Patrol Officer (BS-14), National Highways & Motorway Police (NH&MP), Ministry of Communications — 2020 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Patrol Officer (BS-14), National Highways & Motorway Police (NH&MP), Ministry of Communications · **Year:** 2020 · **Questions:** 91 in the original paper — **87 solved and verified**, 4 excluded as defective (Q6, Q15, Q33, Q67) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2020 sitting.

Source note: test360.pk reproduction (all 91 stems; 78 carry a printed key, 13 do not). Second sources: National Highways Safety Ordinance 2000 (Q80–Q91), FPSC advertisement reproductions for the grade check, and targeted references per question. A separate Batch-2 2020 paper (27 Sep 2020) was checked stem-by-stem and is a DIFFERENT paper; its date does not transfer. Q6, Q15, Q33, Q67 excluded as DEFECTIVE by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 1 English

The philanthropic organization _____ the treats among the orphans.

- A. distribute ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Distributed

- D. None of these

A. The intended word "distribute": present-tense verb agreeing with "organization" (the organisation distributes the treats).

B. Past tense; does not fit the present-tense frame of the sentence.

C. A participle; it would need a helping verb ("is distributing") to work here.

D. Wrong, since A (read as "distribute") is the correct verb.

Note: Filed option A read "distiibute" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "distribute" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 2 English

Check the weather conditions traveling.

- A. Previously
- B. earlier ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Initial
- D. None of these

A. Means "before", but "check the weather conditions previously travelling" is ungrammatical.

B. The only option that fits: check the conditions earlier, i.e. beforehand, before travelling.

C. An adjective ("first"); it cannot fill an adverb slot in this sentence.

D. Wrong, since B supplies the needed "beforehand" sense.

Note: Note: the stem is garbled as printed (a word such as "before" is missing before "travelling"); B is the only option that can complete it sensibly.

3 English

Saif's father suffered a major stroke but managed to pull _____.

- A. Over
- B. Out
- C. Through ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Pull over" means to stop a vehicle at the side of the road; nothing to do with recovering.

B. "Pull out" means to withdraw or extract; it does not mean to recover from illness.

C. "Pull through" is the idiom for surviving/recovering from a serious illness or danger — exactly the stroke context.

D. Wrong, since C is the idiom.

Question 4 English

The opponent ran him ____ in public.

- A. Off
- B. Over ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. For
- D. None of these

A. "Run off" means to run away or to print/copy; it takes no object "him" in this sense.

B. "Run over" is the standard phrasal verb for knocking someone down (with a vehicle, or figuratively overwhelming them) — the only option that takes "him" as its object here.

C. "Run for" means to stand as a candidate or to run in order to get something; it does not fit "ran him".

D. Wrong, since B is the idiom.

5 English

Once he come _____ his senses, he understands the logic.

- A. To ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Forward
- C. On
- D. None of these

A. "Come to his senses" is the fixed idiom for regaining clear thinking after confusion — the only correct completion.

B. "Come forward" means to volunteer or present oneself; it cannot take "his senses".

C. The printed key, but WRONG: "come on his senses" is not an English idiom.

D. Wrong, since A is the idiom.

Note: Note: the stem's "Once he come" should be "Once he comes"; the grammar slip does not change the answer.

Question 6 English

The fireman jumped ____ a window to get out of the building.

- A. On
- B. Off
- C. Up
- D. None of these

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-EXCLUDED (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation). No correct option: the sentence needs "out of" ("jumped out of a window"), which is not among A–C. "Jumped on a window", "jumped off a window" and "jumped up a window" are all ungrammatical in this context. The printed key C "Up" is wrong. No answer is asserted; the item is kept here only so the defect is on record.

7 English

The sound of the footsteps died _____ when the man moved away towards the woods.

- A. For
- B. With
- C. Away ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Died for" means to die for a cause; it cannot describe a fading sound.

B. Wrongly marked on the source page: "died with" needs a companion ("died with him"), not a fading sound.

C. "Died away" is the idiom for a sound gradually fading until it cannot be heard — exactly the footsteps receding towards the woods.

D. Wrong, since C is the idiom.

Question 8 English

The operation was ____ the patient survived despite slime chances.

- A. Calculated
- B. Effective
- C. Successful ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. An operation can be calculated (planned), but "the operation was calculated, the patient survived" does not link the outcome to the survival.

B. Close, but "effective" describes a treatment working; the sentence reports an outcome, which calls for "successful".

C. The operation succeeded, which is why the patient survived despite slim chances ("slime" is a typo for "slim").

ance C states the outcome.

Question 9 English

The business ____ was looking for an opportunity to destroy him.

- A. Rival ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Enemy
- C. Opponent
- D. None of these

A. In a business context the word is "rival": a competing business looking to destroy a competitor.

B. An enemy is a personal or military foe, not the business term for a competitor.

C. An opponent is faced in a contest or debate; a business competitor is a "rival", not an "opponent".

D. Wrong, since A is the business term.

Question 10 English

The _____ in the country are looked at with suspicion.

- A. Outsider
- B. Foreigner ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Stranger
- D. None of these

A. An outsider is someone outside a group, but the country-wide suspicion context points to nationality, not group membership.

B. A person from another country; foreigners in a country are the ones "looked at with suspicion" in this standard sentence.

- is simply someone unknown, the sentence is about people of another country, not unknown people.

D. Wrong, since B fits the context.

Question 11 English

The waiter gets a ____ from the customers.

- A. fee
- B. tip ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. bonus
- D. None of these

A. A fee is a fixed charge for a service, paid to a professional or institution, not what a customer gives a waiter.

B. A gratuity given to a waiter by customers for service — the standard word.

C. A bonus is an extra payment from an employer, not from customers to a waiter.

D. Wrong, since B is the word.

Question 12 English

The military coup imposed a ____ regime.

