PPSC Food Supervisor (Punjab Food Department) — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 1 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Food Supervisor (Punjab Food Department) · **Set:** 1 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 49 verified facts predicted to recur, 51 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Food Supervisor (Punjab Food Department) past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 51 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 100 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Canberra is the capital of which country?

- A. New Zealand
- B. South Africa
- C. Australia ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Canberra is the capital of Australia; Sydney and Melbourne are larger cities but neither is the capital.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 2 General Knowledge

Cairo's famous central square, the scene of the 2011 uprising, is known by which name?

- A. Azadi Square
- B. Tahrir Square ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Umayyad Square
- D. Green Square

Why this answer? Tahrir Square is the great central square of Cairo, Egypt, and the focus of the 2011 uprising.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q2 (Tahrir Square is in Cairo, Egypt).

Question 3 General Knowledge

Which is the largest hot desert in the world?

- A. Gobi
- B. Kalahari
- C. Arabian
- D. Sahara ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Sahara in North Africa is the world's largest hot desert; the Gobi, Kalahari and Arabian deserts are all smaller.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world

nd deserts recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 4 General Knowledge

Which country has Bandar Seri Begawan as its capital, a city standing on Brunei Bay?

- A. Philippines
- B. Brunei Darussalam ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Singapore
- D. Taiwan

Why this answer? Bandar Seri Begawan is the capital of Brunei Darussalam, on Brunei Bay; Manila is the Philippine capital, on Manila Bay.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q3 (Bandar Seri Begawan, capital of Brunei Darussalam, on Brunei Bay).

Question 5 General Knowledge

Which river is generally regarded as the longest river in the world?

- A. Amazon
- B. Nile ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Yangtze
- D. Mississippi

Why this answer? The Nile, at about 6,650 kilometres, is generally regarded as the world's longest river.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world rivers recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 6 General Knowledge

Which cape is accepted as the dividing line between the Atlantic and Indian Oceans?

e of Good Hope

- B. Cape Town
- C. Cape Agulhas ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Western Cape

Why this answer? Cape Agulhas, the southernmost point of Africa, is the accepted dividing line between the Atlantic and Indian Oceans; the Cape of Good Hope lies further west.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q4 (Cape Agulhas divides the Atlantic from the Indian Ocean).

Question 7 General Knowledge

What is the currency of Japan?

- A. Yuan
- B. Yen ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Won
- D. Ringgit

Why this answer? Japan's currency is the yen; the yuan is China's, the won is Korea's and the ringgit is Malaysia's.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world currencies recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 8 General Knowledge

South Africa's highest military decoration for bravery is the Nkwe ya Gauta, also called what?

- A. Virtuti Militari
- B. War Cross with Sword
- C. Golden Leopard ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Nkwe ya Gauta, meaning Golden Leopard, is South Africa's highest military decoration for bravery, instituted in 2003; the Virtuti Militari is Poland's and the War Cross with Sword is Norway's.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q5 (highest military award of South Africa — Golden Leopard).

Question 9 General Knowledge

Where is the headquarters of the United Nations?

- A. Geneva
- B. Paris
- C. Vienna
- D. New York ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The United Nations is headquartered in New York; Geneva hosts many UN agencies but is not the headquarters.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 10 General Knowledge

The whooper swan is the national bird of which country?

- A. Australia
- B. Brazil
- C. Finland ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. France

Why this answer? The whooper swan is the national bird of Finland; the rufous-bellied thrush is Brazil's and the Gallic rooster is France's symbol.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q7 (national bird of Finland — Whooper Swan).

Question 11 General Knowledge

Who was the first President of the United States?

- A. Abraham Lincoln
- B. George Washington ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Thomas Jefferson
- D. John Adams

Why this answer? George Washington served as the first President of the United States from 1789 to 1797.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world history and famous leaders recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 12 General Knowledge

After Kazakhstan and Mongolia, which is the world's third-largest landlocked country by area?

