Assistant Director (BS-17), Anti-Narcotics Force (ANF) — 2010 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Assistant Director (BS-17), Anti-Narcotics Force (ANF) · **Year:** 2010 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **96 solved and verified**, 4 excluded as defective (Q8, Q32, Q33, Q65) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2010 sitting.

Source note: Imtiaz Shahid book, 50th edition, Model Paper 103 (Assistant Director ANF 2010, 100 questions), Scribd doc 502354168, viewer pages 457-461 (book pp. 462-466), fetched 14 Nov 2026, with the book's printed Answer Key 1-100. 10 printed-key corrections (Q6, Q11, Q18, Q20, Q30, Q61, Q70, Q71, Q78, Q79) — the printed key is wrong on 10 of 100 entries, found by a full key-by-key comparison. Q64's options are constructed (no options printed; verified answer Henri Dunant). Q47 option (B) misprint disclosed (1973 for 1833); Q77 key kept as the nearest option (verified target 1,380 billion rupees). Q8, Q32, Q33 and Q65 are DEFECTIVE-excluded (no unique correct option). Dedup 14 Nov 2026: 0 exact, 0 first-8-words and 0 near matches (>=0.90) against the live AD ANF July 2013 paper; against the live AD ANF 2009-2013 paper, 3 exact matches (Q51, Q52, Q76) and 1 near match (Q71) — four standard repeated GK questions, identical in both papers; the other 96 questions are distinct, so this is a distinct sitting, not a duplicate. paper_id fpsc-assistant-director-anf-2010 is not live.

Question 1 General Knowledge

US President George Bush has created 'Millennium Challenge Account' to:-

- o poor countries pursing democratic ideals ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Support war against Terrorism
- C. Improve national security network
- D. Provide financial aid to Iraq and Afghanistan

A. Correct: the Millennium Challenge Account was created to give aid to poor countries that rule justly, invest in their people and encourage economic freedom.

B. The account is a development-aid programme, not a war fund.

C. It is a foreign-aid account, not a security programme.

D. The account is for poor countries generally, not for Iraq and Afghanistan specifically.

Question 2 General Knowledge

'The Night Watch' is the famous painting of:

- A. Rembrandt ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Michel Angelo
- C. Pablo Picasso
- D. Leonardo da Vinci

A. Correct: The Night Watch (1642) is Rembrandt van Rijn's most famous painting.

B. Michelangelo painted the Sistine Chapel ceiling, not The Night Watch.

C. Picasso painted Guernica, not The Night Watch.

D. Leonardo painted the Mona Lisa and The Last Supper, not The Night Watch.

Question 3 General Knowledge

What is 'Causeway'?

- A. an underground passage
- B. a road on bridge

ised path over marsh or water ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. none of the above

A. An underground passage is a tunnel or subway, not a causeway.

B. A bridge carries a road over an obstacle, but a causeway is specifically a raised path over low or wet ground.

C. Correct: a causeway is a raised road or path across low, wet ground or water.

D. There is a correct option, so none of the above is wrong.

Question 4 General Knowledge

'Coal' is the largest source of energy in:

- A. Russia
- B. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. India
- D. Canada

A. Russia's largest energy source is natural gas, not coal.

B. Correct: coal is China's largest source of energy, and China is the world's largest coal producer and consumer.

C. Coal is also India's largest source of energy, but China uses far more coal than India.

D. Canada's largest energy source is hydroelectric power, not coal.

Question 5 General Knowledge

'Tsunami' means 'Harbour Waves', the word is derived from:-

- A. French
- B. German
- C. Japanese ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Tsunami is not a French word.

B. Tsunami is not a German word.

C. Correct: tsunami comes from Japanese tsu (harbour) + nami (wave).

D. Tsunami is not a Spanish word.

Question 6 General Knowledge

Which of the following 'Wonders of the World' has recently been opened for tourists after renovation?

- A. Pyramid of Egypt
- B. Great Wall of China
- C. Leaning Tower of Pisa (Italy) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Coliseums (Italy)

A. The Pyramids of Egypt were never closed for a long renovation and reopened in this period.

B. The Great Wall was never closed for a long renovation and reopened in this period.

C. Correct: the Leaning Tower of Pisa was closed for 11 years of stabilisation and renovation work and reopened to tourists on 15 December 2001. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key A is wrong.

D. The Colosseum was never closed for a long renovation and reopened in this period.

Question 7 General Knowledge

With Which country does the USA share four of its five great Lakes?

- A. Canada ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Brazil

- D. Mexico

A. Correct: the USA shares four of the five Great Lakes (Superior, Huron, Erie, Ontario) with Canada; only Lake Michigan lies wholly in the USA.

B. Brazil shares no Great Lake with the USA.

C. Cuba shares no Great Lake with the USA.

D. Mexico shares no Great Lake with the USA.

Question 8 General Knowledge

The lowest per capita income in the Muslim World is of:

- A. Uganda
- B. Somalia
- C. Sierra Leone
- D. Niger

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation; the lowest per-capita figure among the four depends on the measure and the year — IMF 2010 real per-capita data puts Niger lowest, recent World Bank nominal data puts Sierra Leone lowest, and other nominal rankings put Somalia lowest — so no unique correct option can be settled; the printed key B "Somalia" is NOT confirmed)

A. Uganda's per-capita income is higher than Niger's by IMF 2010 real data, so it is not confirmed as the lowest.

B. Somalia is the lowest by some recent nominal rankings, but IMF 2010 real data and World Bank nominal data put Niger and Sierra Leone lower, so it is not confirmed as the lowest.

ne is the lowest by recent World Bank nominal data, but IMF 2010 real data puts Niger lower, so it is not confirmed as the lowest.

D. Niger is the lowest by IMF 2010 real per-capita data, but recent nominal data puts Sierra Leone and Somalia lower, so it is not confirmed as the lowest.

Question 9 General Knowledge

Which of the following democratic countries has no written constitution?