- A. Dictatorial ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Omnipotent
- C. Almighty
- D. None of these

A. A coup imposes rule by force without democratic consent: a dictatorial regime.

B. Means all-powerful; it describes power, not a type of regime.

C. Means all-powerful (usually of God); not a term for a regime.

Question 13 English

He froze ____ when he looked down at the tiger chasing him.

- A. Momently
- B. Momentary
- C. Momentarily ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. An archaic/rare adverb meaning "in a moment"; not the word for "for a moment".

B. An adjective ("lasting a moment"); the sentence needs an adverb to modify "froze".

C. The adverb: he froze for a moment / momentarily when he saw the tiger.

D. Wrong, since C is the adverb the sentence needs.

Question 14 English

The secretary was _____ because of the outstanding performance.

- A. Progressed
- B. raised
- C. Promoted ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Progressed" means advanced in a process; a person is not "progressed" as a reward for performance.

B. A salary can be raised, but a person is not "raised" for performance; the word needed is a rank word.

C. Given a higher rank/position because of outstanding performance — the standard reward.

nce C is the reward.

Question 15 English

The land was parched during the ____.

- A. War
- B. Feminine
- C. Attention
- D. None of these

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-EXCLUDED (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation). No correct option: "parched" land means land dried out by lack of rain — the missing word is "drought" (or "famine"), which is not among A–C. The printed key B "Feminine" is nonsense in this sentence ("parched during the feminine" means nothing). "War" does not parch land and "Attention" is unrelated. No answer is asserted; the item is kept here only so the defect is on record.

Question 16 English

The _____ was maintained even after the government change.

- A. Virtuoso
- B. Status quo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. DC facto
- D. None of these

A. A person of outstanding skill, especially in music; it cannot be "maintained" after a government change.

B. The existing state of affairs: it was maintained even though the government changed.

C. A garbled "de facto" (in fact); "the de facto was maintained" is not a phrase.

D. Wrong, since B is the phrase.

17 English

The New government was replaced by a _____.

- A. Coup d' etat ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Coup dc main
- C. Coup de grace
- D. None of these

A. A coup d'état is the sudden overthrow of a government — the event that replaces a government.

B. A garbled non-phrase (a corruption of "coup de main", a surprise attack, which is not a government replacement).

C. A finishing blow that ends suffering; not a change of government.

D. Wrong, since A names the event.

Question 18 English

_____ was served before the dinner.

- A. Hors de saison
- B. Hors de combat
- C. Hors d'oeuvre ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. "Out of season"; nothing to do with food served before dinner.

B. "Out of combat" (disabled from fighting); not a food term.

C. The savoury appetiser served before the main meal — exactly what is served before dinner.

D. Wrong, since C is the food term.

19 English

_____ between India and Pakistan is required.

- A. Impasse
- B. Entente
- C. Détente ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. A deadlock or stalemate; an impasse is the problem, not what is required to solve it.

B. An understanding or alliance; it is a possible outcome, but the standard term for easing tension between two hostile states is détente.

C. "Détente": the easing of strained relations between states — precisely what is required between India and Pakistan.

D. Wrong, since C (spelled "Detent" on the page) is the term.

Note: Filed option C read "Detent" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Détente" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 20 Mathematics

In a number system with base 2, number of digits used are:

- A. 1
- B. 2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: base 2 uses two digits, 0 and 1.

B. Binary uses exactly the digits 0 and 1 — two digits.

C. That is the digit count of the decimal (base-10) system, not binary.

Question 21 Mathematics

In a number system with base 8, number of digits used are:

- A. 7
- B. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: octal uses the digits 0–7, which is eight digits, not seven.

B. A base-8 (octal) system uses eight digits: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

C. The printed key, but WRONG: 10 digits belong to base 10, not base 8.

D. Wrong, since B is the count.

Question 22 Mathematics

In a number system with base 10 number of digits are:

- A. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2
- C. 9
- D. None of these

A. Decimal uses the ten digits 0–9.

B. That is the digit count of binary (base 2).

C. Wrong: the digits 0–9 are ten digits, not nine.

D. Wrong, since A is the count.

23 Mathematics

The number of subsets of the set (0,1) is:

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 1
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: a 2-element set has more than 2 subsets.

B. Wrong: the subsets are ∅, {0}, {1}, {0,1} — four, not three.

C. The printed key, but WRONG: 1 is not the subset count of any 2-element set.

D. Correct: a set with n elements has 2^n subsets, so {0,1} has $2^2 = 4$ subsets, which is not among A–C.

Question 24 Mathematics

The number of subsets of the set (0,1,2) is:

- A. 3
- B. 1
- C. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: 3 is the number of elements, not the number of subsets.

B. Wrong: only the empty set would give 1, and this set has 3 elements.

C. A 3-element set has $2^3 = 8$ subsets.

D. Wrong, since C is the count.

25 Mathematics

The multiplicative inverse of zero is:

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. All real numbers
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The printed key, but WRONG: the multiplicative inverse of x is the number y with x·y = 1; 0·y = 0 for every y, never 1.

B. Wrong: 0 × 1 = 0, not 1.

C. Wrong: no real number multiplied by 0 gives 1.

D. Correct: zero has no multiplicative inverse at all.

Question 26 Mathematics

The additive inverse of zero is:

- A. 0 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1
- C. -0
- D. None of these

A. The additive inverse of x is the number y with x+y = 0; 0+0 = 0, so 0 is its own additive inverse.

B. Wrong: 0+1 = 1, not 0.

C. −0 is numerically the same as 0, so it is not a distinct answer — and the standard answer is 0 itself.

D. Wrong, since A is the inverse.

27 Mathematics

The sum of two irrational numbers is always:

- A. An irrational number
- B. A real number ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. A rational number
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but WRONG: √2 + (−√2) = 0, which is rational — so the sum is NOT always irrational.

