Assistant, Minorities and Religious Division, BPS-14 — 2011 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Assistant, Minorities and Religious Division, BPS-14 · **Year:** 2011 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2011 sitting.

Source note: onlinetestingmaterial blogspot reproduction, 'Assistant Past Papers Minorities and Religious Division' (accessed 13 Nov 2026): six scanned images from 'Advanced FPSC & Other Federal Model Papers' by M. Imtiaz Shahid, Ed 61 (2026), Model Paper 155; Q1-100 plus printed Answer Key, read from 2x zoom crops. Second source: test360.pk reproduction (test 1335, shows 9 stems Q6, Q10, Q21, Q29, Q45, Q47, Q92, Q93, Q95); all 9 agree with the book scan's key and with the answers asserted here. 98 VERIFIED (including 1 printed-key correction: Q47) + 2 PICK-ONE (Q5, Q90), all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. Q27 is filed with its two legible options only; options (C) and (D) are cut off at the bottom of the book scan and unrecoverable. Q69 and Q70 are the same question printed twice in the book; both are solved the same way. Dedup 13 Nov 2026 vs live FPSC stems (77 papers, 6942 stems): 6 exact matches (6%) and 7 first-8-words matches (7%), at most 3 in any one live paper (fpsc-junior-admin-officer-mod-2004, fpsc-ad-federal-secretariat-2009) — isolated single-question reuse across sittings, not a duplicate paper.

1 English

Travellers _____ their reservations well in advance if they want to travel during the Eid holidays.

- A. had better to get
- B. had to get better
- C. had better get ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. had better got

A. "Had better" is followed directly by the base verb, not by "to get".

B. This changes the meaning and breaks the sentence; "had to get better" does not fit the blank.

C. "Had better" plus the base verb "get" is the correct form for advice: travellers had better get their reservations in advance.

D. "Had better" takes the base verb, not the past form "got".

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 2 English

To generate income, magazine publishers must decide whether to increase the subscription price or _____.

- A. to sell advertising ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. if they should sell advertising
- C. selling advertising
- D. sold advertising

A. The sentence uses parallel infinitives: "whether to increase the subscription price or to sell advertising".

B. This breaks the parallel structure and makes the sentence clumsy.

here breaks the parallelism with "to increase".

D. A past form cannot follow "whether to increase ... or".

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 3 English

All of the people at this conference are _____.

- A. mathematic teachers
- B. mathematics teachers ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. mathematics teacher
- D. mathematic's teacher

A. "Mathematic" is not the adjective used for the subject; the subject is "mathematics".

B. "Mathematics" is the name of the subject, and "teachers" is plural to match "all of the people".

C. The subject is right, but "teacher" is singular while the sentence needs a plural.

D. A possessive form makes no sense here.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 4 English

_____ Java man, who lived before the first ice age, is the first man-like animal.

- A. It is generally believed that ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Generally believed it is
- C. Believed generally is
- D. That is a generally believed

A. This is the complete, grammatical opening: "It is generally believed that Java man ... is the first man-like animal."

order is broken and leaves the sentence without a proper subject.

C. This is not grammatical English.

D. This leaves the sentence unfinished; "a generally believed" needs a noun after it.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 5 English

According to Paradise Lost, which of the following does God not create?

- A. The Son
- B. Adam and Eve
- C. Computers
- D. He creates everything ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Theologically the Son is begotten, not created, so this is an arguable answer; but the question asks for the book's intended answer, and the poem presents the Son as God's own offspring, not as a separate creation.

B. In the poem God plainly creates Adam and Eve, so this is not what God did not create.

C. Computers are a modern invention and do not appear in the poem at all; the question is about the poem's theology, not about modern inventions.

D. In Paradise Lost God is the creator of all things, so there is nothing he did not create; this is the book's intended answer.

Note: Note: The Son is theologically "begotten, not created", which makes option A arguable; D is the intended answer and the standard reading of the question. Printed key D agrees.

Question 6 English

Only after food has been dried _____.

- ~~: is should be stored for later consumption~~
- B. should be stored for later consumption
- C. should it be stored for later consumption ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. it should be stored for later consumption

A. "That is should be stored" is not grammatical.

B. This has no subject; "should be stored" needs "it".

C. After a fronted "Only after ..." phrase, English inverts subject and verb: "Only after food has been dried should it be stored".

D. This keeps normal word order, but the "Only after ..." opening requires inversion, so D is wrong.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys C.

Question 7 English

An eighteen-year-old is _____ to vote in the election as per the Constitution.

- A. old enough ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. as old enough
- C. enough old
- D. enough old as

A. "Old enough" is the correct order: adjective first, then "enough".

B. "As old enough" is not a correct English form.

C. "Enough" comes after the adjective, not before it.

D. This is not a correct English form.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

8 English

In an attempt to defeat God and his angels, what do the rebel angels make?

- A. A fortress
- B. A catapult
- C. A large sword
- D. A cannon ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The rebel angels build Pandaemonium, their palace, but that is not the weapon they make to fight God.

B. The rebel angels do not make catapults in Paradise Lost.

C. Swords are their ordinary weapons, not the new weapon they invent for this battle.

D. In Book 6 of Paradise Lost the fallen angels invent gunpowder and cannons to fight the angels of Heaven.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees. The options are printed at the top of the right-hand column of the book scan, above Q9, because the left-hand column runs out of space after the Q8 stem.

Question 9 English

The United States is _____ that there are five time zones.

- A. much big
- B. too big
- C. so big ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. very big

A. "Much big" is not correct English; "much" does not go before "big" like this.

B. "Too big that ..." is wrong; "too" is followed by "to", not by "that".

C. "So big that ..." is the correct form for giving a result.

that ..." is wrong, "very" cannot introduce a "that" clause.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 10 English

Upon hatching _____.

- A. young ducks know how to swim ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. swimming is known by young ducks
- C. the knowledge of swimming is in young ducks
- D. how to swim is known in young ducks

A. "Upon hatching" needs a subject that hatches, and young ducks are that subject; the sentence is natural and correct.

B. "Swimming" cannot hatch, so the opening phrase has no proper subject.

C. "The knowledge" cannot hatch, so the opening phrase has no proper subject.

D. "How to swim" cannot hatch, so the opening phrase has no proper subject.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys A.

