Assistant Director (BS-17), Anti-Narcotics Force (ANF) — undated · Solved Past Paper

Body: Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) · **Post:** Assistant Director (BS-17), Anti-Narcotics Force (ANF) · **Year:** not stated · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the the sitting sitting.

Source note: GK360 reproduction, 'Assistant Director ANF FPSC Past Paper 2007 Solved MCQs with Answers' (100 stems Q1-Q100, each with 4 options and a printed key; accessed 9 Nov 2026). DATE CAVEAT, recorded openly: the GK360 '2007' label is REJECTED as the exam year — Q48 (Gilgit-Baltistan Empowerment and Self-Governance Order, 2009) and Q49 (first Governor of Gilgit-Baltistan, appointed September 2009) prove the sitting is no earlier than September 2009, Q85-Q87 key the 2008-2013 provincial chief ministers, and Q86 excludes the July 2013 sitting (Hoti left office in March 2013); the sitting therefore falls in September 2009-March 2013 and no single year is asserted here, following the 37bj precedent (no exam date on the source; era recorded, paper still cleared) and the 37go precedent. 4 PICK-ONE (Q33, Q41, Q64, Q92), decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. Answers verified independently against reference facts, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone.

Question 1 Laws

What is the main object of Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997?

- A. To control the production, processing and trafficking of narcotic drugs and

inces ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. To provide for protection of the rights of children involved in criminal litigation
- C. Re-organization of Narcotic Courts
- D. Rehabilitation of children in society

A. Correct: the Act's own preamble states its object as controlling the production, processing and trafficking of narcotic drugs and substances.

B. Wrong: protecting children in criminal litigation is the object of juvenile-justice law, not of the 1997 narcotics Act.

C. Wrong: the Act creates Special Courts, but re-organising them is not its stated object.

D. Wrong: rehabilitation of children is not the Act's object; the Act is about controlling narcotics.

Question 2 Laws

Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 extends to the

- A. Whole of Punjab
- B. Whole of Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Some parts of Pakistan
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Act is federal law; it is not confined to Punjab.

B. Correct: section 1(2) of the Act extends it to the whole of Pakistan.

C. Wrong: the Act applies to the whole country, not only some parts.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because the Act does extend to the whole of Pakistan.

Question 3 Laws

Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 came into force on

July, 1998

- B. 7th July, 1997 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 7th July, 1998
- D. 7th July, 1999

A. Wrong: the Act was not in force in 1996; it was enacted in 1997.

B. Correct: the Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 came into force on 7 July 1997.

C. Wrong: 1998 is a year too late.

D. Wrong: 1999 is two years too late.

Question 4 Laws

The largest opium producer country of the world is

- A. Afghanistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Thailand
- C. Pakistan
- D. Mexico

A. Correct: Afghanistan has long been the world's largest opium producer, far ahead of every other country.

B. Wrong: Thailand produces far less opium than Afghanistan.

C. Wrong: Pakistan is a transit country, not the largest producer.

D. Wrong: Mexico's opium output is far below Afghanistan's.

Question 5 Laws

The largest opium producer province of Afghanistan is

- A. Helmand ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Nangarhar

- D. Herat

A. Correct: Helmand province has consistently been Afghanistan's largest opium-producing province.

B. Wrong: Nangarhar produces opium but less than Helmand.

C. Wrong: Paktia is a minor producer beside Helmand.

D. Wrong: Herat is not the largest opium province.

Question 6 Laws

_____ means a person physically or mentally dependent on any narcotic drug or psychotropic substance or a person who habitually uses narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances

- A. Abnormal
- B. Cannabis
- C. Addict ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: "abnormal" is a general word, not the Act's defined term.

B. Wrong: cannabis is a drug, not a person dependent on drugs.

C. Correct: section 2 of the Act defines an "addict" as a person physically or mentally dependent on a narcotic drug or psychotropic substance, or who habitually uses them.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because "addict" is the defined term.

Question 7 Laws

"Cannabis (hemp)" means

- A. Cannabis resin (charas)

mixture with or without neutral materials of cannabis or any drink prepared therefrom

- C. The flowering or fruiting tops of the cannabis plant
- D. All ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: cannabis resin (charas) is only one part of the definition.

B. Wrong: a mixture or drink prepared from cannabis is only one part of the definition.

C. Wrong: the flowering or fruiting tops are only one part of the definition.

D. Correct: the Act defines "cannabis (hemp)" to cover all of these — resin, mixtures and drinks, and the flowering or fruiting tops.

Question 8 Laws

"Cannabis plant" means any plant of the genus

- A. Papaver somniferum
- B. Cannabis ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Erythroxylon
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Papaver somniferum is the poppy, not cannabis.

B. Correct: the Act defines "cannabis plant" as any plant of the genus Cannabis.

C. Wrong: Erythroxylon is the coca genus.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because the genus Cannabis is the answer.

Question 9 Laws

Total chapters in Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 are

- A. X
- B. IX ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. XII

A. Wrong: the Act does not have ten chapters.

B. Correct: the Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 is divided into IX (nine) chapters.

C. Wrong: twenty chapters is far too many.

D. Wrong: the Act does not have twelve chapters.

Question 10 Laws

Total sections in Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 are

- A. 31
- B. 76
- C. 78 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 55

A. Wrong: the Act has far more than 31 sections.

B. Wrong: 76 is two short of the true total.

C. Correct: the Control of Narcotic Substances Act, 1997 contains 78 sections.

D. Wrong: 55 is well short of the true total.

Question 11 Laws

"Coca bush" means the plant of any species of the genus

- A. Papaver somniferum
- B. Cannabis
- C. Erythroxylon ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

paver somniferum is the poppy genus.

