PPSC Lecturer Political Science | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Political Science | BS-17 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 89 verified facts predicted to recur, 11 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Lecturer Political Science | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Political Science

Which of the following is true of the proletariat in Marxist usage?

- A. It means rule of the working classes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. It is rule of capitalist class
- C. It is government by the people
- D. It means rule of educated classes

Why this answer? In Marxist usage the proletariat is the wage-earning working class, and the "dictatorship of the proletariat" is its rule.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q6 (verified item — correct answer: It means rule of the working classes).

Question 2 Political Science

Which of these countries has a plural executive?

- A. USA
- B. Switzerland ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. UK
- D. Russia

Why this answer? Switzerland's executive is the seven-member Federal Council, a collegial/plural executive with a rotating presidency — the classic plural-executive example.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q12 (verified item — correct answer: Switzerland).

Question 3 Political Science

Who first put forward the concept of legal sovereignty?

- A. Locke
- B. Aristotle
- C. Hobbes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Hobbes argued sovereignty had no legal limits in principle and that the state could create law — he thus developed the concept of legal sovereignty.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q15 (verified item — correct answer: Hobbes).

4 Political Science

According to Aristotle, which is the best form of government?

- A. Monarchy
- B. Aristocracy
- C. Oligarchy
- D. Polity ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Aristotle called polity (rule by the many in the common interest, a middle-class constitutional government) the best practicable form of government.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q22 (verified item — correct answer: Polity).

Question 5 Political Science

The General Will is the central political concept of which thinker?

- A. Rousseau ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Karl Marz
- C. Hobbes
- D. Locke

Why this answer? The General Will (volonté générale) is Rousseau's central concept in The Social Contract (1762): sovereignty belongs to the people as a collective moral body.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q38 (verified item — correct answer: Rousseau).

Question 6 Political Science

The famous definition of democracy as government of the people, by the people, for the people comes from whom?

- A. Woodrow Wilson

aham Lincoln ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. Lord Bryce
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Lincoln's Gettysburg Address (19 November 1863): "government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth."

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q50 (verified item — correct answer: Abraham Lincoln).

Question 7 Political Science

Political science stresses the study of which of the following?

- A. Government
- B. State
- C. All of these ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Power

Why this answer? Political science studies government, the state, and power together — its scope covers all three.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q57 (verified item — correct answer: All of these).

Question 8 Political Science

Which of these rights lies outside the scope of political liberty?

- A. Right to contest elections
- B. Right to vote
- C. Right to citizens the government
- D. Right to move the court for the enforcement of rights ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Enforcing rights through the courts is a legal/civil liberty (the right to

al remedies), not a political liberty in the textbook classification;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q70 (verified item — correct answer: Right to move the court for the enforcement of rights).

Question 9 Political Science

Which is the most powerful feature in a parliamentary form of government?

- A. Legislative ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rule of Law
- C. Equal representation
- D. None of these

Why this answer? In the parliamentary form the legislature is supreme/sovereign (in the British model) and the executive is drawn from and responsible to it — the legislative organ is the most powerful feature in this textbook account;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q73 (verified item — correct answer: Legislative).

Question 10 Political Science

What is the purpose of local government?

- A. To empower villages
- B. Devolution of powers ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. To make people independent
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Local government exists to devolve/decentralise power from the centre to local bodies so local affairs are managed locally;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-

erified item — correct answer: Devolution of powers).

Question 11 Political Science

Historical materialism is a tool of which school of thought?

- A. Behaviouralism
- B. Utilitarianism
- C. Marxism ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Historical materialism — history driven by material/economic conditions and class struggle — is Marx's method and a core tool of Marxism.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q81 (verified item — correct answer: Marxism).

Question 12 Political Science

Which of these countries is governed by a communist party?

- A. USA
- B. Canada
- C. None of these
- D. China ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? China is governed by the Communist Party of China and is a communist (one-party socialist) state.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q90 (verified item — correct answer: China).