- A. Sudan
- B. Switzerland
- C. Chad ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Niger

Why this answer? By area the largest landlocked countries are Kazakhstan, then Mongolia, then Chad; Sudan has a Red Sea coast and Switzerland is far smaller.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q11 (third largest landlocked country — Chad).

13 General Knowledge

The Great Wall is located in which country?

- A. Japan
- B. India
- C. Mongolia
- D. China ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Great Wall, built to guard China's northern borders, is in China.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world landmarks recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 14 General Knowledge

Which of these countries has no sea coast at all?

- A. Switzerland ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Uruguay
- C. Pakistan
- D. Sri Lanka

Why this answer? Switzerland is entirely surrounded by land — France, Germany, Austria, Italy and Liechtenstein — so it is landlocked; Uruguay, Pakistan and Sri Lanka all have sea coasts.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q12 (landlocked country — Switzerland).

Question 15 General Knowledge

Which planet is known as the Red Planet?

- A. Mars ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Venus

ter

- D. Mercury

Why this answer? Mars is known as the Red Planet because of the iron oxide on its surface.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: the solar system recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 16 General Knowledge

Kyiv is the capital of which country?

- A. Portugal
- B. Ukraine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Dominican Republic
- D. Poland

Why this answer? Kyiv is the capital of Ukraine; Lisbon is Portugal's capital and Santo Domingo is the Dominican Republic's.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q14 (capital of Ukraine — Kiev, now spelled Kyiv).

Question 17 General Knowledge

Which is the smallest continent in the world?

- A. Australia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Europe
- C. Antarctica
- D. South America

Why this answer? Australia is the smallest continent; Europe is larger, and Antarctica and South America are both much larger.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: continents and world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 18 General Knowledge

The 13th Amendment to the United States Constitution, ratified in December 1865, abolished what?

- A. Slavery in the United States ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Voting rights for women
- C. Alcohol prohibition
- D. The death penalty

Why this answer? Slavery was abolished in the United States by the 13th Amendment, ratified in December 1865; the 1863 Emancipation Proclamation had freed slaves in Confederate territory only.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q24 (slavery abolished in America in 1865).

Question 19 General Knowledge

Ottawa is the capital of which country?

- A. Canada ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Australia
- C. New Zealand
- D. South Africa

Why this answer? Ottawa is the capital of Canada; Toronto is its largest city but not the capital.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

20 General Knowledge

Between 1997 and 2002, Lionel Jospin served as Prime Minister of which country?

- A. Belgium
- B. France ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Canada
- D. Switzerland

Why this answer? Lionel Jospin was Prime Minister of France from 1997 to 2002; Switzerland has no prime minister, having a Federal Council instead.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q25 (Lionel Jospin — Prime Minister of France).

Question 21 General Knowledge

Which is the largest ocean in the world?

- A. Atlantic Ocean
- B. Indian Ocean
- C. Pacific Ocean ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Arctic Ocean

Why this answer? The Pacific is the largest ocean, covering more area than all the Earth's land put together.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: oceans and world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 22 General Knowledge

Which sea lies between Greece and Turkey and links the Mediterranean with the Dardanelles?

- A. Black Sea

ean Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Sea of Marmara
- D. Sea of Azov

Why this answer? The Aegean Sea lies between Greece and Turkey and connects the Mediterranean to the Dardanelles; the Sea of Marmara connects the Dardanelles to the Bosphorus.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q27 (sea between Greece and Turkey, joining the Mediterranean to the Dardanelles — Aegean Sea).

Question 23 General Knowledge

The Eiffel Tower stands in which city?

- A. Paris ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. London
- C. Rome
- D. Berlin

Why this answer? The Eiffel Tower, completed in 1889, stands in Paris, France.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world landmarks recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 24 General Knowledge

Myanmar marks its Independence Day on 4 January to recall independence in which year?

- A. 1948 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1947
- C. 1949
- D. 1950

swer? Myanmar, then Burma, became independent from Britain on 4 January 1948, and marks Independence Day on 4 January.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q29 (Myanmar Independence Day, 4 January — independence in 1948).

Question 25 General Knowledge

Which is the largest island in the world?

