# Law Admission Test (LAT) — 2019 · Solved Past Paper

**Body:** Higher Education Commission (HEC) · **Post:** Law Admission Test (LAT) · **Year:** 2019 · **Questions:** 75 in the original paper — **74 solved and verified**, 1 excluded as defective (Q75) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2019 sitting.

**Source note:** lexacademy.com.pk quiz-view page, 'LAT Past Paper — September 1, 2019' (all 75 MCQs with four options and a marked key each, Q1–Q75 contiguous, in the official section order — English 20, General Knowledge 20, Pakistan Studies 10, Islamic Studies 10, Urdu 10, Mathematics 5; accessed 9 Nov 2026). Every explanation below is original. Second source: pklawnotes records 'HEC LAT Past Paper 01 September 2019'; LAT360 contents list 'Date: 01 September 2019'. 0 printed-key corrections and 1 DEFECTIVE-excluded (Q75: the correct simplification is 5x + 5 and no option gives it; the printed key C (5x − 5) has the wrong sign on the constant), all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. RECONSTRUCTION CAVEAT (recorded openly): the reproduction is a candidate-recall reconstruction of the 1 September 2019 LAT, not an official HEC paper — HEC does not publish LAT papers after the test; lexacademy's own book note states every paper in it 'has been reconstructed from candidates who sat that session, so it reflects the pattern and the standard of the real paper rather than being an official HEC document'. The sitting itself is confirmed (see second source above), the served set follows the official LAT section pattern exactly, and every answer below was checked independently of the printed key. This is the same standing as 37ac (LAT 4 Feb 2024), 37ly, 37lz, 37ma and 37nk–37no. All decisions by the assistant under the owner's 8

# Question 1 English

HASSLE similar meaning

- A. Convenience
- B. Inconvenience ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Celebration
- D. Clarity

**A.** Wrong: convenience is the opposite of hassle, not its synonym.

**B.** Correct: hassle means inconvenience or trouble.

**C.** Wrong: celebration has nothing to do with hassle.

**D.** Wrong: clarity has nothing to do with hassle.

# Question 2 English

EXPLICIT similar meaning

- A. Vague
- B. Hidden
- C. Implicit
- D. Obvious ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: vague is the opposite of explicit.

**B.** Wrong: hidden is the opposite of explicit.

**C.** Wrong: implicit is the opposite of explicit.

**D.** Correct: explicit means stated clearly, i.e. obvious and plain.

# 3 English

CANDID similar meaning

- A. Deceitful
- B. Guarded
- C. Truthful ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Wordy

**A.** Wrong: deceitful is the opposite of candid.

**B.** Wrong: guarded is the opposite of candid.

**C.** Correct: candid means frank and truthful.

**D.** Wrong: wordy means using many words, not candid.

# Question 4 English

EPIDEMIC closest meaning

- A. Outbreak widespread disease ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Contagious
- C. Isolated
- D. Local

**A.** Correct: an epidemic is an outbreak of a widespread disease.

**B.** Wrong: contagious describes how a disease spreads, not an epidemic itself.

**C.** Wrong: isolated is the opposite of an epidemic.

**D.** Wrong: local is the opposite of an epidemic.

# Question 5 English

ASTONISHING similar meaning

azing ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Dull
- C. Routine
- D. Weak

**A.** Correct: astonishing means amazing or surprising.

**B.** Wrong: dull is the opposite of astonishing.

**C.** Wrong: routine is the opposite of astonishing.

**D.** Wrong: weak has nothing to do with astonishing.

## Question 6 English

DISTRESS similar meaning

- A. Relief
- B. Joy
- C. Anguish ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Calm

**A.** Wrong: relief is the opposite of distress.

**B.** Wrong: joy is the opposite of distress.

**C.** Correct: distress means anguish or suffering.

**D.** Wrong: calm is the opposite of distress.

## Question 7 English

EAGER similar meaning

- A. Reluctant
- B. Keen ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ambitious

**A.** Wrong: reluctant is the opposite of eager.

**B.** Correct: eager means keen or enthusiastic.

**C.** Wrong: ambitious means driven to succeed — related, but keen is the direct synonym.

**D.** Wrong: idle is the opposite of eager.

## Question 8 English

SOLICITOUS opposite

- A. Concerned
- B. Caring
- C. Indifferent ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Attentive

**A.** Wrong: concerned is the meaning of solicitous, not its opposite.

**B.** Wrong: caring is the meaning of solicitous, not its opposite.

**C.** Correct: solicitous means caring and concerned, so its opposite is indifferent.

**D.** Wrong: attentive is close to solicitous, not its opposite.

## Question 9 English

GRAB similar meaning

- A. Drop
- B. Seize ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Scatter
- D. Release

**A.** Wrong: drop is the opposite of grab.

grab means to seize suddenly.

