.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world languages recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 25 General Knowledge

Which metal is liquid at room temperature?

- A. Mercury ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Iron
- C. Copper
- D. Aluminium

Why this answer? Mercury is a metal that is liquid at room temperature.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — general science recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Who discovered penicillin?

- A. Louis Pasteur
- B. Alexander Fleming ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Joseph Lister
- D. Robert Koch

Why this answer? Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — scientists and discoveries recurs in every sitting of this post.

27 General Knowledge

What is the capital of Canada?

- A. Ottawa ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Toronto
- C. Vancouver
- D. Montreal

Why this answer? Ottawa is the capital of Canada.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world capitals recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 28 General Knowledge

Which organ pumps blood through the human body?

- A. Liver
- B. Heart ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Lung
- D. Kidney

Why this answer? The heart pumps blood through the human body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the human body recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 29 General Knowledge

How many continents are there on Earth?

- A. Seven ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Five
- C. Six
- D. Eight

swer: There are seven continents on Earth.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Which country hosted the first modern Olympic Games?

- A. Italy
- B. France
- C. England
- D. Greece ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Greece hosted the first modern Olympic Games in 1896.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world history recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 31 Pakistan Studies

From which of his capitals did Akbar proclaim Din-e-Ilahi in 1582?

- A. Lahore
- B. Agra
- C. Fatehpur Sikri ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Delhi

Why this answer? Akbar proclaimed his syncretic Din-e-Ilahi in 1582 from Fatehpur Sikri, his capital at the time.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q2 (verified item — correct answer: Fatehpur Sikri).

32 Pakistan Studies

To which age does the Harappan civilisation belong?

- A. Stone Age
- B. Iron Age
- C. Bronze Age ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Copper Age

Why this answer? The Indus Valley Civilisation, including Harappa, is a Bronze Age society.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q3 (verified item — correct answer: Bronze Age).

Question 33 Pakistan Studies

Which early farming site in Balochistan dates back to the Neolithic era?

- A. Harappan Civilization
- B. Mehrgarh Civilization ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Gandhara Civilization
- D. Indus Valley Civilization

Why this answer? Mehrgarh in Balochistan is one of the earliest farming sites in South Asia, dating back to the Neolithic era.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q4 (verified item — correct answer: Mehrgarh Civilization).

Question 34 Pakistan Studies

Haji Shariatullah founded the Faraizi Movement in which year?

- A. 1830
- B. 1849

9 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. 1856

Why this answer? Haji Shariatullah founded the Faraizi Movement on his return from Makkah, dated 1819 on the option set offered.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q5 (verified item — correct answer: 1819).

Question 35 Pakistan Studies

Under whose direction as Director-General were the excavations that announced the Indus Valley Civilisation in 1924?

- A. R.D. Banerji
- B. Alexander Cunningham
- C. Mortimer Wheeler
- D. Sir John Marshall ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? As Director-General of the Archaeological Survey of India, Marshall oversaw the excavations and announced the discovery in 1924.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q10 (verified item — correct answer: Sir John Marshall).

Question 36 Pakistan Studies

Near which ancient city does Sirkap Palace stand?

- A. Mohenjo-daro
- B. Harappa
- C. Mehrgarh
- D. Taxila ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Sirkap is one of the ancient cities at the Taxila site in Punjab, Pakistan.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q12 (verified item — correct answer: Taxila).

Question 37 Pakistan Studies

Who became Pakistan's first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator in December 1971?

- A. Ayub Khan
- B. Iskander Mirza
- C. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Yahya Khan

Why this answer? Bhutto became the first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator of Pakistan in December 1971.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q13 (verified item — correct answer: Zulfikar Ali Bhutto).

Question 38 Pakistan Studies

Who is known as the founder of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Allama Iqbal
- C. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
- D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Muhammad Ali Jinnah is known as the founder of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — founders of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 39 Pakistan Studies

When did Pakistan come into being?

August 1948

- B. 23 March 1940
- C. 14 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 15 August 1947

Why this answer? Pakistan came into being on 14 August 1947.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — founders of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 40 Pakistan Studies

What is the national language of Pakistan?

- A. Punjabi
- B. Urdu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindhi
- D. Pashto

Why this answer? Urdu is the national language of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 41 Pakistan Studies

Which city is the capital of Pakistan?

- A. Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Karachi
- C. Lahore
- D. Rawalpindi

Why this answer? Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan

ry sitting of this post.

