PPSC Parole/Probation Officer | BS-16 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Parole/Probation Officer | BS-16 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 44 verified facts predicted to recur, 56 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Parole/Probation Officer | BS-16 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.

[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 56 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 100 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Sociology

Which feature is characteristic of a rural community?

- A. Community sentiment ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Rational will
- C. None of these

Why this answer? Community sentiment is the characteristic feature of a rural community.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q43 (verified item — correct answer: Community sentiment).

Question 2 Sociology

When villagers take years to adopt mobile phones, what is this delay called?

- A. None of these
- B. Acculturation
- C. Cultural lag ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Cultural inertia

Why this answer? Cultural lag is the slow acceptance of a new element, as with mobile phones in a village.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q45 (verified item — correct answer: Cultural lag).

Question 3 Sociology

Which sociologist defined sociology as the science of social phenomena governed by natural and invariable laws?

- A. Karl Marx
- B. August Comte ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Max Weber
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Auguste Comte defined sociology as the science of social phenomena subject to natural and invariable laws.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q51 (verified item — correct answer: August Comte).

Question 4 Sociology

Who first brought the idea of anomie into sociology?

- A. None of these
- B. Comte
- C. Durkheim ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Marx

Why this answer? Durkheim first introduced the notion of anomie into sociology.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q53 (verified item — correct answer: Durkheim).

Question 5 Sociology

Who coined the term Verstehen in sociology?

- A. Wilhelm Dilthey
- B. None of these
- C. Karl Marx
- D. Max Weber ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Max Weber created (popularised) the term Verstehen, interpretive understanding.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q58 (verified item — correct answer: Max Weber).

Question 6 Sociology

Movement of people along the hierarchy of stratification is called what?

ial Stratification

- B. Social movement
- C. Social mobility ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Movement of individuals or groups on the hierarchy of stratification is social mobility.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q71 (verified item — correct answer: Social mobility).

Question 7 Sociology

What work do village farmers do?

- A. None of these
- B. Plough wings and harvest
- C. Watering and crops
- D. Both A and B ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Farmers do both: ploughing and harvesting, and watering crops.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q74 (verified item — correct answer: Both A and B).

Question 8 Sociology

What are the priorities of a farmer: subsistence, commercial production, or both?

- A. Commercial
- B. Both A and B ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. None of these
- D. Substance

Why this answer? Both A and B: subsistence and commercial farming are both priorities.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q78 (verified item — correct answer: Both A and B).

Question 9 Sociology

Which feature marks a rural society?

- A. Hight density population
- B. Dynamic Lifestyle
- C. None of these
- D. Face to face interaction ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Face-to-face interaction is the feature of rural society.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q81 (verified item — correct answer: Face to face interaction).

Question 10 Sociology

Rural people are usually associated with which occupation?

- A. Professional
- B. None of these
- C. Agriculture ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Industries

Why this answer? Rural people are usually associated with agriculture.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q83 (verified item — correct answer: Agriculture).

Question 11 Sociology

Why is the study of rural sociology important?

- A. Knowledge

- C. All of these ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Technology

Why this answer? It is important for all of these: technology, knowledge and farm reforms.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q85 (verified item — correct answer: All of these).

Question 12 Sociology

Which is a major feature of rural sociology?

- A. Homogeneity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Dynamic life
- C. None of these
- D. Heterogeneity

Why this answer? Homogeneity is a major feature of rural sociology.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q87 (verified item — correct answer: Homogeneity).

Question 13 Sociology

What allows people to connect their personal experiences with wider social and historical events?

- A. Imagination ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Theory
- C. None of these
- D. Consciousness

Why this answer? The sociological imagination lets people see the link between personal

nd broader history.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q89 (verified item — correct answer: Imagination).

Question 14 Sociology

In capitalism, which class owns nothing but its own labour power?

- A. None of these
- B. Bourgeoisie
- C. Peasant
- D. Proletariat ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? In capitalism the proletariat possess only their labour power, which they must sell to survive.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q91 (verified item — correct answer: Proletariat).

Question 15 Sociology

Friends meeting for tea at a place is an example of what?

- A. Customs
- B. Folkways ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Culture
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Meeting friends for tea is a folkway, an everyday habitual practice.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q96 (verified item — correct answer: Folkways).

