Inspector (BS-16), Airport Security Force (ASF) — 2015 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Inspector (BS-16), Airport Security Force (ASF) · **Year:** 2015 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2015 sitting.

Source note: PACE GK Academy PDF, 'FPSC ASF Inspector Past Paper 2015 (Airport Security Force (ASF))' (https://mail.pacegkacademy.com/generatepaperpdf/541; 100 questions Q1–Q100 with a printed answer key; accessed 13 Nov 2026). 1 printed key corrected openly (Q27 A→D), 4 PICK-ONE (Q6, Q50, Q71, Q73), 0 DEFECTIVE-excluded, 0 GAPs, all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. Anachronism noted: Q56 (Armenia–Azerbaijan peace deal, 10 Nov 2020) is a post-2015 item inside the reproduction titled 2015 — the paper as served is a mixed/updated reproduction; the 2015 dating rests on the title and the bulk of the content. Q90 and Q91 repeat the same Bastille Day question. Dedup 13 Nov 2026 vs live FPSC stems: 10 exact / 12 first-8 matches, spread across several live papers (top hit 4 stems) — isolated reuse, not a duplicate. The live fpsc-custom-inspector-2015 paper is a different sitting (Customs Inspector 2015).

Question 1 Everyday Science

Who among the following was a Historian, justice, philosopher as well as Politician?

- A. Shams ud din bin Khalkan
- B. Abu Bakar Muhammad Yahya

ur Rehman bin Khaldun ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Ibn Khallikan was a historian and biographer, but not the philosopher-politician-judge of this description.

B. Wrong: Abu Bakr Muhammad ibn Yahya is not the historian-philosopher-politician-judge described.

C. Correct: Ibn Khaldun (Abdur Rahman bin Khaldun) was a historian, a judge (qadi), a philosopher and a politician — the Muqaddimah is his great work.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 2 Everyday Science

The first attempt in printing was made in England by?

- A. William Caxton ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. James Arkwright
- C. James Watt
- D. None of these

A. Correct: William Caxton set up the first printing press in England (Westminster, 1476).

B. Wrong: James Arkwright invented the spinning frame — nothing to do with printing.

C. Wrong: James Watt improved the steam engine — nothing to do with printing.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 3 Everyday Science

Normal blood pressure of healthy adult person is _____?

- A. 140/100 mm Hg
- B. 140/80 mm Hg

/50 mm Hg

- D. 120/80 mm Hg ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: 140/100 mm Hg is high (hypertension), not normal.

B. Wrong: 140/80 mm Hg is above the normal range.

C. Wrong: 150/50 mm Hg is not a normal reading.

D. Correct: the standard normal blood pressure for a healthy adult is 120/80 mm Hg.

Question 4 Everyday Science

If there were no atmosphere what would be the color of the sky?

- A. Red
- B. Black ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Blue
- D. Green

A. Wrong: the sky is blue only because the atmosphere scatters sunlight; without an atmosphere there is no scattering.

B. Correct: with no atmosphere to scatter sunlight, the sky would appear black (as it does from the Moon).

C. Wrong: blue is the colour the atmosphere gives the sky — without it, there is no blue.

D. Wrong: the sky would not appear green.

Question 5 Everyday Science

The electron was first identified by?

- A. J. J. Thompson ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. D. Rutherford
- C. J. Kepler

A. Correct: J. J. Thomson identified the electron in 1897 (cathode-ray experiments). NOTE: the option prints "Thompson" — filed as Thomson.

B. Wrong: Rutherford discovered the atomic nucleus, not the electron.

C. Wrong: Kepler worked out the laws of planetary motion, not the electron.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 6 Everyday Science

Decibel (dB) is the unit which can be used to measure the?

- A. Amplitude ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Wavelength
- C. Pitch
- D. None of these

A. Filed as the intended answer: the decibel measures sound level (loudness), and loudness depends on the amplitude of the sound wave — amplitude is the closest of the options. NOTE (PICK-ONE, decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation): strictly, the decibel is the unit of sound intensity LEVEL, not of amplitude itself; but no better option is offered.

B. Wrong: wavelength is measured in metres, not decibels.

C. Wrong: pitch is determined by frequency (measured in hertz), not decibels.

D. Wrong: A is the filed answer, so "None of these" is not filed.

Question 7 Everyday Science

What is the wavelength of a sound wave with a frequency of 440 Hz if the speed of sound in air is 340 m/s?

- 3 m ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 0.473 m
- C. 0.873 m
- D. None of these

A. Correct: wavelength = speed ÷ frequency = 340 ÷ 440 = 0.773 m.

B. Wrong: 0.473 m does not follow from 340 ÷ 440.

C. Wrong: 0.873 m does not follow from 340 ÷ 440.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 8 Everyday Science

speed of sound in dry air at 20 °C is_____?

- A. 353 m/s
- B. 345 m/s
- C. 343 m/s ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: 353 m/s is above the speed of sound in dry air at 20 °C.

B. Wrong: 345 m/s is above the speed of sound in dry air at 20 °C.

C. Correct: the speed of sound in dry air at 20 °C is 343 m/s.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 9 Everyday Science

Mechanics, heat, light and sound are the branches of:

- A. Physics ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Chemistry
- C. Economics

A. Correct: mechanics, heat, light and sound are all branches of physics.

B. Wrong: chemistry studies matter and its reactions, not mechanics, heat, light and sound as branches.

C. Wrong: economics studies production and trade, not mechanics, heat, light and sound.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 10 Everyday Science

If the intensity of one sound is 10 times the intensity of another the 2 sounds differ by

- A. 2 Bell
- B. 1 Bell ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3 Bell
- D. 4 Bell

A. Wrong: a tenfold intensity ratio is 1 bel, not 2.

B. Correct: the bel is defined by log10 of the intensity ratio — a ratio of 10 is log10(10) = 1 bel (10 decibels). NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

C. Wrong: a tenfold intensity ratio is 1 bel, not 3.

D. Wrong: a tenfold intensity ratio is 1 bel, not 4.

Question 11 Everyday Science

White goods are?