B. Correct: every irrational is real, and the sum of two reals is always real — this is the only "always" claim that holds.

C. Wrong: √2 + √3 is irrational, so the sum is not always rational.

D. Wrong, since B is always true.

Question 28 Mathematics

If 3x+ 3y=<7 and 8x+7y=12, what is the average of x and y?

- A. 36
- B. 3.6
- C. 1.8
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: nothing in the system gives 36 as the average.

B. Wrong: 3.6 would be the average only if x+y = 7.2, which the equations do not give.

C. The printed key, but WRONG: see derivation below.

D. Correct: the stem as printed ("3x+ 3y=<7") is a corruption of the standard question "3x + 3y = 7 and 8x + 7y = 12" (TestPoint, same stem and same options). From 3x+3y = 7, x+y = 7/3, so the average (x+y)/2 = 7/6 ≈ 1.17 — which is none of 36, 3.6 or 1.8. (The second

y fixes the individual values x = 85/3, y = −26; it does not change the average.)

Note: Note: TestPoint's own page lists "1.8" as its key while its own worked solution ends at 7/6 ≈ 1.16 — its key contradicts its own derivation. The mathematics, not the key, decides: 7/6 ≈ 1.17.

Question 29 Mathematics

Every rational number has a multiplicative inverse except:

- A. 0 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2
- C. Infinity
- D. None of these

A. Zero is the one rational number with no multiplicative inverse (see Q25).

B. Wrong: 2 has the inverse 1/2.

C. Wrong: infinity is not a rational number at all.

D. Wrong, since A is the exception.

Question 30 Mathematics

Every rational number has an additive inverse except:

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. -1
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The printed key, but WRONG: 0 has an additive inverse — itself (0+0=0).

B. Wrong: 1 has the additive inverse −1.

C. Wrong: −1 has the additive inverse 1.

very rational number without exception has an additive inverse, so there is no exception to name.

Question 31 Mathematics

If the additive inverse of 'b' is 'a' then:

- A. a=b
- B. ab=1
- C. a +b=0 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: if a is the additive inverse of b, then a = −b, not a = b (unless b = 0).

B. Wrong: ab = 1 is the condition for a MULTIPLICATIVE inverse, not an additive one.

C. Correct by definition: a is the additive inverse of b exactly when a + b = 0.

D. Wrong, since C is the definition.

Question 32 Mathematics

If the multiplicative inverse of a/b is c/d then:

- A. a/b+c/a=0
- B. bc/bd=t
- C. a/b-c/d=0
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: this is a meaningless jumble (c/a appears from nowhere) and is not the inverse condition.

B. Wrong: a meaningless expression with an undefined "t".

C. The printed key, but WRONG: a/b − c/d = 0 means a/b = c/d, i.e. the two fractions are EQUAL — equality is not what "multiplicative inverse" means.

he multiplicative inverse condition is (a/b)·(c/d) = 1, i.e. ac = bd — which none of A–C states.

Question 33 Mathematics

If a< b then which of the following will be ture?

- A. -a< -b
- B. b< a
- C. 1/a<1/b
- D. None of these

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-EXCLUDED (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation). No option is universally true when a<b: (A) −a<−b is false — multiplying by −1 reverses the inequality, so −a>−b (e.g. a=1<b=2 gives −1>−2). (B) b<a directly contradicts a<b. (C) 1/a<1/b fails for ordinary positives (a=1<b=2 gives 1>1/2). No printed key is shown, and no single option can be defended as "the" answer. No answer is asserted; the item is kept here only so the defect is on record.

Question 34 Mathematics

If a,b,c,d are in direct proportion then:

- A. ad=bc ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. ac=bd
- C. ab=cd
- D. None of these

A. Direct proportion a:b = c:d means a/b = c/d, and cross-multiplying gives ad = bc.

B. Wrong: that is the INVERSE proportion relation (see Q35), not direct.

C. The printed key, but WRONG: ab = cd is not the cross-multiplication of a/b = c/d.

nce A is the relation.

Question 35 Mathematics

If a,b,c,d are in inverse proportion then:

- A. ad=bc
- B. ac=bd ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. ab= cd
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but WRONG: ad = bc is the DIRECT proportion relation (see Q34).

B. Inverse proportion means a:b = d:c, i.e. a/b = d/c, and cross-multiplying gives ac = bd.

C. Wrong: ab = cd is neither the direct nor the inverse proportion relation.

D. Wrong, since B is the relation.

Question 36 Mathematics

If 20 men can construct n wall in 5 days, then 10 men can construct the same wall in ____ days.

- A. 5
- B. 20
- C. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: halving the men cannot keep the time the same; fewer men take longer.

B. Wrong: doubling the time would need a quarter of the men (5), not half.

C. Inverse proportion: men × days is constant (20×5 = 100 man-days), so 10 men take 100/10 = 10 days.

D. Wrong, since C is the working.

√8 is _____ number.

- A. a rational
- B. an irrational ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. an even
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but WRONG: √8 = 2√2, and √2 is irrational, so √8 cannot be written as a ratio of integers.

B. Correct: √8 = 2√2 is irrational.

C. Wrong: "even" applies to integers; √8 is not an integer at all.

D. Wrong, since B names it.

Question 38 Mathematics

π is _____ number.

- A. an even
- B. an odd
- C. a rational
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "even" applies to integers; π is not an integer.