16 Sociology

When some cultural elements grow fast while others lag behind, what is this called?

- A. None of these
- B. Cultural diffusion
- C. Cultural lag ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Cultural diversity

Why this answer? When some cultural elements grow fast and others lag behind, it is cultural lag.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q98 (verified item — correct answer: Cultural lag).

Question 17 Sociology

Which basic human needs are met by social institutions?

- A. Personality development
- B. All of these ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Shelter
- D. Food

Why this answer? Social institutions fulfil all of these basic human needs.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q100 (verified item — correct answer: All of these).

Question 18 Sociology

How does probation differ from parole?

- A. Parole replaces imprisonment; probation is release during a sentence
- B. Neither involves supervision
- C. Probation replaces imprisonment; parole is release during a sentence ✓

- D. They are the same thing

Why this answer? Probation is served in the community instead of prison, while parole is release during a prison sentence.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: probation and parole recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 19 Sociology

An offender on probation must normally do what?

- A. Serve the full prison term
- B. Follow conditions set by the court and report to the probation officer ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Leave the country
- D. Pay no attention to the court

Why this answer? An offender on probation must follow the court's conditions and report to the probation officer.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: probation and parole recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 20 Sociology

What is the main purpose of after-care for released offenders?

- A. To punish them again
- B. To help them settle back into society ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. To keep them in prison
- D. To remove their rights

Why this answer? After-care helps released offenders settle back into society.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: probation and parole recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 21 Sociology

Emile Durkheim's book on the division of labour is called what?

- A. Capital
- B. The Wealth of Nations
- C. The Division of Labour in Society ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. The Protestant Ethic

Why this answer? Durkheim's book on the division of labour is The Division of Labour in Society.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Durkheim recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 22 Sociology

What is an ideal type in Weber's sociology?

- A. A perfect real example
- B. A mental model used to compare real cases ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. A statistical average
- D. A moral rule

Why this answer? An ideal type is a mental model used to compare real cases.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Weber recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 23 Sociology

Who wrote The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism?

le Durkheim

- B. Auguste Comte
- C. Max Weber ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Karl Marx

Why this answer? Max Weber wrote The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Weber recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 24 Sociology

Symbolic interactionism is most associated with which thinker?

- A. Karl Marx
- B. Emile Durkheim
- C. Vilfredo Pareto
- D. George Herbert Mead ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? George Herbert Mead is the thinker most associated with symbolic interactionism.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: sociological theory recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 25 Sociology

The idea that social life is like a stage performance was put forward by whom?

- A. Erving Goffman ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Talcott Parsons
- C. Robert Merton
- D. Herbert Spencer

Why this answer? Erving Goffman put forward the dramaturgical view of social life as a

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: self and interaction recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 26 Sociology

Louis Wirth described urbanism as what?

- A. A type of farming
- B. A religion
- C. A political system
- D. A way of life ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Louis Wirth described urbanism as a way of life.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: urban sociology recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 27 Sociology

A family made up of parents and their children only is called what?

- A. Extended family
- B. Nuclear family ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Joint family
- D. Clan

Why this answer? A nuclear family is made up of parents and their children only.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: family recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 28 Sociology

What does endogamy mean?

- riage within one's own group ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Marriage outside one's group
- C. Marriage to several partners
- D. No marriage

Why this answer? Endogamy is marriage within one's own group.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: family and marriage recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 29 Sociology

How do mores differ from folkways?

- A. Mores are less important
- B. There is no difference
- C. Mores are only about dress
- D. Mores carry a stronger moral sense and stricter sanctions ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Mores carry a stronger moral sense and stricter sanctions than folkways.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: norms and values recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 30 Sociology

What is a taboo?

- A. A law about trade
- B. A festival
- C. A practice that is strongly forbidden by a society ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A popular custom

Why this answer? A taboo is a practice strongly forbidden by a society.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: norms and values recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 31 Sociology

What is a reference group?

- A. A group that keeps records
- B. A government committee
- C. A family only
- D. A group a person uses as a standard for judging himself ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? A reference group is a group a person uses as a standard for judging himself.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: groups recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 32 Sociology

The terms in-group and out-group were introduced by whom?

