PPSC Senior Subject Specialist History / Pakistan Studies | BS-18 — GUESS PAPER 2026 (Set 2 of 2) · Predicted Questions

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Senior Subject Specialist History / Pakistan Studies | BS-18 · **Set:** 2 of 2 · **Questions:** 100 predicted — 0 repeated questions, 50 verified facts predicted to recur, 50 syllabus anchors · **Price:** Free

GUESS PAPER — predicted questions for the upcoming exam, NOT a past paper. Every question below is a prediction: it is here because the same question, the same fact, or the same topic appeared in verified PPSC Senior Subject Specialist History / Pakistan Studies | BS-18 past papers. **No pass guarantee.** A guess paper raises the odds; it does not promise a result. Answers are the best-supported answers, not exam keys.
[C]-HEAVY PAPER — thin verified pool. 50 of the 100 questions below are syllabus anchors on this post's recurring topics, because the verified archive for this post holds only 97 items. Those questions are flagged [C] on every one of them: they are predictions about the syllabus, not verified facts. Study the topic, not just the answer.

> **How to use this paper:** study the basis under each question, not just the answer — the real paper will ask the same topics in different words. Revise the underlying topic, not only the four options. Do not quote any item as "asked in the 2026 exam" — nothing here has been asked yet.

Question 1 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Faraizi movement founded by Haji Shariatullah?

- A. 1857
- B. 1875
- C. 1818 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Haji Shariatullah founded the Faraizi movement in Bengal in 1818.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q2 (verified item — Faraizi movement founded by Haji Shariatullah in 1818).

Question 2 Pakistan Studies

The Chaj Doab lies between which two rivers?

- A. Ravi and Chenab
- B. Ravi and Jhelum ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Jhelum and Indus
- D. Ravi and Sutlej

Why this answer? The Ravi and Jhelum enclose the Chaj Doab; the Rachna Doab lies between the Ravi and the Chenab.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q3 (verified item — Ravi and Jhelum enclose the Chaj Doab).

Question 3 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the All India Muslim Students Federation founded at Calcutta?

- A. 1935
- B. 1936
- C. 1937 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1938

Why this answer? The All India Muslim Students Federation was founded at Calcutta in 1937.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q4 (verified item — All India Muslim Students Federation founded at Calcutta, 1937).

Question 4 Pakistan Studies

In which year did King Faisal of Saudi Arabia visit Pakistan and announce funding for the Faisal Mosque?

- A. 1967
- B. 1964
- C. 1965
- D. 1966 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? King Faisal bin Abdulaziz visited Pakistan in 1966 and announced funding for the Faisal Mosque.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q5 (verified item — King Faisal visited Pakistan in 1966, funding for the Faisal Mosque).

Question 5 Pakistan Studies

In which city did Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar die in 1931?

- A. London ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Delhi
- C. Karachi
- D. Aligarh

Why this answer? Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar died in London on 4 January 1931, during the First Round Table Conference.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q6 (verified item — Maulana Muhammad

d in London, 4 January 1931).

Question 6 Pakistan Studies

On which date was the Shimla Accord signed?

- A. 3 July 1972
- B. 2 August 1972
- C. 2 July 1971
- D. 2 July 1972 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Shimla Accord was signed on 2 July 1972.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q7 (verified item — Shimla Accord signed 2 July 1972).

Question 7 Pakistan Studies

In which year did the Muslim League observe Direct Action Day on 16 August?

- A. 1944
- B. 1945
- C. 1946 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1947

Why this answer? The Muslim League observed Direct Action Day on 16 August 1946.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q8 (verified item — Direct Action Day observed 16 August 1946).

Question 8 Pakistan Studies

Who announced the Communal Award of 1932?

d Irwin

- B. Lord Willingdon
- C. Clement Attlee
- D. Ramsay MacDonald ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Ramsay MacDonald announced the Communal Award on 16 August 1932.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q10 (verified item — Communal Award announced by Ramsay MacDonald, 16 August 1932).

Question 9 Pakistan Studies

At which place did Sir Syed found the Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental High School in 1875?

