Inspector, Cooperative Societies — 2004 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Inspector, Cooperative Societies · **Year:** 2004 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **96 solved and verified**, 3 excluded as defective (Q6, Q40, Q89), 1 unrecoverable (Q98) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2004 sitting.

Source note: Atif Pedia reproduction ('PPSC Inspector Cooperative Societies 2004 Solved Past Paper', https://atifpedia.blogspot.com/2019/05/ppsc-inspector-cooperative-societies-2004-solved-past-paper.html), parsed to 99 questions; Q98 stem missing from the page (only the four options survive) and recorded as a gap. Year 2004 from the page title. 3 printed keys corrected on independent evidence: Q16 Washington appointed Commander-in-Chief 1775 (printed B 1732, filed D None of these), Q41 highest peak (printed B Nanga Parbat, filed C K-2), Q86 CHASNUPP-1 commercial operation 2000 (printed B 2001, filed D 2000). 2 PICK-ONE: Q15 Kashmir movement launch year (filed C 1930), Q70 identical options A/B both 8 (filed A). 3 DEFECTIVE-excluded: Q6 (Faraizi Movement founded 1818, not among options), Q40 (Urdu replaced Persian in 1837, not among options), Q89 (no single founder of the Republican Party among the options). 1 gap: Q98 stem missing from source. Dedup 13 Nov 2026 vs the live library (692 papers) and 706 built files (61,870 stems): exact 35, max 4 stems vs any one built file (PPSC-SOCIAL-SECURITY-OFFICER-2012) — no duplicate.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Which of the following rivers is also called yellow river?

- ng Ho River ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Nile River
- C. Amazon River
- D. None of these

A. The Huang Ho (Yellow River) is China's great river, named for its yellow silt.

B. The Nile is the river of Egypt, not the Yellow River.

C. The Amazon is the great river of South America, not the Yellow River.

D. One of the options names the Yellow River.

Note: Filed option A read "Hawang Ho River" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Huang Ho River" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 2 Geography

Colorado is a river which flows in:

- A. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. UK
- C. Peru
- D. Brazil

A. The Colorado River flows through the south-western USA (Grand Canyon) to the Gulf of California.

B. The Colorado does not flow in the UK.

C. The Colorado does not flow in Peru.

D. The Colorado does not flow in Brazil.

3 Geography

Congo river is located in:

- A. Asia
- B. Africa ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Europe
- D. America

A. The Congo is the great river of central Africa, not Asia.

B. The Congo River flows through the Democratic Republic of Congo in Africa.

C. The Congo is not in Europe.

D. The Congo is not in America.

Question 4 Pakistan Studies

The Lal Suhanra National Park is located near:

- A. Multan
- B. Bahawalpur ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ahmadpur East
- D. D.G. Khan

A. Lal Suhanra National Park is near Bahawalpur, not Multan.

B. Lal Suhanra National Park lies about 35 km east of Bahawalpur.

C. Ahmadpur East is a nearby town, not the park's location.

D. Lal Suhanra is not in D. G. Khan district.

Question 5 Pakistan Studies

The Grand Trunk Road was built by

- B. Sher Shah Suri ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Babur
- D. Akbar

A. Jahangir did not build the Grand Trunk Road.

B. Sher Shah Suri built (rebuilt) the Grand Trunk Road in the 16th century.

C. Babur did not build the Grand Trunk Road.

D. Akbar did not build the Grand Trunk Road.

Note: Filed option A read "Jahngir" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Jahangir" as documented in the reviewed file. Filed option C read "Bubar" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Babur" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 6 Pakistan Studies

Faraizi Movement was started by Haji Shariat Ullah in Bengal in:

- A. 1835
- B. 1823
- C. 1828
- D. 1865

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — EXCLUDED, no answer taught (The Faraizi Movement was founded by Haji Shariatullah in 1818, which is not among the options; the printed key C (1828) is wrong)

A. 1835 is not the founding year of the Faraizi Movement.

B. 1823 is not the founding year of the Faraizi Movement.

C. 1828 is not the founding year; Haji Shariatullah founded the movement in 1818.

t the founding year of the Faraizi Movement.

Question 7 History

During the Mughal period which one of the following traders first came to India?

- A. Portuguese ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Dutch
- C. Danish
- D. English

A. The Portuguese were the first Europeans to reach India by sea (Vasco da Gama, 1498).

B. The Dutch came to India after the Portuguese.

C. The Danish came to India after the Portuguese.

D. The English (East India Company, 1600) came after the Portuguese.

Question 8 History

The first Indian ruler to organise Haj pilgrimage at the expense of the state was:

- A. Alauddin Khilji
- B. Feroz Tughlaq
- C. Akbar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Aurangzeb

A. Alauddin Khilji did not organise the Haj at state expense.

B. Feroz Tughlaq did not organise the Haj at state expense.

C. Akbar was the first Indian ruler to organise the Haj pilgrimage at state expense.

D. Aurangzeb did not organise the Haj at state expense.

9 Pakistan Studies

The greatest fort of Pakistan that is Rani Kot Fort is situated near the city:

- A. Hyderabad ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Peshawar
- C. Rawalpindi
- D. None of these

A. Ranikot Fort, the greatest fort of Pakistan, stands near Sann in Jamshoro district, close to Hyderabad.

B. Ranikot Fort is not near Peshawar.

C. Ranikot Fort is not near Rawalpindi.

D. One of the options names the city near Ranikot Fort.

Question 10 History

Gandhara Art is related to:

- A. Mohenjo-Daro
- B. Kot Diji
- C. Harappa
- D. Taxila ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Gandhara art is not related to Mohenjo-Daro.

