Assistant Superintendent Jail (BS-16) — 2015 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Assistant Superintendent Jail (BS-16) · **Year:** 2015 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **99 solved and verified**, 1 excluded as defective (Q33) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2015 sitting.

Source note: gotest quiz, 'Assistant Superintendent Jail Solved Past Paper 2015 Test' (84 questions, 4 pages; page 1, Q1-25, readable in text fetch; accessed 9 Nov 2026), cross-checked against the test360 full keyed reproduction, 'Model Paper PPSC 2015 Assistant Superintendent BS 16' (100 questions numbered 1-100 with a printed key for each). Identity corroborated by the Imtiaz Shahid (Advanced Publishers) contents listing (Model Paper 62: Assistant Superintendent Jail, 2015). 2 printed keys corrected openly (Q15, Q39). Q50 is PICK-ONE; Q33 is DEFECTIVE-excluded. Dated items judged by the exam date (2015). Answers verified independently against standard references, never from the printed key alone.

Question 1 General Knowledge (Geography)

Baltoro is a famous ____of Pakistan.

- A. Glacier ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. River
- C. Mountain Lake
- D. Mountain Peak

The Baltoro is one of the longest glaciers outside the polar regions, in the Karakoram range of Gilgit-Baltistan.

B. Wrong: the Baltoro is ice, not flowing water; the river that drains it is the Braldu.

C. Wrong: no lake of that name exists; Baltoro is a glacier valley.

D. Wrong: the famous peaks around it are K2 and the Gasherbrums, not Baltoro itself.

Question 2 General Knowledge (Geography)

Gayari, the site of a catastrophic avalanche in 2012, lies in_____.

- A. Siachen ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Balochistan
- C. Azad Kashmir
- D. Salt Range

A. Correct: the Gayari sector is in the Siachen Glacier region, where an avalanche buried a Pakistan Army battalion headquarters in April 2012.

B. Wrong: Gayari is in the far north, not in Balochistan.

C. Wrong: Gayari is in the Siachen area of Gilgit-Baltistan, not Azad Kashmir.

D. Wrong: the Salt Range is in Punjab and has no Gayari sector.

Question 3 General Knowledge (Geography)

Diameter Bhasha hydro- electric project is being built on ___ river.

- A. Jhelum
- B. Kabul
- C. Indus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hunza

A. Wrong: the Jhelum hosts Mangla Dam, not Diamer-Bhasha.

…major dam of this name is on the Kabul river.

C. Correct: the Diamer-Bhasha Dam is built on the Indus river in Gilgit-Baltistan (the stem prints "Diameter" for Diamer — see reproduction notes).

D. Wrong: the Hunza is a tributary of the Indus, not the river of this dam.

Question 4 General Knowledge (Geography)

The main city of Hunza Valley is____

- A. Karmabad ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Gust
- C. Battagram
- D. Bisham

A. Correct: the intended answer is Karimabad (printed "Karmabad" in the reproduction), the main town of Hunza Valley.

B. Wrong: Gust is not a town of Hunza.

C. Wrong: Battagram is a district in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, not in Hunza.

D. Wrong: Bisham is a town in Shangla, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, not Hunza.

Question 5 World History (United States)

The first ever American President to be assassinated was_____.

- A. John Adams
- B. Abraham Lincoln ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. William Coleridge
- D. John F. Kennedy

A. Wrong: Adams, the second president, died of natural causes in 1826.

B. Correct: Lincoln, the 16th president, was assassinated in April 1865, the first US

be assassinated.

C. Wrong: Coleridge was an English poet, not an American president.

D. Wrong: Kennedy was assassinated in 1963, but he was the fourth president to be assassinated, not the first.

Question 6 World History (China)

Peoples Republic of China was founded in____

- A. 1950
- B. 1949 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1948
- D. 1951

A. Wrong: by 1950 the People's Republic already existed.

B. Correct: the People's Republic of China was proclaimed on 1 October 1949.

C. Wrong: in 1948 the civil war was still being fought.

D. Wrong: too late by two years.

Question 7 General Knowledge (Geography)

Which Minerals is mostly found in northern and western mountains of Pakistan?

- A. Chromite
- B. China Clay
- C. Limestone ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Gypsum

A. Wrong as the paper's answer: chromite does occur in the western mountains (Muslim Bagh), but the paper's key is limestone (see reproduction notes — the item is loose).

B. Wrong: china clay (kaolin) is found mainly in the Nagarparkar and Shah Dheri areas, not

cteristic mineral of the northern and western ranges.

C. Correct as keyed: limestone is widespread in the northern and western mountain ranges of Pakistan, and it is the paper's intended answer.

D. Wrong: gypsum is found mainly in the Salt Range and Kohat, not as the characteristic mineral of these ranges.

Question 8 Current Affairs 2015 (United States)

Barack Hussein Obama is the ____ President of U.S.A.

- A. 42nd
- B. 43rd
- C. 44th ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 40th

A. Wrong: the 42nd president was Bill Clinton.

B. Wrong: the 43rd president was George W. Bush.

C. Correct: Barack Obama was the 44th President of the United States (2009–2017).

D. Wrong: the 40th president was Ronald Reagan.

Question 9 Current Affairs 2015 (Pakistan)

President Mamoon Hussain is the ____ President of Pakistan.

- A. 12th ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 14th
- C. 11th
- D. 15th

A. Correct: Mamnoon Hussain (printed "Mamoon" in the reproduction) was the 12th President of Pakistan (2013–2018).

ere had been no 14th president by 2015.

C. Wrong: the 11th president was Pervez Musharraf.

D. Wrong: there had been no 15th president by 2015.

Question 10 Science (Minerals)

All of the following are non-metallic minerals except:

- A. Asbestos
- B. Grahite
- C. Platinum ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sulphur

A. Wrong: asbestos is a non-metallic mineral, so it is not the exception.

B. Wrong: graphite (printed "Grahite") is a non-metallic mineral (a form of carbon), so it is not the exception.

C. Correct: platinum is a metal, so it is the one option that is NOT a non-metallic mineral.

D. Wrong: sulphur is a non-metallic mineral, so it is not the exception.

Question 11 Pakistan Studies (Cabinet Mission)

The British Cabinet Mission visited India in ___.

- A. 1945
- B. 1946 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1944
- D. 1947

A. Wrong: the Cabinet Mission had not yet been sent in 1945.

B. Correct: the Cabinet Mission (Pethick-Lawrence, Stafford Cripps, A. V. Alexander) visited India in 1946.

o early by two years.