- A. Calcutta
- B. Aligarh ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Lahore
- D. Delhi

Why this answer? Sir Syed founded the Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental High School at Aligarh in 1875.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q12 (verified item — Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental High School founded at Aligarh, 1875).

Question 10 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Rawalpindi Conspiracy Case tried?

- A. 1949
- B. 1950
- C. 1951 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Faiz Ahmed Faiz was among those convicted in the Rawalpindi Conspiracy Case of 1951.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q13 (verified item — Rawalpindi Conspiracy Case of 1951).

Question 11 Pakistan Studies

Zulfikar Ali Bhutto served as President of Pakistan during which years?

- A. 1969–1971
- B. 1971–1973 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1973–1977
- D. 1977–1979

Why this answer? Zulfikar Ali Bhutto was both President (1971–1973) and Prime Minister (1973–1977) of Pakistan.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q14 (verified item — Zulfikar Ali Bhutto was President 1971–1973).

Question 12 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Pakistan purchase Gwadar from Muscat?

- A. 1958 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1959
- C. 1956
- D. 1957

Why this answer? Pakistan purchased Gwadar from Muscat (Oman) in 1958.

ed [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q15 (verified item — Gwadar purchased from Muscat (Oman), 1958).

Question 13 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Central Muhammadan Association founded by Syed Amir Ali?

- A. 1876
- B. 1877 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1878
- D. 1875

Why this answer? Syed Amir Ali founded the Central Muhammadan Association in 1877.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q16 (verified item — Central Muhammadan Association founded by Syed Amir Ali, 1877).

Question 14 Pakistan Studies

Why did Indian Muslims celebrate the Day of Deliverance on 22 December 1939?

- A. Start of the Quit India Movement
- B. End of the First World War
- C. Resignation of the Congress ministries ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Passing of the Lahore Resolution

Why this answer? The Day of Deliverance was celebrated by Indian Muslims on 22 December 1939, when the Congress ministries resigned.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q17 (verified item — Day of Deliverance celebrated 22 December 1939, Congress ministries resigned).

15 Pakistan Studies

What happened to the death sentence passed on Maududi by a military court in May 1953?

- A. It was never announced
- B. It was upheld on appeal
- C. It was carried out
- D. It was later commuted ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Maududi was sentenced to death by a military court in May 1953 over the Qadiani (Ahmadi) agitation; the sentence was later commuted.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q18 (verified item — Maududi's 1953 death sentence was later commuted).

Question 16 Pakistan Studies

K. K. Aziz is the author of which of these books?

- A. The Discovery of India
- B. The Making of Pakistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Jinnah of Pakistan
- D. The Myth of Independence

Why this answer? K. K. Aziz wrote 'The Making of Pakistan'.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q19 (verified item — 'The Making of Pakistan' written by K. K. Aziz).

Question 17 Pakistan Studies

In which month of 1919 was the Rowlatt Act passed?

- B. February
- C. March ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. April

Why this answer? The Rowlatt Act was passed in March 1919.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q20 (verified item — Rowlatt Act passed March 1919).

Question 18 Pakistan Studies

Pir Sahib Manki Sharif founded which party in September 1949?

- A. Jinnah Muslim League
- B. Jinnah League
- C. Awami League
- D. Awami Muslim League ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pir Sahib Manki Sharif founded the Awami Muslim League in September 1949.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q21 (verified item — Awami Muslim League founded by Pir Sahib Manki Sharif, September 1949).

Question 19 Pakistan Studies

On which date was the Sino-Pakistan Boundary Agreement signed?

- A. 2 March 1961
- B. 2 March 1962
- C. 2 March 1963 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 2 March 1964

swer? Pakistan and China signed the boundary agreement on 2 March 1963.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q22 (verified item — Sino-Pak Boundary Agreement signed 2 March 1963).

Question 20 Pakistan Studies

Near which city was Ojri Camp, the ammunition depot that exploded in 1988?