- A. Greenland ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Madagascar
- C. Borneo
- D. Sumatra

Why this answer? Greenland is the world's largest island; Madagascar, Borneo and Sumatra are all smaller.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 26 General Knowledge

World Red Cross and Red Crescent Day, observed on 8 May, marks the birthday of which founder?

- A. Florence Nightingale
- B. Henry Dunant ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Clara Barton
- D. Jean-Jacques Rousseau

Why this answer? World Red Cross and Red Crescent Day is observed on 8 May, the birthday of Henry Dunant, founder of the Red Cross; 12 May is International Nurses Day, Florence Nightingale's birthday.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q32 (World Red Cross Day, 8 May — birthday of Henry Dunant).

Question 27 General Knowledge

Where is the headquarters of the World Bank?

- A. New York
- B. Geneva
- C. London
- D. Washington DC ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The World Bank is headquartered in Washington DC, United States.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 28 General Knowledge

In Jules Verne's Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea, who commands the submarine Nautilus?

- A. Captain Birdseye
- B. Captain Pugwash
- C. Captain Nemo ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Captain Morgan

Why this answer? Captain Nemo commands the submarine Nautilus in Jules Verne's novel Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q37 (captain of the Nautilus — Nemo).

29 General Knowledge

Which metal is liquid at room temperature?

- A. Iron
- B. Copper
- C. Aluminium
- D. Mercury ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mercury is a metal that stays liquid at room temperature; iron, copper and aluminium are all solid at room temperature.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: everyday science facts recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Which mythical horse-like creature is pictured with a single spiral horn on its forehead?

- A. Rhinoceros
- B. Unicorn ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Manatee
- D. Narwhal

Why this answer? The unicorn is the mythical horse-like creature with a single spiral horn on its forehead; the rhinoceros is real, with a horn on its nose, and the narwhal is a real whale with a long tusk.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q38 (mythical creature with a spiral horn on its forehead — Unicorn).

Question 31 General Knowledge

Ankara is the capital of which country?

- A. Turkey ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Iran
- D. Egypt

Why this answer? Ankara is the capital of Turkey; Istanbul is its largest city but not the capital.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 32 General Knowledge

In judo and karate, the ten grades of black-belt proficiency are called what?

- A. Kyu
- B. Kata
- C. Kumite
- D. Dan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Black-belt grades in judo and karate are called dan, from 1st dan to 10th dan; kyu grades are the coloured-belt grades below black belt.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q39 (black-belt grades in judo and karate — Dan).

Question 33 General Knowledge

Which language has the most native speakers in the world?

- A. English
- B. Hindi
- C. Spanish
- D. Mandarin Chinese ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mandarin Chinese has the most native speakers of any language,

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world languages recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 34 General Knowledge

Which is the lowest voice in the adult male range?

- A. Contralto
- B. Tenor
- C. Baritone
- D. Bass ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The bass is the lowest adult male singing voice; the contralto is the lowest female voice, and the baritone is higher than the bass.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q40 (lowest adult male singing voice — Bass).

Question 35 General Knowledge

The Amazon rainforest lies mostly in which country?

- A. Peru
- B. Colombia
- C. Brazil ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Venezuela

Why this answer? Most of the Amazon rainforest lies in Brazil, with smaller parts in Peru, Colombia and other South American countries.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography recurs in every sitting of this post.

36 General Knowledge

Counting Alpha as first, which letter comes fifth in the Greek alphabet?

- A. Epsilon ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Gamma
- C. Psi
- D. Delta

Why this answer? The Greek alphabet runs Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, Epsilon — Epsilon is fifth.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q41 (fifth letter of the Greek alphabet — Epsilon).

Question 37 General Knowledge

Which country first invented paper?

- A. Egypt
- B. India
- C. China ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Greece

Why this answer? Paper was first invented in China, during the Han dynasty, about two thousand years ago.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: inventions and world history recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 38 General Knowledge

The barleycorn, an old unit of length equal to a third of an inch, takes its name from what?