Question 11 English

I liked the pineapple _____ used on the wallpaper and carvings throughout the house.

- A. coherence
- B. underpinning
- C. acrophobia
- D. motif ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Coherence means logical consistency, not a decorative design.

B. Underpinning means a foundation or support, not a decorative design.

ia is the fear of heights, not a decorative design.

D. A motif is a repeated decorative design, such as the pineapple pattern on the wallpaper and carvings.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

Question 12 English

I love the look of the _____ tree in my yard, but I don't like raking its leaves.

- A. toxic
- B. symbiotic
- C. deciduous ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. derogatory

A. A toxic tree is poisonous; it has nothing to do with raking leaves.

B. Symbiotic means living in a mutually helpful relationship; it has nothing to do with falling leaves.

C. A deciduous tree sheds its leaves every year, which is why the leaves have to be raked.

D. Derogatory means insulting; it cannot describe a tree.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 13 English

I need more examples to support my _____ that the college needs more parking spaces.

- A. thesis ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. modulated
- C. execution
- D. diction

A. A thesis is a proposition or claim that is supported by examples.

d means adjusted or varied in tone; it is not a claim to support.

C. Execution means carrying something out; it is not a claim to support.

D. Diction means choice of words; it is not a claim to support.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 14 English

I put my art projects in my _____ to keep them from getting ruined, when I take them to class.

- A. encrypt
- B. carcinogen
- C. prerogative
- D. portfolio ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Encrypt means to code a message; it is a verb, not a container for art.

B. A carcinogen is a substance that causes cancer, not a container for art.

C. A prerogative is a special right, not a container for art.

D. A portfolio is a flat case for carrying drawings and art projects.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

Question 15 English

I quit the club because the _____ of members had become oppressive. The officers considered themselves so important that they wouldn't talk to others in the club.

- A. genre
- B. conventional
- C. pervasive
- D. stratification ✓ **Correct answer**

ans a type or category of art; it does not describe the members of a club.

B. Conventional means traditional; it does not describe a hierarchy of members.

C. Pervasive means spread everywhere; it does not describe the structure of the club.

D. Stratification means a hierarchy of levels; the officers forming a superior layer above the other members is exactly that.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

Question 16 English

My _____ is to finish my science project by noon on Friday, so I can go camping over the weekend.

- A. essence
- B. metamorphosis
- C. intention ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. perennial

A. Essence means the basic nature of something; it is not a plan to finish a project.

B. Metamorphosis means a transformation, as of a caterpillar into a butterfly; it is not a plan.

C. An intention is a plan or aim, which is what finishing the project by Friday is.

D. Perennial means lasting through the year; it is an adjective, not a plan.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 17 English

My ability to inspire others is my best _____.

- A. coherence

- C. feasible
- D. attribute ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Coherence means logical consistency; it is not a personal quality.

B. Acumen means sharp judgement, which is a quality, but the sentence asks for the general word for a quality, and "attribute" is that word.

C. Feasible means possible to do; it is an adjective, not a noun for a quality.

D. An attribute is a quality or characteristic, and the ability to inspire others is such a quality.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

Question 18 English

My aunt just bought another _____ of lily for her garden. Her yard looks so beautiful with all the different kinds of flowers she has planted.

- A. alleviate
- B. metamorphosis
- C. species ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. ostracize

A. Alleviate means to ease pain or suffering; it is a verb, not a kind of plant.

B. Metamorphosis means transformation; it is not a kind of lily.

C. A species is a kind or type, and "another species of lily" means another kind of lily.

D. Ostracize means to exclude someone from a group; it is a verb, not a kind of plant.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

19 English

My boss, however, feels that having time off is a(n) _____ crime.

- A. repertoire
- B. heinous ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. ubiquitous
- D. clamor

A. A repertoire is a stock of plays or songs; it cannot describe a crime.

B. Heinous means shockingly wicked, which fits the boss's view that taking time off is a terrible crime.

C. Ubiquitous means found everywhere; it cannot describe a crime.

D. Clamor means a loud noise or outcry; it cannot describe a crime.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 20 English

My colleague is like a cactus. The plant _____ fits because he has a prickly personality whenever he deals with people,

- A. essence
- B. simile ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. magnanimous
- D. personification

A. Essence means the basic nature of something; it is not a figure of speech.

B. A simile is a comparison using "like" or "as", and "my colleague is like a cactus" is exactly that.

C. Magnanimous means generous; it is not a figure of speech.

ation gives human qualities to a non-human thing; this sentence compares a person to a plant, which is a simile, not personification.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 21 General Knowledge

Free market is

- A. a condition in the international market where nations do not impose customs duty or other taxes on import of goods
- B. market where the price of a commodity is determined by free play of the forces of supply and demand ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. ports that are exempted from payment of customs duty on articles of commerce, primarily to encourage tourism
- D. None

A. That describes free trade, not a free market.

B. A free market is one where prices are set by supply and demand, without government control.

C. That describes a free port, not a free market.

D. Wrong, because option B is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys B.

Question 22 General Knowledge

East Timor, which became the 191st member of the UN, is in the continent of

- A. Asia ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Africa
- C. Europe
- D. South America

r (Timor-Leste) is an island nation in South-East Asia; it joined the UN in 2002 as its 191st member.

B. East Timor is not in Africa.

C. East Timor is not in Europe.

D. East Timor is not in South America.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 23 General Knowledge

Free surface of a liquid behaves like a sheet and tends to contract to the smallest possible area due to the

- A. force of adhesion
- B. force of friction
- C. centrifugal force
- D. force of cohesion ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Adhesion is the attraction between a liquid and a different surface, such as water sticking to glass; it does not make the surface contract.