D. Wrong: by 1947 the mission's plan had already failed and the transfer of power was under way.

Question 12 Pakistan Studies (Indian National Congress)

Who founded the Indian National Congress?

- A. A.O. Hume ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Dadabhoy Naorojee
- C. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- D. Mahatma Gandhi

A. Correct: Allan Octavian Hume, a retired British civil servant, founded the Indian National Congress in 1885.

B. Wrong: Naoroji was a founding member and early president, but not the founder.

C. Wrong: Tilak joined the Congress later and led its extremist wing.

D. Wrong: Gandhi joined the Congress in 1915, thirty years after its founding.

Question 13 Current Affairs 2015 (Sports)

Who is the current President of Pakistan Hockey Federation?

- A. Shahnaz Sheikh
- B. Qasim Zia
- C. Islahuddin
- D. Akhtar Rasool ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Shahnaz Sheikh was a famous hockey player, not the PHF president in 2015.

B. Wrong: Qasim Zia was an earlier PHF president, not the one in office in 2015.

C. Wrong: Islahuddin was a famous player and coach, not the PHF president in 2015.

khtar Rasool was president of the Pakistan Hockey Federation in 2015 (exam-date standard).

Question 14 World History (Jallianwala Bagh)

Jalliawala Bagh is located in which city?

- A. Gujranwala
- B. Jallundar
- C. Amritsar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Batala

A. Wrong: Gujranwala is a city in Punjab, Pakistan, with no Jallianwala Bagh.

B. Wrong: Jalandhar is a different city in Indian Punjab.

C. Correct: Jallianwala Bagh, site of the 1919 massacre, is in Amritsar, Punjab, India.

D. Wrong: Batala is another town in Indian Punjab, not the site of the Bagh.

Question 15 English (Vocabulary)

Which pair of words refers to butterflies and birds?

- A. Bear, bare
- B. aviary, apiary ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. bore, boar
- D. fair, fare

A. Wrong: "bear/bare" is a homophone pair meaning an animal and "naked" — nothing to do with butterflies or birds.

B. Correct: an aviary is a place where birds are kept and an apiary is a place where bees (and, by the MCQ-bank convention of this item, butterflies) are kept; it is the intended pair, and gotest's coherent version of the same stem keys "Apiary, Aviary".

ore/boar" is a homophone pair (to drill / a wild pig) and has nothing to do with butterflies or birds — the test360 key C is wrong (see verification summary).

D. Wrong: "fair/fare" is a homophone pair (just / a ticket price), unrelated to the stem. Printed-key correction: test360 keys C 'bore, boar'; corrected to B 'aviary, apiary' (see verification summary).

Question 16 General Knowledge (Geography)

Tasante is the major island of which country?

- A. Indonesia
- B. Australia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. New Zealand
- D. Philippines

A. Wrong: Indonesia's major islands are Sumatra, Java, Borneo, Sulawesi and New Guinea — not Tasmania.

B. Correct: Tasmania (printed "Tasante" in the reproduction) is the major island state of Australia.

C. Wrong: New Zealand's major islands are the North and South Islands, not Tasmania.

D. Wrong: the Philippines' major islands are Luzon, Mindanao and others — not Tasmania.

Question 17 Pakistan Studies (Five-Year Plans)

Pakistan's First Five Year Development Plan was from _____.

- A. 1954-1959
- B. 1955-1955
- C. 1955-1960 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1956-1961

A. Wrong: the first plan did not start in 1954.

misprint in the reproduction (a one-year span cannot be a five-year plan).

C. Correct: Pakistan's First Five Year Plan ran from 1955 to 1960.

D. Wrong: the plan began in 1955, not 1956.

Question 18 Current Affairs 2015 (Five-Year Plans)

The current Five Year Development Plan of Pakistan is it's _____.

- A. Eighth
- B. Ninth
- C. Tenth
- D. Eleventh ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Eighth Plan ran from 1993 to 1998.

B. Wrong: the Ninth Plan was never properly implemented (1998–2003 period).

C. Wrong: the Tenth Plan covered 2010–2015 only in draft form; the plan in force in 2015 was the Eleventh.

D. Correct: the Eleventh Five Year Plan (2013–18) was the current plan in 2015 (exam-date standard).

Question 19 Pakistan Studies (Durand Line)

Durand Line, the present border between Pakistan and Afghanistan was established in?

- A. 1873
- B. 1893 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1901
- D. 1859

A. Wrong: no Durand agreement was signed in 1873.

B. Correct: the Durand Line was established by the agreement of 12 November 1893

Mortimer Durand and Amir Abdur Rahman Khan.

C. Wrong: 1901 is the year the NWFP (now Khyber Pakhtunkhwa) was created as a separate province.

D. Wrong: no Durand agreement was signed in 1859.

Question 20 Pakistan Studies (Cinema)

Which was the first Pakistani feature film released after independence?

- A. Teri Yaad ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Do Ansoo
- C. Chan Way
- D. Jugga Dakko

A. Correct: Teri Yaad (1948) was the first feature film produced and released in Pakistan after independence.

B. Wrong: Do Ansoo (1950) came later.

C. Wrong: Chan Way (1951) came later.

D. Wrong: not the first post-independence feature film.

Question 21 Pakistan Studies (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa)

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, the former NWFP was first created as a separated province in ____.

- A. 1901 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1910
- C. 1948
- D. 1935

A. Correct: the North-West Frontier Province was created as a separate province in 1901 (renamed Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in 2010).

o such provincial creation happened in 1910.

C. Wrong: by 1948 the province already existed.

D. Wrong: 1935 is the year of the Government of India Act, not the province's creation.

Question 22 Pakistan Studies (Gurdwaras)

Gurdwara Rihri Sahib is located in _____.

- A. Faroiqabad
- B. Faisalabad
- C. Eminabad ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hasan Abdal

A. Wrong: Farooqabad is a different town in Punjab with no Rori Sahib gurdwara.

B. Wrong: Faisalabad has no Gurdwara Rori Sahib.

C. Correct: Gurdwara Rori Sahib (printed "Rihri Sahib" in the reproduction) is in Eminabad, Gujranwala district.

D. Wrong: Hasan Abdal is famous for Gurdwara Panja Sahib, not Rori Sahib.

Question 23 Pakistan Studies (Railways)

The first railway line between Karachi and kotri was opened in_____.

- A. 1861 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1869
- C. 1871
- D. 1900

A. Correct: the Karachi–Kotri railway line, the first in the region, was opened in 1861.

B. Wrong: too late by eight years.

o late by ten years.

