PPSC Food Supervisor (Punjab Food Department) — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Food Supervisor (Punjab Food Department) · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 50 verified facts predicted to recur, 50 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Food Supervisor (Punjab Food Department) past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 50 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 100 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 General Knowledge

In Roman mythology, which god carried messages for the other gods?

- A. Jupiter
- B. Mercury ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Mars

Why this answer? Mercury, Hermes in Greek myth, was the messenger of the gods in Roman mythology.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q55 (messenger of the gods in Roman mythology — Mercury).

Question 2 General Knowledge

Paris is the capital of which country?

- A. Spain
- B. France ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Italy
- D. Belgium

Why this answer? Paris is the capital of France; Madrid is Spain's capital and Rome is Italy's.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 3 General Knowledge

Which peak, at 4,808 metres, is the highest in the Alps?

- A. Matterhorn
- B. Jungfrau
- C. Mount Elbrus
- D. Mont Blanc ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mont Blanc, at 4,808 metres, is the highest mountain in the Alps; the Matterhorn is 4,478 metres and the Jungfrau is 4,158 metres.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR

: mountain in the Alps — Mont Blanc).

Question 4 General Knowledge

Which is the largest country in the world by area?

- A. Russia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Canada
- C. China
- D. United States

Why this answer? Russia is the largest country in the world by area, followed by Canada.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 5 General Knowledge

About 865 kilometres of which river flow through Germany, making it the country's longest river?

- A. Danube
- B. Rhone
- C. Rhine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Weser

Why this answer? The Rhine is Germany's longest river, with about 865 kilometres flowing through Germany and 1,230 kilometres in total; only about 647 kilometres of the Danube flow through Germany, the Rhone does not flow through Germany, and the Weser is about 452 kilometres long.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q57 (Germany's longest river — Rhine).

6 General Knowledge

What is the currency of the United Kingdom?

- A. Euro
- B. Pound sterling ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Dollar
- D. Franc

Why this answer? The currency of the United Kingdom is the pound sterling; the euro is used in most of the European Union.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world currencies recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 7 General Knowledge

The Granny Smith, first grown in Australia in the 1860s, is a variety of which fruit?

- A. Pear
- B. Apple ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Plum
- D. Peach

Why this answer? The Granny Smith is a green apple variety first grown in Australia in the 1860s.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q60 (Granny Smith is an Australian variety of Apple).

Question 8 General Knowledge

Which river flows through London?

- A. Seine
- B. Thames ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Rhine

Why this answer? The River Thames flows through London; the Seine flows through Paris and the Danube through Vienna.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world rivers recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 9 General Knowledge

The name of which Great Lake comes from a Huron word meaning beautiful lake?

- A. Huron
- B. Erie
- C. Ontario ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Michigan

Why this answer? Ontario comes from the Huron word Ontarinio, meaning beautiful lake; Michigan comes from Ojibwe mishigami, meaning great water.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q61 (Great Lake meaning beautiful lake — Ontario).

Question 10 General Knowledge

Who was the first man to walk on the Moon?

- A. Buzz Aldrin
- B. Neil Armstrong ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Yuri Gagarin
- D. Michael Collins

Why this answer? Neil Armstrong was the first man to walk on the Moon, in July 1969; Buzz Aldrin followed him onto the surface and Yuri Gagarin was the first man in space.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: famous firsts recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 11 General Knowledge

Bram Stoker, best known for Dracula, also wrote which 1911 horror novel?

- A. Frankenstein
- B. The Rats
- C. The Lair of the White Worm ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Carrie

Why this answer? Bram Stoker, author of Dracula, wrote The Lair of the White Worm in 1911; Frankenstein is by Mary Shelley, The Rats by James Herbert and Carrie by Stephen King.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q62 (who wrote The Lair of the White Worm — Bram Stoker).

Question 12 General Knowledge

Egypt is located on which continent?