- A. Durable Consumption Goods ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Basic Raw Materials
- C. Cosmetic Good

A. Correct: "white goods" are large durable household appliances (fridges, washing machines) — durable consumption goods.

B. Wrong: white goods are finished appliances, not basic raw materials.

C. Wrong: white goods are appliances, not cosmetics.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 12 Everyday Science

Speed of sound is greater in solids than in liquids because:

- A. The atoms in liquids are closely packed
- B. The solids have elasticity ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. The liquids has high electricity
- D. The atoms in solids are regularly arranged

A. Wrong: atoms in liquids are less closely packed than in solids, and this is not the reason given.

B. Correct: sound travels faster in solids because of their high elasticity (stiffness) — the speed depends on the elastic modulus, which is far higher in solids than in liquids.

C. Wrong: electrical properties do not determine the speed of sound.

D. Wrong: regular atomic arrangement is a feature of crystals, not the reason sound is faster in solids.

Question 13 Everyday Science

The best way to tackle local environmental problems is to

- A. use the local administrative machinery
- B. leave it to the local public to decide

vide environmental education to the local people and create awareness ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. None of these

A. Wrong: using the administrative machinery alone does not tackle the root of local environmental problems.

B. Wrong: leaving it to the public without education or guidance is not the best way.

C. Correct: environmental education and awareness among local people is the standard textbook answer — lasting local action follows awareness.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 14 Everyday Science

The conservation hawks and owls is important to mankind chiefly because these birds eat

- A. Harmful birds
- B. Harmful reptiles
- C. Many harmful rodents ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: hawks and owls do eat some birds, but that is not why their conservation matters chiefly to mankind.

B. Wrong: hawks and owls do eat some reptiles, but that is not the chief reason.

C. Correct: hawks and owls eat many harmful rodents (rats, mice) that damage crops and spread disease — their conservation protects agriculture and health.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

15 Everyday Science

The element of an electric stove made

- A. copper
- B. nicrome ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. magnalium
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: copper melts at too low a temperature and has too low a resistance for a heating element.

B. Correct: the heating element of an electric stove is made of nichrome (nickel-chromium alloy), which has high resistance and withstands high temperatures. NOTE: the stem is truncated as printed ("The element of an electric stove made" — read as "is made of").

C. Wrong: magnalium (aluminium-magnesium alloy) is not used for heating elements.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 16 Everyday Science

The unit of measurement of intensity of sound is in

- A. Decibels ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Lux
- C. Parsec
- D. None of these

A. Correct: sound intensity level is measured in decibels.

B. Wrong: lux is the unit of illumination (light), not sound.

C. Wrong: parsec is a unit of astronomical distance, not sound.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 17 Everyday Science

The voice of a lion is different from that of a mosquito because____

- A. the two voice travel with different velocities
- B. the two animals have different size
- C. the sounds have different pitch ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: both voices travel at the same speed of sound in air.

B. Wrong: size alone does not explain the difference in the voices.

C. Correct: the lion's roar is low-pitched and the mosquito's whine is high-pitched — the sounds differ in pitch (frequency).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 18 Everyday Science

Which among the following is used to listen and record underwater sounds?

- A. Gramophone
- B. Microphone
- C. Hydrophone ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: a gramophone plays recorded sound, it does not listen underwater.

B. Wrong: a microphone picks up sound in air, not underwater.

C. Correct: a hydrophone is a microphone designed to listen to and record underwater sounds.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

19 English

The idiom "A DARK HORSE" means?

- A. A criminal getting the dirty water
- B. A wicked fellow
- C. An unexpected winner ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: a dark horse has nothing to do with crime or dirty water.

B. Wrong: a dark horse is not a wicked fellow.

C. Correct: a dark horse is a person who unexpectedly wins or succeeds.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 20 English

Choose the correct spelling:

- A. Receipt ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Recept
- C. Ricipt
- D. None of these

A. Correct: "receipt" is the correct spelling. NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Wrong: "recept" is a misspelling of receipt.

C. Wrong: "ricipt" is a misspelling of receipt.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

21 English

Various is to _____ as Greedy is to Selfish.

- A. Diverse ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Same
- C. Hungary
- D. None of these

A. Correct: greedy is a synonym of selfish, and diverse is a synonym of various — the same relationship.

B. Wrong: "same" is not a synonym of various.

C. Wrong: "Hungary" is a country, not a synonym of various (the intended distractor is "hungry").

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 22 English

Select the alternative that has a similar relationship to: Daunt : Overpower

- A. Confuse : Clarify
- B. Delight : Worry
- C. Encourage : Inspire ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Praise : Criticize

A. Wrong: confuse and clarify are opposites, while daunt and overpower are near-synonyms.

B. Wrong: delight and worry are opposites, while daunt and overpower are near-synonyms.

C. Correct: daunt is near-synonymous with overpower, and encourage is near-synonymous with inspire — the same relationship.

praise and criticize are opposites, while daunt and overpower are near-synonyms.

Question 23 English

The phrase "on the spur of the moment" mean?

- A. After discussing with others
- B. With a lot of hesitation
- C. Without getting any time to think ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. After careful planning

A. Wrong: "on the spur of the moment" means acting at once, not after discussion.

B. Wrong: it means acting at once, not with hesitation.

C. Correct: "on the spur of the moment" means done suddenly, without time to think.

D. Wrong: it means acting at once, not after careful planning.

Question 24 English

Which sentence is most suitable for formal writing?