D. Wrong: far too late.

Question 24 Sports (Hockey)

Who scored the only goal to give Pakistan the Olympic Hockey Gold Medal in 1960?

- A. Naseer Bunda ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Noor Alam
- C. Shahnaz Sheikh
- D. Abdul Hameed Hameedi

A. Correct: Naseer Bunda scored the only goal in Pakistan's 1–0 win over India in the 1960 Rome Olympics hockey final.

B. Wrong: Noor Alam was a member of the team but did not score the final's goal.

C. Wrong: Shahnaz Sheikh played in a later era (1970s), not in 1960.

D. Wrong: Hameedi was a member of the 1960 squad but did not score the winning goal.

Question 25 Sports (Olympics)

When was the last time a Pakistani won an individual medal at Olympic Games?

- A. Los Angeles 1948
- B. Seoul 1988 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Tokyo 1964
- D. Mexico 1966

A. Wrong: no Pakistani won an individual Olympic medal in 1948.

B. Correct: Hussain Shah won the boxing bronze at Seoul 1988, the last individual Olympic medal won by a Pakistani (as of the 2015 exam date).

C. Wrong: no Pakistani won an individual medal at Tokyo 1964.

ere were no Olympic Games in Mexico in 1966 (Mexico City hosted in 1968), and no Pakistani won an individual medal there.

Question 26 Pakistan Studies (Radio)

The oldest Public Radio Station in Pakistan was established in 1935 where?

- A. Lahore
- B. Dhaka
- C. Peshawar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Karachi

A. Wrong: Lahore's radio station came later (1937).

B. Wrong: Dhaka's station came later (1939).

C. Correct: the Peshawar radio station, established in 1935, is the oldest public radio station in Pakistan.

D. Wrong: Karachi's station came later (1942).

Question 27 General Knowledge (Geography)

Khanjarab is the border Pass between Pakistan and which country?

- A. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Pakistan
- C. Afghanistan
- D. Iran

A. Correct: the Khunjerab Pass (printed "Khanjarab") is the border pass between Pakistan and China.

B. Wrong: Pakistan is one side of the pass, not the country it connects to.

C. Wrong: the Afghan border passes are the Khyber and others, not Khunjerab.

e Iran border passes are in Balochistan, not Khunjerab.

Question 28 History (Baburnama)

Babarnama was originally written in ____.

- A. Persian
- B. Chagatai Turkish ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Arabic
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Baburnama was later translated into Persian (by Abdul Rahim Khan-i-Khanan), but it was not written in Persian.

B. Correct: Babur wrote his memoirs in Chagatai Turkish, his mother tongue.

C. Wrong: Babur did not write the Baburnama in Arabic.

D. Wrong: Chagatai Turkish is among the options and is correct.

Question 29 General Knowledge (Brands)

Daewoo is a famous brand of which country?

- A. China
- B. Japan
- C. Pakistan
- D. Republic of Korea ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Daewoo is not a Chinese brand.

B. Wrong: Daewoo is not Japanese (Japanese brands include Toyota and Sony).

C. Wrong: Daewoo is not Pakistani (though Daewoo buses ran in Pakistan).

D. Correct: Daewoo was a famous South Korean conglomerate and brand.

30 General Knowledge (Japan)

Which country is known as the "Land of the Rising Sun"?

- A. China
- B. Japan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. South Korea
- D. Canada

A. Wrong: China is called the Middle Kingdom, not the Land of the Rising Sun.

B. Correct: Japan is known as the Land of the Rising Sun (Nippon — "origin of the sun").

C. Wrong: South Korea is called the Land of the Morning Calm.

D. Wrong: Canada has no such title.

Question 31 General Knowledge (Geography)

The Strait of Malacca lies between which two countries?

- A. Indonesia Malaysia ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Thailand -Philippines
- C. Malaysia Singapore
- D. Indonesia Singapore

A. Correct: the Strait of Malacca lies between the Malay Peninsula (Malaysia) and the Indonesian island of Sumatra.

B. Wrong: no strait of that name lies between Thailand and the Philippines.

C. Wrong: the strait between Malaysia and Singapore is the Strait of Johor, not Malacca.

D. Wrong: Singapore lies at the southern end of the Malacca Strait, but the strait's two sides are Malaysia and Indonesia.

32 World History (Singapore)

Lee Kwan Yew was the founder of which nation?

- A. Bruner
- B. Singapore ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Timor-Leste
- D. Taiwan

A. Wrong: Brunei (printed "Bruner") was not founded by Lee Kuan Yew.

B. Correct: Lee Kuan Yew (printed "Lee Kwan Yew") was the founding father and first prime minister of modern Singapore.

C. Wrong: Timor-Leste was not founded by Lee Kuan Yew.

D. Wrong: Taiwan was not founded by Lee Kuan Yew.

Question 33 Current Affairs 2015 (ASEAN)

The Headquarters of ASEAN (Association of Southeast Asian Nations) is located in:

- A. Penang
- B. Zanzibar
- C. Mogadishu
- D. Asmara

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-excluded — no option is correct (DEFECTIVE-excluded)

A. Wrong: Penang is a Malaysian state, not the seat of ASEAN.

B. Wrong: Zanzibar is a Tanzanian island, not the seat of ASEAN.

C. Wrong: Mogadishu is the capital of Somalia, not the seat of ASEAN — the printed key C is wrong (see verification summary).

Asmara is the capital of Eritrea, not the seat of ASEAN. The ASEAN headquarters / Secretariat is in Jakarta, Indonesia, which is not among the options, so the item is defective and excluded.

Question 34 World History (Atom Bomb)

The first ever Atom Bomb was dropped on which city _____.

- A. Nagasaki
- B. Yokohama
- C. Osaka
- D. Hiroshima ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Nagasaki was bombed second, on 9 August 1945.

B. Wrong: Yokohama was never atom-bombed.

C. Wrong: Osaka was never atom-bombed.

D. Correct: the first atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima on 6 August 1945.

Question 35 General Knowledge (Geography)

Mount Fujiyama is located in which country?

- A. Japan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. North Korea
- C. Philippines
- D. Vietnam

A. Correct: Mount Fuji (Fujiyama) is Japan's highest mountain.

B. Wrong: North Korea's highest mountain is Paektu, not Fuji.

C. Wrong: the Philippines' highest mountain is Apo, not Fuji.

D. Wrong: Vietnam's highest mountain is Fansipan, not Fuji.

36 General Knowledge (Geography)

The capital city of Cambodia is ____.

