Assistant Registrar (BS-17) — 2016 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Assistant Registrar (BS-17) · **Year:** 2016 · **Questions:** 101 in the original paper — **101 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2016 sitting.

Source note: test360.pk full keyed reproduction, 'Model Paper 2016 Assistant Registrar BS-17' (101 questions numbered 1-101, all with a single printed key; accessed 9 Nov 2026). No built paper of this sitting exists. Answers verified independently against reference facts, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Who is considered to be the father of the nation of Singapore?

- A. Lee Kuan Yew ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Goh Choc Tong
- C. Norodom Sihanouk
- D. Tun Abul Razzaq

A. Lee Kuan Yew is considered the father of the nation of Singapore.

B. Goh Chok Tong was a later prime minister, not the founding father.

C. Norodom Sihanouk was the leader of Cambodia, not Singapore.

| Razak was a Malaysian leader, not of Singapore.

Question 2 General Knowledge

Ahmed Sukarno remained the president of ____ from 1949 – 1968.8

- A. Malaysia
- B. Indonesia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Burma
- D. Maldives

A. Ahmed Sukarno was not the president of Malaysia.

B. Ahmed Sukarno remained the president of Indonesia.

C. He was not the president of Burma.

D. He was not the president of the Maldives.

Note: Note: Stem dates are garbled as printed (1949-1968); Sukarno was president of Indonesia 1945-1967.

Question 3 Geography

What is the capital of Australia

- A. Sydney
- B. Melbourne
- C. Canberra ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Perth

A. Sydney is not the capital of Australia.

B. Melbourne is not the capital of Australia.

C. Canberra is the capital of Australia.

ot the capital of Australia.

Question 4 History

One of the bloodiest battle of the First World War was fought at their Ypres (lepers) where a large number of soldiers from South Asia also died. In which country is the battlefield located?

- A. France
- B. Belgium ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Austria
- D. Germany

A. Ypres is not in France.

B. The battlefield of Ypres is in Belgium.

C. It is not in Austria.

D. It is not in Germany.

Question 5 General Knowledge

President Robert Gabriel Mugabe is the president of:

- A. Kenya
- B. Uganda
- C. Zambia
- D. Zimbabwe ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Robert Mugabe was not the president of Kenya.

B. He was not the president of Uganda.

C. He was not the president of Zambia.

D. Robert Mugabe was the president of Zimbabwe.

6 General Knowledge

Dag Hammarskjold remained the Secretary General of the United Nations from 1953 till 1961 when the died in plan crash. Which country died the belong to?

- A. Sweden ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Norway
- C. Peru
- D. Denmark

A. Dag Hammarskjold, UN Secretary General 1953-1961, belonged to Sweden.

B. He did not belong to Norway.

C. He did not belong to Peru.

D. He did not belong to Denmark.

Question 7 History

After the assassination of prime Minister lndia Gandhi, who became the Prime Minister of lndia?

- A. Morarji Dasai
- B. Vishwanath Pratap Singh
- C. Rajive Gandhi ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sanjay Gandhi

A. Morarji Desai did not become Prime Minister after Indira Gandhi's assassination.

B. V. P. Singh did not become Prime Minister then.

C. Rajiv Gandhi became Prime Minister of India after Indira Gandhi's assassination.

D. Sanjay Gandhi had died in 1980 and did not become Prime Minister.

8 History

Ernesto "Che" Guevara was a famous revolutionary guerrilla fighter to which country did the belong?

- A. Bolivia
- B. Cuba
- C. Argentina ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Brazil

A. Che Guevara was not Bolivian by birth.

B. He fought in Cuba but was not Cuban by birth.

C. Ernesto Che Guevara was Argentine by birth.

D. He was not Brazilian.

Question 9 History

Nelson Mandela received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1993 together with another South African Leader. What is the name?

- A. Oliver Tambo
- B. P.W Botha
- C. Frederick de Klerk ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Archbishop Desmond Tutu

A. Oliver Tambo did not share the 1993 Nobel Peace Prize with Mandela.

B. P. W. Botha did not share it with Mandela.

C. Frederik de Klerk received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1993 together with Nelson Mandela.

D. Archbishop Desmond Tutu won the prize in 1984, not with Mandela in 1993.

10 Pakistan Studies

When did Pakistan leave the Commonwealth for the first time before rejoining it in 1986?

- A. 1965
- B. 1969
- C. 1972 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1974

A. Pakistan did not leave the Commonwealth in 1965.

B. It did not leave it in 1969.

C. Pakistan left the Commonwealth in 1972, rejoining in 1989 as printed 1986.

D. It did not leave it in 1974.

Question 11 Science

Which is the second largest planet in our solar system?

- A. Jupiter
- B. Saturn ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Uranus
- D. Neptune

A. Jupiter is the largest planet, not the second largest.

B. Saturn is the second largest planet in the solar system.

C. Uranus is not the second largest planet.

D. Neptune is not the second largest planet.

12 General Knowledge

When did the Organization of Islamic Conference change its name to Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)?

- A. 28 June 2011 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 27 December 2010
- C. 1 January 2011
- D. 28 June 2012

A. The OIC changed its name on 28 June 2011.

B. It did not change its name on 27 December 2010.

C. It did not change its name on 1 January 2011.

D. It did not change its name on 28 June 2012.

Question 13 General Knowledge

'Grameen Bank' a pioneer in the field of macro finance, was the brainchild of:

- A. Dr. Riaz Rahman
- B. Fazal Hussain Abid
- C. Dr. Muhammed Salman Rahman
- D. Prof. Muhammad Younas ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Dr Riaz Rahman is not the founder of Grameen Bank.

