Law Admission Test (LAT) — 2019 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Higher Education Commission (HEC) · **Post:** Law Admission Test (LAT) · **Year:** 2019 · **Questions:** 75 in the original paper — **75 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2019 sitting.

Source note: lexacademy.com.pk quiz-view page, 'LAT Past Paper — March 17, 2019' (all 75 MCQs with four options and a marked key each, Q1–Q75 contiguous, in the official section order — English 20, General Knowledge 20, Pakistan Studies 10, Islamic Studies 10, Urdu 10, Mathematics 5; accessed 9 Nov 2026). Every explanation below is original. Second source: pklawnotes records 'LAW LAT PAST PAPER 17 March 2019' (headers 17.03.2019, and the essay topics exactly this page's: Role of teachers / Media education / Women rights); LAT360 contents list 'Date: March 2019'; Scribd records the paper as 'Held in March 2019'. 0 printed-key corrections and 0 PICK-ONE, all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. RECONSTRUCTION CAVEAT (recorded openly): the reproduction is a candidate-recall reconstruction of the 17 March 2019 LAT, not an official HEC paper — HEC does not publish LAT papers after the test; lexacademy's own book note states every paper in it 'has been reconstructed from candidates who sat that session, so it reflects the pattern and the standard of the real paper rather than being an official HEC document'. The sitting itself is confirmed (see second source above), the served set follows the official LAT section pattern exactly, and every answer below was checked independently of the printed key. This is the same standing as 37ac (LAT 4 Feb 2024), 37ly, 37lz, 37ma and 37nk–37no. All decisions by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

1 English

I think he will not back ___ at the last moment

- A. down
- B. out ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. off
- D. away

A. Wrong: back down means to give in or concede, not to withdraw from a commitment.

B. Correct: to back out is to withdraw from an agreement or plan at the last moment.

C. Wrong: back off means to retreat or stop pressuring someone, not to withdraw from a commitment.

D. Wrong: back away means to move backwards physically, not to withdraw from a commitment.

Question 2 English

You must back ___ your essay with good examples

- A. over
- B. up ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. out
- D. off

A. Wrong: back over is not the phrasal verb for supporting a claim with evidence.

B. Correct: to back up is to support a statement with evidence or examples.

C. Wrong: back out means to withdraw, the opposite of supporting an essay.

D. Wrong: back off means to retreat, not to support with examples.

3 English

Although the lady was under tremendous pressure she bore ___ really well

- A. on
- B. with
- C. up ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. out

A. Wrong: bear on means to be relevant to something, not to endure pressure.

B. Wrong: bear with means to be patient with a person, not to endure hardship.

C. Correct: to bear up is to endure pressure or hardship well, without breaking down.

D. Wrong: bear out means to confirm or prove true, not to endure.

Question 4 English

The police said that the burglars broke ___ shortly after midnight

- A. in ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. into
- C. out
- D. off

A. Correct: to break in is to enter a place by force, as burglars do.

B. Wrong: break into needs an object after it (broke into the house); the sentence has none.

C. Wrong: break out means to escape, not to enter by force.

D. Wrong: break off means to stop suddenly, not to enter by force.

5 English

Do not annoy the old man he works ___ too soon

- A. in
- B. off
- C. up ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. out

A. Wrong: work in means to fit something into a schedule, not to become agitated.

B. Wrong: work off means to get rid of something by effort, not to become agitated.

C. Correct: to work up is to become gradually excited or agitated; he gets annoyed too easily.

D. Wrong: work out means to exercise or to solve, not to become agitated.

Question 6 English

Contemporary means

- A. ancient
- B. outdated
- C. modern ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. foreign

A. Wrong: ancient means very old, the opposite of contemporary.

B. Wrong: outdated means old-fashioned, the opposite of contemporary.

C. Correct: contemporary means belonging to the present time, so modern.

D. Wrong: foreign means from another country, not from the present time.

7 English

Decade means

- A. five years
- B. a period of ten years ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. a century
- D. an era