- A. The book about Allama Iqbal has been thoroughly reviewed ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. I have checked out this amazing book for Allama Iqbal
- C. I think this Allama Iqbal's read is good enough
- D. None of these

A. Correct: this is the formal, complete sentence — neutral register, full grammar.

B. Wrong: "checked out this amazing book" is informal/casual register.

C. Wrong: "I think this ... read is good enough" is informal and ungrammatical for formal writing.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

25 English

There are times when you must decide and take the bull by the horns?

- A. Make the wrong decision
- B. Make the right decision
- C. Make a bold decision ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: taking the bull by the horns is not about making a wrong decision.

B. Wrong: it is not specifically about making the right decision.

C. Correct: to take the bull by the horns is to face a difficulty boldly and act decisively.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 26 English

Idiom: To take the bull by the horns means ____?

- A. To punish a person severely for his arrogance
- B. To grapple courageously with a difficulty that lies in our way ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. To handle it by fierce attack
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the idiom is not about punishing anyone.

B. Correct: to take the bull by the horns is to grapple courageously with a difficulty that lies in one's way.

C. Wrong: "handle it by fierce attack" is close but not the idiom's meaning — it is about facing a difficulty, not attacking.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

27 English

Alternative word of Various ___

- A. Relevant
- B. Remorse
- C. Greedy
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "relevant" means connected with the matter — it is not a synonym of various.

B. Wrong: "remorse" means regret — it is not a synonym of various.

C. Wrong: "greedy" means wanting more — it is not a synonym of various.

D. Correct: the synonym of various is "diverse", which is not offered among A–C — so "None of these" is the right choice.

Note: Note: PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION A→D (decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation): the reproduction keys A ("Relevant"), but relevant is not a synonym of various; since the true synonym (diverse) is not offered, "None of these" is correct.

Question 28 English

The idiom To play ducks and drakes means what?

- A. To be friendly
- B. To change places
- C. To use recklessly ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the idiom has nothing to do with being friendly.

B. Wrong: the idiom has nothing to do with changing places.

C. Correct: to play ducks and drakes with something is to use it recklessly or squander it

o skim stones idly on water).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 29 English

China and Pakistan entered _____ various agreements.

- A. In
- B. Into ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. On
- D. At

A. Wrong: "entered in" is not the correct preposition with agreements.

B. Correct: the fixed phrase is "entered into" an agreement.

C. Wrong: "entered on" is not the correct preposition here.

D. Wrong: "entered at" is not the correct preposition here.

Question 30 English

Which word is the opposite of 'pertinent'?

- A. Irrelevant ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Precise
- C. Occasional
- D. None of these

A. Correct: pertinent means relevant, so its opposite is irrelevant. NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Wrong: "precise" means exact — not the opposite of pertinent.

C. Wrong: "occasional" means happening sometimes — not the opposite of pertinent.

is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 31 English

A Gordian Knot means :

- A. a dull or depressing person who spoils other people's enjoyment
- B. a rich, older, man who supports or spends lavishly on a usually much younger girlfriend
- C. a small or insignificant member of a larger organization or system
- D. an exceedingly complicated problem or deadlock ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: that describes a wet blanket, not a Gordian knot.

B. Wrong: that describes a sugar daddy, not a Gordian knot.

C. Wrong: that describes a small cog, not a Gordian knot.

D. Correct: a Gordian knot is an exceedingly complicated problem or deadlock (from the knot Alexander cut).

Question 32 English

The antonym of REMORSE is

- A. Penance
- B. Luster
- C. Joy ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: "penance" is close to remorse (atonement), not its opposite.

B. Wrong: "luster" means shine — unrelated to remorse.

C. Correct: remorse is deep regret; joy is its opposite in feeling.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

33 English

The meaning of REMORSE is

- A. Repentance ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Greedy
- C. Joy
- D. None of these

A. Correct: remorse is deep regret or repentance for a wrong done.

B. Wrong: "greedy" means wanting more — unrelated to remorse.

C. Wrong: "joy" is the opposite of remorse, not its meaning.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 34 English

To hit below the belt means?

- A. To work confidentially
- B. To strike at the exact position
- C. To harm unfairly ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the idiom is not about working confidentially.

B. Wrong: the idiom is not about striking at an exact position.

C. Correct: to hit below the belt is to harm someone unfairly (from boxing, where blows below the belt are fouls).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

35 English

Against one's grain means?

- A. Against One's habbit
- B. Against One's information
- C. Against One's nature ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: "against one's habit" is not the idiom (and "habbit" is a misspelling of habit).

B. Wrong: the idiom is not about information.

C. Correct: to go against one's grain is to go against one's nature or inclination.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 36 English

What is another word for exorbitant?

- A. Extravagant
- B. Excessive
- C. Both ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Exorbitant does mean extravagant (unreasonably high) — but that alone is not the full answer, since excessive is also a synonym.

B. Exorbitant does mean excessive (going beyond what is reasonable) — but that alone is not the full answer, since extravagant is also a synonym.

C. Correct: both extravagant and excessive are synonyms of exorbitant, so "Both".

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

37 English

Choose the word most nearly opposite in meaning to the given word Daunt

- A. Frighten
- B. Challenge
- C. Intimidate
- D. Hearten ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "frighten" is a synonym of daunt, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: "challenge" is not the opposite of daunt.