- A. A grain of barley ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Heinrich Hertz
- D. Dr Virginia Apgar

Why this answer? The barleycorn is named after the barley grain, not after a person; the curie is named after Marie Curie, the hertz after Heinrich Hertz, and the Apgar score after Dr Virginia Apgar.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q42 (unit NOT named after a person — Barleycorn).

Question 39 General Knowledge

Which vitamin is produced in human skin by sunlight?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin D ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Vitamin B12
- D. Vitamin C

Why this answer? Sunlight on the skin produces vitamin D, which helps the body absorb calcium; the other vitamins listed are not made this way.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: vitamins and healthy food recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 40 General Knowledge

At which American city do the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers join to form the Ohio?

- A. Pittsburgh, PA ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cleveland, OH
- C. Cincinnati, OH
- D. Wheeling, WV

swer? At Pittsburgh the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers meet to form the Ohio River; Cleveland is on Lake Erie and Cincinnati is downstream on the Ohio.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q43 (city where the Ohio divides into the Allegheny and Monongahela — Pittsburgh).

Question 41 General Knowledge

Which of these scales measures the heat of chilli peppers rather than a natural disaster?

- A. Scoville ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Fujita-Pearson
- C. Saffir-Simpson
- D. Richter

Why this answer? The Scoville scale measures the heat of chilli peppers; the Fujita scale measures tornadoes, Saffir-Simpson measures hurricanes and Richter measures earthquakes.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q44 (scale that does NOT measure natural disasters — Scoville).

Question 42 General Knowledge

Which colour is NOT one of the five Olympic ring colours?

- A. Red
- B. Blue
- C. Yellow
- D. Purple ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The five Olympic rings are blue, yellow, black, green and red; purple is not among them.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR

NOT in the Olympic rings — Purple).

Question 43 General Knowledge

A group of lions is known by which collective noun?

- A. An envy
- B. Avarice
- C. A sloth
- D. A pride ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A group of lions is called a pride; a sloth is the term for a group of bears.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q49 (a group of lions is called a Pride).

Question 44 General Knowledge

Mount Etna, in Sicily, holds which distinction among Europe's volcanoes?

- A. It is the highest volcano in Europe ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. It is the oldest volcano in Europe
- C. It is the widest volcano in Europe
- D. It is the most northern volcano in Europe

Why this answer? Mount Etna in Sicily, about 3,350 metres high, is Europe's highest volcano; Vesuvius is about 1,281 metres, Stromboli about 924 metres and Hekla about 1,488 metres.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q50 (Europe's highest volcano — Etna).

45 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Second Battle of Panipat fought, when Hemu faced the forces of the young Akbar?

- A. 1493
- B. 1555
- C. 1556 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1548

Why this answer? The Second Battle of Panipat was fought on 5 November 1556 between Hemu and Akbar's forces; the First Battle was in 1526.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q15 (Second Battle of Panipat, Hemu and Akbar — 1556).

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Who is the founder of Pakistan?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan

Why this answer? Muhammad Ali Jinnah, the Quaid-e-Azam, founded Pakistan and became its first Governor-General.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the Pakistan Movement and its leaders recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

The Second Round Table Conference of 1931 was held while which British politician was Prime Minister?

ment Attlee

- B. Ramsay MacDonald ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Neville Chamberlain
- D. Winston Churchill

Why this answer? Ramsay MacDonald was Prime Minister during the Second Round Table Conference, held from September to December 1931; Attlee became Prime Minister in 1945 and Chamberlain in 1937.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q16 (British Prime Minister at the Second Round Table Conference — Ramsay MacDonald).

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan came into being on which date?

- A. 14 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 15 August 1947
- C. 23 March 1940
- D. 3 June 1947

Why this answer? Pakistan came into being on 14 August 1947; the Lahore Resolution was passed on 23 March 1940.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the creation of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

The Gandhi-Irwin Pact of March 1931 brought a halt to which movement?