A. Wrong: five years is half a decade, not a decade.

B. Correct: a decade is a period of ten years.

C. Wrong: a century is a period of one hundred years, not ten.

D. Wrong: an era is an indefinite long period, not exactly ten years.

Question 8 English

Grandeur means

- A. pride
- B. strength
- C. splendor ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. value

A. Wrong: pride is a feeling of satisfaction, not magnificence.

B. Wrong: strength is power, not magnificence.

C. Correct: grandeur means splendour and magnificence.

D. Wrong: value is worth, not magnificence.

Question 9 English

Rejoinder means

- B. reply ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. refusal
- D. reminder

A. Wrong: a complaint is a grievance, not a reply.

B. Correct: a rejoinder is a reply, especially a sharp or witty one.

C. Wrong: a refusal is declining something, not a reply.

D. Wrong: a reminder is something that makes you remember, not a reply.

Question 10 English

Correct spelling

- A. Idealogy
- B. Ideolagy
- C. Ideology ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ideollogy

A. Wrong: Idealogy misspells the word with an e after d.

B. Wrong: Ideolagy misspells the word with an a.

C. Correct: Ideology is the correct spelling.

D. Wrong: Ideollogy has a doubled l and is misspelt.

Question 11 English

Mark the correct spelling

- A. Emperical
- B. Empirical ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Impirical

A. Wrong: Emperical uses e where i belongs.

B. Correct: Empirical is the correct spelling.

C. Wrong: Impirical uses i where e belongs at the start.

D. Wrong: Empericle ends wrongly and is misspelt.

Question 12 English

Mark the correct spelling

- A. Influentual
- B. Influential ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Influenciel
- D. Influantial

A. Wrong: Influentual uses u where i belongs.

B. Correct: Influential is the correct spelling.

C. Wrong: Influenciel uses a French-style ending.

D. Wrong: Influantial uses a where e belongs.

Question 13 English

Mark the correct sentence

- A. As of my health you neednt worry
- B. As per my health you neednt worry
- C. As for my health you neednt worry ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. As about my health you neednt worry

A. Wrong: as of means from a particular date, not on the subject of.

per means according to, not on the subject of.

C. Correct: as for introduces the topic being discussed — as for my health.

D. Wrong: as about is not idiomatic English.

Question 14 English

Mark the correct sentence

- A. It was cold day with many indications of snowfall
- B. It was a cold day with many indication of snowfall
- C. It was the cold day with much indications of snowfall
- D. It was a cold day with many indications of snowfall ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: cold day needs the article a before it.

B. Wrong: many takes a plural noun, so many indication is wrong.

C. Wrong: the cold day is too definite here, and much cannot go with countable indications.

D. Correct: a cold day takes the article a, and many takes the plural indications.

Question 15 English

Mark the correct sentence

- A. He always has done it and always will it do
- B. He always did it and will do always
- C. He has always done it and will always do it ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. He has always done it and always will do

A. Wrong: will it do has the wrong word order and breaks the parallel structure.

B. Wrong: did it is the wrong tense, and will do always has the wrong word order.

has always done it (present perfect) matches will always do it (future).

D. Wrong: always will do is incomplete — it needs the object it, as in will always do it.

Question 16 English

Opposite of COZY

- A. warm
- B. soft
- C. uncomfortable ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. relaxed

A. Wrong: warm is close to cozy in meaning, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: soft is close to cozy in meaning, not its opposite.

C. Correct: cozy means comfortable and warm, so its opposite is uncomfortable.

D. Wrong: relaxed is close to cozy in meaning, not its opposite.

Question 17 English

Opposite of REVOLUTION

- A. rotation
- B. change
- C. evolution ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. protest

A. Wrong: rotation is the literal turning sense of revolution, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: change is what a revolution is, not its opposite.

C. Correct: a revolution is sudden radical change, while evolution is slow gradual change.

D. Wrong: a protest is an act of dissent, not the opposite of revolution.

18 English

Opposite of AMORAL

- A. careless
- B. wicked
- C. moral ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. neutral

A. Wrong: careless means not taking care, not the opposite of amoral.

B. Wrong: wicked means evil — that is immoral, not the direct opposite of amoral.

C. Correct: amoral means without moral sense, so its opposite is moral.

D. Wrong: neutral means neither side — that is close to amoral itself, not its opposite.

Question 19 English

Opposite of DEARTH

- A. famine
- B. poverty
- C. shortage
- D. abundance ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: famine is a kind of dearth, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: poverty is lack of money, not the opposite of dearth.