- A. Pnom penh ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Haiphong
- C. Hanoi
- D. Vientiane

A. Correct: Phnom Penh (printed "Pnom penh") is the capital of Cambodia.

B. Wrong: Haiphong is a port city in Vietnam.

C. Wrong: Hanoi is the capital of Vietnam, not Cambodia.

D. Wrong: Vientiane is the capital of Laos, not Cambodia.

Question 37 Current Affairs 2015 (Saudi Arabia)

The current king of Saudi Arabia is_____.

- A. Khalid
- B. Abdullah
- C. Salman ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sultan

A. Wrong: King Khalid ruled 1975–1982.

B. Wrong: King Abdullah ruled 2005–2015 and died in January 2015.

C. Correct: King Salman became king of Saudi Arabia in January 2015 (exam-date standard).

D. Wrong: Sultan was a crown prince, never king.

38 History (Mesopotamia)

Mesopotamia is the ancient name of _____.

- A. Syna
- B. Iraq ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Turkey
- D. Yemen

A. Wrong: no country of that name matches Mesopotamia (Syria is a different land).

B. Correct: Mesopotamia, the land between the Tigris and Euphrates, is the ancient name of the region that is now Iraq.

C. Wrong: Turkey is the ancient Anatolia, not Mesopotamia.

D. Wrong: Yemen is the ancient Arabia Felix, not Mesopotamia.

Question 39 General Knowledge (Population)

Women population of Pakistan is ____.

- A. Equal to the number of male population
- B. Less than the number of male population ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. More than the number of male population
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the numbers are not equal — men outnumber women in Pakistan.

B. Correct: every census shows fewer women than men in Pakistan (1998: 63.48 million women vs 68.87 million men; 2017: 101.31 million women vs 106.45 million men, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics).

C. Wrong: the printed key C is wrong — women are fewer than men, not more (see verification summary).

D. Wrong: "less than" is among the options and is correct. Printed-key correction: test360

than the number of male population'; corrected to B 'Less than the number of male population' (see verification summary).

Question 40 Economics (GDP)

Gross GDP of Pakistan in US Dollars is ____.

- A. 237 Billion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 300 Billion
- C. 220 Billion
- D. 400 Billion

A. Correct as keyed: the World Bank figure for Pakistan's 2014 GDP as published at the exam date was US$236.62 billion, so 237 billion is the intended figure (exam-date standard — later revisions raised the series; see reproduction notes).

B. Wrong for the exam date: about US$300 billion is the later (2015) revised figure, not the figure published in 2014–15.

C. Wrong: too low against the published 2014 figure of about US$237 billion.

D. Wrong: far too high for 2014–15.

Question 41 Economics (Budget)

Total Budget of Pakistan for the current fiscal year 2014-15 is Rupees _____.

- A. 3945 Billion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 3900 Billion
- C. 4000 Billion
- D. 3600 Billion

A. Correct as keyed: Rs 3,945 billion is the published 2014–15 total revenue/receipts figure for the federal budget (see reproduction notes).

B. Wrong: 3,900 billion is not the published 2014–15 figure.

000 billion is a round figure, not the published one.

D. Wrong: too low for 2014–15.

Question 42 General Knowledge (Women Quota)

Women quota for government employment currently is ____.

- A. 10%
- B. 12%
- C. 15% ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 5%

A. Wrong: 10% was the earlier women quota (raised later).

B. Wrong: no 12% women quota existed.

C. Correct: the women quota in government employment in Punjab/Pakistan as in force in 2015 was 15%.

D. Wrong: 5% is the minorities quota, not the women quota.

Question 43 Pakistan Studies (Sindh)

When was Sindh separated from the British Presidency and created a separate province?

- A. 1936 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1935
- C. 1938
- D. 1941

A. Correct: Sindh was separated from the Bombay Presidency and made a separate province on 1 April 1936.

B. Wrong: 1935 is the year of the Government of India Act that provided for the separation, not the year it took effect.

o late by two years.

D. Wrong: far too late.

Question 44 Pakistan Studies (Sindh Assembly)

Which was the first provincial Assembly to pass a resolution for a separate state for Muslim of India?

- A. Punjab
- B. Sindh ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Balochistan
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: the Punjab Assembly did not pass the first such resolution.

B. Correct: the Sindh Assembly was the first provincial assembly to pass a resolution demanding a separate state for the Muslims of India (1943).

C. Wrong: Balochistan's assembly was not the first to pass such a resolution.

D. Wrong: Sindh is among the options and is correct.

Question 45 Pakistan Studies (Prime Ministers)

Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy was the ___.

- A. Prime Minister of Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Speaker of the Constituent Assembly
- C. Ambassador to USA
- D. Foreign Minister

A. Correct: Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy was the fifth Prime Minister of Pakistan (1956–1957).

B. Wrong: he was never Speaker of the Constituent Assembly.

e was never Pakistan's ambassador to the USA.

D. Wrong: he held other offices (including Law Minister), but the office that defines him here is Prime Minister.

Question 46 Sports (Swimming)

Brojen Das was the first Pakistani to ___.

- A. Climb Mount Everest
- B. Swim across the British Channel ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Win an Olympic Gold Medal
- D. Sail to the South Pole

A. Wrong: Brojen Das was a swimmer, not a mountaineer.

B. Correct: Brojen Das was the first Pakistani (and first Asian) to swim across the English Channel, in 1958.

C. Wrong: no Pakistani swimmer has won an Olympic gold medal.

D. Wrong: Brojen Das never sailed to the South Pole.

Question 47 Sports (Cricket)

Captain of the Pakistan Cricket team that beat England in 1954 was _____.

- A. A.H. Kardar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Fazal Mehmood
- C. Imtiaz Ahmad
- D. Shuja-uddin

A. Correct: Abdul Hafeez Kardar captained Pakistan to its famous first Test win over England at The Oval in 1954.

B. Wrong: Fazal Mahmood was the bowling hero of that match, but Kardar was the

C. Wrong: Imtiaz Ahmed played in that match but was not the captain.

D. Wrong: Shuja-ud-Din was not the captain of that team.

Question 48 Pakistan Studies (PPSC)

When was the Punjab Public Service Commission founded?

- A. 1942
- B. 1937 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1959
- D. 1940

A. Wrong: the PPSC was not founded in 1942.

B. Correct: the Punjab Public Service Commission was established in 1937 (under the Government of India Act 1935).

C. Wrong: far too late.

D. Wrong: three years too late.

Question 49 Pakistan Studies (PTV)

When was the first PTV programme broadcast?