- A. Non-Cooperation Movement
- B. Quit India Movement
- C. Khilafat Movement
- D. Civil Disobedience Movement ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? The Gandhi-Irwin Pact of 9 March 1931 suspended the Civil Disobedience Movement in return for concessions; the Non-Cooperation Movement had been suspended in 1922.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q17 (Gandhi-Irwin Pact suspended the Civil Disobedience Movement).

Question 50 Pakistan Studies

Which animal is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Snow leopard
- B. Indus dolphin
- C. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Chinkara

Why this answer? The markhor, a wild goat of the mountains, is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 51 Pakistan Studies

Which Muslim League leader from the United Provinces backed the Pakistan Resolution?

- A. Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy
- B. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- C. Nawab Salimullah
- D. Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman, the Muslim League leader from the United Provinces, supported the Pakistan Resolution; Suhrawardy was the Bengal leader.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR

who supported the Pakistan Resolution from U.P.? — Ch. Khaliquzzaman).

Question 52 Pakistan Studies

What is the national language of Pakistan?

- A. Punjabi
- B. English
- C. Urdu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sindhi

Why this answer? Urdu is the national language of Pakistan; Punjabi and Sindhi are provincial languages and English is an official language.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 53 Pakistan Studies

On 23 March 1940, who moved the Lahore Resolution at the Muslim League session?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. A. K. Fazlul Haq ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah

Why this answer? A. K. Fazlul Haq moved, or presented, the Lahore Resolution on 23 March 1940; Jinnah presided over the session, Liaquat Ali Khan seconded it, and Iqbal had died in 1938.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q19 (who presented the Lahore Resolution on 23 March 1940 — A.K. Fazl-ul-Haq).

54 Pakistan Studies

Which city is the capital of Pakistan?

- A. Karachi
- B. Lahore
- C. Rawalpindi
- D. Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan; Karachi was the first capital and Lahore is the capital of Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's geography and capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 55 Pakistan Studies

By what other name is the Lahore Resolution of 1940 commonly known?

- A. Pakistan Resolution ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lucknow Pact
- C. Khilafat Resolution
- D. Delhi Proposals

Why this answer? The Lahore Resolution of 1940 is also known as the Pakistan Resolution, since it demanded separate states for Muslims; the Khilafat movement was a different movement of 1919-1924.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q20 (Lahore Resolution is also known as the Pakistan Resolution).

Question 56 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab

- C. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area, though Punjab has the largest population.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's geography and provinces recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 57 Pakistan Studies

Ahmad Sirhindi, known as Mujaddid Alf Sani, was born in which year?

- A. 1493
- B. 1555
- C. 1564 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1548

Why this answer? Ahmad Sirhindi, Mujaddid Alf Sani, was born in 1564 in Sirhind.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q21 (Hazrat Mujaddid Alf Sani was born in 1564).

Question 58 Pakistan Studies

Which flower is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Jasmine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rose
- C. Sunflower
- D. Tulip

Why this answer? The jasmine is the national flower of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national

akistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 59 Pakistan Studies

The English East India Company received its royal charter in which year?

- A. 1578
- B. 1614
- C. 1600 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1609

Why this answer? The English East India Company was established by royal charter on 31 December 1600; 1614 is the year it set up a factory at Surat.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q22 (East India Company established in 1600).

Question 60 Pakistan Studies

Who was Pakistan's first Prime Minister?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- C. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Chaudhry Muhammad Ali

Why this answer? Liaquat Ali Khan became Pakistan's first Prime Minister in 1947; Jinnah was the first Governor-General.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's early leaders recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 61 Pakistan Studies

Which Prime Minister of Pakistan was convicted of contempt of court by the Supreme

il 2012?

- A. Yousuf Raza Gilani ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Raja Pervaiz Ashraf
- C. Nawaz Sharif
- D. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto

Why this answer? Prime Minister Yousuf Raza Gilani was convicted of contempt of court by the Supreme Court in April 2012, the first Pakistani prime minister so convicted, and was disqualified in June 2012.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q36 (first Pakistan Prime Minister convicted for contempt of court — Yousuf Raza Gilani).

Question 62 Pakistan Studies

The Indus River flows into which sea?