B. Fazlur Rahman Abed founded BRAC, not Grameen Bank.

C. Dr Muhammad Salman Rahman is not the founder of Grameen Bank.

D. Professor Muhammad Yunus is the brainchild of Grameen Bank.

14 General Knowledge

BRICS is the acronym for an association of five major emerging economies. The grouping comprises Brazil, Russia, India, China and ____.

- A. South Africa ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Singapore
- C. South Korea
- D. Sweden

A. South Africa is the fifth member of BRICS, with Brazil, Russia, India and China.

B. Singapore is not a member of BRICS.

C. South Korea is not a member of BRICS.

D. Sweden is not a member of BRICS.

Question 15 General Knowledge

The Permanent Secretariat of ASEAN is located in:

- A. Singapore
- B. Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia)
- C. Jakarta (Indonesia) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bangkok (Thailand)

A. The ASEAN Secretariat is not in Singapore.

B. It is not in Kuala Lumpur.

C. The Permanent Secretariat of ASEAN is in Jakarta, Indonesia.

D. It is not in Bangkok.

16 History

Who was the first man to set foot on the Moon?

- A. Neil Armstrong ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Buz Aldrin
- C. Yuri Gagarin
- D. Frank Borman

A. Neil Armstrong was the first man to set foot on the Moon.

B. Buzz Aldrin followed him, he was not first.

C. Yuri Gagarin was the first man in space, not on the Moon.

D. Frank Borman did not land on the Moon.

Question 17 History

The Battle of Waterloo saw the defeat of Napoleon Bonaparte. In which country is this battlefield located?

- A. France
- B. Belgium ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Near London
- D. Netherlands

A. Waterloo is not in France.

B. The battlefield of Waterloo is in Belgium.

C. It is not near London.

D. It is not in the Netherlands.

18 History

The tactics of "Satyagraha" as a form of passive resistance movement was developed by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi. While he was in South Africa. He led a few Satyagraha agitations against the then South African Government. What is the Gandhi doing in South Africa?

- A. He had gone there to visit relatives
- B. He was there to plead a legal case ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. He was exiled by the British to South Africa
- D. He went there to attend a wedding ceremony

A. Gandhi did not go to South Africa to visit relatives.

B. Gandhi went to South Africa to plead a legal case.

C. He was not exiled by the British to South Africa.

D. He did not go there to attend a wedding ceremony.

Question 19 General Knowledge

Which famous actor played the role of Dr. Zhivago in the movie by the same name?

- A. Peter O Toole
- B. Marlon Brando
- C. Omar Shareef ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Zia Moinuddin

A. Peter O'Toole did not play Dr Zhivago.

B. Marlon Brando did not play Dr Zhivago.

C. Omar Sharif played the role of Dr Zhivago.

D. Zia Mohyeddin did not play Dr Zhivago.

20 English Literature

The famous book "Gulliver's Travels" was written by:

- A. Jonathan Swift ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Charles Dickens
- C. Thomas Hardy
- D. Lew's Carroll

A. Gulliver's Travels was written by Jonathan Swift.

B. It was not written by Charles Dickens.

C. It was not written by Thomas Hardy.

D. It was not written by Lewis Carroll.

Question 21 Pakistan Studies

Former Foreign Minister of Pakistan, Sahibzada Yaqub Khan, who died recently, had also served as the special representative of the UN Secretary General for:

- A. Timor Leste
- B. Rwanda
- C. Kosovo
- D. Western Sahara ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sahibzada Yaqub Khan was not the UN representative for Timor Leste.

B. He was not the UN representative for Rwanda.

C. He was not the UN representative for Kosovo.

D. Sahibzada Yaqub Khan was the UN Secretary General's special representative for Western Sahara.

22 General Knowledge

Pablo Picasso was one of the most famous painters of the world. He was from:

- A. Portugal
- B. Spain ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Italy
- D. Argentina

A. Pablo Picasso was not Portuguese.

B. Pablo Picasso was Spanish.

C. He was not Italian.

D. He was not Argentine.

Question 23 Geography

Constantinople is the old name of:

- A. Baghdad
- B. Ankara
- C. Damascus
- D. Istanbul ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Constantinople is not the old name of Baghdad.

B. It is not the old name of Ankara.

C. It is not the old name of Damascus.

D. Constantinople is the old name of Istanbul.

Question 24 General Knowledge

"Golden Temple" in India is a sacred place for which religion?

ıism ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Buddhists
- C. Jainism
- D. Taoism

A. The Golden Temple is a sacred place for Sikhism.

B. It is not a sacred place for Buddhists.

C. It is not a sacred place for Jainism.

D. It is not a sacred place for Taoism.

Question 25 History

Which President of the USA was involved in the "Watergate Scandal"?

- A. John F. Kennedy
- B. Bill Clinton
- C. Richard Nixon ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Lyndon Baines Johnson

A. John F. Kennedy was not involved in the Watergate scandal.

B. Bill Clinton was not involved in the Watergate scandal.

C. Richard Nixon was the President involved in the Watergate scandal.

D. Lyndon Baines Johnson was not involved in the Watergate scandal.

Question 26 Geography

Before the re- unification of Germany what was the capital of West Germany?

- A. Frankfurt
- B. Bonn ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Berlin

A. Frankfurt was not the capital of West Germany.

B. Bonn was the capital of West Germany before reunification.

C. Berlin was not the capital of West Germany.

D. Hamburg was not the capital of West Germany.

Question 27 Geography

"Cape of Good Hope" is located in which country?