- A. Africa ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Asia
- C. Europe
- D. South America

Why this answer? Egypt is in north-east Africa, though the Sinai Peninsula lies in Asia.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: continents and world geography recur in every sitting of this post.

13 General Knowledge

Muhammad Yunus, who won the Nobel Peace Prize in 2006, was born in 1940 in which city?

- A. Lucknow
- B. Chittagong ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Delhi
- D. Khulna

Why this answer? Muhammad Yunus, Nobel Peace Prize winner in 2006, was born in 1940 in Chittagong, then in Bengal.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q79 (Nobel Peace Prize winner M. Yunus born 1940 at Chittagong).

Question 14 General Knowledge

Tokyo is the capital of which country?

- A. South Korea
- B. Japan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. China
- D. Thailand

Why this answer? Tokyo is the capital of Japan; Seoul is the capital of South Korea.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 15 General Knowledge

About what share of the world's land area does Africa cover?

- A. 20 percent ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 22 percent

percent

- D. 17 percent

Why this answer? Africa, about 30 million square kilometres, covers roughly 20 percent of the Earth's land area.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q80 (share of the world's land occupied by Africa — 20 percent).

Question 16 General Knowledge

The Taj Mahal is located in which country?

- A. Pakistan
- B. India ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bangladesh
- D. Nepal

Why this answer? The Taj Mahal, built by the Mughal emperor Shah Jahan, is in Agra, India.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world landmarks recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 17 General Knowledge

Lake Baikal in Siberia, about 1,642 metres deep, is the world's what?

- A. Largest lake by area
- B. Highest lake
- C. Deepest lake ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Longest lake

Why this answer? Lake Baikal in Siberia, 1,642 metres deep, is the world's deepest lake; the Caspian is the largest lake by area, while Dal Lake in Kashmir is shallow.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q81 (deepest lake in the world — Baikal).

Question 18 General Knowledge

Which instrument is used to measure temperature?

- A. Thermometer ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Barometer
- C. Altimeter
- D. Speedometer

Why this answer? A thermometer measures temperature; a barometer measures air pressure and an altimeter measures height.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: measuring instruments recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 19 General Knowledge

Japan's anthem Kimigayo, with lyrics from the 9th century, is regarded as the world's what?

- A. Oldest national anthem ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Newest national anthem
- C. Longest national anthem
- D. Shortest national anthem

Why this answer? Japan's anthem Kimigayo has lyrics dating to the 9th century, making it the world's oldest national anthem; China's anthem dates to 1935 and God Save the King to the 18th century.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q86 (country with the oldest anthem of the world — Japan).

20 General Knowledge

Rome is the capital of which country?

- A. Greece
- B. Spain
- C. Portugal
- D. Italy ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Rome is the capital of Italy; Athens is Greece's capital and Madrid is Spain's.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 21 General Knowledge

The International Olympic Committee has its headquarters in which Swiss city?

- A. Olympia
- B. Paris
- C. Athens
- D. Lausanne ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The International Olympic Committee is headquartered in Lausanne, Switzerland; it was founded in Paris in 1894 and Olympia in Greece is the ancient home of the Games.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q87 (headquarters of the IOC — Lausanne).

Question 22 General Knowledge

How many days are there in a leap year?

- A. 365

- C. 366 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 367

Why this answer? A leap year has 366 days, with 29 days in February.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: the calendar recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 23 General Knowledge

Shaheen Air International was the airline of which country?

- A. Brunei
- B. Bangladesh
- C. Iran
- D. Pakistan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Shaheen Air International was a Pakistani airline based in Karachi; Brunei's airline is Royal Brunei, Bangladesh's is Biman and Iran's is Iran Air.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q92 (Shaheen Air Line is the airline of Pakistan).

Question 24 General Knowledge

Which is the largest mammal in the world?