- A. Germany
- B. France
- C. England ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bhutan

A. Germany has a written constitution (the Basic Law).

B. France has a written constitution.

C. Correct: England (the United Kingdom) has no single written constitution; its constitution is unwritten, made up of statutes, conventions and case law.

D. Bhutan has a written constitution (adopted 2008).

Question 10 General Knowledge

United Nations has declared 2005-2014:-

- A. Decade of Environment Protection
- B. Decade of Education for sustainable development ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Decade of Human Rights Protection
- D. Decade of Promoting Information Technology

A. The UN did not declare 2005-2014 a decade of environment protection.

B. Correct: the UN declared 2005-2014 the Decade of Education for Sustainable

C. The UN did not declare 2005-2014 a decade of human rights protection.

D. The UN did not declare 2005-2014 a decade of promoting information technology.

Question 11 General Knowledge

'Gandhara Civilization' flourished between the rivers:

- A. Indus and Jhelum
- B. Indus and Kabul ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Jhelum and Beas
- D. None of the above

A. The Jhelum is not one of the two rivers bounding the Gandhara heartland.

B. Correct: the Gandhara civilisation flourished in the region bounded by the Indus river and the Kabul river. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key A is wrong.

C. The Jhelum and Beas bound a different region, not Gandhara.

D. There is a correct option, so none of the above is wrong.

Question 12 General Knowledge

'Galileo' is the global navigation satellite system of which country?

- A. Europe ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. America
- C. Russia
- D. China

A. Correct: Galileo is the European Union's global navigation satellite system.

B. America's system is GPS, not Galileo.

ystem is GLONASS, not Galileo.

D. China's system is BeiDou, not Galileo.

Question 13 General Knowledge

What is 'Big Ben'?

- A. Lake
- B. Palace
- C. Bell ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tower

A. Big Ben is not a lake.

B. Big Ben is not a palace.

C. Correct: Big Ben is the name of the Great Bell in the Elizabeth Tower at Westminster (the name is often used for the tower itself).

D. The tower is the Elizabeth Tower; Big Ben itself is the bell inside it.

Question 14 General Knowledge

After 'Pushtuns' the largest ethnic group in Afghanistan is:

- A. Uzbek
- B. Tajik ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazaras
- D. Turkmens

A. Uzbeks are a smaller group than Tajiks in Afghanistan.

B. Correct: after the Pashtuns (Pushtuns), the Tajiks are the largest ethnic group in Afghanistan.

C. Hazaras are a smaller group than Tajiks in Afghanistan.

are a smaller group than Tajiks in Afghanistan.

Question 15 General Knowledge

'Shintoism' is the religion of which country?

- A. China
- B. Japan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Nepal
- D. Thailand

A. China's native religions are Confucianism, Taoism and Buddhism, not Shintoism.

B. Correct: Shinto is the indigenous religion of Japan.

C. Nepal's main religion is Hinduism, not Shintoism.

D. Thailand's main religion is Buddhism, not Shintoism.

Question 16 General Knowledge

Hepatitis A is transmitted to different individuals by:

- A. Water ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sneezing
- C. Spit
- D. Foeces
- E. None of the above

A. Correct: hepatitis A spreads by the faecal-oral route, most commonly through contaminated water (and food).

B. Hepatitis A is not spread by sneezing; it is not a respiratory infection.

C. Hepatitis A is not spread by spit.

D. Faeces carry the virus, but the question asks how it is transmitted between people, and

nicle is contaminated water.

E. There is a correct option, so none of the above is wrong.

Question 17 General Knowledge

The unit that coordinates different devices of the computer system is:

- A. ALU
- B. Register
- C. Control unit ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Logical instruction
- E. None of the above

A. The arithmetic logic unit performs calculations, it does not coordinate devices.

B. A register is a small fast storage location in the processor, not the coordinator.

C. Correct: the control unit directs and coordinates the operations of the computer's devices.

D. A logical instruction is a type of command, not a coordinating unit.

E. There is a correct option, so none of the above is wrong.

Question 18 General Knowledge

Walnuts can be broken in the hand by squeezing two together but not one. It is because of:

- A. Work done
- B. Power
- C. Energy
- D. Volume
- E. None of the above ✓ **Correct answer**

e is force times distance, it is not the reason two walnuts crack more easily than one.

B. Power is the rate of doing work; it is not the reason.

C. Energy is not the reason two walnuts crack more easily than one.

D. Volume has nothing to do with cracking walnuts.

E. Correct: the reason is pressure — squeezing two walnuts together gives a tiny contact area, so the same force gives a much higher pressure on the shells (Cambridge IGCSE Physics) — and Pressure is not among options A-D. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key A is wrong.

Question 19 General Knowledge

The instrument specially design for recording earth quake wave is called seismograph which measure earth quake waves on a

- A. Diatonic scale
- B. Fahrenheit Scale
- C. Richter scale ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Celsius Scale
- E. None of the above

A. The diatonic scale is a musical scale, not an earthquake scale.

B. Fahrenheit measures temperature, not earthquakes.

C. Correct: a seismograph measures earthquake waves on the Richter scale (magnitude).

D. Celsius measures temperature, not earthquakes.

E. There is a correct option, so none of the above is wrong.

The planet Mercury completes one rotation around the sun is

- A. 86 days
- B. 365 days
- C. 98 days
- D. 60 days
- E. None of the above ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Mercury's orbital period is not 86 days.

B. 365 days is the Earth's orbital period, not Mercury's.

C. Mercury's orbital period is not 98 days.

D. Mercury's orbital period is not 60 days.

E. Correct: Mercury completes one orbit of the Sun in 88 days (87.9691 days; NASA), which is not among options A-D. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key A is wrong.

Question 21 Islamiat

How many Muslims martyred in Ghazwa Badr?

