Law Admission Test (LAT) — LAT 3 of 2026 — 2026 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Higher Education Commission (HEC) · **Post:** Law Admission Test (LAT) — LAT 3 of 2026 · **Year:** 2026 · **Questions:** 75 in the original paper — **73 solved and verified**, 2 excluded as defective (Q71, Q75) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2026 sitting.

Source note: lexacademy.com.pk quiz-view page, 'LAT Past Paper — June 21, 2026' (all 75 MCQs with four options, a marked key and a short explanation each, in the official section order — English 20, General Knowledge 20, Pakistan Studies 10, Islamic Studies 10, Urdu 10, Mathematics 5 — with no duplicates; accessed 9 Nov 2026). Second source: HEC's official 2026 schedule lists LAT 3 on 21 June 2026; pklawnotes lists 'LAT 21 June 2026 Solved Paper' as a 2026 sitting. RECONSTRUCTION CAVEAT (recorded openly): the reproduction is a candidate-recall reconstruction of the 21 June 2026 LAT, not an official HEC paper — HEC never publishes LAT papers. Section II essay topics as served: 'Importance of Human Rights', 'Role of Computers in Modern Life', 'Vlogging as a Profession'. Section III personal statement topic as served: 'Describe a life lesson that you learned from an important experience.' (No essay or statement is written in the paper — MCQs only.) 73 answered, 2 DEFECTIVE-excluded (Q71, Q75). All decisions by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 1 English

RUCKUS — similar meaning:

- B. Commotion ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Silence
- D. Agreement

A. Wrong: peace is the opposite of a ruckus, not its synonym.

B. Correct: "ruckus" means a disturbance or noisy commotion.

C. Wrong: silence is the opposite of a ruckus, not its synonym.

D. Wrong: agreement means harmony of opinion, not a noisy disturbance.

Question 2 English

ASSEMBLE — similar meaning:

- A. Disperse
- B. Gather ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Separate
- D. Divide

A. Wrong: disperse is the antonym of assemble, not its synonym.

B. Correct: "assemble" means to come together or bring together — to gather.

C. Wrong: separate is the antonym of assemble, not its synonym.

D. Wrong: divide means to split apart, the opposite of assembling.

Question 3 English

RELUCTANT — similar meaning:

- A. Eager
- B. Ready
- C. Hesitant ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: eager is the antonym of reluctant, not its synonym.

B. Wrong: ready is close to willing, the opposite of reluctant.

C. Correct: "reluctant" means unwilling and hesitant — slow to act or speak due to uncertainty.

D. Wrong: willing is the antonym of reluctant, not its synonym.

Question 4 English

UNDER THE WEATHER — idiom meaning:

- A. Happy
- B. Sick or Unwell ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sunny
- D. Rich

A. Wrong: the idiom has nothing to do with happiness.

B. Correct: "under the weather" means feeling ill or unwell.

C. Wrong: the idiom is not about weather in the literal sense.

D. Wrong: the idiom has nothing to do with wealth.

Question 5 English

HUMID — antonym:

- A. Wet
- B. Moist
- C. Dry or Arid ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Damp

et is a synonym of humid, not its antonym.

B. Wrong: moist is a synonym of humid, not its antonym.

C. Correct: "humid" means having a high amount of moisture in the air; its opposite is dry or arid.

D. Wrong: damp is a synonym of humid, not its antonym.

Question 6 English

UNOBTRUSIVE — antonym:

- A. Hidden
- B. Modest
- C. Noticeable ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Quiet

A. Wrong: hidden is close to unobtrusive, not its opposite.

B. Wrong: modest is close to unobtrusive, not its opposite.

C. Correct: "unobtrusive" means not attracting attention; its opposite is noticeable — easily seen or noticed.

D. Wrong: quiet is close to unobtrusive, not its opposite.

Question 7 English

LOQUACIOUS — antonym:

- A. Talkative
- B. Loud
- C. Taciturn ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Busy

A. Wrong: talkative is a synonym of loquacious, not its antonym.

ud describes volume, not talkativeness; it is not the antonym.

C. Correct: "loquacious" means very talkative; its opposite is taciturn — reserved or uncommunicative in speech.

D. Wrong: busy has nothing to do with talkativeness.

Question 8 English

FREAK OUT — antonym:

- A. Panic
- B. Calm down or Relax ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Shout
- D. Worry

A. Wrong: panic is a synonym of freak out, not its antonym.

B. Correct: "freak out" means to panic or become very anxious; its opposite is to calm down or relax.

C. Wrong: shouting may accompany a freak-out, but it is not its opposite.

D. Wrong: worry is close to freaking out, not its opposite.

Question 9 English

The runner ___ the rear did not qualify.

- A. in
- B. at ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. on
- D. by

A. Wrong: "in the rear" is not the correct phrase for a position in a race.

B. Correct: "at the rear" is the correct prepositional phrase meaning at the back position.

n the rear" is not a correct construction here.