- A. November 1964 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. September 1964
- C. October 1964
- D. December 1964

A. Correct: Pakistan Television's first broadcast was on 26 November 1964 from Lahore.

B. Wrong: too early by two months.

o early by one month.

D. Wrong: too late by one month.

Question 50 General Knowledge (European Union)

European Parliament is located in which city?

- A. Brussels ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Luxemburg
- C. Paris
- D. Strasbourg

A. PICK-ONE (kept): Brussels is where the European Parliament principally works and where most of its members, committees and offices are, and it is the conventional MCQ-bank answer.

B. Wrong: Luxembourg hosts the Parliament's Secretariat, not the Parliament itself.

C. Wrong: Paris hosts no seat of the European Parliament.

D. Wrong as the picked answer, but the genuine rival: Strasbourg is the Parliament's official seat (plenary sessions are held there), which is why this item is recorded as PICK-ONE rather than a clean VERIFIED — see verification summary.

Question 51 World History (United States)

Who was the first President of the United States of America?

- A. Thomas Jefferson
- B. George Washington ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. John Adams
- D. Alexander Hamilton

A. Wrong: Jefferson was the third president.

eorge Washington was the first President of the United States (1789–1797).

C. Wrong: Adams was the second president.

D. Wrong: Hamilton was never president; he was the first Secretary of the Treasury.

Question 52 General Knowledge (Geography)

The capital city of Somalia is _____.

- A. Mombasa
- B. Zanzibar
- C. Mogadishu ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Asmara

A. Wrong: Mombasa is a port city in Kenya.

B. Wrong: Zanzibar is an island of Tanzania.

C. Correct: Mogadishu is the capital of Somalia.

D. Wrong: Asmara is the capital of Eritrea.

Question 53 General Knowledge (Geography)

A store District is located in which area?

- A. Balochistan
- B. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- C. Gilgit Baltistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sindh

A. Wrong: Astore is not in Balochistan.

B. Wrong: Astore is not in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (it borders it).

C. Correct: Astore District (printed "A store District") is in Gilgit-Baltistan.

store is in the far north, not Sindh.

Question 54 Current Affairs 2015 (Cinema)

Pakistani actor Fawad Khan acted in which recent Bollywood flim?

- A. Burfi
- B. Khoobsurat ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Jalaibbee
- D. Golmaal

A. Wrong: Barfi! (2012) starred Ranbir Kapoor, not Fawad Khan.

B. Correct: Fawad Khan made his Bollywood debut in Khoobsurat (2014), opposite Sonam Kapoor.

C. Wrong: Jalaibee is a Pakistani film, not a Bollywood film.

D. Wrong: the Golmaal series did not star Fawad Khan.

Question 55 Pakistan Studies (Uch Sharif)

Uch Sharif's most famous monument is the tomb of:

- A. Bibi Jawindi ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Nawab Safahuddin Abbasi
- C. Maulvi Barkhudar
- D. Shams tabrezi

A. Correct: the Tomb of Bibi Jawindi is the most famous monument of Uch Sharif.

B. Wrong: no such famous tomb is the landmark of Uch Sharif.

C. Wrong: not the famous monument of Uch Sharif.

D. Wrong: Shams Tabrizi's shrine is in Multan, not Uch Sharif.

56 Pakistan Studies (Dr Khan Sahib)

The full name of Dr. Khan Sahib, Chief Minister of NWFP, assassinated in Lahore in 1958, was

- A. Jamaluddin Khan
- B. Abdul Jabbar Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Khush Gul Khan
- D. Phool Badshahi Khan

A. Wrong: not the name of Dr Khan Sahib.

B. Correct: Dr Khan Sahib's full name was Abdul Jabbar Khan; he was Chief Minister of NWFP and was assassinated in Lahore in 1958.

C. Wrong: not the name of Dr Khan Sahib.

D. Wrong: not the name of Dr Khan Sahib.

Question 57 Pakistan Studies (Punjab Governor)

After independence the first Governor of Punjab province was _____.

- A. Sir Francis Mudi ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Mumtaz Ahmad Khan Daultana
- C. Nawab Mamdot
- D. Sir John Lawrence

A. Correct: Sir Francis Mudie was the first Governor of Punjab after independence (1947–1949).

B. Wrong: Daultana was a later Chief Minister of Punjab, not the first governor.

C. Wrong: Nawab Mamdot was a Chief Minister of Punjab, not the first governor.

D. Wrong: Lawrence was a 19th-century Viceroy of India, not a governor of Punjab after independence.

58 Pakistan Studies (Six Points)

Mujibur Rehman proposed a formula to solve the 1971 crisis which was called ____.

- A. Seven Point
- B. Agartala proposal
- C. Six Point ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sonar Bangla Formula

A. Wrong: Mujib's formula had six points, not seven.

B. Wrong: the Agartala case was a conspiracy case against Mujib, not his formula.

C. Correct: Sheikh Mujibur Rahman's Six Point formula (1966) demanded provincial autonomy for East Pakistan.

D. Wrong: "Sonar Bangla" (Golden Bengal) is a slogan, not Mujib's formula.

Question 59 Economics (Trade)

TDAP is responsible for

- A. Export Promotion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Investment Promotion
- C. Power Load Management
- D. Water Distribution

A. Correct: TDAP is the Trade Development Authority of Pakistan, responsible for export promotion.

B. Wrong: investment promotion is the Board of Investment's job, not TDAP's.

C. Wrong: that is the job of the power distribution companies, not TDAP.

D. Wrong: water distribution is the job of irrigation/water authorities, not TDAP.

60 General Knowledge (WHO)

WHO head office is located in ____.

- A. New York
- B. Vienna
- C. Geneva ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Paris

A. Wrong: New York hosts the UN headquarters, not the WHO.

B. Wrong: Vienna hosts UN agencies such as UNIDO and the IAEA, not the WHO.

C. Correct: the World Health Organization's headquarters is in Geneva, Switzerland.

D. Wrong: Paris hosts UNESCO, not the WHO.

Question 61 General Knowledge (United Nations)

The UN Security Council compromises of a total of ____countries of which – are non permanent.

- A. 10, 6
- B. 15, 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 11, 7
- D. 18, 15

A. Wrong: the Security Council has more than 10 members.

B. Correct: the UN Security Council has 15 members in total, of which 10 are non-permanent (the stem prints "compromises" for comprises).

