Law Admission Test (LAT) — 2022 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Higher Education Commission (HEC) · **Post:** Law Admission Test (LAT) · **Year:** 2022 · **Questions:** 75 in the original paper — **75 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2022 sitting.

Source note: lexacademy.com.pk quiz-view page, 'LAT Past Paper — August 21, 2022' (all 75 MCQs with four options and a marked key each, Q1–Q75 contiguous, in the official section order — English 20, General Knowledge 20, Pakistan Studies 10, Islamic Studies 10, Urdu 10, Mathematics 5; accessed 9 Nov 2026). Every explanation below is original. Second source: lexacademy's LAT Solved Past Papers 2018–2026 book contents list '17 LAT Past Paper — 21 August 2022, 75 MCQs'; testpointpk lists the 'LAT Completer solved paper held on 21 August 2022'. 0 printed-key corrections and 0 PICK-ONE, all decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. RECONSTRUCTION CAVEAT (recorded openly): the reproduction is a candidate-recall reconstruction of the 21 August 2022 LAT, not an official HEC paper — HEC does not publish LAT papers after the test; lexacademy's own book note states every paper in it 'has been reconstructed from candidates who sat that session, so it reflects the pattern and the standard of the real paper rather than being an official HEC document'. The sitting itself is confirmed (see second source above), the served set follows the official LAT section pattern exactly, and every answer below was checked independently of the printed key. This is the same standing as 37ac (LAT 4 Feb 2024), 37ly, 37lz, 37ma and 37nk–37no. All decisions by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

1 English

If a custom is PREVALENT it is

- A. Rare
- B. Local
- C. Limited
- D. Widespread ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: rare means seldom found, the opposite of prevalent.

B. Wrong: local means confined to one place, not widespread.

C. Wrong: limited means restricted in extent, the opposite of prevalent.

D. Correct: prevalent means widely practised or common, so widespread is its meaning.

Question 2 English

My job is really GRINDING and ___

- A. Easy
- B. Light
- C. Difficult ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Funny

A. Wrong: easy is the opposite of what grinding means here.

B. Wrong: light suggests effortless work, the opposite of grinding.

C. Correct: grinding means exhausting and hard, so difficult completes the pair.

D. Wrong: funny has nothing to do with hard, tiring work.

Question 3 English

SLOPPY work is done

- B. Slowly
- C. Neatly
- D. Carelessly ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: carefully is the opposite of sloppy.

B. Wrong: slowly says nothing about care; sloppy work can be fast or slow.

C. Wrong: neatly is the opposite of sloppy.

D. Correct: sloppy means done without care or attention, so carelessly.

Question 4 English

If you RECAPITULATE something you ___ it

- A. Forget
- B. Summarize ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Change
- D. Repeat

A. Wrong: forget is the opposite of going back over something.

B. Correct: to recapitulate is to restate the main points, to summarize.

C. Wrong: change is not what recapitulating does to the material.

D. Wrong: repeat is close, but summarize is the exact meaning; this option set offers the better answer.

Question 5 English

Shazia had opened the door before we ___

- A. arrive
- B. were arriving

arrived

- D. arrived ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: arrive is present tense; the sentence needs the past after before.

B. Wrong: were arriving is continuous and does not fit this sequence.

C. Wrong: had arrived would put both actions in the past perfect; only the earlier one takes it.

D. Correct: past simple arrived follows before when the first clause is past perfect.

Question 6 English

Have you had enough to eat or would you like ___

- A. else
- B. any else
- C. other
- D. something else ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: else alone cannot follow would you like in this phrase.

B. Wrong: any else is not an English phrase.

C. Wrong: other needs a noun after it; it cannot stand alone here.

D. Correct: something else is the fixed phrase for another thing.

Question 7 English

I hope you excuse my ___ early

- A. leave
- B. to leave
- C. leaving ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. left

ave is the base verb, after my we need a gerund.