- A. Argentina
- B. Namibia
- C. South Africa ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. USA

A. The Cape of Good Hope is not in Argentina.

B. It is not in Namibia.

C. The Cape of Good Hope is in South Africa.

D. It is not in the USA.

Question 28 History

To which island was Napoleon excited to, in 1815, where he eventually died?

- A. Saint Helena ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Eibe
- C. Corsica
- D. Sardinia

A. Napoleon was exiled in 1815 to Saint Helena, where he died.

his first exile in 1814, not 1815.

C. Corsica was his birthplace, not his place of exile.

D. Sardinia was not his place of exile.

Question 29 Geography

In which country is the world's highest waterfall (Angle Falls) located?

- A. Zambia
- B. Canada
- C. Venezuela ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Austria

A. Angel Falls is not in Zambia.

B. It is not in Canada.

C. Angel Falls, the world's highest waterfall, is in Venezuela.

D. It is not in Austria.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Recently Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif attend the Climate Change Summit, conference hold in Paris in December 2015. The conference is popularly known as COP21. What is COP stand for?

- A. Comprehensive Ozone Protection
- B. Conference of Parties ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Conference of Ozone Polluters
- D. None of these

A. COP does not stand for Comprehensive Ozone Protection.

B. COP stands for Conference of Parties.

t stand for Conference of Ozone Polluters.

D. One option gives Conference of Parties, so None of these is wrong.

Question 31 General Knowledge

How many countries so far members of the European Union[2]?

- A. 28 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 15
- C. 32
- D. 26

A. At the exam date (2016) the European Union had 28 member countries.

B. It did not have 15 members then.

C. It did not have 32 members then.

D. It did not have 26 members then.

Question 32 Sports

The South Africa cricket team is known by the name "proteas" what exactly is ''protein''?

- A. An animal native to South Africa
- B. National song of South Africa
- C. National Flower of South Africa ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Colour green in Zulu language

A. The protea is not an animal native to South Africa.

B. It is not the national song of South Africa.

C. The protea is the national flower of South Africa.

D. It is not the colour green in Zulu.

33 Sports

Wallis Mathias was a test crickaters form 1955 to 1962. which country did he play for?

- A. Australia
- B. West Indies
- C. India
- D. Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wallis Mathias did not play for Australia.

B. He did not play for the West Indies.

C. He did not play for India.

D. Wallis Mathias, a Test cricketer from 1955 to 1962, played for Pakistan.

Question 34 History

"Power tends to corrupt and absolute power corrupt absolutely" these words are associated with which personality?

- A. Lord Acton ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Winston Churchill
- C. Abraham Lincoln
- D. Aristotle

A. Power tends to corrupt and absolute power corrupts absolutely was said by Lord Acton.

B. It was not said by Winston Churchill.

C. It was not said by Abraham Lincoln.

D. It was not said by Aristotle.

35 General Knowledge

The "Statue of Liberty" is located in New York, USA. It was gifted to the USA by:

- A. Great Britain
- B. Italy
- C. France ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Spain

A. The Statue of Liberty was not gifted by Great Britain.

B. It was not gifted by Italy.

C. The Statue of Liberty was gifted to the USA by France.

D. It was not gifted by Spain.

Question 36 History

Who said "From each according to his abilities, to each according to his needs"

- A. Karl Marx ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. M.K. Gandhi
- C. Adam Smith
- D. Plato

A. From each according to his abilities, to each according to his needs was said by Karl Marx.

B. It was not said by M. K. Gandhi.

C. It was not said by Adam Smith.

D. It was not said by Plato.

37 Science

"Ornithology" is the study of:

- A. Bones
- B. Smells
- C. Birds ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Oceans

A. Ornithology is not the study of bones.

B. It is not the study of smells.

C. Ornithology is the study of birds.

D. It is not the study of oceans.

Question 38 Science

Which disease is caused by iodine deficiency?

- A. Gout
- B. Goitre ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ricketts
- D. Scurvy

A. Iodine deficiency does not cause gout.

B. Iodine deficiency causes goitre.

C. It does not cause rickets.

D. It does not cause scurvy.

Question 39 Science

"Dialysis" is used for treatment of:

- ney failure ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Meningitis
- C. Cholera
- D. Parkinson Disease

A. Dialysis is used for the treatment of kidney failure.

B. It is not used for meningitis.

C. It is not used for cholera.

D. It is not used for Parkinson disease.

Question 40 Science

DNA as a term frequently used in Forensic investigations. What does DNA strand for?

- A. Double Nucleic Acid
- B. Deoxyribo-Nuclelc Acids ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Deoxyribo-Nitiric Acid
- D. Deoxyribo-Nucleic Association

A. DNA does not stand for Double Nucleic Acid.

B. DNA stands for Deoxyribonucleic Acid, spelt Deoxyribo-Nuclelc Acids as printed.

C. It does not stand for Deoxyribo-Nitric Acid.

D. It does not stand for Deoxyribo-Nucleic Association.

Question 41 Science

Banaspati Ghee commonly used in Pakistan is produced by hydrogenation of:

- A. Com oil
- B. Soybean oil
- C. Butter

n oil ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Banaspati ghee is not produced from corn oil.

B. It is not produced from soybean oil.

C. It is not produced from butter.

D. Banaspati ghee in Pakistan is produced by hydrogenation of palm oil.

Question 42 Science

MRI commonly used diagnostic tool in hospitals. What does MRI stands for?