B. Wrong: same reason — π is not an integer, so it is neither even nor odd.

C. Wrong: π is the classic irrational number; it cannot be written as a ratio of integers.

D. Correct: π is irrational, and "irrational" is not among A–C.

39 Mathematics

20% of 80 is:

- A. 16 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 14
- C. 15
- D. None of these

A. 20% of 80 = (20/100)×80 = 16.

B. Wrong: 14 is not 20% of 80 (it is 17.5%).

C. Wrong: 15 is 18.75% of 80, not 20%.

D. Wrong, since A is the working.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Most of the corna cases are reported in:

- A. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. China
- C. Greece
- D. None of these

A. By mid-2020 the United States had by far the highest number of reported COVID-19 ("corna") cases in the world.

B. Wrong: China was where the virus originated (Wuhan), but by the time of this paper its reported case count was far below the USA's.

C. Wrong: Greece's reported cases were a small fraction of the USA's.

D. Wrong, since A was the country with the most reported cases in 2020.

Note: Note: time-bound answer — correct for the 2020 exam; case counts changed later.

41 General Knowledge

Motorway from Peshawar to Islamabad is:

- A. M2
- B. M1 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. M3
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the M-2 is the Lahore–Islamabad Motorway.

B. Correct: the M-1 is the Peshawar–Islamabad Motorway.

C. Wrong: the M-3 is the Lahore–Abdul Hakeem Motorway.

D. Wrong, since B is the motorway.

Question 42 General Knowledge

First time motorway was started in Pakistan in:

- A. 1995
- B. 1993
- C. 1997 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: no motorway opened in Pakistan in 1995.

B. Wrong: construction of the M-2 was under way, but no motorway had opened.

C. Correct: the M-2 (Lahore–Islamabad), Pakistan's first motorway, was inaugurated in November 1997.

D. Wrong, since C is the year.

43 General Knowledge

NATO Headquarter is in:

- A. London
- B. New York
- C. Brussels ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: London hosts no NATO headquarters (NATO's first HQ was London only in 1949–1952, long before this paper).

B. Wrong: New York hosts the United Nations headquarters, not NATO's.

C. Correct: NATO headquarters is in Brussels, Belgium ("Brussel" is the page's spelling).

D. Wrong, since C is the city.

Note: Filed option C read "Brussel" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Brussels" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 44 General Knowledge

The Tenure of US president is:

- A. 4- years ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 5- years
- C. 6- years
- D. None of these

A. A US President serves a four-year term (US Constitution, Art. II; 22nd Amendment limits it to two terms).

B. Wrong: no US presidential term is five years.

C. Wrong: six years is the term of a US Senator, not a President.

nce A is the term.

Question 45 Pakistan Affairs

General eeats of National Assembly are:

- A. 300
- B. 272 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 250
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: no National Assembly composition has had 300 general seats.

B. Correct for 2020: the sitting National Assembly (elected 2018) had 272 general seats (342 total: 272 general + 60 women + 10 minorities).

C. Wrong: no composition has had 250 general seats.

D. Wrong, since B was the figure in 2020.

Note: Note: the 25th Amendment (2018) cut general seats to 266, but only from the NEXT general election after 2018 — so in 2020 the sitting House still had 272. ("eeats" is a typo for "seats".)

Question 46 Pakistan Affairs

Total District of KPK are:

- A. 34 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 32
- C. 33
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Board of Investment & Trade states the province "is divided into 34 Districts" after the FATA merger — the figure used by the paper's era.

: would be the pre-Chitral-split count of 25 old districts + 7 merged agencies.

C. Wrong: not the official count for the paper's era.

D. Wrong, since A is the official count.

Note: Note: the district count has risen since (South Waziristan split 2022, later notifications); 34 is the count as of the 2020 paper.

Question 47 Pakistan Affairs

A Amendments in 1973 constitution are:

- A. 20
- B. 22
- C. 25 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the 20th Amendment (2012) was not the latest; five more followed.

B. Wrong: the 22nd Amendment (2016) was not the latest; three more followed.

C. Correct: the 25th Amendment (May 2018, FATA merger) was the latest amendment to the 1973 Constitution as of the 2020 exam.

D. Wrong, since C is the count.

Note: Note: the 26th Amendment came in 2024, after this paper — 25 is the 2020 answer.

Question 48 Current Affairs

T20 World cup will be held in:

- A. Australia
- B. India ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. UK
- D. None of these

Australia hosted the 2020 T20 World Cup (postponed) and then the 2022 edition, not the 2021 one.

B. Correct as scheduled when the paper was set: the 2021 ICC T20 World Cup was awarded to India.

C. Wrong: the UK (England) hosted the 2019 ODI World Cup, not the 2021 T20 World Cup.

D. Wrong, since B was the scheduled host.

Note: Note: the 2021 tournament was later moved to the UAE/Oman because of COVID-19 — but in 2020, when the paper was set, the answer was India.

Question 49 Pakistan Affairs

General seats of KPK Assembly after FATA merger are:

- A. 131
- B. 150
- C. 132
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: not the general-seat figure after the merger.

B. Wrong: not the general-seat figure (150 is close to nothing in the KP Assembly arithmetic).

C. Wrong: not the general-seat figure.

D. Correct: under the 25th Amendment the KP Assembly has 115 general seats (145 total: 115 general + 26 women + 4 minorities) — 115 is not among A–C.

Question 50 Pakistan Affairs

How many seats of Senate of Pakistan?

- A. 100

- C. 104 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Senate has never had exactly 100 seats in its modern composition.