C. Wrong: "intimidate" is a synonym of daunt, not its opposite.

D. Correct: to daunt is to frighten or dishearten; to hearten is to encourage — its opposite.

Question 38 English

Choose the correct spelling _____

- A. Satellite ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Satelite
- C. Setellite
- D. None of these

A. Correct: "satellite" is the correct spelling.

B. Wrong: "satelite" is a misspelling (missing an l).

C. Wrong: "setellite" is a misspelling.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 39 English

Choose the correct spelling

- uum ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Vacum
- C. Vecuum
- D. None of these

A. Correct: "vacuum" is the correct spelling.

B. Wrong: "vacum" is a misspelling (missing a u).

C. Wrong: "vecuum" is a misspelling.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 40 English

Choose the correct spelling

- A. Deceive ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Deceve
- C. Dseve
- D. None of these

A. Correct: "deceive" is the correct spelling.

B. Wrong: "deceve" is a misspelling.

C. Wrong: "dseve" is a misspelling.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 41 English

To win laurels means?

- A. to lose something
- B. to take as fate
- C. to win distinction ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: winning laurels is the opposite of losing something.

B. Wrong: winning laurels is not about taking something as fate.

C. Correct: to win laurels is to win distinction or honour (laurel wreaths crowned victors).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 42 English

Idiom: To be rolling in money means ____?

- A. Very Rich ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Poor
- C. Both
- D. None of these

A. Correct: to be rolling in money is to be very rich. NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Wrong: rolling in money is the opposite of poor.

C. Wrong: "both" cannot be right — very rich and poor are opposites.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 43 English

Idiom: To give a false coloring means _____?

- A. To conceal the facts
- B. To submit a false report
- C. To misrepresent ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

concealing the facts is close, but "false colouring" specifically means presenting something in a misleading light.

B. Wrong: submitting a false report is a specific act, not the idiom's general meaning.

C. Correct: to give a false colouring is to misrepresent something — to present it in a misleading way.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 44 Mathematics

If a typist uses a sheet measuring 20 cm by 30 cm lengthwise and leaves a margin of 2 cm on each side and 3 cm on the top and bottom, what percentage of the page is actually used for typing?

- A. 64% ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 66%
- C. 67%
- D. 68%

A. Correct: the typing area is (20 − 4) × (30 − 6) = 16 × 24 = 384 cm^2; the page is 20 × 30 = 600 cm^2; 384 ÷ 600 = 64%.

B. Wrong: 66% does not follow from the typing area of 384 cm^2 out of 600 cm^2.

C. Wrong: 67% does not follow from the typing area of 384 cm^2 out of 600 cm^2.

D. Wrong: 68% does not follow from the typing area of 384 cm^2 out of 600 cm^2.

Question 45 Mathematics

A man borrows ₹12,500 at 20% compound interest per annum. At the end of every year, he pays Rs 2,000 as partial repayment. How much does he still owe after 3 such installments?

- B. 15600
- C. 12500
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Rs 13,000 is what he owes after the FIRST installment, not after three.

B. Wrong: Rs 15,600 is the amount before the second year's repayment, not what he owes after three installments.

C. Wrong: Rs 12,500 is the original loan, not what he owes after three installments.

D. Correct: after year 1 he owes 12,500 × 1.2 − 2,000 = 13,000; after year 2, 13,000 × 1.2 − 2,000 = 13,600; after year 3, 13,600 × 1.2 − 2,000 = 14,320 — which is not offered, so "None of these".

Question 46 Mathematics

If the area of a rectangular plot increases by 30% while its breadth remains the same, what will be the ratio of the new area to the old area?

- A. 3:2
- B. 4:3
- C. 10:7
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: 3:2 would be a 50% increase, not 30%.

B. Wrong: 4:3 would be a 33.3% increase, not 30%.

C. Wrong: 10:7 is a decrease (10:7 < 1), not a 30% increase.

D. Correct: a 30% increase makes the new area 1.3 times the old, a ratio of 13:10 — which is not offered, so "None of these".

47 Mathematics

What annual payment will discharge a debt of Rs 1025 due in 2 years at a compound interest rate of 5% per annum?

- A. 551.25 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 500
- C. 540
- D. None of these

A. Correct: with annual payment P, $P/1.05 + P/1.05^2 = 1{,}025$; $P \times 1.8594 = 1{,}025$, so P = Rs 551.25.

B. Wrong: Rs 500 a year would discharge only about Rs 930, not Rs 1,025.

C. Wrong: Rs 540 a year would discharge only about Rs 1,004, not Rs 1,025.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 48 Mathematics

A man borrows Rs 2550 to be paid back with compound interest at 4% per annum in 2 equal yearly installments. What is the value of each installment?

- A. Rs 1400
- B. Rs 1352 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rs 1300
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Rs 1,400 a year would discharge more than Rs 2,550.

B. Correct: with installment P, $P/1.04 + P/1.04^2 = 2{,}550$; $P \times 1.8861 = 2{,}550$, so P = Rs 1,352.

C. Wrong: Rs 1,300 a year would discharge only about Rs 2,452, not Rs 2,550.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

49 Mathematics

What is the least number of complete years in which a sum of money, invested at 20% compound interest annually, will more than double?

- A. 3 years
- B. 4 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 5 years
- D. 6 years

A. Wrong: after 3 years the sum is $1.2^3 = 1.728$ times — not yet doubled.

B. Correct: after 4 years the sum is $1.2^4 = 2.0736$ times — more than double, and 3 years is not enough.

C. Wrong: 5 years also more than doubles it, but 4 is the LEAST number of complete years.

D. Wrong: 6 years also more than doubles it, but 4 is the LEAST number of complete years.

Question 50 Mathematics

If a sum on compound interest becomes 3 times in a certain number of years, then with the same interest rate, in how many years will it become 27 times?

- A. 12 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 8 years
- C. 9 years
- D. 7 years

A. Filed as the intended answer: 27 is 3^3, so the time needed is three times the time to triple — and the standard textbook version of this problem states 4 years to triple, giving $3 \times 4 = 12$ years. NOTE (PICK-ONE, decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation): the stem as printed omits the number of years in which the sum becomes 3 times, so the answer rests on the standard 4-year version. NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

years would give $3^2 = 9$ times, not 27.

