Law Admission Test (LAT) — 2021 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Higher Education Commission (HEC) · **Post:** Law Admission Test (LAT) · **Year:** 2021 · **Questions:** 75 in the original paper — **75 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2021 sitting.

Source note: lexacademy.com.pk quiz-view page, 'LAT Past Paper — March 7, 2021' (all 75 MCQs with four options and a marked key each, Q1–Q75 contiguous, in the official section order — English 20, General Knowledge 20, Pakistan Studies 10, Islamic Studies 10, Urdu 10, Mathematics 5; accessed 9 Nov 2026). Every explanation below is original. Second source: ilmkidunya records 'HEC LAT test will be held... on 7th March 2021'; fsconline records 'the test will be on 07 March 2021'; pklawnotes records 'LAW LAT PAST PAPER 07 March 2021'; LAT360 contents list 'Date: 07 March 2021'. 0 printed-key corrections and 1 PICK-ONE (Q44: 'Pakistan has traditionally excelled in' — C (Squash) kept per the printed key; B (Hockey) is also defensible), all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. RECONSTRUCTION CAVEAT (recorded openly): the reproduction is a candidate-recall reconstruction of the 7 March 2021 LAT, not an official HEC paper — HEC does not publish LAT papers after the test; lexacademy's own book note states every paper in it 'has been reconstructed from candidates who sat that session, so it reflects the pattern and the standard of the real paper rather than being an official HEC document'. The sitting itself is confirmed (see second source above), the served set follows the official LAT section pattern exactly, and every answer below was checked independently of the printed key. This is the same standing as 37ac (LAT 4 Feb 2024), 37ly, 37lz, 37ma and 37nk–37no. All decisions by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

1 English

Faisalabad is famous ___ its textile mills

- A. at
- B. in
- C. about
- D. for ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: famous at is not the idiom.

B. Wrong: famous in is not the idiom.

C. Wrong: famous about is not the idiom.

D. Correct: Faisalabad is famous for its textile mills.

Question 2 English

The train departs ___ A1

- A. at
- B. on
- C. from ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. to

A. Wrong: departs at is not used for a platform.

B. Wrong: departs on is not the idiom.

C. Correct: the train departs from platform A1.

D. Wrong: departs to is not the idiom.

Question 3 English

He does not leave hours ___ 9 am

- B. around
- C. beyond
- D. before ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: after does not fit — he does not leave hours after 9 am.

B. Wrong: around does not fit.

C. Wrong: beyond does not fit.

D. Correct: he does not leave hours before 9 am.

Question 4 English

He ran twelve miles ___ two hours

- A. at
- B. by
- C. in ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. for

A. Wrong: ran at two hours is not the idiom.

B. Wrong: ran by two hours is not the idiom.

C. Correct: he ran twelve miles in two hours.

D. Wrong: ran for two hours would describe duration, not distance in time.

Question 5 English

He is afraid ___ the snake

- A. from
- B. with
- C. by

✓ Correct answer

A. Wrong: afraid from is not the idiom.

B. Wrong: afraid with is not the idiom.

C. Wrong: afraid by is not the idiom.

D. Correct: the idiom is afraid of.

Question 6 English

My pen is similar ___ your pen

- A. with
- B. at
- C. for
- D. to ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: similar with is not the idiom.

B. Wrong: similar at is not the idiom.

C. Wrong: similar for is not the idiom.

D. Correct: the idiom is similar to.

Question 7 English

You are eligible ___ this post

- A. to
- B. with
- C. on
- D. for ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: eligible to is not the idiom for a post.

gible with is not the idiom.

C. Wrong: eligible on is not the idiom.

D. Correct: the idiom is eligible for this post.

Question 8 English

A knife is used to cut ___

- A. off
- B. out
- C. with ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. up

A. Wrong: cut off means to sever, not the instrument.

B. Wrong: cut out means to remove, not the instrument.

C. Correct: a knife is used to cut with.

D. Wrong: cut up means to chop, not the instrument.

Question 9 English

BLOOMING — Opposite

- A. Budding
- B. Growing
- C. Blossoming
- D. Withering ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: budding is a synonym of blooming, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: growing is a synonym of blooming, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: blossoming is a synonym of blooming, not its opposite.

looming means flourishing, so its opposite is withering.