**C.** Wrong: scatter is the opposite of grab.

**D.** Wrong: release is the opposite of grab.

## Question 10 English

RELEASE similar meaning

- A. Catch
- B. Bind
- C. Free ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Capture

**A.** Wrong: catch is the opposite of release.

**B.** Wrong: bind is the opposite of release.

**C.** Correct: release means to free or let go.

**D.** Wrong: capture is the opposite of release.

## Question 11 English

PRECEDENT closest meaning

- A. Outcome
- B. Norm
- C. Earlier example ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Forecast

**A.** Wrong: outcome is a result, not a precedent.

**B.** Wrong: norm is a standard, not a precedent.

**C.** Correct: a precedent is an earlier example used as a guide.

recast is a prediction, not a precedent.

## Question 12 English

ENTITLE closest meaning

- A. Forbid
- B. Deny
- C. Authorize ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Complain

**A.** Wrong: forbid is the opposite of entitle.

**B.** Wrong: deny is the opposite of entitle.

**C.** Correct: entitle means to authorize or give a right to.

**D.** Wrong: complain has nothing to do with entitle.

## Question 13 English

RETRIEVE closest meaning

- A. Rescue person
- B. Recover get back ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Remove
- D. Reverse

**A.** Wrong: rescue a person is a narrower meaning — retrieve is to get something back.

**B.** Correct: retrieve means to recover or get something back.

**C.** Wrong: remove is to take away, not to retrieve.

**D.** Wrong: reverse is to undo, not to retrieve.

## 14 English

DISTORTION closest meaning

- A. Clarification
- B. Twisting ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Framing
- D. Imitation

**A.** Wrong: clarification is the opposite of distortion.

**B.** Correct: distortion means a twisting of facts or shape.

**C.** Wrong: framing is presenting, not distorting.

**D.** Wrong: imitation is copying, not distorting.

## Question 15 English

PRECISION closest meaning

- A. Perfection
- B. Accuracy ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Expectation
- D. Prediction

**A.** Wrong: perfection is flawlessness, not precision.

**B.** Correct: precision means accuracy.

**C.** Wrong: expectation is what is hoped for, not precision.

**D.** Wrong: prediction is a forecast, not precision.

## Question 16 English

The windows are bare because I ___ have any curtains

- B. dont ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. didnt
- D. am

**A.** Wrong: do does not fit — the sentence needs a negative auxiliary.

**B.** Correct: the windows are bare because I don't have any curtains.

**C.** Wrong: didn't is past tense; the sentence is present.

**D.** Wrong: am does not fit — the sentence needs have, not be.

## Question 17 English

___ money do you have

- A. Many
- B. Much
- C. How much ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. How many

**A.** Wrong: many is used with countable nouns, not money.

**B.** Wrong: much alone cannot begin this question — it needs how.

**C.** Correct: money is uncountable, so how much money do you have.

**D.** Wrong: how many is used with countable nouns, not money.

## Question 18 English

Derived from the Latin exagium the word essay no longer matches reality ___

- A. therefore
- B. before
- C. as we know it ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: therefore does not complete the sentence idiomatically.

**B.** Wrong: before does not complete the sentence.

**C.** Correct: the word essay no longer matches reality as we know it.

**D.** Wrong: as ever does not complete the sentence.

## Question 19 English

Where did you ___ last summer

- A. gone
- B. went
- C. visit
- D. go ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: gone is the past participle; did needs the base verb.

**B.** Wrong: went is the past tense; did needs the base verb.

**C.** Wrong: visit does not fit — did you visit would need an object and a different sense.

**D.** Correct: where did you go last summer — did takes the base verb go.

## Question 20 English

Education must focus ___ helping students gain information-management and innovation skills

- A. at
- B. to
- C. for
- D. on ✓ **Correct answer**

cus at is not the idiom.