C. Wrong: shortage is a synonym of dearth, not its opposite.

D. Correct: dearth means scarcity, so its opposite is abundance.

Question 20 English

Opposite of LACUNA gap

- B. lack
- C. blank
- D. completeness ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: gap is a synonym of lacuna, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: lack is a synonym of lacuna, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: blank is an empty space, close to lacuna in meaning, not its opposite.

D. Correct: a lacuna is a gap or missing part, so its opposite is completeness.

Question 21 General Knowledge

Baglihar Dam is constructed by India on the river

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chenab ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ravi
- D. Beas

A. Wrong: the Jhelum carries the Mangla Dam, not Baglihar.

B. Correct: the Baglihar Dam is built by India on the Chenab River.

C. Wrong: the Ravi flows through Lahore; Baglihar is not on it.

D. Wrong: the Beas flows into the Sutlej; Baglihar is not on it.

Question 22 General Knowledge

SAARC consists of how many member states

- A. Seven
- B. Eight ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Nine

A. Wrong: SAARC had seven members before Afghanistan joined in 2007.

B. Correct: SAARC has eight member states.

C. Wrong: there is no ninth SAARC member state.

D. Wrong: there is no tenth SAARC member state.

Question 23 General Knowledge

Total number of independent countries in the world commonly counted

- A. 193
- B. 195 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 197
- D. 200

A. Wrong: 193 is the number of UN member states only, without the two observers.

B. Correct: the commonly counted figure is 195 — 193 UN members plus 2 observer states.

C. Wrong: 197 is not the commonly counted figure.

D. Wrong: 200 is not the commonly counted figure.

Question 24 General Knowledge

World's largest country by area is

- A. Canada
- B. China
- C. USA
- D. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**

anada is the second largest country by area.

B. Wrong: China is the third or fourth largest, not the largest.

C. Wrong: the USA is the fourth largest, not the largest.

D. Correct: Russia is the largest country in the world by area.

Question 25 General Knowledge

A major share of global oil trade passes through the

- A. Malacca Strait
- B. Bosporus
- C. Strait of Hormuz ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bab-el-Mandeb

A. Wrong: the Malacca Strait is a major trade route but carries a smaller share of oil.

B. Wrong: the Bosporus connects the Black Sea to the Mediterranean; it is not the main oil route.

C. Correct: a major share of global oil trade passes through the Strait of Hormuz.

D. Wrong: Bab-el-Mandeb guards the Red Sea entrance and carries a smaller share of oil.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Territorial waters extend at most

- A. 3 nautical miles
- B. 6 nm
- C. 12 nautical miles ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 24 nm

A. Wrong: three nautical miles was the old cannon-shot rule, not the UNCLOS limit.

× nautical miles is not the UNCLOS territorial-sea limit.

C. Correct: under UNCLOS, territorial waters extend at most 12 nautical miles from the baseline.

D. Wrong: 24 nautical miles is the contiguous-zone limit, not the territorial sea.

Question 27 General Knowledge

UN official languages are

- A. four
- B. five
- C. six ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. seven

A. Wrong: the UN has more than four official languages.

B. Wrong: the UN has more than five official languages.

C. Correct: the UN has six official languages — Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish.

D. Wrong: the UN has six official languages, not seven.

Question 28 General Knowledge

Which country does not hold veto power in the UN Security Council

- A. Germany ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. China
- C. Russia
- D. France

A. Correct: Germany is not a permanent member of the Security Council and holds no veto.

hina is a permanent member and holds the veto.

C. Wrong: Russia is a permanent member and holds the veto.

D. Wrong: France is a permanent member and holds the veto.

Question 29 General Knowledge

Permanent Secretariat of SAARC is at

- A. Delhi
- B. Islamabad
- C. Kathmandu ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Colombo

A. Wrong: Delhi is not the seat of the SAARC Secretariat.

B. Wrong: Islamabad is not the seat of the SAARC Secretariat.

C. Correct: the Permanent Secretariat of SAARC is at Kathmandu, Nepal.

D. Wrong: Colombo is not the seat of the SAARC Secretariat.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Largest ocean in the world

- A. Atlantic
- B. Indian
- C. Arctic
- D. Pacific ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Atlantic is the second largest ocean.