Question 10 English

CALIBRE — Opposite

- A. Talent
- B. Quality
- C. Merit
- D. Inferiority ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: talent is a synonym of calibre, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: quality is a synonym of calibre, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: merit is a synonym of calibre, not its opposite.

D. Correct: calibre means quality or ability, so its opposite is inferiority.

Question 11 English

INSOLVENT — Opposite

- A. Indebted
- B. Bankrupt
- C. Penniless
- D. Wealthy ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: indebted is a synonym of insolvent, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: bankrupt is a synonym of insolvent, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: penniless is a synonym of insolvent, not its opposite.

D. Correct: insolvent means unable to pay debts, so its opposite is wealthy.

12 English

HABITUAL — Opposite

- A. Customary
- B. Regular
- C. Usual
- D. Irregular ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: customary is a synonym of habitual, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: regular is a synonym of habitual, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: usual is a synonym of habitual, not its opposite.

D. Correct: habitual means regular, so its opposite is irregular.

Question 13 English

FORBID — Opposite

- A. Refuse
- B. Block
- C. Ban
- D. Allow ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: refuse is a synonym of forbid, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: block is a synonym of forbid, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: ban is a synonym of forbid, not its opposite.

D. Correct: forbid means to prohibit, so its opposite is allow.

Question 14 English

RELINQUISH — Opposite

- B. Surrender
- C. Yield
- D. Retain ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: abandon is a synonym of relinquish, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: surrender is a synonym of relinquish, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: yield is a synonym of relinquish, not its opposite.

D. Correct: relinquish means to give up, so its opposite is retain.

Question 15 English

EMBRACING — Opposite

- A. Near
- B. Approaching
- C. Welcoming
- D. Excluding ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: near is related to embracing, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: approaching is related to embracing, not its opposite.

C. Wrong: welcoming is a synonym of embracing, not its opposite.

D. Correct: embracing means including, so its opposite is excluding.

Question 16 English

LIMELIGHT — Similar

- A. Secrecy
- B. Obscurity
- C. Fame ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: secrecy is the opposite of limelight.

B. Wrong: obscurity is the opposite of limelight.

C. Correct: limelight means fame or public attention.

D. Wrong: solitude is being alone, not limelight.

Question 17 English

GRATITUDE — Similar

- A. Complaint
- B. Courtesy
- C. Thankfulness ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Promise

A. Wrong: complaint is the opposite of gratitude.

B. Wrong: courtesy is politeness, not gratitude.

C. Correct: gratitude means thankfulness.

D. Wrong: promise is not gratitude.

Question 18 English

ADMISSION — Similar

- A. Refusal
- B. Rejection
- C. Acceptance ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Evasion

A. Wrong: refusal is the opposite of admission.

jection is the opposite of admission.

C. Correct: admission means acceptance.

D. Wrong: evasion is avoidance, not admission.

Question 19 English

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT — Similar

- A. Denial
- B. Acceptance ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Decline
- D. Concealment

A. Wrong: denial is the opposite of acknowledgement.

B. Correct: acknowledgement means acceptance or recognition.

C. Wrong: decline is a refusal, not acknowledgement.

D. Wrong: concealment is hiding, the opposite of acknowledgement.

Question 20 English

OCULIST — Similar

- A. Dentist
- B. Eye specialist ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Heart surgeon
- D. Neurologist

A. Wrong: a dentist treats teeth, not eyes.

B. Correct: an oculist is an eye specialist.

C. Wrong: a heart surgeon treats the heart, not eyes.

neurologist treats the nervous system, not eyes.