B. Wrong: Cannabis is the cannabis genus, not coca.

C. Correct: the Act defines "coca bush" as the plant of any species of the genus Erythroxylon.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because Erythroxylon is the answer.

Question 12 Laws

"Coca derivative" means

- A. Crude cocaine, that is any extract of coca leaf
- B. Ecgonine, that is, leavo-ecgonine
- C. Cocaine, that is, methyl-benzoyl-leavo-ecogonine
- D. All ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: crude cocaine is only one of the things the definition covers.

B. Wrong: ecgonine is only one of the things the definition covers.

C. Wrong: cocaine itself is only one of the things the definition covers.

D. Correct: the Act defines "coca derivative" to include all of these — crude cocaine, ecgonine and cocaine.

Question 13 Laws

All preparations containing more than 0.1 percent of cocaine

- A. Controlled delivery
- B. Medicinal hemp
- C. Coca derivative ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: controlled delivery is a technique for tracking consignments, not a preparation.

edicinal hemp is an extract or tincture of hemp.

C. Correct: under the Act, all preparations containing more than 0.1 per cent of cocaine are "coca derivative".

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because the definition does cover such preparations.

Question 14 Laws

"Director-General" means Director-General of the Anti-Narcotics Force or any other officer appointed by the _____ to perform the duties and functions of the Director-General under this Act

- A. None of these
- B. Supreme court
- C. provincial Govt
- D. Federal Government ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the appointing authority is named in the Act; it is not "none of these".

B. Wrong: the Supreme Court does not appoint the Director-General.

C. Wrong: a provincial government does not appoint the ANF Director-General.

D. Correct: the Act says the Director-General is appointed by the Federal Government.

Question 15 Laws

_____ means a Court of competent jurisdiction of a foreign country recognized by the Federal Government for time to time

- A. Foreign Court ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. High court
- C. Supreme court
- D. None of these

The Act defines "foreign court" as a court of competent jurisdiction of a foreign country recognised by the Federal Government.

B. Wrong: a high court is a domestic court, not a foreign one.

C. Wrong: the Supreme Court is Pakistan's own apex court.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because "foreign court" is the defined term.

Question 16 Laws

_____ means any extract or tincture of hemp

- A. Coca derivative
- B. Controlled substance
- C. Medicinal hemp ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: a coca derivative comes from coca, not hemp.

B. Wrong: a controlled substance is a precursor chemical.

C. Correct: the Act defines "medicinal hemp" as any extract or tincture of hemp.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because "medicinal hemp" is the defined term.

Question 17 Laws

_____ means coca leaf, cannabis, heroin, opium, poppy straw and all manufactured drugs

- A. (blank in print)
- B. Coca derivative
- C. Narcotic drug ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: option A is printed literally as "(blank in print)" and names nothing.

coca derivative is defined separately and does not cover this list.

C. Correct: the Act defines "narcotic drug" as coca leaf, cannabis, heroin, opium, poppy straw and all manufactured drugs.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because "narcotic drug" is the defined term.

Question 18 Laws

_____ means the technique of allowing illicit or suspect consignments of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances or chemical precursors to pass out of, through or into Pakistan, with the knowledge and under the supervision of the Federal Government with a view to identifying persons involved in the commission of offences cognizable under this Act

- A. Controlled delivery ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Controlled substance
- C. Medicinal hemp
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Act defines "controlled delivery" as exactly this supervised passage of illicit consignments to identify the offenders.

B. Wrong: a controlled substance is a precursor chemical, not a technique.

C. Wrong: medicinal hemp is an extract of hemp.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because "controlled delivery" is the defined term.

Question 19 Laws

_____ means any substance which may be used for the production or manufacture of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substance

- A. Coca derivative
- B. Controlled substance ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. None of these

A. Wrong: a coca derivative is a cocaine product, not a precursor in general.

B. Correct: the Act defines "controlled substance" as any substance that may be used to produce or manufacture a narcotic drug or psychotropic substance.

C. Wrong: medicinal hemp is an extract of hemp.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because "controlled substance" is the defined term.

Question 20 Laws

"Opium" means

- A. All ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. The spontaneously coagulated juice of capsules of poppy
- C. Mixture, with or without natural materials of Poppy straw but does not include any preparation containing not more than 0.2 percent of morphine
- D. Poppy straw

A. Correct: the Act defines "opium" by all of these limbs — the coagulated juice of poppy capsules, mixtures of poppy straw, and the rest — so "All" is the answer.

B. Wrong: the coagulated juice is only one limb of the definition.

C. Wrong: the poppy-straw mixture is only one limb of the definition.

D. Wrong: poppy straw alone is only one limb of the definition.

Question 21 Laws

Scientific name of Poppy is

- A. Papaver somniferum ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Cannabis

hroxylon

- D. None of these

A. Correct: the opium poppy is Papaver somniferum.

B. Wrong: Cannabis is the cannabis plant.

C. Wrong: Erythroxylon is the coca genus.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because Papaver somniferum is the answer.

Question 22 Laws

"Opium derivative" includes

- A. Medicinal opium
- B. Prepared opium
- C. Morphine
- D. All these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: medicinal opium is only one item in the definition.

B. Wrong: prepared opium is only one item in the definition.

C. Wrong: morphine is only one item in the definition.

D. Correct: "opium derivative" includes medicinal opium, prepared opium and morphine — all of these.

Question 23 Laws

Which is the principal alkaloid of opium?