C. Wrong: 9 years is not three times the (standard) 4 years to triple.

D. Wrong: 7 years does not follow from the tripling time.

Question 51 General Knowledge

What is the total area of Australia?

- A. 6,100,000 square kilometers
- B. 8,900,000 square kilometers
- C. 7,688,287 square kilometers ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: 6,100,000 km² is well below Australia's area.

B. Wrong: 8,900,000 km² is well above Australia's area.

C. Correct: 7,688,287 km² is the commonly quoted total area of Australia (official figures vary slightly by measurement, around 7.69 million km²).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 52 Mathematics

Akbar, sold his old gun Rs. 900, which he was bought for Rs. 2500. What is his % loss?

- A. 64% ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 65%
- C. 66%
- D. 67%

A. Correct: loss = (2,500 − 900) ÷ 2,500 = 1,600 ÷ 2,500 = 64%.

B. Wrong: 65% does not follow from a loss of Rs 1,600 on Rs 2,500.

% does not follow from a loss of Rs 1,600 on Rs 2,500.

D. Wrong: 67% does not follow from a loss of Rs 1,600 on Rs 2,500.

Question 53 Mathematics

Ali sold his old car for Rs. 43,000. He bought it for Rs. 50,000. What is his percentage loss?

- A. 12%
- B. 13%
- C. 14% ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 15%

A. Wrong: 12% would be a loss of Rs 6,000, not Rs 7,000.

B. Wrong: 13% would be a loss of Rs 6,500, not Rs 7,000.

C. Correct: loss = (50,000 − 43,000) ÷ 50,000 = 7,000 ÷ 50,000 = 14%.

D. Wrong: 15% would be a loss of Rs 7,500, not Rs 7,000.

Question 54 Mathematics

What is the missing figure in the series? 48, 45, 40, 33, 24, _____?

- A. 8
- B. 13 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: 8 does not continue the pattern of the series.

B. Correct: the differences are −3, −5, −7, −9, so the next difference is −11 and 24 − 11 = 13.

C. Wrong: 10 does not continue the pattern (the differences grow by 2 each time).

is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 55 Mathematics

1000 × 100 = ____?

- A. 100000 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 10000
- C. 1000
- D. None of these

A. Correct: 1,000 × 100 = 100,000.

B. Wrong: 10,000 is 1,000 × 10, not 1,000 × 100.

C. Wrong: 1,000 is 1,000 × 1, not 1,000 × 100.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 56 Current Affairs

New peace deal between Armenia and Azerbaijan was signed on which date?

- A. November 12, 2018
- B. November 11, 2019
- C. November 10, 2020 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: no Armenia–Azerbaijan peace deal was signed on 12 November 2018.

B. Wrong: no Armenia–Azerbaijan peace deal was signed on 11 November 2019.

C. Correct: the Nagorno-Karabakh ceasefire statement was signed on the night of 9–10 November 2020 and is dated 10 November 2020. NOTE: this is a post-2015 item inside a reproduction titled 2015 — see the verification summary (anachronism note).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

57 Islamiat

Which surah of the Holy Quran has Bismillah twice?

- A. Al Ra'd
- B. Al Naml ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Al Nahl
- D. Al Noor

A. Wrong: Surah Ar-Ra'd does not contain Bismillah twice.

B. Correct: Surah An-Naml has Bismillah at its start and again in verse 30 (in Prophet Sulaiman's letter to the Queen of Sheba).

C. Wrong: Surah An-Nahl does not contain Bismillah twice.

D. Wrong: Surah An-Noor does not contain Bismillah twice.

Question 58 Islamiat

Masjid-e-Qiblatain is located in ____?

- A. Madina ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Macca
- C. Taif
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Masjid-e-Qiblatain (the Mosque of the Two Qiblas) is in Madina. NOTE: option B prints "Macca" — filed as Makkah.

B. Wrong: Masjid-e-Qiblatain is in Madina, not Makkah.

C. Wrong: Masjid-e-Qiblatain is in Madina, not Taif.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

59 Islamiat

How many Muslims/Sahaba (RA) Martyred in Battle of Badr?

- A. 12
- B. 13
- C. 14 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 15

A. Wrong: 12 is not the number of Muslim martyrs at Badr.

B. Wrong: 13 is not the number of Muslim martyrs at Badr.

C. Correct: 14 Muslims were martyred at the Battle of Badr (6 Muhajirun and 8 Ansar).

D. Wrong: 15 is not the number of Muslim martyrs at Badr.

Question 60 Islamiat

How many Muslims fought in the battle of Badr?

- A. 313 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 312
- C. 213
- D. 215

A. Correct: 313 Muslims fought at the Battle of Badr.

B. Wrong: 312 is not the number who fought at Badr.

C. Wrong: 213 is not the number who fought at Badr.

D. Wrong: 215 is not the number who fought at Badr.

Question 61 Islamiat

The foundation of Bait Ul- Hikmah was laid down during

asid Period ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Ummayad Dynasty
- C. Fatimid
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Bait-ul-Hikmah (House of Wisdom) was founded in Baghdad during the Abbasid period (under Harun al-Rashid / al-Ma'mun).

B. Wrong: the Bait-ul-Hikmah was not founded under the Umayyads.

C. Wrong: the Bait-ul-Hikmah was not founded under the Fatimids.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 62 Islamiat

Who killed Musailamah al Kazzab?

(رضہ) A. Hazrat Khalid Bin Waleed•

- B. Wahshi ibn Harb ✓ **Correct answer**

(رضہ) C. Hazrat Ali•

- D. Hinda

A. Wrong: Khalid ibn al-Walid commanded the Muslim army at Yamama, but he did not personally kill Musailamah. NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Correct: Wahshi ibn Harb killed Musailamah the Liar at the Battle of Yamama (11 AH) — the same Wahshi who had killed Hamza at Uhud.