Question 21 General Knowledge

First US President, "Father of his Country"

- A. Jefferson
- B. Adams
- C. George Washington ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Madison

A. Wrong: Jefferson was the third President, not the first.

B. Wrong: Adams was the second President, not the first.

C. Correct: George Washington was the first US President, the Father of his Country.

D. Wrong: Madison was the fourth President, not the first.

Question 22 General Knowledge

Founder of People's Republic of China

- A. Sun Yat-sen
- B. Deng Xiaoping
- C. Zhou Enlai
- D. Mao Zedong ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Sun Yat-sen founded the Republic of China, not the People's Republic.

B. Wrong: Deng Xiaoping was a later leader, not the founder.

C. Wrong: Zhou Enlai was the first Premier, not the founder.

D. Correct: Mao Zedong founded the People's Republic of China in 1949.

23 General Knowledge

Players on a volleyball team on court

- A. 5
- B. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 7
- D. 9

A. Wrong: five players is not a volleyball team on court.

B. Correct: a volleyball team has six players on court.

C. Wrong: seven is not the number of players on court.

D. Wrong: nine is not the number of players on court.

Question 24 General Knowledge

Warning card in football (soccer)

- A. Red
- B. Blue
- C. Yellow ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. White

A. Wrong: a red card means a sending-off, not a warning.

B. Wrong: a blue card is not used in football.

C. Correct: a yellow card is the warning card in football.

D. Wrong: a white card is not used in football.

Question 25 General Knowledge

First Pakistani woman to climb Mount Everest

- B. Samina Khayal
- C. Samina Baig ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Nazia Parveen

A. Wrong: Namira Salim is a mountaineer but not the first Pakistani woman on Everest.

B. Wrong: Samina Khayal is not the first Pakistani woman on Everest.

C. Correct: Samina Baig was the first Pakistani woman to climb Mount Everest (2013).

D. Wrong: Nazia Parveen is not the first Pakistani woman on Everest.

Question 26 General Knowledge

9/11 attacks on USA occurred in

- A. 1999
- B. 2000
- C. 2001 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 2002

A. Wrong: the 9/11 attacks occurred in 2001, not 1999.

B. Wrong: the 9/11 attacks occurred in 2001, not 2000.

C. Correct: the 9/11 attacks on the USA occurred on 11 September 2001.

D. Wrong: the 9/11 attacks occurred in 2001, not 2002.

Question 27 General Knowledge

Iranian Islamic Revolution occurred in

- A. 1977
- B. 1978
- C. 1979 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Iranian Islamic Revolution occurred in 1979, not 1977.

B. Wrong: the Iranian Islamic Revolution occurred in 1979, not 1978.

C. Correct: the Iranian Islamic Revolution occurred in 1979.

D. Wrong: the Iranian Islamic Revolution occurred in 1979, not 1980.

Question 28 General Knowledge

Who invaded Afghanistan in 1979

- A. USA
- B. UK
- C. Soviet Union ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Germany

A. Wrong: the USA did not invade Afghanistan in 1979.

B. Wrong: the UK did not invade Afghanistan in 1979.

C. Correct: the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in 1979.

D. Wrong: Germany did not invade Afghanistan in 1979.

Question 29 General Knowledge

Arab Spring began in

- A. 2008
- B. 2009
- C. 2010 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 2012

A. Wrong: the Arab Spring began in late 2010, not 2008.

e Arab Spring began in late 2010, not 2009.

C. Correct: the Arab Spring began in December 2010.

D. Wrong: the Arab Spring began in late 2010, not 2012.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Currency of Saudi Arabia

- A. Dinar
- B. Dirham
- C. Riyal ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Pound

A. Wrong: the dinar is the currency of several Arab states, not Saudi Arabia.

B. Wrong: the dirham is the currency of the UAE, not Saudi Arabia.

C. Correct: the riyal is the currency of Saudi Arabia.

D. Wrong: the pound is not the currency of Saudi Arabia.

Question 31 General Knowledge

Currency of China

- A. Yen
- B. Yuan (Renminbi) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Won
- D. Rupiah

A. Wrong: the yen is the currency of Japan, not China.

B. Correct: the yuan (renminbi) is the currency of China.

C. Wrong: the won is the currency of Korea, not China.

e rupiah is the currency of Indonesia, not China.