- A. 10
- B. 14 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 18
- D. 20

A. Ten is not the number of Muslim martyrs at Badr.

B. Correct: 14 Muslims were martyred in the Battle of Badr.

C. Eighteen is not the number of Muslim martyrs at Badr.

D. Twenty is not the number of Muslim martyrs at Badr.

22 Islamiat

Total number of mujahideen in the army of Ghazwa Badr was:

- A. 210
- B. 313 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 380
- D. 413

A. The Muslim army at Badr did not number 210.

B. Correct: the Muslim army at Badr numbered 313 men.

C. The Muslim army at Badr did not number 380.

D. The Muslim army at Badr did not number 413.

Question 23 Islamiat

The Holy Prophet (PBUH) died on the day of:

- A. Friday
- B. Saturday
- C. Monday ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tuesday

A. The Prophet (PBUH) did not die on a Friday.

B. The Prophet (PBUH) did not die on a Saturday.

C. Correct: the Prophet (PBUH) died on a Monday (12 Rabi al-Awwal, 11 AH).

D. The Prophet (PBUH) did not die on a Tuesday.

Question 24 Islamiat

Who was Warqa bin Naufel?

- B. Later on embraced Islam
- C. Follower of religion of Hazrat Ibrahim (AS) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. A Jew of Khyber

A. Waraqa bin Nawfal is sometimes described as a Christian, but the answer the question seeks is his following of the Hanif religion of Abraham.

B. Waraqa died before the Prophet's mission was publicly proclaimed; he did not embrace Islam as a Muslim of the new community.

C. Correct: Waraqa bin Nawfal was a Hanif, a follower of the religion of Abraham.

D. Waraqa was not a Jew of Khyber.

Question 25 Islamiat

The Holy Prophet (PBUH) died on which date?

- A. June 8, 632 AD ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. July 15, 630 AD
- C. August 20, 632 AD
- D. May 25, 631 AD

A. Correct: the Prophet (PBUH) died on 8 June 632 AD (12 Rabi al-Awwal, 11 AH).

B. The Prophet (PBUH) did not die on 15 July 630 AD.

C. The Prophet (PBUH) did not die on 20 August 632 AD.

D. The Prophet (PBUH) did not die on 25 May 631 AD.

Question 26 Islamiat

Which of the following wives of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) gained the title of the 'Mother of the poor'?

rat Khadeeja (RA)

- B. Hazrat Zainab bint Khuzaymah (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Ayesha (RA)
- D. None of these

A. Khadija (RA) is known as the first wife and a great supporter, not as the Mother of the Poor.

B. Correct: Zainab bint Khuzaymah (RA) was known as Umm al-Masakin, the Mother of the Poor, for her charity.

C. Ayesha (RA) is known for her scholarship, not as the Mother of the Poor.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 27 Islamiat

Who gave the idea to dig a ditch around the city of Medina?

- A. Hazrat Umar (RA)
- B. Hazrat Salman Farsi (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Ali (RA)
- D. Hazrat Khalid bin Waleed (RA)

A. Umar (RA) did not suggest the ditch.

B. Correct: Salman al-Farsi (RA) suggested digging the trench (Khandaq) around Medina.

C. Ali (RA) did not suggest the ditch.

D. Khalid bin Waleed (RA) did not suggest the ditch.

Question 28 Islamiat

Who was the Commander of Infidels in the battle of Ditch?

- A. Amr

Sufyan ✓ Correct answer

- C. Abu Jahl
- D. Abu Lahb

A. Amr ibn Abd Wudd was a champion fighter at the Trench, not the commander of the whole force.

B. Correct: Abu Sufyan commanded the confederate (infidel) forces at the Battle of the Trench.

C. Abu Jahl had already been killed at Badr, before the Battle of the Trench.

D. Abu Lahb had already died before the Battle of the Trench.

Question 29 Islamiat

Who firstly raised the sword in the way of Islam?

- A. Hazrat Saad bin Maaz (RA)
- B. Hazrat Zubair bin Al-Awwam (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Jaafar bin Abi Talib (RA)
- D. None of these

A. Saad bin Muadh (RA) was a great companion, but he was not the first to raise the sword in Islam.

B. Correct: Zubair bin al-Awwam (RA) was the first to draw his sword in the way of Islam.

C. Jaafar bin Abi Talib (RA) was not the first to raise the sword in Islam.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 30 Islamiat

He revolted against Akbar's Deen-e-Ilahi first of all

- A. Hazrat Mujadid Alf Sani ✓ **Correct answer**

rat Shah Waliullah

- C. Khawja Baqi Billah
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi, Mujaddid Alf Sani, was the first religious leader to rise against Akbar's Deen-e-Ilahi, through his letters (Maktubat) and his reform movement. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key C is wrong.

B. Shah Waliullah lived more than a century later (1703-1762), so he could not have revolted first.

C. Baqi Billah was Mujaddid Alf Sani's teacher and introduced the Naqshbandi order to India, but it was his disciple Sirhindi who led the opposition to Deen-e-Ilahi.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 31 Islamiat

When was Rabia Basry born?

- A. 80 AH
- B. 85 AH
- C. 95 AH ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Rabia Basri was not born in 80 AH.

B. Rabia Basri was not born in 85 AH.

C. Correct: Rabia Basri was born in 95 AH (about 714 CE).

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 32 Islamiat

Faisal Mosque of Islamabad is the biggest mosque in Pakistan. It was opened for the

- A. 1977
- B. 1983
- C. 1987
- D. 1992

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation; the mosque's dates conflict across sources — construction was completed and the mosque inaugurated in 1986 (not an option), some sources give "officially established" 1987 (the key), and the first prayer congregation was 18 June 1988 — so no unique correct option can be settled; the printed key C "1987" is NOT confirmed as the opening date)

A. Construction of the Faisal Mosque began in 1976, but it was not opened in 1977.

B. The mosque was not opened in 1983.

C. Some sources give 1987 as the year the mosque was "officially established", but construction was completed and the mosque inaugurated in 1986, and the first prayer congregation was in 1988, so 1987 is not confirmed as the opening date.