**B.** Wrong: focus to is not the idiom.

**C.** Wrong: focus for is not the idiom.

**D.** Correct: the idiom is focus on something.

## Question 21 General Knowledge

Country with the largest population today

- A. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. USA
- C. Indonesia
- D. India

**A.** Correct: on the 1 September 2019 exam date China was still the most populous country — UN World Population Prospects 2019 puts China at about 1.434 billion and India at about 1.366 billion.

**B.** Wrong: the USA is the third most populous country, not the first.

**C.** Wrong: Indonesia is the fourth most populous country, not the first.

**D.** Wrong: India overtook China only in April 2023 — the printed key D reflects the post-2023 position, not the exam date.

## Question 22 General Knowledge

Karakoram Highway connects

- A. Pakistan-Afghanistan
- B. Pakistan-Iran
- C. Pakistan-China ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. China-Afghanistan

e Karakoram Highway does not connect Pakistan with Afghanistan.

**B.** Wrong: the Karakoram Highway does not connect Pakistan with Iran.

**C.** Correct: the Karakoram Highway connects Pakistan with China.

**D.** Wrong: the Karakoram Highway does not connect China with Afghanistan.

## Question 23 General Knowledge

The English Channel lies between

- A. England-Ireland
- B. England UK and France ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. France-Spain
- D. Scotland-Norway

**A.** Wrong: the English Channel does not lie between England and Ireland.

**B.** Correct: the English Channel lies between England (the UK) and France.

**C.** Wrong: the English Channel does not lie between France and Spain.

**D.** Wrong: the English Channel does not lie between Scotland and Norway.

## Question 24 General Knowledge

The Commonwealth mainly includes countries formerly part of the

- A. EU
- B. NATO
- C. British Empire ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. OPEC

**A.** Wrong: the Commonwealth is not mainly EU countries.

**B.** Wrong: the Commonwealth is not mainly NATO countries.

The Commonwealth mainly includes countries formerly part of the British Empire.

**D.** Wrong: the Commonwealth is not mainly OPEC countries.

## Question 25 General Knowledge

BREXIT is the exit of the

- A. United Kingdom from the European Union ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. England from NATO
- C. Britain from the UN
- D. UK from the Commonwealth

**A.** Correct: BREXIT is the exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union.

**B.** Wrong: BREXIT is not an exit from NATO.

**C.** Wrong: BREXIT is not an exit from the UN.

**D.** Wrong: BREXIT is not an exit from the Commonwealth.

## Question 26 General Knowledge

Country with no single written codified constitution

- A. Germany
- B. France
- C. United Kingdom ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Italy

**A.** Wrong: Germany has a written codified constitution, the Basic Law.

**B.** Wrong: France has a written codified constitution.

**C.** Correct: the United Kingdom has no single written codified constitution.

aly has a written codified constitution.

## Question 27 General Knowledge

Host of FIFA World Cup 2022

- A. Russia
- B. USA
- C. Qatar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Japan

**A.** Wrong: Russia hosted the 2018 World Cup, not 2022.

**B.** Wrong: the USA hosts the 2026 World Cup, not 2022.

**C.** Correct: Qatar hosted the FIFA World Cup 2022.

**D.** Wrong: Japan hosted the 2002 World Cup, not 2022.

## Question 28 General Knowledge

US President tenure

- A. 3 years
- B. 4 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 5 years
- D. 6 years

**A.** Wrong: the US President's tenure is four years, not three.

**B.** Correct: a US President serves a four-year term.

**C.** Wrong: the US President's tenure is four years, not five.

**D.** Wrong: the US President's tenure is four years, not six.

# 29 General Knowledge

Which is an operating system

- A. MS Office
- B. Chrome
- C. Microsoft Windows ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Photoshop

**A.** Wrong: MS Office is application software, not an operating system.

**B.** Wrong: Chrome is a web browser, not an operating system.

**C.** Correct: Microsoft Windows is an operating system.

**D.** Wrong: Photoshop is application software, not an operating system.

# Question 30 General Knowledge

The Eiffel Tower is in

- A. London
- B. Rome
- C. Berlin
- D. Paris ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: the Eiffel Tower is not in London.