- A. Bay of Bengal
- B. Arabian Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Mediterranean Sea
- D. Red Sea

Why this answer? The Indus flows south through Pakistan and into the Arabian Sea.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: rivers of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 63 Pakistan Studies

Lahore is the capital of which province?

- A. Sindh
- B. Balochistan
- C. Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Lahore is the capital of Punjab; Karachi is the capital of Sindh and Quetta is the capital of Balochistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's geography and capitals recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 64 Pakistan Studies

Which historic pass connects Peshawar with Kabul?

- A. Bolan Pass
- B. Lowari Pass
- C. Khunjerab Pass
- D. Khyber Pass ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Khyber Pass connects Peshawar with Kabul; the Bolan Pass is in Balochistan and the Khunjerab Pass connects Pakistan with China.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: passes of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 65 Pakistan Studies

The Badshahi Mosque is located in which city?

- A. Karachi
- B. Islamabad
- C. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Multan

Why this answer? The Badshahi Mosque, built by the Mughals, stands in Lahore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: historic places of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

66 Pakistan Studies

Who is the national poet of Pakistan?

- A. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- B. Mir Taqi Mir
- C. Ahmed Faraz
- D. Allama Iqbal ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Allama Muhammad Iqbal is the national poet of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: famous personalities of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 67 Pakistan Studies

What is the national sport of Pakistan?

- A. Cricket
- B. Squash
- C. Football
- D. Field hockey ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Field hockey is the national sport of Pakistan, though cricket is the most popular game.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

Which city is Pakistan's largest seaport?

- A. Gwadar
- B. Lahore
- C. Hyderabad

achi ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Karachi is Pakistan's largest city and its largest seaport; Gwadar is a newer deep-sea port in Balochistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan's geography and cities recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 69 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan's first constitution was adopted in which year?

- A. 1947
- B. 1962
- C. 1956 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1973

Why this answer? Pakistan's first constitution was adopted in 1956; the present constitution dates from 1973.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: constitutions of Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 70 Pakistan Studies

A food authority in Punjab checks food sold to the public mainly to ensure what?

- A. Safety and quality of food ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Low prices of food
- C. Import of food
- D. Export of food

Why this answer? A food authority checks that food sold to the public is safe, clean and of proper quality, so that it does not harm people's health.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: food safety

ab Food Department's work recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 71 Pakistan Studies

Which of these is a staple food crop of Punjab?

- A. Wheat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Tea
- C. Coffee
- D. Rubber

Why this answer? Wheat is the staple food crop of Punjab; tea, coffee and rubber are not grown as staple crops there.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: food crops of Punjab recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 72 Everyday Science

Immediately beneath the Earth's crust lies which layer?

- A. Inner Core
- B. Outer Core
- C. Mohorovicic discontinuity
- D. Mantle ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Directly below the crust lies the mantle, the thick middle layer of the Earth; the outer core lies below the mantle and the inner core is the deepest layer.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q28 (what is below the crust — Mantle).

Question 73 Everyday Science

What is the chemical symbol for water?

- B. H2O ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. O2
- D. NaCl

Why this answer? Water is H2O, two hydrogen atoms joined to one oxygen atom; CO2 is carbon dioxide and NaCl is common salt.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic chemistry recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 74 Everyday Science

Oceanic crust is roughly how thick?

- A. 6-10 m
- B. 6-10 km ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 60-100 km
- D. 600-1000 km

Why this answer? Oceanic crust is about 5-10 km thick, so 6-10 km is the correct range; 6-10 metres is far too thin and about 60 km is the thickness of continental crust.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q30 (thickness of the oceans' crust — 6-10 km).

Question 75 Everyday Science

At sea level, water boils at which temperature?

- A. 90 degrees Celsius
- B. 100 degrees Celsius ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 80 degrees Celsius
- D. 120 degrees Celsius

swer? At sea level pure water boils at 100 degrees Celsius.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic physics recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 76 Everyday Science

Brontophobia is the fear of what?