B. Wrong: to leave does not follow a possessive adjective.

C. Correct: after my we use the gerund leaving — excuse my leaving early.

D. Wrong: left is the past tense, not a gerund.

Question 8 English

There is no meaning ___ what he says

- A. at
- B. for
- C. in ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. with

A. Wrong: meaning at is not an English collocation.

B. Wrong: meaning for does not fit this sentence.

C. Correct: there is no meaning in what he says is the set phrase.

D. Wrong: meaning with is not an English collocation.

Question 9 English

My views are quite in accordance with ___ of the Higher Education Commission

- A. that
- B. this
- C. these
- D. those ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: that is singular; views is plural.

B. Wrong: this is singular and points to something near, not plural views.

ese is plural but points to things near at hand, not the HEC's views.

D. Correct: those refers to the plural views of the HEC, at a distance.

Question 10 English

They were almost ___ but somehow survived

- A. alive
- B. sleeping
- C. faint
- D. dead ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: almost alive but survived makes no sense; they were nearly dead.

B. Wrong: almost sleeping but survived is not the dramatic sense intended.

C. Wrong: almost faint but survived is weaker than the intended near-death sense.

D. Correct: almost dead but somehow survived is the only logical completion.

Question 11 English

The car stopped suddenly and we could hear the brakes ___

- A. whistle
- B. squeak
- C. screeching ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. thumping

A. Wrong: brakes do not whistle when a car stops suddenly.

B. Wrong: squeak is a light sound; a sudden stop makes a louder one.

C. Correct: screeching is the loud high-pitched sound brakes make on a sudden stop.

D. Wrong: thumping is a dull heavy sound, not a brake sound.

12 English

These are some good rules to live ___

- A. on
- B. at
- C. by ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. with

A. Wrong: live on means to survive on something, not to follow rules.

B. Wrong: live at is not used with rules.

C. Correct: live by means to follow or adhere to rules; rules to live by is fixed.

D. Wrong: live with means to tolerate or share a home, not to follow rules.

Question 13 English

I ___ hate traveling by air

- A. real
- B. truly
- C. very
- D. really ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: real is an adjective; the verb hate needs an adverb.

B. Wrong: truly can modify a verb, but really is the natural intensifier for hate.

C. Wrong: very modifies adjectives and adverbs, not the verb hate.

D. Correct: really is the adverb that modifies hate — I really hate travelling by air.

Question 14 English

Do you need ___ now

- B. to go ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. going
- D. to going

A. Wrong: go is the base verb; need takes the infinitive.

B. Correct: need + to + base verb — do you need to go now.

C. Wrong: going is a gerund; need does not take it here.

D. Wrong: to going mixes the infinitive marker with a gerund.

Question 15 English

If we ___ early we would reach our destination in time

- A. start
- B. had started
- C. started ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. starting

A. Wrong: start is present tense; a second conditional needs the past simple.

B. Wrong: had started is past perfect, used for the third conditional, not this one.

C. Correct: second conditional — if + past simple, would + base verb: if we started early we would reach.

D. Wrong: starting is a participle, not a finite verb for this clause.

Question 16 English

He got angry and ___ without eating

- A. leaving
- B. left ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. had leave

A. Wrong: leaving is a participle; the sentence needs a past-tense verb to match got angry.

B. Correct: left is the past simple matching got angry — he got angry and left.

C. Wrong: leaves is present tense, but the sentence is in the past.

D. Wrong: had leave is not a grammatical verb form.

Question 17 English

Reported speech: He said "I am tired"

- A. He said that I am tired
- B. He says that he was tired
- C. He said that he was tired ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. He told he tired

A. Wrong: he said that I am tired keeps the wrong person and tense.

B. Wrong: he says is present tense, but the reporting verb must stay past.

C. Correct: reported speech shifts am to was and I to he — he said that he was tired.

D. Wrong: he told he tired is missing that and a verb form.

Question 18 English

Neither Ali nor his friends ___ coming

- A. is
- B. was
- C. has been
- D. are ✓ **Correct answer**

agrees with All, but the verb follows the nearer subject, friends.

