PPSC Lecturer Zoology | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Zoology | BS-17 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 0 verified facts predicted to recur, 100 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Lecturer Zoology | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 100 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 0 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Zoology

Which class includes birds?

- A. Reptilia
- B. Amphibia
- C. Aves ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Aves includes birds.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 2 Zoology

Which class includes amphibians?

- A. Pisces
- B. Amphibia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Insecta
- D. Arachnida

Why this answer? Amphibia includes amphibians.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 3 Zoology

Which class includes insects?

- A. Arachnida
- B. Insecta ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Mollusca
- D. Mammalia

Why this answer? Insecta includes insects.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

4 Zoology

Which class includes snails and octopuses?

- A. Mammalia
- B. Aves
- C. Reptilia
- D. Mollusca ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mollusca includes snails and octopuses.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 5 Zoology

Which of these is a bird?

- A. Bat
- B. Whale
- C. Penguin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Frog

Why this answer? The penguin is a bird.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 6 Zoology

Which of these is an amphibian?

- A. Frog ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lizard
- C. Snake
- D. Fish

swer? The frog is an amphibian.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 7 Zoology

Which of these is an invertebrate?

- A. Frog
- B. Snake
- C. Earthworm ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Bird

Why this answer? The earthworm is an invertebrate.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 8 Zoology

Which of these is a herbivore?

- A. Lion
- B. Cow ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Dog
- D. Cat

Why this answer? The cow is a herbivore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 9 Zoology

Which of these is an omnivore?

- B. Lion
- C. Human ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Goat

Why this answer? Humans are omnivores.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 10 Zoology

Which of these is an arachnid?

- A. Ant
- B. Bee
- C. Spider ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Butterfly

Why this answer? The spider is an arachnid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 11 Zoology

Which system digests food?

- A. Circulatory system
- B. Respiratory system
- C. Digestive system ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Nervous system

Why this answer? The digestive system digests food.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 12 Zoology

Which system takes in oxygen?

- A. Digestive system
- B. Circulatory system
- C. Nervous system
- D. Respiratory system ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The respiratory system takes in oxygen.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 13 Zoology

Which system supports the body?

- A. Skeletal system ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Digestive system
- C. Circulatory system
- D. Nervous system

Why this answer? The skeletal system supports the body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 14 Zoology

Which system produces hormones?

- A. Digestive system
- B. Circulatory system

ocrine system ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Nervous system

Why this answer? The endocrine system produces hormones.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 15 Zoology

What is the study of animal behaviour called?

- A. Zoology
- B. Ethology ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Ecology
- D. Genetics

Why this answer? Ethology is the study of animal behaviour.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 16 Zoology

Who is known as the father of modern genetics?

- A. Charles Darwin
- B. Gregor Mendel ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Carl Linnaeus
- D. Aristotle

Why this answer? Mendel is the father of modern genetics.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: famous zoologists recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

17 Zoology

What is a gene?

- A. A cell
- B. A unit of heredity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A chromosome
- D. A protein

Why this answer? A gene is a unit of heredity.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 18 Zoology

What is a chromosome?

- A. A cell
- B. A thread-like structure carrying genes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A nucleus
- D. A protein

Why this answer? A chromosome carries genes.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 19 Zoology

What is DNA?

- A. Deoxyribonucleic acid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Ribonucleic acid
- C. A protein
- D. A lipid

swer? DNA is deoxyribonucleic acid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 20 Zoology

What is RNA?

- A. Deoxyribonucleic acid
- B. A protein
- C. Ribonucleic acid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A lipid

Why this answer? RNA is ribonucleic acid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 21 Zoology

Who proposed the double helix model of DNA?

- A. Watson and Crick ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Mendel
- C. Darwin
- D. Linnaeus

Why this answer? Watson and Crick proposed the double helix.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 22 Zoology

What is a dominant trait?

- B. A trait that never appears
- C. A trait that appears when present ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A trait in males only

Why this answer? A dominant trait appears when present.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 23 Zoology

What is a recessive trait?

- A. A trait that always appears
- B. A trait hidden by a dominant trait ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A trait that never appears
- D. A trait in females only

Why this answer? A recessive trait is hidden by a dominant trait.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 24 Zoology

What is a mutation?

- A. A change in the genetic material ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cell division
- C. Cell death
- D. A disease

Why this answer? A mutation is a change in the genetic material.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: genetics recurs in

er Zoology sitting.

Question 25 Zoology

What is evolution?

- A. Sudden change
- B. No change
- C. Change in organisms over generations ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Revolution

Why this answer? Evolution is change over generations.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: evolution recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 26 Zoology

What is natural selection?