- A. Quetta
- B. Rawalpindi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Lahore
- D. Peshawar

Why this answer? Ojri Camp near Rawalpindi was an ammunition depot; its explosion in 1988 killed about 100 people.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q23 (verified item — Ojri Camp near Rawalpindi was an ammunition depot).

Question 21 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Pervez Musharraf take over as Chief Executive of Pakistan?

- A. 2000
- B. 1997
- C. 1998
- D. 1999 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pervez Musharraf took the title of Chief Executive of Pakistan after the 1999 takeover.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-

tan-studies-school-education-2015 Q24 (verified item — Pervez Musharraf took over as Chief Executive after the 1999 takeover).

Question 22 Pakistan Studies

Usman Marvandi is the original name of which saint?

- A. Baba Farid
- B. Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai
- C. Lal Shahbaz Qalandar ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Data Ganj Bakhsh

Why this answer? Lal Shahbaz Qalandar's original name was Usman Marvandi.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q25 (verified item — Lal Shahbaz Qalandar's original name — Usman Marvandi).

Question 23 Pakistan Studies

On which date was Quaid-e-Azam elected the first president of the Constituent Assembly?

- A. 14 August 1948
- B. 11 August 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 14 August 1947
- D. 11 August 1948

Why this answer? Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah was elected the first president of the Constituent Assembly on 11 August 1947.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q26 (verified item — Quaid-e-Azam elected first president of the Constituent Assembly, 11 August 1947).

24 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Nehru Report published?

- A. 1928 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1929
- C. 1926
- D. 1927

Why this answer? The Nehru Report of 1928 rejected separate electorates and proposed joint electorates.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q27 (verified item — Nehru Report of 1928).

Question 25 Pakistan Studies

Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan served as Pakistan's first Foreign Minister until which year?

- A. 1953
- B. 1954 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1951
- D. 1952

Why this answer? Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan was Pakistan's first Foreign Minister (1947–1954).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q28 (verified item — Zafrullah Khan was Pakistan's first Foreign Minister, 1947–1954).

26 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the All India Muslim League founded?

- A. 1909
- B. 1911
- C. 1913
- D. 1906 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The All India Muslim League was founded in 1906; one of its written aims was to promote loyalty towards the British Government.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q30 (verified item — All India Muslim League founded in 1906).

Question 27 Pakistan Studies

Col. Ilahi Baksh, the Quaid's physician, wrote which book?

- A. The Myth of Independence
- B. With the Quaid-i-Azam During His Last Days ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Jinnah of Pakistan
- D. The Making of Pakistan

Why this answer? Col. Ilahi Baksh, the Quaid's physician, wrote 'With the Quaid-i-Azam During His Last Days'.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q31 (verified item — Col. Ilahi Baksh wrote 'With the Quaid-i-Azam During His Last Days').

Question 28 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Pakistan apply for membership of the United Nations?

7 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. 1948
- C. 1949
- D. 1950

Why this answer? Afghanistan was the only country to oppose Pakistan's application for UN membership in 1947.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q33 (verified item — Pakistan applied for UN membership in 1947).

Question 29 Pakistan Studies

On which date did Lord Mountbatten announce the partition of India?

- A. 3 June 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 14 August 1947
- C. 3 June 1948
- D. 3 June 1946

Why this answer? Lord Mountbatten announced the partition of India into two independent states on 3 June 1947.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q34 (verified item — Mountbatten announced the partition plan on 3 June 1947).

Question 30 Pakistan Studies

In which year was Stanley Wolpert's 'Jinnah of Pakistan' published?

- A. 1984 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 1985
- C. 1982

Why this answer? Stanley Wolpert wrote 'Jinnah of Pakistan' (1984).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q36 (verified item — 'Jinnah of Pakistan' written by Stanley Wolpert, 1984).

Question 31 Pakistan Studies

The 1973 Constitution introduced which system in Pakistan?

- A. Bicameralism ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. One Unit
- C. Presidential rule
- D. Dyarchy

Why this answer? Bicameralism (Senate plus National Assembly) was introduced by the 1973 Constitution.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q37 (verified item — Bicameralism introduced by the 1973 Constitution).