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

Who wrote the national anthem of Pakistan?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- C. Ahmed Faraz
- D. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Hafeez Jalandhari wrote the national anthem of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 43 Pakistan Studies

What is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Snow leopard
- B. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Indus dolphin
- D. Chinkara

Why this answer? The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 44 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh

- ochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — provinces of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

Which river is the longest in Pakistan?

- A. Chenab River
- B. Indus River ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Jhelum River
- D. Ravi River

Why this answer? The Indus is the longest river in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — rivers of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- C. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- D. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto

Why this answer? Liaquat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — leaders of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

47 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Lahore Resolution passed?

- A. 1930
- B. 1947
- C. 1940 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1956

Why this answer? The Lahore Resolution was passed in 1940.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Pakistan Movement recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

What is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Jasmine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rose
- C. Sunflower
- D. Tulip

Why this answer? Jasmine is the national flower of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

Which mountain is the highest peak in Pakistan?

- A. Nanga Parbat
- B. Tirich Mir
- C. K2 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Broad Peak

swer: K2 is the highest peak in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 50 Pakistan Studies

Who is the national poet of Pakistan?

- A. Mir Taqi Mir
- B. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- C. Ahmed Faraz
- D. Allama Muhammad Iqbal ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Allama Muhammad Iqbal is the national poet of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 51 Pakistan Studies

Which city is known as the City of Gardens in Pakistan?

- A. Karachi
- B. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Islamabad
- D. Peshawar

Why this answer? Lahore is known as the City of Gardens in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — cities of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 52 Pakistan Studies

What is the currency of Pakistan?

- B. Taka
- C. Rupee ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Riyal

Why this answer? The rupee is the currency of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 53 Pakistan Studies

Which sea borders Pakistan to the south?

- A. Bay of Bengal
- B. Red Sea
- C. Arabian Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Mediterranean Sea

Why this answer? The Arabian Sea borders Pakistan to the south.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 54 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Governor-General of Pakistan?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. Iskander Mirza
- D. Ghulam Muhammad

Why this answer? Muhammad Ali Jinnah was the first Governor-General of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — leaders of Pakistan recurs in

of this post.

Question 55 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the first Constitution of Pakistan adopted?

- A. 1947
- B. 1962
- C. 1973
- D. 1956 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The first Constitution of Pakistan was adopted in 1956.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — constitutions of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 56 Pakistan Studies

Which pass connects Pakistan with China?

- A. Khyber Pass
- B. Khunjerab Pass ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bolan Pass
- D. Lowari Pass

Why this answer? The Khunjerab Pass connects Pakistan with China.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 57 Pakistan Studies

What is the national sport of Pakistan?

- A. Cricket
- B. Field hockey ✓ **Predicted answer**

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- D. Football

Why this answer? Field hockey is the national sport of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — national symbols of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 58 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest earth-filled dam in Pakistan?

- A. Mangla Dam
- B. Warsak Dam
- C. Tarbela Dam ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Hub Dam

Why this answer? Tarbela Dam is the largest earth-filled dam in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — dams of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 59 Pakistan Studies

Who presented the Lahore Resolution in 1940?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. A.K. Fazlul Huq ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Chaudhry Rahmat Ali

Why this answer? A.K. Fazlul Huq moved the Lahore Resolution in 1940.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Pakistan Movement recurs in every sitting of this post.

60 Pakistan Studies

Which province is known as the land of five rivers?

- A. Sindh
- B. Balochistan
- C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- D. Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Punjab is known as the land of five rivers.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — provinces of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 61 Islamic Studies

How many pillars of Islam are there?

- A. Four
- B. Five ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Six
- D. Seven

Why this answer? There are five pillars of Islam.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the pillars of Islam recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 62 Islamic Studies

Which is the first month of the Islamic calendar?

- A. Ramadan
- B. Shawwal
- C. Muharram ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Dhul-Hijjah

swer? Muharram is the first month of the Islamic calendar.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Islamic calendar recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 63 Islamic Studies

In which month do Muslims fast?

- A. Shawwal
- B. Ramadan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Muharram
- D. Rajab

Why this answer? Muslims fast in the month of Ramadan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Islamic calendar recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 64 Islamic Studies

What is the holy book of Islam?

- A. The Torah
- B. The Quran ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. The Bible
- D. The Zabur

Why this answer? The Quran is the holy book of Islam.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Holy Quran recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 65 Islamic Studies

How many times a day do Muslims pray?