- A. Heroin
- B. Opium
- C. Medicinal hemp
- D. Morphine ✓ **Correct answer**

eroin is a derivative of morphine, not the principal alkaloid itself.

B. Wrong: opium is the whole substance, not its principal alkaloid.

C. Wrong: medicinal hemp is a cannabis preparation.

D. Correct: morphine is the principal alkaloid of opium.

Question 24 Laws

Diacetylmorphine, that is, the semi-synthetic substance, also known as

- A. Diamorphine
- B. Heroin
- C. Both a & b ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: diamorphine is only one of the two names.

B. Wrong: heroin is only one of the two names.

C. Correct: diacetylmorphine is the semi-synthetic substance known both as diamorphine and as heroin.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because both names apply.

Question 25 English

Gymnophobia is the fear of

- A. Closed spaces
- B. Height
- C. Nudity ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Trees

A. Wrong: fear of closed spaces is claustrophobia.

ar of heights is acrophobia.

C. Correct: gymnophobia is the fear of nudity.

D. Wrong: fear of trees is dendrophobia.

Question 26 Geography

What is shape of Earth's orbit around the sun?

- A. Elliptical ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Circular
- C. Hyperbolic
- D. Parabolic

A. Correct: the Earth's orbit around the Sun is elliptical, with the Sun at one focus.

B. Wrong: a circular orbit would keep the Earth-Sun distance constant; it varies through the year.

C. Wrong: a hyperbolic path is an open escape path, not a closed orbit.

D. Wrong: a parabolic path is also open, not a closed yearly orbit.

Question 27 Geography

Day and night are the result of

- A. Earth's rotation around its axis ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Earth's revolution
- C. Earth's rotation accompanied by its revolution
- D. None of these

A. Correct: day and night are caused by the Earth's rotation on its axis, turning each place toward and away from the Sun.

B. Wrong: revolution round the Sun causes the seasons, not day and night.

volution is not needed to explain day and night; rotation alone does it.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because rotation is the cause.

Question 28 Geography

The layer of atmosphere close to the Earth's surface is called

- A. Exosphere
- B. Ionosphere
- C. Stratosphere
- D. Troposphere ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the exosphere is the outermost, thinnest layer.

B. Wrong: the ionosphere is a high layer, not the one touching the surface.

C. Wrong: the stratosphere lies above the troposphere.

D. Correct: the troposphere is the lowest layer of the atmosphere, in contact with the Earth's surface.

Question 29 Geography

Earthquakes are caused by

- A. Tectonism ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Denudation
- C. Earth's revolution
- D. Earth's rotation

A. Correct: earthquakes are caused by tectonism — the movement and breaking of the Earth's crustal plates.

B. Wrong: denudation is surface erosion, not the cause of earthquakes.

C. Wrong: the Earth's revolution causes the seasons.

tation causes day and night, not earthquakes.

Question 30 Geography

The greatest mass of ice on the Earth is found in

- A. Antarctica ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Siberia
- C. Canada
- D. Greenland

A. Correct: Antarctica holds by far the greatest mass of ice on Earth, about 90 per cent of the world's ice.

B. Wrong: Siberia is cold but holds far less ice than Antarctica.

C. Wrong: Canada has large icefields, but far less than Antarctica.

D. Wrong: Greenland holds the second-largest ice mass, after Antarctica.

Question 31 Geography

The oceans cover approximately _____ of the Earth's surface

- A. 50%
- B. 60%
- C. 70% ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 80%

A. Wrong: the oceans cover much more than half the Earth's surface.

B. Wrong: 60 per cent is too low.

C. Correct: the oceans cover about 70 per cent (about 71 per cent) of the Earth's surface.

D. Wrong: 80 per cent is too high.

32 Geography

Monsoon is caused by

- A. Seasonal reversal of winds ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Revolution of Earth
- C. Movement of clouds
- D. Rise in temperature

A. Correct: the monsoon is caused by the seasonal reversal of winds between land and sea.

B. Wrong: revolution causes the seasons, not the monsoon winds directly.

C. Wrong: movement of clouds is a result of the monsoon, not its cause.

D. Wrong: a rise in temperature alone does not define the monsoon; the wind reversal does.

Question 33 Geography

What are the Places experiencing equal impact of an earthquake called?

- A. Seismic lines ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Seismic belts
- C. Snow lines
- D. Isobars

A. Correct (picked): the book's intended answer for places of equal earthquake impact; strictly, the technical term is ISOSEISMAL lines, and "seismic lines" is the book's loose wording — recorded in the verification summary.

B. Wrong: seismic belts are broad zones of earthquake activity, not lines of equal impact.

C. Wrong: snow lines mark where snow persists; they have nothing to do with earthquakes.

obars join places of equal atmospheric pressure, not equal earthquake impact.

Question 34 Geography

The Great Barrier Reef is a

- A. Hill range
- B. Coral formation ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Man-made wall
- D. Tidal bore

A. Wrong: the Reef is not a range of hills.

B. Correct: the Great Barrier Reef is a coral formation — the world's largest coral reef system.

C. Wrong: it is natural, not man-made.

D. Wrong: a tidal bore is a wave, not a reef.

Question 35 Everyday Science

Excluding the moon, the celestial object which appear brightest in the sky

- A. Polestar
- B. Jupiter
- C. Venus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sirius

A. Wrong: the Polestar is far dimmer than Venus.

B. Wrong: Jupiter is bright but dimmer than Venus.

C. Correct: excluding the Moon, Venus is the brightest object in the night sky.

D. Wrong: Sirius is the brightest star, but Venus outshines it.

36 Geography

Tides in the ocean are caused by

- A. Attraction of the Moon
- B. Spherical surface of the Earth
- C. Gravitation of the Earth
- D. Gravitational attraction of the Sun and Moon ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Moon alone does not cause the tides.

