PPSC Lecturer Saraiki | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 1 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Saraiki | BS-17 · **Set:** 1 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 0 verified facts predicted to recur, 100 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Lecturer Saraiki | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 100 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 0 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Saraiki

Who wrote 'Diwan-e-Farid'?

- A. Sultan Bahu
- B. Mian Muhammad Bakhsh
- C. Bulleh Shah

Why this answer? Khwaja Ghulam Farid wrote Diwan-e-Farid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 2 Saraiki

Who wrote 'Saif-ul-Malook'?

- A. Bulleh Shah
- B. Mian Muhammad Bakhsh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sachal Sarmast
- D. Shah Abdul Latif Bhittai

Why this answer? Mian Muhammad Bakhsh wrote Saif-ul-Malook.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 3 Saraiki

Who wrote 'Diwan-e-Sachal'?

- A. Sachal Sarmast ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Shah Abdul Latif Bhittai
- C. Khwaja Ghulam Farid
- D. Sultan Bahu

Why this answer? Sachal Sarmast wrote Diwan-e-Sachal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

4 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for the number one?

- A. Do
- B. Trai
- C. Ek ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Char

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for one is Ek.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki numbers recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 5 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for the number three?

- A. Char
- B. Panj
- C. Chhe
- D. Trai ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for three is Trai.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki numbers recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 6 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for the number five?

- A. Chhe
- B. Sat
- C. Ath
- D. Panj ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? The Saraiki word for five is Panj.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki numbers recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 7 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for the number seven?

- A. Ath
- B. Nau
- C. Sat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Dah

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for seven is Sat.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki numbers recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 8 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for the number nine?

- A. Dah
- B. Ek
- C. Do
- D. Nau ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for nine is Nau.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki numbers recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 9 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'water'?

- B. Ghar
- C. Kitab
- D. Pani ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for 'water' is Pani.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 10 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'house'?

- A. Kitab
- B. Admi
- C. Aurat
- D. Ghar ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for 'house' is Ghar.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 11 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'man'?

- A. Admi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Aurat
- C. Bacha
- D. Darya

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for 'man' is Admi.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary

Question 12 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'child'?

- A. Darya
- B. Suraj
- C. Bacha ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Chand

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for 'child' is Bacha.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 13 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'sun'?

- A. Chand
- B. Pani
- C. Roti
- D. Suraj ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Saraiki word for 'sun' is Suraj.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 14 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki name for Sunday?

- A. Somwaar
- B. Itwaar ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Budh

Why this answer? The Saraiki name for Sunday is Itwaar.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: days of the week recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 15 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki name for Tuesday?

- A. Mangal ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Budh
- C. Jumeraat
- D. Juma

Why this answer? The Saraiki name for Tuesday is Mangal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: days of the week recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 16 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki name for Thursday?

- A. Juma
- B. Jumeraat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sanichar
- D. Itwaar

Why this answer? The Saraiki name for Thursday is Jumeraat.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: days of the week recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

17 Saraiki

What is Saraiki?

- A. A dialect of Urdu
- B. A language spoken in South Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A dialect of Sindhi
- D. A language of the north

Why this answer? Saraiki is a language spoken in South Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 18 Saraiki

Where is Saraiki spoken?

- A. North Punjab
- B. South Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindh
- D. Balochistan

Why this answer? Saraiki is spoken in South Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 19 Saraiki

What script is Saraiki written in?

- A. The Arabic script ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The Latin script
- C. The Devanagari script
- D. The Gurmukhi script

swer? Saraiki is written in the Arabic script.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 20 Saraiki

What is Saraiki also called?

- A. Punjabi
- B. Sindhi
- C. Pashto
- D. Multani ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Saraiki is also called Multani.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 21 Saraiki

Which city is the centre of Saraiki culture?