Question 13 Political Science

Who said that those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves?

aham Lincoln ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Woodrow Wilson
- C. Dwight Eisenhower
- D. Jimmy Carter

Why this answer? Lincoln's letter of 1864: "Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves; and, under a just God, can not long retain it."

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q94 (verified item — correct answer: Abraham Lincoln).

Question 14 Political Science

Who first put forward the doctrine of the separation of powers?

- A. Machiavelli
- B. Montesquieu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bentham
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Montesquieu's The Spirit of the Laws (1748) gave the classic doctrine of separation of powers (legislative, executive, judicial).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q99 (verified item — correct answer: Montesquieu).

Question 15 Political Science

The pluralist attack on sovereignty appears in the writings of whom?

- A. J S Mill
- B. Herbert Spencer
- C. Maitland ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

swer? F. W. Maitland, translating and developing Gierke, argued that groups (churches, guilds, towns) have a real personality of their own, not created by the state — a founding source of the pluralist attack on monistic sovereignty, developed by Laski, Figgis and Barker.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q100 (verified item — correct answer: Maitland).

Question 16 Political Science

The cabinet's collective responsibility to the legislature is a defining feature of which system?

- A. Unitary system
- B. Federal system
- C. Presidential system
- D. Parliamentary system ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? collective responsibility of the cabinet to the legislature is a defining feature of the parliamentary system.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q2 (verified item — correct answer: Parliamentary system).

Question 17 Political Science

In Britain, who is addressed as Right Honourable?

- A. Members of the Privy Council ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cabinet Ministers
- C. Judges of the Court
- D. Members of the House of Commons

Why this answer? "The Right Honourable" is the style of members of the Privy Council.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q4 (verified item — correct answer: Members of the Privy Council).

Question 18 Political Science

How many amendments has the American Constitution received?

- A. 25
- B. 27 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 26
- D. 28

Why this answer? the US Constitution has been amended 27 times.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q6 (verified item — correct answer: 27).

Question 19 Political Science

Virginia is known by what nickname among the American states?

- A. Ohio
- B. Florida
- C. Virginia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. New York

Why this answer? Virginia is called the "Mother of Presidents" — eight US presidents were born there.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q8 (verified item — correct answer: Virginia).

Question 20 Political Science

Name the thinker counted as a social contractualist.

- B. Aristotle
- C. Machiavelli
- D. Hobbes ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Thomas Hobbes is one of the classic social contract theorists (Leviathan, 1651).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q10 (verified item — correct answer: Hobbes).

Question 21 Political Science

Drawing electoral boundaries to favour the party in power is called what?

- A. Gerrymandering ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Logrolling
- C. Floor crossing
- D. None of these

Why this answer? gerrymandering is drawing electoral boundaries to give the party in power an advantage.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q12 (verified item — correct answer: Gerrymandering).

Question 22 Political Science

A system of administrative law is provided for by the constitution of which country?

- A. USA
- B. France ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. UK
- D. India

swer? France has a distinct system of administrative law (droit administratif) with its own administrative courts.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q14 (verified item — correct answer: France).

Question 23 Political Science

Which twentieth-century American political scientist used systems analysis in comparative politics?

- A. Max Weber
- B. Talcott Parsons
- C. David Easton ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. G.A. Almond

Why this answer? David Easton developed systems analysis (input-output model) in political science.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q16 (verified item — correct answer: David Easton).

Question 24 Political Science

The French Revolution, which began the constitutional history of France, took place in which year?

- A. 1785
- B. 1779
- C. 1798
- D. 1789 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? the French Revolution began in 1789.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-

ation-2015 Q18 (verified item — correct answer: 1789).

Question 25 Political Science

Locke listed which three rights as the natural rights of men?

- A. Life, Liberty, Property ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Life, Property, Religion
- C. Liberty, Equality, Security
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Locke held that the natural rights are life, liberty and property (estate).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q20 (verified item — correct answer: Life, Liberty, Property).

Question 26 Political Science

How many articles did the 1962 Constitution of Pakistan contain?