- A. Elephant
- B. Giraffe
- C. Blue whale ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Hippopotamus

Why this answer? The blue whale is the largest mammal, and the largest animal ever known; the elephant is the largest land mammal.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: animals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 25 General Knowledge

Kigali International Airport serves the capital of which country?

- A. Japan
- B. Russia
- C. Rwanda ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Canada

Why this answer? Kigali is the capital of Rwanda, served by Kigali International Airport.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q93 (Kigali airport — Rwanda).

Question 26 General Knowledge

What is the currency of Saudi Arabia?

- A. Riyal ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Dinar
- C. Dirham
- D. Rupee

Why this answer? The currency of Saudi Arabia is the riyal; the dinar is used in Kuwait and Iraq, and the dirham in the United Arab Emirates.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world currencies recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 27 General Knowledge

JANA, the Jamahiriya News Agency, was the state news agency of which country?

- B. Russia
- C. Libya ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. United States

Why this answer? JANA, the Jamahiriya News Agency, was the state news agency of Libya; Japan's news agency is Kyodo, Russia's are TASS and Interfax, and the United States' is the Associated Press.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q94 (JANA is the news agency of Libya).

Question 28 General Knowledge

Which country is known as the Land of the Rising Sun?

- A. Japan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. China
- C. Thailand
- D. South Korea

Why this answer? Japan is known as the Land of the Rising Sun, from its name in Japanese, Nihon, meaning origin of the sun.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: countries and their titles recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 29 General Knowledge

MAD, the Militarischer Abschirmdienst, is the military counter-intelligence service of which country?

- A. Germany ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. United States of America
- C. United Kingdom

Why this answer? MAD, the Militarischer Abschirmdienst, is Germany's military counter-intelligence service; the United States' agencies are the CIA, FBI and NSA.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q95 (MAD is the secret agency of Germany).

Question 30 General Knowledge

Wellington is the capital of which country?

- A. Australia
- B. Fiji
- C. New Zealand ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Papua New Guinea

Why this answer? Wellington is the capital of New Zealand; Auckland is its largest city but not the capital.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 31 General Knowledge

The World Day for War Orphans is observed every year on which date?

- A. 1 January
- B. 6 January ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 3 January
- D. 5 January

Why this answer? The World Day for War Orphans is observed on 6 January every year; 1 January is New Year's Day.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR

Day for War Orphans — 6 January).

Question 32 General Knowledge

Which planet is closest to the Sun?

- A. Venus
- B. Mercury ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Earth
- D. Mars

Why this answer? Mercury is the planet closest to the Sun, followed by Venus and Earth.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: the solar system recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 33 General Knowledge

World Cancer Day is observed every year on which date?

- A. 21 February
- B. 12 February
- C. 4 February ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 19 February

Why this answer? World Cancer Day is observed on 4 February every year; 21 February is International Mother Language Day.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q97 (World Cancer Day — 4 February).

Question 34 General Knowledge

The Great Pyramid of Giza is located in which country?

- A. Sudan

- C. Turkey
- D. Egypt ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Great Pyramid of Giza stands near Cairo, in Egypt.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world landmarks recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Which sea separates Europe and Africa?

- A. Mediterranean Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Red Sea
- C. Black Sea
- D. Caspian Sea

Why this answer? The Mediterranean Sea separates Europe from Africa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: seas and world geography recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 36 General Knowledge

In Istanbul, the seraglio was what?

- A. A roof with small openings
- B. A kind of pillar
- C. The residence of the Ottoman sultans ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A passage for smoke

Why this answer? The seraglio, the Topkapi Palace, was the residence of the Ottoman sultans in Istanbul.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR

o is the ancient residence of the sultan of Turkey at Istanbul).

Question 37 General Knowledge

Who painted the Mona Lisa?

- A. Michelangelo
- B. Raphael
- C. Leonardo da Vinci ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rembrandt

Why this answer? The Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci; Michelangelo painted the Sistine Chapel ceiling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: famous artists recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 38 General Knowledge

Which place was known as the Pearl of the Antilles?