Question 32 Pakistan Studies

At which session was Allama Iqbal chosen president of the All India Muslim League in 1930?

- A. Delhi session
- B. Lucknow session
- C. Lahore session
- D. Allahabad session ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Allama Iqbal was chosen president of the All India Muslim League in

Allahabad session.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q38 (verified item — Iqbal chosen League president at the Allahabad session, 1930).

Question 33 Pakistan Studies

Where was the first SAARC summit held?

- A. Dhaka ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. New Delhi
- C. Colombo
- D. Kathmandu

Why this answer? The first SAARC summit was held at Dhaka in December 1985.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q39 (verified item — First SAARC summit held at Dhaka, December 1985).

Question 34 Pakistan Studies

On which date was the Cabinet Mission Plan announced?

- A. 19 February 1945
- B. 19 February 1946 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 19 March 1946
- D. 16 May 1946

Why this answer? The Cabinet Mission plan was announced on 19 February 1946 (the Mission reached India in March 1946).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q40 (verified item — Cabinet Mission Plan

9 February 1946).

Question 35 Pakistan Studies

Who reached Calicut in 1498, becoming the first European to arrive in South Asia by sea?

- A. Vasco da Gama ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Christopher Columbus
- C. Ferdinand Magellan
- D. John Cabot

Why this answer? The Portuguese were the first Europeans in South Asia — Vasco da Gama reached Calicut in 1498.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q41 (verified item — Vasco da Gama reached Calicut in 1498).

Question 36 Pakistan Studies

On which date did the War of Independence of 1857 begin at Meerut?

- A. 10 May 1856
- B. 10 June 1857
- C. 10 April 1857
- D. 10 May 1857 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The War of Independence of 1857 started at Meerut on 10 May 1857.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q42 (verified item — War of Independence of 1857 started at Meerut, 10 May 1857).

37 Pakistan Studies

In which month of 1946 was the Cabinet Mission Plan presented?

- A. April
- B. May ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. June
- D. March

Why this answer? The Cabinet Mission Plan of May 1946 proposed a Union of India embracing both British India and the princely states.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q43 (verified item — Cabinet Mission Plan of May 1946).

Question 38 Pakistan Studies

On which date did Yahya Khan issue the Legal Framework Order?

- A. 30 March 1969
- B. 30 March 1970 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 30 March 1971
- D. 30 March 1972

Why this answer? The Legal Framework Order (LFO) was issued by Yahya Khan on 30 March 1970.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q44 (verified item — Legal Framework Order issued by Yahya Khan, 30 March 1970).

Question 39 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the partition of Bengal annulled?

1 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. 1912
- C. 1909
- D. 1910

Why this answer? The partition of Bengal was cancelled in 1911 during the viceroyalty of Lord Hardinge.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q47 (verified item — Partition of Bengal cancelled in 1911).

Question 40 Pakistan Studies

On which date was the Pakistan People's Party founded?

- A. 30 November 1967 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 30 November 1966
- C. 30 December 1967
- D. 30 November 1968

Why this answer? The Pakistan People's Party was founded on 30 November 1967.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q48 (verified item — Pakistan People's Party founded 30 November 1967).

Question 41 Pakistan Studies

About which Act did Gandhi say, 'I will tear it or burn it or throw it away but never accept it'?

- A. Government of India Act 1919
- B. Government of India Act 1935 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Indian Councils Act 1909

Why this answer? M. K. Gandhi said of the Government of India Act 1935, 'I will tear it or burn it or throw it away but never accept it'.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q49 (verified item — Gandhi's remark on the Government of India Act 1935).

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

Khawaja Nazimuddin served as Prime Minister of Pakistan during which years?

- A. 1955–1957
- B. 1948–1951
- C. 1951–1953 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1953–1955

Why this answer? Khawaja Nazimuddin was Governor-General (1948–1951) and then Prime Minister (1951–1953).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q50 (verified item — Khawaja Nazimuddin was Prime Minister 1951–1953).

Question 43 Pakistan Studies

Mahmud-ul-Hassan initiated which movement in 1905?