C. Wrong: the Council has not had 11 members since 1965.

D. Wrong: the Council has 15 members, not 18.

62 Current Affairs 2015 (United Nations)

Ban Ki Moon is currently the ____ of United Nations.

- A. Chairman
- B. President
- C. CEO
- D. Secretary General ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the UN has no office called Chairman.

B. Wrong: the UN has a President of the General Assembly, but Ban Ki-moon was not that.

C. Wrong: the UN is not run by a CEO.

D. Correct: Ban Ki-moon was Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2015 (2007–2016) (exam-date standard).

Question 63 Pakistan Studies (Quaid-e-Azam)

Quaid-e-Azam married his cousin ____ before going off to London for higher studies in 1892.

- A. Rube
- B. Emibai ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Jumabal
- D. Maryam

A. Wrong: Rube is not the name of Jinnah's first wife.

B. Correct: Muhammad Ali Jinnah married his cousin Emibai in 1892, before leaving for London; she died in 1893 while he was away.

C. Wrong: not the name of Jinnah's first wife.

D. Wrong: not the name of Jinnah's first wife.

64 Science (Chemistry)

One molecule of water is composed of _____.

- A. Two hydrogen atoms , two oxygen atoms
- B. One atom of hydrogen, one atom of oxygen
- C. Two atoms of Hydrogen ,one atom of oxygen ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. One atoms of Hydrogen, two atoms of oxygen

A. Wrong: that would be hydrogen peroxide (H2O2), not water.

B. Wrong: that would be the hydroxyl radical (OH), not water.

C. Correct: one water molecule is H2O — two hydrogen atoms and one oxygen atom.

D. Wrong: that is not water (H1O2 does not exist as water).

Question 65 Science (Geography)

Water covers how much of the planet Earth?

- A. 70% ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 65%
- C. 75%
- D. 60%

A. Correct: water covers about 70–71% of the Earth's surface.

B. Wrong: too low.

C. Wrong: slightly too high.

D. Wrong: too low.

Question 66 Science (Instruments)

Sphygmomanometers is an instrument used to measure____.

- B. Blood pressure ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Purity of Milk
- D. Thickness of water

A. Wrong: humidity is measured by a hygrometer.

B. Correct: a sphygmomanometer measures blood pressure.

C. Wrong: milk purity is tested by a lactometer.

D. Wrong: no such standard instrument measures "thickness of water".

Question 67 General Knowledge (Numismatics)

Numismatics is the study of ____

- A. Coins ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Horses
- C. Flags
- D. Weapons

A. Correct: numismatics is the study of coins and currency.

B. Wrong: the study of horses is hippology.

C. Wrong: the study of flags is vexillology.

D. Wrong: the study of weapons is hoplology.

Question 68 Islamic History (Science)

Muslim scientist & philosopher Ibn-al-Haytham made is most famous contribution to the field of____.

- A. Medicine
- B. Poetry

ics ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Mathematics

A. Wrong: Ibn al-Haytham's fame is not in medicine (that is Ibn Sina's field).

B. Wrong: he was not famous as a poet.

C. Correct: Ibn al-Haytham (Alhazen) made his most famous contribution to optics — his Book of Optics explained vision and the camera obscura (the stem prints "made is" for made his).

D. Wrong: he did important mathematics, but his most famous contribution is to optics.

Question 69 English (Vocabulary)

Who is a polymath?

- A. Mathematician
- B. Astronomer
- C. Inventor of Tools
- D. Expert of many subjects ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: a mathematician is an expert in one subject, mathematics.

B. Wrong: an astronomer is an expert in one subject, astronomy.

C. Wrong: inventing tools is not what "polymath" means.

D. Correct: a polymath is a person with wide-ranging knowledge across many subjects.

Question 70 Science (Medicine)

Pain killer drugs are called:

- A. Anesthetics
- B. Analgesics ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Beta Blockers

A. Wrong: anaesthetics cause loss of sensation or consciousness, not simply pain relief.

B. Correct: pain-killing drugs are called analgesics.

C. Wrong: beta blockers treat blood pressure and heart conditions, not pain.

D. Wrong: antibiotics kill bacteria; they are not pain killers.

Question 71 Science (Energy)

Bio-fuels aur source of energy drived from ____.

- A. Birds
- B. Plants & animals ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Oceans
- D. Air & water

A. Wrong: bio-fuels do not come from birds.

B. Correct: bio-fuels are a source of energy derived from plants and animals (the stem prints "aur" for a and "drived" for derived).

C. Wrong: ocean energy is tidal/wave energy, not bio-fuel.

D. Wrong: air and water give wind and hydro energy, not bio-fuel.

Question 72 Science (Materials)

Natural Rubber is obtained from ____.

- A. A special kind of tree ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. A kind of fish
- C. Water weeds
- D. Animals Waste

atural rubber is obtained as latex from rubber trees (Hevea brasiliensis).

B. Wrong: no rubber comes from fish.

C. Wrong: water weeds do not yield rubber.

D. Wrong: rubber does not come from animal waste.

Question 73 English (Odd One Out)

Pick the odd word out

- A. railway
- B. aeroplane
- C. ferry
- D. bread ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: a railway is a means of transport, like the aeroplane and the ferry.

B. Wrong: an aeroplane is a means of transport, like the railway and the ferry.

C. Wrong: a ferry is a means of transport, like the railway and the aeroplane.

D. Correct: bread is a food, not a means of transport — it is the odd one out.

Question 74 English (Odd One Out)

Pick the odd word out

- A. ball
- B. earth
- C. tree ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. moon

A. Wrong: a ball is round, like the earth and the moon.

B. Wrong: the earth is round, like the ball and the moon.

tree is not round — it is the odd one out among three round things.

D. Wrong: the moon is round, like the ball and the earth.

Question 75 English (Odd One Out)

Pick the odd word out

- A. milk
- B. Juice
- C. biscuit ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. lemonade

A. Wrong: milk is a drink, like juice and lemonade.

B. Wrong: juice is a drink, like milk and lemonade.

C. Correct: a biscuit is a solid food, not a drink — it is the odd one out.

D. Wrong: lemonade is a drink, like milk and juice.

Question 76 English (Odd One Out)

Pick the odd word out

- A. cool ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. cut
- C. dig
- D. blow

A. Correct: "cool" is an adjective (describing temperature or manner), while cut, dig and blow are all verbs (actions) — it is the odd one out.

B. Wrong: "cut" is a verb, like dig and blow.

C. Wrong: "dig" is a verb, like cut and blow.

low" is a verb, like cut and dig.