- A. Magnetic Ray Image
- B. Multi Ray Imaging
- C. Magnetic Resonance Investigation
- D. Magnetic Resonance Imaging ✓ **Correct answer**

A. MRI does not stand for Magnetic Ray Image.

B. It does not stand for Multi Ray Imaging.

C. Magnetic Resonance Investigation is not the expansion.

D. MRI stands for Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

Question 43 Science

Polio is caused by a:

- A. Bacteria
- B. Virus ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Contamination
- D. Vitamin deficiency

A. Polio is not caused by bacteria.

used by a virus.

C. It is not caused by contamination alone.

D. It is not caused by vitamin deficiency.

Question 44 Science

Sun is a:

- A. Planet
- B. Galaxy
- C. Comet
- D. Star ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Sun is not a planet.

B. It is not a galaxy.

C. It is not a comet.

D. The Sun is a star.

Question 45 Science

Which one of the following is not a mammal?

- A. Shark ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Whale
- C. Dolphin
- D. Seal

A. A shark is not a mammal; it is a fish.

B. A whale is a mammal.

C. A dolphin is a mammal.

mammal.

Question 46 Science

The longest bone in the human body is:

- A. Tibia
- B. Femur ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Fibula
- D. Sternum

A. The tibia is not the longest bone in the human body.

B. The femur is the longest bone in the human body.

C. The fibula is not the longest bone.

D. The sternum is not the longest bone.

Question 47 Science

Which one of the following is the purest form of gold?

- A. 18 carats
- B. 20 carats
- C. 22 carats
- D. 24 carats ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 18 carat gold is not the purest form of gold.

B. 20 carat gold is not the purest form.

C. 22 carat gold is not the purest form.

D. 24 carat gold is the purest form of gold.

48 Science

Which one of the following is the largest organ in the human body is?

- A. Liver
- B. Stomach
- C. Heart
- D. Skin ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The liver is not the largest organ of the human body.

B. The stomach is not the largest organ.

C. The heart is not the largest organ.

D. The skin is the largest organ of the human body.

Question 49 Science

Which one of the following disease is caused by drinking of contaminated water?

- A. Cholera ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Malaria
- C. Tuberculosis
- D. Diabetes

A. Cholera is caused by drinking contaminated water.

B. Malaria is spread by mosquitoes, not by contaminated water.

C. Tuberculosis is not caused by drinking contaminated water.

D. Diabetes is not caused by drinking contaminated water.

Question 50 History

Son of Mughal Emperor Zaheer-ud-Din Babar Emperor Humayun, lost his throne to:

uddin Akbar

- B. Sher Shah Suri ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sher Khan
- D. Ameer Noor-ud-Din

A. Humayun did not lose his throne to Jalaluddin Akbar, his son.

B. Humayun lost his throne to Sher Shah Suri.

C. Sher Khan is not the name of the ruler who took the throne.

D. Ameer Noor-ud-Din did not take Humayun's throne.

Question 51 Pakistan Studies

Which Islamic scholar practically opposed Akbar's so called Deen-i-Ilahi?

- A. Khwaja Moin-ud-din chishti
- B. Hazrat Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Data Ganj Baksh
- D. Hazrat Gaisu Daraz

A. Khwaja Moin-ud-din Chishti did not oppose Akbar's Deen-i-Ilahi.

B. Hazrat Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi practically opposed Akbar's Deen-i-Ilahi.

C. Hazrat Data Ganj Baksh lived before Akbar and did not oppose Deen-i-Ilahi.

D. Hazrat Gaisu Daraz did not oppose Deen-i-Ilahi.

Question 52 History

After the 1857 War of Independence the Mughal king of Delhi, Bahadur Shah was deported by the British, to:

- A. Kathmandu
- B. Rangoon ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. London

A. Bahadur Shah Zafar was not deported to Kathmandu.

B. After the 1857 War, Bahadur Shah Zafar was deported to Rangoon.

C. He was not deported to the Andaman Islands.

D. He was not deported to London.

Question 53 History

Which British officer shot and killed three of Bahadur Shah Zafar's sons, during the 1857 War of Independence?

- A. William Hudson ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Colonel Nicholson
- C. John Lawrence
- D. Lt. Willoughby

A. William Hudson shot and killed three of Bahadur Shah Zafar's sons in 1857.

B. Colonel Nicholson did not shoot the princes.

C. John Lawrence did not shoot the princes.

D. Lt Willoughby did not shoot the princes.

Question 54 History

In which year did the Hindi Urdu Controversy start?

- A. 1867 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1868
- C. 1869
- D. 1870

Urdu controversy started in 1867, at Banaras.

B. It did not start in 1868.

C. It did not start in 1869.

D. It did not start in 1870.

Question 55 Pakistan Studies

After Sir Syed Ahmed Khan who became the Secretary of MAO College Management?

- A. Hakeem Ajmal Khan
- B. Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Nawab Wiqar-ul-Mulk
- D. Moulana Muhammad Ali Johar

A. Hakeem Ajmal Khan did not become Secretary of the MAO College after Sir Syed.

B. Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk became the Secretary of MAO College after Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.

C. Nawab Wiqar-ul-Mulk did not become Secretary after Sir Syed.

D. Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar did not become Secretary after Sir Syed.

Question 56 History

Who founded the Arya Samaj In India?

- A. Raja Ram Mohan
- B. Dayananda Saraswati ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ram Gopal Acharya
- D. Ambedkar

A. Raja Ram Mohan Roy did not found the Arya Samaj.

a Saraswati founded the Arya Samaj in India.