B. Gandhara art is not related to Kot Diji.

C. Gandhara art is not related to Harappa.

D. Gandhara art flourished around Taxila and the north-west, under the Kushans.

Note: Filed option B read "KotDigi" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Kot Diji" as documented in the reviewed file.

One pound per foot is equal to _____ Kg per metre

- A. 1.614
- B. 1.378
- C. 1.513
- D. 1.488 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 1.614 kg/m is not the conversion for one pound per foot.

B. 1.378 kg/m is not the conversion for one pound per foot.

C. 1.513 kg/m is not the conversion for one pound per foot.

D. One pound per foot equals 1.488 kg per metre (1 lb/ft = 1.48816 kg/m).

Question 12 Pakistan Studies

When was the first agreement signed on Siachen glacier?

- A. 1950
- B. 1971
- C. 1949 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1954

A. No Siachen agreement was signed in 1950.

B. No Siachen agreement was signed in 1971.

C. The 1949 Karachi Agreement first defined the ceasefire line whose northern end reaches the Siachen glacier region.

D. No Siachen agreement was signed in 1954.

Note: Note: The 1949 Karachi Agreement (27 July 1949) drew the ceasefire line up to point NJ9842, 'thence north to the glaciers' — the Siachen area itself was left undemarcated;

standard keyed answer for the first agreement touching Siachen.

Question 13 History

Buddhist emperor Ashoka belonged to which dynasty?

- A. Ashoka
- B. Mauryan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Chandra
- D. Gupta

A. Ashoka is a person, not a dynasty.

B. Ashoka belonged to the Mauryan dynasty, founded by Chandragupta Maurya.

C. Chandra is not the name of Ashoka's dynasty.

D. Ashoka did not belong to the Gupta dynasty.

Question 14 History

State of Kashmir was purchased by Gulab Singh for

- A. Rs.8.5 million
- B. Rs.7.5 million ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rs.9.5 million
- D. Rs.5.5 million

A. Kashmir was not sold for Rs. 8.5 million.

B. Under the Treaty of Amritsar (1846) Gulab Singh bought Kashmir for Rs. 75 lakh, i.e. Rs. 7.5 million.

C. Kashmir was not sold for Rs. 9.5 million.

D. Kashmir was not sold for Rs. 5.5 million.

15 Pakistan Studies

Sh. Abdullah and Ch. Ghulam Abbas launched freedom movement in Kashmir which resulted into the first battle for freedom fought in

- A. 1931
- B. 1935
- C. 1930 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1936

A. 1931 was the year of the first mass uprising (13 July 1931), not the launch of the movement.

B. 1935 is neither the launch year nor the year of the first uprising.

C. Sheikh Abdullah and Chaudhry Ghulam Abbas launched the freedom movement in 1930, when the Reading Room Party was formed.

D. 1936 is neither the launch year nor the year of the first uprising.

Question 16 History

When American Congress appointed George Washington Commander-in-Chief of American Untrained Army?

- A. 1725
- B. 1732
- C. 1740
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 1725 is not the year Washington was appointed Commander-in-Chief.

B. 1732 is the year of George Washington's birth, not his appointment as Commander-in-Chief.

C. 1740 is not the year Washington was appointed Commander-in-Chief.

hese is correct. Congress appointed Washington Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army on 15 June 1775, a year not listed.

Question 17 Islamic Studies

Name the first Muslim who was appointed as Hakam?

- A. Saad bin Maaz (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Saad bin Abi Waqqas (RA)
- C. Khalid bin Waleed (RA)
- D. Abu Ubaidah (RA)

A. Saad bin Maaz (RA) was appointed as Hakam (arbitrator) in the affair of Banu Qurayza.

B. Saad bin Abi Waqqas (RA) was not appointed as Hakam.

C. Khalid bin Waleed (RA) was not appointed as Hakam.

D. Abu Ubaidah (RA) was not appointed as Hakam.

Note: Filed option A read "Saad bln Maaz (RA)" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Saad bin Maaz (RA)" as documented in the reviewed file. Filed option B read "Saad bln Abl Waqqaa (RA)" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Saad bin Abi Waqqas (RA)" as documented in the reviewed file. Filed option C read "Khalid bln Waleed (RA)" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Khalid bin Waleed (RA)" as documented in the reviewed file. Filed option D read "Abu Ubaldah (RA)" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Abu Ubaidah (RA)" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 18 Islamic Studies

Name the first person who declared his conversion to Islam emphatically:

- A. Hazrat Umar (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hazrat Ali (RA)

- D. Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA)

A. Hazrat Umar (RA) was the first to declare his conversion to Islam openly and emphatically.

B. Hazrat Ali (RA) was not the first to declare his conversion emphatically.

C. Hazrat Usman (RA) was not the first to declare his conversion emphatically.

D. Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA) was not the first to declare his conversion emphatically.

Question 19 Pakistan Studies

Indian Council Act introduced:

- A. 1905
- B. 1906
- C. 1908
- D. 1909 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. No Indian Councils Act was passed in 1905.

B. No Indian Councils Act was passed in 1906.

C. No Indian Councils Act was passed in 1908.

D. The Indian Councils Act (Morley-Minto Reforms) was passed in 1909.

Question 20 Pakistan Studies

Quaid-e-Azam became the member of Legislative Council from Bombay:

- A. 1905
- B. 1906
- C. 1908
- D. 1909 ✓ **Correct answer**

not join the Imperial Legislative Council in 1905.

B. Jinnah did not join the Imperial Legislative Council in 1906.

C. Jinnah did not join the Imperial Legislative Council in 1908.

D. Jinnah was elected to the Imperial Legislative Council from Bombay in 1909.

Note: Note: Jinnah was elected in late 1909 and took his seat in 1910; 1909 is the standard keyed year.

