Food Inspector (BPS-09), Punjab Food Department — 2012 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Food Inspector (BPS-09), Punjab Food Department · **Year:** 2012 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2012 sitting.

Source note: archive.org PDF, 'PPSC-Food-Inspector-Solved-Past-Paper-2012.pdf', stated source allresult.pk (accessed 9 Nov 2026). Header: 'PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (PPSC) WRITTEN EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO THE POST OF FOOD INSPECTOR (BPS-09) in the Punjab Food Department'. Q1-Q100 served, 100 tick-marked keys. Second reproduction: atifpedia.blogspot.com, 'PPSC Food Inspector Solved Past Papers', which reproduces the 2012 paper Q1-Q100 with the same printed keys. 3 printed-key corrections, decided openly under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation (Q33: printed C 'Riyadh' to B 'Jeddah'; Q46: printed A 'Confucianism' to B 'Judaism'; Q83: printed D 'Abul Kalam Azad' to B 'Maulana Hasrat Mohani'). 7 PICK-ONE (Q9, Q11, Q12, Q41, Q48, Q68, Q82). Reproduction defects flagged, not silently corrected (Q9 prints options B and D as duplicates, '1000 kg' twice; Q11, Q62 and Q68 carry the source's own explanatory notes merged into option D's text, trimmed to the option text; Q29's stem carries a stray page-navigation mark, removed; Q69 prints option A as 'Zealand', read as 'New Zealand'; Q84 prints option C as 'ShahJahan', read as 'Shah Jahan'; Q91's garbled stem read as 'How many decagrams are there in 10 grams?'). Answers verified independently against reference facts, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone.

1 General Knowledge

“Airblue" airlines belongs to which country?

- A. Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. India
- C. America
- D. Jordan

A. Airblue is a Pakistani private airline.

B. Airblue is not Indian; it is Pakistani.

C. Airblue is not American; it is Pakistani.

D. Airblue is not Jordanian; it is Pakistani.

Question 2 General Knowledge

Which of following is Cottage Industry?

- A. Cement
- B. Sugar
- C. Handicraft ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Textile

A. Cement is a large-scale industry, not a cottage industry.

B. Sugar is a large-scale industry, not a cottage industry.

C. Handicraft is a cottage industry, carried on in homes and small workshops.

D. Textile is a large-scale industry, not a cottage industry.

Question 3 General Knowledge

The agro based industry is:

- B. Dairy farms ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Carpets
- D. Ironwork

A. Woodwork is a craft, not the classic agro-based industry.

B. Dairy farming is an agro-based industry, using farm produce.

C. Carpet-making is a craft industry, not agro-based.

D. Ironwork is a metal industry, not agro-based.

Question 4 History

The slave Dynasty was founded in India in:

- A. 1206 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1196
- C. 1198
- D. 1199

A. Qutb-ud-din Aibak founded the Slave Dynasty in 1206.

B. The Slave Dynasty was founded in 1206, not 1196.

C. The Slave Dynasty was founded in 1206, not 1198.

D. The Slave Dynasty was founded in 1206, not 1199.

Question 5 History

Qatub-u-din Aibek became the first ruler of Islamic state of India in:

- A. 1206 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1196
- C. 1198

A. Aibak became the first ruler of the Delhi Sultanate in 1206.

B. Aibak became the first ruler in 1206, not 1196.

C. Aibak became the first ruler in 1206, not 1198.

D. Aibak became the first ruler in 1206, not 1199.

Question 6 History

Qatub-u-Din Aibek died during playing:

- A. Hockey
- B. Polo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Cricket
- D. Football

A. Aibak did not die playing hockey.

B. Qutb-ud-din Aibak died in 1210 from a fall while playing polo.

C. Aibak did not die playing cricket.

D. Aibak did not die playing football.

Question 7 History

Who was the first and the last woman ruler of Delhi?

- A. Chand Bibi
- B. Noor Jahan
- C. Razia Sultana ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Chand Bibi ruled Ahmadnagar, not Delhi.

n was a Mughal empress, not a ruler of Delhi.

C. Razia Sultana was the first and last woman ruler of Delhi (1236-1240).

D. Wrong, since Razia Sultana was the woman ruler of Delhi.

Question 8 Pakistan Affairs

The biggest Industry of Pakistan is:

- A. Cement
- B. ftnnar
- C. Textile ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Paper

A. Cement is an important industry, but textiles are bigger.

B. This option is a misprint in the source and names no industry.

C. Textiles are Pakistan's biggest industry.

D. Paper is a small industry compared with textiles.

Question 9 Everyday Science

How many kilograms are there in one metric ton?

- A. 100 kg
- B. 1000 kg
- C. 10 kg
- D. 1000 kg ✓ **Correct answer**

A. One metric ton is 1,000 kg, not 100 kg.

B. One metric ton is 1,000 kg (this value is printed twice, as options B and D).

C. One metric ton is 1,000 kg, not 10 kg.

ic ton is 1,000 kg (this value is printed twice, as options B and D).

Question 10 History

Name the two regions won by British from French in 18th century?

- A. Ghana & Egypt
- B. Canada, USA
- C. Egypt
- D. Canada, India ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Britain did not win Ghana and Egypt from France in the 18th century.

B. The USA was not won from France; it won independence from Britain.

C. Egypt alone is not the answer; Canada and India were the two regions.

D. In the 18th century Britain won Canada and, in the Carnatic Wars, the French position in India.

Question 11 History

In 1659 AD Aurangzeb finally defeated Dara Shakoh and became the Emperor of India. Name the battle?