Question 32 General Knowledge

Capital of Turkey

- A. Istanbul
- B. Izmir
- C. Bursa
- D. Ankara ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Istanbul is the largest city but not the capital of Turkey.

B. Wrong: Izmir is not the capital of Turkey.

C. Wrong: Bursa is not the capital of Turkey.

D. Correct: Ankara is the capital of Turkey.

Question 33 General Knowledge

Sui Gas was discovered in

- A. Sindh
- B. Punjab
- C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- D. Balochistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Sui Gas was not discovered in Sindh.

B. Wrong: Sui Gas was not discovered in Punjab.

C. Wrong: Sui Gas was not discovered in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

D. Correct: Sui Gas was discovered at Sui in Balochistan.

34 General Knowledge

First Commander-in-Chief (Army Chief) of Pakistan

- A. Ayub Khan
- B. Douglas Gracey
- C. Gen Sir Frank Messervy ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Musa Khan

A. Wrong: Ayub Khan was the first Pakistani Commander-in-Chief, not the first overall.

B. Wrong: Douglas Gracey was the second Commander-in-Chief, not the first.

C. Correct: General Sir Frank Messervy was the first Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army.

D. Wrong: Musa Khan was a later Commander-in-Chief, not the first.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Accepting deposits and lending money is

- A. Auditing
- B. Accounting
- C. Banking ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bookkeeping

A. Wrong: auditing is checking accounts, not accepting deposits and lending.

B. Wrong: accounting is recording finances, not accepting deposits and lending.

C. Correct: accepting deposits and lending money is banking.

D. Wrong: bookkeeping is recording transactions, not accepting deposits and lending.

36 General Knowledge

Study of sky objects is called

- A. Astrology
- B. Aeronomy
- C. Astronomy ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Astrobiology

A. Wrong: astrology is fortune-telling by stars, not the study of sky objects.

B. Wrong: aeronomy is the study of the upper atmosphere, not sky objects.

C. Correct: astronomy is the study of sky objects.

D. Wrong: astrobiology is the study of life in the universe, not sky objects.

Question 37 General Knowledge

Gas used to extinguish fire

- A. Oxygen
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Helium
- D. Carbon dioxide ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: oxygen supports fire, it does not extinguish it.

B. Wrong: nitrogen does not extinguish fire in the standard sense.

C. Wrong: helium does not extinguish fire.

D. Correct: carbon dioxide is used to extinguish fire.

Question 38 General Knowledge

Country with largest proven natural gas reserves

sia ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Qatar
- C. USA
- D. Iran

A. Correct: Russia has the largest proven natural gas reserves in the world.

B. Wrong: Qatar has large reserves but smaller than Russia's.

C. Wrong: the USA has large reserves but smaller than Russia's.

D. Wrong: Iran has large reserves but smaller than Russia's.

Question 39 General Knowledge

Which city is located in Punjab?

- A. Larkana
- B. Quetta
- C. Sahiwal ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Gwadar

A. Wrong: Larkana is in Sindh, not Punjab.

B. Wrong: Quetta is in Balochistan, not Punjab.

C. Correct: Sahiwal is a city in Punjab.

D. Wrong: Gwadar is in Balochistan, not Punjab.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Diego Maradona belonged to

- A. Brazil
- B. Spain
- C. Italy

entina ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Maradona was not Brazilian.

B. Wrong: Maradona was not Spanish.

C. Wrong: Maradona played in Italy but was not Italian.

D. Correct: Diego Maradona belonged to Argentina.

Question 41 Pakistan Studies

Most significant demand of Simla Deputation 1906

- A. Separate provinces
- B. Dominion status
- C. Joint electorate
- D. Separate electorate ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: separate provinces was not the Simla Deputation's most significant demand.