- A. Max Weber
- B. Emile Durkheim
- C. William Graham Sumner ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Karl Marx

Why this answer? William Graham Sumner introduced the terms in-group and out-group.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: groups recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 33 Sociology

What is an achieved status?

osition gained by a person's own efforts ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. A position given at birth
- C. A job in government
- D. A title inherited from parents

Why this answer? An achieved status is a position gained by a person's own efforts.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: status and role recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 34 Sociology

What is role conflict?

- A. A fight between two people
- B. A change of job
- C. A new law
- D. Tension when the demands of two roles clash ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Role conflict is tension when the demands of two roles clash.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: status and role recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 35 Sociology

Moving from one job to another of similar rank is an example of what?

- A. Horizontal mobility ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Upward mobility
- C. Downward mobility
- D. Vertical mobility

Why this answer? Moving between jobs of similar rank is horizontal mobility.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: stratification recur in

of this post.

Question 36 Sociology

In Comte's law of three stages, the final stage is which?

- A. Metaphysical
- B. Positive ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Primitive
- D. Theological

Why this answer? In Comte's law of three stages the final stage is the positive stage.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Comte recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 37 Sociology

Herbert Spencer is best known for applying which idea to society?

- A. The looking-glass self
- B. Strain theory
- C. Evolution and survival of the fittest ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. The class struggle

Why this answer? Herbert Spencer applied evolution and survival of the fittest to society.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: sociological theory recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 38 Sociology

What does Ibn Khaldun's term asabiyyah mean?

- A. Social cohesion or group solidarity ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. A tax

rm of government

- D. A religious sect

Why this answer? Asabiyyah means social cohesion or group solidarity.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Ibn Khaldun recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 39 Sociology

The Muqaddimah, an early work of history and sociology, was written by whom?

- A. Ibn Khaldun ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Ibn Sina
- C. Al-Farabi
- D. Ibn Rushd

Why this answer? Ibn Khaldun wrote the Muqaddimah.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Ibn Khaldun recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 40 Sociology

In Durkheim's sociology of religion, what is the sacred?

- A. Government laws
- B. Trade goods
- C. Things set apart and treated with reverence ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Everyday ordinary things

Why this answer? The sacred means things set apart and treated with reverence.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: religion recur in every sitting of this post.

41 Sociology

Which of these is one of Weber's three types of legitimate authority?

- A. Charismatic authority ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Military authority
- C. Economic authority
- D. Hereditary authority alone

Why this answer? Weber's three types of legitimate authority are traditional, charismatic and rational-legal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: Weber and authority recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 42 Sociology

What does secularisation mean?

- A. Building more mosques
- B. The decline of religious influence in public life ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. The spread of a religion
- D. A religious festival

Why this answer? Secularisation is the decline of religious influence in public life.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: religion recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 43 Sociology

During adolescence, which agent of socialisation becomes especially important?

- A. The courts
- B. The peer group ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. The family alone

Why this answer? During adolescence the peer group becomes an especially important agent of socialisation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Sociology: socialisation recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 44 Research Methods

What is the opening step when a research process begins?

- A. None of these
- B. Survey of related literature
- C. Identification of problem ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Searching sources of information to locate problem

Why this answer? Identification of the problem is the first step in the research process.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q37 (verified item — correct answer: Identification of problem).

Question 45 Research Methods

What must a researcher provide before a variable can be measured?

- A. Quantitative theorem
- B. Hypothesis
- C. None of these
- D. Operational definition ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? To measure a variable, research must give an operational definition.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q47 (verified item — correct answer: Operational definition).

46 Research Methods

What is a variable called that comes after the independent variable and before the dependent variable?

- A. Dependent variable
- B. Intervening variable ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Extraneous variable
- D. None of these

Why this answer? A variable between the independent and dependent variables is the intervening variable.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q49 (verified item — correct answer: Intervening variable).

Question 47 Research Methods

The survey method is used in which kind of research?

- A. Quantitative
- B. Qualitative
- C. Both A and B ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Both A and B: the survey method is used in both quantitative and qualitative research.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q60 (verified item — correct answer: Both A and B).

Question 48 Research Methods

What is a dependent variable?

- A. A constant

hypothesis

- C. The factor the researcher changes
- D. The outcome that depends on the independent variable ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The dependent variable is the outcome that depends on the independent variable.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Research Methods: variables recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 49 Research Methods

What is random sampling?