- A. Battle of Sebraon
- B. Battle of Talikita
- C. Battle of Samugarh ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Battle of Dharmat

A. The Battle of Sobraon was in 1846, not Aurangzeb's battle with Dara.

B. The Battle of Talikota was in 1565, not Aurangzeb's battle with Dara.

C. Samugarh (1658) is the famous battle where Aurangzeb defeated Dara; the final blow at Deorai came in 1659, but Deorai is not among the options.

(1658) was an earlier battle against Jaswant Singh, not the final defeat of Dara.

Note: Note: the source's option D carries a long explanatory note ("The ultimate victor was Aurangzeb...") merged into the option text; trimmed to "Battle of Dharmat". The note itself confirms Deorai (1659) was the final blow.

Question 12 General Knowledge

Name the German scientist who invented the atom bomb?

- A. Hahn Otto ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. John Walker
- C. John Gutenberg
- D. William Hunt

A. Otto Hahn discovered nuclear fission in 1938, the science behind the bomb; no option names Oppenheimer, the bomb's actual project leader.

B. John Walker did not invent the atom bomb.

C. Gutenberg invented movable type, not the atom bomb.

D. No such scientist invented the atom bomb.

Question 13 General Knowledge

“Decline of the West" book was written by German Philosopher:

- A. Herbert Spencer
- B. Spengler ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Spinoza
- D. None of these.

A. Herbert Spencer was an English philosopher, not the author of 'The Decline of the West'.

Spengler wrote 'The Decline of the West'.

C. Spinoza was a Dutch philosopher of the 1600s, not the author.

D. Wrong, since Spengler wrote the book.

Question 14 General Knowledge

Kosovo, the latest independent nation in the world was ruled by?

- A. Indonesia
- B. Australia
- C. Malaysia
- D. Serbia ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Kosovo was not ruled by Indonesia.

B. Kosovo was not ruled by Australia.

C. Kosovo was not ruled by Malaysia.

D. Kosovo was ruled by Serbia before its 2008 declaration of independence (the stem's 'latest' is loose: South Sudan followed in 2011).

Note: Note: the stem calls Kosovo "the latest independent nation", which was already loose by 2012 (South Sudan became independent in July 2011); D Serbia is still correct for "Kosovo was ruled by".

Question 15 History

The Abbasld capital waa removed from Baghdad to 'Samarra', a newly founded city In 838, during the reign of:

- A. Mamoon
- B. Mutaslm Blllah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Maroon

A. Al-Mamun reigned earlier (813-833), not in 838.

B. Al-Mu'tasim moved the Abbasid capital to Samarra in 838.

C. No caliph of this name moved the capital to Samarra.

D. Al-Wathiq reigned after al-Mu'tasim (842-847).

Question 16 History

The last Fatlmld ruler was:

- A. Al-Muizz
- B. Al-Adld ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Al-Mansur
- D. None of these

A. Al-Muizz was an early Fatimid caliph (953-975), not the last.

B. Al-Adid was the last Fatimid caliph (1160-1171).

C. Al-Mansur was a Fatimid caliph (946-953), not the last.

D. Wrong, since al-Adid was the last Fatimid ruler.

Question 17 History

Who was the British Prime Minister at the time of Second Round Table Conference?

- A. Ramsay MacDonald ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Clement Attlee
- C. Neville Chamberlain
- D. None of these

A. Ramsay MacDonald was British Prime Minister at the Second Round Table Conference

B. Attlee became Prime Minister in 1945, long after the Round Table Conferences.

C. Chamberlain became Prime Minister in 1937, after the conferences.

D. Wrong, since Ramsay MacDonald was the Prime Minister.

Question 18 History

Who was the Viceroy during the time Mr. Attlee of England declared the British intention to transfer power to Indians?

- A. Lord Irwin
- B. Lord Mountbatten
- C. Lord Waved ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Lord Linlithgow

A. Lord Irwin was Viceroy in 1926-1931, not in 1947.

B. Mountbatten arrived as Viceroy in March 1947, after Attlee's 20 February 1947 announcement.

C. Lord Wavell was Viceroy when Attlee announced on 20 February 1947 that Britain would transfer power.

D. Lord Linlithgow was Viceroy in 1936-1943, not in 1947.

Question 19 Pakistan Affairs

Quald-e-Azam became the permanent president of Muslim League:

- A. 1935
- B. 1937
- C. 1934 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1939

became permanent president of the Muslim League in 1934, not 1935.

B. Jinnah became permanent president in 1934, not 1937.

C. Jinnah became the permanent president of the Muslim League in 1934.

D. Jinnah became permanent president in 1934, not 1939.

Question 20 Pakistan Affairs

How the future status of Sindh was to be decided under 3rd June plan?

- A. By the Commission
- B. By plebiscite
- C. By majority vote of assembly members ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of the above

A. Sindh's status was not decided by a commission.

B. Sindh's status was decided by its assembly, not by plebiscite (the NWFP used a plebiscite).

C. Under the 3 June Plan, Sindh's future was decided by a majority vote of its assembly members.

D. Wrong, since the assembly vote decided it.

Question 21 Pakistan Affairs

How the future status of NWFP was to be decided under June 3rd Plan?

- A. By majority vote of assembly
- B. By the Commission
- C. By plebiscite ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of the above

A. The NWFP's status was decided by referendum, not by its assembly.

's status was not decided by a commission.

C. Under the 3 June Plan, the NWFP's future was decided by plebiscite (referendum).

D. Wrong, since a plebiscite decided it.

Question 22 Islamic Studies

Name the person who was the first to translate the Holy Quran in Persian?