B. Wrong: the Earth's spherical shape does not cause tides.

C. Wrong: the Earth's own gravitation holds things down; it does not raise the tides.

D. Correct: tides are caused by the gravitational attraction of the Moon and the Sun, the Moon dominating.

Question 37 Everyday Science

The motor neurons relay messages with brain and

- A. Sensors
- B. Effectors ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Stimulus
- D. Receptors

A. Wrong: sensors detect stimuli; they do not receive motor commands.

B. Correct: motor neurons carry messages from the brain to effectors — muscles and glands that act.

C. Wrong: a stimulus is the input, not the destination of a motor message.

D. Wrong: receptors receive stimuli; motor neurons send orders outward.

38 Everyday Science

Gigantism and dwarfism is caused by the following hormone

- A. FSH
- B. ADH
- C. LH
- D. GH ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: FSH controls reproductive functions, not growth.

B. Wrong: ADH controls water balance, not growth.

C. Wrong: LH controls reproductive functions, not growth.

D. Correct: growth hormone (GH) from the pituitary controls growth; too much causes gigantism and too little causes dwarfism.

Question 39 Everyday Science

_____ is a clear yellowish fluid portion of blood which contains fibrin and other soluble clotting elements

- A. Serum
- B. Plasma ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Lymph
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: serum is plasma without the clotting factors.

B. Correct: plasma is the clear yellowish fluid of blood that still contains fibrinogen and the other soluble clotting elements.

C. Wrong: lymph is a separate fluid of the lymphatic system.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because plasma is the answer.

40 Everyday Science

Ribosomes, the sites of protein synthesis, are found

- A. In cytoplasm
- B. Attached to Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
- C. Both a & b ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: free ribosomes in the cytoplasm are only part of the story.

B. Wrong: ribosomes attached to the rough endoplasmic reticulum are only part of the story.

C. Correct: ribosomes are found both free in the cytoplasm and attached to the rough endoplasmic reticulum.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because both sites hold ribosomes.

Question 41 Everyday Science

In a DNA molecule

- A. Cytosine always bound with thymine
- B. Thymine always bound with guanine
- C. Adenine always bound with thymine ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Guanine always bound with Cytosine

A. Wrong: cytosine pairs with guanine, not thymine.

B. Wrong: thymine pairs with adenine, not guanine.

C. Correct (picked): in DNA, adenine always pairs with thymine (two hydrogen bonds); this is the printed key and the pairing the question is built around.

D. True in substance, not picked: guanine does pair with cytosine in DNA, so this option is also true — the question as printed has two true options, and C is picked as the printed

d in the verification summary.

Question 42 Everyday Science

Uracil base is found in

- A. RNA ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. DNA
- C. Both a & b
- D. None of these

A. Correct: uracil is the base found in RNA, replacing thymine.

B. Wrong: DNA uses thymine, not uracil.

C. Wrong: uracil is not found in DNA.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because RNA is the answer.

Question 43 Everyday Science

Veins differ from arteries in having

- A. Thicker walls
- B. Strong walls
- C. Valves ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. All of the above

A. Wrong: arteries, not veins, have thicker walls.

B. Wrong: arteries have the stronger walls.

C. Correct: veins differ from arteries in having valves, which stop blood flowing backwards.

D. Wrong: "All of the above" fails because thicker and stronger walls belong to arteries.

44 Everyday Science

The process of breaking down food in living cells to release a small amount of energy in the absence of oxygen is termed as

- A. Aerobic respiration
- B. Anaerobic respiration ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Metabolism
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: aerobic respiration needs oxygen.

B. Correct: anaerobic respiration breaks down food without oxygen and releases only a small amount of energy.

C. Wrong: metabolism is the whole set of chemical processes, not this specific one.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because anaerobic respiration is the answer.

Question 45 General Knowledge

Golden City Airlines is the name of airline of

- A. Austria ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Azerbaijan
- C. Germany
- D. France

A. Correct: Golden City Airlines is listed under Austria in published airline lists (en-academic "List of airlines"; plane.spottingworld).

B. Wrong: no Golden City Airlines is listed under Azerbaijan.

C. Wrong: no Golden City Airlines is listed under Germany.

D. Wrong: no Golden City Airlines is listed under France.

46 Geography

Which one is the landlocked country?

- A. Nepal
- B. Rwanda
- C. Mongolia
- D. all of the above ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Nepal is landlocked, but it is not the only one.

B. Wrong: Rwanda is landlocked, but it is not the only one.

C. Wrong: Mongolia is landlocked, but it is not the only one.

D. Correct: Nepal, Rwanda and Mongolia are ALL landlocked countries.

Question 47 General Knowledge

The playground for playing 'Baseball' is called

- A. Diamond ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Court
- C. Ring
- D. Rink

A. Correct: the baseball field is called a diamond.

B. Wrong: a court is for tennis or basketball.

C. Wrong: a ring is for boxing.

D. Wrong: a rink is for ice skating.

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

Gilgit-Baltistan (Empowerment and Self-Governance) Order, 2009 was approved on

tember 13, 2009

- B. July 18, 2009
- C. August 29, 2009 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. October 10, 2009

A. Wrong: 13 September 2009 was the date of the first GB Assembly elections being announced, not the Order's approval.

B. Wrong: the Order was not approved on 18 July 2009.

C. Correct: the Federal Cabinet approved the Gilgit-Baltistan (Empowerment and Self-Governance) Order, 2009 on 29 August 2009.