D. Wrong: "by the rear" is not a correct construction here.

Question 10 English

My father's cracked hands ached ___ labor.

- A. for
- B. from ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. with
- D. by

A. Wrong: "ached for labor" would mean longing for labor, not aching because of it.

B. Correct: "ached from" is right — "from" indicates the cause of the aching.

C. Wrong: "ached with labor" is not the correct construction.

D. Wrong: "ached by labor" is not the correct construction.

Question 11 English

Take an example quoted ___ Galsworthy.

- A. to
- B. for
- C. by ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. in

A. Wrong: "quoted to Galsworthy" reverses the direction — Galsworthy is the source, not the recipient.

B. Wrong: "quoted for Galsworthy" is not the correct construction.

C. Correct: "quoted by" is the correct passive prepositional phrase indicating the source or author of a quotation.

uoted in Galsworthy" is not the correct construction.

Question 12 English

I have no answer ___ any of the questions.

- A. for
- B. of
- C. to ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. with

A. Wrong: "answer for" means to be accountable for something, not to reply to a question.

B. Wrong: "answer of" is not the correct construction.

C. Correct: "answer to" is the correct fixed prepositional phrase — an answer to a question.

D. Wrong: "answer with" is not the correct construction here.

Question 13 English

I cannot live ___ tomorrow's bread.

- A. on ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. with
- C. for
- D. at

A. Correct: "live on" is the correct phrasal verb meaning to survive or subsist on something as a source of sustenance.

B. Wrong: "live with" means to reside with someone, not to subsist on food.

C. Wrong: "live for" means to have something as one's purpose, not to subsist on it.

D. Wrong: "live at" indicates a place, not sustenance.

14 English

The orphanage turned me ___ an old man.

- A. in
- B. into ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. for
- D. to

A. Wrong: "turned me in an old man" is not a correct construction.

B. Correct: "turned into" is the correct phrasal verb meaning to transform or change someone into something else.

C. Wrong: "turned me for an old man" is not a correct construction.

D. Wrong: "turned to" means to face or resort to, not to transform into.

Question 15 English

We will cooperate ___ one another.

- A. by
- B. with ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. to
- D. for

A. Wrong: "cooperate by" is not the correct collocation.

B. Correct: "cooperate with" is the correct fixed prepositional phrase — you cooperate with someone.

C. Wrong: "cooperate to" is not the correct collocation.

D. Wrong: "cooperate for" is not the correct collocation.

16 English

Our appeals ___ the municipality have had no effect.

- A. for
- B. on
- C. to ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. with

A. Wrong: "appeals for" means asking for something needed, not addressing an authority.

B. Wrong: "appeals on" is not the correct construction.

C. Correct: "appeals to" is right — you make an appeal to an authority or organisation; "to" indicates the recipient.

D. Wrong: "appeals with" is not the correct construction.

Question 17 English

She was smiling ___ her husband.

- A. to
- B. for
- C. at ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. on

A. Wrong: "smiling to" is not the correct construction.

B. Wrong: "smiling for" would mean smiling on someone's behalf, not at them.

C. Correct: "smiling at" is right — "at" indicates the person who is the object of the smile.

D. Wrong: "smiling on" is not the correct construction.

18 English

I believe ___ free speech.

- A. in ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. on
- C. for
- D. at

A. Correct: "believe in" is the correct fixed prepositional phrase meaning to have faith in or support something.

B. Wrong: "believe on" is not the correct construction.

C. Wrong: "believe for" is not the correct construction.

D. Wrong: "believe at" is not the correct construction.

Question 19 English

Do not judge a book ___ its cover.

- A. from
- B. with
- C. by ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. on

A. Wrong: "judge from" is used for inferring (judge from appearances), not for the proverb's basis.

B. Wrong: "judge with" is not the proverb's wording.

C. Correct: "judge by" is the proverb — "by" indicates the basis or standard of judgment.

D. Wrong: "judge on" is not the proverb's wording.

20 English

The team reports back to base ___ their satellite phones.

- A. with
- B. on ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. by
- D. for

A. Wrong: "with their satellite phones" would mean using them as instruments, but the idiomatic phrase for communication is "on the phone".

B. Correct: "on" is used with communication devices and media — on the phone, on the radio, on TV.

C. Wrong: "by their satellite phones" is not the idiomatic construction.

D. Wrong: "for their satellite phones" is not a correct construction here.

Question 21 General Knowledge

The population of Japan is characterized as:

- A. Young
- B. Aging ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Declining
- D. Sparse

A. Wrong: Japan's population is not young — it has one of the lowest birth rates in the world.

B. Correct: Japan has one of the most rapidly aging populations in the world, with over 29% aged 65 or older.

C. Wrong: Japan's population is also declining, but the standard characterisation asked for is "aging" (the population structure, not the trend).

pan is densely populated, not sparse.

Question 22 General Knowledge

Which fruit has its seeds on the outside?

