Assistant Director (BPS-17), National Accountability Bureau (NAB), Batch-1 — 2020 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Assistant Director (BPS-17), National Accountability Bureau (NAB), Batch-1 · **Year:** 2020 · **Questions:** 97 in the original paper — **94 solved and verified**, 3 excluded as defective (Q27, Q29, Q64) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2020 sitting.

Source note: test360.pk reproduction (all 97 stems; 90 carry a printed key, 7 do not: Q33, Q41, Q61, Q63, Q64, Q82, Q83). Answers were verified from the National Accountability Ordinance 1999 text, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone. Q27, Q29, Q64 excluded as DEFECTIVE by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. Q24 option D is corrected from the filed "None of these n" (truncation typo) to "None of these" per the explanation label.

Question 1 English

The forest was dark and gloomy, yet the children ran into it fearlessly

- A. Simple
- B. Compound ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Complex
- D. None of these

A. A simple sentence has one independent clause; this sentence has two.

pendent clauses ("The forest was dark and gloomy" and "the children ran into it fearlessly") joined by the coordinating conjunction "yet".

C. A complex sentence needs a subordinate clause; there is none here — both clauses could stand alone.

D. Wrong, since B is the type.

Question 2 English

The compare stayed in the tent while the Cold rain fell

- A. Simple
- B. Compound
- C. Complex ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The sentence has a subordinate clause, so it is not simple.

B. There is no second independent clause joined by a coordinating conjunction.

C. "while the Cold rain fell" is a subordinate adverbial clause attached to the main clause "The [camper] stayed in the tent". (Note: "compare" is a misprint on the source page, for "camper".)

D. Wrong, since C is the type.

Question 3 English

Jan and Louise bought popcorn before the movie started.

- A. Simple
- B. Compound
- C. Complex ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of 3

nce contains a subordinate clause, so it is not simple.

B. There is only one independent clause; "before the movie started" cannot stand alone.

C. "before the movie started" is a subordinate adverbial clause of time attached to the main clause "Jan and Louise bought popcorn".

D. Wrong, since C is the type (the option itself is a misprint for "None of these").

Question 4 English

Sami forked hard on his homework,yet he didn't finish it.

- A. Simple
- B. Compound ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Complex
- D. None of these

A. Two clauses are present, so it is not simple.

B. Two independent clauses ("Sami [worked] hard on his homework" and "he didn't finish it") joined by "yet". (Note: "forked" is a misprint for "worked".)

C. Neither clause is subordinate; both could stand alone.

D. Wrong, since B is the type.

Question 5 English

The batsman ran for the second run when the fielder dropped the ball.

- A. Simple
- B. Compound
- C. Complex ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The sentence has a subordinate clause, so it is not simple.

fielder dropped the ball" cannot stand alone, so there is no second independent clause.

C. "when the fielder dropped the ball" is a subordinate adverbial clause of time attached to the main clause.

D. Wrong, since C is the type.

Question 6 English

The student will go camping _____the vacation

- A. at
- B. for
- C. during ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "at the vacation" is not idiomatic for a period of time.

B. "for the vacation" suggests purpose or duration ("for two weeks"), not "throughout the holiday period".

C. "during the vacation" is the correct preposition for something happening within a period of time.

D. Wrong, since C fits.

Question 7 English

He tripped and fed_____the stairs.

- A. down ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. On
- C. at
- D. None of these

is "fell down the stairs": he tripped and went down them. (Note: "fed" is a misprint for "fell".)

B. "fell on the stairs" would mean he landed on them, not the idiom for tumbling down them.

C. "fell at the stairs" is not idiomatic.

D. Wrong, since A fits.

Question 8 English

"Several months went ____ quickly.

- A. Off
- B. by ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. on
- D. None of these

A. "went off" means exploded or left, not time passing.

B. "went by" is the idiom for time passing: several months passed quickly.

C. "went on" means continued, not time passing.

D. Wrong, since B fits.

Question 9 English

We gave the waiter a ____for his service.

- A. fee
- B. tip ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. bonus
- D. None of these

A. A fee is a fixed charge for a service, not a voluntary extra for a waiter.

uity) is the small sum given to a waiter for service.

C. A bonus is extra pay from an employer, not something a customer gives a waiter.

D. Wrong, since B fits.

Question 10 English

My Uncle is fond of ____(swim)

- A. Swimming ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Swims
- C. swam
- D. None of these

A. After the preposition "of", the verb must be a gerund: "fond of swimming".

B. A finite verb form cannot follow "of".

C. The past tense cannot follow "of".

D. Wrong, since A is correct.

Question 11 English

____(arrange) marriages are less common nowadays.

- A. Arrange
- B. Arranging
- C. Arranged ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but wrong: "arrange marriages" is ungrammatical — a bare verb cannot qualify the noun "marriages".

B. "Arranging marriages" would mean marriages that arrange something; it is not the established term.

participle used as an adjective gives the standard collocation "arranged marriages" (marriages arranged by families).

D. Wrong, since C is the term.

Question 12 English

Her ____(extend) visit caused her host much inconvenience.

- A. extend
- B. extended ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. extent
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but wrong: "extend visit" is ungrammatical — a bare verb cannot qualify the noun "visit".

B. The past participle as an adjective: an "extended visit" is a long, drawn-out visit.

C. "Extent" is a noun (degree, range), not an adjective, and cannot qualify "visit".

D. Wrong, since B is correct.

Question 13 English

Existing, growing or produced naturally in a region or country; belonging to as a native.

- A. novel
- B. Original
- C. Indigenous ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Novel" means new or original, not native to a place.

B. "Original" means first or earliest, not native-born to a region.

C. "Indigenous" means originating or occurring naturally in a particular place; native to a

D. Wrong, since C is the word.

Question 14 English

Unable to avoid , evade,or espected; certain; necessary.

- A. Inevitable ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Normal
- C. regular
- D. None of these

A. "Inevitable" means certain to happen and impossible to avoid — exactly the definition given. (Note: "espected" is a misprint for "expected".)