D. Wrong: the Order was not approved on 10 October 2009.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

Who has been appointed as the first governor of Gilgit-Baltistan?

- A. Qamar Zaman Kaira ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Raja Farooq Haider
- C. Reaz Ahmad Chaudhry
- D. Ejaz Afzal Kha

A. Correct: Qamar Zaman Kaira, then Minister for Kashmir Affairs and Northern Areas, was appointed the first Governor of Gilgit-Baltistan in September 2009.

B. Wrong: Raja Farooq Haider was a later political figure in Azad Kashmir, not the first GB Governor.

C. Wrong: Reaz Ahmad Chaudhry was not the first GB Governor.

D. Wrong: the option is printed truncated as "Ejaz Afzal Kha" and names no first governor.

50 Geography

Senkaku islands are disputed between the countries

- A. China, Taiwan and Japan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. China, Japan and Korea
- C. India Japan and China
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the Senkaku islands are disputed between China, Taiwan and Japan.

B. Wrong: Korea is not a party to the Senkaku dispute.

C. Wrong: India is not a party to the Senkaku dispute.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because China, Taiwan and Japan are the disputants.

Question 51 General Knowledge

What represents the Zodiacal sign Virgo?

- A. Goat
- B. Lion
- C. Virgin ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Archer

A. Wrong: the goat is not the symbol of Virgo.

B. Wrong: the lion is the symbol of Leo.

C. Correct: the Virgin (a maiden) represents the zodiac sign Virgo.

D. Wrong: the archer is the symbol of Sagittarius.

Question 52 English

What is the correct word for a female donkey?

- B. Hinny
- C. Jenny ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Foal

A. Wrong: a mare is a female horse.

B. Wrong: a hinny is the offspring of a horse and a donkey.

C. Correct: a jenny is the correct word for a female donkey.

D. Wrong: a foal is a young horse or donkey of either sex.

Question 53 General Knowledge

Which of the following explorers made the largest number of expeditions to Antarctica?

- A. Richard E Byrd ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Ronald Amundsen
- C. R.E Peary
- D. R.F Scott

A. Correct: Richard E. Byrd made the largest number of expeditions to Antarctica — five in all.

B. Wrong: Amundsen reached the South Pole first but made fewer Antarctic expeditions than Byrd.

C. Wrong: Peary explored the Arctic, not Antarctica.

D. Wrong: Scott made two Antarctic expeditions, fewer than Byrd.

Question 54 General Knowledge

Which surgical operation is associated with Julius Caesar?

- A. Brain surgery

ass surgery

- C. Kidney transplant
- D. Caesarean operation ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: brain surgery is not linked to Julius Caesar.

B. Wrong: bypass surgery is not linked to Julius Caesar.

C. Wrong: kidney transplant is not linked to Julius Caesar.

D. Correct: the Caesarean operation is traditionally associated with Julius Caesar (the name is linked to his birth by legend).

Question 55 General Knowledge

Which of these automobile industries is Japan's No. 1?

- A. Toyota ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Honda
- C. Nissan
- D. Isuzu

A. Correct: Toyota is Japan's largest automobile manufacturer.

B. Wrong: Honda is large but smaller than Toyota.

C. Wrong: Nissan is smaller than Toyota.

D. Wrong: Isuzu is far smaller than Toyota.

Question 56 Mathematics

What does Roman numeral C stands for?

- A. 500
- B. 50
- C. 10

A. Wrong: 500 is the Roman numeral D.

B. Wrong: 50 is the Roman numeral L.

C. Wrong: 10 is the Roman numeral X.

D. Correct: the Roman numeral C stands for 100.

Question 57 General Knowledge

Who among the following is the most cited author of all time?

- A. Charles Dickens, UK
- B. Mark Twain, USA
- C. Aristotle, Greece
- D. William Shakespeare, UK ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Dickens is much cited but not the most cited author.

B. Wrong: Mark Twain is much cited but not the most cited.

C. Wrong: Aristotle is much cited but not the most cited author.

D. Correct: William Shakespeare is the most cited author of all time.

Question 58 General Knowledge

Which of these is the world's worst air disaster that killed 583 people in 1977?

- A. Tenerife, Canary Islands ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Charkhi Dadri, India
- C. Paris, France
- D. Mt. Ogura, Japan

A. Correct: the Tenerife airport disaster of 27 March 1977 killed 583 people — the worst air

story.

B. Wrong: Charkhi Dadri (1996) killed 349, fewer than Tenerife.

C. Wrong: no Paris disaster killed 583.

D. Wrong: the Mount Ogura (Japan Air Lines Flight 123, 1985) disaster killed 520, fewer than Tenerife.

Question 59 General Knowledge

Which of the following birds is the world's longest distance flier?

- A. Siberian crane
- B. Siberian duck
- C. Pigeon
- D. Arctic tern ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Siberian crane migrates far but not the farthest.

B. Wrong: there is no "Siberian duck" long-distance record.

C. Wrong: pigeons are not long-distance fliers on this scale.

D. Correct: the Arctic tern is the world's longest-distance flier, migrating pole to pole each year.

Question 60 General Knowledge

In the western music which of these is the queen of musical instruments?

- A. French horn
- B. Tuba
- C. Violin ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Guitar

A. Wrong: the French horn is not called the queen of instruments.

e tuba is not called the queen of instruments.

C. Correct: the violin is traditionally called the queen of musical instruments.

D. Wrong: the guitar is not called the queen of instruments.

Question 61 General Knowledge

Which Mughal emperor was a patron and player of polo?