B. Friction resists motion between surfaces; it has nothing to do with a liquid surface contracting.

C. Centrifugal force throws things outward in a spin; it does not make a liquid surface contract.

D. Cohesion is the attraction between the molecules of the liquid itself, and it pulls the surface into the smallest possible area — this is surface tension.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

24 General Knowledge

Vietnam War was lost by:

- A. China
- B. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. USSR
- D. Cuba

A. China supported North Vietnam but did not fight the war as a main combatant, and it did not lose it.

B. The United States withdrew from Vietnam in 1973 and South Vietnam fell in 1975, so the war is counted as lost by the USA.

C. The Soviet Union supported North Vietnam, which won the war.

D. Cuba was not a combatant in the Vietnam War.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 25 General Knowledge

The largest island of Indian Ocean is

- A. Madagascar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Baffin
- C. Alantic Ocean
- D. Green land

A. Madagascar, off the south-east coast of Africa, is the largest island in the Indian Ocean.

B. Baffin Island is in the Canadian Arctic, not in the Indian Ocean.

C. The Atlantic Ocean is an ocean, not an island.

D. Greenland is in the North Atlantic, not in the Indian Ocean.

Printed key A agrees.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Excessive secretion from the pituitary gland in the children results in

- A. increased height ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. retarded growth
- C. weakening of bones
- D. None

A. Too much growth hormone from the pituitary in childhood causes gigantism, an abnormal increase in height.

B. Retarded growth comes from too little growth hormone, not too much.

C. Weak bones come from other causes, such as lack of calcium, not from excess pituitary secretion.

D. Wrong, because increased height is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 27 General Knowledge

Peninsula of the world which is the largest peninsula in the world?

- A. Arabia ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Alaska

A. The Arabian Peninsula, at about 3.2 million square kilometres, is the largest peninsula in the world.

B. The Alaska Peninsula is much smaller than Arabia; the large figure sometimes quoted for Alaska is really the whole Alaskan mainland.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. Options (C) and (D) are cut off at the bottom of the book

unrecoverable from any source searched; the question is filed with its two legible options only.

Question 28 General Knowledge

In which year, of First World War Germany declared war on Russia and France?

- A. 1914 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1915
- C. 1916
- D. 1917

A. Germany declared war on Russia on 1 August 1914 and on France on 3 August 1914, at the start of the First World War.

B. By 1915 the war was already a year old.

C. By 1916 the war was in its third year.

D. By 1917 the war was in its fourth year.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 29 General Knowledge

ICAO stands for

- A. International Civil Aviation Organization ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Indian Corporation of Agriculture Organization
- C. Institute of Company of Accounts Organization
- D. None

A. ICAO is the United Nations agency for civil aviation, based in Montreal.

B. There is no such body; this is a made-up name.

C. There is no such body; this is a made-up name.

because the International Civil Aviation Organization is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys A.

Question 30 General Knowledge

In which year, terrorists crash two planes into New York's World Trade Centre on September 11 in a sequence of destruction?

- A. 2000
- B. 2001 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 2002
- D. 2003

A. The attacks happened a year later, in 2001.

B. The attacks on the World Trade Centre took place on 11 September 2001.

C. The attacks happened a year earlier, in 2001.

D. The attacks happened two years earlier, in 2001.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 31 General Knowledge

Who developed the small pox vaccination?

- A. Edward Jenner ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Alexander Fleming
- C. Albert Einstein
- D. None

A. Jenner developed the smallpox vaccine in 1796, using cowpox to protect against smallpox.

B. Fleming discovered penicillin, not the smallpox vaccine.

as a physicist, he had nothing to do with vaccination.

D. Wrong, because Edward Jenner is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 32 General Knowledge

Who discovered circulation of blood in the Human body?

- A. Edward Jenner
- B. Joseph Lister
- C. William Harvey ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Jonon Esals

A. Jenner developed the smallpox vaccine; he did not discover the circulation of blood.

B. Lister pioneered antiseptic surgery; he did not discover the circulation of blood.

C. Harvey described the circulation of blood in 1628, showing that the heart pumps blood around the body.

D. There is no such discoverer; this is a garbled name in the book scan.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 33 General Knowledge

Who discovered Oxygen?

- A. Neil Bohyr
- B. William Harvey
- C. William Ramsay
- D. Joseph Priestley ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Niels Bohr was a physicist who worked on the atom; he did not discover oxygen.

scovered the circulation of blood, not oxygen.

C. Ramsay discovered the noble gases, not oxygen.

D. Priestley isolated oxygen in 1774 and is credited with its discovery.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees. The book files Niels Bohr as "Neil Bohyr".

Question 34 General Knowledge

Who discovered the Law of Gravitation and three laws of motion?

- A. Sir Isaac Newton ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Albert Einstein
- C. Guglielmo Marconi
- D. Aryabhatta

A. Newton published the law of universal gravitation and the three laws of motion in 1687.

B. Einstein developed relativity, not the laws of motion and gravitation.

C. Marconi invented the radio; he had nothing to do with gravitation.

D. Aryabhata was an ancient Indian mathematician and astronomer, not the author of the laws of motion.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Who founded the Indian National Congress in 1885 and was its first General Secretary?

- A. Allan Octavian Hume ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- C. Bipin Chandra Pal
- D. Surendranath Bannerji

e, a retired British civil servant, founded the Indian National Congress in 1885 and was its first General Secretary.

B. Tilak was a later Congress leader, not its founder.

C. Pal was a later Congress leader, not its founder.

D. Banerjee was an early Congress leader, but Hume founded the party.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 36 General Knowledge

Who invented the ball-point pen?

- A. Waterman
- B. Oscar
- C. Wilson
- D. Biro Brothers ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Waterman is famous for fountain pens, not the ball-point pen.

B. There is no pen inventor called Oscar.

C. There is no pen inventor called Wilson.

D. László Bíró and his brother György invented the modern ball-point pen in the 1930s.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

Question 37 General Knowledge

Who invented the Doctor's thermo-meter?

- A. Fahrenheit ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Edison
- C. Galileo

A. Daniel Gabriel Fahrenheit invented the mercury thermometer in 1714, the basis of the clinical thermometer.

B. Edison invented the light bulb and the phonograph, not the thermometer.

C. Galileo made an early thermoscope, but not the mercury thermometer.

D. Wrong, because Fahrenheit is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 38 General Knowledge

Who invented the radio and wireless system?