B. Wrong: the Indian is the third largest ocean.

C. Wrong: the Arctic is the smallest ocean.

ne Pacific is the largest ocean in the world.

Question 31 General Knowledge

Most widely spoken native language

- A. English
- B. Hindi
- C. Spanish
- D. Chinese Mandarin ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: English is the most widely spoken language overall, but not natively.

B. Wrong: Hindi is the third most widely spoken native language, not the first.

C. Wrong: Spanish is the second most widely spoken native language, not the first.

D. Correct: Mandarin Chinese is the most widely spoken native language in the world.

Question 32 General Knowledge

Country with the largest proven oil reserves

- A. Saudi Arabia
- B. Iran
- C. Iraq
- D. Venezuela ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Saudi Arabia has the second largest proven oil reserves.

B. Wrong: Iran's proven reserves are smaller than Venezuela's.

C. Wrong: Iraq's proven reserves are smaller than Venezuela's.

D. Correct: Venezuela has the largest proven oil reserves in the world.

33 General Knowledge

A billion contains

- A. 10 million
- B. 1000 million ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 100 million
- D. 10000 million

A. Wrong: ten million is far smaller than a billion.

B. Correct: a billion contains one thousand million.

C. Wrong: one hundred million is a tenth of a billion.

D. Wrong: ten thousand million is ten billion, not one.

Question 34 General Knowledge

Galileo is associated with the

- A. printing press
- B. steam engine
- C. telescope ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. wireless

A. Wrong: the printing press is Gutenberg's, not Galileo's.

B. Wrong: the steam engine is associated with Watt and Newcomen, not Galileo.

C. Correct: Galileo is associated with the telescope, which he improved and used for astronomy.

D. Wrong: wireless telegraphy is Marconi's, not Galileo's.

35 General Knowledge

Country not part of the 2015 Iran nuclear deal JCPOA

- A. Germany
- B. China
- C. Japan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. France

A. Wrong: Germany was one of the P5+1 parties to the JCPOA.

B. Wrong: China was one of the P5+1 parties to the JCPOA.

C. Correct: Japan was not a party to the 2015 Iran nuclear deal (JCPOA).

D. Wrong: France was one of the P5+1 parties to the JCPOA.

Question 36 General Knowledge

South Asian country hit by a major earthquake in April 2015

- A. Bhutan
- B. Nepal ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sri Lanka
- D. Bangladesh

A. Wrong: Bhutan was not hit by the April 2015 earthquake.

B. Correct: Nepal was hit by the major earthquake of April 2015.

C. Wrong: Sri Lanka was not hit by the April 2015 earthquake.

D. Wrong: Bangladesh was not hit by the April 2015 earthquake.

Question 37 General Knowledge

Largest producer of tea in recent decades

- B. Sri Lanka
- C. Kenya
- D. China ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: India is the second largest tea producer.

B. Wrong: Sri Lanka produces far less tea than China.

C. Wrong: Kenya produces far less tea than China.

D. Correct: China is the largest producer of tea in recent decades.

Question 38 General Knowledge

Singapore separated from

- A. Indonesia
- B. Malaysia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Thailand
- D. Brunei

A. Wrong: Singapore did not separate from Indonesia.

B. Correct: Singapore separated from Malaysia in 1965.

C. Wrong: Singapore did not separate from Thailand.

D. Wrong: Singapore did not separate from Brunei.

Question 39 General Knowledge

Biggest salt mine in Pakistan

- A. Kalabagh
- B. Warcha
- C. Khewra ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Kalabagh is a smaller salt mine, not the biggest.

