PPSC Lecturer Zoology | BS-17 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 1 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Zoology | BS-17 · **Set:** 1 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 0 verified facts predicted to recur, 100 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Lecturer Zoology | BS-17 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 100 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 0 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Zoology

Which class includes animals that feed their young on milk?

- A. Aves
- B. Mammalia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Reptilia

Why this answer? Mammalia includes animals that feed their young on milk.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 2 Zoology

Which class includes reptiles?

- A. Reptilia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Amphibia
- C. Pisces
- D. Insecta

Why this answer? Reptilia includes reptiles.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 3 Zoology

Which class includes fishes?

- A. Insecta
- B. Pisces ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Arachnida
- D. Mollusca

Why this answer? Pisces includes fishes.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

4 Zoology

Which class includes spiders and scorpions?

- A. Arachnida ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Mollusca
- C. Mammalia
- D. Aves

Why this answer? Arachnida includes spiders and scorpions.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 5 Zoology

Which of these is a mammal?

- A. Shark
- B. Penguin
- C. Whale ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Frog

Why this answer? The whale is a mammal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 6 Zoology

Which of these is a reptile?

- A. Frog
- B. Shark
- C. Crocodile ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Eagle

swer? The crocodile is a reptile.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 7 Zoology

Which of these is a fish?

- A. Whale
- B. Dolphin
- C. Shark ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Octopus

Why this answer? The shark is a fish.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 8 Zoology

Which of these is a vertebrate?

- A. Earthworm
- B. Snail
- C. Starfish
- D. Snake ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The snake is a vertebrate.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 9 Zoology

Which of these is a carnivore?

- B. Cow
- C. Goat
- D. Deer

Why this answer? The lion is a carnivore.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 10 Zoology

Which of these is an insect?

- A. Spider
- B. Snail
- C. Ant ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Worm

Why this answer? The ant is an insect.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 11 Zoology

Which system carries blood in the body?

- A. Digestive system
- B. Respiratory system
- C. Nervous system
- D. Circulatory system ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The circulatory system carries blood.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 12 Zoology

Which system controls the body?

- A. Digestive system
- B. Nervous system ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Circulatory system
- D. Respiratory system

Why this answer? The nervous system controls the body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 13 Zoology

Which system removes waste from the body?

- A. Excretory system ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Digestive system
- C. Circulatory system
- D. Nervous system

Why this answer? The excretory system removes waste.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 14 Zoology

Which system moves the body?

- A. Digestive system
- B. Circulatory system

vous system

- D. Muscular system ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The muscular system moves the body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 15 Zoology

What is zoology?

- A. The study of animals ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. The study of plants
- C. The study of rocks
- D. The study of weather

Why this answer? Zoology is the study of animals.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 16 Zoology

Who is known as the father of zoology?

- A. Theophrastus
- B. Linnaeus
- C. Aristotle ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Darwin

Why this answer? Aristotle is the father of zoology.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: famous zoologists recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

17 Zoology

Who proposed the theory of evolution by natural selection?

- A. Gregor Mendel
- B. Carl Linnaeus
- C. Charles Darwin ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Aristotle

Why this answer? Darwin proposed evolution by natural selection.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: evolution recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 18 Zoology

What is a cell?

- A. A tissue
- B. The basic unit of life ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. An organ
- D. A system

Why this answer? The cell is the basic unit of life.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 19 Zoology

What is the powerhouse of the cell?

- A. Nucleus
- B. Mitochondria ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Ribosome
- D. Golgi body

swer? Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 20 Zoology

What is the control centre of the cell?

- A. Mitochondria
- B. Ribosome
- C. Nucleus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Golgi body

Why this answer? The nucleus is the control centre of the cell.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 21 Zoology

What is the function of the ribosome?

- A. Energy production
- B. Storage
- C. Protein synthesis ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Division

Why this answer? Ribosomes do protein synthesis.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 22 Zoology

What is mitosis?

division producing four cells

- B. Cell fusion
- C. Cell death
- D. Cell division producing two identical cells ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mitosis produces two identical cells.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 23 Zoology

What is meiosis?

- A. Cell division producing two cells
- B. Cell fusion
- C. Cell division producing four different cells ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Cell death

Why this answer? Meiosis produces four different cells.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 24 Zoology

What is a tissue?

- A. A single cell
- B. An organ
- C. A group of similar cells doing one job ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A system

Why this answer? A tissue is a group of similar cells doing one job.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in

er Zoology sitting.

Question 25 Zoology

What is an organ?