- A. Guglielmo Marconi ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. John Dalton
- C. Albert Einstein
- D. Louis Braile

A. Marconi developed the first practical radio and wireless telegraph system in the 1890s.

B. Dalton worked on atomic theory, not the radio.

C. Einstein developed relativity, not the radio.

D. Louis Braille invented the reading system for the blind, not the radio.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 39 General Knowledge

Iberian Peninsula is a part of which country?

- A. Europe ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Africa
- D. North America

A. The Iberian Peninsula, holding Spain and Portugal, is in south-west Europe.

B. The Iberian Peninsula is not in Asia.

C. The Iberian Peninsula is not in Africa.

D. The Iberian Peninsula is not in North America.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The stem says "which country" but the options are continents; "continent" is meant.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Which is called parliament of world?

- A. UNO
- B. General Assembly of UNO ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Security Council
- D. WTO

A. The United Nations as a whole is an organisation, not a parliament.

B. The General Assembly, where all member states sit and vote, is the UN's parliament-like body and is called the parliament of the world.

C. The Security Council has only 15 members and deals with peace and security; it is not the parliament of the world.

D. The World Trade Organization deals with trade, not with world government.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

41 General Knowledge

Riksdag is the name of the parliament of

- A. Iran
- B. Iraq
- C. Sweden ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. United state

A. Iran's parliament is the Majlis, not the Riksdag.

B. Iraq's parliament is the Council of Representatives, not the Riksdag.

C. The Riksdag is the parliament of Sweden.

D. The United States has Congress, not a Riksdag.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 42 General Knowledge

What is the name of Australia parliament?

- A. National Assembly
- B. National Congress
- C. Federal Parliament ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. General Assembly

A. That is the name of several other countries' parliaments, not Australia's.

B. That is the name of other countries' legislatures, not Australia's.

C. Australia's parliament is the Federal Parliament, also called the Parliament of Australia.

D. That is a United Nations body, not Australia's parliament.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

43 General Knowledge

What is the name of Bangladesh parliament?

- A. National Assembly
- B. National Congress
- C. Jatiya Sangshad ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. General Assembly

A. That is the name of other countries' parliaments, not Bangladesh's.

B. That is the name of other countries' legislatures, not Bangladesh's.

C. The Jatiya Sangsad (Jatiya Sangshad) is the parliament of Bangladesh.

D. That is a United Nations body, not Bangladesh's parliament.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 44 General Knowledge

What is the name of Algeria parliament?

- A. Peoples National Assembly ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. National Congress
- C. Federal Parliament
- D. General Assembly

A. Algeria's lower house is the People's National Assembly.

B. That is the name of other countries' legislatures, not Algeria's.

C. That is Australia's parliament, not Algeria's.

D. That is a United Nations body, not Algeria's parliament.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Who is the founder of Microsoft Corporation?

- A. Ross Perot
- B. Narayana Moorthy
- C. Bill Gates ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Azim Premji

A. Ross Perot founded EDS, not Microsoft.

B. N. R. Narayana Murthy co-founded Infosys, not Microsoft.

C. Bill Gates co-founded Microsoft with Paul Allen in 1975.

D. Azim Premji led Wipro, not Microsoft.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys C.

Question 46 General Knowledge

Cartels is

- A. A combination of firms or manufacturer to control output, investment, marketing and prices
- B. Monopoly under which the farms having common interest combine together with the aim of maximizing their profit
- C. Both (A) and (B) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None

A. This is the textbook definition of a cartel: firms agree together to control output and prices.

B. A cartel acts as a shared monopoly: the firms combine to raise their joint profit, which is what this option describes.

C. Both descriptions capture what a cartel is, so both are right.

ecause options A and B are both right.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees. The book prints "farms" in option B, a misprint for "firms".

Question 47 General Knowledge

Green House effect results from the trapping of

- A. Short wave radiations
- B. Long wave radiations ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Visible radiations
- D. Ultraviolet radiations

A. Short-wave radiation from the sun passes through the atmosphere; it is not what gets trapped.

B. The Earth gives off long-wave infrared radiation, and greenhouse gases trap it, warming the planet.

C. Visible light is short-wave radiation; it passes through the atmosphere and is not trapped.

D. Ultraviolet radiation is mostly blocked by the ozone layer; it is not what the greenhouse effect traps.

Note: Note: Printed key C is wrong. Visible radiation is short-wave and passes through; the greenhouse effect traps outgoing long-wave (infrared) radiation.

Question 48 General Knowledge

Deficit financing is

- A. Deficiency of revenue as compared to the expenditure
- B. Process in which money is created without productive resources being augment to bridge the gap between revenue and expenditure ✓ **Correct answer**

system based on John Maynard Keynes theory, which states that full employment might require the government to spend more in order to stimulate demand

- D. None

A. That is a budget deficit, not deficit financing.

B. Deficit financing means the government creates new money to cover the gap between its revenue and its spending.

C. That describes Keynesian fiscal policy, not deficit financing.

D. Wrong, because option B is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees. Option B is filed as printed, including its garbled wording ("being augment").

Question 49 General Knowledge

The main object of the following UN agencies is to help the under developed countries in the task of raising their living standards?

- A. IMF
- B. UNICEF
- C. UNDP
- D. IDA ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The International Monetary Fund lends to countries with balance-of-payments problems; helping poor countries raise living standards is not its main object.

B. UNICEF works for children and mothers, not for raising living standards generally.

C. The UNDP helps countries develop, but the textbook description in this question — helping underdeveloped nations raise their living standards — is the stated main objective of the IDA.

D. The International Development Association, the World Bank's arm for the poorest

ates its main objective as helping underdeveloped nations raise their living standards.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees. The IDA's own textbook description carries this exact wording, which is why D, not C, is the answer.

Question 50 General Knowledge

The number of already named bones in the human Skelton is

- A. 200
- B. 206 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 212
- D. 218

A. The adult human skeleton has more than 200 named bones.

B. An adult human has 206 bones in the skeleton.

C. That is more bones than an adult human has.

D. That is more bones than an adult human has.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees. The stem is filed as printed, including "Skelton" for "skeleton".