- A. Mumbai
- B. Manila
- C. Shanghai
- D. Cuba ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Cuba, and its capital Havana, is known as the Pearl of the Antilles; Manila and Shanghai were known as the Pearl of the Orient, and Mumbai was known as Bombay.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q100 (city known as Pearl of the Antilles — Cuba).

39 General Knowledge

Which is the fastest land animal?

- A. Lion
- B. Cheetah ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Horse
- D. Gazelle

Why this answer? The cheetah is the fastest land animal, reaching about 100 kilometres per hour in short bursts.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: animals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Brasilia is the capital of which country?

- A. Argentina
- B. Brazil ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Chile
- D. Peru

Why this answer? Brasilia is the planned capital of Brazil; Rio de Janeiro was the earlier capital.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 41 General Knowledge

Which vitamin is found in citrus fruits such as oranges and lemons?

- A. Vitamin C ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Vitamin A

min D

- D. Vitamin B12

Why this answer? Citrus fruits such as oranges and lemons are rich in vitamin C.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: vitamins in common foods recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 42 General Knowledge

Which of these is a good source of protein?

- A. Rice
- B. Sugar
- C. Butter
- D. Eggs ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Eggs are a good source of protein; rice is mainly carbohydrate, sugar is carbohydrate and butter is mainly fat.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: nutrients in common foods recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 43 General Knowledge

Why is clean drinking water important for food safety?

- A. It makes food taste sweet
- B. It colours food
- C. It prevents contamination of food ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. It makes food heavier

Why this answer? Clean drinking water prevents germs and dirt from contaminating food and drink.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: food safety

ater recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 44 General Knowledge

Which practice helps keep stored grain safe from pests?

- A. Keeping grain dry and in clean, sealed storage ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Storing grain while it is still damp
- C. Leaving grain sacks open
- D. Mixing old grain with new grain

Why this answer? Grain kept dry and in clean, sealed storage stays safe from damp and pests; damp grain spoils and open sacks let pests in.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: safe storage of grain recurs in this post's syllabus.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

The main railway line from Peshawar to Karachi runs for about how many kilometres?

- A. 1605 km
- B. 1661 km
- C. 1725 km
- D. 1681 km ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Peshawar to Karachi main railway line is 1,681 kilometres long.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q58 (length of Peshawar to Karachi railway route — 1681 km).

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Which bird is the national bird of Pakistan?

- A. Peacock

kar partridge ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Houbara bustard
- D. Sparrow

Why this answer? The chukar partridge is the national bird of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

The first railway line in present-day Pakistan, Karachi to Kotri, opened in 1861 and ran for how far?

- A. 86 km
- B. 97 km
- C. 115 km
- D. 169 km ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The first railway line, Karachi to Kotri, opened in 1861, was 169 kilometres long.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q59 (length of first railway track — 169 km).

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

Which is the longest river in Pakistan?

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chenab
- C. Ravi
- D. Indus ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Indus is the longest river in Pakistan, flowing from the mountains

to the Arabian Sea.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: rivers of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

Travellers going from Dir to Chitral cross which pass?

- A. Lowari Pass ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Babusar Pass
- C. Bolan Pass
- D. Shandur Pass

Why this answer? The Lowari Pass connects Dir with Chitral; the Babusar Pass connects the Kaghan Valley with Gilgit-Baltistan and the Bolan Pass is in Balochistan, connecting Quetta with Sibi.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q63 (pass connecting Dir and Chitral — Lowari Pass).

Question 50 Pakistan Studies

What is the national dress of Pakistan?

- A. Dhoti kurta
- B. Suit and tie
- C. Shalwar kameez ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Abaya

Why this answer? The shalwar kameez is the national dress of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

51 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest natural freshwater lake in Pakistan?

