PPSC Lecturer Social Work | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Social Work | BS-17 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 0 verified facts predicted to recur, 100 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Lecturer Social Work | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 100 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 0 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Social Work

Which method of social work is described as 'working with a group of people'?

- A. Community organisation
- B. Social action
- C. Social group work ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Social group work is working with a group of people.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: methods of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 2 Social Work

Which method of social work is described as 'working for social change'?

- A. Social welfare administration
- B. Social research
- C. Social casework
- D. Social action ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Social action is working for social change.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: methods of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 3 Social Work

Which method of social work is described as 'studying social problems'?

- A. Social research ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Social casework
- C. Social group work
- D. Community organisation

Why this answer? Social research is studying social problems.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: methods of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

4 Social Work

Who is associated with the settlement house movement?

- A. Octavia Hill
- B. Jane Addams ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Abdul Sattar Edhi
- D. William Beveridge

Why this answer? Jane Addams is associated with the settlement house movement.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 5 Social Work

Who is associated with the Edhi Foundation?

- A. Abdul Sattar Edhi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. William Beveridge
- C. Mary Richmond
- D. Jane Addams

Why this answer? Abdul Sattar Edhi is associated with the Edhi Foundation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 6 Social Work

Who is associated with the first school of social work?

- A. Jane Addams
- B. Octavia Hill
- C. Abdul Sattar Edhi
- D. Mary Richmond ✓ **Predicted answer**

Answer: Mary Richmond is associated with the first school of social work.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 7 Social Work

What does NGO stand for?

- A. United Nations Children's Fund
- B. Non-Governmental Organisation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. World Health Organization
- D. International Labour Organization

Why this answer? NGO stands for Non-Governmental Organisation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare abbreviations recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 8 Social Work

What does WHO stand for?

- A. International Labour Organization
- B. World Health Organization ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. United Nations Development Programme
- D. Benazir Income Support Programme

Why this answer? WHO stands for World Health Organization.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare abbreviations recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 9 Social Work

What does UNDP stand for?

azil Income Support Programme

- B. United Nations Development Programme ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Non-Governmental Organisation
- D. United Nations Children's Fund

Why this answer? UNDP stands for United Nations Development Programme.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare abbreviations recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 10 Social Work

Which of these is a method of social work?

- A. Surgery
- B. Casework ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Teaching
- D. Farming

Why this answer? Casework is a method of social work.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: methods of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 11 Social Work

Which of these is a vulnerable group?

- A. Rich people
- B. Orphans ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Businessmen
- D. Landlords

Why this answer? Orphans are a vulnerable group.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems

ry Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 12 Social Work

Which of these is a cause of poverty?

- A. Unemployment ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rain
- C. Sunshine
- D. Wind

Why this answer? Unemployment is a cause of poverty.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 13 Social Work

Which of these is a community development activity?

- A. Building a school ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Building a factory
- C. Building a shop
- D. Building a bank

Why this answer? Building a school is community development.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 14 Social Work

Which of these is a duty of a social worker?

- A. Helping people in need ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Making money

ecting taxes

- D. Making laws

Why this answer? Helping people in need is a social worker's duty.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 15 Social Work

Which of these is a type of social work?

- A. Medical social work ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Surgery
- C. Teaching
- D. Farming

Why this answer? Medical social work is a type of social work.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: methods of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 16 Social Work

Which organisation runs SOS Children's Villages in Pakistan?

- A. Edhi Foundation
- B. SOS Children's Villages ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Red Crescent
- D. Al-Khidmat

Why this answer? SOS Children's Villages runs SOS villages.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

17 Social Work

Which organisation helps children in the world?

- A. WHO
- B. ILO
- C. UNDP
- D. UNICEF ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? UNICEF helps children.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 18 Social Work

Which organisation works for labour in the world?

- A. WHO
- B. UNICEF
- C. ILO ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. UNDP

Why this answer? ILO works for labour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 19 Social Work

What is the main principle of social work?

- A. Making money
- B. Collecting taxes
- C. Respect for human dignity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Making laws

swer? Social work respects human dignity.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 20 Social Work

What is the code of ethics in social work?

- A. Rules guiding social workers ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A law
- C. A book
- D. A policy

Why this answer? The code of ethics guides social workers.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 21 Social Work

What is confidentiality in social work?

- A. Sharing information
- B. Keeping clients' information private ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Writing reports
- D. Talking to media

Why this answer? Confidentiality keeps clients' information private.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 22 Social Work

What is self-determination in social work?

- kers deciding
- B. Government deciding
- C. Clients deciding for themselves ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Families deciding

Why this answer? Self-determination is clients deciding for themselves.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 23 Social Work

What is acceptance in social work?