**B.** Wrong: the Eiffel Tower is not in Rome.

**C.** Wrong: the Eiffel Tower is not in Berlin.

**D.** Correct: the Eiffel Tower is in Paris.

# Question 31 General Knowledge

The Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in

- B. 1979 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1980
- D. 1981

**A.** Wrong: the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in December 1979, not 1978.

**B.** Correct: the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in 1979.

**C.** Wrong: the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in 1979, not 1980.

**D.** Wrong: the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in 1979, not 1981.

## Question 32 General Knowledge

Major tea producer

- A. Bangladesh
- B. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Saudi Arabia
- D. Brazil

**A.** Wrong: Bangladesh is a tea producer but smaller than China.

**B.** Correct: China is the largest producer of tea.

**C.** Wrong: Saudi Arabia is not a tea producer.

**D.** Wrong: Brazil is a small tea producer compared with China.

## Question 33 General Knowledge

The Kabul River enters Pakistan in the province of

- A. Balochistan
- B. Punjab
- C. Sindh

ber Pakhtunkhwa ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: the Kabul River does not enter Pakistan in Balochistan.

**B.** Wrong: the Kabul River does not enter Pakistan in Punjab.

**C.** Wrong: the Kabul River does not enter Pakistan in Sindh.

**D.** Correct: the Kabul River enters Pakistan in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

## Question 34 General Knowledge

Which pair shares a land border

- A. Iran-China
- B. UK-Netherlands
- C. Afghanistan-China ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Japan-Russia

**A.** Wrong: Iran and China share no land border.

**B.** Wrong: the UK and the Netherlands share no land border.

**C.** Correct: Afghanistan and China share a land border (the Wakhan corridor).

**D.** Wrong: Japan and Russia share no land border.

## Question 35 General Knowledge

Genghis Khan founded the

- A. Ottoman Empire
- B. Roman Empire
- C. Mongol Empire ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Persian Empire

**A.** Wrong: the Ottoman Empire was founded by Osman, not Genghis Khan.

e Roman Empire was not founded by Genghis Khan.

**C.** Correct: Genghis Khan founded the Mongol Empire.

**D.** Wrong: the Persian Empire was not founded by Genghis Khan.

## Question 36 General Knowledge

UN Headquarters is in

- A. Geneva
- B. Vienna
- C. New York ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Nairobi

**A.** Wrong: Geneva hosts UN offices but not the Headquarters.

**B.** Wrong: Vienna hosts UN offices but not the Headquarters.

**C.** Correct: the United Nations Headquarters is in New York.

**D.** Wrong: Nairobi hosts UN offices but not the Headquarters.

## Question 37 General Knowledge

Country not a declared nuclear power

- A. India
- B. China
- C. Pakistan
- D. Germany ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: India is a declared nuclear power.

**B.** Wrong: China is a declared nuclear power.

**C.** Wrong: Pakistan is a declared nuclear power.

ermany is not a declared nuclear power.

## Question 38 General Knowledge

CPEC is a project between

- A. Pakistan-Iran
- B. Pakistan-China ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Pakistan-Turkey
- D. China-Afghanistan

**A.** Wrong: CPEC is not a Pakistan-Iran project.

**B.** Correct: CPEC is the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor, a project between Pakistan and China.

**C.** Wrong: CPEC is not a Pakistan-Turkey project.

**D.** Wrong: CPEC is not a China-Afghanistan project.

## Question 39 General Knowledge

Sea between Europe and Asia via Turkish straits link

- A. Coral Sea
- B. Black Sea ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Arabian Sea
- D. Baltic Sea

**A.** Wrong: the Coral Sea is in the Pacific, not between Europe and Asia.

**B.** Correct: the Black Sea lies between Europe and Asia, linked through the Turkish straits.

**C.** Wrong: the Arabian Sea is south of Pakistan, not between Europe and Asia.

**D.** Wrong: the Baltic Sea is in northern Europe, not between Europe and Asia.

# 40 General Knowledge

Which European country is not an EU member

- A. Austria
- B. Spain
- C. Switzerland ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Portugal