C. Wrong: Hazrat Ali (R.A) did not kill Musailamah.

D. Wrong: Hind bint Utbah did not kill Musailamah.

63 Islamiat

Which Ottoman Ruler took the Abbasid Caliphate to Istanbul?

- A. Salim I ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Suleman II
- C. Both
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Sultan Selim I conquered Egypt in 1517 and brought the Abbasid Caliphate to Istanbul.

B. Wrong: Suleiman (the Magnificent) ruled after Selim I; he did not bring the Caliphate to Istanbul.

C. Wrong: only Selim I did this, so "Both" fails.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 64 Islamiat

The Mongols defeated?

- A. Ummayed
- B. Salahuddin Ayyubi
- C. The Abbasids ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Mongols did not defeat the Umayyads (who had ended centuries earlier, in 750).

B. Wrong: the Mongols did not defeat Salahuddin Ayyubi (who died in 1193, before the Mongol invasions).

C. Correct: the Mongols under Hulagu Khan defeated the Abbasids, sacking Baghdad in 1258 and ending the Abbasid Caliphate.

is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 65 Islamiat

What is the fate of Abdullah Bin Hiyan?

- A. Died by servant
- B. Died by poison
- C. Died in Battle ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Abdullah ibn Amr ibn Hiram did not die by a servant's hand.

B. Wrong: Abdullah ibn Amr ibn Hiram did not die by poison.

C. Correct: Abdullah ibn Amr ibn Hiram was martyred at the Battle of Uhud (3 AH). NOTE: the name is printed "Abdullah Bin Hiyan" — read as Abdullah ibn Amr ibn Hiram.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 66 Islamiat

A History of Medieval Islam was written by?

- A. J. J. Saunders ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. R. Dozy
- C. Gibb
- D. None of these

A. Correct: A History of Medieval Islam (1965) was written by J. J. Saunders.

B. Wrong: R. Dozy wrote histories of Muslim Spain, not A History of Medieval Islam.

C. Wrong: H. A. R. Gibb wrote other works on Islam, not A History of Medieval Islam.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

67 Islamiat

Carl Brockelmann is the author of?

- A. History of the Non Islamic Peoples
- B. History of the Indian Peoples
- C. History of the Islamic Peoples ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Brockelmann did not write a History of the Non-Islamic Peoples.

B. Wrong: Brockelmann did not write a History of the Indian Peoples.

C. Correct: Carl Brockelmann wrote the History of the Islamic Peoples (Geschichte der islamischen Völker).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

Which Province of Pakistan is called Bab-ul-Islam?

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. KPK
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Punjab is not called Bab-ul-Islam.

B. Correct: Sindh is called Bab-ul-Islam (the Gateway of Islam), because Islam first entered the subcontinent through Sindh (Muhammad bin Qasim, 712).

C. Wrong: Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is not called Bab-ul-Islam.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

69 Pakistan Studies

Who delivered the Presidential address at Allahabad in 1930?

- A. Allama Iqbal ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Moulvi Fazal-ul-haq
- C. Quaid-e-Azam
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Allama Iqbal delivered the presidential address at the Allahabad session of the All-India Muslim League in December 1930.

B. Wrong: Fazlul Haq did not deliver the 1930 Allahabad address.

C. Wrong: Quaid-e-Azam did not deliver the 1930 Allahabad address.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 70 Pakistan Studies

War of Independence 1857 was officially declared ended in _____?

- A. November 1858 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. August 1858
- C. September 1858
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the War of Independence (1857) was officially declared ended by Queen Victoria's Proclamation of 1 November 1858.

B. Wrong: the war was not officially declared ended in August 1858.

C. Wrong: the war was not officially declared ended in September 1858.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

71 General Knowledge

Who ruled Ottoman Turkey in the 16th century?

- A. Mehmat
- B. Selim
- C. Suleman ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Mehmed II (the Conqueror) ruled in the 15th century (1451–1481), not the 16th. NOTE: the option prints "Mehmat" — filed as Mehmed.

B. Wrong: Selim I ruled 1512–1520, in the 16th century — but he is not the filed answer; see the note on C.

C. Filed as the intended answer: Suleiman the Magnificent (1520–1566) is the famous 16th-century Ottoman ruler — the longest-reigning sultan and the one every schoolbook names for the century. NOTE (PICK-ONE, decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation): several sultans ruled during the 16th century (Bayezid II, Selim I, Suleiman, Selim II, Murad III, Mehmed III), so the question as worded has more than one defensible answer; Suleiman is the intended one. NOTE: the option prints "Suleman" — filed as Suleiman.

D. Wrong: C is the filed answer, so "None of these" is not filed.

Question 72 Pakistan Studies

Raja Dahar was the ruler of?

- A. Sindh ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Dehlii
- C. Lahore
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Raja Dahir was the ruler of Sindh (defeated by Muhammad bin Qasim in 712).

ıja Dahir did not rule Delhi.

C. Wrong: Raja Dahir did not rule Lahore.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 73 Pakistan Studies

Which was political area of Allama Iqbal ?

- A. Assam
- B. Bengal
- C. Punjab ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. UP

A. Wrong: Iqbal was not from Assam and his political base was not there.

B. Wrong: Iqbal was not from Bengal and his political base was not there.

C. Filed as the intended answer: Iqbal was born in Sialkot, Punjab, and his political life centred on Punjab (he was elected to the Punjab Legislative Council in 1926). NOTE (PICK-ONE, decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation): the stem ("political area") is vague — Punjab is the intended answer as his home province and political base.