- A. Apple
- B. Banana
- C. Strawberry ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Mango

A. Wrong: an apple's seeds are inside the core, not on the outside.

B. Wrong: a banana's seeds are tiny and inside the fruit, not on the outside.

C. Correct: a strawberry has its seeds (achenes) on the outside of the fruit; the red fleshy part is the enlarged receptacle of the flower.

D. Wrong: a mango has a single large stone inside, not seeds on the outside.

Question 23 General Knowledge

What is the currency of Turkey?

- A. Lira ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Dollar
- C. Riyal
- D. Euro

A. Correct: the Turkish Lira (TRY) is the official currency of Turkey (redenominated in 2005).

B. Wrong: the dollar is the currency of the USA, not Turkey.

C. Wrong: the riyal is the currency of Saudi Arabia and others, not Turkey.

D. Wrong: Turkey does not use the Euro.

24 General Knowledge

What is the capital of Afghanistan?

- A. Kandahar
- B. Kabul ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Herat
- D. Jalalabad

A. Wrong: Kandahar is a major city but not the capital.

B. Correct: Kabul is the capital and largest city of Afghanistan, on the Kabul River.

C. Wrong: Herat is a major city but not the capital.

D. Wrong: Jalalabad is a major city but not the capital.

Question 25 General Knowledge

Which planet has the highest number of moons?

- A. Jupiter
- B. Mars
- C. Saturn ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Venus

A. Wrong: Jupiter has 95 confirmed moons — fewer than Saturn.

B. Wrong: Mars has only 2 moons (Phobos and Deimos).

C. Correct: Saturn has the most moons of any planet — over 140 confirmed in 2023, reaching 274 by March 2025, surpassing Jupiter (see verification notes).

D. Wrong: Venus has no moons at all.

26 General Knowledge

Which is the largest continent by area and population?

- A. Africa
- B. Asia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Europe
- D. North America

A. Wrong: Africa is second in both area and population.

B. Correct: Asia is the largest continent by both area (about 44.6 million sq km) and population (over 4.7 billion, about 60% of the world's total).

C. Wrong: Europe is much smaller than Asia in both area and population.

D. Wrong: North America is much smaller than Asia in both area and population.

Question 27 General Knowledge

Who is known as the Father of Algebra?

- A. Al-Biruni
- B. Al-Khwarizmi ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ibn-e-Sina
- D. Omar Khayyam

A. Wrong: Al-Biruni was a polymath known for astronomy and geography, not as the Father of Algebra.

B. Correct: Muhammad ibn Musa Al-Khwarizmi (780–850 CE) is known as the Father of Algebra; his book "Al-Kitab al-mukhtasar fi hisab al-jabr wal-muqabala" introduced algebra (the word "algebra" comes from "al-jabr").

C. Wrong: Ibn-e-Sina (Avicenna) was a physician and philosopher, not the Father of Algebra.

mar Khayyam was a poet and mathematician, but not the Father of Algebra.

Question 28 General Knowledge

How many pairs of ribs are in the human body?

- A. 10
- B. 12 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 14
- D. 24

A. Wrong: the body has more than 10 pairs of ribs.

B. Correct: the human body has 12 pairs of ribs, totaling 24 ribs (7 true ribs, 3 false ribs, 2 floating ribs).

C. Wrong: the body does not have 14 pairs of ribs.

D. Wrong: 24 is the total number of ribs, not the number of pairs.

Question 29 General Knowledge

Where is the SAARC headquarters located?

- A. Islamabad
- B. New Delhi
- C. Kathmandu ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Colombo

A. Wrong: Islamabad is Pakistan's capital; the SAARC Secretariat is not there.

B. Wrong: New Delhi is India's capital; the SAARC Secretariat is not there.

C. Correct: the SAARC Secretariat is permanently located in Kathmandu, Nepal (established 1987).

D. Wrong: Colombo is Sri Lanka's capital; the SAARC Secretariat is not there.

30 General Knowledge

The national flag of Bangladesh consists of which colors?

- A. Red and White
- B. Green and Red ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Green and White
- D. Blue and Red

A. Wrong: those are not the colours of Bangladesh's flag.

B. Correct: Bangladesh's flag is a red circle on a green background — green for the lush greenery, red for the rising sun and the blood of those who died for independence.

C. Wrong: green and white are the colours of Pakistan's flag, not Bangladesh's.

D. Wrong: those are not the colours of Bangladesh's flag.

Question 31 General Knowledge

Which is the largest and deepest ocean?

- A. Atlantic
- B. Indian
- C. Pacific ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Arctic

A. Wrong: the Atlantic is the second largest, but not the largest or deepest.

B. Wrong: the Indian Ocean is smaller and shallower than the Pacific.

C. Correct: the Pacific Ocean is both the largest (about 165 million sq km) and the deepest, containing the Mariana Trench at about 11,034 metres.

D. Wrong: the Arctic is the smallest and shallowest ocean.

32 General Knowledge

What is depicted at the center of the UN flag?