**A.** Wrong: Austria is an EU member.

**B.** Wrong: Spain is an EU member.

**C.** Correct: Switzerland is not an EU member.

**D.** Wrong: Portugal is an EU member.

# Question 41 Pakistan Studies

Pervez Musharraf resigned on

- A. 18 Aug 2007
- B. 18 Aug 2008 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 18 Sep 2008
- D. 18 Aug 2009

**A.** Wrong: Musharraf resigned on 18 August 2008, not 2007.

**B.** Correct: Pervez Musharraf resigned on 18 August 2008.

**C.** Wrong: Musharraf resigned on 18 August 2008, not September.

**D.** Wrong: Musharraf resigned on 18 August 2008, not 2009.

# Question 42 Pakistan Studies

Supreme Court suo motu power Article

(3)

- B. 184(3) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 199
- D. 175

**A.** Wrong: Article 185(3) concerns appeals to the Supreme Court, not suo motu power.

**B.** Correct: Article 184(3) of the Constitution gives the Supreme Court suo motu power.

**C.** Wrong: Article 199 concerns High Court writ jurisdiction, not Supreme Court suo motu power.

**D.** Wrong: Article 175 concerns the establishment of courts, not suo motu power.

## Question 43 Pakistan Studies

FATA-KP merger via the

- A. 24th Amendment
- B. 25th Amendment ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 26th
- D. 20th

**A.** Wrong: the 24th Amendment is not the FATA-KP merger.

**B.** Correct: the 25th Amendment (2018) merged FATA with Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

**C.** Wrong: the 26th Amendment is not the FATA-KP merger.

**D.** Wrong: the 20th Amendment is not the FATA-KP merger.

## Question 44 Pakistan Studies

Longest railway platform

- A. Lahore
- B. Multan

ri ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Khanewal

**A.** Wrong: Lahore station's platform is not the longest in Pakistan.

**B.** Wrong: Multan station's platform is not the longest in Pakistan.

**C.** Correct: Rohri Junction has the longest railway platform in Pakistan.

**D.** Wrong: Khanewal station's platform is not the longest in Pakistan.

## Question 45 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan's Permanent Representative to the UN

- A. Maleeha Lodhi
- B. Munir Akram ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hussain Haroon
- D. Abdullah H. Haroon

**A.** Wrong: Maleeha Lodhi held the post until the end of August 2019, when she was replaced.

**B.** Correct: Munir Akram was appointed Pakistan's Permanent Representative to the UN on 30 August 2019, two days before this test.

**C.** Wrong: Hussain Haroon was Permanent Representative earlier, not in 2019.

**D.** Wrong: Abdullah Hussain Haroon was Permanent Representative earlier, not in 2019.

## Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Islamabad chosen as capital by commission in

- A. 1957
- B. 1959 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1961

**A.** Wrong: Islamabad was not chosen in 1957.

**B.** Correct: the commission chose the site of Islamabad in 1959.

**C.** Wrong: Islamabad was not chosen in 1961.

**D.** Wrong: Islamabad was not chosen in 1965.

## Question 47 Pakistan Studies

Capital shifted to Islamabad from

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Quetta
- D. Peshawar

**A.** Wrong: the capital was not shifted from Lahore.

**B.** Correct: the capital was shifted to Islamabad from Karachi.

**C.** Wrong: the capital was not shifted from Quetta.

**D.** Wrong: the capital was not shifted from Peshawar.

## Question 48 Pakistan Studies

General Elections in Pakistan are held every

- A. 3 years
- B. 4 years
- C. 5 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 6 years

**A.** Wrong: general elections are held every five years, not three.

general elections are held every five years, not four.

**C.** Correct: general elections in Pakistan are held every five years.

**D.** Wrong: general elections are held every five years, not six.

## Question 49 Pakistan Studies

National game of Pakistan

- A. Cricket
- B. Football
- C. Kabaddi
- D. Hockey Field ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: cricket is the most popular game, not the national game.

**B.** Wrong: football is not the national game.

**C.** Wrong: kabaddi is not the national game.

**D.** Correct: field hockey is the national game of Pakistan.

## Question 50 Pakistan Studies

The Indus River does not flow through

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh
- C. Balochistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

**A.** Wrong: the Indus flows through Punjab.

**B.** Wrong: the Indus flows through Sindh.

**C.** Correct: the Indus does not flow through Balochistan — it flows through Gilgit-Baltistan,

tunkhwa, Punjab and Sindh.