- A. The colour yellow
- B. Thunder and lightning ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Dawn or daylight
- D. Ants

Why this answer? Brontophobia is the fear of thunder and lightning, from the Greek word bronte, thunder; the fear of the colour yellow is xanthophobia and the fear of ants is myrmecophobia.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q46 (fear of thunder and lightning — Brontophobia).

Question 77 Everyday Science

Which gas do plants absorb from the air for photosynthesis?

- A. Oxygen
- B. Carbon dioxide ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Nitrogen
- D. Hydrogen

Why this answer? Plants absorb carbon dioxide from the air and release oxygen during photosynthesis.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: plants and photosynthesis recur in every sitting of this post.

78 Everyday Science

Despite living in the sea, the minke whale is classed as what kind of animal?

- A. A fish
- B. An arthropod
- C. A reptile
- D. A mammal ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The minke whale is a baleen whale, and all whales are mammals; despite its name the whale shark is a fish, and the horseshoe crab is an arthropod.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q47 (which of the following is a mammal — Minke Whale).

Question 79 Everyday Science

Milk is a rich source of which mineral?

- A. Calcium ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Iron
- C. Iodine
- D. Sodium

Why this answer? Milk is a rich source of calcium, which builds strong bones and teeth.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Food and nutrition: nutrients in common foods recur in this post's syllabus.

Question 80 Everyday Science

Laika, carried aboard Sputnik 2 in 1957, was the first living creature sent into orbit — what kind of animal was she?

- A. A monkey
- B. A dog ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. A mouse

Why this answer? Laika, a dog, was the first living creature sent into orbit, aboard Sputnik 2 in 1957.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q48 (first living creature in space — Dog).

Question 81 Current Affairs

Who was inaugurated for a third term as President of Russia on 7 May 2012?

- A. Vladimir Putin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Boris Yeltsin
- C. Dmitry Medvedev
- D. Mikhail Gorbachev

Why this answer? Putin won the March 2012 election and was inaugurated for his third term as president on 7 May 2012; Medvedev was president from 2008 to 2012.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q8 (re-elected as Russian President for a third term in May 2012 — Vladimir Putin).

Question 82 Current Affairs

Who won the French presidential election of May 2012?

- A. Nicolas Sarkozy
- B. Francois Hollande ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Victor Ponta
- D. Pal Schmitt

Why this answer? Francois Hollande won the May 2012 election and became President of France on 15 May 2012.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q9 (who became President of France in May 2012 — Francois Hollande).

Question 83 Current Affairs

Which of these places is an oil-refining city rather than an Iranian nuclear site?

- A. Qom
- B. Natanz
- C. Bushehr
- D. Abadan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Abadan is an oil-refining city, not a nuclear site; the Fordow enrichment plant is near Qom, Natanz is the main uranium enrichment site and Bushehr is the site of the nuclear power plant.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q10 (which is not a nuclear site of Iran — Abadan).

Question 84 Current Affairs

In the first Palestinian Authority elections of January 1996, who was elected its Chairman?

- A. Yasser Arafat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Mahmoud Abbas
- C. Ahmed Qurei
- D. Ismail Haniyeh

Why this answer? Yasser Arafat was elected Chairman of the Palestinian Authority in the January 1996 elections.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q23 (Yasir Arafat elected Chairman of the Palestinian Authority in 1996).

85 Current Affairs

In September 1996, which movement captured Kabul and formed a government in Afghanistan?

- A. Northern Alliance
- B. Taliban ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Hezb-e Islami
- D. Afghan National Army

Why this answer? The Taliban captured Kabul in September 1996 and formed their government; the movement had emerged in 1994 and captured Herat in 1995.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q26 (when the Taliban regime came into power in Afghanistan — 1996).

Question 86 Current Affairs

Chandrika Kumaratunga served as President of which country from 1994 to 2005?

- A. Sri Lanka ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Indonesia
- C. Bangladesh
- D. India

Why this answer? Chandrika Kumaratunga was President of Sri Lanka from 1994 to 2005.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q31 (who was Chandrika Kumaratunga — President of Sri Lanka).