- A. A globe
- B. A World Map ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Olive branches
- D. A star

A. Wrong: the centre shows a flat world map, not a globe.

B. Correct: the UN flag features a world map projected from the North Pole at its centre, surrounded by two olive branches.

C. Wrong: the olive branches surround the map; they are not at the centre.

D. Wrong: there is no star at the centre of the UN flag.

Question 33 General Knowledge

As of 2025-2026 which is the most populous country?

- A. China
- B. India ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. USA
- D. Indonesia

A. Wrong: China was the most populous until 2023, when India passed it; China's population has since declined.

B. Correct: India surpassed China in 2023 to become the world's most populous country, with over 1.44 billion people.

C. Wrong: the USA is the third most populous country, far behind India.

D. Wrong: Indonesia is the fourth most populous country, far behind India.

34 General Knowledge

Who was the first person to step on the moon?

- A. Buzz Aldrin
- B. Yuri Gagarin
- C. Neil Armstrong ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Alan Shepard

A. Wrong: Buzz Aldrin was the second person to step on the Moon, after Armstrong.

B. Wrong: Yuri Gagarin was the first human in space (1961), not the first on the Moon.

C. Correct: Neil Armstrong became the first human to walk on the Moon on 20 July 1969, during Apollo 11 ("That's one small step for man, one giant leap for mankind").

D. Wrong: Alan Shepard was the first American in space, not the first on the Moon.

Question 35 General Knowledge

What is the primary function of the IMF?

- A. Human Rights
- B. Stabilizing the global economy ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. World Peace
- D. Education

A. Wrong: human rights are the concern of bodies like the UN Human Rights Council, not the IMF.

B. Correct: the IMF was established in 1944 to promote international monetary cooperation, stabilise exchange rates, facilitate international trade, and provide financial assistance to countries in need.

C. Wrong: world peace is the UN's primary purpose, not the IMF's.

D. Wrong: education is UNESCO's domain, not the IMF's.

36 General Knowledge

Which is considered the smallest river in Pakistan?

- A. Malir River ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Jhelum
- C. Chenab
- D. Indus

A. Correct: the Malir River in Karachi is considered one of the smallest rivers in Pakistan — a seasonal river flowing through Karachi into the Arabian Sea (see verification notes).

B. Wrong: the Jhelum is one of Pakistan's great rivers, not the smallest.

C. Wrong: the Chenab is one of Pakistan's great rivers, not the smallest.

D. Wrong: the Indus is Pakistan's longest and largest river, not the smallest.

Question 37 General Knowledge

In which year did the British East India Company arrive in the subcontinent?

- A. 1600
- B. 1608 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1612
- D. 1620

A. Wrong: 1600 is the year the Company was founded in London, not the year it arrived in the subcontinent.

B. Correct: the Company first arrived in the Indian subcontinent in 1608, when Captain William Hawkins reached Surat.

C. Wrong: 1612 is the year of the Battle of Swally, after the Company's arrival.

D. Wrong: the Company had already been present for over a decade by 1620.

38 General Knowledge

Who proposed the Big Bang Theory?

- A. Albert Einstein
- B. Georges Lemaitre ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Stephen Hawking
- D. Isaac Newton

A. Wrong: Einstein developed general relativity, which underpins the theory, but did not propose the Big Bang.

B. Correct: Georges Lemaître, a Belgian Catholic priest and physicist, proposed the Big Bang Theory in 1927, calling it the hypothesis of the primeval atom; Hubble's 1929 observations supported it.

C. Wrong: Hawking worked on black holes and the Big Bang's implications, but did not propose the theory.

D. Wrong: Newton lived two centuries before the Big Bang Theory and worked on gravity and mechanics.

Question 39 General Knowledge

Which fruit is exceptionally rich in Vitamin C?

- A. Apple
- B. Banana
- C. Guava or Citrus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Grapes

A. Wrong: apples are not exceptionally rich in Vitamin C.

B. Wrong: bananas are rich in potassium, not exceptionally rich in Vitamin C.

C. Correct: guava has the highest Vitamin C content among common fruits (about 228 mg

nearly four times more than oranges), and citrus fruits like oranges and lemons are also very rich in it.

D. Wrong: grapes are not exceptionally rich in Vitamin C.

Question 40 General Knowledge

The shortcut key to save a document is:

- A. Ctrl+C
- B. Ctrl+V
- C. Ctrl+S ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ctrl+P

A. Wrong: Ctrl+C is copy, not save.

B. Wrong: Ctrl+V is paste, not save.

C. Correct: Ctrl+S is the universal keyboard shortcut to save a document in almost all applications.

D. Wrong: Ctrl+P is print, not save.

Question 41 Pakistan Studies

Who contested the 1965 presidential election against General Ayub Khan?

- A. Miss Fatima Jinnah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan
- C. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto
- D. Quaid-e-Azam

A. Correct: Miss Fatima Jinnah (Madar-e-Millat) contested the 1965 presidential election against Field Marshal Ayub Khan, losing in the controversial election conducted through the Basic Democracies system.

aquat Ali Khan was assassinated in 1951 and could not contest in 1965.