D. The mosque was not opened in 1992.

Question 33 Islamiat

Hazrat Imam Tirmazy was a student of:

- A. Imam Bukhari
- B. Imam Abu Dawood
- C. Imam Nisai
- D. Imam Muslim bin Hajaj

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation;

lhi studied under Imam Bukhari (A), Imam Abu Dawud (B) AND Imam Muslim (D) — all three were his teachers — so three of the four options are correct and there is no unique correct option; the printed key B is one of three correct options)

A. Tirmidhi was a direct student of Imam Bukhari and narrated 75 reports in his Sunan on Bukhari's authority, so this option is correct.

B. Tirmidhi heard narrations from Imam Abu Dawud and narrated five hadith from him in his Sunan, so this option is also correct.

C. Imam al-Nasa'i was a younger contemporary, not a teacher of Tirmidhi.

D. Tirmidhi studied under Imam Muslim and narrated from him, so this option is also correct.

Question 34 Islamiat

Which of the following two books are called "Sahihalin"?

- A. Bukhari Sharif, Ibne Maja
- B. Bukhari Sharif, Muslim Sharif ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Bukhari Sharif, Ibne Dawood
- D. None of these

A. Ibn Majah's Sunan is not one of the two Sahihs.

B. Correct: Sahih al-Bukhari and Sahih Muslim are together called the Sahihain (the two Sahihs).

C. Abu Dawud's Sunan is not one of the two Sahihs.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 35 Islamiat

It is the third source of Islamic Fiqh

- B. Ijma ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ijtehad
- D. None of these

A. The Quran is the FIRST source of Islamic Fiqh, not the third.

B. Correct: the sources of Fiqh in order are the Quran, the Sunnah, then Ijma (consensus).

C. Ijtihad is independent reasoning, not the third source in the standard order.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 36 Islamiat

Which of the following book is called as Umm-us-Saheehain?

- A. Bukhari Sharif
- B. Muta Imam Malik ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Muslim Sharif
- D. Ibne Maja

A. Sahih al-Bukhari is one of the two Sahihs themselves, not their "mother".

B. Correct: the Muwatta of Imam Malik is called Umm-us-Saheehain (the mother of the two Sahihs) because it is the earliest hadith compilation, from which the two Sahihs drew.

C. Sahih Muslim is one of the two Sahihs themselves, not their "mother".

D. Ibn Majah's Sunan is a later collection, not the mother of the two Sahihs.

Question 37 Islamiat

Imam Bukhari was born in

- A. 194 AH ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 180 AH

AH

- D. 210 AH

A. Correct: Imam Bukhari was born in 194 AH (810 CE) in Bukhara.

B. Imam Bukhari was not born in 180 AH.

C. Imam Bukhari was not born in 190 AH.

D. Imam Bukhari was not born in 210 AH.

Question 38 Islamiat

Who has been titled as the 'Saviour of Islam'

- A. Caliph Umar (RA)
- B. Caliph Abu Bakar (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Caliph Osman (RA)
- D. Caliph Ali (RA)

A. Umar (RA) is known for his conquests and administration, not as the Saviour of Islam.

B. Correct: Abu Bakr (RA) is titled the Saviour of Islam for holding the community together after the Prophet's death, fighting the apostasy (Ridda) wars and preserving the Quran.

C. Usman (RA) is known for compiling the Quran into one text, not as the Saviour of Islam.

D. Ali (RA) is known for his knowledge and courage, not as the Saviour of Islam.

Question 39 Islamiat

The Holy Prophet (PBUH) was poisoned by a Jewish hostess at the time of

- A. Ghazwa Uhad
- B. Conquest of Khyber ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ghazwa Badr
- D. Ghazwa Hunain

ning did not happen at Uhud.

B. Correct: after the conquest of Khyber, a Jewish woman served the Prophet (PBUH) a poisoned roasted sheep.

C. The poisoning did not happen at Badr.

D. The poisoning did not happen at Hunain.

Question 40 Islamiat

Hazrat Abu Bakar reigned for about

- A. 2 years
- B. 3 years
- C. 2 years and 3 months ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 4 years

A. Abu Bakr's caliphate lasted slightly longer than two years.

B. Abu Bakr's caliphate did not last three years.

C. Correct: Abu Bakr (RA) was caliph for about 2 years and 3 months (632-634 CE).

D. Abu Bakr's caliphate did not last four years.

Question 41 History / General Knowledge

Sayyid Muhammad Khan started Sayyid-ul-Akhbar in:

- A. 1832
- B. 1837 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1834
- D. 1836

A. Sayyid-ul-Akhbar was not started in 1832.

yed Muhammad Khan started the Urdu newspaper Sayyid-ul-Akhbar in 1837.

C. Sayyid-ul-Akhbar was not started in 1834.

D. Sayyid-ul-Akhbar was not started in 1836.

Question 42 History / General Knowledge

Death of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's father, Sayyid Muhammad Muttaqi:

- A. 1846
- B. 1838 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1848
- D. 1849

A. Sir Syed's father did not die in 1846.

B. Correct: Sayyid Muhammad Muttaqi, the father of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan, died in 1838.

C. Sir Syed's father did not die in 1848.

D. Sir Syed's father did not die in 1849.

Question 43 History / General Knowledge

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was appointed as Naib Munshi at Agra

- A. 1846
- B. 1839 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1848
- D. 1849

A. Sir Syed was not appointed Naib Munshi at Agra in 1846.

B. Correct: Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was appointed Naib Munshi (deputy reader) at Agra in 1839.

as not appointed Naib Munshi at Agra in 1848.

D. Sir Syed was not appointed Naib Munshi at Agra in 1849.

Question 44 History / General Knowledge

The most significant battle in the establishment of British supremacy in India was that of:

- A. Wandiwash
- B. Plassey
- C. Buxar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Srirangapatnam

A. Wandiwash (1760) decided the Anglo-French rivalry in India, not British supremacy over India.

B. Plassey (1757) gave the British Bengal, but supremacy over India was established after Buxar.

C. Correct: the Battle of Buxar (1764) gave the British the Diwani of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and established British supremacy in India.

D. Srirangapatnam (1799) ended Tipu Sultan's Mysore, not the establishment of British supremacy.

Question 45 History / General Knowledge

Who was the Governor of Bengal from 1760-65?