- A. 245
- B. 250 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 280
- D. 297

Why this answer? the 1962 Constitution of Pakistan had 250 articles.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q22 (verified item — correct answer: 250).

Question 27 Political Science

On what date did Pakistan join the United Nations?

- A. 28 August 1947
- B. 52 November 1947

- September 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 27 October 1947

Why this answer? Pakistan became a member of the United Nations on 30 September 1947.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q24 (verified item — correct answer: 30 September 1947).

Question 28 Political Science

Which assembly official makes sure party members vote along party lines?

- A. Kingpin
- B. Parliamentary leader
- C. Junta
- D. Whip ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? the party whip ensures members vote according to the party line.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q27 (verified item — correct answer: Whip).

Question 29 Political Science

The book The Myth of Independence was written by whom?

- A. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. I.H. Qureshi
- C. Jawaharlal Nehru
- D. K.K. Aziz

Why this answer? The Myth of Independence was written by Zulfikar Ali Bhutto (1969).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q29 (verified item — correct answer: Zulfikar Ali Bhutto).

30 Political Science

Name the author of the Communist Manifesto.

- A. Lenin
- B. Karl Marx ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Stalin
- D. Mao Zedong

Why this answer? the Communist Manifesto (1848) was written by Karl Marx (with Friedrich Engels).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q31 (verified item — correct answer: Karl Marx).

Question 31 Political Science

The doctrine that government should secure the greatest happiness of the greatest number is known as what?

- A. Communist
- B. Idealist
- C. Utilitarian ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Capitalist

Why this answer? utilitarianism (Bentham) holds that government should secure the greatest happiness of the greatest number.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q33 (verified item — correct answer: Utilitarian).

Question 32 Political Science

When were the Minto-Morley reforms introduced in India?

- A. 1907

- C. 1919
- D. 1909 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? the Minto-Morley Reforms came with the Indian Councils Act of 1909.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q35 (verified item — correct answer: 1909).

Question 33 Political Science

Which work was written by Al-Farabi?

- A. Al-Madinat al-Fadila ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Siyasat Nama
- C. Al-Ahkam al-Sultaniyyah
- D. Tahafut al-Falasifa

Why this answer? Al-Madinat al-Fadila (The Virtuous City) was written by Al-Farabi.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q37 (verified item — correct answer: Al-Madinat al-Fadila).

Question 34 Political Science

Who is the author of Kimiya-e-Sa'adat?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Imam Ghazali ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Abu Nasr Farabi
- D. Nizam-ul-Mulk Tusi

Why this answer? Kimiya-e-Sa'adat (The Alchemy of Happiness) was written by Imam Al-Ghazali.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-

ation-2015 Q39 (verified item — correct answer: Imam Ghazali).

Question 35 Political Science

Who enunciated the Theory of Group Mind?

- A. Al-Ghazali
- B. Al-Farabi
- C. Ibn-e-Khaldun ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Al-Mawardi

Why this answer? Ibn Khaldun's theory of asabiyyah (group feeling / group mind) is set out in the Muqaddimah.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q41 (verified item — correct answer: Ibn-e-Khaldun).

Question 36 Political Science

Aristotle regarded tyranny as the perverted form of which kind of rule?

- A. Democracy
- B. Aristocracy
- C. Oligarchy
- D. Monarchy ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? in Aristotle's classification, tyranny is the perverted form of monarchy (rule by one for himself).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q43 (verified item — correct answer: Monarchy).

Question 37 Political Science

The words "L'etat, c'est moi" were spoken by which king of France?

is XIV ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Louis IX
- C. Louis XX
- D. Louis XVI

Why this answer? "L'état, c'est moi" is attributed to Louis XIV, the Sun King.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q45 (verified item — correct answer: Louis XIV).

Question 38 Political Science

Under which dynasty did the office of Prime Minister first appear in Britain?