C. Wrong: Bhutto was a minister under Ayub Khan in 1965, not his presidential opponent.

D. Wrong: Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah died in 1948 and could not contest in 1965.

Question 42 Pakistan Studies

Which is Pakistan's largest earth-filled dam?

- A. Mangla
- B. Tarbela ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Warsak
- D. Diamer-Bhasha

A. Wrong: Mangla is a large earth-filled dam, but smaller than Tarbela.

B. Correct: Tarbela Dam on the Indus River in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is the largest earth-filled dam in Pakistan and one of the largest in the world (completed 1976; installed capacity 4,888 MW).

C. Wrong: Warsak is a much smaller dam on the Kabul River.

D. Wrong: Diamer-Bhasha is a concrete gravity dam under construction, not an earth-filled dam.

Question 43 Pakistan Studies

The Pak-Afghan border is commonly known as:

- A. Radcliffe Line
- B. McMahon Line
- C. Durand Line ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Line of Control

e Radcliffe Line divides Pakistan and India, not Pakistan and Afghanistan.

B. Wrong: the McMahon Line divides India and China, not Pakistan and Afghanistan.

C. Correct: the Durand Line is the 2,640 km border between Pakistan and Afghanistan, established in 1893 by Sir Mortimer Durand and Afghan Amir Abdur Rahman Khan.

D. Wrong: the Line of Control divides Pakistani and Indian administered Kashmir, not Pakistan and Afghanistan.

Question 44 Pakistan Studies

The Lucknow Pact 1916 was signed between:

- A. Muslim League and British
- B. Muslim League and Indian National Congress ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Congress and British
- D. Sikhs and Muslims

A. Wrong: the Pact was between the two Indian parties, not with the British.

B. Correct: the Lucknow Pact (1916) was a landmark agreement between the All-India Muslim League and the Indian National Congress, accepting separate electorates for Muslims and presenting a united front against British rule.

C. Wrong: the Pact was not between Congress and the British.

D. Wrong: the Pact was not between Sikhs and Muslims.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies

Who was the Viceroy of India during the Partition of Bengal 1905?

- A. Lord Minto
- B. Lord Mountbatten
- C. Lord Curzon ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Lord Minto succeeded Curzon as Viceroy (1905–1910) but did not order the Partition.

B. Wrong: Mountbatten was the last Viceroy (1947), four decades later.

C. Correct: Lord Curzon (Viceroy 1899–1905) ordered the Partition of Bengal on 16 October 1905, dividing it into Hindu-majority West Bengal and Muslim-majority East Bengal; it was annulled in 1911.

D. Wrong: Wavell was Viceroy in 1943–1947, not 1905.

Question 46 Pakistan Studies

How many Hockey World Cups has Pakistan won?

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 5

A. Wrong: Pakistan has won more than two Hockey World Cups.

B. Wrong: Pakistan has won four, not three.

C. Correct: Pakistan has won the Hockey World Cup four times — in 1971, 1978, 1982 and 1994 — and is one of the most successful nations in field hockey (also three Olympic gold medals).

D. Wrong: Pakistan has won four, not five.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

The land between the Chenab and Jhelum rivers is called:

- A. Bari Doab

j Doab ✓ Correct answer

- C. Rechna Doab
- D. Sindh Sagar Doab

A. Wrong: Bari Doab is the land between the Beas and Ravi rivers.

B. Correct: Chaj Doab is the land between the Chenab and Jhelum rivers.

C. Wrong: Rechna Doab is the land between the Ravi and Chenab rivers.

D. Wrong: Sindh Sagar Doab is the land between the Indus and Jhelum rivers.

Question 48 Pakistan Studies

When was the first Martial Law imposed in Pakistan?

- A. 1947
- B. October 1958 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1969
- D. 1977

A. Wrong: no Martial Law was imposed in 1947.

B. Correct: the first Martial Law in Pakistan was imposed on 7 October 1958 by President Iskander Mirza, who abrogated the constitution; General Ayub Khan took power shortly after and sent Mirza into exile.

C. Wrong: 1969 is the year of the second Martial Law (Yahya Khan), not the first.

D. Wrong: 1977 is the year of the third Martial Law (Zia-ul-Haq), not the first.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies

The famous Buddhist stupa in Taxila is named:

- A. Shanti Stupa
- B. Dharmarajika Stupa ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Sanchi Stupa

A. Wrong: the Shanti Stupa is a modern peace pagoda, not the famous Taxila stupa.

B. Correct: the Dharmarajika Stupa in Taxila is one of the most famous Buddhist stupas in Pakistan, dating to the 3rd century BCE during the reign of Emperor Ashoka; Taxila is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

C. Wrong: the Butkara Stupa is in Swat, not Taxila.

D. Wrong: the Sanchi Stupa is in India (Madhya Pradesh), not Taxila.

Question 50 Pakistan Studies

The combination of the National Assembly and Senate is called:

- A. Parliament (Majlis-e-Shoora) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Cabinet
- C. Judiciary
- D. Local Government

A. Correct: the Parliament of Pakistan, known as Majlis-e-Shoora, is the combination of the National Assembly (lower house) and the Senate (upper house) — together with the President, the supreme legislative body.