- A. Non-cooperation Movement
- B. Rashmi Roomal Movement ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Khilafat Movement
- D. Faraizi Movement

Why this answer? The Rashmi Roomal (Silk Handkerchief) Movement of 1905 was

Mahmud-ul-Hassan (Mahmud Hasan Deobandi).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q52 (verified item — Rashmi Roomal Movement initiated by Mahmud-ul-Hassan, 1905).

Question 44 Pakistan Studies

Justice Abdul Rashid served as Pakistan's first Chief Justice until which year?

- A. 1952
- B. 1953
- C. 1954 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1951

Why this answer? Justice Abdul Rashid (Mian Abdul Rashid) was the first Chief Justice of Pakistan (1949–1954).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q53 (verified item — Justice Abdul Rashid was the first Chief Justice, 1949–1954).

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

In which city was Anjuman-e-Himayat-e-Islam established in 1884?

- A. Lucknow
- B. Lahore ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Amritsar
- D. Delhi

Why this answer? Anjuman-e-Himayat-e-Islam was established at Lahore in 1884.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q54 (verified item — Anjuman-e-Himayat-

olished at Lahore, 1884).

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

On which date was the Liaquat-Nehru Pact signed?

- A. 8 April 1952
- B. 8 April 1949
- C. 8 April 1950 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 8 April 1951

Why this answer? The Liaquat-Nehru Pact (Delhi Pact) was signed on 8 April 1950.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q55 (verified item — Liaquat-Nehru Pact signed 8 April 1950).

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

On which date did Gwadar formally become part of Pakistan?

- A. 8 September 1957
- B. 8 September 1958 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 8 September 1959
- D. 8 September 1956

Why this answer? Gwadar became part of Pakistan on 8 September 1958, after purchase from Muscat (Oman).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q56 (verified item — Gwadar became part of Pakistan on 8 September 1958).

48 Pakistan Studies

The Durand Line agreement of 1893 was signed between Sir Mortimer Durand and whom?

- A. Dost Muhammad Khan
- B. Amir Abdur Rahman Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. King Amanullah Khan
- D. Sher Ali Khan

Why this answer? The Durand Line was drawn in 1893, by the agreement between Amir Abdur Rahman Khan and Sir Mortimer Durand.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q58 (verified item — Durand Line drawn in 1893, Amir Abdur Rahman Khan and Sir Mortimer Durand).

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

The song 'Bande Mataram' appears in which novel?

- A. Anandamath ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Godan
- C. Gora
- D. Devdas

Why this answer? Bande Mataram was an anthem — the song from Bankim Chandra Chatterjee's novel 'Anandamath', later India's national song.

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q59 (verified item — Bande Mataram is the song from the novel 'Anandamath').

50 Pakistan Studies

The Wardha scheme of 1937 is also known by which name?

- A. Nai Talim ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Deoband model
- C. Aligarh model
- D. Gurukul system

Why this answer? The Wardha scheme of 1937 was about education — Gandhi's scheme of Basic Education (Nai Talim).

Why predicted [B] — Verified fact, predicted to recur: ppsc-senior-subject-specialist-history-pakistan-studies-school-education-2015 Q60 (verified item — Wardha scheme of 1937 — Gandhi's Basic Education (Nai Talim)).

Question 51 Pakistan Studies

Who led the Simla Deputation of 1906?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. Aga Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

Why this answer? The Simla Deputation of 1906, which asked for separate electorates, was led by the Aga Khan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Simla Deputation recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 52 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Lucknow Pact signed between the Congress and the Muslim League?

6 ✓ **Predicted answer**

- B. 1917
- C. 1914
- D. 1915

Why this answer? The Lucknow Pact of 1916 brought the Congress and the Muslim League together on constitutional demands.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Lucknow Pact recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 53 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Khilafat Movement launched?

- A. 1918
- B. 1919 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1920
- D. 1921

Why this answer? The Khilafat Movement was launched in 1919 to defend the Ottoman Caliphate.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Khilafat Movement recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 54 Pakistan Studies

Who launched the Non-cooperation Movement of 1920?

