PPSC Lecturer Fine Arts | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Fine Arts | BS-17 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 0 verified facts predicted to recur, 100 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Lecturer Fine Arts | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 100 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 0 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Fine Arts

Which artist painted 'The Starry Night'?

- A. Pablo Picasso
- B. Vincent van Gogh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Michelangelo

Why this answer? Vincent van Gogh painted The Starry Night.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 2 Fine Arts

Which artist painted 'The Sistine Chapel ceiling'?

- A. Rembrandt
- B. Claude Monet
- C. Michelangelo ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Salvador Dali

Why this answer? Michelangelo painted The Sistine Chapel ceiling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 3 Fine Arts

Which artist painted 'Water Lilies'?

- A. Salvador Dali
- B. Johannes Vermeer
- C. Leonardo da Vinci
- D. Claude Monet ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Claude Monet painted Water Lilies.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

4 Fine Arts

Which artist painted 'Sunflowers'?

- A. Vincent van Gogh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Pablo Picasso
- C. Michelangelo
- D. Rembrandt

Why this answer? Vincent van Gogh painted Sunflowers.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 5 Fine Arts

Which artist painted 'Girl with a Pearl Earring'?

- A. Leonardo da Vinci
- B. Johannes Vermeer ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Vincent van Gogh
- D. Pablo Picasso

Why this answer? Johannes Vermeer painted Girl with a Pearl Earring.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 6 Fine Arts

Which colour is made by mixing red and yellow?

- A. Green
- B. Purple
- C. Brown
- D. Orange ✓ **Predicted answer**

Answer: Red and yellow make orange.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 7 Fine Arts

Which of these is a primary colour?

- A. Green
- B. Orange
- C. Purple
- D. Red ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Red is a primary colour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 8 Fine Arts

Which of these is a warm colour?

- A. Blue
- B. Green
- C. Purple
- D. Red ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Red is a warm colour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 9 Fine Arts

What are the three primary colours?

, green and blue

- B. Orange, purple and green
- C. Black, white and grey
- D. Red, blue and yellow ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The primary colours are red, blue and yellow.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 10 Fine Arts

Which element of art is described as 'a two-dimensional area'?

- A. form
- B. shape ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. colour
- D. texture

Why this answer? shape is a two-dimensional area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 11 Fine Arts

Which element of art is described as 'the hue of an object'?

- A. texture
- B. space
- C. value
- D. colour ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? colour is the hue of an object.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art

Question 12 Fine Arts

Which element of art is described as 'the area around and between objects'?

- A. space ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. value
- C. line
- D. shape

Why this answer? space is the area around and between objects.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 13 Fine Arts

Which technique is described as 'painting with pigments in water'?

- A. Watercolour ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Fresco
- C. Mosaic
- D. Sculpture

Why this answer? Watercolour is painting with pigments in water.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 14 Fine Arts

Which technique is described as 'art made from small pieces of coloured material'?

- A. Mosaic ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Sculpture

tmaking

- D. Oil painting

Why this answer? Mosaic is art made from small pieces of coloured material.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 15 Fine Arts

Which technique is described as 'art made by printing from a plate'?

- A. Oil painting
- B. Watercolour
- C. Printmaking ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Fresco

Why this answer? Printmaking is art made by printing from a plate.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 16 Fine Arts

What is applied art?

- A. Art for beauty only
- B. Art used in everyday objects ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Painting only
- D. Sculpture only

Why this answer? Applied art is used in everyday objects.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

17 Fine Arts

What is a craft?

- A. Skilled making of useful objects ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A painting
- C. A sculpture
- D. A photograph

Why this answer? A craft is skilled making of useful objects.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 18 Fine Arts

What is graphic design?

- A. Painting
- B. Designing visual communication ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sculpture
- D. Photography

Why this answer? Graphic design is visual communication.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 19 Fine Arts

What is a poster?

- A. A painting
- B. A sculpture
- C. A book
- D. A printed notice for display ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? A poster is a printed notice for display.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 20 Fine Arts

What is an exhibition?