Question 21 History

Delhi Darbar. King and Queen of British visit India; Partition of Bengal is annulled:

- A. 1913
- B. 1914
- C. 1911 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1916

A. The Delhi Durbar and the annulment of the Partition of Bengal did not happen in 1913.

B. They did not happen in 1914.

C. At the Delhi Durbar of 1911 the King and Queen visited India and the Partition of Bengal (1905) was annulled.

D. They did not happen in 1916.

Question 22 Pakistan Studies

Bhutto stepped in as the president and civilian CMLA of Pakistan:

- A. 20th December 1970
- B. 20th December 1971 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 20th December 1972
- D. 20th December 1973

d not take over on 20 December 1970.

B. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto took over as President and civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator on 20 December 1971.

C. Bhutto did not take over on 20 December 1972.

D. Bhutto did not take over on 20 December 1973.

Question 23 Pakistan Studies

Land reforms announced by PPP regime

- A. 1st March 1970
- B. 1st March 1971
- C. 1st March 1972 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1st March 1973

A. The PPP land reforms were not announced on 1 March 1970.

B. They were not announced on 1 March 1971.

C. The PPP regime announced its land reforms on 1 March 1972.

D. They were not announced on 1 March 1973.

Question 24 Pakistan Studies

In which Constitution Islam was declared religion of the state?

- A. Constitution of 1956
- B. Constitution of 1973 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Constitution of 1968
- D. Constitution of 1962

A. The 1956 Constitution did not declare Islam the religion of the state.

f the Constitution of 1973 declares Islam the state religion of Pakistan.

C. There was no Constitution of 1968.

D. The 1962 Constitution did not declare Islam the religion of the state.

Question 25 Islamic Studies

Who was Ameen-ul-Ummat?

- A. Hazrat Usman (RA)
- B. Hazrat Ali (RA)
- C. Hazrat Abu Ubaidah bin Jarrah (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Hazrat Usman (RA) was not titled Ameen-ul-Ummat.

B. Hazrat Ali (RA) was not titled Ameen-ul-Ummat.

C. Hazrat Abu Ubaidah bin Jarrah (RA) is titled Ameen-ul-Ummat (Trustee of the Ummah).

D. One of the options holds the title Ameen-ul-Ummat.

Question 26 Geography

Which is the biggest fresh water lake in the world?

- A. Chilka Lake
- B. Caspian Lake
- C. Dal Lake
- D. Lake Superior ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Chilka Lake is a lagoon in India, not the biggest freshwater lake.

B. The Caspian is the largest lake, but it is saline, not freshwater.

C. Dal Lake in Kashmir is small, not the biggest freshwater lake.

erior is the largest freshwater lake in the world by surface area.

Question 27 Geography

Which peninsula lies between the Black Sea and the Sea of Azov?

- A. Crimean ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Iberian
- C. Kamchatka
- D. Avon

A. The Crimean Peninsula lies between the Black Sea and the Sea of Azov.

B. The Iberian Peninsula lies between the Atlantic and the Mediterranean, not these seas.

C. The Kamchatka Peninsula is in Russia's far east, not between these seas.

D. Avon is a river, not a peninsula.

Question 28 Geography

On the banks of which river is the city of London located?

- A. Severn
- B. Thames ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Avon
- D. Humber

A. London is not on the Severn.

B. London stands on the banks of the River Thames.

C. London is not on the Avon.

D. London is not on the Humber.

29 Geography

Which Is the largest country In the Arabian Peninsula?

- A. Oman
- B. Yemen
- C. Saudi Arabia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Kuwait

A. Oman is not the largest country of the Arabian Peninsula.

B. Yemen is not the largest country of the Arabian Peninsula.

C. Saudi Arabia is the largest country of the Arabian Peninsula.

D. Kuwait is not the largest country of the Arabian Peninsula.

Question 30 Science

The distance between the earth and the sun is smallest in the month of:

- A. January ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. March
- C. June
- D. September

A. The Earth is nearest the Sun (perihelion) in early January.

B. The Earth is not nearest the Sun in March.

C. The Earth is farthest from the Sun (aphelion) around July, not nearest in June.

D. The Earth is not nearest the Sun in September.

Question 31 Geography

In how many time zones has the world been divided?

- B. 24 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 90
- D. 180

A. The world is not divided into 15 time zones.

B. The world is divided into 24 standard time zones, one per hour of the day.

C. The world is not divided into 90 time zones.

D. The world is not divided into 180 time zones.

Question 32 Geography

Liverpool is situated on bank of river

- A. Indus River
- B. Mersey River ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Delaware River
- D. None of these

A. Liverpool is not on the Indus.

B. Liverpool stands on the bank of the River Mersey.

C. Liverpool is not on the Delaware.

D. One of the options names Liverpool's river.

Question 33 Geography

Which is the longest river in the world?

- A. Nile ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Amazon
- C. Volga

sissippi

A. The Nile is the longest river in the world (about 6,650 km).

B. The Amazon carries the most water but is shorter than the Nile.

C. The Volga is Europe's longest river, not the world's.

D. The Mississippi is shorter than the Nile.

Question 34 Pakistan Studies

Name the eminent leader of Pakistan movement who in 1949 took over as the first governor of Punjab and later on became the president of Pakistan Muslim League

- A. Abdur Rab Nishtar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Nazim-ud-Din
- C. I. I. Chundrigar
- D. Iftikhar Husain

A. Abdur Rab Nishtar took over as Governor of Punjab in 1949 (the first Pakistani to hold the office) and later became president of the Pakistan Muslim League.