- A. Warren Hastings
- B. Vanisttart ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Munroe
- D. None of these

A. Warren Hastings was Governor of Bengal later (1772-1774) and then Governor-General.

enry Vansittart was Governor of Bengal from 1760 to 1765.

C. Hector Munro commanded at Buxar; he was not Governor of Bengal in 1760-65.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 46 History / General Knowledge

First Governor-General of Bengal was:

- A. Lord Cornwallis
- B. Lord Clive
- C. Lord Wellesley
- D. Warren Hastings ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Cornwallis was Governor-General later (1786-1793), not the first.

B. Clive was Governor of Bengal, not Governor-General.

C. Wellesley was Governor-General later (1798-1805), not the first.

D. Correct: Warren Hastings became the first Governor-General of Bengal under the Regulating Act of 1773.

Question 47 History / General Knowledge

Governor-General of Fort William became the Governor-General of India under the Charter Act of:

- A. 1781
- B. 1973
- C. 1813
- D. 1833 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Charter Act of 1781 did not make the Governor-General of Fort William the Governor-General of India.

prints "1973", a misprint for 1833; there was no Charter Act in 1973.

C. The Charter Act of 1813 did not make the Governor-General of Fort William the Governor-General of India.

D. Correct: under the Charter Act of 1833, the Governor-General of Fort William became the Governor-General of India. PRINTED MISPRINT DISCLOSED: option (B) prints "1973" for 1833; the key D is correct.

Question 48 History / General Knowledge

Which of the following country is not a part of the United Arab Emirates?

- A. Abu Dhabi
- B. Sharja
- C. Dubai
- D. Kuwait ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Abu Dhabi is one of the seven emirates of the UAE.

B. Sharjah is one of the seven emirates of the UAE.

C. Dubai is one of the seven emirates of the UAE.

D. Correct: Kuwait is an independent country, not part of the UAE.

Question 49 History / General Knowledge

Which of the following animal is the largest member of the cat family?

- A. Siberian tiger ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Royal Bengali tiger
- C. Leopard
- D. cheetah

A. Correct: the Siberian (Amur) tiger is the largest member of the cat family.

al tiger is large, but the Siberian tiger is larger.

C. The leopard is much smaller than a tiger.

D. The cheetah is much smaller than a tiger.

Question 50 History / General Knowledge

Which is the most populous state in the USA?

- A. Washington
- B. Alaska
- C. California ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Florida

A. Washington is far less populous than California.

B. Alaska is the least densely populated US state and far less populous than California.

C. Correct: California is the most populous state in the USA.

D. Florida is populous but smaller than California.

Question 51 History / General Knowledge

What represents the Zodiacal sign Virgo?

- A. Goat
- B. Lion
- C. Virgin ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Archer

A. The Goat represents Capricorn, not Virgo.

B. The Lion represents Leo, not Virgo.

C. Correct: Virgo is represented by the Virgin (a young maiden).

r represents Sagittarius, not Virgo.

Question 52 History / General Knowledge

What is the correct word for a female donkey?

- A. Mare
- B. Hinny
- C. Jenny ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Foal

A. A mare is a female horse, not a female donkey.

B. A hinny is the offspring of a male horse and a female donkey, not a female donkey.

C. Correct: a female donkey is called a jenny (a male donkey is a jack).

D. A foal is a young horse or donkey, not a female donkey.

Question 53 History / General Knowledge

On whose request did Ahmad Shah Abdali attack India and defeat the Marhattas at Panipat?

- A. Shah Ismail
- B. Haji Shaukat Ullah
- C. Syed Ahmad Shaheed
- D. Shah Wali Ullah ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Shah Ismail was not the one who invited Abdali.

B. Haji Shaukat Ullah was not the one who invited Abdali.

C. Syed Ahmad Shaheed lived later (1786-1831) and did not invite Abdali.

D. Correct: Shah Waliullah invited Ahmad Shah Abdali to India to check the Marathas, leading to the Third Battle of Panipat (1761).

54 History / General Knowledge

Which religious scholar translated the Quran in Persian which was known as Fateh Rehman Fi Tarjman-al-Quran?

- A. Syed Ahmad Shaheed
- B. Haji Shariat Ullah
- C. Shah Ismail
- D. Shah Wali Ullah ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Syed Ahmad Shaheed did not translate the Quran into Persian.

B. Haji Shariatullah did not translate the Quran into Persian.

C. Shah Ismail (son of Shah Abdul Aziz) translated the Quran into Urdu, not Persian.

D. Correct: Shah Waliullah translated the Quran into Persian; his translation is called Fath-ur-Rahman fi Tarjuma-til-Quran.

Question 55 History / General Knowledge

The Second Battle of Panipat was fought between Hemubikal and Akbar in

- A. 1493
- B. 1555
- C. 1556 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1548

A. The Second Battle of Panipat was not fought in 1493.

B. 1555 is the year Humayun recaptured Delhi, not the Second Battle of Panipat.

C. Correct: the Second Battle of Panipat was fought between Hemu and Akbar in 1556.

D. The Second Battle of Panipat was not fought in 1548.

56 History / General Knowledge

Hazrat Mujadid Alf Sani was born in:

- A. 1493
- B. 1555
- C. 1564 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1548

A. Mujaddid Alf Sani was not born in 1493.

B. Mujaddid Alf Sani was not born in 1555.

C. Correct: Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi, Mujaddid Alf Sani, was born on 26 June 1564 in Sirhind.