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi
- C. Multan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Peshawar

Why this answer? Multan is the centre of Saraiki culture.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 22 Saraiki

Who is the most famous Saraiki poet?

eh Shah

- B. Sultan Bahu
- C. Khwaja Ghulam Farid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sachal Sarmast

Why this answer? Khwaja Ghulam Farid is the most famous Saraiki poet.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 23 Saraiki

What is Khwaja Ghulam Farid's most famous work?

- A. Abyat-e-Bahu
- B. Saif-ul-Malook
- C. Diwan-e-Farid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Shah Jo Risalo

Why this answer? Diwan-e-Farid is Farid's most famous work.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 24 Saraiki

What is a 'kafi' in Saraiki poetry?

- A. A love poem
- B. A war poem
- C. A form of Sufi poetry ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A satire

Why this answer? A kafi is a form of Sufi poetry.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki poetry recurs in

er Saraiki sitting.

Question 25 Saraiki

Who is known as the poet of the Thar?

- A. Khwaja Ghulam Farid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Bulleh Shah
- C. Sultan Bahu
- D. Sachal Sarmast

Why this answer? Khwaja Ghulam Farid is the poet of the Thar.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 26 Saraiki

Where is Khwaja Ghulam Farid buried?

- A. Kot Mithan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Multan
- C. Bahawalpur
- D. Dera Ghazi Khan

Why this answer? Khwaja Ghulam Farid is buried in Kot Mithan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 27 Saraiki

Who was Sultan Bahu?

- A. A king
- B. A Sufi poet of Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. A scholar

Why this answer? Sultan Bahu was a Sufi poet of Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 28 Saraiki

What did Sultan Bahu write?

- A. Diwan-e-Farid
- B. Saif-ul-Malook
- C. Abyat-e-Bahu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Shah Jo Risalo

Why this answer? Sultan Bahu wrote Abyat-e-Bahu.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 29 Saraiki

Who was Bulleh Shah?

- A. A king
- B. A Sufi poet of Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A warrior
- D. A scholar

Why this answer? Bulleh Shah was a Sufi poet of Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

30 Saraiki

Who was Sachal Sarmast?

- A. A king
- B. A warrior
- C. A Sufi poet of Sindh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A scholar

Why this answer? Sachal Sarmast was a Sufi poet of Sindh.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 31 Saraiki

Who was Shah Abdul Latif Bhittai?

- A. A king
- B. A warrior
- C. A Sufi poet of Sindh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A scholar

Why this answer? Shah Abdul Latif Bhittai was a Sufi poet of Sindh.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 32 Saraiki

What is 'Shah Jo Risalo'?

- A. The poetry of Shah Abdul Latif Bhittai ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A history book
- C. A novel
- D. A play

swer? Shah Jo Risalo is the poetry of Shah Abdul Latif.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 33 Saraiki

Who was Mian Muhammad Bakhsh?

- A. A king
- B. A Sufi poet of Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A warrior
- D. A scholar

Why this answer? Mian Muhammad Bakhsh was a Sufi poet of Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 34 Saraiki

What is 'Saif-ul-Malook'?

- A. A famous Punjabi epic poem ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A history book
- C. A novel
- D. A play

Why this answer? Saif-ul-Malook is a famous Punjabi epic poem.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: famous poets recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 35 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki region called?

- B. Saraikistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindh
- D. Balochistan

Why this answer? The Saraiki region is called Saraikistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 36 Saraiki

Which districts are Saraiki-speaking?

- A. Lahore and Gujranwala
- B. Karachi and Hyderabad
- C. Multan, Bahawalpur and Dera Ghazi Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Peshawar and Mardan

Why this answer? Multan, Bahawalpur and Dera Ghazi Khan are Saraiki-speaking.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 37 Saraiki

What is the main crop of South Punjab?

- A. Wheat
- B. Rice
- C. Maize
- D. Cotton ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Cotton is the main crop of South Punjab.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in

er Saraiki sitting.

Question 38 Saraiki

What is Multan known as?

- A. The City of Gardens
- B. The City of Lights
- C. The City of Saints ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. The City of Kings

Why this answer? Multan is known as the City of Saints.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 39 Saraiki

What is the famous shrine in Multan?