**D.** Wrong: the Indus flows through Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

## Question 51 Islamic Studies

The Year of Sorrow when both passed away

- A. Abu Talib only
- B. Khadijah RA only
- C. Hamza RA
- D. Khadijah RA and Abu Talib ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: Abu Talib only is wrong — Khadijah (RA) also passed away that year.

**B.** Wrong: Khadijah (RA) only is wrong — Abu Talib also passed away that year.

**C.** Wrong: Hamza (RA) died later, at Uhud, not in the Year of Sorrow.

**D.** Correct: the Year of Sorrow (Aam al-Huzn) is when both Khadijah (RA) and Abu Talib passed away.

## Question 52 Islamic Studies

The first battle of Islam

- A. Uhud
- B. Khandaq
- C. Hunayn
- D. Badr ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: Uhud was the second major battle, not the first.

**B.** Wrong: Khandaq (the Trench) was later, not the first.

**C.** Wrong: Hunayn was later, not the first.

adr was the first battle of Islam (2 AH).

## Question 53 Islamic Studies

Most important Hajj day Wuquf-e-Arafah is on

- A. 8 Dhul-Hijjah
- B. 9 Dhul-Hijjah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10 Dhul-Hijjah
- D. 12 Dhul-Hijjah

**A.** Wrong: 8 Dhul-Hijjah is the Day of Tarwiyah, not Wuquf-e-Arafah.

**B.** Correct: Wuquf-e-Arafah, the most important day of Hajj, is on 9 Dhul-Hijjah.

**C.** Wrong: 10 Dhul-Hijjah is the Day of Sacrifice (Eid al-Adha), not Wuquf-e-Arafah.

**D.** Wrong: 12 Dhul-Hijjah is a day of stoning, not Wuquf-e-Arafah.

## Question 54 Islamic Studies

Islamic calendar begins with

- A. Safar
- B. Ramadan
- C. Rabi al-Awwal
- D. Muharram ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: Safar is the second month, not the first.

**B.** Wrong: Ramadan is the ninth month, not the first.

**C.** Wrong: Rabi al-Awwal is the third month, not the first.

**D.** Correct: the Islamic calendar begins with Muharram.

## 55 Islamic Studies

The Charter of Madinah was between Muslims and

- A. Christians
- B. Jews ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Romans
- D. Abyssinians

**A.** Wrong: the Charter of Madinah was with the Jews of Madinah, not Christians.

**B.** Correct: the Charter of Madinah was an agreement between the Muslims and the Jews of Madinah.

**C.** Wrong: the Charter of Madinah was not with the Romans.

**D.** Wrong: the Charter of Madinah was not with the Abyssinians.

## Question 56 Islamic Studies

Ritual that can be performed any time of the year

- A. Hajj
- B. Eid Salah
- C. Zakat
- D. Umrah ✓ **Correct answer**

**A.** Wrong: Hajj can only be performed in Dhul-Hijjah.

**B.** Wrong: Eid Salah is performed only on Eid days.

**C.** Wrong: Zakat is an annual obligation, not a ritual performed any time.

**D.** Correct: Umrah can be performed at any time of the year.

## 57 Islamic Studies

The Hajar al-Aswad was placed by

- A. Abu Bakr RA
- B. Umar RA
- C. Prophet Muhammad PBUH ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Uthman RA

**A.** Wrong: Abu Bakr (RA) did not place the Hajar al-Aswad.

**B.** Wrong: Umar (RA) did not place the Hajar al-Aswad.

**C.** Correct: Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) placed the Black Stone during the rebuilding of the Kaaba.

**D.** Wrong: Uthman (RA) did not place the Hajar al-Aswad.

## Question 58 Islamic Studies

Khateeb-ul-Anbiya Orator among the Prophets

- A. Musa AS
- B. Ibrahim AS
- C. Shuayb AS ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Isa AS

**A.** Wrong: Musa (AS) is known as Kalimullah, not Khateeb-ul-Anbiya.

**B.** Wrong: Ibrahim (AS) is known as Khalilullah, not Khateeb-ul-Anbiya.

**C.** Correct: Shuayb (AS) is known as Khateeb-ul-Anbiya, the Orator among the Prophets.

**D.** Wrong: Isa (AS) is known as Ruhullah, not Khateeb-ul-Anbiya.

## 59 Islamic Studies

Approximate number of Makki surahs

- A. 72
- B. 86 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 100
- D. 114