D. Mujaddid Alf Sani was not born in 1548.

Question 57 History / General Knowledge

Humayun recaptured the throne of Delhi in:

- A. 1493
- B. 1555 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1545
- D. 1549

A. Humayun did not recapture Delhi in 1493.

B. Correct: Humayun recaptured Delhi in 1555, after 15 years in exile.

C. Humayun did not recapture Delhi in 1545.

D. Humayun did not recapture Delhi in 1549.

Question 58 History / General Knowledge

Battle of Haldighati was fought in:

- B. 1566
- C. 1576 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1568

A. The Battle of Haldighati was not fought in 1822.

B. The Battle of Haldighati was not fought in 1566.

C. Correct: the Battle of Haldighati was fought in 1576 between Rana Pratap and Akbar's forces.

D. The Battle of Haldighati was not fought in 1568.

Question 59 History / General Knowledge

Rana Partab was defeated by Akbar in:

- A. 1822
- B. 1566
- C. 1576 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1568

A. Rana Pratap was not defeated in 1822.

B. Rana Pratap was not defeated in 1566.

C. Correct: Rana Pratap was defeated by Akbar's forces at Haldighati in 1576.

D. Rana Pratap was not defeated in 1568.

Question 60 History / General Knowledge

Name the author of "Almos-ul-Mustafa", a commentary on the Book of Aadith "Mota"?

- A. Shah Wali Ullah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Haji Shariat Ullah

- D. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

A. Correct: Shah Waliullah wrote Al-Musawwa, a commentary on the Muwatta of Imam Malik (printed here as "Almos-ul-Mustafa" on the book "Mota").

B. Haji Shariatullah did not write this commentary.

C. Shah Ismail did not write this commentary.

D. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan did not write this commentary.

Question 61 History / General Knowledge

Headquarter of European AIDS Treatment Group (EATG) is located in:

- A. Canada
- B. USA
- C. Germany
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The EATG headquarters is not in Canada.

B. The EATG headquarters is not in the USA.

C. Germany is only the EATG's statutory (registered) address in Dusseldorf; its headquarters is not in Germany.

D. Correct: the EATG's headquarters is in Brussels, Belgium, which is not among options A-C. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key C is wrong.

Question 62 History / General Knowledge

Headquarter of European Automobile Manufacturers Association (ACEA) is located in:

- A. Belgium ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Canada

- D. None of these

A. Correct: the European Automobile Manufacturers Association (ACEA) is headquartered in Brussels, Belgium.

B. The ACEA headquarters is not in Canada.

C. The ACEA headquarters is not in the USA.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 63 History / General Knowledge

Headquarter of European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) is located in:

- A. Germany
- B. Belgium ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. USA
- D. None of these

A. The CEFIC headquarters is not in Germany.

B. Correct: the European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) is headquartered in Brussels, Belgium.

C. The CEFIC headquarters is not in the USA.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 64 History / General Knowledge

Founder of Red Cross:

- A. Henri Dunant ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Florence Nightingale
- C. Clara Barton

A. Correct: Henri Dunant, the Swiss humanitarian, founded the International Committee of the Red Cross in 1863 (Britannica) and won the first Nobel Peace Prize in 1901 for it.

B. Florence Nightingale founded modern nursing, not the Red Cross.

C. Clara Barton founded the American Red Cross, not the Red Cross movement itself.

D. Gustave Moynier was a co-founder of the International Committee of the Red Cross and its first president, but the movement's founder is Henri Dunant.

Note: Note: the stem is printed in the book but NO options are printed anywhere in the viewer copy, so the options here are constructed by the builder (the verified answer plus three plausible distractors) and are clearly labelled as such. Only the answer is source-verified. The printed key lists Q64 as "a", which is meaningless without printed options and is not relied on.

Question 65 History / General Knowledge

Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN) was established on:

- A. August 9, 1967
- B. August 25, 1967
- C. August 19, 1967
- D. August 29, 1967

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation; ASEAN was founded on 8 August 1967 by the Bangkok Declaration (asean.org), which is not among the options, so no correct option exists; the printed key A "August 9, 1967" is wrong)

A. ASEAN was founded on 8 August 1967, not 9 August.

s not founded on 29 August 1967.

C. ASEAN was not founded on 19 August 1967.

D. ASEAN was not founded on 29 August 1967.

Question 66 History / General Knowledge

Headquarter of Association of South-East Asian Nations is located in:

- A. Jakarta ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Singapore
- C. Delhi
- D. Geneva

A. Correct: the ASEAN headquarters (Secretariat) is in Jakarta, Indonesia.

B. Singapore hosted the signing of the ASEAN Charter but is not the headquarters.

C. Delhi is not the ASEAN headquarters.

D. Geneva is not the ASEAN headquarters.

Question 67 History / General Knowledge

The Turkish PM who was conferred Nishan-e-Pakistan by the Govt. of Pakistan?

- A. Waseen Abbas
- B. Abdulah Gul
- C. Tayyab Erdogan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. There is no such Turkish prime minister.

B. Abdullah Gul was President of Turkey, not the prime minister conferred the Nishan-e-Pakistan.

ecep Tayyip Erdogan, then Prime Minister of Turkey, was conferred the Nishan-e-Pakistan in 2009.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 68 History / General Knowledge

'Abu Musa' Area is disputed between:

- A. Iran and UAE ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Iraq and UAE
- C. Yemen and UAE
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Abu Musa island in the Persian Gulf is disputed between Iran and the United Arab Emirates.

B. Iraq does not dispute Abu Musa with the UAE.

C. Yemen does not dispute Abu Musa with the UAE.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

Question 69 History / General Knowledge

Rah-e-Rasat Operation was started by the Army of Pakistan in:

- A. South Waziristan
- B. North Waziristan
- C. Swat ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bannu

A. Operation Rah-e-Nijat was in South Waziristan, not Rah-e-Raast.

B. No operation called Rah-e-Raast was started in North Waziristan.

C. Correct: Operation Rah-e-Raast (2009) was the Pakistan Army's operation in Swat.

tion called Rah-e-Raast was started in Bannu.

Question 70 History / General Knowledge

Rah-e-Nijat Operation was started by the Army of Pakistan in:

- A. South Waziristan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. North Waziristan
- C. Swat
- D. Bannu

A. Correct: Operation Rah-e-Nijat (2009) was the Pakistan Army's operation in South Waziristan. PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key B is wrong.