- A. Choosing one person
- B. Choosing people by convenience
- C. Choosing so every member has an equal chance of selection ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Choosing only experts

Why this answer? In random sampling every member of the population has an equal chance of selection.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Research Methods: sampling recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 50 Research Methods

What is a case study?

- A. A laboratory test
- B. A census
- C. An in-depth study of one person, group or event ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. A survey of thousands

swer? A case study is an in-depth study of one person, group or event.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Research Methods: research design recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 51 Research Methods

What is participant observation?

- A. Reading old records
- B. Asking written questions
- C. Watching people without joining them
- D. Joining a group and taking part in its life while observing it ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Participant observation means joining a group and taking part in its life while observing it.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Research Methods: data collection recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 52 Research Methods

What does reliability mean in research?

- A. Getting consistent results when the study is repeated ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Getting surprising results
- C. Using a large sample
- D. Publishing the results

Why this answer? Reliability is getting consistent results when the study is repeated.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Research Methods: validity and reliability recur in every sitting of this post.

53 Research Methods

Which of these is qualitative data?

- A. Numbers and measurements
- B. Words, descriptions and meanings ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Graphs only
- D. Test scores

Why this answer? Qualitative data consists of words, descriptions and meanings.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Research Methods: types of data recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 54 Social Work

Medical social work is chiefly concerned with what?

- A. Health and Care ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Social and preventive medicine
- C. Social group work
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Medical social work is related to health and care.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q40 (verified item — correct answer: Health and Care).

Question 55 Social Work

In social work, counselling counts as which kind of method?

- A. Both A and B
- B. None of these
- C. Direct method ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Indirect method

swer? Counselling is a direct method of social work, working face to face with the client.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q55 (verified item — correct answer: Direct method).

Question 56 Social Work

Social case work covers which of these stages?

- A. Social study
- B. Social Diagnosis
- C. Social treatment
- D. All of these ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Social case work involves all of these: study, diagnosis and treatment.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q62 (verified item — correct answer: All of these).

Question 57 Social Work

Dar-ul-Aman shelters are designated for whom?

- A. Women ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. None of these
- C. Old age
- D. Disabled

Why this answer? Dar-ul-Aman is a shelter for women.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q68 (verified item — correct answer: Women).

58 Social Work

What is social case work?

- A. Working with a whole village at once
- B. Working one-to-one with a person to help solve his problems ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Running a school
- D. Writing laws

Why this answer? Social case work is working one-to-one with a person to help solve his problems.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: methods of social work recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 59 Social Work

What is the difference between social work and social welfare?

- A. Social work is only for children
- B. Social work is a professional helping method; social welfare is the wider system of services ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. They are identical
- D. Social welfare is only for the rich

Why this answer? Social work is a professional helping method, while social welfare is the wider system of services.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 60 Social Work

What does NGO stand for?

n-Governmental Organisation ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. New Government Order
- C. National Growth Organisation
- D. National Government Office

Why this answer? NGO stands for Non-Governmental Organisation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social welfare recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 61 Social Work

Which quality is most needed by a social worker when listening to a client?

- A. Anger
- B. Indifference
- C. Haste
- D. Empathy ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Empathy is the quality most needed when listening to a client.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Social Work: social work ethics recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 62 Criminology

Under which heading does electronic crime fall?

- A. Organized crime
- B. Cyber Crime ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. White collar crime
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Electronic crime is cyber crime.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-

/erified item — correct answer: Cyber Crime).

Question 63 Criminology

What is the study of offenders in terms of their physical characteristics called?

- A. Criminal Anthropology ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. None of these
- C. Criminal sociology
- D. Pinalology

Why this answer? The physical study of offenders' personality is criminal anthropology (Lombroso).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q32 (verified item — correct answer: Criminal Anthropology).

Question 64 Criminology

Human trafficking is classified as what kind of crime?

- A. Hate crime
- B. Organized crime ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Violent crime
- D. None of these

Why this answer? Human trafficking is a form of organised crime.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q35 (verified item — correct answer: Organized crime).

Question 65 Criminology

Differential association theory was put forward by which sociologist?

- A. None of these

- C. Herbert Spencer
- D. Edwin Sutherland ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Edwin Sutherland developed differential association theory.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q64 (verified item — correct answer: Edwin Sutherland).