C. Ram Gopal Acharya did not found the Arya Samaj.

D. Ambedkar did not found the Arya Samaj.

Question 57 History

Indian National Congress was founded on the initiative of:

- A. M.K. Gandhi
- B. A.O. Hume ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Lord Curzon
- D. Ram Gopal Acharya

A. M. K. Gandhi did not found the Indian National Congress.

B. The Indian National Congress was founded on the initiative of A. O. Hume.

C. Lord Curzon did not found the Congress.

D. Ram Gopal Acharya did not found the Congress.

Question 58 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first President of All India Muslim League?

- A. Nawab Saeed-uz-Zeman
- B. Nawab Saleem Ullah
- C. Sir Agha Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Nawab Wiqar-ul-Mulk

A. Nawab Saeed-uz-Zaman was not the first President of the Muslim League.

B. Nawab Saleem Ullah was not the first President of the League.

C. Sir Aga Khan was the first President of the All India Muslim League.

qar-ul-Mulk was not the first President of the League.

Question 59 History

Syed Ahmed Shaheed along with Shah Ismail were martyred in a battle with the Sikhs at:

- A. Panipat
- B. Gujranwala
- C. Peshawar
- D. Balakot ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Syed Ahmed Shaheed and Shah Ismail were not martyred at Panipat.

B. They were not martyred at Gujranwala.

C. They were not martyred at Peshawar.

D. Syed Ahmed Shaheed and Shah Ismail were martyred at Balakot in 1831.

Question 60 History

Who made the official announcement of the annulment of the partition of Bengals, in 1911?

- A. Sir John Jenkins
- B. Lord Hastings
- C. King George lll
- D. King George V ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sir John Jenkins did not announce the annulment of the Partition of Bengal.

B. Lord Hastings did not announce it.

C. King George III did not announce it.

D. King George V announced the annulment of the Partition of Bengal in 1911.

61 History

In which pact did the leaders of the Congress and the Muslim League agree on Constitution Reforms in India including separate electorate for Muslims?

- A. Bombay Pact
- B. Lahore Pact
- C. Lucknow Pact ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Delhi Pact

A. There was no Bombay Pact on separate electorates.

B. There was no Lahore Pact on separate electorates.

C. In the Lucknow Pact the Congress and the Muslim League agreed on constitutional reforms including separate electorates.

D. There was no Delhi Pact on separate electorates.

Question 62 History

In 1927 the British Parliament appointed a Commission to report on the working of Dyarchy in Indian provinces. Who was the head of his Commission?

- A. Sir John Simon ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sir Stafford Cripps
- C. Lord Chelmsford
- D. Sir George Money

A. Sir John Simon headed the 1927 Commission on dyarchy.

B. Sir Stafford Cripps did not head the 1927 Commission.

C. Lord Chelmsford did not head the 1927 Commission.

D. Sir George Money did not head the 1927 Commission.

63 History

In August 1932 which British Prime Minister announced the famous Communal Award granting separate electorates to depressed classes in India?

- A. Neville Chamberlain
- B. Ramsay Macdonald ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Stanley Baldwin
- D. Clement Attlee

A. Neville Chamberlain did not announce the Communal Award.

B. Ramsay MacDonald announced the Communal Award in August 1932.

C. Stanley Baldwin did not announce the Communal Award.

D. Clement Attlee did not announce the Communal Award.

Question 64 Science

Which mammal lays eggs?

- A. Whales
- B. Platypus ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Penguins
- D. Kiwis

A. Whales do not lay eggs.

B. The platypus is the mammal that lays eggs.

C. Penguins are birds, not mammals, and they lay eggs.

D. Kiwis are birds, not mammals, and they lay eggs.

65 History

Who was the Prime Minister of Great Britain when Pakistan and India gained independence?

- A. Clement Attlee ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Wisnton Churchill
- C. Neville Chamberlain
- D. Sir Anthon Eden

A. Clement Attlee was the Prime Minister of Great Britain when India and Pakistan gained independence.

B. Winston Churchill was not Prime Minister in 1947.

C. Neville Chamberlain was not Prime Minister in 1947.

D. Anthony Eden was not Prime Minister in 1947.

Question 66 English Literature

Who wrote the National Anthem of India?

- A. Rabindranath Tagore ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- C. Bankim Chander Chatopadhyay
- D. M.K. Gandhi

A. Rabindranath Tagore wrote the National Anthem of India, Jana Gana Mana.

B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak did not write it.

C. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay wrote Vande Mataram, not Jana Gana Mana.

D. M. K. Gandhi did not write it.

67 Pakistan Studies

Quaid -e-Azem Muhammad Ali Jinnah started is legal practice in ___ and become the first Muslim barrister in the city.

- A. London
- B. Delhi
- C. Bombay ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Karachi

A. Jinnah did not start his legal practice in London.

B. He did not start it in Delhi.

C. Jinnah started his legal practice in Bombay and became the first Muslim barrister in the city.

D. He did not start it in Karachi.

Question 68 Pakistan Studies

Quaid -e-Azem's daughter, Dina, decided to marry Neville Wadia against her father's wishes, which led to a lifelong estrangement between the two. What was Neville Wadia by way of religion?

- A. Parsi ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Christian
- C. Hindu
- D. Atheist

A. Neville Wadia was a Parsi by religion.

B. He was not a Christian.

C. He was not a Hindu.

D. He was not an atheist.

69 English Literature

What was the title of Allama Iqbal's Ph.D thesis?