B. Wrong: the Cabinet is the executive body of ministers, not the legislature.

C. Wrong: the Judiciary is the court system, not the legislature.

D. Wrong: local government is the district and town tier, not the national legislature.

Question 51 Islamic Studies

Which act brings blessings in rizq and lifespan according to Hadith?

- A. Charity

- C. Hajj
- D. Fasting

A. Wrong: charity brings reward, but the Hadith about expanded provision and prolonged life is about kinship ties.

B. Correct: according to Hadith, Silah-e-Rahmi (maintaining ties of kinship) increases rizq (sustenance) and extends lifespan — whoever wishes his provision expanded and his term of life prolonged should maintain ties of kinship.

C. Wrong: Hajj is a pillar of Islam, but the Hadith in question is about kinship ties.

D. Wrong: fasting brings reward, but the Hadith in question is about kinship ties.

Question 52 Islamic Studies

The angels who record good and bad deeds are known as:

- A. Munkar Nakir
- B. Kiraman Katibin ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ridwan
- D. Malik

A. Wrong: Munkar and Nakir are the angels who question the dead in the grave, not the recorders of deeds.

B. Correct: Kiraman Katibin (Noble Scribes) are the two angels assigned to each person to record good and bad deeds (Quran 82:10–12).

C. Wrong: Ridwan is the angel who guards Paradise, not a recorder of deeds.

D. Wrong: Malik is the angel who guards Hell, not a recorder of deeds.

53 Islamic Studies

What is the literal meaning of the word Injeel?

- A. Guidance
- B. Good News ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Warning
- D. Light

A. Wrong: "guidance" is the meaning of "Huda", not "Injeel".

B. Correct: "Injeel" comes from the Greek "Evangelion" meaning Good News or Gospel — the scripture revealed to Prophet Isa (AS); the word "Gospel" itself means Good News in Old English.

C. Wrong: "warning" is the meaning of "Indhar", not "Injeel".

D. Wrong: "light" is the meaning of "Noor", not "Injeel".

Question 54 Islamic Studies

Which is the longest Surah of the Holy Quran?

- A. Surah Al-Imran
- B. Surah Al-Baqarah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Surah An-Nisa
- D. Surah Al-Maida

A. Wrong: Al-Imran is the third Surah and the second longest, not the longest.

B. Correct: Surah Al-Baqarah is the longest Surah in the Quran with 286 verses.

C. Wrong: An-Nisa is the fourth Surah, shorter than Al-Baqarah.

D. Wrong: Al-Maida is the fifth Surah, shorter than Al-Baqarah.

55 Islamic Studies

In which year CE was Prophet Muhammad PBUH born?

- A. 550 CE
- B. 570 CE ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 590 CE
- D. 610 CE

A. Wrong: the Prophet (PBUH) was born twenty years later than 550 CE.

B. Correct: Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was born in approximately 570 CE, the Year of the Elephant (Aam-ul-Feel), on 12 Rabi al-Awwal in Makkah.

C. Wrong: the Prophet (PBUH) was born twenty years earlier than 590 CE.

D. Wrong: 610 CE is the year of the first revelation, not the Prophet's birth.

Question 56 Islamic Studies

What is the meaning of Risalat?

- A. Prayer
- B. Prophethood or Delivering Allah's Message ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Charity
- D. Fasting

A. Wrong: prayer is "Salat", not "Risalat".

B. Correct: "Risalat" means Prophethood — the institution through which Allah communicated His guidance to humanity through chosen messengers.

C. Wrong: charity is "Zakat" or "Sadaqah", not "Risalat".

D. Wrong: fasting is "Sawm", not "Risalat".

57 Islamic Studies

What is the bridge called that everyone must cross on the Day of Judgment?

- A. Pul-e-Sirat ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Al-Araf
- C. Al-Kawthar
- D. Bridge of Light

A. Correct: Pul-e-Sirat is the bridge all people must cross on the Day of Judgment, described as thinner than a hair and sharper than a sword; the righteous cross easily while sinners fall into Hell below.

B. Wrong: Al-Araf is the heights between Paradise and Hell, not the bridge.

C. Wrong: Al-Kawthar is the fountain (Hawd) of the Prophet (PBUH), not the bridge.

D. Wrong: this is not a recognised name for the bridge.

Question 58 Islamic Studies

A Hadith describing an action done in front of the Prophet PBUH that he did not forbid is:

- A. Hadith Quli
- B. Hadith Fili
- C. Hadith Taqreeri ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hadith Qudsi

A. Wrong: Hadith Quli is a verbal Hadith — what the Prophet (PBUH) said.

B. Wrong: Hadith Fili is an action-based Hadith — what the Prophet (PBUH) did.

C. Correct: Hadith Taqreeri refers to the tacit approval or silent consent of the Prophet (PBUH) — an action done in his presence that he did not forbid, thereby giving implicit approval.