B. "Normal" means usual or ordinary, not unavoidable.

C. "Regular" means recurring at fixed intervals, not unavoidable.

D. Wrong, since A is the word.

Question 15 English

A member of a group of people who have no fixed home and move according to the seasons from place to place in search of food water and grazing land.

- A. roving
- B. nomadic ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. drifting
- D. None of these

A. "Roving" means wandering, but it describes a person who roams, not the group way of life defined here.

B. "Nomadic" describes peoples with no fixed home who move seasonally in search of

and grazing land.

C. "Drifting" means moving aimlessly without direction, not seasonal migration.

D. Wrong, since B is the word.

Question 16 English

Forgetful of unmindful.

- A. numb
- B. insensible
- C. oblivious ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Numb" means without feeling or sensation, not forgetful.

B. "Insensible" means unconscious or unaware, not forgetful.

C. "Oblivious" means forgetful of, or unmindful of, something — exactly the definition given.

D. Wrong, since C is the word.

Question 17 English

An act of interpretation.

- A. implications
- B. inference ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. allegation
- D. None of these

A. "Implications" are things suggested or implied, not the act of interpreting.

B. An "inference" is a conclusion reached by interpreting evidence — an act of interpretation.

tion" is an unproven claim or accusation, not an interpretation.

D. Wrong, since B is the word.

Question 18 English

Fill with energy; enliven,

- A. stimulate
- B. refresh
- C. invigorate ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Stimulate" means to excite or encourage activity; it is a near-synonym but not the dictionary definition of the phrase given.

B. The printed key, but wrong: "refresh" means to make fresh again (rest, revive after tiredness), not to fill with energy.

C. The dictionary definition of "invigorate" is "to give vigour to; fill with life and energy" (WordReference / Dictionary.com) — the stem's wording, word for word.

D. Wrong, since C is the exact word.

Question 19 English

Expressing praise; eulogistic; commendatory.

- A. delirious
- B. raving
- C. laudatory ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Delirious" means in a state of wild excitement or confusion (or feverish delirium), not praising.

means talking wildly or deliriously, not expressing praise.

C. "Laudatory" means expressing praise; eulogistic; commendatory — exactly the definition given.

D. Wrong, since C is the word.

Question 20 English

Extremely or excessively careful about details.

- A. motivate
- B. meticulous ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. animate
- D. None of these

A. "Motivate" means to give someone a reason to act, nothing to do with care over details.

B. "Meticulous" means extremely careful about details — exactly the definition given.

C. "Animate" means to give life or liveliness to something.

D. Wrong, since B is the word.

Question 21 Mathematics

The smallest number in the set of whole number is:

- A. -1
- B. 0 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1
- D. None of these

A. −1 is an integer, not a whole number: whole numbers start at 0 and never go negative.

B. The whole numbers are 0, 1, 2, 3, ...; the smallest of them is 0.

le number, but 0 is smaller.

D. Wrong, since B is the smallest whole number.

Question 22 Mathematics

Four -fifth of a number exceeds its two- third by 10. The number is:

- A. 60
- B. 90
- C. 75 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Four-fifths of 60 is 48 and two-thirds is 40; the difference is 8, not 10.

B. Four-fifths of 90 is 72 and two-thirds is 60; the difference is 12, not 10.

C. Four-fifths of 75 is 60 and two-thirds is 50; 60 − 50 = 10, as required. Algebraically: (4/5 − 2/3)x = (2/15)x = 10, so x = 75.

D. Wrong, since C satisfies the condition.

Question 23 Mathematics

Find two consecutive numbers,sum of whose squares is 25.

- A. 3,4 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2,3
- C. 4,5
- D. None of these

A. $3^2 + 4^2 = 9 + 16 = 25$, and 3 and 4 are consecutive.

B. $2^2 + 3^2 = 4 + 9 = 13$, not 25.

C. $4^2 + 5^2 = 16 + 25 = 41$, not 25.

nce A is the pair.

Question 24 Mathematics

$(2^5 \times 2^3)^2 \times (2^2 \times 2^4)^3 = ?$

- A. 2^{30}
- B. 2^{32}
- C. 2^{34} ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Too small by a factor of 2^4.

B. The printed key, but wrong: $(2^5 \times 2^3)^2 = (2^8)^2 = 2^{16}$, and $(2^2 \times 2^4)^3 = (2^6)^3 = 2^{18}$; $2^{16} \times 2^{18} = 2^{34}$, not 2^{32}.

C. As worked: $2^{16} \times 2^{18} = 2^{(16+18)} = 2^{34}$.

D. Wrong, since C is the value (the option's trailing "n" is a misprint).

Note: Filed option D read "None of these n" (truncation typo in the option line); corrected to "None of these" per the explanation label.

Question 25 Mathematics

Find xy when $(x+y)^2=20$ and $x^2+y^2=4$.

- A. 10
- B. 9
- C. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Too large: $(x + y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2xy$ gives $20 = 4 + 2xy$, so $xy = 8$, not 10.

B. The printed key, but wrong: $2xy = 20 - 4 = 16$, so $xy = 8$, not 9.

C. From $(x + y)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 2xy$, $20 = 4 + 2xy$, hence $2xy = 16$ and $xy = 8$.

ance C is the value.

Question 26 Mathematics

If $(x+1/x)^2 = 81$ then $(x+1/x)^2 = ?$

- A. 80
- B. 85
- C. 79 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. No working gives 80 for the intended question.

B. The printed key, but wrong under every reading of the stem.

C. PICK-ONE: the stem as printed asks for $(x + 1/x)^2$ given $(x + 1/x)^2 = 81$, which would be 81 and is not among the options — the stem is a misprint of the standard textbook item "If $x + 1/x = 9$, find $x^2 + 1/x^2$", whose answer is $(x + 1/x)^2 - 2 = 81 - 2 = 79$.

D. Not chosen: the intended question has a definite answer, 79, among the options.

Question 27 Mathematics

If a- b=27 and a+b= 13 then the value of ab is:

- A. 14
- B. 2√5i
- C. 2√5i
- D. None of these

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation; printed key A "14" is WRONG)

A. The printed key, but wrong: adding the equations gives $2a = 40$, so $a = 20$; then $b = 13 - 20 = -7$; so $ab = 20 \times (-7) = -140$, not 14.

and unrelated to the working, also identical to option C, so the option set is itself defective.