B. Wrong: dominion status was not the Simla Deputation's demand.

C. Wrong: joint electorate was the opposite of the demand.

D. Correct: the most significant demand of the Simla Deputation (1906) was separate electorate.

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

Liaquat Ali Khan's oath was administered by

- A. Mountbatten
- B. Quaid-e-Azam M A Jinnah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Iskander Mirza
- D. Nazimuddin

ountbatten did not administer Liaquat Ali Khan's oath.

B. Correct: Liaquat Ali Khan's oath was administered by Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah.

C. Wrong: Iskander Mirza did not administer Liaquat Ali Khan's oath.

D. Wrong: Nazimuddin did not administer Liaquat Ali Khan's oath.

Question 43 Pakistan Studies

Last Viceroy of British India

- A. Wavell
- B. Linlithgow
- C. Curzon
- D. Lord Mountbatten ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Wavell was a Viceroy but not the last.

B. Wrong: Linlithgow was a Viceroy but not the last.

C. Wrong: Curzon was a Viceroy but not the last.

D. Correct: Lord Mountbatten was the last Viceroy of British India.

Question 44 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan has traditionally excelled in

- A. Cricket
- B. Hockey
- C. Squash ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Football

A. Wrong: cricket is popular in Pakistan, but the filed answer is squash (see C).

nsible. hockey is a strong claim — Pakistan won three Olympic gold medals and four Hockey World Cups. This is a PICK-ONE; C is filed per the printed key.

C. Correct (filed): squash — Jahangir Khan and Jansher Khan dominated world squash for decades; B (hockey) is also defensible, so this is a PICK-ONE filed per the printed key.

D. Wrong: football is not the sport Pakistan has traditionally excelled in.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

Urdu made official court language in

- A. 1800
- B. 1837 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1857
- D. 1901

A. Wrong: Urdu was not made the official court language in 1800.

B. Correct: Urdu was made the official court language in 1837, replacing Persian.

C. Wrong: Urdu was not made the official court language in 1857.

D. Wrong: Urdu was not made the official court language in 1901.

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Federal system divides powers between

- A. Federal and Local
- B. Judiciary and Executive
- C. Federal and Provincial governments ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. President and PM

A. Wrong: a federal system divides powers between federal and provincial governments, not federal and local.

e judiciary and executive are separate branches, not the federal division.

C. Correct: a federal system divides powers between the federal and provincial governments.

D. Wrong: the President and PM are offices, not the federal division.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

Social rights are also called

- A. Negative rights
- B. Civic duties
- C. Positive rights ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Legal privileges

A. Wrong: negative rights are rights against interference, not social rights.

B. Wrong: civic duties are obligations, not social rights.

C. Correct: social rights are also called positive rights.

D. Wrong: legal privileges are not social rights.

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

Good governance needs strong

- A. Military
- B. Civil service
- C. Judiciary
- D. Political culture ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the military is not what good governance needs most.

B. Wrong: the civil service is important but the bank answer is political culture.

e judiciary is important but the bank answer is political culture.

D. Correct: good governance needs a strong political culture.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan lies to the ___ of India

- A. south-east
- B. east
- C. north
- D. north-west ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Pakistan lies to the north-west of India, not the south-east.

B. Wrong: Pakistan lies to the north-west of India, not directly east.

C. Wrong: Pakistan lies to the north-west of India, not directly north.

D. Correct: Pakistan lies to the north-west of India.

Question 50 Pakistan Studies

Sui Gas is a key resource for the province of

- A. Sindh
- B. Punjab
- C. KP
- D. Balochistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Sui Gas is not a key resource of Sindh.