B. Wrong: was is singular and past; the nearer subject is plural.

C. Wrong: has been is singular and does not agree with friends.

D. Correct: with neither...nor the verb agrees with the nearer subject — friends are coming.

Question 19 English

Correct spelling

- A. Acomodate
- B. Accomodate
- C. Accommodate ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Acommodete

A. Wrong: acomodate is missing a c and an m.

B. Wrong: accomodate is missing the second m.

C. Correct: accommodate is spelt with double c and double m.

D. Wrong: acomodete is missing letters and has the wrong ending.

Question 20 English

Idiom "make ends meet" means to

- A. quarrel
- B. travel far
- C. manage expenses ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. avoid duties

A. Wrong: quarrel means to argue, not to manage money.

aver far has nothing to do with the idiom.

C. Correct: to make ends meet is to have just enough money to cover expenses.

D. Wrong: avoid duties is unrelated to the idiom.

Question 21 General Knowledge

In Pakistan National Assembly seats are divided based on

- A. Area
- B. Provinces
- C. Literacy
- D. Population ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: area does not decide National Assembly seats.

B. Wrong: provinces as such do not decide the division; population within them does.

C. Wrong: literacy plays no part in seat allocation.

D. Correct: National Assembly seats are allocated to provinces by population.

Question 22 General Knowledge

National currency of China

- A. Dollar
- B. Pound
- C. Renminbi Yuan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Yen

A. Wrong: dollar is the currency of the USA, not China.

B. Wrong: pound is the currency of the UK, not China.

C. Correct: China's currency is the renminbi, whose basic unit is the yuan.

en is the currency of Japan, not China.

Question 23 General Knowledge

Natural satellite of a planet

- A. Comet
- B. Asteroid
- C. Moon ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Meteor

A. Wrong: a comet orbits the Sun, not a planet.

B. Wrong: an asteroid orbits the Sun, not a planet.

C. Correct: a moon is a natural satellite that orbits a planet.

D. Wrong: a meteor is a streak of light in the sky, not a satellite.

Question 24 General Knowledge

First country to recognize Pakistan

- A. Egypt
- B. Turkey
- C. Iran ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Indonesia

A. Wrong: Egypt recognised Pakistan later; it was not first.

B. Wrong: Turkey recognised Pakistan early but was not first.

C. Correct: Iran was the first country to recognise Pakistan, on 14 August 1947.

D. Wrong: Indonesia recognised Pakistan later; it was not first.

25 General Knowledge

Pakistan joined United Nations in

- A. 1945
- B. 1947 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1948
- D. 1950

A. Wrong: Pakistan did not exist as a state in 1945.

B. Correct: Pakistan joined the United Nations on 30 September 1947.

C. Wrong: 1948 is a year too late; Pakistan joined in 1947.

D. Wrong: 1950 is three years too late.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Amnesty International works for

- A. Trade
- B. Human Rights ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Tourism
- D. Sports

A. Wrong: trade is not Amnesty's field.

B. Correct: Amnesty International is a global human-rights organisation, founded in 1961.

C. Wrong: tourism is unrelated to Amnesty International.

D. Wrong: sports is unrelated to Amnesty International.

Question 27 General Knowledge

First page of a website is called

- B. Index
- C. Home Page ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Gateway

A. Wrong: a landing page is a page visitors arrive on, not the first page as such.

B. Wrong: index is a file name, not the name of the first page.

C. Correct: the first page of a website is called the home page.

D. Wrong: gateway is a network term, not the name of a first page.

Question 28 General Knowledge

Chemical formula of carbon dioxide

- A. CO
- B. C2O
- C. CO2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. CO3

A. Wrong: CO is carbon monoxide, with one oxygen atom.

B. Wrong: C2O is not the formula of carbon dioxide.

C. Correct: carbon dioxide is CO2 — one carbon atom and two oxygen atoms.

D. Wrong: CO3 is not a stable formula for carbon dioxide.

Question 29 General Knowledge

G7 is a group of

- A. Developing countries
- B. Oil producers
- C. Emerging economies

veloped countries ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the G7 is not a group of developing countries.

