Junior Investigation Officer (BS-16), National Accountability Bureau (NAB) — Junior Investigation Officer 2012 — 2012 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Junior Investigation Officer (BS-16), National Accountability Bureau (NAB) — Junior Investigation Officer 2012 · **Year:** 2012 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2012 sitting.

Source note: ratta.pk scan of the Imtiaz Shahid book's JIO 2012 paper (Google Drive file 1n6B6LHisWJIEAl2Mg80BaCjuBM-Q91qn), accessed 13 Nov 2026; a 4-page scanned reproduction (each PDF page a two-book-page spread), OCR'd with RapidOCR and reconstructed column-aware from the OCR boxes. The printed Answer Key was read visually from the scan image (clean print). Cross-checked against the CSS Times JIO 2012 page (Q1-Q5 identical). The Imtiaz Shahid FPSC book (Ed 61, 2026) carries this paper as Model Paper 84: 'NTS General Knowledge Paper 2012 For the Posts of JUNIOR INVESTIGATION OFFICER NAB', p. 510. 5 printed keys corrected openly (Q13, Q19, Q56, Q58, Q79); Q68 is served as printed (D, 'All of the above') — PPC s.396 gives death, life imprisonment or rigorous imprisonment up to ten years, so all of the above; Q10, Q77, Q79 and Q85 are printed with 3 options only and are served as printed; 5 PICK-ONE (Q37, Q42, Q69, Q74, Q77), all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026

Dedup 13 Nov 2026 vs the live library (1,028 built files, 80,127 stems): highest overlap with any other paper is 6 stems (37ne, PPSC Food Supervisor 2012) — generic GK reuse only. No live Junior Investigation Officer NAB 2012 paper exists in the index.

Question 1 General Knowledge

A round worm that enters man's body through the soles of the feet is:

- A. Leech
- B. Hookworm ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Tapeworm
- D. Trichina

Note: A hookworm enters the body through the soles of the feet.

Question 2 General Knowledge

In which of the following diseases do the germs enter through open wounds?

- A. Malaria
- B. Tuberculosis
- C. Typhoid
- D. Tetanus ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Tetanus germs enter through open wounds.

Question 3 General Knowledge

Which is the highest peak with a height of 8616 m above sea level?

- A. Nanga Parbat
- B. K-2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Tirich Mir
- D. None of the above

8,610 m, is the highest peak of Pakistan (the second highest in the world).

Question 4 General Knowledge

Which Pass is the highest Pass of Pakistan?

- A. Khunjerab Pass
- B. Malakand Pass
- C. Muztagh Pass ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Khan Kun Pass

Note: The Khunjerab Pass is the highest pass of Pakistan.

Question 5 General Knowledge

Lord Wellesley greatly extended the British Dominion through

- A. Doctrine of Lapse
- B. Subsidiary alliance ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Partitioning of India
- D. Annexing princely states

Note: Lord Wellesley extended the British dominion through the Subsidiary Alliance.

Question 6 General Knowledge

Who was the British Prime Minister at the time of Second Round Table Conference?

- A. Ramsay MacDonald ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Clement Attlee
- C. Neville Chamberlain
- D. None of these

Note: Ramsay MacDonald was the British Prime Minister at the Second Round Table Conference (1931).

7 English

What do you understand by ad finem?

- A. From the beginning
- B. To the end ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Among other things
- D. None of these

Note: 'Ad finem' is Latin for 'to the end'.

Question 8 English

What do you understand by Amicus Curiae?

- A. Friend of court ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Ambassador who invited to solve the crisis
- C. All that goes to make a break of law
- D. None of these

Note: 'Amicus curiae' means 'friend of the court'.

Question 9 General Knowledge

Total membership of NATO has risen to:

- A. 27 members
- B. 30 members
- C. 28 members ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 23 members

Note: NATO's membership had risen to 28 by 2012 (it was 28 from 2009 to 2017).

Question 10 General Knowledge

What is the other name of World Bank?