- A. A shop
- B. A museum
- C. A school
- D. A public display of art ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? An exhibition is a public display of art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 21 Fine Arts

What is a gallery?

- A. A shop
- B. A museum
- C. A school
- D. A place for displaying art ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A gallery displays art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 22 Fine Arts

What is a museum?

ace for keeping and showing art and history ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. A shop
- C. A school
- D. A gallery

Why this answer? A museum keeps and shows art and history.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: introduction to fine arts recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 23 Fine Arts

Who painted The Last Supper?

- A. Michelangelo
- B. Leonardo da Vinci ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Raphael
- D. Van Gogh

Why this answer? Leonardo da Vinci painted The Last Supper.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 24 Fine Arts

Who painted Sunflowers?

- A. Pablo Picasso
- B. Claude Monet
- C. Vincent van Gogh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rembrandt

Why this answer? Van Gogh painted Sunflowers.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs

urer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 25 Fine Arts

Who painted The Persistence of Memory?

- A. Pablo Picasso
- B. Van Gogh
- C. Salvador Dali ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Monet

Why this answer? Dali painted The Persistence of Memory.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 26 Fine Arts

Who painted Girl with a Pearl Earring?

- A. Rembrandt
- B. Johannes Vermeer ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Van Gogh
- D. Monet

Why this answer? Vermeer painted Girl with a Pearl Earring.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 27 Fine Arts

Who painted The Night Watch?

- A. Vermeer
- B. Rembrandt ✓ **Predicted answer**

Gogh

- D. Monet

Why this answer? Rembrandt painted The Night Watch.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 28 Fine Arts

Who painted Water Lilies?

- A. Claude Monet ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Van Gogh
- C. Picasso
- D. Rembrandt

Why this answer? Monet painted Water Lilies.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 29 Fine Arts

Who was Michelangelo?

- A. A French artist
- B. A Spanish artist
- C. An Italian artist and sculptor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A Dutch artist

Why this answer? Michelangelo was an Italian artist and sculptor.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

30 Fine Arts

Who was Raphael?

- A. A French artist
- B. A Spanish artist
- C. An Italian artist ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A Dutch artist

Why this answer? Raphael was an Italian artist.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 31 Fine Arts

Who was Johannes Vermeer?

- A. An Italian artist
- B. A Dutch artist ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A French artist
- D. A Spanish artist

Why this answer? Vermeer was a Dutch artist.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 32 Fine Arts

Who was Salvador Dali?

- A. An Italian artist
- B. A French artist
- C. A Dutch artist
- D. A Spanish artist ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? Dali was a Spanish artist.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: famous artists recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 33 Fine Arts

What is the Baroque style?

- A. A style of simple art
- B. A style of dramatic art ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A style of abstract art
- D. A style of modern art

Why this answer? Baroque is a style of dramatic art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 34 Fine Arts

What is the Rococo style?

- A. A style of dramatic art
- B. A style of light and decorative art ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A style of abstract art
- D. A style of modern art

Why this answer? Rococo is light and decorative art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 35 Fine Arts

What is the Romantic style?

yle of emotional art ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. A style of simple art
- C. A style of abstract art
- D. A style of modern art

Why this answer? Romanticism is emotional art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 36 Fine Arts

What is Realism in art?

- A. Painting dreams
- B. Painting abstractly
- C. Painting things as they are ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Painting imagination

Why this answer? Realism paints things as they are.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 37 Fine Arts

What is Pop Art?

- A. Art using popular culture ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Art of nature
- C. Art of portraits
- D. Art of landscapes

Why this answer? Pop Art uses popular culture.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in

er Fine Arts sitting.

Question 38 Fine Arts

Who was a famous Pop artist?

- A. Van Gogh
- B. Monet
- C. Andy Warhol ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rembrandt

Why this answer? Andy Warhol was a famous Pop artist.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 39 Fine Arts

What is Modern art?