B. Wrong: the G7 is not an oil-producers group; that is OPEC.

C. Wrong: emerging economies form groups like BRICS, not the G7.

D. Correct: the G7 is the group of seven advanced developed economies.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Leo Messi is a professional

- A. Cricketer
- B. Footballer ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Tennis player
- D. Golfer

A. Wrong: Messi is not a cricketer.

B. Correct: Lionel Messi is an Argentine professional footballer.

C. Wrong: Messi is not a tennis player.

D. Wrong: Messi is not a golfer.

Question 31 General Knowledge

Device used to type on a computer

- A. Mouse
- B. Keyboard ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Scanner
- D. Monitor

A. Wrong: a mouse points and clicks; it does not type.

…he keyboard is the input device used for typing.

C. Wrong: a scanner digitises documents; it does not type.

D. Wrong: a monitor displays output; it does not type.

Question 32 General Knowledge

Smallest country in the world

- A. Monaco
- B. Nauru
- C. Tuvalu
- D. Vatican City ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Monaco is the second smallest country, not the smallest.

B. Wrong: Nauru is the smallest island nation, but larger than Vatican City.

C. Wrong: Tuvalu is larger than Vatican City.

D. Correct: Vatican City, at 0.44 sq km, is the smallest country in the world.

Question 33 General Knowledge

Capital of Maldives

- A. Colombo
- B. Male ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Thimphu
- D. Dhaka

A. Wrong: Colombo is the capital of Sri Lanka.

B. Correct: Male is the capital of the Maldives.

C. Wrong: Thimphu is the capital of Bhutan.

naka is the capital of Bangladesh.

Question 34 General Knowledge

Main aim of SAARC

- A. Military alliance
- B. Currency union
- C. Regional cooperation ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Space research

A. Wrong: SAARC is not a military alliance.

B. Wrong: SAARC has no currency union.

C. Correct: SAARC was founded in 1985 to promote regional cooperation in South Asia.

D. Wrong: SAARC does not do space research.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Nelson Mandela was an

- A. Asian leader
- B. European leader
- C. African leader ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. American leader

A. Wrong: Mandela was not an Asian leader.

B. Wrong: Mandela was not a European leader.

C. Correct: Nelson Mandela was a South African, African leader.

D. Wrong: Mandela was not an American leader.

36 General Knowledge

Largest ocean on Earth

- A. Atlantic
- B. Indian
- C. Arctic
- D. Pacific ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Atlantic is the second largest ocean.

B. Wrong: the Indian is the third largest ocean.

C. Wrong: the Arctic is the smallest ocean.

D. Correct: the Pacific is the largest ocean, about 165 million sq km.

Question 37 General Knowledge

Chemical symbol for sodium

- A. So
- B. Sd
- C. Na ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sn

A. Wrong: So is not a chemical symbol.

B. Wrong: Sd is not a chemical symbol.

C. Correct: sodium's symbol is Na, from the Latin natrium.

D. Wrong: Sn is the symbol of tin, not sodium.

Question 38 General Knowledge

SAARC headquarters

- B. Kathmandu ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. New Delhi
- D. Colombo

A. Wrong: the SAARC Secretariat is not in Islamabad.

B. Correct: the SAARC Secretariat is in Kathmandu, Nepal.

C. Wrong: the SAARC Secretariat is not in New Delhi.

D. Wrong: the SAARC Secretariat is not in Colombo.

Question 39 General Knowledge

Most abundant gas in Earth's atmosphere

- A. Oxygen
- B. Carbon dioxide
- C. Nitrogen ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Argon

A. Wrong: oxygen is about 21% of the atmosphere, not the most abundant.

B. Wrong: carbon dioxide is only about 0.04% of the atmosphere.

C. Correct: nitrogen makes up about 78% of Earth's atmosphere.

D. Wrong: argon is about 0.93% of the atmosphere.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Atmospheric pressure is measured with

- A. Thermometer
- B. Hygrometer
- C. Seismograph

ometer ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: a thermometer measures temperature, not pressure.