Hadith Qudsi is divine speech narrated by the Prophet (PBUH), not tacit approval.

Question 59 Islamic Studies

Which female companion was entrusted with the first compiled manuscript of the Quran?

- A. Hazrat Aisha RA
- B. Hazrat Hafsa RA ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Fatima RA
- D. Hazrat Khadija RA

A. Wrong: the manuscript was not entrusted to Hazrat Aisha (RA).

B. Correct: the first compiled manuscript of the Quran, prepared during Abu Bakr (RA)'s caliphate, was entrusted to Hazrat Hafsa (RA), wife of the Prophet (PBUH) and daughter of Umar (RA), for safekeeping; it was later used by Uthman (RA) for standardisation.

C. Wrong: the manuscript was not entrusted to Hazrat Fatima (RA).

D. Wrong: Hazrat Khadija (RA) died before the Quran was compiled.

Question 60 Islamic Studies

Who was the first person to call the Adhan?

- A. Hazrat Ali RA
- B. Hazrat Umar RA
- C. Hazrat Abu Bakr RA
- D. Hazrat Bilal RA ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Hazrat Ali (RA) was not the first Muazzin.

B. Wrong: Hazrat Umar (RA) suggested the Adhan, but did not call it first.

azrat Abu Baki (RA) was not the first Muazzin.

D. Correct: Hazrat Bilal ibn Rabah (RA) was the first Muazzin in Islam, appointed by Prophet Muhammad (PBUH); he gave the first Adhan in Madinah.

Question 61 Urdu

Mulhaq means:

- A. Separate
- B. Attached or Linked ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Distant
- D. Enemy

A. Wrong: separate is the antonym of "mulhaq", not its meaning.

.means joined, attached or linked to something (ملحق) "**B.** Correct: "mulhaq

C. Wrong: distant is the opposite of attached, not the meaning of "mulhaq".

D. Wrong: enemy has nothing to do with the meaning of "mulhaq".

Question 62 Urdu

Rog means:

- A. Health
- B. Disease or Malady ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Joy
- D. Method

A. Wrong: health is the antonym of "rog", not its meaning.

.means disease or illness, used in both Hindi and Urdu (روگ) "**B.** Correct: "rog

C. Wrong: joy has nothing to do with the meaning of "rog".

ethod has nothing to do with the meaning of "rog".

Question 63 Urdu

Tazeen means:

- A. Destruction
- B. Decoration or Adornment ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Simplicity
- D. Silence

A. Wrong: destruction is the antonym of decoration, not the meaning of "tazeen".

means decoration and adornment (tazeen-o-araish — (تزئین) "**B.** Correct: "tazeen .decorating beautifully)

C. Wrong: simplicity is the opposite of adornment, not the meaning of "tazeen".

D. Wrong: silence has nothing to do with the meaning of "tazeen".

Question 64 Urdu

Sanglakh means:

- A. Soft
- B. Green
- C. Stony or Hard ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Level

A. Wrong: soft is the antonym of "sanglakh", not its meaning.

B. Wrong: green has nothing to do with the meaning of "sanglakh".

means stony and hard — stony ground where nothing (سنگلاخ) "**C.** Correct: "sanglakh .grows

vel (flat) is not what "sanglakh" means.

Question 65 Urdu

Zarafat means:

- A. Anger
- B. Wit or Humor ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Seriousness
- D. Sadness

A. Wrong: anger is the opposite of wit, not the meaning of "zarafat".

means wit and good humour; a "zareef" is a witty, cheerful (ظرافت) "**B.** Correct: "zarafat

.person

C. Wrong: seriousness is the opposite of humour, not the meaning of "zarafat".

D. Wrong: sadness is the opposite of humour, not the meaning of "zarafat".

Question 66 Urdu

Begar means:

- A. Salary
- B. Forced Labor or Working without pay ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Reward
- D. Business

A. Wrong: salary is payment for work — the opposite of "begar".

.means forcing someone to work without pay (بیگار) "**B.** Correct: "begar

C. Wrong: a reward is payment or recognition — the opposite of "begar".

D. Wrong: business has nothing to do with the meaning of "begar".

67 Urdu

Mustaid means:

- A. Lazy
- B. Alert or Ready ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sick
- D. Reluctant

A. Wrong: lazy is the antonym of "mustaid", not its meaning.

means ready and alert — a person who is always prepared (مستعد) "**B.** Correct: "mustaid .and active

C. Wrong: sick has nothing to do with the meaning of "mustaid".

D. Wrong: reluctant is the opposite of ready, not the meaning of "mustaid".

Question 68 Urdu

Sataish means:

- A. Criticism
- B. Praise or Admire ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Insult
- D. Hate