- A. Rejecting clients
- B. Judging clients
- C. Ignoring clients
- D. Accepting clients as they are ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Acceptance is accepting clients as they are.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 24 Social Work

What is empathy in social work?

- A. Understanding clients' feelings ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Sympathy
- C. Pity
- D. Judgement

Why this answer? Empathy is understanding clients' feelings.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to

ecurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 25 Social Work

What is the difference between empathy and sympathy?

- A. They are the same
- B. Sympathy understands
- C. Empathy understands; sympathy pities ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Empathy pities

Why this answer? Empathy understands; sympathy pities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 26 Social Work

What is a client in social work?

- A. A worker
- B. A donor
- C. A volunteer
- D. A person receiving help ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A client receives help.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 27 Social Work

What is a volunteer?

- A. A worker
- B. A client

- D. A person working without pay ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A volunteer works without pay.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 28 Social Work

What is an NGO?

- A. A government body
- B. A bank
- C. Non-Governmental Organisation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A school

Why this answer? An NGO is a Non-Governmental Organisation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 29 Social Work

What is a donor?

- A. A worker
- B. A client
- C. A person giving money or help ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A volunteer

Why this answer? A donor gives money or help.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: introduction to social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

30 Social Work

What is the Charity Organisation Society?

- A. An early welfare organisation in England ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A hospital
- C. A school
- D. A bank

Why this answer? The COS was an early welfare organisation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 31 Social Work

Who was Octavia Hill?

- A. A doctor
- B. A founder of the Charity Organisation Society ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A teacher
- D. A lawyer

Why this answer? Octavia Hill founded the COS.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 32 Social Work

Who was William Beveridge?

- A. A doctor
- B. A teacher
- C. A lawyer
- D. The author of the Beveridge Report on welfare ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? Beveridge wrote the Beveridge Report.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 33 Social Work

What is the Beveridge Report?

- A. A book
- B. A law
- C. A report on social welfare in Britain ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A policy

Why this answer? The Beveridge Report was on social welfare.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 34 Social Work

What is the welfare state?

- A. A rich state
- B. A poor state
- C. A state providing welfare to citizens ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A large state

Why this answer? A welfare state provides welfare.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: pioneers of social work recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 35 Social Work

What is social security?

- B. A loan
- C. Protection against risks like old age and sickness ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A gift

Why this answer? Social security protects against risks.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 36 Social Work

What is a pension?

- A. A salary
- B. A loan
- C. A gift
- D. Regular payment after retirement ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A pension is paid after retirement.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 37 Social Work

What is old age?

- A. Childhood
- B. Youth
- C. The later years of life ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Adulthood

Why this answer? Old age is the later years of life.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems

ry Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 38 Social Work

What is a senior citizen?

- A. An old person ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A young person
- C. A child
- D. An adult

Why this answer? A senior citizen is an old person.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 39 Social Work

What is a disability?

- A. A disease
- B. A habit
- C. A choice
- D. A physical or mental impairment ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A disability is a physical or mental impairment.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 40 Social Work

What is rehabilitation?

- A. Punishing people
- B. Ignoring people

- D. Isolating people

Why this answer? Rehabilitation helps return to normal life.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 41 Social Work

What is inclusive education?

- A. Educating separately
- B. Educating all children together ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Educating only the disabled
- D. Educating only the gifted

Why this answer? Inclusive education educates all together.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 42 Social Work

What is special education?

- A. Education for children with disabilities ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Education for gifted children
- C. Education for adults
- D. Education for all

Why this answer? Special education is for children with disabilities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

43 Social Work

What is begging?

- A. Working
- B. Stealing
- C. Borrowing
- D. Asking for money in public ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Begging is asking for money in public.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 44 Social Work

What is a beggar?

- A. A worker
- B. A thief
- C. A person who begs ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A borrower

Why this answer? A beggar begs.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 45 Social Work

What is prostitution?

- A. A job
- B. Selling sex for money ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A trade
- D. A profession

swer? Prostitution is selling sex for money.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 46 Social Work

What is gambling?

- A. Investing
- B. Saving
- C. Working
- D. Betting money on chance ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Gambling is betting money on chance.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 47 Social Work

What is alcoholism?

- A. Drinking once
- B. Drinking tea
- C. Dependence on alcohol ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Drinking water

Why this answer? Alcoholism is dependence on alcohol.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 48 Social Work

What is smoking?

- B. Inhaling tobacco smoke ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Eating
- D. Sleeping

Why this answer? Smoking is inhaling tobacco smoke.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 49 Social Work

What is a slum?