- A. Babur
- B. Humayun
- C. Akbar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Shah Jahan

A. Wrong: Babur founded the empire but is not the polo patron of this question.

B. Wrong: Humayun is not remembered as the polo-playing emperor.

C. Correct: Akbar was a patron and player of polo.

D. Wrong: Shah Jahan is remembered for building, not polo.

Question 62 General Knowledge

Which two animals were the most useful to the Aryans who invaded and settled in India?

- A. Cow and Goat
- B. Goat and Camel
- C. Cow and Sheep
- D. Cow and Horse ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the goat was less central than the horse.

B. Wrong: the camel was not among the two most useful animals.

C. Wrong: the sheep was less central than the horse.

...he cow and the horse were the two animals most useful to the Aryans.

Question 63 Geography

Which African country has the most elephants?

- A. Zimbabwe
- B. South Africa
- C. Botswana ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tanzania

A. Wrong: Zimbabwe's elephant population is smaller than Botswana's.

B. Wrong: South Africa has fewer elephants than Botswana.

C. Correct: Botswana has the largest elephant population in Africa.

D. Wrong: Tanzania has fewer elephants than Botswana.

Question 64 General Knowledge

Which was the world's worst epidemic that occurred in England in 1443?

- A. Measles
- B. Black Death (Plague) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Cholera
- D. Influenza

A. Wrong: measles is not the great epidemic of medieval England.

B. Correct (picked): the Black Death (plague) was the worst epidemic in England — but the stem's year 1443 is wrong: the Black Death reached England in 1348-49, not 1443. Recorded in the verification summary.

C. Wrong: cholera struck England in the 19th century, not as the medieval worst epidemic.

D. Wrong: influenza epidemics came later and none matches the medieval plague.

65 English

Avenge

- A. Hostile
- B. Oblivious
- C. Vindicate ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Reluctant

A. Wrong: "hostile" means unfriendly, not the sense of avenge.

B. Wrong: "oblivious" means unaware.

C. Correct: "vindicate" is the dictionary synonym offered for avenge — to exact retribution or clear by punishment.

D. Wrong: "reluctant" means unwilling.

Question 66 English

Balmy

- A. Pass
- B. Loud
- C. Discuss
- D. Mild ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "pass" is not the sense of balmy.

B. Wrong: "loud" is not the sense of balmy.

C. Wrong: "discuss" is not the sense of balmy.

D. Correct: "balmy" means mild and pleasant, especially of weather.

67 English

Bequeath

- A. Alienate
- B. Stab
- C. Obstruct
- D. Dispose Of ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "alienate" means to estrange, the opposite of bequeathing.

B. Wrong: "stab" is not the sense of bequeath.

C. Wrong: "obstruct" means to block.

D. Correct: to bequeath is to leave property by will — to dispose of it to an heir.

Question 68 English

Bustle

- A. Hurry ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Indolent
- C. Delicate
- D. Above

A. Correct: "bustle" means hurry and busy activity.

B. Wrong: "indolent" means lazy, the opposite of bustle.

C. Wrong: "delicate" is not the sense of bustle.

D. Wrong: "above" is not the sense of bustle.

Question 69 English

Crestfallen

- B. Hard
- C. Elite
- D. Frustrated ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "humiliated" means shamed; crestfallen means dejected, not shamed.

B. Wrong: "hard" is not the sense of crestfallen.

C. Wrong: "elite" is not the sense of crestfallen.

D. Correct: "crestfallen" means dejected and disappointed — frustrated in spirit.

Question 70 English

Corrigible

- A. Amendable ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Oppose
- C. Cleanse
- D. Support

A. Correct: "corrigible" means capable of being corrected — amendable.

B. Wrong: "oppose" is not the sense of corrigible.

C. Wrong: "cleanse" is not the sense of corrigible.

D. Wrong: "support" is not the sense of corrigible.

Question 71 English

Decoy

- A. Escort
- B. Mislead ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Gather

A. Wrong: an escort accompanies; a decoy misleads.

B. Correct: a "decoy" is something used to mislead or lure away.

C. Wrong: "gather" is not the sense of decoy.

D. Wrong: "suppose" is not the sense of decoy.

Question 72 English

Yield

- A. Surrender ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Retain
- C. Incisive
- D. Shun

A. Correct: to "yield" is to surrender or give way.

B. Wrong: "retain" means to keep, the opposite of yield.

C. Wrong: "incisive" means sharp or penetrating.

D. Wrong: "shun" means to avoid.

Question 73 English

Delectable

- A. Loathsome
- B. Deprave
- C. Sedate
- D. Amiable ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "loathsome" is the opposite of delectable.

eprave" means to corrupt.

C. Wrong: "sedate" means calm.

D. Correct: "delectable" means delightful and pleasing — amiable in the sense offered.

Question 74 English

Exudation

- A. Aridity
- B. Ecstasy
- C. Percolation ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Horrid

A. Wrong: "aridity" means dryness.

B. Wrong: "ecstasy" means rapture.

C. Correct: "exudation" is oozing out, close to percolation — slow seeping through.

D. Wrong: "horrid" means horrible.

Question 75 English

Grudge (opposite in meaning)

- A. Essence
- B. Ill-Will
- C. Goodwill ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Guile

A. Wrong: "essence" is not the opposite of grudge.

B. Wrong: "ill-will" is a synonym of grudge, not its opposite.

C. Correct: the opposite of a grudge (ill-will) is goodwill.

ulile" means cunning, not the opposite of grudge.