- A. Shrine of Shah Rukn-e-Alam ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Shrine of Data Ganj Bakhsh
- C. Shrine of Lal Shahbaz Qalandar
- D. Shrine of Abdullah Shah Ghazi

Why this answer? The Shrine of Shah Rukn-e-Alam is in Multan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 40 Saraiki

What is the famous shrine in Bahawalpur?

- A. Shrine of Khwaja Ghulam Farid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Shrine of Data Ganj Bakhsh

ne of Lal Shahbaz Qalandar

- D. Shrine of Abdullah Shah Ghazi

Why this answer? The Shrine of Khwaja Ghulam Farid is near Bahawalpur.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 41 Saraiki

What is the Derawar Fort?

- A. A fort in Lahore
- B. A fort in Karachi
- C. A fort in Peshawar
- D. A fort in the Cholistan Desert ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Derawar Fort is in the Cholistan Desert.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 42 Saraiki

Where is the Cholistan Desert?

- A. In Lahore
- B. In Bahawalpur ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. In Karachi
- D. In Peshawar

Why this answer? The Cholistan Desert is in Bahawalpur.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

43 Saraiki

What is the Cholistan Desert also called?

- A. Thar
- B. Rohi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Kharan
- D. Nara

Why this answer? The Cholistan Desert is also called Rohi.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 44 Saraiki

What is Saraiki folk music called?

- A. Jhumar ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Bhangra
- C. Qawwali
- D. Ghazal

Why this answer? Jhumar is Saraiki folk music.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 45 Saraiki

What is a 'jhumar'?

- A. A song
- B. A Saraiki folk dance ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A poem
- D. A story

swer? Jhumar is a Saraiki folk dance.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 46 Saraiki

What is Saraiki literature known for?

- A. War poetry
- B. Love poetry
- C. Satire
- D. Sufi poetry ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Saraiki literature is known for Sufi poetry.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki literature recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 47 Saraiki

What is the first Saraiki newspaper?

- A. Jang
- B. Jhoke ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Nawa-i-Waqt
- D. Dawn

Why this answer? Jhoke was the first Saraiki newspaper.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki literature recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 48 Saraiki

When was the first Saraiki newspaper published?

- B. In the 1940s
- C. In the 1950s
- D. In the 1960s

Why this answer? The first Saraiki newspaper was published in the 1970s.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki literature recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 49 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki Academy?

- A. An academy for Saraiki language ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A university
- C. A school
- D. A museum

Why this answer? The Saraiki Academy is for the Saraiki language.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki literature recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 50 Saraiki

Where is the Saraiki Academy located?

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi
- C. Multan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Bahawalpur

Why this answer? The Saraiki Academy is in Multan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki literature recurs

urer Saraiki sitting.

Question 51 Saraiki

What is the Bahauddin Zakariya University?

- A. A university in Lahore
- B. A university in Karachi
- C. A university in Bahawalpur
- D. A university in Multan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Bahauddin Zakariya University is in Multan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki literature recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 52 Saraiki

Who was Bahauddin Zakariya?

- A. A king
- B. A warrior
- C. A scholar
- D. A Sufi saint of Multan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Bahauddin Zakariya was a Sufi saint of Multan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 53 Saraiki

Who was Shah Rukn-e-Alam?

- A. A king
- B. A Sufi saint of Multan ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. A scholar

Why this answer? Shah Rukn-e-Alam was a Sufi saint of Multan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 54 Saraiki

What is the Urs of Khwaja Ghulam Farid?

- A. A wedding
- B. An annual festival at his shrine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A harvest
- D. A fair

Why this answer? The Urs is an annual festival at his shrine.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 55 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki language's relationship to Punjabi?

- A. The same language
- B. A dialect of Urdu
- C. A dialect of Sindhi
- D. A closely related language ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Saraiki is closely related to Punjabi.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

56 Saraiki

How many letters are in the Saraiki alphabet?