Question 77 Science (Body Temperature)

Normal body temperature is ____.

- A. 98°F
- B. 97.4°F
- C. 97.2°F
- D. 98.4°F ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: 98°F is close but not the closest option to the standard 98.6°F.

B. Wrong: too low against the standard 98.6°F.

C. Wrong: too low against the standard 98.6°F.

D. Correct: the standard normal body temperature is 98.6°F, and 98.4°F is the closest option to it (see reproduction notes).

Question 78 English (Letters)

Which is the most widely used letter in the English language?

- A. A
- B. S
- C. E ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. P

A. Wrong: A is common but not the most used letter.

B. Wrong: S is common but not the most used letter.

C. Correct: E is the most frequently used letter in the English language.

D. Wrong: P is far less frequent than E.

79 Islamic History (Rumi)

Maulana ROMI is buried in which city?

- A. Istanbul
- B. Konya ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Balkh
- D. Jalalabad

A. Wrong: Rumi is not buried in Istanbul.

B. Correct: Maulana Jalaluddin Rumi (printed "ROMI") is buried in Konya, Turkey, where his mausoleum (the Mevlana Museum) stands.

C. Wrong: Balkh is where Rumi was born, not where he is buried.

D. Wrong: Rumi is not buried in Jalalabad.

Question 80 Pakistan Studies (Bi Amma)

Bi Amma was the:

- A. Mother of Maulana shibli Naumani
- B. Wife of Maulana Abdur Kalam Azad
- C. Mother of Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sister of Raja of Mahmoodabad

A. Wrong: Bi Amma was not Shibli Nomani's mother.

B. Wrong: Bi Amma was not Abul Kalam Azad's wife.

C. Correct: Bi Amma (Abadi Bano Begum) was the mother of Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar and Shaukat Ali.

D. Wrong: Bi Amma was not the Raja of Mahmoodabad's sister.

81 Islamic History (Umayyads)

The capital city during Omayyad Caliphate was ____.

- A. Madina
- B. Damascus ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Kufa
- D. Baghdad

A. Wrong: Madina was the capital under the Rightly Guided Caliphs, not the Umayyads.

B. Correct: Damascus was the capital of the Umayyad Caliphate (661–750).

C. Wrong: Kufa was an important city under Hazrat Ali, not the Umayyad capital.

D. Wrong: Baghdad became the capital later, under the Abbasids.

Question 82 History (Alexander)

Raja Purshottam (Porous) was ruling this region when ____ invaded

- A. Mahmood Ghaznavi
- B. Muhammad Ghori
- C. Alexander the Great ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Kanishka

A. Wrong: Mahmud of Ghazni invaded India in the 11th century, long after Porus.

B. Wrong: Muhammad Ghori invaded in the 12th century, long after Porus.

C. Correct: Raja Porus (printed "Purshottam (Porous)") was ruling the Punjab when Alexander the Great invaded in 326 BC.

D. Wrong: Kanishka ruled the Kushan Empire centuries after Alexander.

83 Islamic History (Safavids)

The Safavid dynasty of rulers was based in____.

- A. Iran ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Turkey
- C. Afghanistan
- D. Turkmenistan

A. Correct: the Safavid dynasty ruled Iran (1501–1736).

B. Wrong: Turkey was ruled by the Ottomans, not the Safavids.

C. Wrong: Afghanistan was not the Safavid base.

D. Wrong: Turkmenistan was not the Safavid base.

Question 84 Islamic History (Muhammad bin Qasim)

Mohammed bin Qasim come to send during which Caliphate of Islam?

- A. Andalusian
- B. Omayyad ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Abbasside
- D. Seljuk

A. Wrong: the Andalusian (Umayyad of Spain) caliphate came later and did not send Muhammad bin Qasim.

B. Correct: Muhammad bin Qasim came to Sindh in 712 AD during the Umayyad Caliphate (the stem prints "come to send" for came to Sindh).

C. Wrong: the Abbasid Caliphate began in 750, after Muhammad bin Qasim's campaign.

D. Wrong: the Seljuks rose in the 11th century, long after.

85 Pakistan Studies (Sindh)

Which province of Pakistan is called Babul Islam?

- A. Sindh ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Punjab
- C. Baluchistan
- D. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

A. Correct: Sindh is called Bab-ul-Islam (Gateway of Islam) because Islam first entered the subcontinent through Sindh.

B. Wrong: Punjab is called the Land of Five Rivers, not Bab-ul-Islam.

C. Wrong: Balochistan has no such title.

D. Wrong: Khyber Pakhtunkhwa has no such title.

Question 86 Pakistan Studies (1857)

Begum Hazrat Mahal was the:

- A. Wife of Nawab Wajid Ali Shan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Mother of Bahadur Shah Zafar
- C. Daughter of Bahadur Shah Zafar
- D. Ruler of Bhopal State of

A. Correct: Begum Hazrat Mahal was the wife of Nawab Wajid Ali Shah (printed "Shan") of Oudh and a leader of the 1857 uprising.

B. Wrong: she was not Bahadur Shah Zafar's mother.

C. Wrong: she was not his daughter.

D. Wrong: she did not rule Bhopal (the Bhopal rulers were the Begums of Bhopal, a different line).

87 Literature (Persian Poets)

Persian poets Sheikh Sadi and Hafiz are buried in which city?

- A. Isfahan
- B. Kabul
- C. Shiraz ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tehran

A. Wrong: neither Saadi nor Hafiz is buried in Isfahan.

B. Wrong: neither is buried in Kabul.

C. Correct: both Sheikh Saadi and Hafiz are buried in Shiraz, Iran.

D. Wrong: neither is buried in Tehran.

Question 88 Punjabi Literature

Who wrote the Qissa Sussi punnu in Punjabi language?

- A. Hashim Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Fazal Shah
- C. Damodar
- D. Waris Shah

A. Correct: Hashim Shah wrote the Qissa Sassi Punnu in Punjabi.

B. Wrong: Fazal Shah wrote other Punjabi qissas (such as Sohni Mahiwal), not Sassi Punnu.

C. Wrong: Damodar wrote the qissa of Hir Ranjha in an earlier form, not Sassi Punnu.

D. Wrong: Waris Shah wrote Hir Ranjha, not Sassi Punnu.

Question 89 Mathematics (Sequences)

What comes next in the sequence; 2,12,32,62,102,____

- B. 182
- C. 162
- D. 172

A. Correct: the differences are 10, 20, 30, 40, so the next difference is 50 and 102 + 50 = 152.

B. Wrong: that would need a difference of 80, breaking the pattern.

C. Wrong: that would need a difference of 60, breaking the pattern.

D. Wrong: that would need a difference of 70, breaking the pattern.

Question 90 Mathematics (Sequences)

90, 85, 75, 55,____.