Question 51 Mathematics

3, 7, 15, ?, 63, 127

- A. 28
- B. 31 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 36
- D. 39

A. The pattern is double and add one: 3 × 2 + 1 = 7, 7 × 2 + 1 = 15, and 15 × 2 + 1 = 31, not

B. Each term is double the last plus one: 15 × 2 + 1 = 31, and 31 × 2 + 1 = 63, which fits the series.

C. 36 does not fit the doubling pattern.

D. 39 does not fit the doubling pattern.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 52 Mathematics

4, 10, ?, 82, 244, 730

- A. 22
- B. 28 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 32
- D. 34

A. The pattern is times three minus two: 4 × 3 − 2 = 10, and 10 × 3 − 2 = 28, not 22.

B. Each term is three times the last minus two: 10 × 3 − 2 = 28, and 28 × 3 − 2 = 82, which fits the series.

C. 32 does not fit the times-three-minus-two pattern.

D. 34 does not fit the times-three-minus-two pattern.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 53 Mathematics

1, 5, 13, 25, 41, ?

- A. 31
- B. 41

✓ Correct answer

- D. 71

A. The gaps between terms grow by 4 each time (4, 8, 12, 16), so the next gap is 20, giving 41 + 20 = 61, not 31.

B. 41 is the last given term, not the next one.

C. The differences are 4, 8, 12, 16, so the next difference is 20 and the next term is 41 + 20 = 61.

D. 71 would need a gap of 30, but the gaps grow by 4 each time.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 54 Mathematics

There are four numbers. Average of the first three is 15 and that of the last three is 16. If the last number is 19 find the first number:

- A. 16 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 18
- C. 20
- D. 21

A. The first three add to 45 and the last three add to 48; since the last number is 19, the middle two add to 29, so the first number is 45 − 29 = 16.

B. 18 does not satisfy the two averages.

C. 20 does not satisfy the two averages.

D. 21 does not satisfy the two averages.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

55 Mathematics

10 men can complete a job in 14 days. How long will it take 4 men to finish the same job if they work at the same rate?

- A. 33 days
- B. 35 days ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 37 days
- D. 39 days

A. The job needs 10 × 14 = 140 man-days, and 140 ÷ 4 = 35, not 33.

B. The job is 140 man-days of work, so 4 men need 140 ÷ 4 = 35 days.

C. 37 days is more than the 35 days the work requires.

D. 39 days is more than the 35 days the work requires.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 56 Mathematics

A man takes 50 minutes to cover a certain distance at a speed of 6 km/hr. If he walks with a speed of 10 km/hr, he covers the same distance in:

- A. 1 hour
- B. 30 minutes ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 20 minutes
- D. 10 minutes

A. At 10 km/hr the 5 km distance takes half an hour, not a full hour.

B. The distance is 6 × 50/60 = 5 km, and at 10 km/hr that takes 5 ÷ 10 = half an hour, which is 30 minutes.

C. 20 minutes at 10 km/hr would cover only about 3.3 km, not 5 km.

…s at 10 km/hr would cover only about 1.7 km, not 5 km.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 57 Mathematics

A man pays 10% of his income as income tax. If his income tax amounts to Rs.1500, what is his income?

- A. Rs. 13000
- B. Rs. 15000 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rs. 17000
- D. Rs. 19000

A. 10% of 13,000 is 1,300, not 1,500.

B. 10% of 15,000 is 1,500, which is the tax paid.

C. 10% of 17,000 is 1,700, not 1,500.

D. 10% of 19,000 is 1,900, not 1,500.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 58 Mathematics

A can do a piece of work in 10 days and B can do it in 15 days. The number of days required by them to finish it, working together is:

- A. 8
- B. 7
- C. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 4

A. Together they do 1/10 + 1/15 = 1/6 of the work per day, so they need 6 days, not 8.

B. 7 days is more than the 6 days the work requires.

0 of the work a day and B does 1/15, so together they do 1/6 a day and finish in 6 days.

D. 4 days is fewer than the 6 days the work requires.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 59 Mathematics

A man saves Rs.500 which is 15% of his annual income. How much does he earn in one year?

- A. 3542.50
- B. 3333.33 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3132.30
- D. 3075.75

A. 15% of 3,542.50 is about 531, not 500.

B. 500 ÷ 0.15 = 3,333.33, so his annual income is 3,333.33.

C. 15% of 3,132.30 is about 470, not 500.

D. 15% of 3,075.75 is about 461, not 500.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 60 Mathematics

Mr. Rehman ordered a car worth Rs 600,000 and was given a discount. Given that he paid Rs. 570,000 for his new car, calculate the percentage discount he received:

- A. 5% ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 7%
- C. 9%
- D. 10%

unt is 600,000 − 570,000 = 30,000, which is 30,000 ÷ 600,000 = 5% of the price.

B. 7% of 600,000 would be 42,000, not 30,000.

C. 9% of 600,000 would be 54,000, not 30,000.

D. 10% of 600,000 would be 60,000, not 30,000.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The book scan prints the price paid as "Rs.57,0000", the Pakistani grouping for 570,000.

Question 61 Mathematics

8(11 - 2) - 5(11 - 2) / 3 = ?

- A. 11
- B. 9 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1
- D. 5

A. The numerator is 8 × 9 − 5 × 9 = 72 − 45 = 27, and 27 ÷ 3 = 9, not 11.

B. The expression is a fraction with numerator 8(11 − 2) − 5(11 − 2) = 72 − 45 = 27 and denominator 3, so it equals 27 ÷ 3 = 9.

C. 1 does not follow from the arithmetic.

D. 5 does not follow from the arithmetic.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees. The book scan prints the expression as a fraction (numerator over 3) and shows "= 2" where "= ?" is meant.

Question 62 Mathematics

The enrollment in a certain secondary school was 450 in 1979. By 1980 the enrollment had increased by 16%, what was the enrollment in 1980?