- A. Shah Rafi-ud-Din
- B. Shah Walliuilah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Khalid bin Waleed
- D. Mujadid Alf Sani

A. Shah Rafi-ud-Din translated the Quran into Urdu, not Persian.

B. Shah Waliullah's Persian translation (Fath-ur-Rahman) is the famous first Persian translation in India.

C. Khalid bin Waleed was a companion and general, not a translator.

D. Mujaddid Alf Sani was a reformer, not the Persian translator.

Question 23 History

The total period of Abbasids caliphate was:

- A. 400 years
- B. 508 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 600 years
- D. 708 years

A. The Abbasid Caliphate lasted 508 years (750-1258), not 400.

B. The Abbasid Caliphate lasted from 750 to 1258, i.e. 508 years.

sid Caliphate lasted 508 years, not 600.

D. The Abbasid Caliphate lasted 508 years, not 708.

Question 24 History

Salahuddin Ayubi emerged as the hero of the Muslims in:

- A. First Crusade
- B. Second Crusade
- C. Third Crusade ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Fourth Crusade

A. Salahuddin lived a century after the First Crusade.

B. Salahuddin was young at the Second Crusade; he rose in the Third.

C. Salahuddin Ayubi emerged as the hero of the Muslims in the Third Crusade (1189-1192).

D. The Fourth Crusade came after Salahuddin's death in 1193.

Question 25 Geography

Latani River is located in:

- A. Syria
- B. Lebanon ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Turkey
- D. Iran

A. The Litani River is not in Syria.

B. The Litani River is in Lebanon.

C. The Litani River is not in Turkey.

D. The Litani River is not in Iran.

26 Pakistan Affairs

Which is the largest Fort of Punjab Province?

- A. Rohtas Fort ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Attock Fort
- C. Shelkhupura Fort
- D. None of these

A. Rohtas Fort is the largest fort of Punjab.

B. Attock Fort is smaller than Rohtas Fort.

C. Sheikhupura Fort is smaller than Rohtas Fort.

D. Wrong, since Rohtas Fort is the largest.

Question 27 Pakistan Affairs

Rohtas Fort Is located In the district:

- A. Jehlum ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Lahore
- C. Chakwal
- D. Attack

A. Rohtas Fort is in Jhelum district.

B. Rohtas Fort is not in Lahore district.

C. Rohtas Fort is not in Chakwal district.

D. Rohtas Fort is not in Attock district.

Question 28 Geography

Which is the broadest strait in the world?

thumberland Strait

- B. Messina Strait
- C. Mozambique Strait ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The Northumberland Strait is narrow, not the broadest.

B. The Messina Strait is narrow, not the broadest.

C. The Mozambique Strait is the broadest (widest) strait in the world.

D. Wrong, since the Mozambique Strait is the broadest.

Question 29 General Knowledge

Which of the following countries has the largest area in the world?

- A. Canada
- B. China
- C. U.S.A.
- D. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Canada is the second-largest country in the world, not the largest.

B. China ranks third by area, behind Russia and Canada.

C. The U.S.A. ranks fourth by area, behind Russia, Canada and China.

D. Russia is the largest country in the world by area, about 17 million sq km.

Question 30 English

The foreign phrase Aqua pura means

- A. Air
- B. Water ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Mineral

ne of these

A. 'Aqua pura' does not mean air.

B. 'Aqua pura' is Latin for pure water.

C. 'Aqua pura' does not mean mineral.

D. Wrong, since it means pure water.

Question 31 Everyday Science

Hail storm oocurs in summer season due to the formation of clouds called

- A. Cirrus
- B. Cumulus
- C. Cumulonimbus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Cirrocumulus

A. Cirrus clouds are high wispy clouds; they do not make hail.

B. Cumulus clouds are fair-weather clouds, not hail clouds.

C. Hailstorms form in cumulonimbus (thunder) clouds.

D. Cirrocumulus clouds are high clouds; they do not make hail.

Question 32 General Knowledge

NASA stands for.

- A. National Aeronautics and Space Administration ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Natural Aeronautics and Space Administration
- C. Natural Administration and Space Administration
- D. Natural Administration and Space Agency

A. NASA stands for National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

word is National, not Natural.

C. NASA is the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

D. NASA is the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

Question 33 General Knowledge

King Abdul Aziz international Airport is the name of

- A. Makkah Airport
- B. Jeddah Airport ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Riyadh Airport
- D. None of these

A. Makkah's airport is not King Abdulaziz International; that is Jeddah's.

B. King Abdulaziz International Airport is in Jeddah.

C. Riyadh's airport is King Khalid International, not King Abdulaziz.

D. Wrong, since Jeddah's airport is King Abdulaziz International.

Question 34 General Knowledge

'ZIANA' is a news agency of:

- A. Zambia
- B. Zimbabwe ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. New Zealand
- D. Zaire

A. Zambia's agency is ZANIS, not ZIANA.

B. ZIANA (Zimbabwe Inter-Africa News Agency) is Zimbabwe's news agency.

C. New Zealand's agency is NZPA, not ZIANA.

v DR Congo) does not have ZIANA.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Who advocated the theory of lalssez falre?

- A. Marshall
- B. Malthus
- C. Adam Smith ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Alfred Marshall was an economist, but laissez-faire is associated with Adam Smith.

B. Malthus is known for his theory of population, not laissez-faire.

C. Adam Smith advocated laissez-faire in The Wealth of Nations (1776).

D. Wrong, since Adam Smith is the advocate.

Question 36 General Knowledge

Where was Albert Einstein bom?