B. Khwaja Nazim-ud-Din did not become Governor of Punjab in 1949.

C. I. I. Chundrigar did not become Governor of Punjab in 1949.

D. Iftikhar Husain (Mamdot) was Chief Minister of Punjab, not its governor in 1949.

Note: Note: Sir Francis Mudie was the first Governor of Punjab (1947-1949) under British rule; Nishtar was the first Pakistani governor, which is what the question means. Filed option C read "1.1. Chundrigar ." (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "I. I. Chundrigar" as documented in the reviewed file.

35 English

What do you understand by En-route?

- A. Oneway
- B. On the way ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Welcome
- D. None of these

A. En route does not mean one-way.

B. En route is French for on the way.

C. En route does not mean welcome.

D. One of the options gives the meaning of en route.

Question 36 History

Name the American President who had to resign when it became clear that he was about to be impeached and convicted by Congress?

- A. Ulysses S. Grant
- B. William McKinley
- C. Richard Nixon ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Dwight D. Eisenhower

A. Ulysses S. Grant did not resign the presidency.

B. William McKinley did not resign the presidency.

C. Richard Nixon resigned in 1974 when impeachment and conviction by Congress were certain.

D. Dwight D. Eisenhower did not resign the presidency.

Note: Filed option A read "Ulysses S. Grand" (misprint in the source reproduction);

"Ulysses S. Grant" as documented in the reviewed file. Filed option B read "William KcKinly" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "William McKinley" as documented in the reviewed file. Filed option C read "Richard Nixion" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Richard Nixon" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 37 General Knowledge

Michelangelo was a famous:

- A. Artist ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Politician
- C. Singer
- D. None of them

A. Michelangelo was a famous artist (painter and sculptor of the Sistine Chapel and David).

B. Michelangelo was not a politician.

C. Michelangelo was not a singer.

D. One of the options describes Michelangelo.

Question 38 Geography

Where would you find the Sea of Galilee?

- A. Syria
- B. Turkey
- C. Israel ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Jordan

A. The Sea of Galilee is not in Syria.

B. The Sea of Galilee is not in Turkey.

C. The Sea of Galilee (Lake Tiberias) is in Israel.

f Galilee is not in Jordan, though the Jordan River flows from it.

Question 39 Pakistan Studies

Syed Ahmad Shaheed was martyred at Balakot in:

- A. 1843
- B. 1831 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1832
- D. 1837

A. Syed Ahmad Shaheed was not martyred in 1843.

B. Syed Ahmad Shaheed was martyred at Balakot in 1831.

C. Syed Ahmad Shaheed was not martyred in 1832.

D. Syed Ahmad Shaheed was not martyred in 1837.

Question 40 Pakistan Studies

Urdu declared as official language in:

- A. 1830
- B. 1831
- C. 1832
- D. 1834

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — EXCLUDED, no answer taught (Urdu replaced Persian as the official language in 1837, which is not among the options; the printed key C (1832) is wrong)

A. 1830 is not the year Urdu replaced Persian as the official language.

B. 1831 is not the year Urdu replaced Persian as the official language.

C. 1832 is not the year; Urdu replaced Persian as the official language in 1837 (Act XXIX of

D. 1834 is not the year Urdu replaced Persian as the official language.

Question 41 Geography

Highest mountain height In Pakistan?

- A. Pamir
- B. Nanga Parbat
- C. K-2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rakaposhl

A. The Pamir is a mountain range, not Pakistan's highest peak.

B. Nanga Parbat (8,126 m) is high, but it is not Pakistan's highest mountain.

C. K-2 (8,611 m) is the highest mountain in Pakistan.

D. Rakaposhi (7,788 m) is lower than K-2.

Question 42 General Knowledge

Who said these words "Man without society Is either beast or God"?

- A. Plato
- B. Aristotle ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hegel
- D. Gandhi

A. Plato did not say 'Man without society is either beast or God'.

B. Aristotle said in his Politics that man without society is either a beast or a god.

C. Hegel did not say these words.

D. Gandhi did not say these words.

43 English

Who said “A thing of beauty Is joy forever"?

- A. John Keats ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Shelley
- C. Byron
- D. Milton

A. John Keats wrote in Endymion: 'A thing of beauty is a joy for ever'.

B. Shelley did not write this line.

C. Byron did not write this line.

D. Milton did not write this line.

Question 44 General Knowledge

Who said "Man is a social Animal"?

- A. Aristotle ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Plato
- C. Hegel
- D. Gandhi

A. Aristotle said 'Man is a social animal' (Politics).

B. Plato did not say 'Man is a social animal'.

C. Hegel did not say 'Man is a social animal'.

D. Gandhi did not say 'Man is a social animal'.

Question 45 General Knowledge

Nobel Prize was first awarded in the year:

- B. 1901 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1904
- D. 1905

A. The Nobel Prizes were not first awarded in 1900.

B. The first Nobel Prizes were awarded in 1901.

C. The Nobel Prizes were not first awarded in 1904.

D. The Nobel Prizes were not first awarded in 1905.

Question 46 Current Affairs

Where is the H.Q. of the European Economic Community?

- A. Bonn
- B. Rome
- C. Brussels ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hague

A. The EEC headquarters was not in Bonn.

B. The EEC headquarters was not in Rome.

C. The headquarters of the European Economic Community was in Brussels.

D. The EEC headquarters was not in The Hague.

Question 47 Pakistan Studies

In which District of Punjab Kallar Kahar Lake is situated?

- A. Jhelum
- B. Chakwal ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sargodha

A. Kallar Kahar Lake is not in Jhelum district.

B. Kallar Kahar Lake is in Chakwal district of Punjab.

C. Kallar Kahar Lake is not in Sargodha district.

D. Kallar Kahar Lake is not in Mianwali district.

Question 48 General Knowledge

World Cancer Day is observed every year on:

- A. 21st February
- B. 12th February
- C. 4th February ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 19th February

A. World Cancer Day is not on 21 February.

B. World Cancer Day is not on 12 February.

C. World Cancer Day is observed every year on 4 February.

D. World Cancer Day is not on 19 February.

Question 49 General Knowledge

Who is said to be the father of Modern Olympics?