- A. Survival of the weakest
- B. Random change
- C. No change
- D. Survival of the fittest ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Natural selection is survival of the fittest.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: evolution recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 27 Zoology

What is a fossil?

- A. A living organism
- B. Remains of an ancient organism ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. A bone

Why this answer? A fossil is remains of an ancient organism.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: evolution recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 28 Zoology

What is adaptation?

- A. A disease
- B. A feature helping survival ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A habit
- D. A change in weather

Why this answer? Adaptation is a feature helping survival.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: evolution recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 29 Zoology

What is a species?

- A. A single organism
- B. A group of organisms that can interbreed ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A genus
- D. A family

Why this answer? A species is a group that can interbreed.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

30 Zoology

What is a genus?

- A. A single species
- B. A family
- C. An order
- D. A group of closely related species ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A genus is a group of closely related species.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 31 Zoology

What is the largest phylum of animals?

- A. Chordata
- B. Mollusca
- C. Arthropoda ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Annelida

Why this answer? Arthropoda is the largest phylum.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 32 Zoology

What is the second largest phylum of animals?

- A. Mollusca ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Arthropoda
- C. Chordata
- D. Annelida

swer? Mollusca is the second largest phylum.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 33 Zoology

What is the phylum of humans?

- A. Arthropoda
- B. Mollusca
- C. Annelida
- D. Chordata ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Humans belong to Chordata.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 34 Zoology

What is the class of humans?

- A. Mammalia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Aves
- C. Reptilia
- D. Amphibia

Why this answer? Humans belong to Mammalia.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 35 Zoology

What is the order of humans?

nates ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Carnivora
- C. Rodentia
- D. Artiodactyla

Why this answer? Humans belong to Primates.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 36 Zoology

What is the family of humans?

- A. Felidae
- B. Canidae
- C. Bovidae
- D. Hominidae ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Humans belong to Hominidae.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 37 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the goat?

- A. Ovis aries
- B. Bos taurus
- C. Sus scrofa
- D. Capra hircus ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The goat is Capra hircus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 38 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the sheep?

- A. Capra hircus
- B. Ovis aries ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bos taurus
- D. Sus scrofa

Why this answer? The sheep is Ovis aries.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 39 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the pig?

- A. Ovis aries
- B. Capra hircus
- C. Bos taurus
- D. Sus scrofa ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The pig is Sus scrofa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 40 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the wolf?

- A. Felis catus
- B. Panthera leo

us caballus

- D. Canis lupus ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The wolf is Canis lupus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 41 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the elephant?

- A. Loxodonta africana ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Elephas maximus
- C. Panthera leo
- D. Equus caballus

Why this answer? The African elephant is Loxodonta africana.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 42 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the frog?

- A. Bufo bufo
- B. Rana temporaria
- C. Rana tigrina ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Xenopus laevis

Why this answer? The frog is Rana tigrina.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

43 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the honeybee?

- A. Apis dorsata
- B. Apis indica
- C. Apis mellifera ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Apis florea

Why this answer? The honeybee is Apis mellifera.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 44 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the housefly?

- A. Drosophila melanogaster
- B. Musca domestica ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Anopheles stephensi
- D. Culex pipiens

Why this answer? The housefly is Musca domestica.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 45 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the mosquito?

- A. Musca domestica
- B. Drosophila melanogaster
- C. Culex pipiens
- D. Anopheles stephensi ✓ **Predicted answer**

swer? The mosquito is Anopheles stephensi.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 46 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the earthworm?

- A. Lumbricus terrestris
- B. Pheretima posthuma ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Hirudo medicinalis
- D. Nereis diversicolor

Why this answer? The earthworm is Pheretima posthuma.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 47 Zoology

What is the largest snake in the world?

- A. Anaconda ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Python
- C. Cobra
- D. Viper

Why this answer? The anaconda is the largest snake.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 48 Zoology

What is the most poisonous snake in the world?

- B. Viper
- C. Krait
- D. Inland taipan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The inland taipan is the most poisonous snake.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 49 Zoology

What is the largest fish in the world?

- A. Blue whale
- B. Great white shark
- C. Whale shark ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Tuna

Why this answer? The whale shark is the largest fish.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 50 Zoology

What is the fastest fish in the world?

- A. Tuna
- B. Shark
- C. Marlin
- D. Sailfish ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The sailfish is the fastest fish.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 51 Zoology

What is the largest insect in the world?

- A. Ant
- B. Bee
- C. Goliath beetle ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Butterfly

Why this answer? The Goliath beetle is the largest insect.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 52 Zoology

What is the smallest bird in the world?