- A. UK
- B. USA
- C. Germany ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Albania

A. Einstein was not born in the UK.

B. Einstein moved to the USA later; he was born in Germany.

C. Albert Einstein was born in Ulm, Germany, in 1879.

D. Einstein was not born in Albania.

37 Geography

The Keil canal links the:

- A. Pacific and Atlantic Ocean
- B. Mediterranean and Red Sea
- C. Mediterranean and Black Sea
- D. North Sea and Baltic Sea ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Panama Canal links the Pacific and Atlantic, not the Kiel Canal.

B. The Suez Canal links the Mediterranean and Red Sea, not the Kiel Canal.

C. The Bosphorus links the Mediterranean and Black Sea, not the Kiel Canal.

D. The Kiel Canal links the North Sea with the Baltic Sea.

Question 38 General Knowledge

Who was the first Asian to have received the Nobel Prize?

- A. C.V. Raman
- B. R.N. Tagore ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Mother Teresa
- D. I A. Bunin

A. C. V. Raman won the Nobel Prize in 1930, but Tagore was first in 1913.

B. Rabindranath Tagore was the first Asian Nobel laureate (Literature, 1913).

C. Mother Teresa won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979, later than Tagore.

D. Ivan Bunin was Russian, not Asian, and won in 1933.

Question 39 General Knowledge

MAD is the name of secret agency of

many ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. USA
- C. London
- D. Manchester

A. MAD (Militarischer Abschirmdienst) is Germany's military counter-intelligence service.

B. The USA's agencies are the CIA and FBI, not MAD.

C. London is a city, not a country with an agency called MAD.

D. Manchester is a city, not a country with an agency called MAD.

Question 40 General Knowledge

World environmental day is observed on:

- A. 15th June
- B. 5th June ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 25th June
- D. None of these

A. World Environment Day is 5 June, not 15 June.

B. World Environment Day is observed on 5 June.

C. World Environment Day is 5 June, not 25 June.

D. Wrong, since 5 June is World Environment Day.

Question 41 General Knowledge

Freud is associated with:

- A. Detective
- B. Biology
- C. Physiology and medicine ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Freud was not a detective.

B. Freud was a physician and neurologist, not a biologist as such.

C. Freud was a neurologist and physician, repeatedly nominated for the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine; his field, psychoanalysis, is not listed.

D. Freud had nothing to do with leprosy control.

Question 42 General Knowledge

in American history only president who give resign

- A. Richard Nixon ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Eisen Hower
- C. Ronald Reagon
- D. Truman

A. Richard Nixon is the only US President to have resigned (1974).

B. Eisenhower completed his terms; he did not resign.

C. Reagan completed his terms; he did not resign.

D. Truman completed his term; he did not resign.

Question 43 General Knowledge

Who has taken the highest number of wickets in One-Day International cricket?

- A. Malcolm Marshal
- B. M.-Maralitharan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Waqar Yunus
- D. WasimAkram

Marshall was a great fast bowler, but not the leading ODI wicket-taker.

B. Muttiah Muralitharan took the most ODI wickets (534).

C. Waqar Younis took many ODI wickets, but fewer than Muralitharan.

D. Wasim Akram took 502 ODI wickets, fewer than Muralitharan's 534.

Question 44 Geography

Which is the second highest Pass in world?

- A. Namni Pass ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Col de Rstefond Pass
- C. DonnerPass
- D. Myanmar Pass

A. In the GK literature the Namni Pass is taught as the second-highest pass in the world, after the Alpine pass.

B. The Col de Restefond is an Alpine pass, not the second-highest in this scheme.

C. Donner Pass is in California, not the second-highest pass in this scheme.

D. There is no pass of this name; the pass is the Namni Pass.

Note: Note: "Namni Pass is the second highest pass in the world" is the GK-bank tradition (brainscape flashcards; cssmcqs GK bank); modern lists rank Himalayan passes higher. The location (Myanmar) is independently confirmed (mindat.org feature 1306630).

Question 45 Geography

Second highest Pass in the world situated in

- A. USA
- B. France-Spain
- C. Italy-Spain

anmar ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Namni Pass is not in the USA.

B. The Namni Pass is not on the France-Spain border.

C. The Namni Pass is not on the Italy-Spain border.

D. The Namni Pass is in Myanmar.

Note: Note: see Q44 — the Namni Pass is in Myanmar (mindat.org feature 1306630).

Question 46 General Knowledge

Synagogue is place of worship of which religion?

- A. Confucianism
- B. Judaism ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Buddhism
- D. None of them

A. Confucianism has temples, not synagogues; the printed key is wrong.

B. A synagogue is the place of worship of Judaism.

C. Buddhists worship in temples, not synagogues.

D. Wrong, since Judaism is the answer.

Question 47 Geography

Which is the largest Sea in the world?

- A. South China Sea ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Mediterranean Sea
- C. Black Sea
- D. Red Sea

China Sea is the largest sea in the world.

B. The Mediterranean is smaller than the South China Sea.

C. The Black Sea is much smaller than the South China Sea.

D. The Red Sea is much smaller than the South China Sea.

Question 48 Current Affairs

15th Conference of NAM was held in March 2008 in:

- A. Havana (Cuba)
- B. Cairo (Egypt)
- C. Sharam Shaikh (Egypt) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Jakarta (Indonesia)

A. Havana hosted the 14th NAM Summit (2006), not the 15th.

B. Cairo did not host the 15th NAM Summit.

C. The 15th NAM Summit was held at Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt (its date was July 2009, not March 2008, as the stem says).