B. Wrong: not a Senate total.

C. Correct for 2020: the Senate had 104 seats (23 per province + FATA + ICT + technocrats/women).

D. Wrong, since C was the total in 2020.

Note: Note: the 25th Amendment cut the Senate to 96 seats, effective from the 2024 elections — 104 is the 2020 answer.

Question 51 Pakistan Affairs

Who dismissed khawaja Nazmuddin Government?

- A. Ghulam Muhammad ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sikandar Mirza
- C. M.Ali Bogra
- D. None of these

A. Governor-General Malik Ghulam Muhammad dismissed Prime Minister Khawaja Nazimuddin's government in April 1953.

B. Wrong: Iskandar Mirza became Governor-General (later President) after Ghulam Muhammad; he dismissed no Nazimuddin government.

C. Wrong: Muhammad Ali Bogra was the man Ghulam Muhammad APPOINTED as prime minister after dismissing Nazimuddin — not the dismisser.

D. Wrong, since A dismissed the government.

52 Pakistan Affairs

When second Martial Law was declared in Pakistan?

- A. December 25,1970
- B. March 23,1970
- C. March 25,1969 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: no martial law was declared on this date (1970 was the year of the general election).

B. Wrong: 23 March is Pakistan Day; no martial law was declared then.

C. Correct: on 25 March 1969 Ayub Khan handed power to General Yahya Khan, who imposed the second martial law.

D. Wrong, since C is the date.

Question 53 Pakistan Affairs

Who declared 4th Martial Law in Pakistan?

- A. General Yahya Khan
- B. General Pervez Musharraf ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. General Ayub Khan
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Yahya declared the SECOND martial law (1969).

B. Correct: Musharraf seized power on 12 October 1999, the fourth martial law (1958 Ayub 1st, 1969 Yahya 2nd, 1977 Zia 3rd, 1999 Musharraf 4th).

C. Wrong: Ayub declared the FIRST martial law (1958).

D. Wrong, since B declared it.

54 Pakistan Affairs

When Muhammad Ali jannah gave 14- points?

- A. 1930
- B. 1929 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1931
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: by 1930 Jinnah was presenting the points, not first giving them.

B. Correct: Jinnah presented his Fourteen Points in March 1929, in response to the Nehru Report.

C. Wrong: no Fourteen Points event in 1931.

D. Wrong, since B is the year. ("jannah" is a typo for "Jinnah".)

Question 55 Pakistan Affairs

Who was prime Minister at the time of first material law?

- A. Feroz Khan Noon ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Muhammad Ali Bogra
- C. Liaquat Ali Khan
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Feroz Khan Noon was Prime Minister when Ayub Khan imposed the first martial law in October 1958.

B. Wrong: Bogra was prime minister 1953–1955, years before the first martial law.

C. Wrong: Liaquat was the first prime minister (1947–1951) and was assassinated in 1951.

D. Wrong, since A was prime minister. ("material law" is a typo for "martial law".)

56 Pakistan Affairs

Who dissolved Benazir 2nd Government?

- A. Waseem Sajjad
- B. Ghulam Ishaq Khan
- C. Farooq Khan Legari ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Wasim Sajjad was acting President briefly in 1997–98, after Benazir's second government had already gone.

B. Wrong: Ghulam Ishaq Khan dissolved Benazir's FIRST government (1990), not her second.

C. Correct: President Farooq Leghari dismissed Benazir Bhutto's second government on 5 November 1996.

D. Wrong, since C dissolved it.

Question 57 Pakistan Affairs

In which city first Annual meeting of All India Muslim League was held?

- A. Lahore
- B. Dacca ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Karachi
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Lahore hosted the famous 1940 session (Lahore Resolution), not the first annual meeting.

B. Correct: the All India Muslim League was founded in Dhaka (Dacca) in December 1906, and its first annual meeting was held there.

C. Wrong: Karachi hosted later sessions, not the first.

nce B is the city.

Question 58 Pakistan Affairs

Chief of Navel staff is:

- A. Zafar Mehmood Abbasi ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Izhar Ul Haq
- C. No
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Admiral Zafar Mahmood Abbasi was Chief of the Naval Staff from October 2017 to October 2020 — the incumbent when this paper was set.

B. Wrong: not a Chief of Naval Staff.

C. Not a name; a nonsense option.

D. Wrong, since A was the naval chief. ("Navel" is a typo for "Naval".)

Question 59 Pakistan Affairs

The Headquarters of Pakistan Air Force is in:

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi
- C. Islamabad ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Lahore is not the PAF headquarters city.

B. Wrong: Karachi hosts PAF Base Faisal and the naval HQ, not Air Headquarters.

C. Correct: Air Headquarters (AHQ) of the Pakistan Air Force is in Islamabad.

D. Wrong, since C is the city.

60 Pakistan Affairs

_____ is called " Friendly Desert".

- A. Thar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Cholistan
- C. Sahara
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Thar Desert is known as the "Friendly Desert" because, unlike most deserts, it supports a large settled population and agriculture.

B. Wrong: Cholistan is Pakistan's other great desert, but it is not called the "Friendly Desert".

C. Wrong: the Sahara is the world's largest hot desert (in Africa), not the "Friendly Desert".

D. Wrong, since A carries the name.

Question 61 Pakistan Affairs

In Pakistan ' s Federal system residuary Powers are exercised by:

- A. Centre
- B. Provinces ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Judiciary
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Centre legislates on the Federal Legislative List; residuary (unlisted) matters are not the Centre's.

B. Correct: in Pakistan's federal system, residuary powers — powers over subjects not listed in the federal list — vest in the provinces.

C. Wrong: the judiciary interprets the Constitution; it does not exercise legislative residuary powers.

nce B holds the residuary powers.