- A. Satpara Lake
- B. Manchhar Lake ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Kachura Lake
- D. Haleji Lake

Why this answer? Manchhar Lake in Sindh is the largest natural freshwater lake in Pakistan; Satpara and Kachura are small mountain lakes.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q64 (largest lake of Pakistan — Manchhar).

Question 52 Pakistan Studies

The Minar-e-Pakistan stands in which city?

- A. Karachi
- B. Islamabad
- C. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rawalpindi

Why this answer? The Minar-e-Pakistan, built where the Lahore Resolution was passed, stands in Lahore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: historic places of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 53 Pakistan Studies

The Siachen Glacier lies in which region of Gilgit-Baltistan?

- A. Chitral
- B. Hunza

istan ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Diamer

Why this answer? The Siachen Glacier is in the Baltistan region of Gilgit-Baltistan; Skardu is the nearest town and Shigar is a valley in Baltistan.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q65 (Siachen glacier is located in the region of Baltistan).

Question 54 Pakistan Studies

Who wrote Pakistan's national anthem?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- C. Josh Malihabadi
- D. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pakistan's national anthem was written by Hafeez Jalandhari; Allama Iqbal is the national poet.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: famous personalities of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 55 Pakistan Studies

Which pass links Chitral with Gilgit?

- A. Shandur Pass ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lowari Pass
- C. Shangla Pass
- D. Malakand Pass

Why this answer? The Shandur Pass connects Chitral with Gilgit; the Lowari Pass connects Dir with Chitral, Shangla Pass is in Swat and Shangla, and Malakand Pass is south

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q66 (pass connecting Chitral with Gilgit — Shandur Pass).

Question 56 Pakistan Studies

Quetta is the capital of which province?

- A. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Punjab
- C. Sindh
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Quetta is the capital of Balochistan; Lahore is the capital of Punjab and Peshawar is the capital of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's geography and capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 57 Pakistan Studies

The Panjkora River, flowing through Dir and Malakand, is in which province?

- A. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Punjab
- C. Sindh
- D. Balochistan

Why this answer? The Panjkora River flows through Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, through Dir and Malakand.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q67 (Panjkora River is located in the province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa).

58 Pakistan Studies

Gwadar port is located in which province?

- A. Sindh
- B. Punjab
- C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- D. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Gwadar, a deep-sea port on the Arabian Sea, is in Balochistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's geography and ports recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 59 Pakistan Studies

The Karakoram Highway, the modern Silk Road, connects Pakistan with which country through the Khunjerab Pass?

- A. India
- B. Afghanistan
- C. Iran
- D. China ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Karakoram Highway, the modern Silk Road, connects Pakistan with China via the Khunjerab Pass.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q68 (Pakistan is connected through the Silk Road with China).

Question 60 Pakistan Studies

Which dam is the largest in Pakistan by water storage?

- A. Tarbela Dam ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Mangla Dam

- D. Diamer-Bhasha Dam

Why this answer? Tarbela Dam on the Indus is the largest dam in Pakistan by water storage.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: dams of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 61 Pakistan Studies

At 8,611 metres, which mountain is Pakistan's highest point?

- A. Nanga Parbat
- B. Rakaposhi
- C. Tirich Mir
- D. K-2 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? K-2, at 8,611 metres, is the highest point in Pakistan and the world's second-highest mountain; Nanga Parbat is 8,126 metres and Rakaposhi is 7,788 metres.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q69 (highest point above sea level in Pakistan — K-2).

Question 62 Pakistan Studies

Wheat is mainly grown in Punjab during which season?

- A. Rabi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Kharif
- C. Summer
- D. Monsoon

Why this answer? Wheat is a Rabi crop in Punjab, sown in winter and harvested in spring; Kharif crops are sown in summer.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: food crops of Punjab recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 63 Pakistan Studies

The Thal Desert, lying between the Indus and Jhelum rivers, is in which province?

- A. Sindh
- B. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- C. Balochistan
- D. Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Thal Desert lies in Punjab, between the Indus and Jhelum rivers; the Thar Desert lies in Sindh and the Kharan Desert in Balochistan.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q70 (desert of Thal lies in Punjab).