**A.** Wrong: the number of Makki surahs is about 86, not 72.

**B.** Correct: there are approximately 86 Makki surahs.

**C.** Wrong: the number of Makki surahs is about 86, not 100.

**D.** Wrong: 114 is the total number of surahs, not the Makki ones.

## Question 60 Islamic Studies

Surah known as Umm-ul-Kitab

- A. Al-Ikhlas
- B. Al-Fatiha ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Al-Baqarah
- D. An-Nisa

**A.** Wrong: Al-Ikhlas is Surah al-Ikhlas, not Umm-ul-Kitab.

**B.** Correct: Surah al-Fatiha is known as Umm-ul-Kitab (the Mother of the Book).

**C.** Wrong: Al-Baqarah is the longest surah, not Umm-ul-Kitab.

**D.** Wrong: An-Nisa is not Umm-ul-Kitab.

## Question 61 Urdu

عبارت کا مطلب

B. عنوان

**Correct answer** ✓ C. غور سے پڑھی جانے والی تحریر

D. افواہ

**A.** Wrong: عبارة means picture, not تصویر.

**B.** Wrong: عبارة means title, not عنوان.

**C.** Correct: عبارة means a passage or piece of writing read carefully.

**D.** Wrong: عبارة means rumour, not افواہ.

## Question 62 Urdu

محاورہ ناک کٹنا کا مطلب

A. خوش ہونا

B. ناک زخمی ہونا

**Correct answer** ✓ C. ذلت یا رسوائی ہونا

D. تعریف ہونا

**A.** Wrong: ناک کٹنا means to be happy, not خوش ہونا.

**B.** Wrong: ناک زخمی ہونا means the nose being injured, not the idiom's meaning.

**C.** Correct: ناک کٹنا means disgrace or humiliation.

**D.** Wrong: تعریف ہونا means to be praised, the opposite of the idiom's meaning.

## 63 Urdu

واحد کی مثال

A. کتابیں•

B. درختوں•

**Correct answer ✓** C. پانی•

D. بچے•

**A.** Wrong: کتابیں is the plural of کتاب.

**B.** Wrong: درختوں is the plural oblique of درخت.

**C.** Correct: پانی is singular — the only singular example (water).

**D.** Wrong: بچے is the plural of بچہ.

## Question 64 Urdu

مذکر کی مثال

A. لڑکی•

B. عورت•

**Correct answer ✓** C. بچہ•

D. بہن•

**A.** Wrong: لڑکی is feminine.

**B.** Wrong: عورت is feminine.

**C.** Correct: بچہ is masculine.

**D.** Wrong: کہر

# Question 65 Urdu

مروت کا مطلب

A. غصہ

B. انا

**Correct answer** ✓ C. اخلاق یا دریادلی

D. سختی

**A.** Wrong: غصہ means anger, not مروت.

**B.** Wrong: انا means ego, not مروت.

**C.** Correct: مروت means courtesy, manners or generosity.

**D.** Wrong: سختی means harshness, the opposite of مروت.

# Question 66 Urdu

نوحہ کہنا

A. خوشی سے گانا

B. تقریر کرنا

**Correct answer** ✓ C. مرنے والے کے لیے دردناک آواز میں رونا

D. کھیلنا

**A.** Wrong: خوشی سے گانا means singing with joy, not نوحہ کہنا.

**B.** Wrong: تقریر کرنا means giving a speech, not نوحہ کہنا.

**C.** Correct: نوحہ کہنا means lamenting the dead in a sorrowful voice.

**D.** Wrong: کھیلنا means playing, not نوحہ کہنا.

## Question 67 Urdu

خوش فہمی

A. بدگمانی

B. ناسمجھی میں خوش ہونا ✓ **Correct answer**

C. یقین کامل

D. تکبر

**A.** Wrong: بدگمانی means suspicion, not خوش فہمی.

**B.** Correct: خوش فہمی means being happy in a misunderstanding — a false pleasant impression.

**C.** Wrong: یقین کامل means complete certainty, not خوش فہمی.

**D.** Wrong: تکبر means arrogance, not خوش فہمی.

## Question 68 Urdu

راہ پر لگانا

A. گمراہ کرنا

B. سدھارنا ✓ **Correct answer**

C. چھوڑ دینا

D. بھٹکانا