C. Identical to option B; no working gives this value.

D. This would be the letter for the true answer −140, but the item is excluded as DEFECTIVE rather than taught with a "None of these" key, because the stem's numbers and the printed key (14) show the item was set wrongly (the setter evidently intended a different pair of equations). The worked answer is −140; no option states it.

Question 28 Mathematics

What is tlic value of (x-7)(x-8)-(x-9)(x-10)?

- A. 46
- B. 4x-34 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 4x+34
- D. None of these

A. A constant; the expression depends on x, so no constant is the answer.

B. $(x - 7)(x - 8) = x^2 - 15x + 56$ and $(x - 9)(x - 10) = x^2 - 19x + 90$; subtracting gives $(x^2 - 15x + 56) - (x^2 - 19x + 90) = 4x - 34$. (Note: "tlic" is a misprint for "the".)

C. The sign of 34 is wrong: $56 - 90 = -34$, not +34.

D. Wrong, since B is the value.

Question 29 Mathematics

The average of first 150 natural number is:

- A. 74
- B. 74.5
- C. 75
- D. None of these

s given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation; printed key B "74.5" is WRONG)

A. Too low: the average of 1, 2, ..., 150 is (1 + 150) / 2 = 75.5.

B. The printed key, but wrong: the sum 1 + 2 + ... + 150 = 150 × 151 / 2 = 11,325, and 11,325 / 150 = 75.5, not 74.5.

C. Half a unit short of the true average 75.5.

D. This would be the letter for the true answer 75.5, but the item is excluded as DEFECTIVE rather than taught with a "None of these" key, because the intended answer was evidently a miscalculation by the setter (74.5). The worked answer is 75.5; no option states it.

Question 30 Mathematics

If maen of 6 numbers is 4.5, what is the sum of the numbers?

- A. 27 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 26
- C. 25
- D. None of these

A. Sum = mean × count = 4.5 × 6 = 27. (Note: "maen" is a misprint for "mean".)

B. One short of 4.5 × 6.

C. Two short of 4.5 × 6.

D. Wrong, since A is the sum.

Question 31 Mathematics

If a+b= 8,b+c=9,c+a=11, find average of a,b and c.

- A. 14/3 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 14/5

- D. None of these

A. Adding all three equations: 2(a + b + c) = 8 + 9 + 11 = 28, so a + b + c = 14, and the average of the three is 14/3.

B. No working gives this; the divisor is 3 (three numbers), not 5.

C. One-third short: the sum is 14, not 13.

D. Wrong, since A is the average.

Question 32 Mathematics

If a+b=8,b+c=9,c+a=11, find average of a, b and c.

- A. 14/3 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 14/5
- C. 13/3
- D. None of these

A. Identical working to Q31: 2(a + b + c) = 28, so a + b + c = 14 and the average is 14/3.

B. Wrong divisor, as in Q31.

C. Wrong sum, as in Q31.

D. Wrong, since A is the average. NOTE: this question is a word-for-word DUPLICATE of Q31 on the source page (same stem, same options, same key) — a reproduction defect; it is kept as printed and answered as printed, not merged.

Question 33 Mathematics

What is the average of $3^2, 3^3, 3^4$?

- A. 40
- B. 42

- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Too high by 1: $3^2 + 3^3 + 3^4 = 9 + 27 + 81 = 117$, and $117 / 3 = 39$.

B. Too high by 3.

C. Too high by 2.

D. Correct: the average is 39, which is none of the numbers offered.

Question 34 Mathematics

If 80% applications to a program were rejected, what is the ratio of the number accepted to the number rejected?

- A. 1:3
- B. 1:4 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 4:1
- D. None of these

A. That would be 25% accepted against 75% rejected.

B. 80% rejected means 20% accepted; accepted : rejected = 20 : 80 = 1 : 4.

C. That is the rejected-to-accepted ratio, the reverse of what is asked.

D. Wrong, since B is the ratio.

Question 35 Mathematics

The sum of two numbers is 144.The ratio between them is 5:7.The numbers are

- A. 70&74
- B. 60&84 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 55&89
- D. None of these

to 144 but their ratio is 35:37, not 5:7.

B. 60 + 84 = 144, and 60 : 84 = 5 : 7 (dividing both by 12); also 5/12 × 144 = 60 and 7/12 × 144 = 84.

C. They sum to 144 but their ratio is not 5:7.

D. Wrong, since B is the pair.

Question 36 Mathematics

The shadow of 40 feet high pool is 60 feet long.Find height of a person if it's shadow is 9 feet?

- A. 5 feet
- B. 5.5 feet
- C. 6feet ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Too short: by similar triangles, height / shadow is constant at 40/60 = 2/3.

B. No working gives this.

C. Height = (40 / 60) × 9 = (2/3) × 9 = 6 feet. (Note: "pool" is a misprint for "pole".)

D. Wrong, since C is the height.

Question 37 Mathematics

What is the ratio of circumference of a circle its radious?

- A. 2π ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. π\2
- C. 2π,r
- D. None of these

A. Circumference = 2πr, so circumference / radius = 2πr / r = 2π. (Note: "radious" is a

B. That is π/2, not the ratio.

C. Not a ratio; it is a garbled option.

D. Wrong, since A is the ratio.

Question 38 Mathematics

All gave 15% of invitation cards to Rafiq and 20% to sarfaz. If he still had 520 cards, how many cards did he have originally.

- A. 700
- B. 600
- C. 800 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. 65% of 700 is 455, not 520.

B. 65% of 600 is 390, not 520.

C. He gave away 15% + 20% = 35%, so 65% remained: 0.65 × 800 = 520, as stated. (Note: "All gave" is a misprint, for "Ali gave".)

D. Wrong, since C is the original number.

Question 39 Mathematics

A country has an infant mortality rate of 6.8% of 20000 babies born in one year. How many survived?

- A. 18240
- B. 18340
- C. 18640 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

d be 8.8% dying, not 6.8%.