- A. Normans
- B. Hanoverians ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Stuarts
- D. None of these

Why this answer? the office of Prime Minister emerged under the Hanoverians, with Robert Walpole (1721) as the first Prime Minister.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q48 (verified item — correct answer: Hanoverians).

Question 39 Political Science

In which year did King John of England sign the Magna Carta?

- A. 1213
- B. 1290
- C. 1215 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1220

Why this answer? King John sealed the Magna Carta in June 1215.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q50 (verified item — correct answer: 1215).

Question 40 Political Science

King James of England presented the Theory of Divine Right of Kings in which century?

- A. 17th
- B. 19th
- C. 18th
- D. 16th ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? James's treatise on the divine right of kings appeared in 1598, in the 16th century.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q52 (verified item — correct answer: 16th).

Question 41 Political Science

The Treaty of Westphalia, which ended the Thirty Years' War, was signed in which year?

- A. 1648 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1684
- C. 1688
- D. 1848

Why this answer? the Peace of Westphalia was signed in 1648, ending the Thirty Years' War.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q54 (verified item — correct answer: 1648).

42 Political Science

When did World War II come to an end?

- A. 1949
- B. 1945 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1948
- D. 1947

Why this answer? World War II ended in 1945.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q56 (verified item — correct answer: 1945).

Question 43 Political Science

Which woman is known as the Iron Lady?

- A. Benazir Bhutto
- B. Condoleezza Rice
- C. Margaret Thatcher ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Hillary Clinton

Why this answer? Margaret Thatcher, British Prime Minister 1979–1990, was known as the Iron Lady.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q58 (verified item — correct answer: Margaret Thatcher).

Question 44 Political Science

What name is given to the strategic rivalry between the British and Russian empires in Central Asia?

- A. Grand Design
- B. Clash of Giants

- D. The Great Game ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? the 19th-century Anglo-Russian rivalry in Central Asia is called the Great Game.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q60 (verified item — correct answer: The Great Game).

Question 45 Political Science

The slogan "No taxation without representation" was first raised at which event of the American Revolution?

- A. Boston Tea Party ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Philadelphia Congress
- C. Massachusetts Assembly
- D. None of these

Why this answer? the slogan is associated with the Boston Tea Party (1773) and the protests against British taxation.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q62 (verified item — correct answer: Boston Tea Party).

Question 46 Political Science

Which of these countries has no veto power in the UN?

- A. France
- B. Germany ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Britain
- D. China

Why this answer? Germany is not a permanent member of the Security Council and has

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q64 (verified item — correct answer: Germany).

Question 47 Political Science

SAARC has how many member states?

- A. 7
- B. 11
- C. 8 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 12

Why this answer? SAARC has 8 members.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q66 (verified item — correct answer: 8).

Question 48 Political Science

Which countries were the members of NAFTA?

- A. US, Mexico, Brazil
- B. Canada, Mexico, Britain
- C. Mexico, US, Bolivia
- D. Mexico, Canada, US ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? NAFTA's members were the United States, Canada and Mexico.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q68 (verified item — correct answer: Mexico, Canada, US).

Question 49 Political Science

The Cripps Mission arrived in India in which year?

2 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. 1927
- C. 1928
- D. 1946

Why this answer? the Cripps Mission came to India in March 1942.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q70 (verified item — correct answer: 1942).

Question 50 Political Science

Which of these books is by Montesquieu?

- A. Candide
- B. Persian Letters ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Discourse on Inequality
- D. Politics

Why this answer? Montesquieu's Persian Letters appeared in 1721.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q72 (verified item — correct answer: Persian Letters).

Question 51 Political Science

The Social Contract is the work of which thinker?

- A. Locke
- B. Hobbes
- C. Rousseau ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Marx

Why this answer? The Social Contract (1762) was written by Jean-Jacques Rousseau.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-

ation-2015 Q74 (verified item — correct answer: Rousseau).

Question 52 Political Science

On what date was the Objectives Resolution passed?