Question 87 Current Affairs

After her release from house arrest, which country did Aung San Suu Kyi visit first on a foreign trip in 2012?

- A. Vietnam

- C. Thailand ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. China

Why this answer? After her release from house arrest, Aung San Suu Kyi's first foreign trip was to Thailand in May-June 2012; she visited India later, in November 2012.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q33 (Aung San Suu Kyi first visited Thailand).

Question 88 Current Affairs

Pakistan's Hatf III ballistic missile, test-fired on 10 May 2012, is also known by which name?

- A. Babur
- B. Ghauri
- C. Shaheen
- D. Ghaznavi ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Hatf III is the Ghaznavi, a short-range ballistic missile test-fired on 10 May 2012; Babur is the Hatf VII cruise missile, Ghauri is Hatf V and Shaheen is the Hatf IV and VI family.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q34 (Hatf III missile, another name — Ghaznavi).

Question 89 Sports

Which cricketer had scored the most one-day international centuries by the end of his career, with 49?

- A. Ricky Ponting
- B. Brian Lara
- C. Sourav Ganguly

hin Tendulkar ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Tendulkar scored 49 one-day centuries, the most by any player at the time of his retirement; Ponting scored 30, Ganguly 22 and Lara 19.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q1 (cricket player with maximum one-day centuries — Sachin Tendulkar).

Question 90 Sports

How many players from one team are on the field in a game of cricket?

- A. 9
- B. 11 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 10
- D. 12

Why this answer? A cricket team has 11 players on the field.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sports: cricket rules recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 91 Sports

Which two countries jointly hosted the 2015 ICC Cricket World Cup?

- A. Australia only
- B. New Zealand only
- C. Australia and New Zealand ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. South Africa

Why this answer? The 2015 ICC Cricket World Cup was jointly hosted by Australia and New Zealand; South Africa hosted in 2003, not 2015.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q6 (2015 ICC Cricket World Cup hosts — Australia and New Zealand).

92 Sports

The Olympic Games are held every how many years?

- A. Two years
- B. Four years ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Three years
- D. Five years

Why this answer? The Olympic Games are held every four years.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sports: the Olympic Games recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 93 Sports

Which game is played with a shuttlecock?

- A. Tennis
- B. Badminton ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Squash
- D. Table tennis

Why this answer? Badminton is played with a shuttlecock; tennis and table tennis are played with a ball.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sports: common games recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 94 English

Which word is closest in meaning to brave?

- A. Courageous ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cowardly
- C. Weak

Why this answer? Courageous means brave; cowardly, weak and timid mean the opposite.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 95 English

Which word is the opposite of ancient?

- A. Old
- B. Antique
- C. Historic
- D. Modern ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Modern is the opposite of ancient; old and antique are close in meaning to ancient.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 96 English

What is the plural of child?

- A. Childs
- B. Childes
- C. Childrens
- D. Children ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The plural of child is children, an irregular plural.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: plurals recur in every sitting of this post.

97 English

Which spelling is correct?

- A. Beautifull
- B. Biutiful
- C. Beautiful ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Beautifel

Why this answer? The correct spelling is beautiful.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: correct spellings recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 98 Mathematics

Work out the value of the Roman numeral CXIX.

- A. 121
- B. 49
- C. 99
- D. 119 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? CXIX means C, 100, plus X, 10, plus IX, 9, which is 119; 121 is CXXI, 49 is XLIX and 99 is XCIX.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2012-FOOD-SUPERVISOR Q35 (CXIX in Roman numerals — 119).

Question 99 Mathematics

What is 15 multiplied by 4?

- A. 45
- B. 50
- C. 60 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 15 multiplied by 4 is 60.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: simple multiplication recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 100 Islamiat

How many pillars of Islam are there?

- A. Four
- B. Five ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Six
- D. Seven

Why this answer? There are five pillars of Islam: the declaration of faith, prayer, fasting, charity and pilgrimage.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Islamiat: the five pillars recur in every sitting of this post.

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