B. That would be 8.3% dying.

C. Deaths = 6.8% of 20,000 = 1,360; survivors = 20,000 − 1,360 = 18,640.

D. Wrong, since C is the number.

Question 40 Mathematics

What is 10% of 30% of 50?

- A. 1.2
- B. 1.3
- C. 1.5 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Too low: 30% of 50 is 15, and 10% of 15 is 1.5.

B. No working gives this.

C. 30% of 50 = 15; 10% of 15 = 1.5 (equivalently 0.10 × 0.30 × 50 = 1.5).

D. Wrong, since C is the value.

Question 41 Mathematics

Two numbers are respectively 20% and 50% more than a third, what percentage is the first to the second,?

- A. 80% ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 90%
- C. 70%
- D. None of these

A. Let the third number be 100: the first is 120 and the second is 150; 120 / 150 = 0.80 = 80%.

g gives this.

C. No working gives this.

D. Wrong, since A is the percentage.

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

After the meger of FATA, how many general seats were added to Khyber pakhtunwa Assembly

- A. 16 seats ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 17 seats
- C. 18 seats
- D. None of these

A. Under the 25th Amendment 2018 (the FATA merger), FATA was given 21 seats in the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Assembly: 16 general, 4 reserved for women and 1 for non-Muslims. (Note: "meger" and "pakhtunwa" are misprints for "merger" and "Pakhtunkhwa".)

B. One too many; the general seats were 16.

C. Two too many.

D. Wrong, since A is the number.

Question 43 Current Affairs

Pakistan parliament approved the extension of the term of Army chief for another:

- A. 3 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2 years
- C. 1 years
- D. None of these

A. In 2019–2020 Parliament approved a three-year extension of the Army Chief's tenure

mar Javed Bajwa), later formalised by amending the Pakistan Army Act.

B. Not the approved extension.

C. Not the approved extension (and ungrammatical as printed).

D. Wrong, since A is the term.

Question 44 Current Affairs

Which country left European Union in March 2020?

- A. Germany
- B. UK ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. France
- D. None of these

A. Germany remains an EU member; it never left.

B. The United Kingdom is the only country ever to leave the EU (Brexit). NOTE: the stem's date is wrong — the UK left on 31 January 2020 at 23:00 GMT, not in March 2020; the answer still stands, since no other country has left.

C. France remains an EU member; it never left.

D. Wrong, since B is the country.

Question 45 Current Affairs

Which country is the biggest arms import?

- A. Saudi Arabian ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Egypt
- C. Iran
- D. None of these

A. According to SIPRI, Saudi Arabia was the world's largest importer of major arms in

ounting for 12% of global arms imports.

B. Egypt was the third-largest importer in 2015–19, not the largest.

C. Iran was not among the top arms importers in 2015–19 (it was under an arms embargo for most of the period).

D. Wrong, since A is the country.

Question 46 Current Affairs

Name of the female astronaut with the longest continuous spaceflight that lasted for 328 days is:

- A. Paige Watson
- B. Jessica Meir
- C. Christina Koch ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. No such record-holder; not the astronaut in question.

B. Jessica Meir flew with Koch and shared the first all-female spacewalk with her, but she did not hold the 328-day record.

C. NASA astronaut Christina Koch spent 328 days aboard the International Space Station (14 March 2019 – 6 February 2020), the longest single spaceflight by a woman.

D. Wrong, since C is the astronaut.

Question 47 Current Affairs

In Ayodhya dispute,Supeme court of India ordered the disputed land to be handed over to a trust to build:

- A. The Ram janmabhoomi Temple ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. The jagnnath Temple

Meenakshi Amman Temple

- D. None of these

A. On 9 November 2019 the Supreme Court of India awarded the disputed Ayodhya site to a trust to build a Ram temple (Ram Janmabhoomi). (Note: "Supeme" is a misprint for "Supreme".)

B. The Jagannath Temple is at Puri, Odisha, and has nothing to do with Ayodhya.

C. The Meenakshi Amman Temple is at Madurai, Tamil Nadu, and has nothing to do with Ayodhya.

D. Wrong, since A is the temple.

Question 48 Current Affairs

Which Muslim countries have peace deal with ISRAEL after Egypt?

- A. Jordan and UAE ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Saudi Arabia and UA
- C. Qatar and UAE
- D. None of these

A. Jordan signed a peace treaty with Israel in 1994 (Wadi Araba), and the UAE normalised relations with Israel under the Abraham Accords, signed 15 September 2020 — the two Muslim countries with peace/normalisation deals after Egypt (1979).

B. Saudi Arabia has no peace deal or normalisation agreement with Israel.

C. The printed key, but wrong: Qatar has no peace deal with Israel; only the UAE half of this pair does.

D. Wrong, since A is the pair.

49 Current Affairs

Who is the present prime Minister of UK?

- A. Boris Johnson ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. David Cameron
- C. Theresa May
- D. None of these

A. Boris Johnson was Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from July 2019 (and therefore the PM at the paper's 2020 date).

B. Prime Minister 2010–2016; he had resigned long before 2020.

C. Prime Minister 2016–2019; she resigned in July 2019.

D. Wrong, since A was the PM.

Question 50 Current Affairs

Which country launched missiles at Us troops in Iraq this year (2020)?

- A. Jordan
- B. Egypt
- C. Iran ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Jordan launched no missiles at US troops in Iraq in 2020.

B. Egypt launched no missiles at US troops in Iraq in 2020.

C. In January 2020 Iran fired ballistic missiles at US forces at the Ain al-Asad airbase in Iraq, in retaliation for the killing of General Qasem Soleimani.

D. Wrong, since C is the country.

51 Current Affairs

Why the us aviation regulator FAA warned American 's airlines from operating flights in Pakistan airspace on December 30,2019?

- A. Due to fear of militant activity ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Due to weather
- C. Due to fear climate change
- D. None of these

A. The FAA's notice of 30 December 2019 warned US operators about the risk from extremist/militant activity when flying in Pakistan airspace (reported by Reuters on 31 December 2019).

B. The warning was about a security risk, not weather.

C. Climate change was not the subject of the warning.

D. Wrong, since A is the reason.

Question 52 Pakistan Studies

Diamer - Bhasha Dam has been planned on the river:

- A. Jehlum
- B. Chenab
- C. Indus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The Jhelum is a different river (Mangla Dam is on the Jhelum).