- A. A single cell
- B. A group of tissues doing one job ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A tissue
- D. A system

Why this answer? An organ is a group of tissues doing one job.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 26 Zoology

What is a system in the body?

- A. A single organ
- B. A tissue
- C. A group of organs doing one job ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A cell

Why this answer? A system is a group of organs doing one job.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: cell biology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 27 Zoology

What is the largest organ in the human body?

- A. Liver
- B. Heart

- D. Skin ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Skin is the largest organ in the human body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 28 Zoology

What is the largest internal organ in the human body?

- A. Liver ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Heart
- C. Brain
- D. Kidney

Why this answer? The liver is the largest internal organ.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 29 Zoology

How many bones are in the adult human body?

- A. 206 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 196
- C. 216
- D. 226

Why this answer? The adult human body has 206 bones.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

30 Zoology

How many bones are in a newborn baby?

- A. 206
- B. About 300 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 196
- D. 216

Why this answer? A newborn baby has about 300 bones.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 31 Zoology

What is the longest bone in the human body?

- A. Humerus
- B. Femur ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Tibia
- D. Radius

Why this answer? The femur is the longest bone.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 32 Zoology

What is the smallest bone in the human body?

- A. Femur
- B. Humerus
- C. Stapes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Tibia

swer? The stapes is the smallest bone.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 33 Zoology

How many chambers does the human heart have?

- A. Two
- B. Four ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Three
- D. Five

Why this answer? The human heart has four chambers.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 34 Zoology

What is the normal human body temperature?

- A. 35 degrees C
- B. 37 degrees C ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 39 degrees C
- D. 40 degrees C

Why this answer? Normal body temperature is 37 degrees C.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 35 Zoology

What is the normal human pulse rate?

- B. 100 per minute
- C. 50 per minute
- D. 72 per minute ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Normal pulse rate is about 72 per minute.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 36 Zoology

What is the normal human blood pressure?

- A. 140/90 mmHg
- B. 100/60 mmHg
- C. 160/100 mmHg
- D. 120/80 mmHg ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Normal blood pressure is 120/80 mmHg.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 37 Zoology

What is the main function of red blood cells?

- A. Fighting disease
- B. Clotting blood
- C. Carrying oxygen ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Carrying food

Why this answer? Red blood cells carry oxygen.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 38 Zoology

What is the main function of white blood cells?

- A. Fighting disease ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Carrying oxygen
- C. Clotting blood
- D. Carrying food

Why this answer? White blood cells fight disease.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 39 Zoology

What is the main function of platelets?

- A. Carrying oxygen
- B. Clotting blood ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Fighting disease
- D. Carrying food

Why this answer? Platelets clot blood.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 40 Zoology

What is haemoglobin?

- A. A white cell
- B. A platelet

protein in red cells that carries oxygen ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. A plasma protein

Why this answer? Haemoglobin carries oxygen in red cells.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 41 Zoology

What is the blood group of a universal donor?

- A. A positive
- B. B positive
- C. O negative ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. AB positive

Why this answer? O negative is the universal donor.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 42 Zoology

What is the blood group of a universal recipient?

- A. O negative
- B. AB positive ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A positive
- D. B positive

Why this answer? AB positive is the universal recipient.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

43 Zoology

Who discovered blood circulation?

- A. Edward Jenner
- B. Louis Pasteur
- C. Alexander Fleming
- D. William Harvey ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? William Harvey discovered blood circulation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: famous zoologists recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 44 Zoology

What is the main organ of respiration in humans?

- A. Heart
- B. Lungs ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Liver
- D. Kidney

Why this answer? The lungs are the main organs of respiration.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 45 Zoology

What is the main organ of digestion in humans?

- A. Stomach
- B. Small intestine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Liver
- D. Mouth

Why this answer? The small intestine is the main organ of digestion.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 46 Zoology

What is the main organ of excretion in humans?

- A. Kidney ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Liver
- C. Heart
- D. Lung

Why this answer? The kidney is the main organ of excretion.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 47 Zoology

What is the function of the liver?

- A. Pumping blood
- B. Making bile and detoxifying blood ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Filtering blood
- D. Producing urine

Why this answer? The liver makes bile and detoxifies blood.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 48 Zoology

What is the function of the kidney?

ering blood and making urine ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Pumping blood
- C. Making bile
- D. Producing hormones

Why this answer? The kidney filters blood and makes urine.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 49 Zoology

What is the function of the brain?

- A. Pumping blood
- B. Controlling the body ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Filtering blood
- D. Digestion

Why this answer? The brain controls the body.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 50 Zoology

What is the function of the heart?