- A. Jawaharlal Nehru
- B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- C. Mahatma Gandhi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah

swer? Mahatma Gandhi launched the Non-cooperation Movement in 1920.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Non-cooperation Movement recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 55 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Jinnah present his Fourteen Points?

- A. 1930
- B. 1931
- C. 1928
- D. 1929 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Jinnah presented his Fourteen Points in 1929 as the Muslims' constitutional demands.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: Jinnah's Fourteen Points recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 56 Pakistan Studies

Who delivered the Allahabad Address in 1930?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
- C. Allama Iqbal ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah

Why this answer? Allama Iqbal delivered the Allahabad Address in 1930, outlining the idea of a separate Muslim state in the north-west.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Allahabad Address recurs in every sitting of this post.

57 Pakistan Studies

In which city were the Round Table Conferences of 1930–32 held?

- A. Delhi
- B. Paris
- C. Simla
- D. London ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The three Round Table Conferences (1930–32) were held in London.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Round Table Conferences recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 58 Pakistan Studies

Which of these was introduced by the Government of India Act 1935?

- A. Separate electorates for the first time
- B. One Unit
- C. Provincial autonomy ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Dyarchy in the provinces

Why this answer? The Government of India Act 1935 introduced provincial autonomy in British India.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the Government of India Act 1935 recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 59 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the Quit India Movement launched?

- A. 1943
- B. 1940
- C. 1941

2 ✓ Predicted answer

Why this answer? The Quit India Movement was launched by Gandhi in 1942.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Quit India Movement recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 60 Pakistan Studies

In which year did the Cripps Mission visit India?

- A. 1943
- B. 1940
- C. 1941
- D. 1942 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Cripps Mission visited India in 1942 with proposals for post-war self-government.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Cripps Mission recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 61 Pakistan Studies

The Simla Conference of 1945 was called to discuss which plan?

- A. Cripps Proposals
- B. Cabinet Mission Plan
- C. Mountbatten Plan
- D. Wavell Plan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Lord Wavell called the Simla Conference in 1945 to discuss the Wavell Plan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Simla Conference of 1945 recurs in every sitting of this post.

62 Pakistan Studies

Under the Cabinet Mission Plan, the provinces of India were to be arranged in how many groups?

- A. Two
- B. Three ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Four
- D. Five

Why this answer? The Cabinet Mission Plan (1946) proposed dividing India into three groups of provinces.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Cabinet Mission Plan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 63 Pakistan Studies

Who was the Finance Member in the Interim Government of 1946?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Jawaharlal Nehru
- D. Sardar Patel

Why this answer? Liaquat Ali Khan served as Finance Member in the Interim Government of 1946.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Interim Government of 1946 recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 64 Pakistan Studies

On which date was the Indian Independence Act passed in 1947?

- A. 14 August 1947

- C. 15 July 1947
- D. 18 July 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Indian Independence Act was passed on 18 July 1947, providing for the partition of India.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Movement: the Indian Independence Act recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 65 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Governor-General of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- C. Iskander Mirza
- D. Quaid-e-Azam ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah was the first Governor-General of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the first Governor-General recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 66 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan?

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- C. Huseyn Shaheed Suhrawardy
- D. Quaid-e-Azam

Why this answer? Liaquat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan (1947–1951).

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the first Prime Minister recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 67 Pakistan Studies

Which city was the first capital of Pakistan?

- A. Islamabad
- B. Rawalpindi
- C. Karachi ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Lahore

Why this answer? Karachi was the first capital of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the first capital recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

In which year was One Unit introduced in West Pakistan?

- A. 1956
- B. 1953
- C. 1954
- D. 1955 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? One Unit, merging the provinces of West Pakistan into a single unit, was introduced in 1955.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: One Unit recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 69 Pakistan Studies

Who imposed martial law in Pakistan in 1958?

- B. Zia-ul-Haq
- C. Pervez Musharraf
- D. Ayub Khan ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? General Ayub Khan imposed martial law in Pakistan in October 1958.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the 1958 martial law recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 70 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Ayub Khan introduce the system of Basic Democracies?