B. The Chenab is a different river (no Diamer-Bhasha there).

C. The Diamer-Bhasha Dam is planned on the River Indus in Gilgit-Baltistan/Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

D. Wrong, since C is the river.

53 General Knowledge

The world highest Mountain is in:

- A. Nepal ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Italy
- C. Sri Lanka
- D. China

A. Mount Everest (8,849 m), the world's highest mountain, stands on the Nepal–China border and its summit is in Nepal (the standard exam answer is Nepal).

B. Italy's highest peak, Mont Blanc (shared with France), is far lower than Everest.

C. Sri Lanka's highest peak, Pidurutalagala (2,524 m), is far lower.

D. Everest straddles the Nepal–China border, but the summit and the mountain's usual country attribution in these papers is Nepal; the printed key is A.

Question 54 General Knowledge

On the map of the world which country appears as long shoe?

- A. Italy ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Malta
- C. Croatin
- D. Moldova

A. Italy's long boot-like peninsula (with Sicily as the "ball" at its toe) is famously described as a long shoe/boot on the map.

B. Malta is a small island archipelago, not a long shoe shape.

C. Croatia is crescent-shaped, not a long shoe (the option is also a misprint for "Croatia").

D. Moldova is a compact landlocked country, not a long shoe shape.

55 General Knowledge

The Headquarter of Red cross is in:

- A. London
- B. New York
- C. Berlin
- D. Geneva ✓ **Correct answer**

A. London hosts many organisations, but not the Red Cross headquarters.

B. New York hosts the UN headquarters, not the Red Cross.

C. Berlin is the German capital, not the Red Cross seat.

D. The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland.

Question 56 General Knowledge

The permanent secretariat of SAARC is established at:

- A. Kathmandu ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Dhaka
- C. Delhi
- D. Islamabad

A. The SAARC Secretariat is permanently based in Kathmandu, Nepal (established 1987).

B. Dhaka hosted the first SAARC summit (1985) but not the secretariat.

C. Delhi is India's capital, not the SAARC seat.

D. Islamabad is Pakistan's capital, not the SAARC seat.

57 General Knowledge

World trade organization was established in:

- A. 1992
- B. 1993
- C. 1994
- D. 1995 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. No WTO existed in 1992; the Uruguay Round was still being negotiated.

B. The Uruguay Round concluded in December 1993, but the WTO was not yet established.

C. The Marrakesh Agreement establishing the WTO was signed in April 1994, but the WTO itself came into being on 1 January 1995.

D. The World Trade Organization was established on 1 January 1995.

Question 58 General Knowledge

How many official working languages are recognized by UNO?

- A. 8
- B. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 7
- D. 4

A. There are not eight UN official languages.

B. The UN has six official languages: Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish.

C. One too many.

D. Two too few.

59 General Knowledge

Which is the dippest ocean in the world?

- A. Aretic
- B. Atlantic
- C. Pacific ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The Arctic is the shallowest ocean, not the deepest (the option is a misprint for "Arctic").

B. The Atlantic is deep (Puerto Rico Trench, ~8,376 m) but not the deepest.

C. The Pacific is the deepest ocean: the Mariana Trench reaches about 10,935 m. (Note: "dippest" is a misprint for "deepest".)

D. Wrong, since C is the ocean.

Question 60 General Knowledge

Largest Airport of the world is:

- A. New York airport
- B. Frankfurt airport
- C. Dubai airport
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. No New York airport is the world's largest by any measure.

B. Frankfurt is a major hub but not the world's largest.

C. The printed key, but wrong: Dubai is not the largest airport by area, and by passenger traffic the busiest is Atlanta (Hartsfield-Jackson).

D. Correct: by land area the world's largest airport is King Fahd International, Dammam, Saudi Arabia (780 km², Guinness World Records) — which is not among the options.

61 General Knowledge

Which country is the biggest producer of uranium in the world?

- A. France
- B. South Africa
- C. Canada
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. France has almost no uranium mining; it is a consumer, not the biggest producer.

B. South Africa produces only a small amount of uranium.

C. Canada is the second-largest producer, not the largest.

D. Correct: the world's biggest uranium producer is Kazakhstan, which has led world production since 2009 (about 39% of world mine output, World Nuclear Association) — and Kazakhstan is not among the options.

Question 62 Pakistan Studies

In respect of religion what term was set for president and prime Minister in 1956 constitution?

- A. He may be a Muslim
- B. Me Must not be Hindu
- C. He must not be christian
- D. Me Must be a Muslim (this condition applicable only on president. PM may be non Muslim) ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: for the President it was not optional.

B. Wrong: the condition was framed positively (must be a Muslim), not as a ban on one religion.

C. Wrong for the same reason; the Constitution did not phrase it this way.

substance (the option's "Me" is a misprint for "He"): under the 1956 Constitution the President was required to be a Muslim of at least forty years of age; no religious condition was imposed on the Prime Minister.

Question 63 Pakistan Studies

What was the official language declared in 1956 constitution?

- A. Urdu
- B. Bengali
- C. Hindi
- D. Both (A) and (B) ✓ **Correct answer**

A. True in part: Urdu was declared a national language, but it was not the only one.

B. True in part: Bengali was declared a national language, but it was not the only one.

C. Hindi was not a language of the 1956 Constitution.

D. Correct: the 1956 Constitution made both Urdu and Bengali national languages (English continued as an official language for twenty years).

Question 64 Pakistan Studies

Who abrogated 1956 constitution?

- A. Ayub Khan
- B. Tikka Khan
- C. October 1958
- D. None of these

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation; no printed key on the page)

A. Historically wrong: Ayub Khan did not abrogate the 1956 Constitution — he was appointed Chief Martial Law Administrator by the man who did, and deposed him three

27 October 1958). (This is the answer many MCQ books give, but it is the common textbook error.)

B. Tikka Khan was a later army chief (1972–1976); he had no role in 1958.

C. A date, not a person; the stem asks "Who".

D. This would be the letter for the true answer, Iskander Mirza, who abrogated the Constitution and imposed martial law on 7 October 1958 — but he is not among the options, so the item is excluded as DEFECTIVE rather than taught with a "None of these" key. The correct answer is Iskander Mirza; no option states it.