- A. Robert Dover
- B. Pierre de Coubertin ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Theodosius I
- D. Ernest Curtis

A. Robert Dover is not called the father of the Modern Olympics.

Coubertin, who revived the Olympic Games in 1896, is called the father of the Modern Olympics.

C. Theodosius I banned the ancient games; he did not revive them.

D. Ernest Curtis is not called the father of the Modern Olympics.

Question 50 General Knowledge

Which team has won the Football World Cup most of the times?

- A. Italy
- B. France
- C. Germany
- D. Brazil ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Italy has won the World Cup 4 times, fewer than the record.

B. France has won the World Cup twice, fewer than the record.

C. Germany has won the World Cup 4 times, fewer than the record.

D. Brazil has won the Football World Cup the most times (5 titles).

Question 51 Pakistan Studies

Sat Para lake is situated In:

- A. Baltistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Gilgit
- C. Kaghan
- D. Bolan Valley

A. Satpara Lake is in Baltistan, near Skardu.

B. Satpara Lake is not in Gilgit.

ake is not in Kaghan.

D. Satpara Lake is not in Bolan Valley.

Note: Filed option B read "Gllgit" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Gilgit" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 52 Pakistan Studies

Which is the oldest Airport of the Pakistan?

- A. Karachi Airport ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Islamabad Airport
- C. Lahore Airport
- D. Ziarat Airport

A. Karachi Airport (Jinnah International, origins 1924) is the oldest airport of Pakistan.

B. Islamabad Airport is newer than Karachi Airport.

C. Lahore Airport is newer than Karachi Airport.

D. There is no major airport called Ziarat Airport.

Question 53 General Knowledge

Biafra is the new name of:

- A. Sudan
- B. Nigeria ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. South Africa
- D. None of these

A. Biafra was not a region of Sudan.

B. Biafra was the secessionist region in south-eastern Nigeria (1967-1970); Nigeria is the intended association.

s not a region of South Africa.

D. One of the options names the country Biafra belonged to.

Note: Note: The stem's wording is garbled: Biafra was never the 'new name' of Nigeria — it was the secessionist state carved out of south-eastern Nigeria in 1967-1970. Nigeria is filed as the intended association.

Question 54 History

Ashoka was great king of Sub continent Indo Pak. its religion was:

- A. Jainism
- B. Hinduism
- C. Shintoism
- D. Buddhism ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Ashoka's religion was not Jainism.

B. Ashoka's religion was not Hinduism.

C. Ashoka's religion was not Shintoism.

D. Ashoka embraced Buddhism and spread it across his empire.

Note: Filed option A read "Jeanism" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Jainism" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 55 Current Affairs

Bangladesh’s news agency is:

- A. BTA
- B. BSS ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. API
- D. BBC

Bangladesh's news agency.

B. BSS (Bangladesh Sangbad Sangstha) is Bangladesh's national news agency.

C. API is not Bangladesh's news agency.

D. The BBC is Britain's broadcaster, not Bangladesh's news agency.

Question 56 Pakistan Studies

Changa Manga Forest and National Park is located near the

- A. Multan
- B. Sheikhupura
- C. Lahore ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Karachi

A. Changa Manga Forest is not near Multan.

B. Changa Manga Forest is in Kasur district, nearer Lahore than Sheikhupura.

C. Changa Manga Forest and National Park lie near Lahore (about 80 km away, in Kasur district).

D. Changa Manga Forest is not near Karachi.

Note: Note: Changa Manga is in Kasur district; Lahore is the keyed (nearest major city) answer. Filed option B read "Shelkhupura" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Sheikhupura" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 57 Pakistan Studies

Kamran Baradari is located in the city:

- A. Multan
- B. Agra
- C. Lahore ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Kamran Baradari is not in Multan.

B. Kamran Baradari is not in Agra.

C. Kamran Baradari, built by Kamran Mirza, stands on the Ravi in Lahore.

D. Kamran Baradari is not in Attock.

Question 58 Pakistan Studies

Which was the first public airline of Pakistan?

- A. Orient Airline ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Oriental Airline
- C. Pakistan International Airline
- D. North West Airline

A. Orient Airways (founded 1946) was the first public airline of Pakistan, later becoming PIA.

B. Oriental Airline is not the name of Pakistan's first airline.

C. PIA came later, growing out of Orient Airways.

D. North West Airline was not Pakistan's first airline.

Question 59 Current Affairs

Pakistan joined the NAM in:

- A. 1977
- B. 1978
- C. 1979 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1980

lid not join the Non-Aligned Movement in 1977.

B. Pakistan did not join the Non-Aligned Movement in 1978.

C. Pakistan joined the Non-Aligned Movement in 1979 (Havana summit).

D. Pakistan did not join the Non-Aligned Movement in 1980.

Question 60 History

The most significant battle in the establishment of British supremacy in India was that of:

- A. Wandiwash
- B. Plassey
- C. Buxar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Srirangapatnam

A. The Battle of Wandiwash (1760) was important, but not the decisive battle for British supremacy.

B. The Battle of Plassey (1757) gave the British Bengal, but Buxar settled supremacy.

C. The Battle of Buxar (1764) established British supremacy in India.

D. The Battle of Srirangapatnam (1799) was not the battle that established British supremacy.

Question 61 Science

The first Muslim scientist who presented the law of reflection and refraction is:

- A. Ibn-ul-Haitham ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Al-Bairuni
- C. Muhammad bin Zakariya al-Razi
- D. Jabir Bin Hayyan

tham (Alhazen) first presented the laws of reflection and refraction in his Book of Optics.