Question 66 Criminology

What is victimology?

- A. The study of judges
- B. The study of prisons
- C. The study of laws
- D. The study of victims of crime ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Victimology is the study of victims of crime.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Criminology: victimology recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 67 Criminology

Cesare Lombroso is regarded as what?

- A. The founder of sociology
- B. The first probation officer
- C. The author of the Penal Code
- D. The father of modern criminology ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Cesare Lombroso is regarded as the father of modern criminology.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Criminology: criminology recur in every sitting of this post.

68 Criminology

Which aim of punishment tries to stop others from offending by the example of punishment?

- A. Retribution
- B. Restoration
- C. Rehabilitation
- D. Deterrence ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Deterrence tries to stop others from offending by the example of punishment.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Criminology: aims of punishment recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 69 General Knowledge

What do the letters UNICEF stand for in full?

- A. None of these
- B. United Nations Internal Cultural Educational Foundation.
- C. United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. United Nations International Children Educational Foundation

Why this answer? UNICEF stands for United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q4 (verified item — correct answer: United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund).

Question 70 General Knowledge

Which country produces more oil than any other?

✓ Predicted answer

- B. Iran
- C. None of these
- D. Saudi Arabia

Why this answer? The USA is the largest producer of oil.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q15 (verified item — correct answer: USA).

Question 71 General Knowledge

Which city serves as the capital of Punjab?

- A. None of these
- B. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Multan
- D. Faisalabad

Why this answer? Lahore is the capital of Punjab.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q19 (verified item — correct answer: Lahore).

Question 72 General Knowledge

On which date did Pakistan come into being?

- A. 14 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 23 March 1940
- C. 14 August 1948
- D. 25 December 1947

Why this answer? Pakistan came into being on 14 August 1947.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan

y sitting of this post.

Question 73 General Knowledge

Which animal is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Tiger
- C. Snow leopard
- D. Lion

Why this answer? The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 74 General Knowledge

In which year was SAARC founded?

- A. 1985 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1990
- C. 1995
- D. 1980

Why this answer? SAARC was founded in 1985.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: international organisations recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 75 English

Complete the sentence: She deprived her husband ___ all he had.

- A. Of ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. None of these

- D. To

Why this answer? 'Deprived of' is the correct phrase: she deprived her husband of all he had.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q6 (verified item — correct answer: Of).

Question 76 English

Choose the words that correctly complete this sentence: ___ two rings here on my little finger belonged to ___ grandmother.

- A. None of these
- B. These/my ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. That/mine
- D. Those/me

Why this answer? 'These/my' fits: these two rings belonged to my grandmother.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q11 (verified item — correct answer: These/my).

Question 77 English

Tea is made from leaves; coffee is made from what part of the plant?

- A. Stimulant
- B. None of these
- C. Plants
- D. Seeds ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Coffee beans are seeds, so the parallel is leaves : seeds.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-

verified item — correct answer. Seeds).

Question 78 English

What is the plural of child?

- A. Childes
- B. Childs
- C. Childrens
- D. Children ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The plural of child is children.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 79 English

Choose the correct passive form: The letter ___ yesterday.

- A. is writing
- B. writes
- C. was written ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. wrote

Why this answer? The correct passive form is was written.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — English: grammar recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 80 Computer

Who is credited with inventing the first computer mouse?

- A. Douglas Engelbart ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Oaniel Coogher

- D. William English

Why this answer? Douglas Engelbart invented the first computer mouse.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q13 (verified item — correct answer: Douglas Engelbart).

Question 81 Computer

Which MS Access data type is meant for storing large blocks of text?

- A. OLE
- B. None of these
- C. Text
- D. Memo ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Memo data type stores large text in MS Access.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q23 (verified item — correct answer: Memo).

Question 82 Computer

How many bytes are there in one kilobyte?

- A. 512 bytes
- B. 1024 bytes ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1000 bytes exactly in computing
- D. 100 bytes

Why this answer? One kilobyte is 1024 bytes.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer: computer basics recur in every sitting of this post.

83 Computer

Which of these is an internet browser?

- A. Adobe Reader
- B. Notepad
- C. Google Chrome ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Microsoft Word

Why this answer? Google Chrome is an internet browser.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer: computer basics recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 84 Computer

What does e-mail stand for?