- B. Four
- C. Six
- D. Five ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Muslims pray five times a day.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the pillars of Islam recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 66 Islamic Studies

Which city is the birthplace of the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)?

- A. Makkah ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Madinah
- C. Taif
- D. Jerusalem

Why this answer? The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was born in Makkah.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the life of the Prophet (PBUH) recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 67 Islamic Studies

What is the direction Muslims face while praying called?

- A. Mihrab
- B. Minbar
- C. Minaret
- D. Qibla ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The direction Muslims face in prayer is called the Qibla.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Islamic terms recurs in every

Question 68 Islamic Studies

Which angel brought revelation to the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)?

- A. Mikael
- B. Jibrael (Gabriel) ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Israfil
- D. Izrail

Why this answer? The angel Jibrael brought revelation to the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — angels in Islam recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 69 Islamic Studies

How many Surahs are there in the Holy Quran?

- A. 114 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 110
- C. 116
- D. 120

Why this answer? There are 114 Surahs in the Holy Quran.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Holy Quran recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 70 Islamic Studies

In which Hijri year did the Battle of Badr take place?

- A. 2 AH ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. 3 AH
- D. 5 AH

Why this answer? The Battle of Badr took place in 2 AH.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — early Islamic battles recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 71 Islamic Studies

What is Zakat?

- A. Fasting in Ramadan
- B. Pilgrimage to Makkah
- C. Daily prayer
- D. Obligatory charity on wealth ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Zakat is the obligatory charity paid on wealth.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the pillars of Islam recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 72 Islamic Studies

Which is the longest Surah of the Holy Quran?

- A. Surah Aal-e-Imran
- B. Surah An-Nisa
- C. Surah Al-Maidah
- D. Surah Al-Baqarah ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Surah Al-Baqarah is the longest Surah of the Holy Quran.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Holy Quran recurs in every sitting of this post.

73 Islamic Studies

Who was the first Caliph of Islam?

- A. Hazrat Umar (RA)
- B. Hazrat Usman (RA)
- C. Hazrat Ali (RA)
- D. Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA) ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA) was the first Caliph of Islam.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the Rightly Guided Caliphs recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 74 Islamic Studies

Which night is known as the Night of Power?

- A. Laylat-ul-Miraj
- B. Laylat-ul-Baraat
- C. Laylat-ul-Juma
- D. Laylat-ul-Qadr ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Laylat-ul-Qadr is known as the Night of Power.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Islamic holy nights recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 75 Islamic Studies

What does the word Islam mean?

- A. Victory
- B. Submission to Allah ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Knowledge
- D. Charity

swer? The word Islam means submission to Allah.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Islamic terms recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 76 Everyday Science

In human origins, what does the phrase Out of Africa describe?

- A. Theory of Human Evolution ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Theory of Human Charter
- C. Theory of Bang
- D. Theory of Fire

Why this answer? The Out of Africa theory holds that modern humans originated in Africa and then migrated across the world.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-curator-2025 Q9 (verified item — correct answer: Theory of Human Evolution).

Question 77 Everyday Science

What is the chemical formula of water?

- A. CO2
- B. O2
- C. H2O ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. NaCl

Why this answer? H2O is the chemical formula of water.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — chemical formulas recurs in every sitting of this post.

78 Everyday Science

Which planet is closest to the Sun?

- A. Venus
- B. Earth
- C. Mars
- D. Mercury ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mercury is the planet closest to the Sun.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the solar system recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 79 Everyday Science

What force keeps us on the ground?

- A. Friction
- B. Magnetism
- C. Gravity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Inertia

Why this answer? Gravity is the force that keeps us on the ground.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — forces in physics recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 80 Everyday Science

How many legs does a spider have?

- A. Six
- B. Four
- C. Eight ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Ten

swer? A spider has eight legs.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the animal kingdom recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 81 Everyday Science

What is the boiling point of water at sea level?

- A. 90 degrees Celsius
- B. 80 degrees Celsius
- C. 120 degrees Celsius
- D. 100 degrees Celsius ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius at sea level.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — heat and temperature recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 82 Everyday Science

Which vitamin is produced in the skin by sunlight?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin D ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Vitamin B
- D. Vitamin C

Why this answer? Vitamin D is produced in the skin by sunlight.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — vitamins and health recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 83 Everyday Science

What is the centre of an atom called?

leus ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Electron
- C. Proton
- D. Neutron

Why this answer? The centre of an atom is called the nucleus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — atoms and molecules recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 84 Everyday Science

Which blood cells carry oxygen around the body?