Question 65 Pakistan Studies

When Ayub Khan enforced new construction in Pakistan?

- A. 9th January 1962
- B. 6th February 1962
- C. 8th June 1962 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. No such date in the 1962 Constitution's history.

B. No such date in the 1962 Constitution's history.

C. The Constitution of 1962 (announced 1 March 1962) was enforced on 8 June 1962, ending martial law. (Note: "construction" is a misprint for "constitution".)

D. Wrong, since C is the date.

Question 66 Pakistan Studies

Which kind of system of Government was introduced by the 1962 constitution?

- A. Autonomous
- B. Presidential ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Confederate

A. "Autonomous" is not a system of government.

B. The 1962 Constitution introduced a presidential system, with the President as head of state and government (Ayub Khan's preferred form).

C. The 1962 Constitution provided a unicameral legislature, not a bicameral one.

D. Pakistan was a federation, not a confederation.

Question 67 Pakistan Studies

When the constitution of 1962 was abrogated?

- A. 20th March 1969(exact date is 25 March) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 29th March 1969
- C. 4th April 1969
- D. 14th April 1969

A. The intended answer: the option's printed date "20th March" is wrong, but its own parenthetical gives the true date — the 1962 Constitution was abrogated on 25 March 1969, when Ayub Khan handed power to Yahya Khan, who imposed martial law.

B. Four days after the abrogation.

C. The date of the Provisional Constitution Order, not the abrogation.

D. No such event on this date.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

Who abrogated 1962 constitution and become CMLA?

- A. Gen.Tikka Khan
- B. Gen.Ahsan Khan

- D. Gen.Yahya Khan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Tikka Khan became army chief in 1972, not in 1969.

B. No such figure abrogated the 1962 Constitution.

C. No such figure abrogated the 1962 Constitution.

D. General Agha Muhammad Yahya Khan abrogated the 1962 Constitution and declared martial law on 25 March 1969, becoming Chief Martial Law Administrator (and President on 31 March 1969).

Question 69 Pakistan Studies

When Mr.Z A. Bhutto launched a new constitution in country ?

- A. 11th August 1973
- B. 14 August 1973 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 17th August 1973
- D. None of these

A. The Constitution was passed by the National Assembly on 10 April 1973, not launched on 11 August.

B. The Constitution of 1973 came into force on 14 August 1973 (Pakistan's Independence Day).

C. Three days after the Constitution came into force.

D. Wrong, since B is the date.

Question 70 Islamiat

Wealth obtained from a mine is liable to

- A. Zakat

mus ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Sulus
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but wrong: zakat is the 2.5% annual levy on qualifying wealth (cash, trade goods, livestock, gold and silver); it is not the levy on mine produce.

B. Khums is one-fifth (20%): the hadith states "in rikaz is khums" (Bukhari 1499), and Abu Hanifa held rikaz to include minerals, so mine produce is liable to khums — the standard Islamiat answer, and the Shia position lists minerals among the seven khums items.

C. "Sulus" (one-third) is not a levy on mines; it is a share in inheritance law.

D. Wrong, since B is the levy.

Question 71 Islamiat

Which one is called Masha' ar-ul-Haram?

- A. Mina velley
- B. Muzdalifa valley ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Arafat
- D. Makkah

A. Mina is where the pilgrims stay and stone the jamarat; it is not al-Mash'ar al-Haram.

B. Al-Mash'ar al-Haram (the Sacred Monument) is at Muzdalifah, named in Qur'an 2:198 ("remember Allah at al-Mash'ar al-Haram"). (Note: "Muzdalifa" is a variant spelling of Muzdalifah, and "velley" is a misprint for "valley".)

C. Arafat is the plain of the Wuquf (standing); it is not al-Mash'ar al-Haram.

D. Makkah is the city; the Mash'ar is a specific place within the Hajj rites.

72 Islamiat

Imam Shafi took the office of "Religious Judgement"In the age of:

- A. 13 years
- B. 14 years
- C. 15 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. At thirteen he is reported to have set out for Medina (one account), not to have been authorised to give fatwas.

B. No report gives fourteen.

C. Imam al-Shafi'i was authorised to issue fatwas (religious judgements) at the age of fifteen, after memorising the Qur'an by seven and Imam Malik's Muwatta by ten.

D. Wrong, since C is the age.

Question 73 Islamiat

"kitnb- al-Umm" is written by:

- A. Abu Hanifa
- B. Imam Malik
- C. Imam Shafi ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Abu Hanifa left no book of his own; his school was transmitted by his students.

B. Imam Malik wrote al-Muwatta, not Kitab al-Umm.

C. Kitab al-Umm ("The Fundamental Book") is Imam al-Shafi'i's main surviving work on Shafi'i fiqh. (Note: "kitnb- al-Umm" is a misprint for "Kitab al-Umm".)

D. Wrong, since C is the author.

74 Islamiat

The foundation of Bait Ul - Hikmah was laid down during:

- A. Ummayad Dynasty
- B. Abbasid Dynasty ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Fatmid Dynasty
- D. Usmania Dynasty

A. The Umayyads (661–750) preceded the House of Wisdom; it was not founded under them.

B. The Bait-ul-Hikmah (House of Wisdom) was founded in Baghdad under the Abbasids, begun by Harun al-Rashid and expanded by al-Ma'mun.

C. The Fatimids ruled Egypt later (909–1171) and had their own Dar al-Hikmah in Cairo, not the Baghdad Bait-ul-Hikmah.

D. The Ottomans ("Usmania") came centuries later and did not found the Bait-ul-Hikmah.

Question 75 Islamiat

First Mujadid was Hazrat Umar bin Abdul Aziz.who was the second one?

- A. Ibn-e-Taimya
- B. Imam Ghizali
- C. Ahmad Sirhindi ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Shah waliullha

A. Ibn Taymiyyah (d. 1328) is a major scholar, but he is not counted as the second Mujaddid in the standard list.

B. Al-Ghazali (d. 1111) is a major scholar, but in the standard Mujaddid list he is counted later (fifth century), not second.