- A. 23 March 1948
- B. 15 March 1949
- C. 24 March 1949
- D. 12 March 1949 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? the Objectives Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly on 12 March 1949.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q77 (verified item — correct answer: 12 March 1949).

Question 53 Political Science

At what age does a Supreme Court judge retire in Pakistan?

- A. 65 years ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 60 years
- C. 66 years
- D. 63 years

Why this answer? a judge of the Supreme Court of Pakistan retires at 65.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q79 (verified item — correct answer: 65 years).

Question 54 Political Science

In which year did Balochistan become a province?

- A. 1967

0 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. 1965
- D. 1971

Why this answer? Balochistan became a province on 1 July 1970, when One Unit was dissolved.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q81 (verified item — correct answer: 1970).

Question 55 Political Science

Ibn-e-Khaldun is best known in connection with which subject?

- A. Political Science
- B. Economics
- C. Sociology ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Philosophy

Why this answer? Ibn Khaldun is regarded as a founder of sociology (the Muqaddimah).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q83 (verified item — correct answer: Sociology).

Question 56 Political Science

The Patriarchal Theory was propounded by whom?

- A. Aristotle
- B. Louis XIV
- C. T.H. Green
- D. Sir Henry Maine ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Sir Henry Maine propounded the patriarchal theory in Ancient Law (1861).

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q85 (verified item — correct answer: Sir Henry Maine).

Question 57 Political Science

In which year did World War I begin?

- A. 1914 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1916
- C. 1915
- D. 1912

Why this answer? World War I began in July–August 1914.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q87 (verified item — correct answer: 1914).

Question 58 Political Science

Name Pakistan's second Prime Minister.

- A. Muhammad Ali Bogra
- B. Khwaja Nazimuddin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Ch. Muhammad Ali
- D. I.I. Chundrigar

Why this answer? Khwaja Nazimuddin succeeded Liaquat Ali Khan as the second Prime Minister (1951–53).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q89 (verified item — correct answer: Khwaja Nazimuddin).

Question 59 Political Science

How long is the Pak-Afghan border?

0 km

- B. 1280 km
- C. 2252 km ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 4246 km

Why this answer? the length of the Pak-Afghan (Durand Line) border is given as 2,252 km in the paper's key and in Pakistani exam sources.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q91 (verified item — correct answer: 2252 km).

Question 60 Political Science

The term Polity originally referred to what?

- A. Roman city-states
- B. Feudal states
- C. Oriental empires
- D. Greek city-states ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? "polity" (politeia) originally referred to the Greek city-states.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q93 (verified item — correct answer: Greek city-states).

Question 61 Political Science

According to Plato, what population should an ideal state have?

- A. 5040 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 500040
- C. 5400
- D. 50400

Why this answer? in the Laws, Plato fixed the ideal number of citizens at 5,040.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q95 (verified item — correct answer: 5040).

Question 62 Political Science

What is the name of the doctrine under which a statute or executive action may be struck down by the judiciary?

- A. Judicial Activism
- B. Judicial review ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Judicial Lawmaking
- D. None of these

Why this answer? judicial review is the doctrine under which courts can invalidate legislation or executive action.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q97 (verified item — correct answer: Judicial review).

Question 63 Political Science

The words "Law is the command of the sovereign" were spoken by whom?

- A. Jean Bodin
- B. Rousseau
- C. John Austin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Laski

Why this answer? John Austin defined law as the command of the sovereign.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecturer-political-science-higher-education-2015 Q99 (verified item — correct answer: John Austin).

64 Political Science

Plato's Republic is chiefly concerned with what?

- A. Wealth
- B. War
- C. Beauty
- D. Justice ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Republic is Plato's inquiry into the nature of justice, in the city and in the soul.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: Plato's Republic and the idea of justice recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 65 Political Science

In which year was Hobbes's Leviathan published?

- A. 1651 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1689
- C. 1762
- D. 1848

Why this answer? Hobbes's Leviathan, his great work on sovereignty, was published in 1651.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: Hobbes and Leviathan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 66 Political Science

Montesquieu's doctrine divides the power of the state into how many branches?