- A. 28
- B. About 40 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 32
- D. 26

Why this answer? The Saraiki alphabet has about 40 letters.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: the Saraiki language recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 57 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'mother'?

- A. Abba
- B. Amma ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bhai
- D. Behan

Why this answer? Amma means mother in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 58 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'father'?

- A. Amma
- B. Bhai
- C. Abba ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Behan

swer? Abba means father in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 59 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'brother'?

- A. Amma
- B. Abba
- C. Bhai ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Behan

Why this answer? Bhai means brother in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 60 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'sister'?

- A. Amma
- B. Behan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Abba
- D. Bhai

Why this answer? Behan means sister in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 61 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'friend'?

ra ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Dushman
- C. Bhai
- D. Behan

Why this answer? Yaara means friend in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 62 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'love'?

- A. Mohabbat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Nafrat
- C. Yaara
- D. Dushman

Why this answer? Mohabbat means love in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 63 Saraiki

What does 'Pani' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Bread
- B. House
- C. Book
- D. Water ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pani means water in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary

ry Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 64 Saraiki

What does 'Roti' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Bread ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Water
- C. House
- D. Book

Why this answer? Roti means bread in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 65 Saraiki

What does 'Ghar' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Water
- B. Bread
- C. House ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Book

Why this answer? Ghar means house in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 66 Saraiki

What does 'Kitab' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Water
- B. Bread

- D. Book ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Kitab means book in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 67 Saraiki

What does 'Suraj' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Moon
- B. Star
- C. Sun ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sky

Why this answer? Suraj means sun in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 68 Saraiki

What does 'Chand' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Sun
- B. Star
- C. Moon ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sky

Why this answer? Chand means moon in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

69 Saraiki

What does 'Tara' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Sun
- B. Moon
- C. Sky
- D. Star ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Tara means star in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 70 Saraiki

What does 'Asman' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Sun
- B. Moon
- C. Sky ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Star

Why this answer? Asman means sky in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 71 Saraiki

What does 'Dharti' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Sky
- B. Sun
- C. Moon
- D. Earth ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? Dharti means earth in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 72 Saraiki

What does 'Darya' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Sea
- B. River ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Stream
- D. Spring

Why this answer? Darya means river in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 73 Saraiki

What does 'Samundar' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. River
- C. Stream
- D. Spring

Why this answer? Samundar means sea in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 74 Saraiki

What does 'Darakht' mean in Saraiki?

- B. Flower
- C. Leaf
- D. Grass

Why this answer? Darakht means tree in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 75 Saraiki

What does 'Phool' mean in Saraiki?

- A. Flower ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Tree
- C. Leaf
- D. Grass

Why this answer? Phool means flower in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 76 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki festival of 'Mela'?

- A. A wedding
- B. A fair ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A harvest
- D. A prayer

Why this answer? A mela is a fair.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in

er Saraiki sitting.

Question 77 Saraiki

What is the main occupation of Saraiki people?

- A. Trade
- B. Agriculture ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Fishing
- D. Mining

Why this answer? Agriculture is the main occupation of Saraiki people.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 78 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki region's main river system?

- A. The Ravi only
- B. The Indus and its tributaries ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. The Jhelum only
- D. The Sutlej only

Why this answer? The Indus and its tributaries are the main river system.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki culture recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 79 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'village'?

- A. Shahr
- B. Sarak

h ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Ghar

Why this answer? Goth means village in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 80 Saraiki

What is the Saraiki word for 'city'?

- A. Shahr ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Goth
- C. Sarak
- D. Ghar

Why this answer? Shahr means city in Saraiki.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Saraiki: Saraiki vocabulary recurs in every Lecturer Saraiki sitting.