B. Al-Biruni worked on astronomy and the earth's radius, not the laws of reflection and refraction.

C. Muhammad bin Zakariya al-Razi was a physician and chemist, not the author of the laws of reflection and refraction.

D. Jabir bin Hayyan worked in alchemy, not the laws of reflection and refraction.

Note: Filed option C read "Muhammad Bin Zikrya Al-Razi" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Muhammad bin Zakariya al-Razi" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 62 Science

Al-Bairuni discovered the radius of the earth, which was:

- A. 6000 km
- B. 6255 km
- C. 6338 km ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 6585 km

A. Al-Biruni's calculated radius was not 6,000 km.

B. Al-Biruni's calculated radius was not 6,255 km.

C. Al-Biruni calculated the earth's radius as about 6,338 km (6,339.6 km by his measurement).

D. Al-Biruni's calculated radius was not 6,585 km.

Question 63 English

The plants and vegetations of a region are known as:

a ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Fauna
- C. Land fruits
- D. None of these

A. The plants and vegetation of a region are called its flora.

B. Fauna means the animals of a region, not its plants.

C. Land fruits is not the term for a region's vegetation.

D. One of the options names a region's plants and vegetation.

Question 64 English

Which of the following term is used for the “Murder of a king"?

- A. Marticide
- B. Genocide
- C. Regicide ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Homicide

A. Marticide is not a word for the murder of a king.

B. Genocide is the murder of a people, not of a king.

C. Regicide is the murder of a king.

D. Homicide is the murder of a person in general, not specifically a king.

Question 65 Geography

Dhaulagiri mountains are present in:

- A. South Africa
- B. Nepal ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Niger

A. Dhaulagiri is not in South Africa.

B. Dhaulagiri (8,167 m) is in Nepal, in the Himalayas.

C. Dhaulagiri is not in Niger.

D. Dhaulagiri is not in Congo.

Question 66 Geography

Orange is the name of river of:

- A. Congo
- B. Egypt
- C. Syria
- D. South Africa ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Orange River is not in Congo.

B. The Orange River is not in Egypt.

C. The Orange River is not in Syria.

D. The Orange River flows through South Africa (and forms its border with Namibia).

Question 67 Geography

“Doha" is the sea port of:

- A. Libya
- B. Chile
- C. UAE
- D. Qatar ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Doha is not the seaport of Libya.

ot the seaport of Chile.

C. Doha is not the seaport of the UAE.

D. Doha is the capital and seaport of Qatar.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

The Indus Water Treaty was mediated by

- A. IMF
- B. USA
- C. World Bank ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Britain

A. The IMF did not mediate the Indus Waters Treaty.

B. The USA did not mediate the Indus Waters Treaty.

C. The World Bank mediated the Indus Waters Treaty (signed 1960).

D. Britain did not mediate the Indus Waters Treaty.

Question 69 Pakistan Studies

‘Marala’ Headworks has been constructed on River:

- A. Ravi
- B. Chenab ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sutlej
- D. Indus

A. Marala Headworks is not on the Ravi.

B. Marala Headworks is built on the River Chenab.

C. Marala Headworks is not on the Sutlej.

eadworks is not on the Indus.

Question 70 Pakistan Studies

How many divisions are In the Punjab?

- A. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 8
- C. 3
- D. 9

A. Punjab had 8 divisions in 2004 (Lahore, Gujranwala, Faisalabad, Sargodha, Rawalpindi, Multan, Bahawalpur, D. G. Khan).

B. This option repeats A exactly (8); the duplication is a reproduction flaw.

C. Punjab did not have 3 divisions in 2004.

D. Punjab did not have 9 divisions in 2004; the ninth division (Sahiwal) was created in 2008.

Question 71 English

One who thinks that human nature is essentially evil is known as

- A. Agnostic
- B. Cynic ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sceptic
- D. Misogynist

A. An agnostic is one who doubts the existence of God, not one who thinks human nature is evil.

B. A cynic is one who believes human nature is essentially selfish or evil.

C. A sceptic is one who doubts, not one who thinks human nature is evil.

D. A misogynist hates women; a cynic is the one who thinks human nature is essentially

Question 72 Pakistan Studies

NIPA stands for:

- A. National Institute of Public Administration ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. New Institute of Public Administration
- C. National Institute of Pakistan
- D. National Institute of Provincial Administration

A. NIPA stands for National Institute of Public Administration.

B. NIPA does not stand for New Institute of Public Administration.

C. NIPA does not stand for National Institute of Pakistan.

D. NIPA does not stand for National Institute of Provincial Administration.

Question 73 History

Who among the following is regarded as the forerunner of revenue administration in medieval India?

- A. Akbar
- B. Sher Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Balban
- D. Shahjahan

A. Akbar built on Sher Shah's revenue system; he was not its forerunner.

B. Sher Shah Suri's zabt revenue system is regarded as the forerunner of revenue administration in medieval India.

C. Balban is not regarded as the forerunner of revenue administration.

D. Shahjahan is not regarded as the forerunner of revenue administration.

74 Geography

'Gift of Nile' is the nickname of:

- A. Egypt ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Iraq
- C. Jordan
- D. Libya

A. Egypt is the 'Gift of the Nile' (Herodotus).

B. Iraq is not called the Gift of the Nile.

C. Jordan is not called the Gift of the Nile.

D. Libya is not called the Gift of the Nile.

Question 75 General Knowledge

Which country is called “Land of Lilies"?