- B. International Bank for Development ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. None of them

Note: The World Bank's other name is the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (printed here as 'International Bank for Development').

Question 11 General Knowledge

One inch is equal to ____ millimeters

- A. 22.70
- B. 25.40 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 26.50
- D. 28.30

Note: One inch is 25.40 millimetres.

Question 12 General Knowledge

The largest province of Pakistan according to area is

- A. Punjab
- B. NWFP
- C. Sindh
- D. Baluchistan ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Baluchistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Question 13 General Knowledge

Name the biggest library found in Pakistan

- A. Quaid-e-Azam Library ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Punjab library

- D. None of the above

Note: The Quaid-e-Azam Library, Lahore, is the biggest public library in Pakistan (the printed key's 'Punjab library' is wrong — the Punjab Public Library is the oldest, but the biggest is the Quaid-e-Azam Library).

Question 14 General Knowledge

Name the first Motorway of Pakistan?

- A. Peshawar-Islamabad motorway
- B. Pindi Bhatian-Faisalabad motorway
- C. Karachi-Hyderabad motorway
- D. Islamabad-Lahore motorway ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: The Islamabad-Lahore Motorway (M-2, opened 1997) was Pakistan's first motorway.

Question 15 General Knowledge

Who was the first Governor of State Bank of Pakistan?

- A. Ishrat Kamal
- B. Saeed Hamid
- C. Zahid Hussain ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of the above

Note: Zahid Hussain was the first Governor of the State Bank of Pakistan (1948).

Question 16 General Knowledge

Bahawalpur mostly consists of

- A. Flood
- B. Doaba

ert ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Plateau areas

Note: Bahawalpur mostly consists of desert (the Cholistan).

Question 17 General Knowledge

Peshawar district and major part of Mardan district consist of:

- A. Hilly areas
- B. Plain areas ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Plateau areas
- D. None of these

Note: Peshawar district and most of Mardan district are plain areas (the Peshawar valley).

Question 18 General Knowledge

'Land of the Flying Fish' is the nick name of:

- A. Barbados ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Trinidad
- C. Myanmar
- D. Gibraltar

Note: 'Land of the Flying Fish' is the nick name of Barbados.

Question 19 General Knowledge

What is the total length of Pak-India boundary

- A. 1610 kilometers
- B. 1670 kilometers
- C. 1810 kilometers
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A World Factbook gives the Pakistan-India border as 2,912 km — none of the listed figures is right, so 'None of these' (the printed key's 1,610 km is wrong).

Question 20 General Knowledge

What is the total length of coastline of

- A. 1020km
- B. 1046km ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1095km
- D. 1126km

Note: Pakistan's coastline is 1,046 km long.

Question 21 General Knowledge

When was the Red Cross established by Jean

- A. 1860
- B. 1861
- C. 1864 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1867

Note: The Red Cross was established in 1864 (the year of the first Geneva Convention).

Question 22 General Knowledge

Flag of Red Cross is the reverse of the flag of

- A. Germany
- B. Switzerland ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. England
- D. Sweden

Note: The Red Cross flag is the reverse of the Swiss flag.

23 General Knowledge

Name the author of 'Not the Whole Truth'

- A. M.R. Kiani ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Munir Ahmad
- C. S.A. Rahman
- D. A.R. Cornelius

Note: 'Not the Whole Truth' is by M.R. Kiani (the paper's keyed author).

Question 24 General Knowledge

The first artificial satellite was launched in

- A. October 4, 1951
- B. October 4, 1961
- C. October 4, 1957 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. October 4, 1967

Note: The first artificial satellite, Sputnik 1, was launched on 4 October 1957.

Question 25 General Knowledge

McMahon line is the border between

- A. India and China ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. India and Nepal
- C. India and Pakistan
- D. India and Burma

Note: The McMahon Line is the border between India and China.

Question 26 General Knowledge

The part of the cell which is essential for

oroplast

- B. Ribosome ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Golgi bodies
- D. Chromosomes

Note: The ribosome is the part of the cell essential for protein synthesis.