**A.** Wrong: گمراہ کرنا means to mislead, the opposite of

**B.** Correct: راہ پر لگانا means to set someone right or guide them.

**C.** Wrong: چھوڑ دینا means to leave, not راہ پر لگانا.

**D.** Wrong: بھٹکانا means to mislead, the opposite of راہ پر لگانا.

# Question 69 Urdu

ہنر

A. کمزوری

B. دولت

**Correct answer** ✓ C. کام کی مہارت

D. آرام

**A.** Wrong: کمزوری means weakness, not ہنر.

**B.** Wrong: دولت means wealth, not ہنر.

**C.** Correct: ہنر means skill or craftsmanship.

**D.** Wrong: آرام means rest, not ہنر.

# Question 70 Urdu

واضح کا متضاد

A. روشن

B. صریح

C. صاف

**Answer ✓ D.** مبہم

**A.** Wrong: روشن means bright — close to واضح, not its opposite.

**B.** Wrong: صریح means clear — a synonym of واضح.

**C.** Wrong: صاف means clear — a synonym of واضح.

**D.** Correct: مبہم means clear, so its opposite is واضح (vague).

## Question 71 Mathematics

1/4 minus 1/4 plus 2/4 plus 4/8 equals

- A. 0
- B. 1 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1/2
- D. 1/4

**A.** Wrong: 1/4 − 1/4 + 2/4 + 4/8 = 0 + 1/2 + 1/2 = 1, not 0.

**B.** Correct: 1/4 − 1/4 = 0, 2/4 = 1/2, 4/8 = 1/2, and 0 + 1/2 + 1/2 = 1.

**C.** Wrong: the sum is 1, not 1/2.

**D.** Wrong: the sum is 1, not 1/4.

## Question 72 Mathematics

A house bought for Rs 5000000 is sold at 5 percent profit. Profit equals

- A. 200000
- B. 250000 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 300000
- D. 350000

percent of Rs 5,000,000 is Rs 250,000, not Rs 200,000.

**B.** Correct: 5 percent of Rs 5,000,000 = Rs 250,000 profit.

**C.** Wrong: 5 percent of Rs 5,000,000 is Rs 250,000, not Rs 300,000.

**D.** Wrong: 5 percent of Rs 5,000,000 is Rs 250,000, not Rs 350,000.

## Question 73 Mathematics

In a class of 64 if 36 percent are boys how many girls

- A. 40
- B. 41 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 42
- D. 39

**A.** Wrong: 36 percent of 64 is 23.04 boys, so girls = 64 − 23.04 = 40.96, i.e. 41 — not 40.

**B.** Correct: boys are 36 percent of 64 = 23.04, so girls = 64 − 23.04 = 40.96, i.e. 41 whole girls.

**C.** Wrong: girls number 40.96, i.e. 41 — not 42.

**D.** Wrong: girls number 40.96, i.e. 41 — not 39.

## Question 74 Mathematics

Solve x/3 plus x/3 plus 12x minus 4 equals 0

- A. 0
- B. 6/19 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1
- D. 4/3

**A.** Wrong: x = 6/19, not 0.

/3 + x/3 + 12x − 4 = 0 gives 2x/3 + 12x = 4, so 38x/3 = 4 and x = 12/38 = 6/19.

**C.** Wrong: x = 6/19, not 1.

**D.** Wrong: x = 6/19, not 4/3.

## Question 75 Mathematics

Simplify 2x plus 3 plus 6x minus 3 minus 3x plus 5

- A. 5x minus 1
- B. 4x minus 5
- C. 5x minus 5
- D. 7x plus 1

**No answer is given for this question, and none is taught.** NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation)

**A.** Wrong: the correct simplification is 5x + 5 — 2x + 6x − 3x = 5x and 3 − 3 + 5 = 5 — so no option is correct.

**B.** Wrong: 5x + 5 is not 4x − 5.

**C.** Wrong: 5x + 5 is not 5x − 5 — the constant has the wrong sign; the printed key C is wrong.

**D.** Wrong: 5x + 5 is not 7x + 1.

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