- A. Express mail
- B. Emergency mail
- C. English mail
- D. Electronic mail ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? E-mail stands for electronic mail.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Computer: computer basics recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 85 History

In which year did the revolution that brought the Bolsheviks to power in Russia take place?

- A. 1917 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1492
- C. None of these

Why this answer? The Russian Revolution occurred in 1917.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q2 (verified item — correct answer: 1917).

Question 86 History

Who was the first Governor-General of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- D. Ghulam Muhammad

Why this answer? Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah was the first Governor-General of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — History: Pakistan movement recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 87 History

In which year was the Battle of Plassey fought?

- A. 1947
- B. 1526
- C. 1757 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1857

Why this answer? The Battle of Plassey was fought in 1757.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — History: history recur in every sitting of this post.

88 General Science

What is the chemical formula of water?

- A. H2O ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. O2
- C. NaCl
- D. CO2

Why this answer? The chemical formula of water is H2O.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Science: general science recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 89 General Science

At what temperature does pure water boil at sea level?

- A. 100 degrees Celsius ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 80 degrees Celsius
- C. 120 degrees Celsius
- D. 90 degrees Celsius

Why this answer? Pure water boils at 100 degrees Celsius at sea level.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Science: general science recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 90 Current Affairs

Which country announced no GDP growth target in May 2020?

- A. None of these
- B. India
- C. China ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Pakistan

swer? China did not set a GDP growth target in May 2020, the first time in decades.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q21 (verified item — correct answer: China).

Question 91 Current Affairs

What is the national language of Pakistan?

- A. Punjabi
- B. Urdu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Sindhi
- D. English

Why this answer? Urdu is the national language of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Current Affairs: Pakistan recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 92 Pakistan Studies

For how many years is a member of the Senate of Pakistan elected?

- A. 5 years
- B. 6 years ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. None of these
- D. 4 years

Why this answer? A member of the Senate serves a 6-year term.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q26 (verified item — correct answer: 6 years).

93 Pakistan Studies

Which city was the first capital of Pakistan?

- A. Islamabad
- B. Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Rawalpindi
- D. Lahore

Why this answer? Karachi was the first capital of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan studies recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 94 Mathematics

A man walks one way and rides back in 6 hours 15 minutes, and walks both ways in 7 hours 45 minutes. How long would riding both ways take?

- A. None of these
- B. 5 hours
- C. 4 hours and 45 min ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 4 hours and 30 mins

Why this answer? Ride both ways = 2 x 2h 22.5m = 4 hours 45 minutes.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q94 (verified item — correct answer: 4 hours and 45 min).

Question 95 Mathematics

What is the square root of 144?

- A. 12 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 13
- C. 14

Why this answer? The square root of 144 is 12.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Mathematics: mathematics recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 96 Urdu Literature

The novel Akhir-e-Shab ke Humsafar was written by whom?

- A. None of these
- B. Jameela Hashmi
- C. Begum Akhtar Riaz ud-Din
- D. Quratulain Haider ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Quratulain Haider wrote the novel Akhir-e-Shab ke Humsafar.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q8 (verified item — correct answer: Quratulain Haider).

Question 97 Urdu

لفظ کتاب کا جمع کیا ہے؟

A. کتابوں

B. کتابچہ

C. کتابیں

Predicted answer ✓ D. کتب

Why this answer? لفظ کتاب کا جمع کتب ہے۔

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Urdu: Urdu recur in every sitting of this post.

98 Geography

Which is the largest desert in Pakistan?

- A. Thal Desert
- B. Thar Desert ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Cholistan Desert
- D. Kharan Desert

Why this answer? The Thar Desert is the largest desert in Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Geography: geography recur in every sitting of this post.

Question 99 Islamic Studies

In which Hijri year did Jihad become obligatory?

- A. 03 Hijri
- B. None of these
- C. 01 Hijri
- D. 02 Hijri ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Jihad became farz in 2 Hijri.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q30 (verified item — correct answer: 02 Hijri).

Question 100 Statistics

Bivariate data involves how many variables?

- A. None of these
- B. One
- C. Two ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Three

swer: Bivariate data is data on two variables, paired together.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: PPSC-2022-PAROLE-PROBATION-BPS16 Q66 (verified item — correct answer: Two).

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