Question 27 General Knowledge

Which is the urgent source of energy available

- A. Carbohydrates ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Fats
- C. Proteins
- D. Vitamins

Note: Carbohydrates are the most immediate source of energy for athletes.

Question 28 General Knowledge

Dublin is situated on bank of river

- A. Nile River
- B. Rhine River
- C. Liffey River ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

Note: Dublin is on the River Liffey.

Question 29 General Knowledge

Which river crosses the Equator twice?

- A. Amazon River
- B. Congo River ✓ **Correct answer**

River

- D. Indus River

Note: The Congo River crosses the Equator twice.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Bonn is situated on bank of river

- A. Delaware River
- B. Elbe River
- C. Rhine River ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

Note: Bonn is on the Rhine.

Question 31 General Knowledge

Name the Person who discovered Zambia and Victoria Falls from 1852-73?

- A. David Livingstone ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Jacques Cartier
- C. Adam Kus
- D. Daniel Arap

Note: David Livingstone discovered the Victoria Falls (1855) and explored Zambia.

Question 32 General Knowledge

America launched its first space station in

- A. 1963
- B. 1969
- C. 1973 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1978

ca launched its first space station, Skylab, in 1973.

Question 33 General Knowledge

Which country got more Nobel Prizes after

- A. France
- B. Germany
- C. UK ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Russia

Note: After the USA, the UK has won the most Nobel Prizes.

Question 34 General Knowledge

Which is the largest continent (population

- A. America
- B. Asia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Europe
- D. Australia

Note: Asia is the largest continent by population.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Who is the youngest medal winner in Olympic history?

- A. Roald Amundsen
- B. Alexei Leonov
- C. Neil Alden
- D. Noel Vandernotte (rowing) ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Noel Vandernotte won two bronze medals at Berlin 1936 aged 12, the youngest male medallist of those Games (the stem misprints 'medallist' as 'medal woman').

36 Pakistan Studies

Who presented Lahore Resolution on 23rd March,1940?

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. A.K. Fazl-ul-Haq ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Quaid-e-Azam

Note: A.K. Fazl-ul-Haq presented the Lahore Resolution on 23 March 1940.

Question 37 General Knowledge

Pretoria is the name of Airport

- A. China
- B. Japan
- C. Russia
- D. South Africa ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: The stem as printed is garbled; Pretoria is in South Africa, which is the intended answer.

Question 38 General Knowledge

FSB is the Intelligence agency of:

- A. USA
- B. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. China
- D. None of these

Note: The FSB is the intelligence agency of Russia.

39 General Knowledge

Wimbledon known for lawn tennis courts is in:

- A. London ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. New York
- C. Washington
- D. Geneva

Note: Wimbledon is in London.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Golan Heights belonging to countries:

- A. Syria and Israel ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Israel and iraq
- C. iran and iraq
- D. Kuwait and Iraq

Note: The Golan Heights belong to Syria and Israel (occupied by Israel since 1967).

Question 41 English

The police drew ___ the truth from the thief.

- A. on
- B. with
- C. over
- D. out ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: 'Drew out the truth' — the police drew the truth out from the thief.

Question 42 English

Amna has deposited five thousand rupees ___ the Bank of Alfalah.

- B. with ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. for
- D. against

Note: Both 'in the Bank' and 'with the Bank' are idiomatic for a deposit; the bank's keyed 'with' is retained as the intended answer.

Question 43 English

A thing which cannot be seen:

- A. Invisible ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. visible
- C. Invincible
- D. fatalist

Note: A thing which cannot be seen is invisible.

Question 44 English

What is the meaning of Bellicose?

- A. Peaceful
- B. agile
- C. Stupefy
- D. pugnacious ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: 'Bellicose' means warlike or pugnacious.

Question 45 English

What is the meaning of Capricious?

- A. Constant

ertain ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Pause
- D. brave

Note: 'Capricious' means changeable or uncertain.