Question 76 English

Habitual (opposite in meaning)

- A. Schism
- B. Customary
- C. Debar
- D. Irregular ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: "schism" means a split.

B. Wrong: "customary" is a synonym of habitual, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: "debar" means to exclude.

D. Correct: the opposite of habitual (regular) is irregular.

Question 77 English

Ignominy (opposite in meaning)

- A. Distinction ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Shame
- C. Indispose
- D. Logic

A. Correct: the opposite of ignominy (shame and disgrace) is distinction (honour).

B. Wrong: "shame" is a synonym of ignominy, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: "indispose" means to make unwilling or ill.

D. Wrong: "logic" is not the opposite of ignominy.

78 English

Kindle (opposite in meaning)

- A. Extinguish ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Ignite
- C. Soft
- D. Rouse

A. Correct: the opposite of kindle (to light) is extinguish (to put out).

B. Wrong: "ignite" is a synonym of kindle.

C. Wrong: "soft" is not the opposite of kindle.

D. Wrong: "rouse" means to awaken, close to kindle, not its opposite.

Question 79 English

Knotty (opposite in meaning)

- A. Tough
- B. Easy ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Care
- D. Question

A. Wrong: "tough" is a synonym of knotty, not its opposite.

B. Correct: the opposite of knotty (difficult, tangled) is easy.

C. Wrong: "care" is not the opposite of knotty.

D. Wrong: "question" is not the opposite of knotty.

Question 80 English

Didactic (opposite in meaning)

- B. Warbling
- C. Misleading ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Unfair

A. Wrong: "allegiance" means loyalty.

B. Wrong: "warbling" means singing with trills.

C. Correct: didactic means instructive; its opposite here is misleading — teaching what is false.

D. Wrong: "unfair" is not the opposite of didactic.

Question 81 English

Ephemeral (opposite in meaning)

- A. Transient
- B. Perpetual ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Disencumber
- D. Demote

A. Wrong: "transient" is a synonym of ephemeral, not its opposite.

B. Correct: the opposite of ephemeral (short-lived) is perpetual (everlasting).

C. Wrong: "disencumber" means to free from a burden.

D. Wrong: "demote" means to lower in rank.

Question 82 English

Erudition (opposite in meaning)

- A. Ignorance ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Evict

olarship

- D. Dubious

A. Correct: the opposite of erudition (scholarship, learning) is ignorance.

B. Wrong: "evict" means to expel.

C. Wrong: "scholarship" is a synonym of erudition.

D. Wrong: "dubious" means doubtful.

Question 83 English

Fugitive (opposite in meaning)

- A. Evanescent
- B. Captive ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Unkempt
- D. Smart

A. Wrong: "evanescent" means vanishing, close to fugitive, not its opposite.

B. Correct: the opposite of fugitive (one who flees) is captive (one who is held).

C. Wrong: "unkempt" means untidy.

D. Wrong: "smart" is not the opposite of fugitive.

Question 84 Mathematics

A man's investment doubles in every 5 years. If he invested Rs. 5,000 in each of the years 1960, 1965, 1970 and 1975, then what was the total amount received by him in 1980?

- A. Rs. 1,40,000
- B. Rs. 30,000
- C. Rs. 70,000
- D. Rs. 1,50,000 ✓ **Correct answer**

Rs. 1,40,000 is too low — the 1960 investment alone grows to Rs. 80,000.

B. Wrong: Rs. 30,000 is far too low.

C. Wrong: Rs. 70,000 is too low.

D. Correct: the 1960 Rs. 5,000 doubles 4 times to Rs. 80,000, the 1965 Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 40,000, the 1970 Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 20,000 and the 1975 Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000 — total Rs. 1,50,000.

Question 85 Pakistan Studies

Who is the Chief Minister of Punjab province?

- A. Shahbaz Sharif ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Aslam Raisani
- C. Qaim Ali Shah
- D. Ameer Haider Khan Hoti

A. Correct: Shahbaz Sharif was Chief Minister of Punjab in the 2008-2013 term.

B. Wrong: Aslam Raisani was Chief Minister of Balochistan, not Punjab.

C. Wrong: Qaim Ali Shah was Chief Minister of Sindh, not Punjab.

D. Wrong: Ameer Haider Khan Hoti was Chief Minister of NWFP, not Punjab.

Question 86 Pakistan Studies

Who is the Chief Minister of NWFP province?

- A. Shahbaz Sharif
- B. Aslam Raisani
- C. Qaim Ali Shah
- D. Ameer Haider Khan Hoti ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Shahbaz Sharif was Chief Minister of Punjab, not NWFP.

slam Raisani was Chief Minister of Balochistan, not NWFP.

C. Wrong: Qaim Ali Shah was Chief Minister of Sindh, not NWFP.

D. Correct: Ameer Haider Khan Hoti (ANP) was Chief Minister of NWFP in the 2008-2013 term.

Question 87 Pakistan Studies

Who is the Chief Minister of Sindh province?

- A. Shahbaz Sharif
- B. Aslam Raisani
- C. Qaim Ali Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ameer Haider Khan Hoti

A. Wrong: Shahbaz Sharif was Chief Minister of Punjab, not Sindh.

B. Wrong: Aslam Raisani was Chief Minister of Balochistan, not Sindh.

C. Correct: Qaim Ali Shah was Chief Minister of Sindh in the 2008-2013 term.

D. Wrong: Ameer Haider Khan Hoti was Chief Minister of NWFP, not Sindh.

Question 88 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan left Commonwealth in 1972 when Bangladesh was recognized by Commonwealth. When Pakistan did rejoined Commonwealth as 49th member?