- A. Two
- B. Three ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Five

Why this answer? Montesquieu divided state power into the legislative, executive and judicial branches.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: Montesquieu and the separation of powers recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 67 Political Science

According to Marx, history is driven primarily by what?

- A. Divine will
- B. Great men
- C. Class struggle ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Geography

Why this answer? Marx held that the history of society is the history of class struggles.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: Marx and class struggle recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 68 Political Science

Ibn Khaldun's great work of history and sociology is called what?

- A. Al-Madinat al-Fadila
- B. Siyasat Nama
- C. Tahafut al-Falasifa
- D. Muqaddimah ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Muqaddimah is Ibn Khaldun's introduction to history and his study of society.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: Ibn Khaldun

addiman recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 69 Political Science

Which of the following is a feature of a unitary state?

- A. A single central government ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Division of powers
- C. Two constitutions
- D. Dual citizenship

Why this answer? A unitary state has one central government that holds supreme power.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: unitary and federal states recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 70 Political Science

What does sovereignty mean in political science?

- A. Rule of the majority
- B. The supreme power of the state ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Freedom of speech
- D. Separation of powers

Why this answer? Sovereignty is the supreme, ultimate power of the state, above which no other power stands.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: the meaning and kinds of sovereignty recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 71 Political Science

Which organ of government makes the laws?

- A. Executive

ciary

- C. Legislature ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Bureaucracy

Why this answer? The legislature makes laws, the executive enforces them and the judiciary interprets them.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: the three organs of government recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 72 Political Science

The head of state in a republic is usually whom?

- A. A king
- B. A prime minister
- C. A chief justice
- D. A president ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A republic has no monarch; its head of state is usually a president.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: republican and monarchical heads of state recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 73 Political Science

Which voting system elects the candidate who wins the most votes in a constituency?

- A. First-past-the-post ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Proportional representation
- C. Single transferable vote
- D. List system

Why this answer? Under first-past-the-post the candidate with the most votes in a constituency wins the seat.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: electoral systems recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 74 Political Science

Who is known as the father of modern political science?

- A. Aristotle
- B. Machiavelli ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Plato
- D. Locke

Why this answer? Machiavelli is called the father of modern political science for separating politics from ethics and religion.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Political Science: Machiavelli as the father of modern political science recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 75 Pakistan Studies

At Partition, what happened to the Nizam's State of Hyderabad?

- A. India
- B. Pakistan
- C. Became independent ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The Nizam claimed independent sovereign status from 15 August 1947, issued a firman to that effect on 11 June 1947, and signed only a Standstill Agreement with India in November 1947 — no Instrument of Accession to either dominion.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q5 (verified item — correct answer: Became independent).

76 Pakistan Studies

Which of the following are the pivot concerns of Pakistan's foreign policy?

- A. Defence
- B. Kashmir
- C. Trade and Commerce
- D. All of these ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Defence, Kashmir and trade/commerce are all pivot points of Pakistan's foreign policy, so "all of these" is the answer. **Decision (8 Nov 2026, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation — pick-one 5B-14):** the filed answer was B (Kashmir) on the textbook-convention reading.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q17 (verified item — correct answer: All of these).

Question 77 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army?

- A. General Sir Frank Walter Messervy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Muhammad Ayub Khan
- C. Sikandar Mirza
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Lt.-Gen. Sir Frank Messervy, a British officer, was the first Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army (August 1947 – February 1948).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q34 (verified item — correct answer: General Sir Frank Walter Messervy).

Question 78 Pakistan Studies

How much power is the Diamer-Bhasha Dam designed to generate?

0 MW

- B. 4500 MW ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 3500 MW
- D. 4000 MW

Why this answer? The Diamer-Bhasha Dam's designed installed capacity is 4,500 MW;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q43 (verified item — correct answer: 4500 MW).

Question 79 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Pakistan become a republic?