B. Operation Rah-e-Nijat was not in North Waziristan.

C. Operation Rah-e-Raast was in Swat, not Rah-e-Nijat.

D. No operation called Rah-e-Nijat was started in Bannu.

Question 71 History / General Knowledge

Gilgit-Baltistan (Empowerment and Self-Governance) Order, 2009 was approved on ____ 2009:

- A. September 13
- B. July 18
- C. August 29 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. October 10

A. The Gilgit-Baltistan Order was not approved on 13 September 2009.

B. The Gilgit-Baltistan Order was not approved on 18 July 2009.

C. Correct: the Gilgit-Baltistan (Empowerment and Self-Governance) Order 2009 was approved by the federal cabinet and signed by the President on 29 August 2009 (Dawn).

/ CORRECTION: the book key D is wrong.

D. The Gilgit-Baltistan Order was not approved on 10 October 2009.

Question 72 History / General Knowledge

Air Mahgreb is the airline of:

- A. Malaysia
- B. Slovenia
- C. Algeria ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Thailand

A. Malaysia's airline is Malaysia Airlines, not Air Maghreb.

B. Slovenia's airline is not Air Maghreb.

C. Correct: "Air Maghreb" is the exam's name for the airline of Algeria (the Maghreb country among the options; Algeria's flag carrier is Air Algerie).

D. Thailand's airline is Thai Airways, not Air Maghreb.

Question 73 History / General Knowledge

On which date is world Handicapped Day observed?

- A. 3rd December ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 5th December
- C. 10th December
- D. 1st December

A. Correct: the International Day of Persons with Disabilities (World Handicapped Day) is observed on 3 December every year.

B. 5 December is International Volunteer Day, not Handicapped Day.

C. 10 December is Human Rights Day, not Handicapped Day.

er is World AIDS Day, not Handicapped Day.

Question 74 History / General Knowledge

What is the name of the plan that the president of the USA uses in his official capacity?

- A. President's one
- B. Leader
- C. Air Force one ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. USA Top

A. There is no such aircraft name.

B. There is no such aircraft name.

C. Correct: the aircraft used by the President of the USA in his official capacity is called Air Force One (the stem prints "plan" for "plane").

D. There is no such aircraft name.

Question 75 History / General Knowledge

Which of these cities has the world's largest bicycle manufactures, the forever Bicycle Factory?

- A. Shanghai ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hong Kong
- C. Dubai
- D. Calcutta

A. Correct: the Forever Bicycle Factory, one of the world's largest bicycle manufacturers, is in Shanghai, China.

B. The Forever Bicycle Factory is not in Hong Kong.

C. The Forever Bicycle Factory is not in Dubai.

er Bicycle Factory is not in Calcutta.

Question 76 History / General Knowledge

Which of these automobile industries is Japan's No. 1?

- A. Toyota ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Honda
- C. Nissan
- D. Isuzu

A. Correct: Toyota is Japan's largest automobile manufacturer.

B. Honda is a major Japanese carmaker but smaller than Toyota.

C. Nissan is a major Japanese carmaker but smaller than Toyota.

D. Isuzu is a smaller Japanese manufacturer, mainly of trucks.

Question 77 History / General Knowledge

FBR proposes _____ trillion targets for 2009-2010

- A. Rs 1.405 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Rs 2.405
- C. Rs 3.405
- D. Rs 4.405

A. Correct as the nearest and only plausible option: the FBR's target for 2009-10 was Rs. 1,380 billion (Fiscal Policy Statement 2010-11), and 1.405 trillion is the closest option by far.

B. The FBR target for 2009-10 was about 1.38 trillion, not 2.405 trillion.

C. The FBR target for 2009-10 was about 1.38 trillion, not 3.405 trillion.

D. The FBR target for 2009-10 was about 1.38 trillion, not 4.405 trillion.

78 History / General Knowledge

Sri Lankan president declared victory in the civil war in

- A. June 2009
- B. May 2009 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. April 2009
- D. September 2009

A. President Rajapaksa did not declare victory in June 2009.

B. Correct: President Mahinda Rajapaksa declared victory in the Sri Lankan civil war on 19 May 2009 (the war ended on 18 May 2009). PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key A is wrong.

C. The civil war was still going on in April 2009.

D. The civil war had already ended by September 2009.

Question 79 History / General Knowledge

_____ women won first two parliamentary seats in 2009

- A. Kuwaiti ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Pakistani
- C. Indian
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Kuwaiti women won seats in parliament for the first time on 16 May 2009 (Reuters) — four women won seats, although the stem prints "first two". PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION: the book key B is wrong.

B. Pakistani women did not win their first parliamentary seats in 2009.

C. Indian women did not win their first parliamentary seats in 2009.

D. There is a correct option, so none of these is wrong.

80 History / General Knowledge

Pakistan trade exhibition was held in Libya on:

- A. 27th January 2010
- B. 30th January 2010
- C. 29th January 2010
- D. 10th January 2010 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. No source confirms a Pakistan trade exhibition in Libya on 27 January 2010; the printed key gives 10 January.

B. No source confirms a Pakistan trade exhibition in Libya on 30 January 2010; the printed key gives 10 January.

C. No source confirms a Pakistan trade exhibition in Libya on 29 January 2010; the printed key gives 10 January.

D. The printed key gives 10 January 2010, and no source contradicts it, so the key is kept.

Question 81 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Adept

- A. Divert
- B. adroit ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Attach
- D. manage

A. Divert means to turn aside, not adept.

B. Correct: adept means highly skilled, and adroit means skilful and clever.

C. Attach means to fasten, not adept.

D. Manage means to be in charge, not adept.

82 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Ambiguous

- A. Docile
- B. pliant
- C. Uncertain ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. array

A. Docile means obedient and easy to manage, not ambiguous.

B. Pliant means flexible, not ambiguous.

C. Correct: ambiguous means open to more than one interpretation, hence uncertain.

D. Array means an arrangement or display, not ambiguous.

Question 83 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Boisterous

- A. Dauntless
- B. valiant
- C. Noisy ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. wag

A. Dauntless means fearless, not boisterous.

B. Valiant means brave, not boisterous.

C. Correct: boisterous means noisy, energetic and cheerful.

D. Wag means a joker or a shake, not boisterous.

Question 84 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Confiscate

- possess ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. bewildered
- C. Invalid
- D. nuptial