- A. Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam
- B. The Development of Metaphysics in Persia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Concept of Social Justice in Islam
- D. Influence of Rumi on Sufi Poetry in India

A. Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam was not Iqbal's Ph.D. thesis.

B. The Development of Metaphysics in Persia was the title of Allama Iqbal's Ph.D. thesis.

C. Concept of Social Justice in Islam was not his Ph.D. thesis.

D. Influence of Rumi on Sufi Poetry in India was not his Ph.D. thesis.

Question 70 Pakistan Studies

Who played the pivotal role in the founding of APWA (All Pakistan Women's Association)?

- A. Begum Raana Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Begum Shaista Ikramullah
- C. Begum Jahanara Shahnawaz
- D. Begum Salma Tasadduq

A. Begum Raana Liaquat Ali Khan played the pivotal role in founding APWA.

B. Begum Shaista Ikramullah did not found APWA.

C. Begum Jahanara Shahnawaz did not found APWA.

D. Begum Salma Tasadduq did not found APWA.

Question 71 History

The Indian Independence Act 1947 was mainly based on the recommendations made by:

Cabinet Mission

- B. The Cripps Mission
- C. The Wavell Plan
- D. The Mountbatten Plan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Indian Independence Act 1947 was not mainly based on the Cabinet Mission recommendations.

B. It was not mainly based on the Cripps Mission.

C. It was not mainly based on the Wavell Plan.

D. The Indian Independence Act 1947 was mainly based on the Mountbatten Plan.

Question 72 Pakistan Studies

After the assassination of Liaquat Ali Khan the then Governor General of Pakistan took over as the Prime Minister. Who was appointed as the Governor General?

- A. Muhammad Ali Bogra
- B. Ghulam Ahmad
- C. Ghulam Muhammd ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Iskander Mirza

A. Muhammad Ali Bogra was not appointed Governor General after Liaquat Ali Khan's assassination.

B. Ghulam Ahmad is not the person meant.

C. Ghulam Muhammad, the Governor General, took over as Prime Minister after Liaquat Ali Khan's assassination.

D. Iskander Mirza became Governor General later, in 1955.

Note: Note: Stem conflates two appointments: Ghulam Muhammad (Governor General) took over as Prime Minister, while Khawaja Nazimuddin, not listed, was appointed

neral, the key follows the 'took over as Prime Minister' clause.

Question 73 Pakistan Studies

Name the incident that took place in January 1971, which provided and excuse to India to ban all Pakistan flights over Indian territory.

- A. Attack on India Parliament
- B. Violation of cash Casefire line
- C. "Hijacking" of Indian aircraft to Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Killings of Indian guard at Wagah Border

A. There was no attack on the Indian Parliament in January 1971.

B. There was no ceasefire line violation that banned Pakistan flights in January 1971.

C. The hijacking of an Indian aircraft to Pakistan in January 1971 gave India the excuse to ban Pakistan flights over Indian territory.

D. There was no killing of an Indian guard at Wagah in January 1971.

Question 74 Pakistan Studies

After removal of the Nawaz Sharif government in 1999, pervez Musharraf took office of:

- A. President
- B. Governor General
- C. Prime Minister
- D. Chief Executive ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Musharraf did not take the office of President in 1999.

B. He did not take the office of Governor General.

C. He did not take the office of Prime Minister.

D. After removing the Nawaz Sharif government in 1999, Pervez Musharraf took the office

Question 75 Islamiat

In the Battle of Uhad Hinda mutilated the body of Hazrat Hamza (RA) and chewed his liver. Hinda was the wife of:

- A. Abu Jehl
- B. Abu Sufyan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Abdullah Ibne Jasha
- D. Wahshi ibn Harb

A. Hind was not the wife of Abu Jahl.

B. Hind, who mutilated Hazrat Hamza at Uhud, was the wife of Abu Sufyan.

C. She was not the wife of Abdullah ibn Jahsh.

D. She was not the wife of Wahshi ibn Harb; Wahshi killed Hamza.

Question 76 Islamiat

During the Battle of Uhad most of the archers appointed by the Holy Prophet (PBUH) left their designed place. Who took advantage and attacked the Muslims and turned the fortunes.

- A. Khalid ibn Waleed ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Ikramah ibn Abu Jehl
- C. Wahshi ibn Harb
- D. Haris ibn Harb

A. Khalid ibn Waleed took advantage when the archers left their place at Uhud and attacked the Muslims.

B. Ikrimah ibn Abu Jahl did not lead that attack.

n Harb killed Hamza but did not lead that attack.

D. Haris ibn Harb did not lead that attack.

Question 77 Islamiat

Name of the youngest daughter of the Holy Prophet (PBUH):

- A. Hazrat Umme-e-Kulsoom
- B. Hazrat Zainab(RA)
- C. Hazrat Ruqqaya (RA)
- D. Hazrat Fatima (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Hazrat Umme Kulsoom was not the youngest daughter of the Holy Prophet.

B. Hazrat Zainab was not the youngest daughter.

C. Hazrat Ruqayya was not the youngest daughter.

D. Hazrat Fatima was the youngest daughter of the Holy Prophet.

Question 78 Islamiat

What is the meaning of "Baqarah"?

- A. Mountain
- B. Goat
- C. Cow ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Cave

A. Baqarah does not mean mountain.

B. It does not mean goat.

C. Baqarah means cow.

D. It does not mean cave.

79 Islamiat

What is the name of the camel on which the Holy Prophet (PBUH) was riding while migration to Madina?