B. Wrong: Sui Gas is not a key resource of Punjab.

C. Wrong: Sui Gas is not a key resource of KP.

D. Correct: Sui Gas is a key resource for Balochistan, where it was discovered.

51 Islamic Studies

Greatest verse in Surah Al-Baqarah

- A. Last two verses
- B. Verse of Debt
- C. Ayat al-Kursi ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Verse of Fasting

A. Wrong: the last two verses are not the greatest verse in Al-Baqarah.

B. Wrong: the Verse of Debt is the longest verse, not the greatest.

C. Correct: Ayat al-Kursi (verse 255) is the greatest verse in Surah Al-Baqarah.

D. Wrong: the Verse of Fasting is not the greatest verse in Al-Baqarah.

Question 52 Islamic Studies

Unforgivable sin

- A. Theft
- B. Backbiting
- C. Lying
- D. Shirk ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: theft is a sin but not the unforgivable one.

B. Wrong: backbiting is a sin but not the unforgivable one.

C. Wrong: lying is a sin but not the unforgivable one.

D. Correct: shirk (associating partners with Allah) is the unforgivable sin.

Question 53 Islamic Studies

Seal of the Prophets

- B. Isa AS
- C. Musa AS
- D. Muhammad PBUH ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Ibrahim (AS) is a Prophet but not the Seal of the Prophets.

B. Wrong: Isa (AS) is a Prophet but not the Seal of the Prophets.

C. Wrong: Musa (AS) is a Prophet but not the Seal of the Prophets.

D. Correct: Muhammad (PBUH) is the Seal of the Prophets (Khatam-un-Nabiyyin).

Question 54 Islamic Studies

Prophet who built the Ark

- A. Ibrahim AS
- B. Nuh (Noah) AS ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Yunus AS
- D. Musa AS

A. Wrong: Ibrahim (AS) did not build the Ark.

B. Correct: Nuh (Noah) (AS) built the Ark.

C. Wrong: Yunus (AS) did not build the Ark.

D. Wrong: Musa (AS) did not build the Ark.

Question 55 Islamic Studies

A recurring claim of disbelievers addressed in Quran

- A. Angels are female
- B. There is no Hereafter ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Prophets are immortal

are gods

A. Wrong: angels are female was not the recurring claim addressed.

B. Correct: a recurring claim of the disbelievers addressed in the Quran is that there is no Hereafter.

C. Wrong: prophets are immortal was not the recurring claim addressed.

D. Wrong: jinn are gods was not the recurring claim addressed.

Question 56 Islamic Studies

Pillars of Islam

- A. Three
- B. Four
- C. Five ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Six

A. Wrong: there are five Pillars of Islam, not three.

B. Wrong: there are five Pillars of Islam, not four.

C. Correct: there are five Pillars of Islam.

D. Wrong: there are five Pillars of Islam, not six.

Question 57 Islamic Studies

Zakat becomes obligatory on gold at about

- A. 5 tola
- B. 7.5 tola ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10 tola
- D. 12 tola

ıkat on gold becomes obligatory at 7.5 tola, not 5 tola.

B. Correct: Zakat becomes obligatory on gold at about 7.5 tola (87.48 grams).

C. Wrong: Zakat on gold becomes obligatory at 7.5 tola, not 10 tola.

D. Wrong: Zakat on gold becomes obligatory at 7.5 tola, not 12 tola.

Question 58 Islamic Studies

Most stressed social right in ahadith

- A. Children
- B. Neighbors
- C. Spouse
- D. Parents ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: children are stressed but parents are the most stressed social right in ahadith.

B. Wrong: neighbours are stressed but parents are the most stressed social right in ahadith.

C. Wrong: spouse is stressed but parents are the most stressed social right in ahadith.

D. Correct: the rights of parents are the most stressed social right in ahadith.

Question 59 Islamic Studies

Who married two daughters of Prophet PBUH

- A. Abu Bakr RA
- B. Umar RA
- C. Ali RA
- D. Uthman RA ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Abu Bakr (RA) did not marry two daughters of the Prophet.

mar (RA) did not marry two daughters of the Prophet.