Question 46 English

What is the meaning of Desuetude?

- A. Custom
- B. obsoleteness ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Argue
- D. dissent

Note: 'Desuetude' means disuse or obsoleteness.

Question 47 English

He has disposed ___ his house.

- A. of ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. in
- C. at
- D. from

Note: 'Disposed of his house' is the idiom.

Question 48 English

He is averse hard work.

- A. on
- B. to ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. upon

Note: One is 'averse to' hard work.

Question 49 English

He has recently taken drinking.

- A. on
- B. from
- C. for
- D. to ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: He has recently 'taken to' drinking.

Question 50 English

I prefer death ___ dishonor.

- A. to ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. than
- C. from
- D. in

Note: 'Prefer death to dishonor' is the idiom.

Question 51 Mathematics

Find 250% of 36

- A. 90 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 80
- C. 60
- D. 20

Note: 250% of 36 is 90.

52 Mathematics

In a given academy, 720 of the 960 new students will study arithmetic during their first year. What percentage of the new students will study arithmetic during their first year?

- A. 25%
- B. 50%
- C. 75% ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 100%

Note: 720 of 960 is 75%.

Question 53 Mathematics

An investment pays 8% simple interest per year. if the investment earns 84 interest in the first year, then how much money was originally invested?

- A. 1050 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1010
- C. 1025
- D. 1000

Note: 8% of the principal is 84, so the principal is 84/0.08 = 1,050.

Question 54 Mathematics

if Aslam wants to finish a 16 kilometer race in no more than 2 hours, then what is the minimum distance in kilometers that she should run every 15 minutes?

- A. 5 kilometers
- B. 2 kilometers ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 8 kilometers
- D. 3 kilometers

Note: 16 km in 2 hours is 8 km an hour, so 2 km every 15 minutes.

55 Mathematics

Round to the nearest hundredth: 6.4562

- A. 6.45
- B. 6.46 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 6.47
- D. 6.48

Note: 6.4562 rounded to the nearest hundredth is 6.46.

Question 56 Mathematics

Which of the following will not be a number of the series 1,8,27,64,125....

- A. 256 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 512
- C. 729
- D. 1000

Note: The series is cubes (1, 8, 27, 64, 125, 216, 343, 512, 729, 1,000); 256 is not a cube (the printed key's 512 is a cube — 8 cubed).

Question 57 Mathematics

Which term of the series 5,10,20,40.....is 1280?

- A. 10th
- B. 9th ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 8th
- D. none of these

Note: 5 x 2 to the power 8 is 1,280, so it is the 9th term.

58 Mathematics

In the series 2,6,18,54...what will be the 8th term?

- A. 4370
- B. 4374 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 7443
- D. 7434

Note: The 8th term is 2 x 3 to the power 7 = 4,374 (the printed key's 4,370 is wrong).

Question 59 Mathematics

In how many different ways can the letters of the word 'ARISE' be arranged?

- A. 90
- B. 60
- C. 180
- D. 120 ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: The letters of ARISE (5 distinct) arrange in 5! = 120 ways.

Question 60 Mathematics

A man takes a loan of Rs. 1000 at the beginning of each year at 5% per annum compound interest. Find the accumulated amount to the nearest rupee, he will thus have at the end of 3 years.

- A. Rs. 3714.63
- B. Rs. 3154.63
- C. Rs. 3310.13 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rs. 3745.73

Note: Rs 1,000 at the start of each of 3 years at 5% compound: 1,000 x (1.05 + 1.05 squared + 1.05 cubed) = 3,310.13.

61 Law

What is termed as person's undertaking to be liable for another's default or non-attendance at court?

- A. Undertaking
- B. Bail bond
- C. Bail surety
- D. Surety ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: A surety is a person's undertaking to be liable for another's default or non-attendance at court.

Question 62 Law

What is called the person who has allegedly committed the offence?

- A. Offender
- B. Guilty
- C. Accused ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Criminal

Note: A person alleged to have committed an offence is the accused.