Question 81 Pakistan Studies

The current Constitution of Pakistan dates from:

- A. 1956
- B. 1962
- C. 1985
- D. 1973 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The current Constitution of Pakistan was adopted in 1973.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: constitutional history recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

82 Pakistan Studies

Who presented the Lahore Resolution?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. Allama Iqbal
- D. A. K. Fazlul Huq ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A. K. Fazlul Huq presented the Lahore Resolution in 1940.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the Pakistan Movement recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 83 Pakistan Studies

The Durand Line is the border between Pakistan and:

- A. Iran
- B. Afghanistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. India
- D. China

Why this answer? The Durand Line is the Pakistan-Afghanistan border.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan geography recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 84 Pakistan Studies

The Simla Agreement was signed in:

- A. 1965
- B. 1972 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1971
- D. 1974

swer? The Simla Agreement was signed in 1972.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan history recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 85 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Khwaja Nazimuddin
- C. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Ayub Khan

Why this answer? Liaquat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan history recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 86 Pakistan Studies

The Objective Resolution was passed in:

- A. 1947
- B. 1956
- C. 1973
- D. 1949 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Objective Resolution was passed in March 1949.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: constitutional history recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 87 Pakistan Studies

The largest dam in Pakistan is:

- bela Dam ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Mangla Dam
- C. Warsak Dam
- D. Diamer-Bhasha Dam

Why this answer? Tarbela is the largest dam in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan geography recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 88 Pakistan Studies

Which city of Pakistan is known as the City of Saints?

- A. Lahore
- B. Peshawar
- C. Multan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Quetta

Why this answer? Multan is known as the City of Saints.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan history recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 89 Everyday Science

The chemical formula of water is:

- A. H2O ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. CO2
- C. O2
- D. NaCl

Why this answer? Water is H2O.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic

Question 90 Everyday Science

The speed of light in a vacuum is about:

- A. 150,000 km per second
- B. 30,000 km per second
- C. 3,000 km per second
- D. 300,000 km per second ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Light travels at about 300,000 km per second in a vacuum.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: physics facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 91 Everyday Science

Which vitamin is found in citrus fruits?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin D
- C. Vitamin B12
- D. Vitamin C ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Citrus fruits are rich in vitamin C.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: nutrition facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 92 Everyday Science

The boiling point of water at sea level is:

- A. 100 degrees Celsius ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 90 degrees Celsius

- D. 120 degrees Celsius

Why this answer? Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius at sea level.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic physics facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 93 Everyday Science

Which blood cells carry oxygen?

- A. White blood cells
- B. Platelets
- C. Plasma cells
- D. Red blood cells ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Red blood cells carry oxygen through haemoglobin.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: human biology facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 94 Everyday Science

The SI unit of force is:

- A. Joule
- B. Watt
- C. Newton ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Pascal

Why this answer? The newton is the SI unit of force.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: units recur in every Lecturer sitting.

95 Everyday Science

Which gas is most abundant in the air?

- A. Oxygen
- B. Nitrogen ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Carbon dioxide
- D. Argon

Why this answer? Nitrogen makes up about 78 percent of the air.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic chemistry facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 96 Everyday Science

The powerhouse of the cell is the:

- A. Mitochondrion ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Nucleus
- C. Ribosome
- D. Golgi body

Why this answer? The mitochondrion is the powerhouse of the cell.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: cell biology facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 97 Everyday Science

How many bones are there in the adult human body?

- A. 196
- B. 216
- C. 226
- D. 206 ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? An adult human has 206 bones.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: human biology facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 98 Everyday Science

The freezing point of water is:

- A. 0 degrees Celsius ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 10 degrees Celsius
- C. 5 degrees Celsius
- D. minus 10 degrees Celsius

Why this answer? Water freezes at 0 degrees Celsius.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Everyday Science: basic physics facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 99 Computer

What does CPU stand for?

- A. Central Program Unit
- B. Computer Processing Unit
- C. Central Processing Unit ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Central Processor Utility

Why this answer? CPU stands for Central Processing Unit.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer: basic computer terms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 100 Computer

Which of these is an output device?

board

- B. Mouse
- C. Monitor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Scanner

Why this answer? A monitor is an output device.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer: basic computer terms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

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