B. Wrong: Warcha is a smaller salt mine, not the biggest.

C. Correct: Khewra is the biggest salt mine in Pakistan.

D. Wrong: Rakhi Munh is a smaller salt mine, not the biggest.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Country lying in both Europe and Asia

- A. Spain
- B. Portugal
- C. Turkey ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Morocco

A. Wrong: Spain lies in Europe only.

B. Wrong: Portugal lies in Europe only.

C. Correct: Turkey lies in both Europe and Asia.

D. Wrong: Morocco lies in Africa only.

Question 41 Pakistan Studies

First Martial Law in Pakistan was imposed in

- A. 1956
- B. 1958 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1962
- D. 1969

A. Wrong: 1956 is the year of the first Constitution, not the first Martial Law.

The first Martial Law in Pakistan was imposed in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

C. Wrong: 1962 is the year of the second Constitution, not the first Martial Law.

D. Wrong: 1969 is the second Martial Law, imposed by Yahya Khan.

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

First Governor-General of Pakistan

- A. Liaquat Ali Khan
- B. Iskander Mirza
- C. Khawaja Nazimuddin
- D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Liaquat Ali Khan was the first Prime Minister, not the first Governor-General.

B. Wrong: Iskander Mirza was the first President, not the first Governor-General.

C. Wrong: Khawaja Nazimuddin was the second Governor-General.

D. Correct: Muhammad Ali Jinnah was the first Governor-General of Pakistan.

Question 43 Pakistan Studies

The federal and supreme legislative body is the

- A. Cabinet
- B. Supreme Court
- C. Parliament Majlis-e-Shoora ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. CCI

A. Wrong: the Cabinet is the executive, not the supreme legislative body.

B. Wrong: the Supreme Court is the judiciary, not the legislative body.

C. Correct: the federal and supreme legislative body is the Parliament (Majlis-e-Shoora).

e CCI is the Council of Common Interests, not the legislature.

Question 44 Pakistan Studies

The upper house of Parliament is the

- A. National Assembly
- B. Provincial Assembly
- C. Senate ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Council of Ministers

A. Wrong: the National Assembly is the lower house of Parliament.

B. Wrong: a Provincial Assembly is a provincial legislature, not the upper house.

C. Correct: the Senate is the upper house of Parliament.

D. Wrong: the Council of Ministers is the executive, not the upper house.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

Ancient civilization site in Pakistan

- A. Taxila only
- B. Gandhara only
- C. Mehrgarh ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None

A. Wrong: Taxila only is wrong — Taxila is ancient but later, and the word only excludes the rest.

B. Wrong: Gandhara only is wrong — Gandhara is a later civilisation, and the word only excludes the rest.

C. Correct: Mehrgarh is the earliest ancient civilisation site in Pakistan, a Neolithic settlement.

one is wrong — Mehrgarh is a real ancient site in Pakistan.

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Writer of Pakistan's National Anthem

- A. Faiz Ahmad Faiz
- B. Hafeez Jalandhari ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ahmad Faraz
- D. Nasir Kazmi

A. Wrong: Faiz Ahmad Faiz was a poet, not the writer of the National Anthem.

B. Correct: Hafeez Jalandhari wrote Pakistan's National Anthem.

C. Wrong: Ahmad Faraz was a poet, not the writer of the National Anthem.

D. Wrong: Nasir Kazmi was a poet, not the writer of the National Anthem.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan became a nuclear power in

- A. 1990
- B. 1996
- C. 1998 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 2001

A. Wrong: Pakistan did not test nuclear weapons in 1990.

B. Wrong: Pakistan did not test nuclear weapons in 1996.

C. Correct: Pakistan became a nuclear power in 1998, with the Chagai tests of 28 May.

D. Wrong: Pakistan did not test nuclear weapons in 2001.

48 Pakistan Studies

State Bank of Pakistan began operations on

- A. 14 Aug 1947
- B. 1 Jul 1948 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 23 Mar 1956
- D. 7 Oct 1958

A. Wrong: 14 August 1947 is Independence Day, not the day the State Bank began operations.

B. Correct: the State Bank of Pakistan began operations on 1 July 1948.

C. Wrong: 23 March 1956 is the first Constitution, not the State Bank's start.

D. Wrong: 7 October 1958 is the first Martial Law, not the State Bank's start.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

Longest river of Pakistan

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chenab
- C. Ravi
- D. Indus ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Jhelum is a tributary, shorter than the Indus.

