Lecturer Urdu (BS-17) — 2017 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Lecturer Urdu (BS-17) · **Year:** 2017 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **98 solved and verified**, 2 excluded as defective (Q58, Q97) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2017 sitting.

Source note: PACE GK Academy reproduction (question page /PPSC-Past-Paper-Question/207 + PDF generatepaperpdf/207, 100 items in paper order, with answer key). 4 printed keys corrected on independent evidence: Q31 tajnis (printed A, filed B), Q49 mura'at-un-nazir (printed C, filed B), Q91 condition of balaghat is fasiha speech (printed C, filed B), Q100 'deal out equal justice' (printed D, filed A). 2 PICK-ONE: Q55 (Tabaqat-ush-Shuara attributed to Mir Hasan, filed D), Q69 (Urdu ka Arooz, filed D). 2 DEFECTIVE-excluded: Q58 (1837 not among options), Q97 (6 km/h not among options). Dedup 13 Nov 2026 vs the live library and built files: no duplicate of this sitting found (see wave V1g build notes).

Question 1 Urdu

اردو تنقید کا ارتقاء کے خالق کون ہیں

Correct answer ✓ A. سید عبد اللہ

B. عبادت بریلوی

C. نذیر نیازی

D•

.is by Syed Abdullah (The Evolution of Urdu Criticism) 'اردو تنقید کا ارتقاء' :**A.** Correct

B. Ibadat Barelvi did not write it.

C. Nazeer Niazi did not write it.

D. Syed Waqar Azeem did not write it.

Question 2 English

Fill in the blanks: Indus river is _____longest river in _____South Asia,

- A. The/- ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. _/ The
- C. the/ the
- D. a /the

A. Correct: 'the longest river in South Asia' — 'the' before the superlative, and no article before 'South Asia'.

B. 'The South Asia' is wrong.

C. 'The South Asia' is wrong.

D. 'A longest river' is wrong.

Question 3 Urdu

طلسم خیال کس کا افسانوی مجموعہ ہے

A• .آرزو چوہدری

Correct answer ✓ کرشن چندر .B•

C• .پریم چند

.'طلسم خیال' **A.** Arzoo Chaudhry did not write

B. Correct: 'Tilism-e-Khayal' is Krishan Chander's collection of short stories.

C. Premchand did not write it.

D. Ghulam Abbas did not write it.

Question 4 English

Fill in the blank; How many people _____in your family.

- A. Are there ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. is there
- C. there are
- D. there

A. Correct: 'How many people are there in your family?' — 'are there' agrees with the plural 'people'.

B. 'Is there' does not agree with 'people'.

C. Word order is wrong for a question.

D. Incomplete.

Question 5 Urdu

برسر پر خاش ہونا کے معنی کیا ہیں

Correct answer ✓ دشمن ہونا .A•

خاموش ہونا .B•

دوست ہونا .C•

A. Correct: 'برسر پیکار ہونا' means to be at war, i.e. to be an enemy (دشمن ہونا).

B. Being silent is not the meaning.

C. Being a friend is the opposite.

D. Being rich is not the meaning.

Question 6 Everyday Science

Sea water (salt water)freezes at:

- A. Same temperatures as fresh water
- B. Slightly higher temperature than fresh water
- C. Slightly lower temperature than fresh water ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sea water does not freeze

A. Sea water does not freeze at the same temperature as fresh water.

B. Sea water freezes lower, not higher.

C. Correct: dissolved salt lowers the freezing point, so sea water freezes at a slightly lower temperature than fresh water.

D. Sea water does freeze, at about −2°C.

Question 7 Urdu

سندھ میں اردو شاعری کس کی تالیف ہے

- A. سید سلمان ندوی
- **Correct answer** ✓ B. نبی بخش خان
- C. قدرت اللہ قاسم

A. Syed Salman Nadvi did not write it.

B. Correct: 'سندھ میں اردو شاعری' is by Nabi Bakhsh Khan (Baloch).

C. Qudratullah Qasim did not write it.

D. Meeraji did not write it.

Question 8 Everyday Science

Paleontology is the study of;

- A. Birds
- B. Fossils ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. River swamps
- D. River Swamps

A. The study of birds is ornithology.

B. Correct: paleontology is the study of fossils.

C. Not the study of fossils (this option is duplicated in the reproduction).

D. Not the study of fossils (duplicated option).

Note: Note: Options C and D are identical in the reproduction ('River swamps'); both are filed as printed and the answer is unaffected.