- A. A poor crowded area ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A rich area
- C. A village
- D. A city

Why this answer? A slum is a poor crowded area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 50 Social Work

What is urbanisation?

- A. Growth of towns and cities ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Growth of villages
- C. Migration to villages
- D. Growth of farms

Why this answer? Urbanisation is growth of towns and cities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems

ry Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 51 Social Work

What is migration?

- A. Movement of goods
- B. Movement of money
- C. Movement of animals
- D. Movement of people from one place to another ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Migration is movement of people.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 52 Social Work

What is a refugee?

- A. A migrant worker
- B. A person fleeing danger ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A tourist
- D. A student

Why this answer? A refugee flees danger.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 53 Social Work

What is an internally displaced person?

- A. A person displaced within their country ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A refugee abroad

- D. A tourist

Why this answer? An IDP is displaced within their country.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 54 Social Work

What is a natural disaster?

- A. A disaster from nature such as flood or earthquake ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A man-made disaster
- C. A war
- D. A disease

Why this answer? A natural disaster is from nature.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 55 Social Work

What is disaster management?

- A. Ignoring disasters
- B. Preparing for and responding to disasters ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Causing disasters
- D. Watching disasters

Why this answer? Disaster management prepares and responds.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

56 Social Work

What is relief work?

- A. Work before a disaster
- B. Work during a disaster
- C. No work
- D. Help given after a disaster ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Relief work is help after a disaster.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 57 Social Work

What is a flood?

- A. A drought
- B. Overflow of water onto land ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A storm
- D. An earthquake

Why this answer? A flood is overflow of water onto land.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 58 Social Work

What is a drought?

- A. A long period without rain ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A flood
- C. A storm
- D. An earthquake

swer? A drought is a long period without rain.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 59 Social Work

What is an earthquake?

- A. A flood
- B. A storm
- C. A drought
- D. Shaking of the ground ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? An earthquake is shaking of the ground.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social problems recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 60 Social Work

What is a community centre?

- A. A place for community activities ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A shop
- C. A school
- D. A hospital

Why this answer? A community centre is for community activities.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 61 Social Work

What is a self-help group?

oup helping its own members ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. A charity
- C. A bank
- D. A school

Why this answer? A self-help group helps its own members.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 62 Social Work

What is a cooperative?

- A. A business owned by its members ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A company
- C. A bank
- D. A school

Why this answer? A cooperative is owned by its members.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 63 Social Work

What is microfinance?

- A. Large loans
- B. A bank
- C. A charity
- D. Small loans to poor people ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Microfinance is small loans to poor people.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community

t recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 64 Social Work

What is the Akhuwat Foundation?

- A. A bank
- B. An interest-free microfinance organisation ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A school
- D. A hospital

Why this answer? Akhuwat is interest-free microfinance.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 65 Social Work

What is the Orangi Pilot Project?

- A. A bank
- B. A school
- C. A community development project in Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A hospital

Why this answer? The Orangi Pilot Project is in Karachi.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 66 Social Work

What is the Agha Khan Rural Support Programme?

- A. A bank
- B. A school

- D. A hospital

Why this answer? AKRSP is a rural development programme.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 67 Social Work

What is the National Rural Support Programme?

- A. A rural support programme in Pakistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A bank
- C. A school
- D. A hospital

Why this answer? NRSP is a rural support programme.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: community development recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 68 Social Work

What is the Benazir Income Support Programme?

- A. A loan scheme
- B. A cash transfer programme for the poor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A tax
- D. A tariff

Why this answer? BISP is a cash transfer programme.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

69 Social Work

When was BISP started?

- A. 2000
- B. 2010
- C. 2008 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 2015

Why this answer? BISP started in 2008.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 70 Social Work

Who is BISP named after?

- A. Nusrat Bhutto
- B. Benazir Bhutto ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Fatima Jinnah
- D. Begum Rana Liaquat

Why this answer? BISP is named after Benazir Bhutto.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 71 Social Work

What is the Ehsaas Programme?

- A. A loan scheme
- B. A poverty alleviation programme ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A tax
- D. A tariff

swer? Ensaas is a poverty alleviation programme.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 72 Social Work

What is the Sehat Card?

- A. A bank card
- B. An ID card
- C. A credit card
- D. A health insurance card ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Sehat Card is a health insurance card.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: welfare institutions recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 73 Social Work

What is the role of a social worker in a school?

- A. Teaching
- B. Testing
- C. Helping students with problems ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Disciplining

Why this answer? A school social worker helps students.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 74 Social Work

What is the role of a social worker in a court?