Question 64 Pakistan Studies

Founded in 1947, which is Pakistan's first news agency?

- A. PPI
- B. INP
- C. AP
- D. APP ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Associated Press of Pakistan, APP, was founded in 1947 as Pakistan's first news agency; Pakistan Press International, PPI, was founded later, in 1956.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q71 (first news agency of Pakistan — APP).

65 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan Television began its first transmission from Lahore on which date?

- A. November 24, 1964
- B. November 28, 1964
- C. November 30, 1964
- D. November 26, 1964 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pakistan Television began transmission on 26 November 1964 from Lahore.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q72 (TV transmission started in the country first time — November 26, 1964).

Question 66 Pakistan Studies

On 20 December of which year did PTV start colour transmission?

- A. 1977
- B. 1978
- C. 1976 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1979

Why this answer? PTV began colour transmission on 20 December 1976.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q73 (PTV started colour transmission — December 20, 1976).

Question 67 Pakistan Studies

Which princely state was the first to accede to Pakistan, on 3 October 1947?

- A. Bahawalpur ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Khairpur
- C. Chitral

Why this answer? Bahawalpur was the first princely state to accede to Pakistan, on 3 October 1947; Khairpur acceded later in October 1947 and Chitral and Swat in November 1947.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q74 (state that joined Pakistan first — Bahawalpur).

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

Benazir Bhutto became Pakistan's first woman Prime Minister in which year?

- A. 1989
- B. 1988 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1998
- D. 1999

Why this answer? Benazir Bhutto became Prime Minister on 2 December 1988, the first woman prime minister of Pakistan and of any Muslim-majority country; her second term ended in 1996.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q75 (first woman Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto assumed office in 1988).

Question 69 Pakistan Studies

The All-India Muslim League was founded in 1906 at Dhaka, with whom as its first president?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Aga Khan III ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- D. Nawab Salimullah

swer? The All India Muslim League was founded in 1906 at Dhaka, with Aga Khan III as its first president; Jinnah joined the League in 1913, Sir Syed had died in 1898, and Nawab Salimullah hosted the founding session.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q90 (All India Muslim League set up under the leadership of Agha Khan).

Question 70 Pakistan Studies

The Majlis-e-Ahrar-e-Islam, founded in 1929, is described in the paper as what kind of movement?

- A. A pro-British movement
- B. A national and militant movement ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A pro-Muslim League movement
- D. An anti-communal and anti-Muslim League movement

Why this answer? The Majlis-e-Ahrar-e-Islam, founded in 1929, was a nationalist, activist movement; it opposed British rule and opposed the Muslim League's politics.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q91 (Ahrar Movement started as a national and militant movement).

Question 71 Pakistan Studies

Islamabad is sometimes called the Brasilia of Pakistan for what reason?

- A. It is the largest city
- B. It is the oldest city
- C. It is a planned capital, like Brasilia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. It is a port city

Why this answer? Islamabad, Pakistan's planned capital, is called the Brasilia of Pakistan, Brasilia being Brazil's planned capital; Karachi is the largest city and Lahore is an ancient historic city.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q98 (place called the Brasilia of Pakistan — Islamabad).

Question 72 Everyday Science

A place where beehives are kept and bees are raised is called what?

- A. Aviary
- B. Aquarium
- C. Terrarium
- D. Apiary ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? An apiary is a place where bees are kept, in beehives; birds are kept in an aviary.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q51 (what inhabits an apiary — Bees).

Question 73 Everyday Science

What is the chemical symbol for gold?

- A. Ag
- B. Au ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Gd
- D. Go

Why this answer? The chemical symbol for gold is Au, from its Latin name aurum; Ag is silver.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic chemistry recur in every sitting of this post.

74 Everyday Science

The vertical groove between the nose and the upper lip has which name?