B. Wrong: a hygrometer measures humidity, not pressure.

C. Wrong: a seismograph measures earthquakes, not pressure.

D. Correct: a barometer measures atmospheric pressure.

Question 41 Pakistan Studies

All Parties Conference at Shimla 1945 chaired by

- A. Lord Wavell ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sir Stafford Cripps
- C. Mahatma Gandhi
- D. Jawaharlal Nehru

A. Correct: the Simla Conference of 1945 was chaired by Lord Wavell, the Viceroy.

B. Wrong: Cripps led the 1942 mission, not the 1945 Simla Conference.

C. Wrong: Gandhi attended as a Congress leader; he did not chair the conference.

D. Wrong: Nehru attended as a Congress leader; he did not chair the conference.

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

Most people in Pakistan work in

- A. Industry
- B. Services
- C. Mining
- D. Agriculture ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: industry employs fewer Pakistanis than agriculture.

rvices employ many, but fewer than agriculture.

C. Wrong: mining employs very few people in Pakistan.

D. Correct: agriculture is Pakistan's largest employment sector, about 37–40% of workers.

Question 43 Pakistan Studies

Under partition plan Pakistan entitled to Rs 750 million; India initially released

- A. Rs 0.20 billion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Rs 0.55 billion
- C. Rs 0.70 billion
- D. Rs 0.75 billion

A. Correct: Pakistan was entitled to Rs 750 million; India first released only Rs 200 million (Rs 0.20 billion).

B. Wrong: Rs 0.55 billion was the amount withheld and released later, not first.

C. Wrong: Rs 0.70 billion was not the first release.

D. Wrong: Rs 0.75 billion was the full entitlement, not the first release.

Question 44 Pakistan Studies

Meaning of Mohenjo-daro

- A. City of kings
- B. City of rivers
- C. Mound of the dead ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Golden mound

A. Wrong: city of kings is not the meaning of Mohenjo-daro.

B. Wrong: city of rivers is not the meaning of Mohenjo-daro.

Mohenjo-daro means mound of the dead in Sindhi.

D. Wrong: golden mound is not the meaning of Mohenjo-daro.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

In 1837 ___ became official court language in British India

- A. Persian
- B. English
- C. Hindi
- D. Urdu ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Persian was replaced in 1837, not made the court language.

B. Wrong: English became the language of higher administration later, not the court language of 1837.

C. Wrong: Hindi was not made the court language in 1837.

D. Correct: in 1837 Urdu replaced Persian as the official court language in British India.

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan has ___ major physical regions

- A. Three
- B. Four ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Five
- D. Six

A. Wrong: three is too few for the standard textbook division.

B. Correct: Pakistan has four major physical regions — northern mountains, western mountains/plateau, Indus plain and coastal areas.

C. Wrong: five is not the standard textbook count.

k is not the standard textbook count.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

Presiding officer of National Assembly

- A. Chairman
- B. Speaker ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. President
- D. Prime Minister

A. Wrong: the Chairman presides over the Senate, not the National Assembly.

B. Correct: the Speaker is the presiding officer of the National Assembly.

C. Wrong: the President is head of state, not the Assembly's presiding officer.

D. Wrong: the Prime Minister leads the government; the Speaker presides over the Assembly.

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

National income increased to 37% during

- A. First Five-Year Plan
- B. Second Five-Year Plan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Third Five-Year Plan
- D. Fourth Five-Year Plan

A. Wrong: the First Five-Year Plan (1955–60) is not the one cited for this rise.

B. Correct: national income rose sharply during the Second Five-Year Plan (1960–65), the Ayub-era decade of development.

C. Wrong: the Third Five-Year Plan (1965–70) is not the one cited for this rise.

D. Wrong: the Fourth Five-Year Plan is not the one cited for this rise.

49 Pakistan Studies

Basis of national unity in Pakistan is

- A. Race
- B. Language
- C. Region
- D. Islam ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: race is not the basis of Pakistan's national unity.