D. Jakarta did not host the 15th NAM Summit.

Question 49 General Knowledge

Headquarter of Council of the European Union is located in:

- A. Brussels ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Geneva
- C. Vienna
- D. None of these

A. The Council of the European Union is headquartered in Brussels.

osts the UN, not the Council of the European Union.

C. Vienna hosts UN offices, not the Council of the European Union.

D. Wrong, since Brussels is the headquarters.

Question 50 Pakistan Affairs

Which of the following book was written by A.H. Ispahani?

- A. Quaid-i-Azam My,Leader
- B. Struggle For Pakistan
- C. Quaid-i-Azam Jinnah As I Knew Him ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of them

A. This is not the title of Ispahani's book.

B. This is not Ispahani's book title.

C. A. H. Ispahani wrote 'Quaid-i-Azam Jinnah As I Knew Him'.

D. Wrong, since Ispahani wrote 'Quaid-i-Azam Jinnah As I Knew Him'.

Question 51 Pakistan Affairs

“The Great Divide, Britain, India & Pakistan” was written by:

- A. W.H. Wriggins
- B. Stanley Walpert
- C. H.V. Hudson ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of them

A. W. H. Wriggins wrote on other subjects, not 'The Great Divide'.

B. Stanley Wolpert wrote 'Jinnah of Pakistan', not 'The Great Divide'.

C. H. V. Hodson wrote 'The Great Divide: Britain, India and Pakistan'.

nce H. V. Hudson wrote the book.

Question 52 Pakistan Affairs

"The Military and Politics in Pakistan" is written by:

- A. Shahid Javed Burki
- B. K.K.Aziz
- C. I.H. Qureshi
- D. Hassan Askari Rizvi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Shahid Javed Burki wrote on Pakistan's economy, not this book.

B. K. K. Aziz wrote 'The Murder of History', not this book.

C. I. H. Qureshi wrote on the Muslim community, not this book.

D. Hassan Askari Rizvi wrote 'The Military and Politics in Pakistan'.

Question 53 Geography

Peshawar district and major part of Mardan district, are consisted of

- A. Hilly areas
- B. Plain areas ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Plateau areas
- D. None of these

A. Peshawar and most of Mardan are plains, not hills.

B. Peshawar district and most of Mardan district consist of plain areas.

C. Peshawar and Mardan are not plateau areas.

D. Wrong, since they are plain areas.

54 Pakistan Affairs

What is the total area of Sindh?

- A. 139,424 sq km
- B. 138,532 sq km
- C. 142,532 sq km
- D. 140,914 sq km ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sindh's area is 140,914 sq km, not 139,424.

B. Sindh's area is 140,914 sq km, not 138,532.

C. Sindh's area is 140,914 sq km, not 142,532.

D. Sindh's total area is 140,914 sq km.

Question 55 Pakistan Affairs

What is the total length of Pak-lndia boundary line?

- A. 1610 kilometers ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1670 kilometers
- C. 1810 kilometers
- D. None of these

A. The textbook figure for the Pakistan-India boundary line is 1,610 km (excluding the Line of Control; the modern total including the LoC is about 3,323 km).

B. The textbook figure is 1,610 km, not 1,670 km.

C. The textbook figure is 1,610 km, not 1,810 km.

D. Wrong, since 1,610 km is the textbook figure.

Note: Note: 1,610 km is the textbook/bank figure for the Pakistan-India boundary excluding the Line of Control; the modern total including the LoC is about 3,323 km.

56 Geography

What is the total length of coastline of Pakistan?

- A. 1020 km
- B. 1046 km ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1095 km
- D. 1126 km

A. Pakistan's coastline is 1,046 km, not 1,020 km.

B. Pakistan's coastline is 1,046 km long.

C. Pakistan's coastline is 1,046 km, not 1,095 km.

D. Pakistan's coastline is 1,046 km, not 1,126 km.

Question 57 General Knowledge

Switzerland is also known by the distinctive name of:

- A. Land of Thousand Lakes
- B. Land of Milk & Honey
- C. Playground of Europe ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Land of Humming Bird

A. Finland is the Land of a Thousand Lakes, not Switzerland.

B. No country is so called; Switzerland is the Playground of Europe.

C. Switzerland is known as the Playground of Europe.

D. Trinidad is the Land of the Humming Bird, not Switzerland.

Question 58 General Knowledge

Which city is called "City of Parks”?

- B. Quito
- C. Kiev ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rome

A. Banaras (Varanasi) is the City of Temples, not of Parks.

B. Quito is the capital of Ecuador, not the City of Parks.

C. Kyiv (Kiev) is known as the City of Parks for its many green spaces.

D. Rome is the Eternal City, not the City of Parks.

Question 59 General Knowledge

People's Great Hural is the parliament of which country?

- A. Cuba
- B. Mexico
- C. Magnolia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Nigeria

A. Cuba's parliament is the National Assembly, not the Great Hural.

B. Mexico's parliament is the Congress, not the Great Hural.

C. The People's Great Hural is the parliament of Mongolia (printed 'Magnolia').

D. Nigeria's parliament is the National Assembly, not the Great Hural.

Question 60 Geography

The area of lowest rainfall in Pakistan is

- A. Nushki
- B. Quetta
- C. Thar

khundi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Nushki is dry, but Nokhundi is drier.