512

- B. Rs. 518
- C. Rs. 522 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rs. 526

A. 450 increased by 16% is 450 × 1.16 = 522, not 512.

B. 518 is not 450 increased by 16%.

C. 16% of 450 is 72, and 450 + 72 = 522.

D. 526 is not 450 increased by 16%.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees. The options are filed as printed, with "Rs." before the numbers, although enrollment is a count of students, not money.

Question 63 Mathematics

A cyclist covers 660 feet in 66 seconds. How many yards will he cover in the same time?

- A. 220 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 600
- C. 100
- D. 10

A. There are 3 feet in a yard, so 660 feet is 660 ÷ 3 = 220 yards.

B. 600 yards would be 1,800 feet, not 660 feet.

C. 100 yards is 300 feet, not 660 feet.

D. 10 yards is 30 feet, not 660 feet.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

64 Mathematics

The sum of 2 numbers is 84, if one of them exceeds the other by 12. Find the numbers?

- A. 40,52
- B. 1,13
- C. 36,48 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 72,84

A. 40 + 52 = 92, not 84.

B. 1 + 13 = 14, not 84.

C. 36 + 48 = 84, and 48 − 36 = 12, so these are the two numbers.

D. 72 + 84 = 156, not 84.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 65 Mathematics

The number, whose 7% is 14, is

- A. 500
- B. 400
- C. 300
- D. 200 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 7% of 500 is 35, not 14.

B. 7% of 400 is 28, not 14.

C. 7% of 300 is 21, not 14.

D. 7% of 200 is 14, so the number is 200.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

66 Mathematics

If the difference between 5 times and 9 times of a number is 24, the number is

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 7

A. 9 × 4 − 5 × 4 = 16, not 24.

B. 9 × 5 − 5 × 5 = 20, not 24.

C. 9 × 6 − 5 × 6 = 54 − 30 = 24, so the number is 6.

D. 9 × 7 − 5 × 7 = 28, not 24.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 67 Mathematics

The speed of a car is 30km first hour and 32 km in the second hour. Its average speed is

- A. 30 km
- B. 31 km ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 32 km
- D. 33 km

A. The average of 30 and 32 is 31, not 30.

B. The car covers 30 + 32 = 62 km in 2 hours, so its average speed is 62 ÷ 2 = 31 km per hour.

C. The average of 30 and 32 is 31, not 32.

D. The average of 30 and 32 is 31, not 33.

Printed key B agrees.

Question 68 Mathematics

The number, whose 7% is 21, is

- A. 500
- B. 400
- C. 300 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 200

A. 7% of 500 is 35, not 21.

B. 7% of 400 is 28, not 21.

C. 7% of 300 is 21, so the number is 300.

D. 7% of 200 is 14, not 21.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 69 Mathematics

8 machines can do a piece of work in 10 days. How long will it take 16 machines to do the work?

- A. 7 days
- B. 5 days ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 6 days
- D. 8 days

A. The work is 8 × 10 = 80 machine-days, and 80 ÷ 16 = 5, not 7.

B. The work needs 80 machine-days, so 16 machines need 80 ÷ 16 = 5 days.

C. 6 days is more than the 5 days the work requires.

more than the 5 days the work requires.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees. Q70 repeats this question word for word; both are solved the same way.

Question 70 Mathematics

8 machines can do a piece of work in 10 days. How long will it take 16 machines to do the work?

- A. 7 days
- B. 5 days ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 6 days
- D. 8 days

A. The work is 8 × 10 = 80 machine-days, and 80 ÷ 16 = 5, not 7.

B. The work needs 80 machine-days, so 16 machines need 80 ÷ 16 = 5 days.

C. 6 days is more than the 5 days the work requires.

D. 8 days is more than the 5 days the work requires.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees. This question is printed twice in the book (Q69 and Q70 are identical); both are solved the same way.

Question 71 Everyday Science

Long sightedness can be removed by the use of:

- A. Convex lens ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Concave lens
- C. Cylindrical lens
- D. Plane glass

A. Long sight (hypermetropia) is corrected with a convex lens, which brings the image

o the retina.

B. A concave lens corrects short sight, not long sight.

C. A cylindrical lens corrects astigmatism, not long sight.

D. Plane glass has no power and corrects nothing.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 72 Everyday Science

A spectrometer is used to study _____

- A. Collimator
- B. Telescope
- C. Refractive index
- D. Spectrum ✓ **Correct answer**

A. A collimator is a part of a spectrometer, not what it studies.

B. A telescope is a different instrument, for viewing distant objects.

C. A refractometer measures refractive index; a spectrometer studies spectra.

D. A spectrometer splits light into its spectrum and studies it.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees.

Question 73 Everyday Science

Which is the latest material used for manufacturing a computer chip?

- A. Harman Goldstein
- B. Carbon
- C. Gallium Arsenide ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. J.P. Eckert

Goldstine was a person, a computer pioneer, not a material.

B. Carbon is not the material used for computer chips.

C. Gallium arsenide is a semiconductor material used for high-speed computer chips.

D. J. Presper Eckert was a person, a builder of ENIAC, not a material.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 74 Everyday Science

What do you understand by a monitor of a computer?

- A. Input device
- B. Output device ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. (A) and (B)
- D. None of these

A. An input device, such as a keyboard, sends information into the computer; a monitor does not.

B. A monitor shows the computer's output on a screen, so it is an output device.

C. A monitor is not an input device, so it cannot be both.

D. Wrong, because a monitor is an output device.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 75 Everyday Science

Of the following human bones, tell which one is of neck:

- A. Tibia
- B. Atlas ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Skull

A. The tibia is the shin bone of the leg, not a neck bone.

B. The atlas is the first cervical vertebra, the top bone of the neck, which holds up the skull.

C. The skull is the head, not a neck bone.

D. The sacrum is at the base of the spine, not in the neck.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 76 Everyday Science

FORTRAN, a computer programming language is mainly used for

- A. Tabulation
- B. Business applications
- C. Scientific Research ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Word Processing

A. Tabulation is a use of spreadsheets, not the main use of FORTRAN.

B. Business applications are mainly written in COBOL, not FORTRAN.

C. FORTRAN was designed for scientific and engineering computation and is still used for it.

D. Word processing is done by word processors, not by FORTRAN.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 77 Everyday Science

Which type of computers are known for their high accuracy?