Question 63 Law

A High Court, once given a judgment, can:

- A. Alter it
- B. Never alter it
- C. Alter it only in case of clerical error ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of the above

Note: Under section 369 Cr.P.C., a High Court may alter its judgment only to correct a clerical error.

64 Law

Punishment for extortion shall be:

- A. Imprisonment extendable to 3 years
- B. Imprisonment extendable to 3 years or fine
- C. Imprisonment extendable to 3 years or fine or both ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Imprisonment extendable to 3 years and fine

Note: Extortion (PPC section 384) is punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years, or fine, or both.

Question 65 Law

A robbery becomes a dacoity if:

- A. There are more than 3 persons
- B. There are four or more than four persons
- C. There are five or more than five persons ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. There are six or more than six persons

Note: Robbery becomes dacoity when 5 or more persons commit it (PPC section 391).

Question 66 Law

Punishment for robbery shall be:

- A. Simple imprisonment which shall not be less than 5 years
- B. Rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than 5 years and not more than ten years and fine ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Life imprisonment
- D. Death penalty

Note: Robbery (PPC section 392) is punishable with rigorous imprisonment up to ten years and fine.

67 Law

Anyone attempting to commit robbery shall be punished with:

- A. Simple imprisonment extendable to seven years and fine
- B. Rigorous imprisonment extendable to five years and fine
- C. Rigorous imprisonment extendable to seven years and fine ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rigorous imprisonment extendable to nine years and fine

Note: Attempt to commit robbery (PPC section 393) is punishable with rigorous imprisonment up to 7 years and fine.

Question 68 Law

If anyone of the members of dacoits commits a murder during dacoity, every member shall be punished with:

- A. Death Penalty
- B. Life Imprisonment
- C. Rigorous imprisonment for a period not less than 5 years and not more than 10 years
- D. All of the above ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Under PPC section 396, dacoity with murder is punishable with death, or life imprisonment, or rigorous imprisonment up to ten years — so all of the above.

Question 69 Law

Whoever dishonestly misappropriates any movable property shall be punished with:

- A. Imprisonment extendable to five years
- B. Imprisonment extendable to five years or fine
- C. Imprisonment extendable to five years or fine or both ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Imprisonment extendable to five years and fine

nest misappropriation (PPC section 403) is punishable with imprisonment, or fine, or both — the paper's options all say five years; the keyed 'or fine, or both' form is retained as the intended answer.

Question 70 Law

A sentence of death, awarded by way of "Qisas" or "Tazir", shall not be executed, until:

- A. Confirmed by Magisterial Court
- B. Confirmed by Session Court
- C. Confirmed by High Court ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Confirmed by Supreme Court

Note: A death sentence by Qisas or Tazir cannot be executed until confirmed by the High Court.

Question 71 Law

Section 9 of Specific Relief Act does not allow:

- A. A suit to be brought against federal government
- B. A suit to be brought against provincial government
- C. Any appeal from any order or decree passed in any suit instituted under section 9itself
- D. All of the above ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Section 9 of the Specific Relief Act bars suits against the Government and bars any appeal from its orders — so all of the above.

Question 72 Law

A court, for mesne profit, under section 9:

- A. Can appoint receiver
- B. Cannot appoint receiver

not pass a decree for mesne profits prior to the suit

- D. b & c ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: In a section 9 suit the court can neither appoint a receiver nor pass a decree for mesne profits before the suit.

Question 73 Law

If the nuisance is legalized by statute, then:

- A. Action will lie
- B. No action will lie ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. it cannot be legalized
- D. a & b

Note: If a nuisance is legalized by statute, no action lies for it.

Question 74 Law

For review of a decision of a lower court or authority an application to a higher court or authority is submitted. What is called this application?

- A. Petition
- B. Repeal
- C. Relief application
- D. Appeal ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: The application described (to a higher court for review of a lower court's decision) is the bank's 'appeal' — the intended answer among the options.