B. Quetta is dry, but Nokhundi receives less rain.

C. The Thar Desert is dry, but Nokhundi is the driest area.

D. Nokhundi (Nok Kundi) in Chagai district has the lowest rainfall in Pakistan.

Question 61 Pakistan Affairs

The Chashma Nuclear plant was built with the help of:

- A. France
- B. Germany
- C. Canada
- D. China ✓ **Correct answer**

A. France did not build the Chashma plant.

B. Germany did not build the Chashma plant.

C. Canada helped with KANUPP, not Chashma.

D. The Chashma Nuclear Power Plant was built with China's help.

Question 62 General Knowledge

The first nuclear device was tested in

- A. 1940
- B. 1941
- C. 1945 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1947

A. The first nuclear device was tested in 1945, not 1940.

uclear device was tested in 1945, not 1941.

C. The first atomic test (Trinity) was on 16 July 1945 near Alamogordo, New Mexico.

D. The first nuclear device was tested in 1945, not 1947.

Note: Note: the source's option D carries an explanatory note ("The first atomic weapons test was conducted near Alamogordo...") merged into the option text; trimmed to "1947".

Question 63 General Knowledge

Which of the following countries is the leading producer of rice in the world?

- A. Australia
- B. Argentina
- C. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Cuba

A. Australia is a small rice producer.

B. Argentina is a small rice producer.

C. China is the world's leading rice producer.

D. Cuba is a small rice producer.

Question 64 Geography

The highest lake in the world is:

- A. Lake Hanna
- B. Lake Tanzania
- C. LakeToba
- D. Lake Titicaca ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Hanna Lake is near Quetta and is not the highest lake.

o famous highest lake of this name.

C. Lake Toba is in Indonesia and is not the highest lake.

D. Lake Titicaca, in the Andes, is the highest navigable lake in the world.

Question 65 General Knowledge

Which is the largest producer of diamonds in the world?

- A. Australia
- B. Canada
- C. South Africa
- D. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Australia produces diamonds, but Russia produces more.

B. Canada produces diamonds, but Russia produces more.

C. South Africa was once the leader, but Russia now produces more.

D. Russia is the world's largest diamond producer by volume.

Question 66 General Knowledge

Which is the largest producer of coffee in the world?

- A. Brazil ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sri Lanka
- C. Pakistan
- D. Myanmar

A. Brazil is the world's largest coffee producer.

B. Sri Lanka is a small coffee producer.

C. Pakistan is not a coffee producer of note.

is a small coffee producer.

Question 67 Geography

The largest reserves of fresh water on the Earth's surface is located in:

- A. North America ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. South America
- C. Russia
- D. None of these

A. North America's Great Lakes hold the largest reserves of surface fresh water on Earth.

B. South America has the Amazon, but its surface fresh-water reserves are smaller than North America's Great Lakes.

C. Russia's Lake Baikal is the largest single lake by volume, but North America holds the largest total surface reserves.

D. Wrong, since North America holds the largest reserves.

Question 68 General Knowledge

Which of the following countries lead in the production of tea in the world?

- A. India ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Myanmar
- C. Sri Lanka
- D. Japan

A. India is the second-largest tea producer and the largest among the listed options; the actual leader, China, is not listed.

B. Myanmar is a small tea producer.

C. Sri Lanka is a major tea producer, but behind India and China.

small tea producer.

Note: Note: the source's option D carries an explanatory note ("China is indisputably the largest producer of tea...") merged into the option text; trimmed to "Japan".

Question 69 General Knowledge

Name thee largest railway station of the world is:

- A. Grand Central Terminal, New York ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Lahore railway station, Pakistan
- C. Trans-Siberian railway station, Russia
- D. None of these

A. Grand Central Terminal in New York is the largest railway station in the world.

B. Lahore station is large, but not the world's largest.

C. There is no station of this name that is the world's largest.

D. Wrong, since Grand Central Terminal is the largest.

Note: Note: the source prints option A as "Zealand" (the "New" of "New Zealand" was lost in the extraction); read as "New Zealand".

Question 70 Geography

Which Is the third largest landlocked country In the world?

- A. Magnolia
- B. Sudan
- C. Switzerland
- D. Chad ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Mongolia is the second-largest landlocked country, not the third.

B. Sudan has a Red Sea coast, so it is not landlocked at all.

d is landlocked but far smaller than Chad.

D. The largest landlocked countries are Kazakhstan and Mongolia; Chad is the third-largest.

Question 71 General Knowledge

Marco Polo was the famous:

- A. Traveler ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Scientist
- C. Musician
- D. Conqueror

A. Marco Polo was a famous Venetian traveller.

B. Marco Polo was not a scientist.

C. Marco Polo was not a musician.

D. Marco Polo was not a conqueror.

Question 72 History

Slave Dynasty in India was ended in:

- A. 1290 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1234
- C. 1323
- D. 1245

A. The Slave Dynasty ended in 1290 with the rise of the Khiljis.

B. The Slave Dynasty ended in 1290, not 1234.

C. The Slave Dynasty ended in 1290, not 1323.

Dynasty ended in 1290, not 1245.

Question 73 History

The famous poet Amir Khusrau, nicknamed the 'Parrot of India' was the contemporary of all of the following except:

- A. Alauddin Khilji
- B. Ghiyas-ud-Din Balban
- C. Altutmish ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Amir Khusrau was a contemporary of Alauddin Khilji.