- A. Canada ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Finland
- C. Switzerland
- D. France

A. Canada is called the 'Land of Lilies' (fleur-de-lis, from its French heritage, especially Quebec).

B. Finland is not called the Land of Lilies.

C. Switzerland is not called the Land of Lilies.

D. France is associated with the fleur-de-lis, but the standard GK answer for 'Land of Lilies' is Canada.

76 Current Affairs

Name of Afghan Parliament is:

- A. Federal
- B. Shora ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Congress
- D. Majles

A. The Afghan parliament is not called the Federal.

B. The Afghan parliament (National Assembly) is called the Shora.

C. The Afghan parliament is not called the Congress.

D. The Afghan parliament is not called the Majles.

Note: Note: Shora is the general term; the two houses are the Wolesi Jirga and the Meshrano Jirga.

Question 77 Pakistan Studies

When the constitution of Muslim League was amended to include the object of attainment of complete independence from British?

- A. 1908
- B. 1913 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1911
- D. 1914

A. The Muslim League's constitution was not amended for this object in 1908.

B. At the Lucknow session of 1913 the Muslim League amended its constitution to aim at self-government.

C. The amendment was not made in 1911.

dment was not made in 1914.

Note: Note: The 1913 amendment aimed at self-government under the British Crown; the question's 'complete independence' wording is loose, but 1913 is the standard keyed year.

Question 78 Pakistan Studies

Allama Shabbir Ahmad Usmani formed a party of Ulema called:

- A. Jamiat Ulema-e-Islam ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Jamiat Ulema-e-Pakistan
- C. Jamiat Ulema-e-Musalman
- D. Jamiat Ulema-e-Hind

A. Allama Shabbir Ahmad Usmani formed Jamiat Ulema-e-Islam in 1945.

B. Jamiat Ulema-e-Pakistan was a later party, not the one Usmani formed.

C. There is no party called Jamiat Ulema-e-Musalman.

D. Jamiat Ulema-e-Hind was the pre-partition body; Usmani's party was Jamiat Ulema-e-Islam.

Note: Filed option A read "Jamiat Ulema-e-lslam" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Jamiat Ulema-e-Islam" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 79 Pakistan Studies

Syed Ameer Ali established Muslim League in London in:

- A. 1905
- B. 1906
- C. 1908 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1909

A. Syed Ameer Ali did not establish the London Muslim League in 1905.

er Ali did not establish the London Muslim League in 1906.

C. Syed Ameer Ali established the London branch of the Muslim League in 1908.

D. Syed Ameer Ali did not establish the London Muslim League in 1909.

Question 80 Current Affairs

Pakistan became the Chairman of OIC in:

- A. 1970
- B. 1971
- C. 1974 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1973

A. Pakistan did not chair the OIC in 1970.

B. Pakistan did not chair the OIC in 1971.

C. Pakistan hosted the OIC summit in Lahore in 1974 and became Chairman of the OIC that year.

D. Pakistan did not become Chairman of the OIC in 1973.

Question 81 Pakistan Studies

Which amendment declared the status of Qadianis and Ahmad as minority on September 7, 1974?

- A. 1st
- B. 2nd ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3rd
- D. 4th

A. The 1st Amendment did not declare Ahmadis a minority.

B. The 2nd Amendment (7 September 1974) declared Ahmadis a non-Muslim minority.

amendment did not declare Ahmadis a minority.

D. The 4th Amendment did not declare Ahmadis a minority.

Question 82 Pakistan Studies

Which is the National Game of Pakistan?

- A. Polo
- B. Hockey ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Football
- D. None of these

A. Polo is not the national game of Pakistan.

B. Hockey is the national game of Pakistan.

C. Football is not the national game of Pakistan.

D. One of the options names the national game of Pakistan.

Question 83 Pakistan Studies

Name the National language of Pakistan:

- A. Urdu ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Farsi
- C. English
- D. None of these

A. Urdu is the national language of Pakistan.

B. Farsi is not the national language of Pakistan.

C. English is an official language, not the national language of Pakistan.

D. One of the options names the national language of Pakistan.

84 Pakistan Studies

Fort Munro Is located at:

- A. Karthar Hills
- B. Karakoram Hills
- C. Panjplr Hills
- D. Sulaiman Hills ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Fort Munro is not in the Karthar Hills.

B. Fort Munro is not in the Karakoram Hills.

C. Fort Munro is not in the Panjpir Hills.

D. Fort Munro is in the Sulaiman Hills (D. G. Khan district).

Note: Filed option D read "Sulalman Hills" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Sulaiman Hills" as documented in the reviewed file.

Question 85 Pakistan Studies

At which point the waters from Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi, Sutlej and Beas all come together?

- A. Panjnad ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Chaj
- C. Need Bar
- D. None of these

A. Panjnad is the point where the Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi, Sutlej and Beas all come together (the five rivers meet at Panjnad).

B. Chaj is a doab between the Chenab and Jhelum, not the meeting point of the five rivers.

C. Neeli Bar is a bar region, not the meeting point of the five rivers.

D. One of the options names the meeting point of the five rivers.

86 Science

The second nuclear power plant of Pakistan is functioning in Chashma since:

- A. 1999
- B. 2001
- C. 2002
- D. 2000 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Chashma's first unit did not begin functioning in 1999.

B. The printed key 2001 is wrong: CHASNUPP-1 was commissioned on 14 September 2000.

C. Chashma's first unit did not begin functioning in 2002.

D. Pakistan's second nuclear power plant, CHASNUPP-1 at Chashma, began commercial operation in 2000.

Note: Note: A PAEC journal article loosely says 'commercial operations in 2001', which is where the printed key comes from; the plant's commissioning date is 14 September 2000 (grid connection June 2000).

Question 87 Science

One acre is equal to hectares.