B. Wrong: language is not the basis; Pakistan has many languages.

C. Wrong: region is not the basis; Pakistan has several regions.

D. Correct: Islam is the basis of national unity in Pakistan under the Two-Nation Theory.

Question 50 Pakistan Studies

After independence first capital of Pakistan was

- A. Lahore
- B. Karachi ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Peshawar
- D. Quetta

A. Wrong: Lahore was never the capital of Pakistan.

B. Correct: Karachi was Pakistan's first capital, from 1947 to 1958.

C. Wrong: Peshawar was never the capital of Pakistan.

D. Wrong: Quetta was never the capital of Pakistan.

Question 51 Islamic Studies

Prophet Muhammad PBUH called ___ a key to Paradise

- B. Salat (Namaz) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Fasting
- D. Hajj

A. Wrong: Zakat is not called the key to Paradise.

B. Correct: the Prophet (PBUH) said Salat is the key to Paradise.

C. Wrong: fasting is not called the key to Paradise.

D. Wrong: Hajj is not called the key to Paradise.

Question 52 Islamic Studies

Prophet also called Abu-al-Bashar is

- A. Hazrat Nuh AS
- B. Hazrat Ibrahim AS
- C. Hazrat Adam AS ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hazrat Musa AS

A. Wrong: Nuh is not called Abu-al-Bashar.

B. Wrong: Ibrahim is not called Abu-al-Bashar.

C. Correct: Adam (AS), the first human, is called Abu-al-Bashar, father of mankind.

D. Wrong: Musa is not called Abu-al-Bashar.

Question 53 Islamic Studies

Angel who brings Allah's messages

- A. Izraeel AS
- B. Israfeel AS
- C. Mikaeel AS

eel AS ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Izraeel is the angel of death, not the bearer of messages.

B. Wrong: Israfeel will blow the trumpet, not bring messages.

C. Wrong: Mikaeel is in charge of rain and provision, not revelation.

D. Correct: Jibreel (AS) brings Allah's messages and revelation to the prophets.

Question 54 Islamic Studies

First pillar of Islam

- A. Salah
- B. Sawm
- C. Hajj
- D. Kalima Shahada ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Salah is prayer, not the first pillar named here.

B. Wrong: Sawm is fasting, not the first pillar named here.

C. Wrong: Hajj is pilgrimage, not the first pillar named here.

D. Correct: the Kalima (Shahada), the declaration of faith, is the first pillar of Islam.

Question 55 Islamic Studies

Zakat is obligatory on gold from about

- A. 5 tolas
- B. 7.5 tolas ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10 tolas
- D. 12 tolas

A. Wrong: 5 tolas is below the gold nisab.

The nisab for Zakat on gold is 7.5 tolas, about 87.48 grams.

C. Wrong: 10 tolas is above the gold nisab.

D. Wrong: 12 tolas is above the gold nisab.

Question 56 Islamic Studies

Ghazwa-e-Ahzab is also called

- A. Battle of Badr
- B. Battle of Uhud
- C. Battle of the Trench ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Battle of Hunain

A. Wrong: Badr is a different battle, fought in 2 AH.

B. Wrong: Uhud is a different battle, fought in 3 AH.

C. Correct: Ghazwa-e-Ahzab is also called the Battle of the Trench (Khandaq).

D. Wrong: Hunain is a different battle, fought in 8 AH.

Question 57 Islamic Studies

Literal meaning of Zakat

- A. Charity
- B. Tax
- C. Purification ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Donation

A. Wrong: charity is the general meaning, not the literal root meaning.

B. Wrong: tax is not the literal meaning of Zakat.

C. Correct: Zakat comes from a root meaning to purify and to grow.

onation is the general meaning, not the literal root meaning.

Question 58 Islamic Studies

Designed universe points to

- A. Polytheism
- B. Chance
- C. Tauheed ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Shirk

A. Wrong: polytheism is the opposite of what design points to.

B. Wrong: chance cannot explain the order of the universe.

C. Correct: the design and order of the universe point to Tauheed, the oneness of Allah.

D. Wrong: Shirk is associating partners with Allah, the opposite of Tauheed.

Question 59 Islamic Studies

First revelation comprised ___ ayahs

- A. Three
- B. Four
- C. Five ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Six

A. Wrong: three is too few; the first revelation was five ayahs.

B. Wrong: four is not the number of the first revealed ayahs.

C. Correct: the first revelation was the first five ayahs of Surah Al-Alaq.

D. Wrong: six is not the number of the first revealed ayahs.

60 Islamic Studies

Universal Risalat is the quality of

- A. All Prophets
- B. Hazrat Isa AS
- C. Hazrat Ibrahim AS
- D. Hazrat Muhammad PBUH ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: universal Risalat is not the quality of all prophets; each earlier prophet was sent to a nation.