Question 75 Law

Result of an arbitration hearing or the amount of damages assessed by a court is called:

- A. Decision

ard ✓ Correct answer

- C. Attachment
- D. Orders

Note: The result of an arbitration hearing (or damages assessed by a court) is called an award.

Question 76 Law

A defendant is released from custody until his/her next appearance in the court. What is this process called?

- A. Parole
- B. Warrants
- C. Bail ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Indemnity

Note: A defendant released from custody until his next appearance is on bail.

Question 77 Law

Amendment of pleadings under Order 6 Rule 16 to deal with the:

- A. Amendment which a party desires in his own pleading.
- B. Amendment which a party desires in his opponents pleadings. ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Amendment of the decree.

Note: The question as printed is garbled (Order 6 Rule 16 concerns striking out pleadings); the keyed answer is retained as the intended one.

Question 78 Law

Substituted service by the order of the court is:

- A. As good-effectual as if it had been made personally. ✓ **Correct answer**

as good as ordinary service.

- C. It cannot be legalized
- D. a & b

Note: Substituted service by court order is as good-effectual as if made personally.

Question 79 Law

Pleadings shall contain:

- A. Material Facts ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Evidence
- C. Material Facts as well as evidence

Note: Under CPC Order 6 Rule 2, pleadings state material facts, not evidence.

Question 80 Law

No decree shall be reversed or modified for error or irregularity not affecting:

- A. The merits of the case
- B. The jurisdiction of the court
- C. Immaterial issue of law
- D. a & b ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Under CPC section 99, no decree is reversed for an error not affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the court.

Question 81 Law

Under section 122 of CPC, the High Courts may from time to time, after previous publication, make rules regulating:

- A. Their own procedure
- B. The procedure of the civil courts subject to their superintendence

- D. a & b ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Under CPC section 122, High Courts make rules for their own procedure and for civil courts under their superintendence.

Question 82 Law

Under section 122 of CPC, the High Court may, under rules by themselves, alter, annul or add to all or any of the rules in:

- A. First schedule ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Second schedule
- C. Third schedule
- D. Fourth schedule

Note: Under CPC section 122, the High Court may alter or add to the rules in the First Schedule.

Question 83 Law

Subject to pecuniary or other limitations prescribed by any law, suits pertaining to any immovable property shall be instituted:

- A. In the courts within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate
- B. In the courts situated at a place where the cause of action has wholly arisen
- C. The court situated at a place where the cause of action has partly arisen
- D. All of the above. ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Under CPC section 16, suits for immovable property may be instituted in any of the courts listed — all of the above.

Question 84 Law

Suits, for immovable property situated within jurisdiction of different courts, shall be

the court within the local limit of whose jurisdiction:

- A. Any portion of the property is situate ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. The biggest portion of the property is situate
- C. The smallest portion of the property is situate
- D. None of the above

Note: Under CPC section 17, where property lies within different courts' jurisdiction, the suit goes to the court where any portion is situate.

Question 85 Law

Confirmation of death sentence by the High Court must be signed by:

- A. Two Judges ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. One Judge
- C. Three Judges

Note: Confirmation of a death sentence by the High Court must be signed by two Judges.

Question 86 Law

An accused can be detained in custody of police, by the order of the Magistrate under section 167 for a period of:

- A. 24 hours
- B. 15 days ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3 months
- D. 6 months

Note: Under Cr.P.C. section 167, an accused may be detained in police custody for 15 days.

87 Law

Section 354 of the Cr.P.C. lays down:

- A. Procedure to record evidence in trial of certain cases
- B. Procedure of recording evidence in other cases
- C. Manner of recording evidence ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. All of the above

Note: Section 354 Cr.P.C. lays down the manner of recording evidence.

Question 88 Law

Section 357 Cr.P.C. speaks as to:

- A. Memorandum when evidence not taken down
- B. Language of record of evidence ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Manner of recording evidence
- D. Option with magistrate in case under section 335 of Cr.P.C.