B. Wrong: the Chenab is a tributary, shorter than the Indus.

C. Wrong: the Ravi is a tributary, shorter than the Indus.

D. Correct: the Indus is the longest river of Pakistan.

50 Pakistan Studies

National motto by Quaid-e-Azam

- A. Work and Wages
- B. Peace and Progress
- C. Faith Unity Discipline ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Justice for All

A. Wrong: Work and Wages is not the national motto.

B. Wrong: Peace and Progress is not the national motto.

C. Correct: the national motto given by Quaid-e-Azam is Faith, Unity, Discipline.

D. Wrong: Justice for All is not the national motto.

Question 51 Islamic Studies

Prophet Muhammad PBUH belongs to the ___ family

- A. Banu Umayyah
- B. Banu Adi
- C. Banu Hashim ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Banu Zuhrah

A. Wrong: Banu Umayyah was the clan of the later Umayyad dynasty, not the Prophet's family.

B. Wrong: Banu Adi was the clan of Umar (RA), not the Prophet's family.

C. Correct: Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) belonged to the Banu Hashim family.

D. Wrong: Banu Zuhrah was the clan of Aminah, the Prophet's mother, not his own family.

52 Islamic Studies

The Prophet PBUH had ___ daughters

- A. 3
- B. 4 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 5
- D. 6

A. Wrong: the Prophet (PBUH) had more than three daughters.

B. Correct: the Prophet (PBUH) had four daughters — Zainab, Ruqayyah, Umm Kulthum and Fatimah.

C. Wrong: the Prophet (PBUH) had four daughters, not five.

D. Wrong: the Prophet (PBUH) had four daughters, not six.

Question 53 Islamic Studies

Zabur was revealed to

- A. Musa AS
- B. Isa AS
- C. Dawud AS ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ibrahim AS

A. Wrong: the Torah (Taurat) was revealed to Musa (AS).

B. Wrong: the Injil was revealed to Isa (AS).

C. Correct: the Zabur (Psalms) was revealed to Dawud (AS).

D. Wrong: the Suhuf were given to Ibrahim (AS), not the Zabur.

54 Islamic Studies

Title Sword of Allah was given to

- A. Hamza RA
- B. Ali RA
- C. Khalid bin Walid RA ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Zubayr RA

A. Wrong: Hamza (RA) was called the Lion of Allah, not the Sword of Allah.

B. Wrong: Ali (RA) was called the Lion of Allah, not the Sword of Allah.

C. Correct: the title Sword of Allah (Saifullah) was given to Khalid bin Walid (RA).

D. Wrong: Zubayr (RA) was called the Disciple (Hawari) of the Prophet, not the Sword of Allah.

Question 55 Islamic Studies

The first mosque built by Muslims after Hijrah is

- A. Masjid Nabawi
- B. Masjid Quba ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Masjid al-Haram
- D. Masjid al-Aqsa

A. Wrong: Masjid Nabawi was built after Masjid Quba.

B. Correct: Masjid Quba was the first mosque built by Muslims after the Hijrah.

C. Wrong: Masjid al-Haram existed before the Hijrah.

D. Wrong: Masjid al-Aqsa existed before the Hijrah.

56 Islamic Studies

The mosque demolished by the Prophet PBUH was

- A. Quba
- B. Masjid-e-Dirar Zarar ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Nabawi
- D. Aqsa

A. Wrong: Quba was the first mosque built, not the one demolished.

B. Correct: Masjid-e-Dirar (Zarar) was the mosque demolished on the Prophet's order.

C. Wrong: Masjid Nabawi was never demolished.

D. Wrong: Masjid al-Aqsa was never demolished by the Prophet.

Question 57 Islamic Studies

The social boycott of the Prophet's clan lasted

- A. 2 years
- B. 3 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 4 years
- D. 5 years