D. Wrong: Iqbal was not from UP and his political base was not there.

Question 74 Pakistan Studies

17th attack of Sultan Mehmood Ghazni on India was took place in:

- A. 1027 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1028
- C. 1029
- D. 1030

Mahmud of Ghazni's 17th and final expedition into India was the punitive campaign against the Jats in 1027 (after Somnath, 1025–26). NOTE: the stem prints "Mehmood" — filed as Mahmud; the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Wrong: the 17th expedition was in 1027, not 1028.

C. Wrong: the 17th expedition was in 1027, not 1029.

D. Wrong: the 17th expedition was in 1027, not 1030 (Mahmud died in 1030).

Question 75 Pakistan Studies

Indian Rebellion of 1857 began on 10th May from the town of:

- A. Meerut ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Gwaliar
- C. Jhansi
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Rebellion of 1857 began at Meerut on 10 May 1857.

B. Wrong: Gwalior was not where the rebellion began on 10 May.

C. Wrong: Jhansi was not where the rebellion began on 10 May.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 76 Pakistan Studies

In which year was Muhammad Ghori stabbed to death?

- A. 1206 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1205
- C. 1204
- D. 1203

Muhammad Ghori was assassinated in 1206 (near Jhelum, on his way back from Lahore).

B. Wrong: Muhammad Ghori died in 1206, not 1205.

C. Wrong: Muhammad Ghori died in 1206, not 1204.

D. Wrong: Muhammad Ghori died in 1206, not 1203.

Question 77 General Knowledge

Benghazi is a city of which country?

- A. Libya ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Algeria
- C. Bolivia
- D. Albania

A. Correct: Benghazi is a city in Libya.

B. Wrong: Benghazi is not in Algeria.

C. Wrong: Benghazi is not in Bolivia.

D. Wrong: Benghazi is not in Albania.

Question 78 General Knowledge

Tahrir Square is situated in _____?

- A. Istanbul
- B. Cairo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Jakarta
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Tahrir Square is not in Istanbul.

Tahrir Square is in Cairo, Egypt.

C. Wrong: Tahrir Square is not in Jakarta.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 79 General Knowledge

Our sweetest songs are those that tell us of saddest thoughts these words are attributed to?

- A. Shalley ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Keats
- C. John Locke
- D. None of these

A. Correct: "Our sweetest songs are those that tell of saddest thought" is from Shelley's "To a Skylark". NOTE: the option prints "Shalley" — filed as Shelley.

B. Wrong: Keats did not write this line.

C. Wrong: John Locke was a philosopher, not the author of this line.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 80 General Knowledge

What is the new name of Leningrad?

- A. St.Petersburg ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. New York
- C. Paris
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Leningrad was renamed St. Petersburg in 1991.

B. Wrong: Leningrad was not renamed New York.

ningrad was not renamed Paris.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 81 General Knowledge

New Deal was written by?

- A. Franklin D. Roosevelt ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Herbert Hoover
- C. Theodore Roosevelt
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the New Deal was Franklin D. Roosevelt's programme (1933 onwards) to fight the Great Depression.

B. Wrong: Herbert Hoover was FDR's predecessor and opposed the New Deal approach.

C. Wrong: Theodore Roosevelt (president 1901–1909) predates the New Deal by decades.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 82 General Knowledge

When ASEAN was founded in the country?

- A. Thailand ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Indonesia
- C. India
- D. Japan

A. Correct: ASEAN was founded in Bangkok, Thailand, on 8 August 1967. NOTE: the stem is garbled as printed ("When ASEAN was founded in the country?" — read as "In which country was ASEAN founded?").

B. Wrong: ASEAN was not founded in Indonesia (though Indonesia is a founding member).

D. Wrong: ASEAN was not founded in Japan.

Question 83 General Knowledge

The Capital of Libya is _____?

- A. Tripoli ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Jakarta
- C. chili
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Tripoli is the capital of Libya.

B. Wrong: Jakarta is the capital of Indonesia, not Libya.

C. Wrong: "chili" (Chile) is not the capital of Libya.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 84 General Knowledge

When was ASEAN founded?

- A. 8th August 1969
- B. 8th August 1967 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 8th August 1968
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: ASEAN was founded in 1967, not 1969.

B. Correct: ASEAN was founded on 8 August 1967 (Bangkok Declaration).

C. Wrong: ASEAN was founded in 1967, not 1968.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

85 General Knowledge

Which one of the following is a landlocked country?

- A. UAE
- B. Kenya
- C. Nepal ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the UAE has a coastline on the Persian Gulf — it is not landlocked.

B. Wrong: Kenya has a coastline on the Indian Ocean — it is not landlocked.

C. Correct: Nepal is landlocked (between India and China).

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 86 General Knowledge

Who was the 1st Asian Secretary General of United Nations?

- A. U-Thant ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Vijay Lakshmi Pandit
- C. Tryve Lie
- D. None of these

A. Correct: U Thant of Burma (Myanmar) was the first Asian Secretary-General of the UN (1961–1971). NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Wrong: Vijay Lakshmi Pandit was President of the UN General Assembly (1953), not Secretary-General.

C. Wrong: Trygve Lie of Norway was the first Secretary-General, but he was European, not Asian.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

87 General Knowledge

How many colors are there in the flag of Australia?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 4

A. Wrong: the Australian flag has more than one colour.

B. Wrong: the Australian flag has three colours (red, white and blue), not two.

C. Correct: the Australian flag uses three colours — red, white and blue.

D. Wrong: the Australian flag has three colours, not four.

Question 88 General Knowledge

The term Inflation means that money:

- A. Falls in purchase in value
- B. Increase in prices
- C. Both ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Inflation does mean money falls in purchasing value — but that alone is not the full answer, since rising prices are the same phenomenon.

B. Inflation does mean prices increase — but that alone is not the full answer, since money's purchasing value falls at the same time.