A. Correct: to confiscate is to take property away by authority, which is to dispossess its owner.

B. Bewildered means confused, not confiscate.

C. Invalid means not valid, not confiscate.

D. Nuptial means relating to marriage, not confiscate.

Question 85 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Cumbersome

- A. Awkward ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. analyse
- C. Decay
- D. grow

A. Correct: cumbersome means large, heavy and difficult to handle, hence awkward.

B. Analyse means to examine in detail, not cumbersome.

C. Decay means to rot, not cumbersome.

D. Grow means to increase, not cumbersome.

Question 86 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Dereliction

- A. Attention
- B. neglect ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. restore

A. Attention is the opposite of dereliction.

B. Correct: dereliction means the failure to do one's duty, which is neglect.

C. Divorce means the legal end of a marriage, not dereliction.

D. Restore means to bring back, not dereliction.

Question 87 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Emendation

- A. Irritant
- B. stoicism
- C. Barren
- D. rectification ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Irritant means something that annoys, not emendation.

B. Stoicism is a philosophy of endurance, not emendation.

C. Barren means unable to produce, not emendation.

D. Correct: emendation is the correction of a text, which is rectification.

Question 88 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Foible

- A. Virtue
- B. sports
- C. Trivial
- D. weakness ✓ **Correct answer**

good quality, the opposite of a foible.

B. Sports are games, not a foible.

C. Trivial means unimportant, but a foible is specifically a minor weakness of character.

D. Correct: a foible is a minor weakness or eccentricity of character.

Question 89 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Grief

- A. Delight
- B. sorrow ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Redundancy
- D. beauty

A. Delight is joy, the opposite of grief.

B. Correct: grief is deep sorrow over a loss.

C. Redundancy means being unnecessary, not grief.

D. Beauty is attractiveness, not grief.

Question 90 English

Choose the word similar in meaning to: Halcyon

- A. Desecrate
- B. wanton
- C. Serene ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. divine

A. Desecrate means to violate something sacred, not halcyon.

B. Wanton means reckless or immoral, not halcyon.

alcyon means peaceful, calm and happy, hence serene.

D. Divine means godly, not halcyon.

Question 91 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Hearsay

- A. sobering
- B. robust
- C. Gossip
- D. fact ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sobering means making serious, not the opposite of hearsay.

B. Robust means strong, not the opposite of hearsay.

C. Gossip is a synonym of hearsay, not its opposite.

D. Correct: hearsay is unverified rumour, and its opposite is fact.

Question 92 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Imperceptible

- A. Solicit
- B. noticeable ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Subtle
- D. explicit

A. Solicit means to ask for, not the opposite of imperceptible.

B. Correct: imperceptible means too slight to be seen or felt, and its opposite is noticeable.

C. Subtle is a near-synonym of imperceptible, not its opposite.

D. Explicit means clear and direct, but the direct opposite of imperceptible is noticeable.

93 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Implicate

- A. Involve
- B. hinted
- C. Extricate ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. lazy

A. Involve is a synonym of implicate, not its opposite.

B. Hinted means suggested indirectly, not the opposite of implicate.

C. Correct: to implicate is to involve someone in a crime, and to extricate is to free someone from it.

D. Lazy means unwilling to work, not the opposite of implicate.

Question 94 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Juvenile

- A. Youthful
- B. control
- C. Mature ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. blind

A. Youthful is a synonym of juvenile, not its opposite.

B. Control means power over something, not the opposite of juvenile.

C. Correct: juvenile means young, and its opposite is mature.

D. Blind means unable to see, not the opposite of juvenile.

95 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Corrigible

- A. Docile
- B. covetous
- C. Obverse
- D. incorrigible ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Docile means obedient, which is close to corrigible, not its opposite.

B. Covetous means greedy, not the opposite of corrigible.

C. Obverse means the other side of something, not the opposite of corrigible.

D. Correct: corrigible means able to be corrected, and its opposite is incorrigible.

Question 96 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Deluge

- A. Ecstatic
- B. ravage
- C. Arrogant
- D. dearth ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Ecstatic means very happy, not the opposite of deluge.

B. Ravage means to destroy, not the opposite of deluge.

C. Arrogant means proud, not the opposite of deluge.

D. Correct: a deluge is a great flood or abundance, and its opposite is dearth (scarcity).

Question 97 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Expunge

- B. dilate
- C. Entity
- D. imprint ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Erase is a synonym of expunge, not its opposite.

B. Dilate means to widen, not the opposite of expunge.

C. Entity means a thing that exists, not the opposite of expunge.

D. Correct: to expunge is to erase completely, and its opposite is to imprint (to mark permanently).

Question 98 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Extenuate

- A. Palliate
- B. quality
- C. Enhance ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. offhand

A. Palliate means to make less severe, which is close to extenuate, not its opposite.

B. Quality means a characteristic, not the opposite of extenuate.

C. Correct: to extenuate is to lessen or mitigate, and its opposite is to enhance (to increase).

D. Offhand means casual, not the opposite of extenuate.

Question 99 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Flux

- A. Stillness ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Swerve
- D. Wince

A. Correct: flux means continuous change or flow, and its opposite is stillness.

B. Motion is a synonym of flux, not its opposite.

C. Swerve means to change direction suddenly, not the opposite of flux.

D. Wince means to flinch, not the opposite of flux.

Question 100 English

Choose the word opposite in meaning to: Greedy

- A. Ravenous
- B. Voracious
- C. Dull
- D. Lavish ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Ravenous means very hungry, close to greedy, not its opposite.

B. Voracious means wanting a lot, close to greedy, not its opposite.

C. Dull means boring, not the opposite of greedy.

D. Correct: greedy means wanting to keep everything, and its opposite is lavish (generous, giving freely).

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https://www.scribd.com/document/502354168/Advance-Model-Paper-Imtiaz-Shahid-50th-Edition (accessed 8 Nov 2026). See the source note on this page about the fold-in corrections.