C. Wrong: Ali (RA) married Fatimah (RA) only.

D. Correct: Uthman (RA), Dhun-Nurayn, married two daughters of the Prophet (PBUH) — Ruqayyah and Umm Kulthum.

Question 60 Islamic Studies

Quran was first revealed in the

- A. Night of Isra
- B. Night of Prophethood
- C. Night of Power (Laylat al-Qadr) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Night of Miraj

A. Wrong: the Quran was first revealed on the Night of Power, not the Night of Isra.

B. Wrong: the Quran was first revealed on the Night of Power, not the Night of Prophethood.

C. Correct: the Quran was first revealed on the Night of Power (Laylat al-Qadr).

D. Wrong: the Quran was first revealed on the Night of Power, not the Night of Miraj.

Question 61 Urdu

خوش ادا کا مترادف

A. خوش لباس

B. خوش گفتار

C. خوش رو

Correct answer ✓ D. دلربا

A. Wrong: خوش لباس means well-dressed, not خوش ادا.

ns sweet-spoken, not خوش گفتار :**B.** Wrong

.خوش ادا means good-faced, not خوش رو :**C.** Wrong

.(charming) دلربا means graceful in manner, so its synonym is خوش ادا :**D.** Correct

Question 62 Urdu

بے سود کا مترادف

A. مفید

B. نقصان دہ

Correct answer ✓ C. غیر فائدہ مند

D. بے حس

.بے سود means useful — the opposite of مفید :**A.** Wrong

.means harmful, not useless نقصان دہ :**B.** Wrong

.غیر فائدہ مند means useless, so its synonym is بے سود :**C.** Correct

.means insensitive, not useless بے حس :**D.** Wrong

Question 63 Urdu

تفصیل کا مترادف لفظ

A. اختصار

B. بخوبی

C. غیر ضروری

Correct answer ✓ D. وضاحت

A. Wrong: اختصار means brevity — the opposite of تفصیل.

B. Wrong: بخوبی means well, not تفصیل.

C. Wrong: غیر ضروری means unnecessary, not تفصیل.

D. Correct: تفصیل means detail, so its synonym is وضاحت.

Question 64 Urdu

ہنگام سحر سے مراد

A. جنگ کا وقت

B. لڑائی کا وقت

C. شام کا وقت

Correct answer ✓ D. صبح کا وقت

A. Wrong: ہنگام سحر means wartime, not جنگ کا وقت.

B. Wrong: ہنگام سحر means time of fighting, not لڑائی کا وقت.

C. Wrong: ہنگام سحر means evening, not شام کا وقت.

D. Correct: ہنگام سحر means the time of dawn, i.e. صبح کا وقت.

Question 65 Urdu

خوش فہمی کا مترادف

Correct answer ✓ A. خوش گمانی

B. خوش نظری

C. خوش خبری

A. Correct: خوش فہمی means a pleasant misunderstanding, so its synonym is خوش گمانی.

B. Wrong: خوش نظری means a good view, not خوش فہمی.

C. Wrong: خوش خبری means good news, not خوش فہمی.

D. Wrong: بے خبری means ignorance, not خوش فہمی.

Question 66 Urdu

مجلس شوریٰ کا مطلب

A. عام مجلس

Correct answer ✓ B. مجلس مشاورت

C. خاص مجلس

D. محفل

A. Wrong: مجلس شوریٰ means a general assembly, not عام مجلس.

B. Correct: مجلس شوریٰ — means a consultative assembly مجلس مشاورت.

C. Wrong: مجلس شوریٰ means a special assembly, not خاص مجلس.

D. Wrong: مجلس شوریٰ means a gathering, not محفل.

Question 67 Urdu

محقق سے مراد

A. باریک

Correct answer ✓ C. تحقیق کرنے والا

D. حقوق

A. Wrong: باریک means fine or thin, not محقق.

B. Wrong: اصل means original, not محقق.

C. Correct: محقق means a researcher — تحقیق کرنے والا.

D. Wrong: حقوق means rights, not محقق.

Question 68 Urdu

ماہی کا مطلب