A. Wrong: criticism is the antonym of "sataish", not its meaning.

means praise and admiration — to praise someone and (ستائش) "**B.** Correct: "sataish .describe their good qualities

C. Wrong: insult is the antonym of "sataish", not its meaning.

D. Wrong: hate is the opposite of praise, not the meaning of "sataish".

69 Urdu

Malik-ul-Mulk refers to:

- A. King
- B. Lord of the Universe (Allah) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rich man
- D. Governor

A. Wrong: a king is a human ruler, not the meaning of "Malik-ul-Mulk".

means the Owner of all sovereignty — Allah, the true (مالک الملک) "**B.** Correct: "Malik-ul-Mulk .owner of kingdom and dominion; it is one of Allah's names

C. Wrong: a rich man owns wealth, not the universe.

D. Wrong: a governor rules a province, not the universe.

Question 70 Urdu

Zawal means:

- A. Rise
- B. Decline ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Happiness
- D. Light

A. Wrong: rise is the antonym of "zawal", not its meaning.

means decline and fall — the decrease and end of something after (زوال) "**B.** Correct: "zawal .its peak

C. Wrong: happiness has nothing to do with the meaning of "zawal".

D. Wrong: light has nothing to do with the meaning of "zawal".

71 Mathematics

If $x + 3/x = 2$, the value of $3x^2 + 27/x^2$ is:

- A. 20
- B. 25
- C. 30
- D. 35

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-excluded (no answer asserted — no option is correct; the stem has no real solution)

A. NOT ASSERTED.

B. NOT ASSERTED.

C. NOT ASSERTED.

D. NOT ASSERTED. *DEFECT NOTE (open):* the stem has no real solution: multiplying $x + 3/x = 2$ through by x gives $x^2 - 2x + 3 = 0$, whose discriminant is $4 - 12 = -8$, so no real x satisfies the condition. Formal squaring gives $x^2 + 9/x^2 = -2$, hence $3x^2 + 27/x^2 = -6$ — which is not among the options either. The reproduction's own explanation works the value out to -6 and then keys 30 anyway ("Based on the source paper, the answer is 30") — the printed key contradicts the reproduction's own working and is NOT followed. No option (20 / 25 / 30 / 35) is the correct value under any reading. *EXCLUDED 9 Nov 2026 (assistant, under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation). This question must never be taught as having 30 as its answer.*

Question 72 Mathematics

Two bells ring at 8:00 AM. One rings every 32 mins and the other every 40 mins. When will they ring together?

- A. 10:00 AM
- B. 10:20 AM

- 10:40 AM ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 11:00 AM

A. Wrong: 10:00 AM is 120 minutes after 8:00 AM; 120 is not a multiple of 32.

B. Wrong: 10:20 AM is 140 minutes after 8:00 AM; 140 is not a multiple of 32.

C. Correct: LCM of 32 and 40 is 160 minutes ($32 = 2^5$; $40 = 2^3 \times 5$; LCM = $2^5 \times 5 = 160$); 8:00 AM + 160 minutes = 10:40 AM.

D. Wrong: 11:00 AM is 180 minutes after 8:00 AM; 180 is not a multiple of 32.

Question 73 Mathematics

Find the area of a rectangle with length 4 and width 3.

- A. 7
- B. 10
- C. 12 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 14

A. Wrong: 7 is the sum 4 + 3, not the area.

B. Wrong: 10 is not the area of a 4 × 3 rectangle.

C. Correct: area of a rectangle = length × width = 4 × 3 = 12 square units.

D. Wrong: 14 is the perimeter (2 × (4 + 3) = 14), not the area.

Question 74 Mathematics

Food for 28 students lasts 20 days. After 8 days 4 students leave. How many more days will food last?

- A. 10
- B. 12
- C. 14 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: after 8 days, 336 units of food remain for 24 students — 336 ÷ 24 = 14, not 10.

B. Wrong: 336 ÷ 24 = 14, not 12.

C. Correct: total food = 28 × 20 = 560 units; consumed in 8 days = 28 × 8 = 224; remaining = 560 − 224 = 336; remaining students = 24; days = 336 ÷ 24 = 14.

D. Wrong: 336 ÷ 24 = 14, not 16.

Question 75 Mathematics

Find the median of the given data set.

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-excluded (no answer asserted — data set not served in the reproduction)

A. NOT ASSERTED.

B. NOT ASSERTED.

C. NOT ASSERTED.

D. NOT ASSERTED. *DEFECT NOTE (open):* the stem refers to "the given data set", but NO data set is served anywhere in the reproduction — the full 970-line page was read and no data appears; the reproduction's explanation only says "Based on the source paper, the correct answer is 3 — the central value of the data set provided". Without the data, the question is unanswerable as served, so no answer can be verified. The printed key (B, 3) is recorded here but NOT asserted. Excluded as unrecoverable, exactly like 37ac's items absent from its source (8 Nov 2026). *EXCLUDED 9 Nov 2026 (assistant, under the owner's

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