- B. Prosecuting
- C. Defending
- D. Helping offenders and families ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A court social worker helps offenders and families.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 75 Social Work

What is probation?

- A. Prison
- B. A fine
- C. Supervision of offenders instead of prison ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A punishment

Why this answer? Probation is supervision instead of prison.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 76 Social Work

What is parole?

- A. Prison
- B. A fine
- C. Release from prison under supervision ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A punishment

Why this answer? Parole is release under supervision.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work

urs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 77 Social Work

What is a juvenile court?

- A. A court for adults
- B. A court for young offenders ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A civil court
- D. A family court

Why this answer? A juvenile court is for young offenders.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 78 Social Work

What is a family court?

- A. A court for crimes
- B. A court for family matters ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A court for business
- D. A court for land

Why this answer? A family court is for family matters.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 79 Social Work

What is the Child Protection Bureau?

- A. A school
- B. A body protecting children in Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. A court

Why this answer? The Child Protection Bureau protects children.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 80 Social Work

What is Dar-ul-Aman?

- A. A school
- B. A shelter for women in need ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A hospital
- D. A court

Why this answer? Dar-ul-Aman shelters women in need.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work practice recurs in every Lecturer Social Work sitting.

Question 81 General Knowledge

Which city is called the City of Gardens in Pakistan?

- A. Karachi
- B. Islamabad
- C. Multan
- D. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Lahore is known as the City of Gardens.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

82 General Knowledge

Which is the largest city of Pakistan?

- A. Lahore
- B. Faisalabad
- C. Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rawalpindi

Why this answer? Karachi is the largest city of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 83 General Knowledge

Which pass connects Pakistan with China?

- A. Khunjerab Pass ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Khyber Pass
- C. Bolan Pass
- D. Lowari Pass

Why this answer? The Khunjerab Pass connects Pakistan with China.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 84 General Knowledge

Which is the national sport of Pakistan?

- A. Hockey ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cricket
- C. Squash
- D. Football

swer? Hockey is the national sport of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 85 General Knowledge

Who wrote the national anthem of Pakistan?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Faiz Ahmad Faiz
- D. Josh Malihabadi

Why this answer? Hafeez Jalandhari wrote Pakistan's national anthem.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 86 General Knowledge

Which is the deepest ocean in the world?

- A. Atlantic
- B. Indian
- C. Southern
- D. Pacific ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Pacific contains the Mariana Trench, the deepest point.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 87 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Happy'.

- B. Angry
- C. Tired
- D. Joyful ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Joyful' is a synonym of 'happy'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 88 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Brave'.

- A. Cowardly ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Bold
- C. Fearless
- D. Heroic

Why this answer? 'Cowardly' is the antonym of 'brave'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 89 English

Choose the correct spelling of the word meaning an event.

- A. Occurence
- B. Ocurrence
- C. Occurrance
- D. Occurrence ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Occurrence' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recur in every

Question 90 English

The plural of 'Child' is:

- A. Childs
- B. Childes
- C. Childrens
- D. Children ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The plural of 'child' is 'children'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: plurals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 91 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Begin'.

- A. End
- B. Stop
- C. Finish
- D. Start ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Start' is a synonym of 'begin'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 92 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Ancient'.

- A. Old
- B. Antique

- D. Modern ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Modern' is the antonym of 'ancient'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 93 English

He ___ to school every day.

- A. goes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. go
- C. going
- D. gone

Why this answer? With 'he', the present simple takes 'goes'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (subject-verb agreement) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 94 English

Choose the correct spelling of the word meaning apart.

- A. Seperate
- B. Seprate
- C. Separete
- D. Separate ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Separate' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recur in every Lecturer sitting.

95 English

The past tense of 'Teach' is:

- A. Teached
- B. Teaching
- C. Taught ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Teaches

Why this answer? The past tense of 'teach' is 'taught'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (verb forms) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 96 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Wealthy'.

- A. Rich ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Poor
- C. Needy
- D. Broke

Why this answer? 'Rich' is a synonym of 'wealthy'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 97 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Victory'.

- A. Triumph
- B. Win
- C. Defeat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Success

swer? 'Defeat' is the antonym of 'victory'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 98 English

She has lived here ___ 2010.

- A. for
- B. from
- C. since ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. by

Why this answer? 'Since' is used with a point in time (2010).

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (prepositions) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 99 English

Choose the correct spelling of the word meaning required.

- A. Neccessary
- B. Necessary ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Necesary
- D. Neccesary

Why this answer? 'Necessary' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 100 English

The plural of 'Woman' is:

mans

- B. Womens
- C. Women ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Womanses

Why this answer? The plural of 'woman' is 'women'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: plurals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

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