- A. 1962
- B. 1958
- C. 1959 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1960

Why this answer? Ayub Khan introduced the Basic Democracies system in 1959.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: Basic Democracies recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 71 Pakistan Studies

The Constitution of 1962 provided for which system of government?

- A. Dyarchy
- B. Parliamentary
- C. Presidential ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Federal parliamentary

Why this answer? The Constitution of 1962 provided for a presidential system of government.

ed [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the 1962 Constitution recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 72 Pakistan Studies

On which date in 1965 did India launch its attack across the international border, opening the Indo-Pak war?

- A. 16 December 1965
- B. 6 September 1965 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 6 September 1964
- D. 6 October 1965

Why this answer? India attacked across the international border on 6 September 1965, opening the 1965 war.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the 1965 war recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 73 Pakistan Studies

On which date did East Pakistan separate to become Bangladesh?

- A. 16 December 1971 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 26 March 1971
- C. 14 December 1971
- D. 16 December 1970

Why this answer? East Pakistan separated on 16 December 1971, when Bangladesh came into being.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the events of 1971 recurs in every sitting of this post.

74 Pakistan Studies

The Constitution of 1973 provides for which system of government?

- A. Military rule
- B. Presidential
- C. Parliamentary ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. One Unit

Why this answer? The Constitution of 1973, the present constitution of Pakistan, provides for a parliamentary system.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the 1973 Constitution recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 75 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's government begin nationalisation?

- A. 1971
- B. 1972 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. 1973
- D. 1974

Why this answer? Bhutto's government began the nationalisation of major industries in 1972.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: nationalisation recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 76 Pakistan Studies

On which date did General Zia-ul-Haq impose martial law in 1977?

- A. 7 July 1977
- B. 5 August 1977

- D. 5 July 1978

Why this answer? General Zia-ul-Haq imposed martial law on 5 July 1977.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the 1977 martial law recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 77 Pakistan Studies

In which year were the Hudood Ordinances enforced in Pakistan?

- A. 1980
- B. 1977
- C. 1978
- D. 1979 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Hudood Ordinances were enforced in 1979 as part of Zia-ul-Haq's Islamisation.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the Hudood Ordinances recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 78 Pakistan Studies

In which year were non-party elections held in Pakistan?

- A. 1983
- B. 1984
- C. 1985 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1986

Why this answer? Non-party general elections were held in Pakistan in 1985.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the 1985 elections recurs in every sitting of this post.

79 Pakistan Studies

In which year did General Zia-ul-Haq die in an air crash?

- A. 1986
- B. 1987
- C. 1988 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1989

Why this answer? General Zia-ul-Haq died in an air crash near Bahawalpur on 17 August 1988.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the death of Zia-ul-Haq recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 80 Pakistan Studies

Who became the first woman Prime Minister of a Muslim country in 1988?

- A. Benazir Bhutto ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Fatima Jinnah
- C. Khaleda Zia
- D. Tansu Ciller

Why this answer? Benazir Bhutto became Prime Minister in December 1988, the first woman to head the government of a Muslim country.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Benazir Bhutto recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 81 Pakistan Studies

On which date did Pakistan conduct its nuclear tests at Chagai in 1998?

- A. 28 May 1998 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 28 May 1997

- D. 28 June 1998

Why this answer? Pakistan conducted nuclear tests at Chagai on 28 May 1998.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the 1998 nuclear tests recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 82 Pakistan Studies

In which year did the Kargil conflict take place?

- A. 1999 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 2000
- C. 2001
- D. 1998

Why this answer? The Kargil conflict between Pakistan and India took place in 1999.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the Kargil conflict recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 83 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the 18th Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan passed?

- A. 2008
- B. 2009
- C. 2010 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 2011

Why this answer? The 18th Amendment, which devolved powers to the provinces, was passed in 2010.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Constitutional history: the 18th Amendment recurs in every sitting of this post.

84 Pakistan Studies

Who wrote Pakistan's national anthem?