- A. Glabella
- B. Philtrum ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Canthus
- D. Labium

Why this answer? The philtrum is the vertical groove between the nose and the upper lip; the glabella is the space between the eyebrows.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q54 (groove under the nose — Philtrum).

Question 75 Everyday Science

Which organ pumps blood around the body?

- A. Heart ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Liver
- C. Kidney
- D. Lung

Why this answer? The heart pumps blood around the body; the liver cleans the blood and the kidneys filter it.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: the human body recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 76 Everyday Science

The scientific study of earthquakes is called what?

- A. Physiology
- B. Etymology

- D. Seismology ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Seismology is the scientific study of earthquakes; physiology is the study of how living organisms function, etymology is the study of the origin of words and zoology is the study of animals.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q82 (study of earthquakes — seismology).

Question 77 Everyday Science

How many legs does a spider have?

- A. Eight ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Six
- C. Ten
- D. Four

Why this answer? A spider has eight legs; insects have six.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: animals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 78 Everyday Science

Which science studies the stars, planets and other heavenly bodies?

- A. Astrology
- B. Astronomy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Biology
- D. Zoology

Why this answer? Astronomy is the science of the heavenly bodies, stars, planets and galaxies; astrology is a belief system about stars influencing human affairs, not a science.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q83 (science dealing with the study of heavenly bodies — astronomy).

Question 79 Everyday Science

What force pulls objects towards the Earth?

- A. Friction
- B. Magnetism
- C. Gravity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Inertia

Why this answer? Gravity pulls objects towards the Earth; friction slows moving objects and magnetism attracts iron.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic physics recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 80 Everyday Science

Which method kills germs in milk by heating it briefly?

- A. Freezing
- B. Fermentation
- C. Pasteurisation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Smoking

Why this answer? Pasteurisation kills germs in milk by heating it briefly and then cooling it quickly.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: safe handling of milk and food recur in this post's syllabus.

81 Current Affairs

Which organisation has its headquarters in Geneva?

- A. United Nations
- B. World Health Organization ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. World Bank
- D. International Monetary Fund

Why this answer? The World Health Organization is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland; the United Nations is headquartered in New York and the World Bank in Washington DC.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 82 Current Affairs

Where is the headquarters of SAARC?

- A. Dhaka
- B. Colombo
- C. Kathmandu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. New Delhi

Why this answer? SAARC, the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation, is headquartered in Kathmandu, Nepal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: regional organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 83 Current Affairs

Where is the headquarters of the OIC?

- A. Jeddah ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Cairo
- D. Ankara

Why this answer? The Organisation of Islamic Cooperation is headquartered in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 84 Current Affairs

Where is the headquarters of the Commonwealth?

- A. New York
- B. London ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Geneva
- D. Paris

Why this answer? The Commonwealth is headquartered in London, at Marlborough House.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 85 Current Affairs

Brussels, the seat of the main European Union institutions, is the capital of which country?

- A. France
- B. Germany
- C. Netherlands
- D. Belgium ✓ **Predicted answer**

Answer: Brussels is the capital of Belgium and the seat of the main European Union institutions.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 86 Current Affairs

Where is the headquarters of UNESCO?

- A. Geneva
- B. New York
- C. Vienna
- D. Paris ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? UNESCO, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, is headquartered in Paris.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 87 Current Affairs

The International Court of Justice sits in which city?

- A. The Hague ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Geneva
- C. Paris
- D. New York

Why this answer? The International Court of Justice sits in The Hague, Netherlands; Geneva hosts many UN agencies.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

88 Current Affairs

Which organisation is known by the letters NATO?

- A. North African Trade Organization
- B. National Alliance of Trade Unions
- C. Northern Atlantic Transport Office
- D. North Atlantic Treaty Organization ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? NATO is the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, a military alliance founded in 1949.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 89 Sports

Who was the first Pakistani to climb Mount Everest?