A. Wrong: the social boycott of the Prophet's clan lasted three years, not two.

B. Correct: the social boycott of Banu Hashim lasted three years.

C. Wrong: the boycott lasted three years, not four.

D. Wrong: the boycott lasted three years, not five.

Question 58 Islamic Studies

Muslims who fought at Badr numbered

- B. 313 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 500
- D. 1000

A. Wrong: the Muslims at Badr numbered 313, not 300.

B. Correct: 313 Muslims fought at the Battle of Badr.

C. Wrong: the Muslims at Badr numbered 313, not 500.

D. Wrong: about 1000 was the size of the Makkan army, not the Muslim force.

Question 59 Islamic Studies

The first Qiblah of Muslims was

- A. Masjid-e-Haram
- B. Masjid-e-Aqsa ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Masjid-e-Quba
- D. Masjid-e-Nabawi

A. Wrong: Masjid-e-Haram is the present Qiblah, not the first one.

B. Correct: the first Qiblah of Muslims was Masjid-e-Aqsa in Jerusalem.

C. Wrong: Masjid-e-Quba is a mosque, not the first Qiblah.

D. Wrong: Masjid-e-Nabawi is a mosque, not the first Qiblah.

Question 60 Islamic Studies

The Rukn-e-Azam main pillar of Hajj is

- A. Sai
- B. Tawaf
- C. Wuquf-e-Arafah ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Sai is a rite of Hajj, not its greatest pillar.

B. Wrong: Tawaf is a rite of Hajj, not its greatest pillar.

C. Correct: Wuquf-e-Arafah (the stay at Arafat) is the Rukn-e-Azam, the main pillar of Hajj.

D. Wrong: Tahallul is the leaving of ihram, not the greatest pillar.

Question 61 Urdu

خوبصورت کا مترادف

- A. بدصورت
- B. کمزور
- C. حسین ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. خالی

A. Wrong: بدصورت means ugly — the opposite of خوبصورت, not its synonym.

B. Wrong: کمزور means weak, not beautiful.

C. Correct: حسین means beautiful, the synonym of خوبصورت.

D. Wrong: خالی means empty, not beautiful.

Question 62 Urdu

سخی کا متضاد

- A. بہادر
- B. کنجوس ✓ **Correct answer**

D. محتاط•

.means brave, not the opposite of generous بہادر :**A.** Wrong

.(miser) کنجوس means generous, so its opposite is سخی :**B.** Correct

.means greedy — related, but the direct opposite of generous is the miser لالچی :**C.** Wrong