- A. Bee hummingbird ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Sparrow
- C. Robin
- D. Wren

Why this answer? The bee hummingbird is the smallest bird.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 53 Zoology

What is the only bird that can fly backwards?

- A. Hummingbird ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Eagle

- D. Crow

Why this answer? The hummingbird can fly backwards.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 54 Zoology

What is the largest ape?

- A. Chimpanzee
- B. Gorilla ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Orangutan
- D. Gibbon

Why this answer? The gorilla is the largest ape.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 55 Zoology

What is the closest relative of humans?

- A. Chimpanzee ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Gorilla
- C. Orangutan
- D. Gibbon

Why this answer? The chimpanzee is the closest relative of humans.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

56 Zoology

What is the main function of the small intestine?

- A. Making bile
- B. Pumping blood
- C. Filtering blood
- D. Absorbing nutrients ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The small intestine absorbs nutrients.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 57 Zoology

What is the main function of the stomach?

- A. Absorbing nutrients
- B. Making bile
- C. Digesting food with acid ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Pumping blood

Why this answer? The stomach digests food with acid.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 58 Zoology

What is bile?

- A. A hormone
- B. A fluid that helps digest fats ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. An enzyme
- D. A vitamin

swer? Bile helps digest fats.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 59 Zoology

What is an enzyme?

- A. A hormone
- B. A vitamin
- C. A protein that speeds up a reaction ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A fat

Why this answer? An enzyme speeds up a reaction.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 60 Zoology

What is insulin?

- A. An enzyme
- B. A vitamin
- C. A hormone controlling blood sugar ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A fat

Why this answer? Insulin controls blood sugar.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 61 Zoology

What is diabetes?

blood sugar

- B. High blood sugar from lack of insulin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. High blood pressure
- D. Low blood pressure

Why this answer? Diabetes is high blood sugar from lack of insulin.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 62 Zoology

What is the function of vitamin D?

- A. Clotting blood
- B. Carrying oxygen
- C. Fighting disease
- D. Building strong bones ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Vitamin D builds strong bones.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 63 Zoology

What is the function of vitamin C?

- A. Building bones
- B. Clotting blood
- C. Preventing scurvy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Carrying oxygen

Why this answer? Vitamin C prevents scurvy.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology

Question 64 Zoology

What is the function of iron in the body?

- A. Building bones
- B. Clotting blood
- C. Fighting disease
- D. Making haemoglobin ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Iron makes haemoglobin.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 65 Zoology

What is the function of calcium in the body?

- A. Carrying oxygen
- B. Clotting blood
- C. Building bones and teeth ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Fighting disease

Why this answer? Calcium builds bones and teeth.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 66 Zoology

What is the function of iodine in the body?

- A. Making thyroid hormones ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Building bones

- D. Clotting blood

Why this answer? Iodine makes thyroid hormones.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 67 Zoology

What is the thyroid gland?

- A. A gland in the neck making thyroid hormones ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A gland in the brain
- C. A gland in the abdomen
- D. A gland in the chest

Why this answer? The thyroid is in the neck.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 68 Zoology

What is ecology?

- A. The study of organisms and their environment ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The study of animals only
- C. The study of plants only
- D. The study of soil

Why this answer? Ecology studies organisms and their environment.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: ecology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

69 Zoology

What is a food chain?

- A. A chain of shops
- B. A sequence of organisms eating each other ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A list of foods
- D. A diet

Why this answer? A food chain is a sequence of organisms eating each other.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: ecology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 70 Zoology

What is a food web?

- A. One food chain
- B. A list of foods
- C. Many food chains linked together ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A diet

Why this answer? A food web is many food chains linked.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: ecology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 71 Zoology

What is a producer in an ecosystem?

- A. An organism that eats others
- B. A decomposer
- C. An organism that makes its own food ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A consumer

swer? A producer makes its own food.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: ecology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 72 Zoology

What is a consumer in an ecosystem?

- A. An organism that makes food
- B. A decomposer
- C. An organism that eats others ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A plant

Why this answer? A consumer eats others.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: ecology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 73 Zoology

What is a decomposer?

- A. A producer
- B. An organism that breaks down dead matter ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A consumer
- D. A plant

Why this answer? A decomposer breaks down dead matter.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: ecology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 74 Zoology

What is the study of fishes called?

hyology ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Ornithology
- C. Entomology
- D. Herpetology

Why this answer? Ichthyology is the study of fishes.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 75 Zoology

What is the study of reptiles called?

- A. Ornithology
- B. Herpetology ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Entomology
- D. Ichthyology

Why this answer? Herpetology is the study of reptiles.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 76 Zoology

What is the study of mammals called?