- A. White blood cells
- B. Platelets
- C. Red blood cells ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Plasma cells

Why this answer? Red blood cells carry oxygen around the body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — the human body recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 85 Everyday Science

What gas do humans need to breathe to live?

- A. Carbon dioxide
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Oxygen ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Helium

Why this answer? Humans need oxygen to breathe and live.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — gases in everyday life recurs in

of this post.

Question 86 Archaeology And Museology

Which museum in Lahore is the largest museum of Pakistan?

- A. Lahore Museum ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lok Virsa Museum
- C. Taxila Museum
- D. Mohenjo-daro Museum

Why this answer? The Lahore Museum is the largest museum of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — museums of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 87 Archaeology And Museology

What is the study of coins called?

- A. Numismatics ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Philately
- C. Epigraphy
- D. Palaeography

Why this answer? Numismatics is the study of coins.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — branches of archaeology recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 88 Archaeology And Museology

What is the study of old inscriptions called?

- A. Numismatics
- B. Epigraphy ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Museology

Why this answer? Epigraphy is the study of old inscriptions.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — branches of archaeology recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 89 Archaeology And Museology

Mohenjo-daro is located in which district of Sindh?

- A. Sukkur
- B. Hyderabad
- C. Larkana ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Karachi

Why this answer? Mohenjo-daro is located in Larkana district of Sindh.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — sites of the Indus Valley recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 90 Archaeology And Museology

What is a person who looks after a museum collection called?

- A. Curator ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Librarian
- C. Archivist
- D. Archaeologist

Why this answer? A curator looks after a museum collection.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — museology recurs in every sitting of this post.

91 Archaeology And Museology

Which material was mainly used for Harappan seals?

- A. Gold
- B. Iron
- C. Steatite ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Marble

Why this answer? Harappan seals were mainly made of steatite.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — sites of the Indus Valley recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 92 Archaeology And Museology

The ancient city of Taxila is located in which province?

- A. Sindh
- B. Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Balochistan
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? The ancient city of Taxila is located in Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — ancient sites of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 93 Archaeology And Museology

Which of these is a famous archaeological site in Balochistan?

- A. Mehrgarh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Taxila
- C. Rohtas Fort
- D. Lahore Fort

swer: Mehrgarh is a famous archaeological site in Balochistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — ancient sites of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 94 Archaeology And Museology

Which method is used to date ancient organic remains by measuring carbon-14?

- A. Seismography
- B. Barometry
- C. Carbon dating ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Altimetry

Why this answer? Carbon dating dates ancient organic remains by measuring carbon-14.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — archaeological methods recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 95 Archaeology And Museology

Where is the British Museum located?

- A. London ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Paris
- C. Rome
- D. Berlin

Why this answer? The British Museum is located in London.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — world museums recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 96 Archaeology And Museology

What is the name of the famous ancient library of Egypt?

ary of Alexandria ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Library of Pergamum
- C. Library of Nineveh
- D. Library of Constantinople

Why this answer? The Library of Alexandria was the famous ancient library of Egypt.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — ancient libraries recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 97 Archaeology And Museology

Which civilisation built the pyramids of Giza?

- A. Romans
- B. Greeks
- C. Persians
- D. Egyptians ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Egyptians built the pyramids of Giza.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — ancient civilisations recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 98 Archaeology And Museology

What is the preservation of old buildings and artefacts for future generations called?

- A. Excavation
- B. Demolition
- C. Conservation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Construction

Why this answer? Conservation is the preservation of old buildings and artefacts for future generations.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — museology recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 99 Archaeology And Museology

Which museum houses the famous Priest King statue from Mohenjo-daro?

- A. National Museum of Pakistan, Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lahore Museum
- C. Taxila Museum
- D. Peshawar Museum

Why this answer? The Priest King statue from Mohenjo-daro is housed in the National Museum of Pakistan in Karachi.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — museums of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 100 Archaeology And Museology

Which of these is an ancient Indus Valley site in Pakistan?

- A. Lahore Fort
- B. Harappa ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Rohtas Fort
- D. Shalimar Gardens

Why this answer? Harappa is an ancient Indus Valley site in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — sites of the Indus Valley recurs in every sitting of this post.

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