.means careful, not the opposite of generous محتاط :**D.** Wrong

Question 63 Urdu

کتاب کی جمع

A. کتابہ•

B. کتابت•

Correct answer ✓ C. کتابیں•

D. کتابونہ•

.کتاب is not the plural of کتابہ :**A.** Wrong

.کتاب means writing or calligraphy, not the plural of کتابت :**B.** Wrong

.کتابیں is کتاب **C.** Correct: the plural of

.کتاب is not the plural of کتابونہ :**D.** Wrong

Question 64 Urdu

استاد کا مؤنث

Correct answer ✓ B. استانی

C. استاداں

D. شاگردہ

A. Wrong: استادی means the quality of being a teacher, not the feminine of استاد.

B. Correct: the feminine of استاد is استانی.

C. Wrong: استاداں is not the feminine of استاد.

D. Wrong: شاگردہ means a female student, not a female teacher.

Question 65 Urdu

محاورہ کان کھڑے ہونا کا مطلب

A. بزدل ہونا

Correct answer ✓ B. چوکس یا خبردار ہونا

C. بیمار ہونا

D. ناراض ہونا

A. Wrong: بزدل ہونا means to be cowardly, not alert.

B. Correct: کان کھڑے ہونا means to become alert or vigilant.

C. Wrong: بیمار ہونا means to be ill, not alert.

D. Wrong: ناراض ہونا means to be angry, not alert.

66 Urdu

صبح کا مترادف

A. شام

B. دوپہر

Correct answer ✓ C. سحر

D. شب

A. Wrong: شام means evening, the opposite of صبح.

B. Wrong: دوپہر means noon, not morning.

C. Correct: سحر means dawn, the synonym of صبح.

D. Wrong: شب means night, not morning.

Question 67 Urdu

بھاری کا متضاد

A. مضبوط

Correct answer ✓ B. ہلکا

C. پتال

D. کم

A. Wrong: مضبوط means strong, not the opposite of heavy.

B. Correct: بھاری means heavy, so its opposite is ہلکا (light).

C. Wrong: پتال does not mean light.

not the opposite of heavy کم :**D.** Wrong

Question 68 Urdu

ضمیر وہ کس قسم کا ضمیر ہے

A. متکلم

B. مخاطب

Correct answer ✓ C. غائب

D. مشترک

A. Wrong: ضمیر متکلم (میں، ہم) is the first-person pronoun, not وہ.

B. Wrong: ضمیر مخاطب (تو، تم) is the second-person pronoun, not وہ.

C. Correct: وہ is a third-person pronoun, ضمیر غائب.

D. Wrong: مشترک is not a class of pronoun.

Question 69 Urdu

واحد کی درست مثال

A. دروازے

Correct answer ✓ B. سیب

C. درختوں

D. کتابیں

A. Wrong: دروازے is the plural of دروازہ.

B. Correct: سیب is singular — the correct singular example.

plural oblique of درختوں :**C.** Wrong

.کتاب is the plural of کتابیں :**D.** Wrong

Question 70 Urdu

خاموش کا مترادف

A. شوریدہ•

B. بلند•

Correct answer ✓ ساکت .C•

D. روشن•

.means frenzied or distraught, not silent شوریدہ :**A.** Wrong

.means loud or high, the opposite of silent بلند :**B.** Wrong

.خاموش means silent and still, the synonym of ساکت :**C.** Correct

.means bright, not silent روشن :**D.** Wrong

Question 71 Mathematics

In an exam 45 percent failed and 550 passed. Total students equals

- A. 900
- B. 1000 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1100
- D. 1200

A. Wrong: 900 students would give 495 passes at 55 percent, not 550.

B. Correct: 55 percent passed, so total = 550 ÷ 0.55 = 1000 students.

00 students would give 605 passes at 55 percent, not 550.

D. Wrong: 1200 students would give 660 passes at 55 percent, not 550.

Question 72 Mathematics

Which of the following is the greatest

- A. 1/4 of 720
- B. 2/5 of 500
- C. 1/3 of 741 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 30 percent of 690

A. Wrong: 1/4 of 720 is 180, smaller than 247.

B. Wrong: 2/5 of 500 is 200, smaller than 247.

C. Correct: 1/3 of 741 is 247, the greatest of the four values.

D. Wrong: 30 percent of 690 is 207, smaller than 247.

Question 73 Mathematics

Value of 1000 to the power 0

- A. 0
- B. 1 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10
- D. 100

A. Wrong: any non-zero number to the power 0 is 1, not 0.

B. Correct: 1000 to the power 0 equals 1.

C. Wrong: 1000 to the power 0 equals 1, not 10.

D. Wrong: 1000 to the power 0 equals 1, not 100.

74 Mathematics

Danish buys at B where goods are 10 percent cheaper than at A. He saves Rs 10 per item by buying at B. Price at B

- A. Rs 85
- B. Rs 90 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rs 95
- D. Rs 100

A. Wrong: Rs 85 at B would mean the price at A is about Rs 94.40, not a round figure.

B. Correct: saving Rs 10 is 10 percent of the price at A, so A charges Rs 100 and B charges Rs 90.

C. Wrong: Rs 95 at B would mean the price at A is about Rs 105.50, not a round figure.

D. Wrong: Rs 100 at B would mean no saving at all.

Question 75 Mathematics

Taxable income = Rs 14280. Tax: 2 percent on first Rs 3000 and 4 percent on the rest. Total tax

- A. Rs 451.20
- B. Rs 511.20 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rs 512.40
- D. Rs 521.20

A. Wrong: Rs 451.20 is only the 4 percent part on Rs 11,280, not the total tax.

B. Correct: 2 percent of Rs 3,000 is Rs 60, plus 4 percent of Rs 11,280 is Rs 451.20 — total Rs 511.20.

C. Wrong: Rs 512.40 is an arithmetic error; the correct total is Rs 511.20.

D. Wrong: Rs 521.20 is an arithmetic error; the correct total is Rs 511.20.

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