C. Correct: inflation is both a fall in the purchasing value of money and a general increase in prices — so "Both".

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

89 General Knowledge

How many states are there in Australia?

- A. 5
- B. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 7
- D. 8

A. Wrong: Australia has 6 states, not 5.

B. Correct: Australia has 6 states (New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania) plus 2 mainland territories.

C. Wrong: Australia has 6 states, not 7.

D. Wrong: Australia has 6 states (8 if the 2 mainland territories are counted, but the question asks for states).

Question 90 General Knowledge

In France, the Bastille Day is celebrated ?

- A. 14 July ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 12 June
- C. 11 March
- D. 16 April

A. Correct: Bastille Day is celebrated on 14 July (the storming of the Bastille, 14 July 1789).

B. Wrong: Bastille Day is not on 12 June.

C. Wrong: Bastille Day is not on 11 March.

D. Wrong: Bastille Day is not on 16 April.

91 General Knowledge

Bastille Day is celebrated on _____?

- A. 14 July ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 12 March
- C. 14 June
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Bastille Day is celebrated on 14 July. NOTE: this question repeats Q90 (Bastille Day, 14 July) — the paper asks it twice.

B. Wrong: Bastille Day is not on 12 March.

C. Wrong: Bastille Day is not on 14 June.

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 92 General Knowledge

What is the Degree of Greenwich in England ?

- A. 0 Degree ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1 Degree
- C. 6 Degree
- D. 8 Degree

A. Correct: Greenwich is the Prime Meridian, 0° longitude.

B. Wrong: Greenwich is 0°, not 1°.

C. Wrong: Greenwich is 0°, not 6°.

D. Wrong: Greenwich is 0°, not 8°.

93 Current Affairs

Crimean Peninsula is disputed between Russia and:

- A. Russia
- B. Ukarine ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sri Lanka
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Russia is one party to the dispute, not the other party.

B. Correct: the Crimean Peninsula is disputed between Russia and Ukraine (annexed by Russia in 2014; claimed by Ukraine). NOTE: the option prints "Ukarine" — filed as Ukraine.

C. Wrong: Sri Lanka has nothing to do with Crimea.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 94 General Knowledge

The first Winter Olympic Games were held at?

- A. Chamonix(France) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Innsbruck (Australia)
- C. Calgray (Alberta)
- D. Lake Placid(USA)

A. Correct: the first Winter Olympic Games were held at Chamonix, France, in 1924.

B. Wrong: Innsbruck (in Austria, not Australia) hosted the Winter Olympics in 1964 and 1976, not the first Games.

C. Wrong: Calgary hosted the Winter Olympics in 1988, not the first Games. NOTE: the option prints "Calgray" — filed as Calgary.

D. Wrong: Lake Placid hosted the Winter Olympics in 1932 and 1980, not the first Games.

95 General Knowledge

Which one is the greatest shipping Canal of the world?

- A. Suez Canal ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Kol Canal
- C. Su Canal
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Suez Canal is the world's greatest shipping canal (linking the Mediterranean and the Red Sea). NOTE: option B prints "Kol Canal" — filed as the Kiel Canal; option C prints "Su Canal".

B. Wrong: the Kiel Canal is far smaller and less important for world shipping than the Suez Canal.

C. Wrong: there is no major shipping canal called "Su Canal".

D. Wrong: A is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 96 General Knowledge

Armistice between Turkey and the Allies took place in:

- A. 1918 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1917
- C. 1916
- D. 1915

A. Correct: the Armistice of Mudros between the Ottoman Empire (Turkey) and the Allies was signed on 30 October 1918.

B. Wrong: the armistice was in 1918, not 1917.

C. Wrong: the armistice was in 1918, not 1916.

D. Wrong: the armistice was in 1918, not 1915.

97 General Knowledge

Sulaiman, the magnificent invaded Vienna in?

- A. 1529 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1567
- C. 1543
- D. 1568

A. Correct: Suleiman the Magnificent besieged Vienna in 1529 (the first Siege of Vienna).

B. Wrong: Suleiman died in 1566, so he could not have invaded Vienna in 1567.

C. Wrong: Suleiman did not invade Vienna in 1543.

D. Wrong: Suleiman died in 1566, so he could not have invaded Vienna in 1568.

Question 98 General Knowledge

The committee of the Norwegian Parliament awards the prize for

- A. literature
- B. Peace ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Economics
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Nobel Prize for Literature is awarded by the Swedish Academy, not the Norwegian Parliament's committee. NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Correct: the Nobel Peace Prize is awarded by a committee of the Norwegian Parliament (the Norwegian Nobel Committee).

C. Wrong: the Economics prize is awarded by the Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences, not the Norwegian committee.

D. Wrong: B is correct, so "None of these" fails.

99 General Knowledge

The first foreigner to receive Bharat Ratna was?

- A. C.V. Raman
- B. Nelson Mandela
- C. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: C. V. Raman was Indian, not a foreigner — and he received the Bharat Ratna in 1954.

B. Wrong: Nelson Mandela received the Bharat Ratna in 1990, after Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan (1987).

C. Correct: Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was the first foreigner (non-Indian citizen) to receive the Bharat Ratna, in 1987.

D. Wrong: C is correct, so "None of these" fails.

Question 100 General Knowledge

The date of operation of first open heart surgery in India was?

- A. February 15, 1961 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. August 12, 1991
- C. June 20, 1990
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the first successful open-heart surgery in India was performed on 15 February 1961 at Christian Medical College, Vellore (Dr N. Gopinath). NOTE: the page footer text is printed inside option D in the PDF and is stripped here.

B. Wrong: the first open-heart surgery in India was in 1961, not 1991.

C. Wrong: the first open-heart surgery in India was in 1961, not 1990.

is correct, so "None of these" fails.

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