Question 62 General Knowledge

The famous Pakistan scientist Dr.Abdul Qadir Khan obtained his degree in physics from:

- A. Belgium
- B. USA
- C. Prance
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong for THIS stem: A. Q. Khan's doctorate (1972, metallurgical engineering, Catholic University of Leuven) was in Belgium — but his degree IN PHYSICS was not.

B. Wrong: Khan never took a degree in the USA.

C. "France" misspelt; wrong in any case — Khan took no degree in France.

D. Correct: Khan's physics degree — his BSc in physics (University of Karachi, 1956/1960) — was taken in Pakistan, which is not among A–C. The Belgium option is the paper's trap: it confuses his Belgian doctorate in metallurgical engineering with a physics degree.

Question 63 Pakistan Affairs

The real name of Lal shahbaz Qalandar was:

- A. Hazrat Usman Marvandi ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hazrat Zubair khacki
- C. Hazrat Ahmad Sirhindi
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Lal Shahbaz Qalandar's real name was Syed Muhammad Usman Marwandi (Usman Marvandi), the 13th-century Sufi saint of Sehwan.

B. Wrong: no such identification of Lal Shahbaz Qalandar.

mad Sirhindi is Mujaddid Alf-e-Sani, a different saint (17th century, Sirhind).

D. Wrong, since A is his real name.

Question 64 Pakistan Affairs

"Malaka -i-kohsar Murree located in _____ mountainous Range.

- A. Pir panjal ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Karakoram
- C. Hindu Kush
- D. None of these

A. Correct: Murree ("Malika-i-Kohsar", Queen of the Hills) lies in the Pir Panjal range of the outer Himalayas.

B. Wrong: the Karakoram is the far-northern range (K2, Gilgit-Baltistan), not Murree.

C. Wrong: the Hindu Kush lies in the north-west (Chitral), not around Murree.

D. Wrong, since A is the range.

Question 65 General Knowledge

Judicial Review is an important feature of:

- A. Parliamentary system of Government
- B. Federal system of Government ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Unitary system of Government
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: parliamentary systems (notably the UK) rest on parliamentary sovereignty, where courts do not strike down primary legislation.

B. Correct: judicial review is the hallmark of a federal system — the courts police the division of powers between centre and units under a written constitution.

unitary state has one sovereign centre, so there is no federal division for courts to police.

D. Wrong, since B is the system.

Question 66 Pakistan Affairs

The Khan of Qulat named _____ started resistance against one unit scheme in 1959.

- A. Mir Ahmad yar Khan Ahmadzai
- B. Nawab Nauroz Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Mir Bawood Jan Khan Ahmadzai
- D. None of these

A. He WAS the Khan of Kalat — but he was not the leader of the 1959 armed resistance against One Unit.

B. Correct: the Baloch leader Nawab Nauroz Khan led the 1959 resistance against the One Unit scheme (arrested 1959).

C. Wrong: not the 1959 resistance leader.

D. Wrong, since B led the resistance.

Note: Note: the stem is loose — it calls Nauroz Khan "the Khan of Kalat", which he was not (the Khan was Ahmad Yar Khan, option A). The question is really asking who led the 1959 resistance, and that was Nauroz Khan — B is the only defensible answer.

Question 67 General Knowledge

Allama Iqbal was given an Honoary Degree of Doctor by _____ of twenty years of his death.

- A. Oxford University
- B. Punjab University
- C. Tao University

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-EXCLUDED (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation). The stem is unintelligible as printed ("of twenty years of his death" has no recoverable meaning) and no honorary doctorate for Iqbal is on record: his doctorate was the EARNED PhD from the University of Munich (1907), not an honorary degree. Option C "Tao University" is not a real university. No printed key is shown, and no source confirms any of A–C. No answer is asserted; the item is kept here only so the defect is on record.

Question 68 Pakistan Affairs

_____ served as the first woman Minister of law and human rights.

- A. Benazir Bhutto
- B. Begum Nusrat Bhutto
- C. Shahida Jamil ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Benazir was Prime Minister (and the first woman PM of a Muslim country), never Law Minister.

B. Wrong: Nusrat Bhutto was a political leader, never Law Minister.

C. Correct: Shahida Jamil served as Pakistan's first woman Minister for Law, Justice and Human Rights (2000).

D. Wrong, since C held the office.

Question 69 Pakistan Affairs

" Rani kot Fort"(largest fort in Pakistan) and " Manchar Lake"(largest natural lake in Pakistan) are located in:

- A. Larkana ,Sindh

shoro, Sindh ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Hyderabad Sindh
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Larkana is in upper Sindh; neither Ranikot nor Manchar is there.

B. Correct: Ranikot Fort (the largest fort in Pakistan) and Manchar Lake (the largest natural freshwater lake in Pakistan) are both in Jamshoro District, Sindh.

C. Wrong: Hyderabad is a different district; the sites are in neighbouring Jamshoro.

D. Wrong, since B is the district.

Question 70 Islamiat

The Mall -E-GHANYMET is occupied/ captured after:

- A. Battle
- B. JEHD
- C. War ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Close (ghanimat is taken after battle), but the paper's term is the wider one: booty of war.

B. "Jehd" (effort/struggle) is not the occasion on which ghanimat is taken.

C. Correct: Maal-e-Ghanimat is war booty — property captured from the enemy in war.

D. Wrong, since C names the occasion. ("Mall-E-GHANYMET" is a garbled rendering of Maal-e-Ghanimat.)

Question 71 Islamiat

To whom did jews call the son of God?

- A. Moses (AS)

ir (AS) ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Suleman (AS)
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Musa (AS) is revered by Jews as a prophet and lawgiver, not called the son of God.