- A. Duldul
- B. Anza
- C. Qaswa ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Zulfiqar

A. Duldul was the mule of the Holy Prophet, not the camel of the migration.

B. Anza was not the camel of the migration.

C. Qaswa was the camel on which the Holy Prophet rode during the migration to Madina.

D. Zulfiqar was the sword of Hazrat Ali, not a camel.

Question 80 Islamiat

At which place did the holy Prophet (PBUH) became the Imam of all the prophets during Miraj (Ascension)?

- A. Masjid Al-Aqsa ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Masjid-e-Nabvi
- C. Masjid-e-Haram
- D. Masjid-e-Qiblatain

A. The Holy Prophet became the Imam of all the prophets at Masjid Al-Aqsa during Mi'raj.

B. It was not at Masjid-e-Nabvi.

C. It was not at Masjid-e-Haram.

D. It was not at Masjid-e-Qiblatain.

81 Islamiat

Umrah can be performed at any time throughout the year except 9th to:

- A. 10th Zil-Hajj
- B. 11th Zil-Hajj ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 10th Ramzan
- D. 12 Ramzan

A. Umrah is not barred only from the 9th to the 10th of Zil-Hajj.

B. Umrah cannot be performed from the 9th to the 11th of Zil-Hajj, within the Hajj days.

C. It is not barred from the 9th to the 10th of Ramzan.

D. It is not barred to the 12th of Ramzan.

Question 82 Islamiat

In which Surah of the Holy Quran essentials of " Wuzu" (Ablution) given?

- A. Al-Baqrah
- B. Al-Maidah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Al-Noor
- D. Al-Nisa

A. The essentials of wuzu are not given in Surah Al-Baqarah.

B. The essentials of wuzu, ablution, are given in Surah Al-Maidah.

C. They are not given in Surah Al-Noor.

D. They are not given in Surah Al-Nisa.

Question 83 Islamiat

Who signed the Treaty of Hudalbiya on behalf of the Quraish?

Sufyan

- B. Sohail bin Amar ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Taofik bin Amor
- D. Khalid bin Waleed

A. Abu Sufyan did not sign the Treaty of Hudaibiya for the Quraish.

B. Sohail bin Amr signed the Treaty of Hudaibiya on behalf of the Quraish.

C. Taofik bin Amor did not sign it.

D. Khalid bin Waleed did not sign it.

Question 84 Islamiat

Who was the first among the Muslims to conquer Northern Africa. He also established the city kairwoan (Tunisia)

- A. Muhammad bin Qasim
- B. Khalid bin Waleed
- C. Tariq bin Ziyed
- D. Uqbah bin Nafi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Muhammad bin Qasim did not conquer Northern Africa or found Kairouan.

B. Khalid bin Waleed did not conquer Northern Africa or found Kairouan.

C. Tariq bin Ziyad did not conquer Northern Africa or found Kairouan.

D. Uqba bin Nafi conquered Northern Africa and established Kairouan in Tunisia.

Question 85 Mathematics

How many Marlas are there in one acre?

- A. 180
- B. 140

- D. 150

A. There are not 180 marlas in one acre.

B. There are not 140 marlas in one acre.

C. There are 160 marlas in one acre.

D. There are not 150 marlas in one acre.

Question 86 Mathematics

How many "Furlongs" make 1 (one) mile?

- A. 6
- B. 7
- C. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 9

A. Six furlongs do not make one mile.

B. Seven furlongs do not make one mile.

C. Eight furlongs make one mile.

D. Nine furlongs do not make one mile.

Question 87 General Knowledge

On 25 September 2015 the UN Sustainable Development Summit adopted the 2030 Agenda for sustainable Development, which included a set of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). How many Goals have been included in the SDGs?

- A. 15
- B. 17 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 19

A. The SDGs do not number 15.

B. The Sustainable Development Goals adopted in 2015 number 17.

C. They do not number 19.

D. They do not number 12.

Question 88 General Knowledge

The Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) were adopted in 2000. How many Goals were identified in the MDGs?

- A. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 9
- C. 10
- D. 12

A. The Millennium Development Goals adopted in 2000 numbered 8.

B. They did not number 9.

C. They did not number 10.

D. They did not number 12.

Question 89 General Knowledge

Human Development index (HDl) is a widely accepted indicator to measure the over all well-being of our country. Who was the man behind the establishment of HDI?

- A. Amartya Sen
- B. Mahbub-ul-Haq ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Kofi annan
- D. Dr. Saleem Muhammad Saleem

…en contributed to human development, but Mahbub-ul-Haq created the HDI.

B. Mahbub-ul-Haq was the man behind the establishment of the Human Development Index.

C. Kofi Annan did not establish the HDI.

D. Dr Saleem Muhammad Saleem did not establish the HDI.

Question 90 General Knowledge

Gross National Happiness (GNH) has been proposed as one of the indicators to measure the overall well-being of a country. GNH as an indicator was proposed by:

- A. Sri Lanka
- B. Norway
- C. Singapore
- D. Bhutan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Gross National Happiness was not proposed by Sri Lanka.

B. It was not proposed by Norway.

C. It was not proposed by Singapore.

D. Gross National Happiness was proposed by Bhutan.

Question 91 General Knowledge

Gross National Happiness (GNH) has been proposed as one of the indicators to measure the overall well-being of a country. GNH as an indicator was proposed by:

- A. Sri Lanka
- B. Norway
- C. Singapore
- D. Bhutan ✓ **Correct answer**

ional Happiness was not proposed by Sri Lanka.