- A. 1947
- B. 1962
- C. 1956 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1973

Why this answer? Pakistan became the Islamic Republic of Pakistan when the 1956 Constitution came into force on 23 March 1956.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q67 (verified item — correct answer: 1956).

Question 80 English

What does the idiom "a wheel within a wheel" mean?

- A. Easy task
- B. Uniform situation
- C. None of these
- D. Complex situation ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The idiom pictures machinery inside machinery: a complicated,

e of affairs;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q9 (verified item — correct answer: Complex situation).

Question 81 English

Change the voice of this sentence: They greet me cheerfully every morning.

- A. I am greeted cheerfully by them every morning ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Every morning I was greeted cheerfully.
- C. I am being greeted cheerfully by them every morning.
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Present-simple active ("They greet me") becomes present-simple passive: object "me" → subject "I", "am greeted", agent "by them", adverb and time phrase retained.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q84 (verified item — correct answer: I am greeted cheerfully by them every morning).

Question 82 Everyday Science

Which parts of the cell are called its powerhouses?

- A. Lungs
- B. Mitochondria ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Liver
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Mitochondria generate most of the cell's ATP (energy) through respiration — the "powerhouse of the cell".

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-

erified item — correct answer: Mitochondria).

Question 83 Everyday Science

What is the scientific study of insects called?

- A. Paleontology
- B. Parasitology
- C. Entomology ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Immunology

Why this answer? Entomology is the scientific study of insects.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q51 (verified item — correct answer: Entomology).

Question 84 General Knowledge

Who is traditionally credited with the list of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World?

- A. Herodotus
- B. Aristotle
- C. None of these
- D. Antipater ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Antipater of Sidon (2nd century BC) is traditionally credited with the list of the Seven Wonders in his poem;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q24 (verified item — correct answer: Antipater).

Question 85 General Knowledge

In which month is the Shandur Polo Festival traditionally held every year?

- A. July ✓ **Predicted answer**

- C. June
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The Shandur Polo Festival is traditionally held 7–9 July every year at Shandur Top, between teams from Chitral and Gilgit-Baltistan.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q64 (verified item — correct answer: July).

Question 86 History

In which year was the Sharif Report published?

- A. 1930
- B. 1939 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1934
- D. 1943

Why this answer? The Sharif Report (the Muslim League's report on Congress ministries' treatment of Muslims, by the committee under S. M. Sharif) was published in 1939, alongside the Pirpur Report (1938);.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q59 (verified item — correct answer: 1939).

Question 87 History

The Maharaja of which princely state wished to join Pakistan in 1947?

- A. Hyderabad
- B. Gujarat
- C. Jodhpur ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

swer? Maharaja Hanwant Singh of Jodhpur contemplated joining Pakistan in 1947, met Jinnah (who offered favourable terms including access to Karachi port), and was persuaded by Patel and Mountbatten to accede to India on 11 August 1947 instead.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q77 (verified item — correct answer: Jodhpur).

Question 88 Pakistan Studies / Constitution

The greatest number of Islamic provisions is found in which constitution of Pakistan?

- A. 1965
- B. 1962
- C. None of these
- D. 1973 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The 1973 Constitution contains the most Islamic provisions of any Pakistani constitution — the Objectives Resolution as Article 2A, Islam as state religion (Art. 2), the Council of Islamic Ideology, and related provisions.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q39 (verified item — correct answer: 1973).

Question 89 Pakistan Studies / Constitution

According to the Objectives Resolution, sovereignty over the entire universe belongs to whom?

- A. Allah Almighty ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Government of Pakistan
- C. People of Pakistan
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The Objectives Resolution (1949, now Article 2A) opens: "Sovereignty over the entire Universe belongs to Almighty Allah alone, and the authority to be

the people of Pakistan within the limits prescribed by Him is a sacred trust."

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q68 (verified item — correct answer: Allah Almighty).

Question 90 Political Science (Usa)

Who presides over the US Senate?