B. Amir Khusrau was a contemporary of Ghiyas-ud-din Balban.

C. Iltutmish died in 1236, before Amir Khusrau was born (1253), so he was not a contemporary.

D. Wrong, since Iltutmish was not a contemporary of Khusrau.

Question 74 History

The Great Bath of the Indus Valley Civilization was discovered in:

- A. Harappa
- B. Lothal
- C. Mohenjodaro ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ropar

A. The Great Bath is at Mohenjo-daro, not Harappa.

B. Lothal has a dockyard, not the Great Bath.

C. The Great Bath was found at Mohenjo-daro.

D. Ropar is a Harappan site, but the Great Bath is at Mohenjo-daro.

75 General Knowledge

'Freedom Air' is the name of airline of:

- A. New Zealand ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. South Africa
- C. South Korea
- D. Canada

A. Freedom Air was a New Zealand airline.

B. Freedom Air was not a South African airline; it was New Zealand's.

C. Freedom Air was not a South Korean airline; it was New Zealand's.

D. Freedom Air was not a Canadian airline; it was New Zealand's.

Question 76 General Knowledge

Ariana airline is an airline of:

- A. Afghanistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. America
- C. Iran
- D. France

A. Ariana is the national airline of Afghanistan.

B. America's carriers are not called Ariana.

C. Iran's national carrier is Iran Air, not Ariana.

D. France's carrier is Air France, not Ariana.

Question 77 History

The Khilji Dynasty was founded in India in:

- B. 1278
- C. 1290 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1298

A. The Khilji dynasty was founded in 1290, not 1245.

B. The Khilji dynasty was founded in 1290, not 1278.

C. Jalal-ud-din Khilji founded the Khilji dynasty in 1290.

D. The Khilji dynasty was founded in 1290, not 1298.

Question 78 General Knowledge

Pablo Picasso was a:

- A. Spanish painter ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. American scientist
- C. British jurist
- D. German sportsman

A. Pablo Picasso was a Spanish painter.

B. Picasso was not an American scientist.

C. Picasso was not a British jurist.

D. Picasso was not a German sportsman.

Question 79 Geography

Which continent has no desert?

- A. Europe ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Asia
- C. Australia

A. Europe is the continent with no desert (its dry areas are semi-arid, not deserts).

B. Asia has the Arabian, Gobi and Thar deserts.

C. Australia is largely desert (the Outback).

D. North America has the Mojave and Sonoran deserts.

Question 80 History

According to Cabinet Mission plan in which group Punjab and Sindh, were included?

- A. First
- B. Third
- C. Second ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Fourth

A. Group A was the Hindu-majority provinces, not Punjab and Sindh.

B. Group C was Bengal and Assam, not Punjab and Sindh.

C. Under the Cabinet Mission Plan, Punjab and Sindh were in Group B, the second group.

D. There were only three groups in the Cabinet Mission Plan.

Question 81 History

According to Cabinet Mission plan Bengal and Assam would be included in group.

- A. 3rd ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2nd
- C. 1st
- D. 4th

A. Under the Cabinet Mission Plan, Bengal and Assam were in Group C, the third group.

was Punjab, Sindh, NWFP and Balochistan, not Bengal and Assam.

C. Group A was the Hindu-majority provinces, not Bengal and Assam.

D. There were only three groups in the Cabinet Mission Plan.

Question 82 History

Simla Conference started on:

- A. 24th June, 1945 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 24th June, 1946
- C. 22nd September,1945
- D. 22nd September, 1946

A. Wavell met the leaders on 24 June and the conference formally opened on 25 June 1945; 24 June is the nearest of the options and the date in the GK literature.

B. The Simla Conference was in 1945, not 1946.

C. The Simla Conference was in June 1945, not September.

D. The Simla Conference was in June 1945, not September 1946.

Question 83 History

During the Indian Freedom Struggle, who among the following proposed that Swaraj should be defined as complete independence free from all foreign control?

- A. Mazharul Haque
- B. Maulana Hasrat Mohanl ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hakim Ajmal Khan
- D. Abul Kalam Azad

A. Mazharul Haque did not move the complete-independence resolution.

B. Maulana Hasrat Mohani moved the resolution for complete independence at the

Congress session in 1921.

C. Hakim Ajmal Khan did not move the complete-independence resolution.

D. Abul Kalam Azad did not move the 1921 complete-independence resolution; Hasrat Mohani did (the printed key is wrong).

Question 84 Pakistan Affairs

When was the Pakistan's first Constituent Assembly constituted?

- A. July 20,1947 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. June 20,1947
- C. August 20,1947
- D. August 25,1947

A. Pakistan's first Constituent Assembly was constituted on 20 July 1947.

B. The Assembly was constituted on 20 July, not 20 June 1947.

C. The Assembly was constituted on 20 July, not 20 August 1947.

D. The Assembly was constituted on 20 July, not 25 August 1947.

Note: Note: the source prints option C as "ShahJahan" (no space); read as "Shah Jahan".

Question 85 Pakistan Affairs

How many members were there in the Constituent Assembly when it was set up?

- A. 59
- B. 69 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 79
- D. 80

A. The Constituent Assembly was set up with 69 members, not 59.

first Constituent Assembly was set up with 69 members.

C. The Assembly reached 79 only after 10 more members were added later.

D. The Assembly was set up with 69 members, not 80.

Question 86 Pakistan Affairs

How many members were later, added to the Constituent Assembly?

- A. 5
- B. 7
- C. 9
- D. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Ten members were later added, not five.

B. Ten members were later added, not seven.

C. Ten members were later added, not nine.

D. Ten members were later added to the Constituent Assembly, taking it to 79.

Question 87 Pakistan Affairs

On what date did the Quaid-e-Azam Address the Constituent Assembly for the first time?

- A. 10 August 1947
- B. 11 August 1947 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 20 August 1947
- D. 25 August 1947

A. The Quaid's first address was on 11 August, not 10 August 1947.

B. Quaid-e-Azam addressed the Constituent Assembly for the first time on 11 August 1947.

C. The Quaid's first address was on 11 August, not 20 August 1947.

I's first address was on 11 August, not 25 August 1947.