C. Shaykh Ahmad Sirhindi (d. 1624), known as Mujaddid Alf-e-Sani (the Reviver of the

nnium), is counted as the second Mujaddid after Umar bin Abdul Aziz.

D. Shah Waliullah (d. 1762) is a later reviver, not the second Mujaddid.

Question 76 Islamiat

Sahib Us -Ser is the nickname of:

- A. Hazrat Khuzaifa R.A ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hazrat Uqba R.A
- C. Hazrat Saad R.A
- D. Hazrat Khalid bin Walid

A. Hazrat Huzaifa ibn al-Yaman (RA) was known as Sahib-us-Sirr ("Keeper of the Secret") because the Prophet (PBUH) confided to him the names of the hypocrites.

B. Uqba ibn Amir (RA) was a companion, but not the keeper of the secret.

C. Saad ibn Abi Waqqas (RA) was a companion, but not the keeper of the secret.

D. Khalid ibn al-Walid (RA) was the "Sword of Allah" (Saifullah), not Sahib-us-Sirr.

Question 77 Islamiat

Masjid -e-khief is located in:

- A. Muzdalifa
- B. Arafat
- C. Minna ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Madina

A. Muzdalifah has its own sites, but Masjid al-Khayf is not there.

B. Arafat has Masjid Namirah, not Masjid al-Khayf.

C. Masjid al-Khayf is in Mina, where the pilgrims stay during Hajj. (Note: "Minna" is a misprint for "Mina", and "khief" for "Khayf".)

has Masjid Nabawi, not Masjid al-Khayf.

Question 78 Islamiat

Ada bin Hatam Thai embraced Islam is:

- A. 6 Hijri
- B. 7 Hijri
- C. 9 Hijri ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Adi ibn Hatim had not yet come to Madinah in 6 AH.

B. Adi ibn Hatim had not yet embraced Islam in 7 AH.

C. Adi ibn Hatim al-Ta'i came to Madinah with the delegation of Tayy and embraced Islam in 9 AH, the Year of Delegations.

D. Wrong, since C is the year.

Question 79 Islamiat

Name the famous book of Ibn - Sina in which he discussed human physiology and medicine is:

- A. Al- Quran
- B. Al- Masudi
- C. New Renaissance
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The printed key, but plainly wrong: the Qur'an is the revealed Book of Allah, not a book written by Ibn Sina.

B. Al-Masudi was a historian (author of Muruj al-Dhahab), not a book of Ibn Sina.

C. Not a work of Ibn Sina.

Ibn Sina's famous book on medicine and physiology is Al-Qanun fi al-Tibb (The Canon of Medicine), completed in 1025 — which is not among the options.

Question 80 NAB Law

Under section ____of NAO, the chairman NAB shall have the power at any arrest of accused.

- A. 20
- B. 20(A)
- C. 24(A) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Section 20 is "Reporting of suspicious financial transactions", not arrest.

B. There is no section 20(A) dealing with arrest.

C. Section 24 is "Arrest": subsection (a) provides that the Chairman NAB may issue a warrant of arrest during the course of investigation under the Ordinance.

D. Wrong, since C is the section.

Question 81 NAB Law

Under section ____ of NAO, the chairman NAB not be removed except on the grounds of removal of judge of Supreme court of Pakistan.

- A. 6(b)(I) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 5(d)(i)
- C. 24(f)
- D. None of these

A. Section 6(b)(i) of the Ordinance (2010 text) provides that the Chairman NAB "shall not be removed except on the grounds of removal of Judge of Supreme Court of Pakistan". (Note: the current amended text states the same protection in s.6(b)(v), by reference to

f the Constitution.)

B. Section 5 is definitions; it contains no removal provision.

C. Section 24 is arrest; it contains no removal provision.

D. Wrong, since A is the provision.

Question 82 NAB Law

As per NAO "code"means the Code of criminal procedure:

- A. 1888
- B. 1898 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1899
- D. None of these

A. No Code of Criminal Procedure of 1888 is the reference.

B. Section 5 of the Ordinance defines "Code" as "the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898)".

C. No such Code.

D. Wrong, since B is the year.

Question 83 NAB Law

____ means a trustee of any trust declared by the accused,or of which the accused is also a trustee or a beneficiary.

- A. Benamidar
- B. Associates ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Both (A) and (B)
- D. None of these

A. A "benamidar" is a person who ostensibly holds the accused's property on his behalf

definition of "benamidar"), it is a separate item, clause (iv) of the "associates" definition, not the trustee clause itself.

B. The quoted words are clause (iii) of the definition of "associates" in section 5 of the Ordinance: "a trustee of any trust declared by the accused, or of which the accused is also a trustee or a beneficiary".

C. Wrong: the trustee clause belongs to "associates" only.

D. Wrong, since B is the term.

Question 84 NAB Law

"Chairman National Accountability Bureau" means a person who is appointed as such,has been defined under Section ____

- A. 5(e) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 5(c)
- C. 5(d)(i)
- D. None of these

A. Section 5(e) of the Ordinance (2010 text) defines "Chairman National Accountability Bureau" as a person appointed as such as mentioned in section 6(b). NOTE: in the current amended text the same definition sits at s.5(f), after later insertions; the paper's answer is as at 2020.

B. Section 5(c) defines "assets".

C. Section 5(d)(i) is the first limb of the "associates" definition.

D. Wrong, since A is the provision.

Question 85 NAB Law

A judge of an Accountability Court shall be appointed by the:

- B. Chairman NAB
- C. President of Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The Prime Minister does not appoint Accountability Court judges.

B. The Chairman NAB does not appoint the judges who try NAB cases.

C. Under the Ordinance as it stood in 2020 (s.5(g), 2010 text), an Accountability Court "shall consist of a Judge who shall be appointed by the President of Pakistan, in consultation with the Chief Justice of the High Court concerned". NOTE: the 2022 amendment changed the appointing authority to the Federal Government; the paper's answer is as at 2020.