B. Correct: the Quran (9:30) states the Jews said "Uzair is the son of Allah".

C. Wrong: Sulayman (Solomon) is a prophet-king, not called the son of God.

D. Wrong, since B is the Quranic statement.

Question 72 Islamiat

According to Holy Quran husband and wife are ____ to each other.

- A. Friends
- B. Dress ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Curtain
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Quran's word here is not "friends".

B. Correct: Quran 2:187 — "They are clothing (libas) for you, and you are clothing for them" — husband and wife are garments for one another.

C. Wrong: no such wording in the verse.

D. Wrong, since B is the Quranic word (libas = dress/garment).

Question 73 Islamiat

Allah has taken the responsibility of its protection.

- A. Torat
- B. Zabur

- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Allah's guarantee of protection (Quran 15:9) is for the Quran (al-Dhikr), not the Torah.

B. Wrong: the Zabur (Psalms) is not the book Allah guaranteed to protect.

C. Wrong: the Bible (Injeel) is not the book covered by the protection guarantee.

D. Correct: Quran 15:9 — "Indeed, it is We who sent down the Quran, and indeed, We will be its guardian" — the protected book is the Quran, which is not among A–C.

Question 74 Islamiat

Suffah Muktab was founded at:

- A. MAKKAH
- B. JEDDAH
- C. MADINA ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Suffah was not in Makkah.

B. Wrong: Jeddah is a port city with no connection to Suffah.

C. Correct: Suffah (the raised platform/school for the poor Companions, Ahl al-Suffah) was in the Prophet's Mosque in Madina.

D. Wrong, since C is the city.

Question 75 Islamiat

The tax imposed on non - Muslim citizen (zimmi) under the Islamic state is called:

- A. Fidya
- B. Jizya ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. None of these

A. Wrong: fidya is a ransom/compensation (e.g. for missed fasts), not the tax on non-Muslim citizens.

B. Correct: jizya is the tax levied on non-Muslim citizens (dhimmis) under an Islamic state in return for protection ("Jizzya" is the page's spelling).

C. Wrong: hadya is a gift, not a tax.

D. Wrong, since B is the tax.

Note: Filed option B read "Jizzya" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Jizya" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 76 Islamiat

Hazrat Hassan (RA) is known as:

- A. Fighter
- B. Author
- C. Poet ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the "poet" title, not "fighter", is what distinguishes this Hassan.

B. Wrong: he is remembered as a poet, not as a prose author.

C. Correct: Hassan ibn Thabit (RA), the Prophet's poet, is the Hassan known as "the Poet".

D. Wrong, since C is his title.

Note: Note: the stem's bare "Hazrat Hassan (RA)" is loose — it means Hassan ibn Thabit (RA), the Prophet's poet, not Hassan ibn Ali (RA).

77 Islamiat

" IDDIT" means:

- A. To count ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. To look
- C. To issue
- D. None of these

comes from the Arabic root ʿ-d-d, "to (spelled "IDDIT" on the page ,عدة) "**A.** Correct: "iddah count" — it is literally a counted period: the waiting period a woman observes (counted in .months/cycles) after divorce or her husband's death

B. Wrong: no connection between iddah and looking.

C. Wrong: no connection between iddah and issuing.

D. Wrong, since A is the literal meaning.

Question 78 Islamiat

The first addresses of Holly Quran were:

- A. Tabaeen
- B. Mujahideen
- C. Sahaba (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Tabi'een (Successors) came a generation after the Sahaba; they were not the first addressees.

B. Wrong: mujahideen are those who strive/fight in the way of Allah — a role, not the first audience of the Quran.

C. Correct: the Companions were the first direct recipients and addressees of the Quranic

D. Wrong, since C were the first addressees.

Question 79 Islamiat

Every deed is based on:

- A. Intention (Nyat) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Character
- C. Truth
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the hadith "Actions are but by intentions" (innama al-a'malu bin-niyyat) — every deed is judged by its intention.

B. Wrong: character shapes deeds, but the hadith's basis is intention.

C. Wrong: truthfulness is a virtue, but deeds are based on intention.

D. Wrong, since A is the hadith's teaching.

Question 80 NHSO 2000

Certificate of fitness of transport vehicles is issued under section:

- A. 33
- B. 34 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 35
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: s.33 of the Ordinance deals with particulars in the certificate of registration, not fitness certificates.

B. Correct: NHSO 2000 s.34 is headed "Certificate of fitness of transport vehicles".

C. Wrong: s.35 deals with the cancellation/suspension consequences tied to fitness, not

the certificate.

D. Wrong, since B is the section.

Question 81 NHSO 2000

The particulars of certificate of fitness of transport vehicles are in:

- A. From "F", as set forth in the First Schedule
- B. Form " G", as set forth in the First Schedule
- C. From "I", as set forth in the First Schedule ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Form F is not the fitness-certificate form.

B. Wrong: Form G is not the fitness-certificate form.

C. Correct: s.34(1) requires the certificate of fitness to be "in Form 'I', as set forth in the First Schedule".

D. Wrong, since C is the form. ("From" in A and C is the page's typo for "Form".)

Question 82 NHSO 2000

A certificate of fitness of transport vehicles shall remain effective for:

- A. One year ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Two years
- C. Three years
- D. None of these

A. Correct: s.34(2) — "a certificate of fitness shall remain effective for one year unless a shorter period, not being in any case less than six months, is specified in the certificate".

B. Wrong: no two-year period is provided.

C. Wrong: no three-year period is provided.

Question 83 NHSO 2000

The certificate of fitness ____ If the vehicle Is involved in an accident resulting in loss of damage exceeding five thousand rupees of personal injuries requiring hospitalization or?