- B. Digital ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Analogue
- D. None of these

A. Hybrid computers combine digital and analogue parts; they are not the type known for accuracy.

B. Digital computers work with exact numbers, so they are known for high accuracy.

C. Analogue computers work with continuous signals and are approximate, not highly accurate.

D. Wrong, because digital computers are the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 78 Everyday Science

Who developed the first digital computer?

- A. George Scheutz
- B. Joseph Henry
- C. H.H. Aiken ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. J.P. Eckert

A. Scheutz built a difference engine, not the first digital computer.

B. Joseph Henry worked on electromagnetism, not on digital computers.

C. Howard Aiken developed the Harvard Mark I, the first large-scale automatic digital computer, in 1944.

D. Eckert built ENIAC, the first general-purpose electronic computer, but the book's answer for the first digital computer is Aiken's Mark I.

Printed key C agrees. ENIAC was the first electronic digital computer; Aiken's Mark I is the standard book answer for the first digital computer.

Question 79 Everyday Science

Of the following computers, which one is called the first generation computer:

- A. Leo ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Plato
- C. Cray
- D. Apple

A. LEO (Lyons Electronic Office), built in 1951, was a first-generation computer using vacuum tubes.

B. PLATO was a computer-based teaching system, not a first-generation computer.

C. Cray supercomputers came much later, in the 1970s and after.

D. Apple computers came in the late 1970s, long after the first generation.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 80 Everyday Science

Which one of the following computer languages is easiest to learn?

- A. FORTRAN
- B. BASIC ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. PASCAL
- D. COBOL

A. FORTRAN is a scientific language with strict rules; it is not the easiest to learn.

B. BASIC stands for Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code and was designed to be easy for beginners.

teaching language, but it is stricter and harder than BASIC.

D. COBOL is a wordy business language, not the easiest to learn.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 81 Pakistan Affairs

Shibli introduced the study of which language as a compulsory subject at Nadva?

- A. Urdu
- B. Arabic
- C. English ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. French

A. Urdu was already the language of instruction and daily use at Nadwa, not the subject Shibli newly introduced.

B. Arabic was already the core language of the Nadwa curriculum, not a new compulsory subject.

C. Shibli Nomani modernised the Nadwa curriculum by making English a compulsory subject, so that its scholars could engage with modern learning.

D. French was not introduced as a compulsory subject at Nadwa.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 82 Pakistan Affairs

When Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam was established?

- A. 24th December, 1884 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 25th December, 1884
- C. 26th December, 1884
- D. 27th December, 1884

...han was founded on the 24th, which is the intended answer among the options.

B. The Anjuman was not founded on the 25th.

C. The Anjuman was not founded on the 26th.

D. The Anjuman was not founded on the 27th.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The Anjuman was founded on 24 September 1884; the book's options all carry December, so the 24th is the intended answer.

Question 83 Pakistan Affairs

Who laid down foundation of Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam?

- A. Qazi Khalifa Hameed-ud-Din ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sharif-ud-Din
- C. Islam-ud-Din
- D. Ihsan-ud-Din

A. Qazi Khalifa Hameed-ud-Din founded the Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam in Lahore in 1884.

B. Sharif-ud-Din did not found the Anjuman.

C. Islam-ud-Din did not found the Anjuman.

D. Ihsan-ud-Din did not found the Anjuman.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 84 Pakistan Affairs

Who became first president of Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam?

- A. Haneef-ud-Din
- B. Qazi Khalifa Hameed-ud-Din ✓ **Correct answer**

-ud-Din

- D. Tabrez-ud-Din

A. Haneef-ud-Din was not the first president of the Anjuman.

B. The founder, Qazi Khalifa Hameed-ud-Din, was elected the Anjuman's first president.

C. Faiz-ud-Din was not the first president of the Anjuman.

D. Tabrez-ud-Din was not the first president of the Anjuman.

Note: Note: Printed key B agrees.

Question 85 Pakistan Affairs

A scheme known as _____ was started to collect funds for the Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam.

- A. Muthi Bhar Ata ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Muthi Bhar Chawal
- C. Muthi Bhar Dal
- D. Muthi Bhar Sikai

A. The "Muthi Bhar Ata" (a handful of flour) scheme asked each member to set aside a handful of flour daily to fund the Anjuman.

B. The scheme was for flour, not rice.

C. The scheme was for flour, not lentils.

D. The scheme was for flour, not coins.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 86 Pakistan Affairs

Islamia College for Women, Cooper Road Lahore was established in which year?

- B. 1938
- C. 1939 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1940

A. The college was not established in 1937.

B. The decision to establish the college was taken in 1938, at the Anjuman's golden jubilee, but the college itself was established in 1939.

C. The college was established in 1939 at Intermediate level, as its own prospectus records.

D. The college was not established in 1940.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 87 Pakistan Affairs

When in the Male Sector Anjuman opened its first institution in the Sheranwala Gate, Lahore?

- A. 1889 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1890
- C. 1891
- D. 1892

A. In 1889 the Anjuman opened a boys' school, Madrassa-tul-Musalamin, at Sheranwala Gate in Lahore.

B. The school was opened in 1889, not 1890.

C. The school was opened in 1889, not 1891.

D. 1892 is the year the Islamia College Lahore was founded, not the year of the Sheranwala Gate school.

Printed key A agrees.

Question 88 Pakistan Affairs

When Hasan Ali laid down the foundation of Sindh Madrassah-tul-Islam?

- A. 1883
- B. 1884
- C. 1885 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1886

A. The Sindh Madrassah was not founded in 1883.

B. The Sindh Madrassah was not founded in 1884.

C. Hassan Ali Effendi founded the Sindh Madressatul Islam in Karachi in 1885.

D. The Sindh Madrassah was not founded in 1886.

Note: Note: Printed key C agrees.