B. Wrong: Isa (AS) was sent to the Children of Israel, not to all mankind.

C. Wrong: Ibrahim (AS) was not sent as a universal prophet.

D. Correct: universal Risalat belongs to Muhammad (PBUH), the final prophet for all mankind.

Question 61 Urdu

مجھ سے پہلی سی محبت کس کی نظم ہے

A. ناصر کاظمی

Correct answer ✓ B. فیض احمد فیض

C. جوش

D. احمد ندیم قاسمی

A. Wrong: Nasir Kazmi did not write Mujh se pehli si mohabbat.

B. Correct: Mujh se pehli si mohabbat is a famous nazm by Faiz Ahmed Faiz.

C. Wrong: Josh Malihabadi did not write this nazm.

D. Wrong: Ahmed Nadeem Qasmi did not write this nazm.

62 Urdu

دل دل پاکستان کے آخری مصرعے میں انسانی جذبہ

A. غم

B. درد

Correct answer ✓ C. حب الوطنی

D. محبت مجازی

A. Wrong: gham (sorrow) is not the sentiment of Dil Dil Pakistan's last verse.

B. Wrong: dard (pain) is not the sentiment of its last verse.

C. Correct: the last verse carries hubb-ul-watani, patriotism — love of Pakistan.

D. Wrong: muhabbat-e-majazi (worldly love) is not the sentiment of its last verse.

Question 63 Urdu

اقبال کے کلام میں سب سے نمایاں وصف

A. رومانویت

B. منظر نگاری

Correct answer ✓ C. خودی

D. حقیقت نگاری

A. Wrong: romanviyat (romanticism) is not the most prominent quality of Iqbal's poetry.

B. Wrong: manzar-nigari (landscape description) is not Iqbal's most prominent quality.

C. Correct: Khudi (selfhood) is the most prominent theme of Iqbal's poetry.

D. Wrong: haqiqat-nigari (realism) is not Iqbal's most prominent quality.

64 Urdu

اے آب رود گنگا کے شاعر

A. حسرت موہانی

B. اختر شیرانی

Correct answer ✓ C. علامہ اقبال

D. شکیل بدایونی

A. Wrong: Hasrat Mohani did not write Ae aab-e-rood-e-Ganga.

B. Wrong: Akhtar Sherani did not write it.

C. Correct: Ae aab-e-rood-e-Ganga is from Iqbal's poem Naya Shivala.

D. Wrong: Shakeel Badayuni did not write it.

Question 65 Urdu

فسانہ آزاد کے مصنف

A. مولانا شرر

B. ڈپٹی نذیر احمد

C. منشی پریم چند

Correct answer ✓ D. رتن ناتھ سرشار

A. Wrong: Maulana Sharar did not write Fasana-e-Azad.

B. Wrong: Deputy Nazeer Ahmed did not write Fasana-e-Azad.

C. Wrong: Munshi Prem Chand did not write Fasana-e-Azad.

D. Correct: Fasana-e-Azad was written by Ratan Nath Sarshar.

66 Urdu

ایسا فعل جو مفعول کے بغیر مکمل ہو

A. فعل معلوم

Correct answer ✓ B. فعل لازم

C. فعل متعدی

D. فعل مجہول

A. Wrong: fail-e-maloom is a verb in the active voice, not the no-object verb.

B. Correct: a verb complete without an object is fail-e-lazim, an intransitive verb.

C. Wrong: fail-e-mutaaddi is a verb that needs an object, the opposite.

D. Wrong: fail-e-majhool is a verb in the passive voice, not the no-object verb.

Question 67 Urdu

اسے کہتے ہیں جو خبر دے

A. مصدر

Correct answer ✓ B. فعل خبریہ

C. فعل نہی

D. فعل امر

A. Wrong: masdar is the infinitive, the root form of a verb.

B. Correct: a verb that gives information or news is fail-e-khabriya.

C. Wrong: fail-e-nahi is a verb of prohibition.

D. Wrong: fail-e-amr is a verb of command.

68 Urdu

گزار بسر میں کیا طرز بیان ہے

A. تشبیہ

B. ایہام

Correct answer ✓ C. مرکب لفظ

D. رعایت لفظی

A. Wrong: tashbih is a simile, not the form of guzar basar.

B. Wrong: eeham is double meaning, not the form of guzar basar.