- A. Ornithology
- B. Entomology
- C. Mammalogy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Ichthyology

Why this answer? Mammalogy is the study of mammals.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to

rs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 77 Zoology

What is the study of amphibians called?

- A. Ornithology
- B. Entomology
- C. Ichthyology
- D. Batrachology ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Batrachology is the study of amphibians.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 78 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the peacock?

- A. Pavo cristatus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Corvus splendens
- C. Passer domesticus
- D. Pavo muticus

Why this answer? The peacock is Pavo cristatus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 79 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the crow?

- A. Pavo cristatus
- B. Passer domesticus

- D. Corvus splendens ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The crow is Corvus splendens.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 80 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the sparrow?

- A. Passer domesticus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Corvus splendens
- C. Pavo cristatus
- D. Passer montanus

Why this answer? The sparrow is Passer domesticus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 81 General Knowledge

Who wrote the national anthem of Pakistan?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Faiz Ahmad Faiz
- C. Josh Malihabadi
- D. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Hafeez Jalandhari wrote Pakistan's national anthem.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

82 General Knowledge

Which is the deepest ocean in the world?

- A. Pacific ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Atlantic
- C. Indian
- D. Southern

Why this answer? The Pacific contains the Mariana Trench, the deepest point.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 83 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Happy'.

- A. Sad
- B. Angry
- C. Tired
- D. Joyful ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Joyful' is a synonym of 'happy'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 84 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Brave'.

- A. Bold
- B. Cowardly ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Fearless
- D. Heroic

swer? 'Cowardly' is the antonym of 'brave'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 85 English

Choose the correct spelling of the word meaning an event.

- A. Occurrence ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Occurence
- C. Ocurrence
- D. Occurrance

Why this answer? 'Occurrence' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 86 English

The plural of 'Child' is:

- A. Childs
- B. Children ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Childes
- D. Childrens

Why this answer? The plural of 'child' is 'children'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: plurals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 87 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Begin'.

t ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. End
- C. Stop
- D. Finish

Why this answer? 'Start' is a synonym of 'begin'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 88 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Ancient'.

- A. Modern ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Old
- C. Antique
- D. Classic

Why this answer? 'Modern' is the antonym of 'ancient'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 89 English

He ___ to school every day.

- A. go
- B. goes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. going
- D. gone

Why this answer? With 'he', the present simple takes 'goes'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (subject-verb

recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 90 English

Choose the correct spelling of the word meaning apart.

- A. Seperate
- B. Separate ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Seprate
- D. Separete

Why this answer? 'Separate' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 91 English

The past tense of 'Teach' is:

- A. Teached
- B. Teaching
- C. Teaches
- D. Taught ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The past tense of 'teach' is 'taught'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (verb forms) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 92 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Wealthy'.

- A. Rich ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Poor

- D. Broke

Why this answer? 'Rich' is a synonym of 'wealthy'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 93 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Victory'.

- A. Triumph
- B. Win
- C. Success
- D. Defeat ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Defeat' is the antonym of 'victory'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 94 English

She has lived here ___ 2010.

- A. for
- B. from
- C. by
- D. since ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Since' is used with a point in time (2010).

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (prepositions) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

95 English

Choose the correct spelling of the word meaning required.

- A. Neccessary
- B. Necesary
- C. Neccesary
- D. Necessary ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? 'Necessary' is the correct spelling.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: spelling recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 96 English

The plural of 'Woman' is:

- A. Womans
- B. Womens
- C. Womanses
- D. Women ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The plural of 'woman' is 'women'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: plurals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 97 English

Choose the correct synonym of 'Rapid'.

- A. Slow
- B. Steady
- C. Fast ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Late

swer? 'Fast' is a synonym of 'rapid'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: synonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 98 English

Neither of the answers ___ correct.

- A. are
- B. is ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. were
- D. have been

Why this answer? 'Neither' takes a singular verb: 'is'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (subject-verb agreement) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 99 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'Honest'.

- A. Dishonest ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Truthful
- C. Sincere
- D. Loyal

Why this answer? 'Dishonest' is the antonym of 'honest'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: antonyms recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 100 English

The past tense of 'Buy' is:

- B. Buying
- C. Buys
- D. Bought ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The past tense of 'buy' is 'bought'.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar (verb forms) recurs in every Lecturer sitting.

This is a Ranjha Solutions prediction product, built from Ranjha Solutions' verified past-paper archive. It is **not** a PPSC paper, and no question here has appeared in any exam. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam".

Guess papers are **free** — no charge is taken from any student. **No pass guarantee:** nobody can guarantee which questions will appear.