- A. Ahmed Faraz
- B. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Allama Iqbal
- D. Faiz Ahmed Faiz

Why this answer? Pakistan's national anthem was written by Hafeez Jalandhari.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the national anthem recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 85 Pakistan Studies

Who composed the music of Pakistan's national anthem?

- A. Ahmed G. Chagla ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Nisar Bazmi
- C. Sohail Rana
- D. Khwaja Khurshid Anwar

Why this answer? The music of Pakistan's national anthem was composed by Ahmed G. Chagla.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the national anthem recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 86 Pakistan Studies

Who designed the national flag of Pakistan?

- A. Amiruddin Kidwai ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Choudhry Rehmat Ali
- C. A. K. Fazlul Haq

Why this answer? The national flag of Pakistan was designed by Amiruddin Kidwai.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the national flag recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 87 Pakistan Studies

Which is the national animal of Pakistan?

- A. Markhor ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Snow leopard
- C. Indus dolphin
- D. Urial

Why this answer? The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 88 Pakistan Studies

Which is the national bird of Pakistan?

- A. Peacock
- B. Houbara bustard
- C. Golden eagle
- D. Chukar partridge ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The chukar partridge is the national bird of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

89 Pakistan Studies

Which is the national flower of Pakistan?

- A. Marigold
- B. Sunflower
- C. Jasmine ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. Rose

Why this answer? The jasmine is the national flower of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 90 Pakistan Studies

Which is the national tree of Pakistan?

- A. Neem
- B. Sheesham
- C. Babul
- D. Deodar ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The deodar is the national tree of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 91 Pakistan Studies

Which is the national game of Pakistan?

- A. Field hockey ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Cricket
- C. Squash
- D. Football

swer? Field hockey is the national game of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: national symbols recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 92 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by area?

- A. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- B. Balochistan ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Punjab
- D. Sindh

Why this answer? Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 93 Pakistan Studies

Which is the largest province of Pakistan by population?

- A. Punjab ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. Sindh
- C. Balochistan
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Why this answer? Punjab is the largest province of Pakistan by population.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 94 Pakistan Studies

K2, in Pakistan, is the ___ highest peak in the world.

- B. Fourth
- C. First
- D. Second ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? K2 is the second highest peak in the world after Mount Everest.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 95 Pakistan Studies

The Thar Desert is located mainly in which province of Pakistan?

- A. Punjab
- B. Balochistan
- C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- D. Sindh ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Thar Desert lies mainly in Sindh, in south-eastern Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: geography of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 96 Pakistan Studies

Which is the longest river of Pakistan?

- A. Chenab
- B. Jhelum
- C. Ravi
- D. Indus ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? The Indus is the longest river of Pakistan.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: geography of

urs in every sitting of this post.

Question 97 Pakistan Studies

On which date did Pakistan join the United Nations?

- A. 30 September 1948
- B. 14 August 1947
- C. 30 October 1947
- D. 30 September 1947 ✓ **Predicted answer**

Why this answer? Pakistan joined the United Nations on 30 September 1947.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: Pakistan and the United Nations recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 98 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Islamabad become the capital of Pakistan?

- A. 1960
- B. 1963
- C. 1967 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- D. 1973

Why this answer? Islamabad became the capital of Pakistan in 1967.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — Pakistan Studies: the capital of Pakistan recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 99 General Knowledge

On which date was the United Nations founded?

- A. 24 October 1945 ✓ **Predicted answer**
- B. 24 October 1944

- D. 1 January 1946

Why this answer? The United Nations was founded on 24 October 1945, when its Charter came into force.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: the United Nations recurs in every sitting of this post.

Question 100 General Knowledge

Where is the headquarters of SAARC located?

- A. Colombo
- B. Kathmandu ✓ **Predicted answer**
- C. Dhaka
- D. New Delhi

Why this answer? The SAARC Secretariat is headquartered at Kathmandu, Nepal.

Why predicted [C] — Syllabus anchor: syllabus anchor — General Knowledge: SAARC recurs in every sitting of this post.

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