C. Correct: guzar basar is a murakkab lafz, a compound word made of two words.

D. Wrong: riayat-e-lafzi is a different figure of speech, not a compound word.

Question 69 Urdu

رزق اور دولت میں کیا تعلق ہے

A. متضاد

B. متباین

Correct answer ✓ C. مترادف

D. محاورہ

A. Wrong: mutazad means opposite; rizq and daulat are not opposites.

B. Wrong: mutabayin means unrelated; rizq and daulat are closely related.

C. Correct: rizq and daulat are near-synonyms, both meaning sustenance and wealth.

D. Wrong: muhawara is an idiom, not the relation between two words.

70 Urdu

خاموشی اور شور میں کیا تعلق ہے

- A. مترادف
- B. مشترک
- C. مجاز
- D. متضاد ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: mutaradif means synonym; khamoshi and shor are not synonyms.

B. Wrong: mushtarik means shared; that is not the relation here.

C. Wrong: majaz is figurative use, not the relation between these words.

D. Correct: khamoshi (silence) and shor (noise) are mutazad, opposites.

Question 71 Mathematics

40% of a number is 84. Find the number.

- A. 180
- B. 200
- C. 210 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 240

A. Wrong: 180 is not 40% of 210; 40% of 180 is 72.

B. Wrong: 200 is not the number; 40% of 200 is 80.

C. Correct: 40% of x = 84 gives x = 84 ÷ 0.40 = 210.

D. Wrong: 240 is not the number; 40% of 240 is 96.

72 Mathematics

A train 180m long passes a pole in 12 seconds. Speed in km/h?

- A. 45 km/h
- B. 54 km/h ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 60 km/h
- D. 72 km/h

A. Wrong: 45 km/h is too slow; 180 m in 12 s is 15 m/s.

B. Correct: speed = 180 ÷ 12 = 15 m/s; 15 × 3.6 = 54 km/h.

C. Wrong: 60 km/h would need 200 m in 12 s, not 180 m.

D. Wrong: 72 km/h would need 240 m in 12 s, not 180 m.

Question 73 Mathematics

Boys to girls ratio is 5:7 and total is 48. Number of girls?

- A. 20
- B. 28 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 30
- D. 35

A. Wrong: 20 is the number of boys, not girls.

B. Correct: total parts 5 + 7 = 12; girls = 7/12 × 48 = 28.

C. Wrong: 30 would make the ratio 18:30, not 5:7.

D. Wrong: 35 would make the total 55 with 20 boys, not 48.

Question 74 Mathematics

Shirt costs Rs 2000 with 15% discount. Selling price?

- B. Rs 1650
- C. Rs 1700 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rs 1750

A. Wrong: Rs 1600 would be a 20% discount, not 15%.

B. Wrong: Rs 1650 would be a 17.5% discount, not 15%.

C. Correct: discount = 15% of 2000 = 300; selling price = 2000 − 300 = Rs 1700.

D. Wrong: Rs 1750 would be a 12.5% discount, not 15%.

Question 75 Mathematics

A finishes work in 10 days, B in 15 days. Together in how many days?

- A. 5 days
- B. 6 days ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 7.5 days
- D. 9 days

A. Wrong: 5 days is faster than either worker alone; together they cannot beat A's 10 days by that much.

B. Correct: together they do 1/10 + 1/15 = 1/6 of the work per day, so 6 days.

C. Wrong: 7.5 days does not match 1/10 + 1/15 = 1/6 per day.

D. Wrong: 9 days is slower than A alone; working together must be faster than 10 days.

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