D. Wrong, since C is the appointing authority.

Question 86 NAB Law

A person shall not be appointed as chairman NAB unless he:

- A. is a retired chief justice or a judge of the supreme Court or a chief justice of a High Court
- B. Is a retired officer of the Armed Forces of Pakistan equivalent to the rank of a Lieutenant General
- C. is a retired Federal Government officer in BS-22 or equivalent
- D. Either of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. True, but only one of three alternative qualifications (s.6(ba)(i)).

B. True, but only one of three alternative qualifications (s.6(ba)(ii)).

C. True, but only one of three alternative qualifications (s.6(ba)(iii)).

D. Correct: section 6(ba) lists the three qualifications disjunctively — any one of them qualifies a person for appointment as Chairman NAB.

87 NAB Law

In the absence of the chairman NAB, the Deputy Chairman NAB shall act as the chairman NAB under Section:

- A. 6(ba)
- B. 6(c) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. None of these
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but wrong: section 6(ba) is the qualifications clause for appointment as Chairman (see Q86); it says nothing about acting as Chairman.

B. Section 6(c) (2010 text) is "Acting Chairman, National Accountability Bureau": "As and when the Chairman NAB is absent or unable to perform the functions of his office due to any reason whatsoever, the Deputy Chairman NAB will act as the Chairman NAB".

C. Wrong, since B is the section (and this option is duplicated as option D — a reproduction defect).

D. Wrong, since B is the section (duplicate of option C).

Question 88 NAB Law

The president of Pakistan,in consultation with ____, may appoint any person, who is the qualified to be appointed as a judge of the supreme Court,as prosecutor General Accountability.

- A. Chairman Senate
- B. Prime Minister
- C. Chairman NAB ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but wrong: the Chairman Senate has no role in appointing the Prosecutor General Accountability.

Minister is not the consultee named in section 8.

C. Section 8(a)(i) of the Ordinance (2010 text): "The President of Pakistan, in consultation with the Chairman NAB, may appoint any person, who is qualified to be appointed as a Judge of the Supreme Court, as Prosecutor General Accountability".

D. Wrong, since C is the consultee.

Question 89 NAB Law

Under NAO corruption and corrupt practices have been defined in Section:

- A. 9(a) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 8(a)(i)
- C. 8(b)
- D. None of these

A. Section 9 is "Corruption and corrupt practices", and subsection (a) lists the acts that constitute the offence.

B. Section 8(a)(i) is the appointment of the Prosecutor General Accountability.

C. Section 8(b) is the Prosecutor General's advisory role.

D. Wrong, since A is the provision.

Question 90 NAB Law

Punishment for corruption and corrupt practices shall be rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to _____years.

- A. 10
- B. 15
- C. 14 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

is the punishment for hampering an investigation (s.31), not for corruption.

B. No such term in section 10.

C. Section 10(a) of the Ordinance: a person who commits the offence of corruption and corrupt practices "shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to fourteen years and with fine".

D. Wrong, since C is the term.

Question 91 NAB Law

The power to freeze property under NAO has been defined under Section:

- A. 12 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 10
- C. 11
- D. None of these

A. Section 12 is "Power to freeze property": the Chairman NAB or the Court may order the freezing of the accused's property.

B. The printed key, but wrong: section 10 is "Punishment for corruption and corrupt practice" (fourteen years).

C. Section 11 (imposition of fine) was omitted by the 2022 amendments; it never dealt with freezing.

D. Wrong, since A is the section.

Question 92 NAB Law

Transfer of cases under NAO are the subject of Section:

- A. 16 (a)
- B. 16A ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. None of these

A. Section 16 is "Case Management and trial of offences" (in the 2010 text, "Trial of offences"); it is not the transfer provision.

B. Section 16A is "Transfer of cases".

C. Section 16B is "Contempt of Court".

D. Wrong, since B is the section.

Question 93 NAB Law

Which Section of NAO deals with the payment of bonuses etc to the officers and staff of the NAB and others?

- A. 33
- B. 33A ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 33C
- D. None of these

A. Section 33 is "Transfer of pending proceedings".

B. Section 33A is "Payment of bonuses etc.": bonuses or ex gratia payments to NAB officers and staff, other government servants, and rewards to members of the public for commendable services in detection, investigation and prosecution.

C. Section 33C is "Measures for the prevention of corruption and corrupt practices".

D. Wrong, since B is the section.

Question 94 NAB Law

Section 26 of NAO deals with:

- A. Voluntary return and plea bargain

- C. Tender of pardon ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. That is section 25, not 26.

B. That is section 24, not 26.

C. Section 26 is "Tender of pardon": the Chairman NAB may tender a full or conditional pardon to a person to obtain their evidence.

D. Wrong, since C is the subject.

Question 95 NAB Law

Punishment;if any person who hampers investigation will be ____years under NAO.

- A. 12
- B. 11
- C. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. No such term for hampering an investigation.

B. No such term for hampering an investigation.

C. Section 31(a) of the Ordinance: a person who consciously and deliberately hampers an inquiry or investigation "shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten years".

D. Wrong, since C is the term.

Question 96 NAB Law

Witness and their families are protected under Section ____of NAO.

- A. 31E ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. 31D
- D. None of these

A. Section 31E is "Protection of witnesses": the Chairman NAB or the Court may take measures for the safety, security and protection of witnesses and their families.

B. Section 31B is "Withdrawal and termination of pending proceedings".

C. The printed key, but wrong: section 31D is "Inquiry, investigation or proceedings in respect of imprudent bank loans, etc."

D. Wrong, since A is the section.

Question 97 NAB Law

The Chairman NAB shall as soon as possible after the end of every calendar year but before the last day of ____ next following submit annual report to the president.

- A. May
- B. December
- C. March ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but wrong: no version of the Ordinance says May.

B. December is the end of the calendar year itself, not the deadline for the report on it.

C. Section 33D of the Ordinance: "The Chairman NAB shall as soon as possible after the end of every calendar year but before the last day of March next following, submit to the President a report of its affairs for that year". NOTE: the 2022 amendment changed the recipient to the National Assembly and the Senate, but the month was March both before and after 2022 — the printed key was wrong even as at 2020.

D. Wrong, since C is the month.

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