- A. The president
- B. The vice-president ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Chairman Senate
- D. Attorney General

Why this answer? Under Article I of the US Constitution the Vice President is President of the Senate and presides over it (the President pro tempore presides in the Vice President's absence).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q45 (verified item — correct answer: The vice-president).

Question 91 Political Science (Usa)

For which institution did the framers of the US Constitution make no provision at all?

- A. Cabinet
- B. Senators
- C. Political parties ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? The US Constitution makes no provision for political parties at all; the Framers did not provide for them (several, including Washington, distrusted "factions"), so parties grew up outside the constitutional text;.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-

erified item — correct answer: Political parties).

Question 92 British History / Political Science

In which year was the right to vote by proxy abolished in the UK?

- A. 1865
- B. 1870
- C. 1880
- D. 1868 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? On 31 March 1868 the House of Lords agreed Standing Order 60, "Proxies not to be revived", discontinuing the ancient practice of proxy voting.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q29 (verified item — correct answer: 1868).

Question 93 International Relations

Who set out the six principles of realist theory?

- A. Hans J Morgenthau ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. John Marshall
- C. Montesquieu
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Morgenthau's Politics Among Nations sets out the "Six Principles of Political Realism" (power, interest defined as power, etc.).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q47 (verified item — correct answer: Hans J Morgenthau).

Question 94 Islamic Studies / History

Who wrote Hujjat Allah al-Baligha?

- B. Shah Wali-Ullh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Syed Ahmed
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Hujjat Allah al-Baligha (printed "Hujjat-ul Balagha"; option spelling "Wali-Ullh" for Waliullah) is Shah Waliullah's great work on the rationale of Islamic law.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q49 (verified item — correct answer: Shah Wali-Ullh).

Question 95 Pakistan Studies / History

In which year did Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk become Secretary of the Board of Trustees of MAO College, Aligarh?

- A. 1906
- B. 1908
- C. 1907 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1909

Why this answer? Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk took over as Secretary of the Board of Trustees of MAO College, Aligarh, in 1907 (elected 15 December 1907, taking charge in January 1908) after Mohsin-ul-Mulk's death.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q25 (verified item — correct answer: 1907).

Question 96 Political Science / Jurisprudence

Who founded the analytical school of jurisprudence?

- A. Montesquieu
- B. Aristotle
- C. None of these

n Austin ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Austin, with Bentham, founded analytical jurisprudence / the analytical school — law as the command of the sovereign.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q27 (verified item — correct answer: John Austin).

Question 97 Political Science / Parliamentary Procedure

A money bill in Parliament can be introduced by whom?

- A. Finance minister ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cabinet member
- C. Any member of Parliament
- D. None of these

Why this answer? A money bill is a government bill introduced only by a minister, and in practice the Finance Bill/money bill is presented by the Finance Minister (in Pakistan, in the National Assembly under Article 73);.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q79 (verified item — correct answer: Finance minister).

Question 98 Political Science / Philosophy

Who wrote Ara Ahl al-Madina al-Fadila?

- A. Ibn Khaldun
- B. Al Farabi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Al Naseer
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Ara Ahl al-Madina al-Fadila (The Opinions of the People of the Virtuous City) is Al-Farabi's work.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q32 (verified item — correct answer: Al Farabi).

Question 99 Sociology / Political Science

A status a child is born with, such as birth, gender or colour, is called what?

- A. Achieved Status
- B. Accomplish Status
- C. Ascribed status ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? A status assigned at birth or involuntarily — sex, race/colour, family, caste — acquired without effort or choice.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q20 (verified item — correct answer: Ascribed status).

Question 100 Urdu

بدیہہ گوئی کسے کہتے ہیں؟

A. شاعر علم

B. شاعر واقف

C. ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

Predicted answer ✓ D. برجستہ شاعر

Why this answer? Badīha-goī is extempore composition — composing verse on the spot, without preparation; a badīha-go is an extempore (barjasta) poet.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-lecture-political-science-2022 Q98 (verified item — correct answer: برجستہ شاعر).

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