- A. Pumping blood ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Filtering blood
- C. Making bile
- D. Digestion

Why this answer? The heart pumps blood.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human physiology

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 51 Zoology

How many teeth does an adult human have?

- A. 28
- B. 30
- C. 34
- D. 32 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? An adult human has 32 teeth.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: human anatomy recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 52 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the human?

- A. Homo sapiens ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Pan troglodytes
- C. Gorilla gorilla
- D. Pongo pygmaeus

Why this answer? Humans are Homo sapiens.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 53 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the lion?

- A. Panthera tigris
- B. Canis lupus

thera leo ✓ **Predicted answer**

- D. Felis catus

Why this answer? The lion is Panthera leo.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 54 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the tiger?

- A. Panthera leo
- B. Canis lupus
- C. Felis catus
- D. Panthera tigris ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The tiger is Panthera tigris.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 55 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the dog?

- A. Canis lupus familiaris ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Felis catus
- C. Panthera leo
- D. Equus caballus

Why this answer? The dog is Canis lupus familiaris.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

56 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the cat?

- A. Canis lupus
- B. Felis catus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Panthera leo
- D. Equus caballus

Why this answer? The cat is Felis catus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 57 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the horse?

- A. Equus caballus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Felis catus
- C. Canis lupus
- D. Panthera leo

Why this answer? The horse is Equus caballus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 58 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the cow?

- A. Ovis aries
- B. Capra hircus
- C. Bos taurus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sus scrofa

swer? The cow is Bos taurus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 59 Zoology

What is the fastest land animal?

- A. Lion
- B. Horse
- C. Deer
- D. Cheetah ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The cheetah is the fastest land animal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 60 Zoology

What is the largest land animal?

- A. Blue whale
- B. Giraffe
- C. Hippopotamus
- D. African elephant ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The African elephant is the largest land animal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 61 Zoology

Which animal is the largest mammal on land?

- B. African elephant ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Giraffe
- D. Hippopotamus

Why this answer? The African elephant is the largest mammal on land.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 62 Zoology

What is the largest bird in the world?

- A. Eagle
- B. Penguin
- C. Emu
- D. Ostrich ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The ostrich is the largest bird.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 63 Zoology

What is the fastest bird in the world?

- A. Eagle
- B. Ostrich
- C. Peregrine falcon ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sparrow

Why this answer? The peregrine falcon is the fastest bird.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 64 Zoology

What is the only mammal that can fly?

- A. Eagle
- B. Butterfly
- C. Bat ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Flying squirrel

Why this answer? The bat is the only mammal that can fly.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 65 Zoology

What is the only bird that cannot fly and swims?

- A. Ostrich
- B. Emu
- C. Kiwi
- D. Penguin ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The penguin cannot fly and swims.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 66 Zoology

What is hibernation?

- A. Sleeping through winter ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Sleeping through summer

- D. Moulting

Why this answer? Hibernation is sleeping through winter.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal behaviour recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 67 Zoology

What is migration in animals?

- A. Sleeping
- B. Hunting
- C. Breeding
- D. Seasonal movement to another place ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Migration is seasonal movement.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal behaviour recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 68 Zoology

What is camouflage?

- A. Changing colour for fun
- B. Hiding in a hole
- C. Running away
- D. Blending with the surroundings ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Camouflage is blending with the surroundings.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal behaviour recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

69 Zoology

What is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Snow leopard
- C. Lion
- D. Tiger

Why this answer? The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 70 Zoology

What is the national bird of Pakistan?

- A. Chukar partridge ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Peacock
- C. Eagle
- D. Sparrow

Why this answer? The chukar partridge is the national bird of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 71 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the buffalo?

- A. Bos taurus
- B. Bubalus bubalis ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Capra hircus
- D. Ovis aries

swer? The buffalo is Bubalus bubalis.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 72 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the camel?

- A. Equus caballus
- B. Bos taurus
- C. Capra hircus
- D. Camelus dromedarius ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The camel is Camelus dromedarius.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 73 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the donkey?

- A. Equus caballus
- B. Equus africanus asinus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bos taurus
- D. Capra hircus

Why this answer? The donkey is Equus africanus asinus.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 74 Zoology

What is the scientific name of the monkey?

:aca mulatta ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. Pan troglodytes
- C. Gorilla gorilla
- D. Pongo pygmaeus

Why this answer? The monkey is Macaca mulatta.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal classification recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 75 Zoology

What is the gestation period of a human?

- A. About 6 months
- B. About 12 months
- C. About 9 months ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. About 3 months

Why this answer? Human gestation is about 9 months.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 76 Zoology

What is the gestation period of an elephant?