- A. Nazir Sabir ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Ashraf Aman
- C. Samina Baig
- D. Hassan Sadpara

Why this answer? Nazir Sabir became the first Pakistani to reach the summit of Mount Everest in May 2000; Ashraf Aman was the first Pakistani to climb K2 in 1977 and Samina Baig became the first Pakistani woman on Everest in 2013.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q76 (first Pakistani who climbed Mount Everest — Nazir Sabir).

Question 90 Sports

How long is a football match, excluding extra time?

- A. 60 minutes

nminutes

- C. 120 minutes
- D. 90 minutes ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A football match lasts 90 minutes, in two halves of 45 minutes, excluding extra time.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sports: common games recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 91 Sports

What colour is the background of the Olympic flag?

- A. Yellow
- B. Light blue
- C. White ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Silver

Why this answer? The Olympic flag has a white background with the five coloured rings; yellow is one of the ring colours, not the background.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q88 (background colour of the Olympic Flag — White).

Question 92 Sports

Which country is credited with inventing the game of chess?

- A. China
- B. Persia
- C. India ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Egypt

Why this answer? Chess grew out of the Indian game of chaturanga, so India is credited

ıg it.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sports: the history of games recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 93 Sports

Spyridon Louis of Greece won which event at the first modern Olympic Games in Athens in 1896?

- A. Marathon ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 100 metres
- C. Long jump
- D. Discus throw

Why this answer? Spyridon Louis of Greece won the marathon at the first modern Olympic Games in Athens in 1896.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q89 (marathon runner who won gold at the first modern Olympic Games in Athens in 1896 — Spyridon Louis).

Question 94 English

The Latin phrase magnum opus is used to mean what?

- A. A person's greatest work ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A great success
- C. A gigantic project
- D. A work of fiction

Why this answer? Magnum opus, in Latin, means a person's greatest work, a great work; size is not the point.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR

magnum opus — A great work).

Question 95 English

To act mala fide is to act in what way?

- A. Based on facts
- B. In bad faith ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Beyond doubt
- D. In good faith

Why this answer? Mala fide means in bad faith, treacherously, acting with dishonest intent; it is the opposite of acting in good faith.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q78 (Mala fide — Treacherously, in bad faith).

Question 96 English

The word havoc means what?

- A. Prosperity
- B. Knowledge
- C. Devastation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Good fortune

Why this answer? Havoc means great destruction or devastation, the opposite of prosperity.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q84 (meaning of Havoc — devastation).

Question 97 English

Which word best gives the meaning of huddle as used in the paper?

- B. To be neutral
- C. To be genuine
- D. To confuse ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? In the paper's sense, huddle means to crowd together in a confused mass, to confuse or muddle.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q85 (meaning of Huddle — confuse).

Question 98 Mathematics

Work out the value of the Roman numeral XL.

- A. 510
- B. 60
- C. 40 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 490

Why this answer? XL means L, 50, minus X, 10, which is 40; 60 is LX, 510 is DX and 490 is CDXC.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q52 (value of the Roman numeral XL — 40).

Question 99 Mathematics

What is 12 multiplied by 8?

- A. 84
- B. 108
- C. 88
- D. 96 ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? 12 multiplied by 8 is 96.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: simple multiplication recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 100 Islamiat

According to the Old Testament, Moses's brother Aaron served as what?

- A. The first king of Israel
- B. The first high priest of the Israelites ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. The first prophet of Israel
- D. The first judge of Israel

Why this answer? Aaron, the brother of Moses, was the first high priest of the Israelites; Eli was a later priest and judge.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q53 (brother of Moses, first high priest of the Israelites — Aaron).

This is a Ranjha Solutions prediction product, built from Ranjha Solutions' verified past-paper archive. It is **not** a PPSC paper, and no question here has appeared in any exam. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam".

Guess papers are **free** — no charge is taken from any student. **No pass guarantee:** nobody can guarantee which questions will appear.