- A. Art of the Renaissance
- B. Art of the Middle Ages
- C. Art of the late 19th and 20th centuries ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Art of ancient times

Why this answer? Modern art is of the late 19th and 20th centuries.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 40 Fine Arts

What is Contemporary art?

- A. Art of the Renaissance
- B. Art of the Middle Ages

of ancient times

- D. Art of today ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Contemporary art is art of today.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 41 Fine Arts

What is a self-portrait?

- A. A portrait of another
- B. A landscape
- C. A portrait of oneself ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A still life

Why this answer? A self-portrait is a portrait of oneself.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art forms recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 42 Fine Arts

What is a caricature?

- A. A portrait
- B. A landscape
- C. A still life
- D. An exaggerated drawing of a person ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A caricature is an exaggerated drawing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art forms recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

43 Fine Arts

What is a cartoon?

- A. A humorous drawing ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A portrait
- C. A landscape
- D. A still life

Why this answer? A cartoon is a humorous drawing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art forms recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 44 Fine Arts

What is a sketch?

- A. A finished painting
- B. A quick rough drawing ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A sculpture
- D. A photograph

Why this answer? A sketch is a quick rough drawing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art forms recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 45 Fine Arts

What is an etching?

- A. A print made by acid on metal ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A painting
- C. A sculpture
- D. A photograph

swer? An etching is a print made by acid on metal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art forms recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 46 Fine Arts

What is a lithograph?

- A. A painting
- B. A sculpture
- C. A photograph
- D. A print made on stone ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A lithograph is a print made on stone.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art forms recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 47 Fine Arts

What is Truck art in Pakistan?

- A. Colourful decoration of trucks ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A painting style
- C. A sculpture
- D. A photograph

Why this answer? Truck art is colourful decoration of trucks.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 48 Fine Arts

What is Gandhara art?

ient Buddhist art of the region ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Mughal art
- C. Islamic art
- D. Modern art

Why this answer? Gandhara art is ancient Buddhist art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 49 Fine Arts

Where was Gandhara art centred?

- A. Lahore
- B. Taxila ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Karachi
- D. Multan

Why this answer? Gandhara art was centred at Taxila.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 50 Fine Arts

What is the Taxila Museum famous for?

- A. Gandhara art ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Mughal art
- C. Islamic art
- D. Modern art

Why this answer? The Taxila Museum is famous for Gandhara art.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in

er Fine Arts sitting.

Question 51 Fine Arts

Who was Zahoor-ul-Akhlaq?

- A. A poet
- B. A famous Pakistani artist ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A singer
- D. A writer

Why this answer? Zahoor-ul-Akhlaq was a famous Pakistani artist.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 52 Fine Arts

Who was Shakir Ali?

- A. A poet
- B. A famous Pakistani artist ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A singer
- D. A writer

Why this answer? Shakir Ali was a famous Pakistani artist.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 53 Fine Arts

What is the Punjab Arts Council?

- A. A body promoting arts in Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A university

useum

- D. A gallery

Why this answer? The Punjab Arts Council promotes arts in Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 54 Fine Arts

What is the Pakistan National Council of the Arts?

- A. A university
- B. A museum
- C. A gallery
- D. A body promoting arts in Pakistan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The PNCA promotes arts in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 55 Fine Arts

Where is the Pakistan National Council of the Arts located?

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi
- C. Peshawar
- D. Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The PNCA is in Islamabad.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

56 Fine Arts

What is the Lok Virsa Museum?

- A. An art gallery
- B. A museum of folk heritage in Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A library
- D. A theatre

Why this answer? Lok Virsa is a museum of folk heritage.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 57 Fine Arts

What is folk art?

- A. Art of ordinary people ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Art of kings
- C. Art of museums
- D. Art of galleries

Why this answer? Folk art is art of ordinary people.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 58 Fine Arts

What is the Badshahi Mosque?