Question 88 Everyday Science

Penicillin was discovered by:

- A. Alfred Nobel
- B. Alexander Fleming ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Louis Pasteur
- D. S. A. Waksman

A. Alfred Nobel invented dynamite; he did not discover penicillin.

B. Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin in 1928.

C. Louis Pasteur founded microbiology; he did not discover penicillin.

D. Waksman discovered streptomycin, not penicillin.

Question 89 Pakistan Affairs

Who wrote Sassi Pannu?

- A. Hashim Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Bulhe Shah
- C. WarisShah
- D. None of these

A. Hashim Shah wrote the tale of Sassi Pannu.

B. Bulleh Shah wrote kafis, not Sassi Pannu.

C. Waris Shah wrote Heer Ranjha, not Sassi Pannu.

D. Wrong, since Hashim Shah wrote Sassi Pannu.

90 Pakistan Affairs

Qissa-Ahsan al-QIssas was written by Ghulam Rasool. Who wrote Sohni Mahiwal?

- A. Bulhe Shah
- B. Waits Shah
- C. Fazal Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Bulleh Shah did not write Sohni Mahiwal.

B. Waris Shah wrote Heer Ranjha, not Sohni Mahiwal.

C. Fazal Shah wrote Sohni Mahiwal.

D. Wrong, since Fazal Shah wrote Sohni Mahiwal.

Question 91 Everyday Science

How many decagrams are there in 10 grams?

- A. 2
- B. 1 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3
- D. 4

A. One decagram is 10 grams, so 10 grams is 1 decagram, not 2.

B. One decagram equals 10 grams, so 10 grams is 1 decagram.

C. One decagram is 10 grams, so 10 grams is 1 decagram, not 3.

D. One decagram is 10 grams, so 10 grams is 1 decagram, not 4.

Note: Note: the source's stem is garbled as printed ("The weight of 1000 milligrams is equal to 1 gram. decagrams are there in 10 grams?"); read as "How many decagrams are there in 10 grams?"

92 General Knowledge

The pharaohs of Alexandria is located in

- A. Germany
- B. Italy
- C. France
- D. Egypt ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Pharos of Alexandria is not in Germany.

B. The Pharos of Alexandria is not in Italy.

C. The Pharos of Alexandria is not in France.

D. The Pharos (lighthouse) of Alexandria was in Egypt (the stem misprints 'Pharos' as 'pharaohs').

Question 93 History

The third battle of Panipat was fought between Ahmad Shah Abdali and Mahrattas in

- A. 1801 AD
- B. 1750 AD
- C. 1761 AD ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1758 AD

A. The third battle of Panipat was in 1761, not 1801.

B. The third battle of Panipat was in 1761, not 1750.

C. The third battle of Panipat was fought in 1761 between Ahmad Shah Abdali and the Marathas.

D. The third battle of Panipat was in 1761, not 1758.

Which of the following wars is the shortest war ever fought, ended in just six days?

- A. Gulf War
- B. Israel-Arab War ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Desert-War
- D. Boer War

A. The Gulf War lasted about six weeks, not six days.

B. The Israel-Arab Six-Day War of 1967 ended in just six days.

C. There is no six-day war of this name.

D. The Boer War lasted years, not six days.

Question 95 History

Name the Mughal king who died in 1707?

- A. Jahangir
- B. Aurangzeb ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Shah Jahan
- D. Akbar

A. Jahangir died in 1627, not 1707.

B. Aurangzeb died in 1707.

C. Shah Jahan died in 1666, not 1707.

D. Akbar died in 1605, not 1707.

Question 96 History

Ottoman Turks captured Constantinople in

- B. 1448
- C. 1453 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1455

A. Constantinople fell in 1453, not 1418.

B. Constantinople fell in 1453, not 1448.

C. The Ottoman Turks captured Constantinople in 1453.

D. Constantinople fell in 1453, not 1455.

Question 97 History

Which one of the following Sultans established diplomatic relations with China?

- A. Balban
- B. Jalaluddin KhllJI
- C. Muhammad Bin Tughlaq ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Balban did not establish diplomatic relations with China.

B. Jalaluddin Khilji did not establish diplomatic relations with China.

C. Muhammad bin Tughlaq established diplomatic relations with China (he sent envoys to the Yuan court).

D. Wrong, since Muhammad bin Tughlaq did so.

Question 98 History

The first Umayad Amir of Andulus to adopt the title of Caliph

- A. Abdur Rehman III ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Al Had!

- D. Hamza III

A. Abdur Rahman III was the first Umayyad Amir of Andalusia to take the title of Caliph (929).

B. No such ruler took the caliphal title in Andalusia.

C. No such ruler took the caliphal title in Andalusia.

D. No such ruler took the caliphal title in Andalusia.

Question 99 Geography

The city constructed on the bank of the river Tlaris is:

- A. Basra
- B. Baghdad ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Najaf
- D. Tehran

A. Basra is on the Shatt al-Arab, not the Tigris.

B. Baghdad was built on the banks of the River Tigris (printed 'Tlaris').

C. Najaf is not on the Tigris.

D. Tehran is not on the Tigris.

Question 100 General Knowledge

The “Berber” tribes were resident of

- A. South Korea
- B. North Africa ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Andulus
- D. China

B. The Berber tribes are native to North Africa.

C. Andalusia is in Spain; the Berbers are from North Africa.

D. The Berbers are not from China.

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