- A. 1989 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1992
- C. 1990
- D. 1993

A. Correct: Pakistan left the Commonwealth in 1972 and rejoined in 1989 as its 49th member.

1992 is not the year of rejoining.

C. Wrong: 1990 is not the year of rejoining.

D. Wrong: 1993 is not the year of rejoining.

Question 89 General Knowledge

Headquarter of International Association Development is located in

- A. Vienna
- B. New York
- C. Washington ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the International Development Association is not headquartered in Vienna.

B. Wrong: its headquarters are not in New York.

C. Correct: the International Development Association (IDA), a World Bank arm, is headquartered in Washington, D.C.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because Washington is the answer.

Question 90 Current Affairs

Thirteen Summit of SAARC was held in 2005 in

- A. Dhaka (Bangladesh) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Colombo (Sri Lanka)
- C. Kathmandu (Nepal)
- D. None of these

A. Correct: the 13th SAARC Summit was held in Dhaka, Bangladesh, in November 2005.

B. Wrong: Colombo hosted other SAARC summits, not the 13th.

Kathmandu hosted other SAARC summits, not the 13th.

D. Wrong: "None of these" fails because Dhaka is the answer.

Question 91 General Knowledge

Name the first country who made silk about 4000 years ago?

- A. Egypt
- B. Japan
- C. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. India

A. Wrong: Egypt did not make silk first.

B. Wrong: Japan did not make silk first.

C. Correct: China first made silk, about 4,000 years ago.

D. Wrong: India did not make silk first.

Question 92 Current Affairs

Since when have Sinhalese been involved in a violent struggle with the Tamil minority, who are seeking independence?

- A. 1971 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1960
- C. 1965
- D. 1980

A. Correct (picked): 1971 is the book's keyed figure for the start of the Sinhalese-Tamil violent struggle; standard histories date the civil war from 1983 (Black July), which is not among the options. Recorded in the verification summary.

B. Wrong: 1960 predates the Tamil militancy.

65 predates the Tamil militancy.

D. Wrong: 1980 is closer to the war's outbreak but is not the book's keyed figure; the war is usually dated from 1983, which is not offered.

Question 93 General Knowledge

Sinn Fein is an Irish nationalist Party and a wing of Irish Republican Party (IRP). When it was founded by Arthur Griffith?

- A. 1920
- B. 1925
- C. 1905 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1940

A. Wrong: Sinn Fein was not founded in 1920.

B. Wrong: Sinn Fein was not founded in 1925.

C. Correct: Sinn Fein was founded by Arthur Griffith in 1905.

D. Wrong: Sinn Fein was not founded in 1940.

Question 94 General Knowledge

In which year Sky Lab did break up in the atmosphere and fell back to the earth?

- A. 1977
- B. 1970
- C. 1980
- D. 1979 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Skylab was still in orbit in 1977.

B. Wrong: Skylab was still in orbit in 1970.

C. Wrong: Skylab had already fallen by 1980.

kylab broke up and fell back to Earth in July 1979.

Question 95 Pakistan Studies

Rehman Baba was a poet of

- A. Sindhi
- B. Pushto ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Punjabi
- D. Baluchi

A. Wrong: Rehman Baba was not a Sindhi poet.

B. Correct: Rehman Baba was a Pashto (Pushto) poet.

C. Wrong: Rehman Baba was not a Punjabi poet.

D. Wrong: Rehman Baba was not a Baluchi poet.

Question 96 General Knowledge

'Siam' is the old name of

- A. Japan
- B. China
- C. Thailand ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Nepal

A. Wrong: "Siam" was not the old name of Japan.

B. Wrong: "Siam" was not the old name of China.

C. Correct: "Siam" was the old name of Thailand.

D. Wrong: "Siam" was not the old name of Nepal.

97 Pakistan Studies

Area wise the largest province of Pakistan is

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh
- C. KPK
- D. Balochistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Punjab is the most populous province, not the largest by area.

B. Wrong: Sindh is smaller than Balochistan by area.

C. Wrong: Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is smaller than Balochistan by area.

D. Correct: Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan by area.

Question 98 Pakistan Studies

Which of the following is the only Pakistani poet who got the 'Lenin Prize'?

- A. Ahmad Faraz
- B. Habib Jalib
- C. Faiz Ahmad Faiz ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Zaheer Kashmiri

A. Wrong: Ahmad Faraz did not receive the Lenin Prize.

B. Wrong: Habib Jalib did not receive the Lenin Prize.

C. Correct: Faiz Ahmad Faiz received the Lenin Peace Prize in 1962 — the only Pakistani poet to do so.

D. Wrong: Zaheer Kashmiri did not receive the Lenin Prize.

99 Pakistan Studies

What is the creation of Hashim Shah?

- A. Shirin Farhad
- B. Sassi Punnoo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Qissa Saif ul Maluk
- D. Heer Ranjha

A. Wrong: Shirin Farhad is not Hashim Shah's creation.

B. Correct: Sassi Punnu is the creation of the Punjabi poet Hashim Shah.

C. Wrong: Qissa Saif-ul-Maluk is Mian Muhammad Bakhsh's work.

D. Wrong: Heer Ranjha is Waris Shah's work.

Question 100 Geography

Which of the following countries is present in the north of Germany?

- A. Italy
- B. France
- C. Spain
- D. Denmark ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Italy lies south of Germany, not north.

B. Wrong: France lies west/southwest of Germany, not north.

C. Wrong: Spain lies southwest of Germany, not north.

D. Correct: Denmark lies to the north of Germany.

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