Correct answer ✓ A. مچھلی

B. دوست

C. ساتھی

D. کھانا

A. Correct: ماہی means fish — مچھلی.

B. Wrong: دوست means friend, not ماہی.

C. Wrong: ساتھی means companion, not ماہی.

D. Wrong: کھانا means food, not ماہی.

Question 69 Urdu

بے سود کا متضاد

Correct answer ✓ A. نفع بخش

B. خوش آئند

C. بیکار

D. قابل استعمال

A. Correct: بے سود means useless, so its opposite is نفع بخش (profitable).

B. Wrong: خوش آئند means welcome, not the opposite of بے سود.

C. Wrong: بیکار means useless — a synonym of بے سود.

D. Wrong: قابل استعمال means usable, not the direct opposite of بے سود.

Question 70 Urdu

خوش کن کا مترادف

A. خوشبودار

B. خوش مزاج

Correct answer ✓ C. خوشنما

D. خوش ذائقہ

A. Wrong: خوشبودار means fragrant, not خوش کن.

B. Wrong: خوش مزاج means good-tempered, not خوش کن.

C. Correct: خوش کن means pleasing, so its synonym is خوشنما (beautiful).

D. Wrong: خوش ذائقہ means tasty, not خوش کن.

71 Mathematics

Convert 36 km/h to m/s

- A. 8 m/s
- B. 10 m/s ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 12 m/s
- D. 14 m/s

A. Wrong: 36 km/h is 10 m/s, not 8 m/s.

B. Correct: 36 km/h = 36 × 1000 ÷ 3600 = 10 m/s.

C. Wrong: 36 km/h is 10 m/s, not 12 m/s.

D. Wrong: 36 km/h is 10 m/s, not 14 m/s.

Question 72 Mathematics

Condition for matrix product AB to be defined

- A. A and B same size
- B. Both must be square
- C. Same number of rows
- D. Columns of A = rows of B ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: A and B need not be the same size for AB to be defined.

B. Wrong: A and B need not both be square for AB to be defined.

C. Wrong: AB needs columns of A to equal rows of B, not the same number of rows.

D. Correct: the matrix product AB is defined when the number of columns of A equals the number of rows of B.

73 Mathematics

Ratio of 3.5 kg to 280 g

- A. 25:4
- B. 25:3
- C. 25:2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 50:7

A. Wrong: 3.5 kg : 280 g = 3500 : 280 = 25 : 2, not 25 : 4.

B. Wrong: 3.5 kg : 280 g = 3500 : 280 = 25 : 2, not 25 : 3.

C. Correct: 3.5 kg = 3500 g, and 3500 : 280 = 25 : 2.

D. Wrong: 3.5 kg : 280 g = 3500 : 280 = 25 : 2, not 50 : 7.

Question 74 Mathematics

Compute $2\sqrt{7} \times 2\sqrt{7}$

- A. 14
- B. 28 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. $4\sqrt{7}$
- D. 7

A. Wrong: $2\sqrt{7} \times 2\sqrt{7} = 4 \times 7 = 28$, not 14.

B. Correct: $2\sqrt{7} \times 2\sqrt{7} = 4 \times (\sqrt{7})^2 = 4 \times 7 = 28$.

C. Wrong: $2\sqrt{7} \times 2\sqrt{7} = 28$, not $4\sqrt{7}$.

D. Wrong: $2\sqrt{7} \times 2\sqrt{7} = 28$, not 7.

Question 75 Mathematics

Perimeter of rectangle is 240 m, length is 70 m. Find breadth.

- B. 45 m
- C. 50 m ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 60 m

A. Wrong: perimeter 240 = 2(70 + b) gives b = 50, not 40.

B. Wrong: perimeter 240 = 2(70 + b) gives b = 50, not 45.

C. Correct: perimeter 240 = 2(70 + breadth), so 70 + breadth = 120 and breadth = 50 m.

D. Wrong: perimeter 240 = 2(70 + b) gives b = 50, not 60.

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