Note: Section 357 Cr.P.C. speaks as to the language of the record of evidence.

Question 89 Law

Record of evidence in the High Court shall be according to:

- A. Statutory law
- B. Precedents
- C. Rules as prescribed by High Court itself ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rules as prescribed by Supreme Court

Note: The record of evidence in the High Court is kept under rules prescribed by the High Court itself.

90 Law

In case of sentence of death, according to section 368 of Cr.P.C., the sentence shall direct that:

- A. A person be shot in the chest
- B. A person be killed by knife
- C. A person be hanged by neck for 5 minutes
- D. A person be hanged by neck till he is dead ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Under Cr.P.C. section 368, a death sentence directs that the person be hanged by the neck till he is dead.

Question 91 Law

____ may, by a notification in the official Gazette, appoint any officer of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government as it may think fit to perform the functions of an Administrator of the assets frozen or forfeited under this order

- A. Provincial Government
- B. District Government
- C. Federal Government ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

Note: The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint an Administrator of frozen or forfeited assets.

Question 92 Law

Who is the Chairman of Policy Review Board?

- A. Minister for Narcotics Control ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Secretary Narcotics Control Division
- C. Senior member of Narcotics Control
- D. None of these

Question 93 Law

If any person has assets which are derived from narcotic offences, he shall be punishable with imprisonment, which may extend to

- A. Fourteen years but shall not be less than five years and shall also be liable to fine, which shall not be less than the prevailing value of the assets ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Seventeen years but shall not be less than five years and shall also be liable to fine
- C. Eighteen years but shall not be less than five years and shall also be liable to fine
- D. Thirteen years but shall not be less than five years and shall also be liable to fine

Note: Assets derived from narcotic offences draw imprisonment up to fourteen years (not less than five) and a fine not less than the prevailing value of the assets.

Question 94 Law

Law of limitation based upon public and utility while ____ is based on equity alone.

- A. limitation
- B. Equity
- C. Laches ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

Note: Limitation rests on public policy and utility, while laches rests on equity alone.

Question 95 Law

Where the period of limitation prescribed for any suit, appeal or application expires on a day when the court is closed, the suit, appeal or application,

- A. may be instituted, preferred or made on the day that the court reopens ✓ **Correct answer**

uiescence is dependent upon conduct or knowledge of a party, while limitation is independent of any such knowledge.

- C. Acquiescence is personal act whereas limitation is a law.
- D. The rules of acquiescence may change but rules of limitation cannot be changed.

Note: Under the Limitation Act, if the period expires on a day the court is closed, the suit may be instituted on the day the court reopens.

Question 96 Law

Death-illness according to compilers of "Al-Mafalla" from which death is apprehended in:

- A. Special cases
- B. All cases
- C. Ordinary cases
- D. Most cases ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: Death-illness (marz-ul-maut) is apprehended in most cases, per the compilers of Al-Mafalla (the paper's keyed answer).

Question 97 Law

An appeal shall lie to the High Court from every decree passed in appeal by any subordinate court on the ground that:

- A. The decision being contrary to law
- B. The decision having failed to come up to standard of law
- C. An error or defect in the decision of the case upon the merits
- D. All of the above ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: A second appeal lies to the High Court on any of the grounds listed — all of the above.

What is the term for the rights and assets of a person in property?

- A. Estate ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Movable property
- C. Solid assets
- D. Unmovable property

Note: The rights and assets of a person in property are called his estate.

Question 99 Law

There is a person who is employed to give evidence on a subject in which he is qualified or has expertise. Name the person?

- A. Professional witness
- B. Legal Expert
- C. Qualified witness
- D. Expert Witness ✓ **Correct answer**

Note: A person employed to give expert evidence is an expert witness.

Question 100 Law

What is called that person who promises to make payment for another if payment is not made by the person responsible for making the repayments of a loan or hire purchase agreement?

- A. Warrantor
- B. Indenter
- C. Guarantor ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Plaintiff

Note: A person who promises to pay for another is a guarantor.

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