B. It was not proposed by Norway.

C. It was not proposed by Singapore.

D. Gross National Happiness was proposed by Bhutan.

Note: Note: This item repeats Q90 of the same paper; both copies are kept as served.

Question 92 Science

Population of Vultures in Pakistan is declining at a very high ratio and efforts are being made for conservation of his endangered bird. What is the main cause of declining vulture population?

- A. Excessive use of pesticides
- B. Expanding urban centres
- C. Widespread use of Diclofenac in Livestock ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Excessive poaching

A. Excessive use of pesticides is not the main cause of the vulture decline in Pakistan.

B. Expanding urban centres is not the main cause.

C. The widespread use of diclofenac in livestock is the main cause of the declining vulture population.

D. Excessive poaching is not the main cause.

Question 93 Geography

Attabad Lake in Gilgit-Baltistan was formed due to a massive landslide, which blocked river ____ for almost months.

- A. Kurram
- B. Indus

- D. Gulmit

A. Attabad Lake was not formed by blocking the Kurram river.

B. It was not formed by blocking the Indus river.

C. Attabad Lake was formed when a landslide blocked the Hunza river.

D. Gulmit is a town, not the river blocked.

Question 94 Pakistan Studies

Who was Pakistan's first Civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator (CMLA)?

- A. Iskander Mirza
- B. Ghulam Muhammd
- C. Ayub Khan
- D. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Iskander Mirza was not the first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator.

B. Ghulam Muhammad was not the first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator.

C. Ayub Khan was a military ruler, not the first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator.

D. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto was Pakistan's first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator.

Question 95 General Knowledge

The affairs of the cooperative societies in Pakistan are regulated under Cooperative Societies Act, 1925 and Cooperative Societies Rules of:

- A. 1926
- B. 1927 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1928
- D. 1929

erative Societies Rules are not of 1926.

B. The affairs of cooperative societies are regulated under the Cooperative Societies Act 1925 and Rules of 1927.

C. The Rules are not of 1928.

D. The Rules are not of 1929.

Question 96 Pakistan Studies

Who is the Minister for Cooperatives in the Government of Punjab?

- A. Malik Muhammad Iqbal Channar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Malik Tanveer Aslam
- C. Raja Ashfaq Sarwar
- D. Malik Nadeem Kamran

A. Malik Muhammad Iqbal Channar was the Minister for Cooperatives in the Government of Punjab at the exam date.

B. Malik Tanveer Aslam was not the Minister for Cooperatives.

C. Raja Ashfaq Sarwar was not the Minister for Cooperatives.

D. Malik Nadeem Kamran was not the Minister for Cooperatives.

Question 97 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first post-it dependence Chief Minister of Punjab?

- A. Mian Mumtaz Daultana
- B. Malik Feroz khan Noon
- C. Iftikhar Hussain Khan Mamdot ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sadiq Hussain Qureshi

A. Mian Mumtaz Daultana was not the first Chief Minister of Punjab after independence.

oz Khan Noon was not the first Chief Minister of Punjab after independence.

C. Iftikhar Hussain Khan Mamdot was the first Chief Minister of Punjab after independence.

D. Sadiq Hussain Qureshi was not the first Chief Minister of Punjab after independence.

Question 98 Pakistan Studies

Who succeeded Sir France Mudie as the second Governor of Punjab in independent Pakistan?

- A. I.I. Chundrigar
- B. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Mian Aminuddin
- D. Mustaq Anmea Gurmani

A. I. I. Chundrigar did not succeed Sir Francis Mudie as Governor of Punjab.

B. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar succeeded Sir Francis Mudie as the second Governor of Punjab.

C. Mian Aminuddin did not succeed Mudie.

D. Mushtaq Ahmed Gurmani did not succeed Mudie.

Question 99 Pakistan Studies

Squadron Leader M.M. Alam (retired as Air Commodore) was an ace fighter pilot in Pakistan Air Force. For his brave in 1965 war he was awarded the:

- A. Hilal-e-Jurat
- B. Nishan-e-Haider
- C. Sitara -e-Jurat ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tamgha-e-Shujaat

n was not awarded the Hilal-e-Jurat for his bravery in the 1965 war.

B. He was not awarded the Nishan-e-Haider.

C. Squadron Leader M. M. Alam was awarded the Sitara-e-Jurat for his bravery in the 1965 war.

D. He was not awarded the Tamgha-e-Shujaat for it.

Question 100 General Knowledge

Who is the current Chief of Air Staff?

- A. Air Chief Marshall Tahir Rafiq Butt
- B. Air Chief Marshall Sohail Aman ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Air Chief Marshal Rao Qamar Suleman
- D. Air Chief Marshall Kaleem Saadat

A. Tahir Rafiq Butt was Chief of Air Staff until 2015, not at the exam date.

B. Air Chief Marshal Sohail Aman was the Chief of Air Staff at the exam date in 2016.

C. Rao Qamar Suleman was Chief of Air Staff until 2012, not at the exam date.

D. Kaleem Saadat was Chief of Air Staff until 2006, not at the exam date.

Question 101 English Literature

One of the most prominent poets of Pakistan, Faiz Ahmad Faiz, won which international award in 1962?

- A. Nobel prize for Literature
- B. Lenin Peace Prize ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Commonwealth Literature Award
- D. Booker Prize Literature

A. Faiz Ahmad Faiz did not win the Nobel Prize for Literature.

d Faiz won the Lenin Peace Prize in 1962.

C. He did not win a Commonwealth Literature Award in 1962.

D. He did not win the Booker Prize.

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