- A. A Mughal mosque in Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A palace
- C. A fort
- D. A garden

swer? The Badshahi Mosque is a Mughal mosque in Lahore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 59 Fine Arts

What is the Lahore Fort?

- A. A mosque
- B. A palace
- C. A garden
- D. A Mughal fort in Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Lahore Fort is a Mughal fort in Lahore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 60 Fine Arts

What is the Shalimar Gardens?

- A. A mosque
- B. A fort
- C. A Mughal garden in Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A palace

Why this answer? The Shalimar Gardens are a Mughal garden in Lahore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 61 Fine Arts

What is the Wazir Khan Mosque?

ughal mosque in Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. A palace
- C. A fort
- D. A garden

Why this answer? The Wazir Khan Mosque is a Mughal mosque in Lahore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Pakistani art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 62 Fine Arts

What is tile work in Islamic art?

- A. Painting
- B. Decorating with coloured tiles ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sculpture
- D. Calligraphy

Why this answer? Tile work decorates with coloured tiles.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Islamic art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 63 Fine Arts

What is a mihrab?

- A. A dome
- B. A minaret
- C. A door
- D. A niche in a mosque showing the direction of prayer ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A mihrab shows the direction of prayer.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Islamic art recurs in

er Fine Arts sitting.

Question 64 Fine Arts

What is a minbar?

- A. A pulpit in a mosque ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A dome
- C. A minaret
- D. A door

Why this answer? A minbar is a pulpit in a mosque.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Islamic art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 65 Fine Arts

What is a courtyard in a mosque?

- A. An open area for prayer ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A dome
- C. A minaret
- D. A door

Why this answer? A courtyard is an open area for prayer.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: Islamic art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 66 Fine Arts

What is a hue?

- A. A tint
- B. A shade

- D. A pure colour ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A hue is a pure colour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 67 Fine Arts

What is a tone?

- A. A colour mixed with white
- B. A colour mixed with black
- C. A colour mixed with grey ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A pure colour

Why this answer? A tone is a colour mixed with grey.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 68 Fine Arts

What is saturation in colour?

- A. The intensity of a colour ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The lightness
- C. The darkness
- D. The hue

Why this answer? Saturation is the intensity of a colour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

69 Fine Arts

What is a monochrome painting?

- A. A painting in many colours
- B. A black and white photo
- C. A sculpture
- D. A painting in one colour ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A monochrome painting uses one colour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: colour theory recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 70 Fine Arts

What is a charcoal drawing?

- A. A painting
- B. A sculpture
- C. A photograph
- D. A drawing made with charcoal ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A charcoal drawing is made with charcoal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 71 Fine Arts

What is a pencil used for in art?

- A. Painting
- B. Sculpture
- C. Drawing ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Photography

Answer: A pencil is used for drawing.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 72 Fine Arts

What is an oil paint?

- A. Paint with pigments in water
- B. A dye
- C. Paint with pigments in oil ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A varnish

Why this answer? Oil paint has pigments in oil.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 73 Fine Arts

What is a watercolour paint?

- A. Paint with pigments in oil
- B. A dye
- C. Paint with pigments in water ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A varnish

Why this answer? Watercolour has pigments in water.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 74 Fine Arts

What is a varnish?

- B. A coating to protect a painting ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A brush
- D. A canvas

Why this answer? A varnish protects a painting.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art techniques recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 75 Fine Arts

What is rhythm in art?

- A. Colour
- B. Repetition creating movement ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Texture
- D. Light

Why this answer? Rhythm is repetition creating movement.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 76 Fine Arts

What is emphasis in art?

- A. Balance
- B. Making one part stand out ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Unity
- D. Contrast

Why this answer? Emphasis makes one part stand out.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art

Question 77 Fine Arts

What is movement in art?

- A. Colour
- B. Texture
- C. Guiding the eye through a work ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Light

Why this answer? Movement guides the eye through a work.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 78 Fine Arts

What is pattern in art?