Question 89 Pakistan Affairs

Teaching Pattern of Sindh Madrassah, Karachi was drafted on the style of

- A. Aligarh College ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Deoband
- C. Nadva
- D. M.A.O. School

A. The Sindh Madrassah's teaching pattern was drafted on the style of Aligarh (M.A.O.) College.

B. Deoband taught traditional Islamic learning, not the pattern followed at Sindh Madrassah.

C. Nadwa's pattern was not the one followed at Sindh Madrassah.

). School was the school stage of the same Aligarh institution; the pattern followed was that of Aligarh College.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 90 Pakistan Affairs

Islamia College Peshawar was established in which year?

- A. 1899
- B. 1900
- C. 1901
- D. 1912 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The college was not established in 1899.

B. The college was not established in 1900.

C. The college was not established in 1901.

D. 1912 is the foundation year of Islamia College Peshawar and the closest option to its opening in 1913.

Note: Note: The college opened in 1913, which is not offered; D 1912 is the foundation year and the closest option. Printed key D agrees.

Question 91 Islamic Studies

Which is the significant event of 6th Hijrah?

- A. Treaty of Hudabia ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Holy Prophet (PBUH) performed Hajj
- C. Holy Prophet (PBUH) performed Umrah
- D. None of the above

A. The Treaty of Hudaibiyah was signed in 6 AH (628 CE), the significant event of that year.

well Pilgrimage was in 10 AH, not 6 AH.

C. The Prophet performed Umrah in 7 AH, after the treaty, not in 6 AH.

D. Wrong, because the Treaty of Hudaibiyah is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 92 Islamic Studies

Makkah was conquered in

- A. 8th Hijrah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 6th Hijrah
- C. 5th Hijrah
- D. 9th Hijrah

A. The Conquest of Makkah took place in 8 AH (630 CE).

B. 6 AH is the year of the Treaty of Hudaibiyah, not the conquest.

C. 5 AH is the year of the Battle of the Trench, not the conquest.

D. 9 AH is the year of the Tabuk expedition, not the conquest.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys A.

Question 93 Islamic Studies

Jizya is

- A. Poll Tax on Non-Muslims ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Poll Tax on Muslims
- C. Tax of Agriculture Produce
- D. Tax on Immoveable Property

A. Jizya is the poll tax paid by non-Muslims living under Muslim rule, in return for

B. Muslims paid Zakat, not Jizya.

C. The tax on agricultural produce is Ushr (or Kharaj), not Jizya.

D. There is no such definition of Jizya.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys A.

Question 94 Islamic Studies

Al-Fay is

- A. Lands conquered by Muslims which became the property of Islamic state ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Poll-Tax on Non-Muslims
- C. A bird
- D. A stone

A. Al-Fay is property, including land, taken from the enemy without fighting, which becomes the property of the Islamic state.

B. That is Jizya, not Al-Fay.

C. Al-Fay is not a bird.

D. Al-Fay is not a stone.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys A.

Question 95 Islamic Studies

A Jewish hostess poisoned the Holy Prophet (PBUH) at the eve of

- A. Conquest of Khyber ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Conquest of Makkah

: sermon of Holy Prophet (PBUH)

- D. None

A. After the conquest of Khyber in 7 AH, a Jewish woman served the Prophet a poisoned sheep.

B. The poisoning did not happen at the conquest of Makkah.

C. The poisoning did not happen at the Farewell Sermon.

D. Wrong, because the Conquest of Khyber is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys A.

Question 96 Islamic Studies

First Katib-e-Wahi is

- A. Hazrat Sharjeel (RA)
- B. Hazrat Hurera (RA)
- C. Hazrat Abu Bakar Siddique (RA)
- D. Hazrat Zaid Bin Sabit (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sharjeel was a companion, but he was not the first scribe of revelation.

B. Abu Huraira was a great narrator of Hadith, but he was not the first scribe of revelation.

C. Abu Bakr was the first Caliph, but he was not the first scribe of revelation.

D. Zaid bin Thabit was the first Katib-e-Wahi, the scribe who wrote down the revelation.

Note: Note: Printed key D agrees. The test360 reproduction also keys D.

Question 97 Islamic Studies

Jihad-e-Akbar is

inst oneself ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Against visible enemy
- C. Against evil
- D. None

A. Jihad-e-Akbar, the greater jihad, is the struggle against one's own self and desires.

B. Fighting a visible enemy is Jihad-e-Asghar, the lesser jihad, not the greater.

C. Struggling against evil is part of it, but the definition of the greater jihad is the struggle against oneself.

D. Wrong, because the struggle against oneself is the correct answer.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 98 Islamic Studies

Whose title is Saifullah?

- A. Hazrat Khalid Bin Waleed (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hazrat Ibrahim (AS)
- C. Hazrat Ismail (AS)
- D. Hazrat Mussa (AS)

A. Khalid ibn al-Walid was given the title Saifullah, the Sword of Allah, for his military victories.

B. Ibrahim's title is Khalilullah, the Friend of Allah, not Saifullah.

C. Ismail is not called Saifullah.

D. Musa's title is Kalimullah, the one who spoke with Allah, not Saifullah.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

99 Islamic Studies

Whose title is Savior of Islam?

- A. Hazrat Abu Bakar Siddique (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hazrat Ali (RA)
- C. Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)
- D. Hazrat Khalid Bin Waleed (RA)

A. Abu Bakr is called the Saviour of Islam for holding the community together after the Prophet's death and defeating the apostasy.

B. Ali is known as Asadullah, the Lion of Allah, not the Saviour of Islam.

C. The Prophet is the Messenger of Allah, not called the Saviour of Islam.

D. Khalid is Saifullah, the Sword of Allah, not the Saviour of Islam.

Note: Note: Printed key A agrees.

Question 100 Islamic Studies

Duration of caliphate of Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA) was

- A. 2 years and 3 months ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 3 years and 2 months
- C. 4 years
- D. 5 years

A. Abu Bakr's caliphate lasted from 632 to 634 CE, about 2 years and 3 months.

B. That is longer than Abu Bakr's caliphate.

C. That is longer than Abu Bakr's caliphate.

D. That is longer than Abu Bakr's caliphate.

Printed key A agrees.

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