- A. About 9 months
- B. About 22 months ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. About 12 months
- D. About 18 months

Why this answer? Elephant gestation is about 22 months.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology

ry Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 77 Zoology

What is the lifespan of a dog?

- A. About 10 to 13 years ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. About 5 years
- C. About 20 years
- D. About 30 years

Why this answer? A dog lives about 10 to 13 years.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 78 Zoology

What is the lifespan of a tortoise?

- A. Over 100 years ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. About 10 years
- C. About 20 years
- D. About 50 years

Why this answer? A tortoise can live over 100 years.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: animal physiology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 79 Zoology

What is the study of birds called?

- A. Entomology
- B. Ichthyology

petology

- D. Ornithology ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Ornithology is the study of birds.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 80 Zoology

What is the study of insects called?

- A. Ornithology
- B. Ichthyology
- C. Herpetology
- D. Entomology ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Entomology is the study of insects.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Zoology: introduction to zoology recurs in every Lecturer Zoology sitting.

Question 81 General Knowledge

Which is the largest mammal in the world?

- A. Elephant
- B. Giraffe
- C. Blue whale ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Hippopotamus

Why this answer? The blue whale is the largest mammal in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

82 General Knowledge

Which vitamin does sunlight help the body produce?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin B
- C. Vitamin C
- D. Vitamin D ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Sunlight helps the skin produce vitamin D.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: science facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 83 General Knowledge

What is the capital of France?

- A. Paris ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lyon
- C. Marseille
- D. Nice

Why this answer? Paris is the capital of France.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 84 General Knowledge

Which is the largest country by area?

- A. Canada
- B. China
- C. Russia ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. USA

swer? Russia is the largest country by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 85 General Knowledge

Which sea separates Europe and Africa?

- A. Mediterranean Sea ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Red Sea
- C. Black Sea
- D. Caspian Sea

Why this answer? The Mediterranean Sea separates Europe from Africa.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 86 General Knowledge

What is the capital of Turkey?

- A. Istanbul
- B. Ankara ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Izmir
- D. Antalya

Why this answer? Ankara is the capital of Turkey; Istanbul is its largest city.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world capitals recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 87 General Knowledge

Which country is known as the Land of the Rising Sun?

an ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. China
- C. Thailand
- D. Korea

Why this answer? Japan is known as the Land of the Rising Sun.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 88 General Knowledge

Which is the highest mountain in the world?

- A. K2
- B. Kangchenjunga
- C. Makalu
- D. Mount Everest ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mount Everest (8,849 m) is the highest mountain in the world.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: world geography facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 89 General Knowledge

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Punjab
- B. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindh
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan

n every Lecturer sitting.

Question 90 General Knowledge

Which city is the capital of Pakistan?

- A. Islamabad ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Lahore
- C. Karachi
- D. Rawalpindi

Why this answer? Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 91 General Knowledge

Which is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Snow leopard
- B. Indus dolphin
- C. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Chinkara

Why this answer? The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 92 General Knowledge

Which is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Rose
- B. Tulip

flower

- D. Jasmine ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Jasmine is the national flower of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 93 General Knowledge

Which river is the longest in Pakistan?

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chenab
- C. Indus ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Ravi

Why this answer? The Indus is the longest river in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 94 General Knowledge

When did Pakistan come into being?

- A. 15 August 1947
- B. 23 March 1940
- C. 14 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 14 August 1948

Why this answer? Pakistan came into being on 14 August 1947.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

95 General Knowledge

Who is known as the founder of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Allama Iqbal
- C. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- D. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Muhammad Ali Jinnah is the founder of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 96 General Knowledge

Which is the national language of Pakistan?

- A. Punjabi
- B. Urdu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindhi
- D. Pashto

Why this answer? Urdu is the national language of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 97 General Knowledge

Which city is called the City of Gardens in Pakistan?

- A. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Karachi
- C. Islamabad
- D. Multan

swer? Lahore is known as the City of Gardens.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 98 General Knowledge

Which is the largest city of Pakistan?

- A. Lahore
- B. Faisalabad
- C. Rawalpindi
- D. Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Karachi is the largest city of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 99 General Knowledge

Which pass connects Pakistan with China?

- A. Khyber Pass
- B. Khunjerab Pass ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Bolan Pass
- D. Lowari Pass

Why this answer? The Khunjerab Pass connects Pakistan with China.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

Question 100 General Knowledge

Which is the national sport of Pakistan?

ket

- B. Squash
- C. Football
- D. Hockey ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Hockey is the national sport of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan facts recur in every Lecturer sitting.

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