- A. 20
- B. 25 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 15
- D. 5

A. Wrong: 20 would need a fall of 35 from 55, which fits no reading of the pattern.

B. Correct: the falls are 5, then 10, then 20, then 30, so 55 − 30 = 25.

C. Wrong: 15 would need a fall of 40 from 55, but the falls in the paper's pattern are 5, 10, 20 and then 30.

D. Wrong: 5 would need a fall of 50 from 55, which fits no reading of the pattern.

Question 91 Urdu Literature (Manto)

استاد منگو کا کردار منٹو کے کس افسانے میں ملتا ہے-

A.

B. کالی شلوار

Correct answer ✓ C. نیا قانون

D. بو

A. Wrong: Ustad Mango does not appear in Toba Tek Singh.

B. Wrong: Ustad Mango does not appear in Kali Shalwar.

C. Correct: the character Ustad Mango appears in Saadat Hasan Manto's short story "Naya Qanoon" (The New Law).

D. Wrong: Ustad Mango does not appear in Boo.

Question 92 Urdu Literature (Literary History)

رام بابو سکینہ نے اردو ادب کی تاریخ کس زبان میں لکھی_

A. پنجابی

B. اردو

Correct answer ✓ C. انگریزی

D. بنگالی

A. Wrong: Ram Babu Saksena did not write his history of Urdu literature in Punjabi.

B. Wrong: he did not write it in Urdu.

C. Correct: Ram Babu Saksena wrote his "History of Urdu Literature" in English.

D. Wrong: he did not write it in Bengali.

93 Urdu Literature (Film)

ہمارے فلمی ہیرو سنتوش کمار کا اصل نام کیا تھا؟

• A. حیدر علی

• **Correct answer** ✓ B. سید موسیٰ رضا

• C. علی قلی خان

• D. اعظم خان

A. Wrong: that is not Santosh Kumar's real name.

B. Correct: the film hero Santosh Kumar's real name was Syed Musa Raza.

C. Wrong: that is not Santosh Kumar's real name.

D. Wrong: that is not Santosh Kumar's real name.

Question 94 Urdu Literature (Hali)

مقدمہ شعر و شاعری کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

• **Correct answer** ✓ A. مولانا الطاف حسین حالی

• B. مولانا شبلی نعمانی

• C. مولانا محمد حسین آزاد

• D. مولانا چراغ حسن حسرت

A. Correct: Muqaddama-e-Sher-o-Shairi is the work of Maulana Altaf Hussain Hali.

B. Wrong: Shibli wrote other works (such as Sher-ul-Ajam), not the Muqaddama.

C. Wrong: Azad wrote Ab-e-Hayat, not the Muqaddama.

D. Wrong: Hasrat wrote other works, not the Muqaddama.

95 Urdu Literature (Ikram)

"رود کوثر"، "آب کوثر"، "موج کوثر" کس کی تصنیف کیں؟

Correct answer ✓ A. شیخ محمد اکرم

B. عزیز احمد

C. ڈاکٹر اشتیاق حسین قریشی

D. سبط حسن

A. Correct: Rood-e-Kausar, Ab-e-Kausar and Mauj-e-Kausar are the works of Sheikh Muhammad Ikram (printed "Akram" in the reproduction).

B. Wrong: Aziz Ahmad wrote other works, not the Kausar trilogy.

C. Wrong: I. H. Qureshi wrote other works, not the Kausar trilogy.

D. Wrong: Sibte Hasan wrote other works, not the Kausar trilogy.

Question 96 Urdu Literature (Darul Musannefin)

"دار المصنفین" اعظم گڑھ کی بنیاد کس نے ڈالی؟

A. مولانا محمد حسین آزاد

B. مولانا عبدالمجید سندھی

Correct answer ✓ C. مولانا شبلی نعمانی

D. پروفیسر احمد علی

A. Wrong: Azad did not found Darul Musannefin.

B. Wrong: he did not found it.

C. Correct: Darul Musannefin (now Darul Musannefin Shibli Academy) in Azamgarh was founded by Maulana Shibli Nomani.

Question 97 Urdu Literature (Drama)

مشہور ڈرامہ "مرزا غالب بند روڈ پر" کس نے تصنیف کی؟

- A. فاطمہ ثریا بجیا
- B. اشفاق احمد
- C. خواجہ معین الدین ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. امتیاز علی تاج

A. Wrong: Fatima Surayya Bajia wrote other dramas, not this one.

B. Wrong: Ashfaq Ahmed wrote other works, not this drama.

C. Correct: the famous drama "Mirza Ghalib Band Road Par" was written by Khwaja Moinuddin.

D. Wrong: Imtiaz Ali Taj wrote Anarkali, not this drama.

Question 98 Urdu Literature (Poetry)

"ایک تھا لڑکا ٹوٹ بٹوٹ" نظم کس نے لکھی؟

- A. جوش ملیح آبادی
- B. صوفی غلام مصطفیٰ تبسم ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. حبیب جالب
- D. احمد راہی

A. Wrong: Josh wrote other poems, not Tot Batoot.

B. Correct: the poem "Ek tha larka Tot Batoot" was written by Sufi Ghulam Mustafa Tabassum.

D. Wrong: Habib Jalib wrote other poems, not Tot Batoot.

Question 99 Islamic History (Iranian Revolution)

The Islamic Revolution in Iran took peace in:

- A. February 1979 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. January 1980
- C. March 1981
- D. March 1979

A. Correct: the Islamic Revolution in Iran triumphed in February 1979 (the Shah left in January 1979 and Ayatollah Khomeini returned on 1 February; the stem prints "took peace" for took place).

B. Wrong: too late by a year.

C. Wrong: far too late.

D. Wrong: the revolution had already triumphed in February 1979.

Question 100 Science (Ecology)

Ecology is an interdisciplinary field that includes____.

- A. Biology & Earth Science ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Agriculture & Chemistry
- C. Pharmacy & Gardening
- D. Biology & Economics

A. Correct: ecology is an interdisciplinary field that includes biology and earth science.

B. Wrong: agriculture and chemistry are not the defining pair for ecology.

C. Wrong: pharmacy and gardening are not the defining pair for ecology.

…conomics is not the defining partner discipline here; earth science is.

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