- A. 0.5013
- B. 0.4047 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 0.4813
- D. 0.4178

A. One acre is not 0.5013 hectares.

B. One acre equals 0.4047 hectares.

C. One acre is not 0.4813 hectares.

is not 0.4178 hectares.

Question 88 History

The Declaration of Independence of USA which renounced on:

- A. July 25,1796
- B. August 14,1766
- C. July 4,1776 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. August 4,1786

A. The US Declaration of Independence was not adopted on 25 July 1796.

B. It was not adopted on 14 August 1766.

C. The Declaration of Independence was adopted on 4 July 1776.

D. It was not adopted on 4 August 1786.

Question 89 History

Who was the founder of Republican Party of USA?

- A. George Washington
- B. Thomas Jefferson
- C. Franklin Roosevelt
- D. Alexander Hamilton

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — EXCLUDED, no answer taught (No option founded the Republican Party of the USA: Hamilton founded the Federalist Party and Jefferson the Democratic-Republican Party; the Republican Party was founded in 1854 with no single founder among the options, so the printed key D is wrong)

A. George Washington founded no political party.

B. Thomas Jefferson founded the Democratic-Republican Party (1792), not the Republican

C. Franklin Roosevelt was a Democratic president, not the founder of the Republican Party.

D. Alexander Hamilton founded the Federalist Party, not the Republican Party.

Question 90 Pakistan Studies

The historic garden Shalimar was built by Shah Jahan in:

- A. 1634
- B. 1639
- C. 1642 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1652

A. Shalimar Garden, Lahore, was not built in 1634.

B. Shalimar Garden, Lahore, was not built in 1639.

C. Shah Jahan built Shalimar Garden, Lahore, in 1641-1642 (commonly cited as 1642).

D. Shalimar Garden, Lahore, was not built in 1652.

Question 91 History

The Bolshevik Revolution is associated with:

- A. France
- B. Germany
- C. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. England

A. The Bolshevik Revolution is not associated with France.

B. The Bolshevik Revolution is not associated with Germany.

C. The Bolshevik Revolution (October 1917) is associated with Russia.

evik Revolution is not associated with England.

Question 92 Current Affairs

Nelson Mandela was the President of which country?

- A. Ethiopia
- B. Zambia
- C. Ghana
- D. South Africa ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Nelson Mandela was not President of Ethiopia.

B. Nelson Mandela was not President of Zambia.

C. Nelson Mandela was not President of Ghana.

D. Nelson Mandela was President of South Africa (1994-1999).

Question 93 Islamic Studies

How many Muhajireen were there at the time of Mawakhat?

- A. 35
- B. 40
- C. 45 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 50

A. There were not 35 Muhajireen at the time of Mawakhat.

B. There were not 40 Muhajireen at the time of Mawakhat.

C. At Mawakhat, 45 Muhajireen were paired in brotherhood with 45 Ansar.

D. There were not 50 Muhajireen at the time of Mawakhat.

94 Islamic Studies

In which month Hajj is performed?

- A. Zil-Hajj ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Zi-Qaiada
- C. Safer
- D. Muharram

A. Hajj is performed in the month of Zil-Hajj.

B. Hajj is not performed in Zil-Qadah.

C. Hajj is not performed in Safar.

D. Hajj is not performed in Muharram.

Question 95 Geography

Parana River is located in the:

- A. Paraguay ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. France
- C. India
- D. None of these

A. The Parana River flows through Paraguay (and Brazil and Argentina); Paraguay is the listed country it is located in.

B. The Parana River is not in France.

C. The Parana River is not in India.

D. One of the options names a country the Parana flows through.

96 Geography

World's largest river is:

- A. Nile
- B. Mississippi
- C. Amazon ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tiber

A. The Nile is the longest river, but not the largest by volume.

B. The Mississippi is neither the longest nor the largest river.

C. The Amazon is the world's largest river by volume of discharge.

D. The Tiber is a small Italian river, not the world's largest.

Question 97 Geography

Hamburg is situated on bank of river:

- A. Elbe River ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Nile River
- C. Sumida River
- D. None of these

A. Hamburg is situated on the bank of the River Elbe.

B. Hamburg is not on the Nile.

C. Hamburg is not on the Sumida.

D. One of the options names Hamburg's river.

Question 98

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. Q98 stem is missing from the

production, only the four options survive (A 1910, B 1911, C 1909, D 1912). NOT reconstructed.

Question 99 History

In Battle of Plassey Lord Clive defeated Nawab Siraj-ud-Daula In:

- A. 1780 AD
- B. 1757 AD ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1765 AD
- D. 1755 AD

A. Lord Clive did not defeat Siraj-ud-Daula at Plassey in 1780.

B. In the Battle of Plassey (1757) Lord Clive defeated Nawab Siraj-ud-Daula.

C. Lord Clive did not defeat Siraj-ud-Daula at Plassey in 1765.

D. Lord Clive did not defeat Siraj-ud-Daula at Plassey in 1755.

Question 100 Pakistan Studies

Which Lake Is located near Thatta (Sindh)?

- A. Sat Para
- B. Phander
- C. Keenjhar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hanna

A. Satpara Lake is near Skardu, not Thatta.

B. Phander Lake is in Gilgit-Baltistan, not near Thatta.

C. Keenjhar Lake is located near Thatta in Sindh.

D. Hanna Lake is near Quetta, not Thatta.

option C read "Keenjher" (misprint in the source reproduction); corrected to "Keenjhar" as documented in the reviewed file.

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Source: https://atifpedia.blogspot.com/2019/05/ppsc-inspector-cooperative-societies-2004-solved-past-paper.html (accessed 8 Nov 2026). See the source note on this page about the fold-in corrections.