- A. Shall not automatically become invalid
- B. Shall automatically become ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Both (A) and (B)
- D. None of these

A. The printed key, but WRONG: s.34(4) says the certificate "shall automatically become invalid" on such an accident — the page's key inserts a "not" the Ordinance does not contain.

B. Correct: s.34(4) — "The certificate of fitness shall automatically become invalid if the vehicle is involved in an accident resulting in loss of [or] property damage exceeding five thousand rupees or personal injuries requiring hospitalization or death." (Option B is truncated as printed; read as "shall automatically become [invalid]".)

C. Wrong: A and B contradict each other; only B states the law.

D. Wrong, since B states the law.

Question 84 NHSO 2000

The registration mark assigned to _____ the vehicle.

- A. Shall not be
- B. Shall never be
- C. Shall be ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

e Ordinance requires the assigned mark to be displayed/carried on the vehicle, not withheld.

B. Wrong: same reason — the mark IS displayed.

C. Correct: s.37(1) — "The registration mark assigned to a trailer shall be displayed in the prescribed manner on the vehicle" — and s.20(3) — the registering authority "shall assign to the vehicle for display thereon" the registration mark. The mark assigned SHALL BE displayed on the vehicle.

D. Wrong, since C states the rule.

Note: Note: the stem is truncated as printed (the object and verb are missing); the options show the blank is the "shall be" of the display requirement.

Question 85 NHSO 2000

No owner of a road vehicle shall use,or permit to be used, and no driver of such vehicle shall drive,or cause or permit to be driven, the vehicle on a national highway unless it is covered by an insurance of unless it is covered by an insurance of _____ by a registered insurance company.

- A. No Default Accident compensation
- B. No Fault Accident compensation ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Fault Accident compensation
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: there is no "No Default" insurance in the Ordinance.

B. Correct: s.41 is headed "No fault accident compensation insurance" — no owner/driver may use a vehicle on a national highway unless covered by "No Fault Accident Compensation" insurance from a registered insurer.

C. Wrong: the Ordinance's scheme is expressly NO-fault, not fault-based.

nce B is the statutory phrase. (The stem repeats "unless it is covered by an insurance of" twice as printed.)

Question 86 NHSO 2000

_____ means any portion of the strips designed or ordinarily used by vehicular traffic inclusive of shoulders.

- A. Ride
- B. Road ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rail
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: "ride" is not a defined term in the Ordinance.

B. Correct: s.2(1)(l) defines "'road' means any portion of the strip designed or ordinarily used by vehicular traffic inclusive of shoulders" — the stem quotes the definition verbatim.

C. Wrong: railways are not within this definition.

D. Wrong, since B is the defined term.

Question 87 NHSO 2000

If any difficulty arises in giving effect to any of the provisions of NHSO 2000 the ____ may make such orders not inconsistent with the provisions of his ordinance.

- A. Local Government
- B. Federal Government ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Provincial Government
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: local government has no removal-of-difficulties power under the Ordinance.

B. Correct: s.99 "Removal of difficulties" — "If any difficulty arises in giving effect to any of the provisions of this Ordinance, the Federal Government may make such orders not

with the provisions of this Ordinance..."

C. Wrong: the power is the Federal Government's.

D. Wrong, since B holds the power.

Question 88 NHSO 2000

For the purpose of NHSO 2000 a magistrate of the _____ may he appointed for carrying into effect the provisions of his ordinance.

- A. 1st class ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 3rd class
- C. 2nd class n
- D. None of these

A. Correct: s.94 — the Government may appoint any person "to be a Magistrate of the first class" for carrying into effect the Ordinance; and s.88(b) — "no Magistrate other than a Magistrate of the first class shall try an offence under this Ordinance".

B. Wrong: no third-class magistrate provision exists in the Ordinance.

C. Wrong: no second-class magistrate provision exists (the stray "n" is a page typo).

D. Wrong, since A is the class.

Question 89 NHSO 2000

The head of the National Highway and Pakistan motorway police shall be _____ ,who shall exercise all Powers of an Inspector General of police under police Act,1861,

- A. A Major General
- B. An Auditor General
- C. An Inspector General ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

military rank, the NH&MP is a police force headed by a police officer.

B. Wrong: the Auditor General audits public accounts; nothing to do with heading the Motorway Police.

C. Correct: s.92 — "The head of the National Highways and Pakistan Motorway Police shall be an Inspector General, who shall exercise all powers of an Inspector General of Police under Police Act, 1861".

D. Wrong, since C is the office.

Question 90 NHSO 2000

Magistrate trying an offence under NHSO 2000 ____ to try offence summarily in accordance with the procedure laid down for summary trial.

- A. Shall have no power
- B. Shall have power ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Both (A) and (B)
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: s.88(c) expressly gives the power.

B. Correct: s.88(c) — "a Magistrate trying an offence under this Ordinance shall have power to try offence summarily in accordance with the procedure laid down for summary trial".

C. Wrong: A and B contradict each other; only B states the law.

D. Wrong, since B states the law.

Question 91 NHSO 2000

Whosoever is proved guilty of contravention of the rules specified in the Eighth Schedule shall, In addition to penalties provided under this NHSO 2000, also be charged with

ated against each offence under the:

- A. Ninth Schedule
- B. Fifth Schedule
- C. Eleventh Schedule ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Ninth Schedule does not carry the points table.

B. Wrong: the Fifth Schedule deals with speed limits (see s.41 rule-making reference), not points.

C. Correct: s.86 "Point system for traffic violations" — whoever is proved guilty of contravening the Eighth Schedule rules "shall, in addition to penalties provided under this Ordinance, also be charged with points indicated against each offence under the Eleventh Schedule".

D. Wrong, since C is the schedule.

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