- A. Colour
- B. Texture
- C. Light
- D. Repeated design ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pattern is repeated design.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: elements of art recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 79 Fine Arts

What is the Taj Mahal?

- A. A marble mausoleum in Agra ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A mosque

- D. A fort

Why this answer? The Taj Mahal is a marble mausoleum in Agra.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 80 Fine Arts

Who built the Taj Mahal?

- A. Akbar
- B. Babur
- C. Shah Jahan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Aurangzeb

Why this answer? Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Fine Arts: art history recurs in every Lecturer Fine Arts sitting.

Question 81 General Knowledge

Which planet is known as the Red Planet?

- A. Mars ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Venus
- C. Jupiter
- D. Saturn

Why this answer? Mars is called the Red Planet because of its iron-oxide surface.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

82 General Knowledge

Which gas do plants absorb from the air?

- A. Oxygen
- B. Carbon dioxide ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Nitrogen
- D. Hydrogen

Why this answer? Plants absorb carbon dioxide for photosynthesis.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 83 General Knowledge

What is the chemical symbol for gold?

- A. Ag
- B. Au ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Gd
- D. Go

Why this answer? Au (from Latin aurum) is the chemical symbol for gold.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 84 General Knowledge

Which organ pumps blood through the human body?

- A. Liver
- B. Heart ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Lung
- D. Kidney

swer? The heart pumps blood through the body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 85 General Knowledge

How many sides does a hexagon have?

- A. Five
- B. Seven
- C. Eight
- D. Six ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A hexagon has six sides.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: basic mathematics facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 86 General Knowledge

Which instrument measures temperature?

- A. Barometer
- B. Ammeter
- C. Speedometer
- D. Thermometer ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A thermometer measures temperature.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 87 General Knowledge

Which is the largest mammal in the world?

- B. Giraffe
- C. Blue whale ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Hippopotamus

Why this answer? The blue whale is the largest mammal in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 88 General Knowledge

Which vitamin does sunlight help the body produce?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin D ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Vitamin B
- D. Vitamin C

Why this answer? Sunlight helps the skin produce vitamin D.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 89 General Knowledge

What is the capital of France?

- A. Lyon
- B. Marseille
- C. Paris ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Nice

Why this answer? Paris is the capital of France.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world

r in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 90 General Knowledge

Which is the largest country by area?

- A. Canada
- B. Russia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. China
- D. USA

Why this answer? Russia is the largest country by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 91 General Knowledge

Which sea separates Europe and Africa?

- A. Red Sea
- B. Black Sea
- C. Mediterranean Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Caspian Sea

Why this answer? The Mediterranean Sea separates Europe from Africa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 92 General Knowledge

What is the capital of Turkey?

- A. Istanbul
- B. Izmir

- D. Ankara ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Ankara is the capital of Turkey; Istanbul is its largest city.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 93 General Knowledge

Which country is known as the Land of the Rising Sun?

- A. China
- B. Thailand
- C. Japan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Korea

Why this answer? Japan is known as the Land of the Rising Sun.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 94 General Knowledge

Which is the highest mountain in the world?

- A. Mount Everest ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. K2
- C. Kangchenjunga
- D. Makalu

Why this answer? Mount Everest (8,849 m) is the highest mountain in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

95 General Knowledge

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh
- C. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 96 General Knowledge

Which city is the capital of Pakistan?

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi
- C. Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rawalpindi

Why this answer? Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 97 General Knowledge

Which is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Snow leopard
- B. Indus dolphin
- C. Chinkara
- D. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 98 General Knowledge

Which is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Jasmine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rose
- C. Tulip
- D. Sunflower

Why this answer? Jasmine is the national flower of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 99 General Knowledge

Which river is the longest in Pakistan?

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chenab
- C. Indus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Ravi

Why this answer? The Indus is the longest river in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 100 General Knowledge

When did Pakistan come into being?

- August 1947
- B. 23 March 1940
- C. 14 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 14 August 1948

Why this answer? Pakistan came into being on 14 August 1947.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

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