Question 9 Urdu

ترقی پسند مصنفین کے پہلے اجلاس کی صدارت کس نے کی

A. علامہ اقبال

B. پریم چند ✓ **Correct answer**

C. ا

D. سجاد ظہیر

A. Iqbal did not preside over the first Progressive Writers' session.

B. Correct: Premchand presided over the first All-India Progressive Writers' Association conference (Lucknow, 1936).

C. Ahmed Nadeem Qasmi did not preside.

D. Sajjad Zaheer was an organiser, not the president.

Question 10 Urdu

طفل مکتب کس ترکیب کا مفہوم ہے۔

A. تجربہ کار

Correct answer ✓ B. نا تجربہ کار

C. پڑھا لکھا

D. فارغ التحصیل

A. 'طفل مکتب' does not mean experienced.

B. Correct: 'طفل مکتب' means one who is inexperienced (a school child).

C. Being educated is not the meaning.

D. Being a graduate is not the meaning.

Question 11 Urdu

فراق گورکھپوری کا اصل نام کیا تھا

A. درگا سہائے

Correct answer ✓ B. رگھوپتی سہائے

C. نند لال

D. درگا لال

A. Not Firaq's real name.

B. Correct: Firaq Gorakhpuri's real name was Raghupati Sahay.

C. Not his real name.

D. Not his real name.

Question 12 Urdu

وہ ستارہ تھی شبنم تھی کہ پھول ایک صورت تھی عجیب یاد نہیں اس شعر میں علم بیان کی کون سی صورت آئی ہے

A. کنایہ

B. مجاز مرسل

Correct answer ✓ C. استعارہ

D. تشبیہ

A. Kinaya (metonymy) is not the device here.

B. Majaz-e-Mursal is not the device here.

C. Correct: in the verse the star is directly called dew and flower — a metaphor (isti'ara), with no word of comparison.

D. There is no word of comparison (like 'as'), so it is not a simile.

Question 13 Urdu

اخبار اردو کس ادارے نکلتا ہے

B. نیشنل بینک فاؤنڈیشن

Correct answer ✓ C. مقتدرہ قومی زبان

D. مجلس ترقی ادب

A. Akhbar-e-Urdu is not published by the Academy of Letters.

B. Not the publisher.

C. Correct: 'اخبار اردو' is published by the Muqtadira Qaumi Zaban (National Language Authority).

D. Not the publisher.

Question 14 Urdu

مجید امجد کا کلیات کس نے مرتب کیا؟

A. ڈاکٹر سلیم اختر

Correct answer ✓ B. ڈاکٹر خواجہ محمد زکریا

C. ڈاکڑ اے بی شریف

D. ناصر ادیب

A. Dr Saleem Akhtar did not compile Majid Amjad's Kulliyat.

B. Correct: Dr Khwaja Muhammad Zakariya compiled Majid Amjad's Kulliyat.

C. Dr A. B. Sharif did not compile it.

D. Nasir Adeeb did not compile it.

15 Urdu

عار کا مترادف ہے

Correct answer ✓ شرم .A•

تنہائی .B•

لالچ .C•

عداوت .D•

A. Correct: 'عار' means shame (شرم).

B. Loneliness is not the meaning.

C. Greed is not the meaning.

D. Enmity is not the meaning.

Question 16 Urdu

عقل کا اندھا گانٹھ کا پورا سے کیا مراد ہے

عقلمند غریب .A•

عقلمند مالدار .B•

Correct answer ✓ بے وقوف مالدار .C•

کنجوس مالدار .D•

A. A wise poor man is not the meaning.

B. A wise rich man is not the meaning.

C. Correct: 'عقل کا اندھا گانٹھ کا پورا' means a foolish man who is rich.

D. A miserly rich man is not the meaning.

17 Urdu

بگٹ کہانی کے مصنف کا نام کیا ہے

A. رام گوپال

Correct answer ✓ B. محمد افضل

C. امیر خسرو

D. عبدالغفار شکیل

A. Ram Gopal did not write 'بگٹ کہانی'.

B. Correct: 'Baghat Kahani' was written by Muhammad Afzal.

C. Amir Khusrau did not write it.

D. Abdul Ghaffar Shakeel did not write it.

Question 18 Urdu

کتاب نورس کیا ہے

Correct answer ✓ A. مختصر دکنی نظم

B. 9 طویل نظمیں

C. 9 زبانوں پر مشتمل کتاب

D. 9 ترجمہ شدہ کہانیاں

A. Correct: 'Kitab-e-Nauras' is a short Deccani (Dakhni) poem by Ibrahim Adil Shah II.

B. It is not nine long poems.

C. It is not a book in nine languages.

D. It is not nine translated stories.

19 Urdu

جب کوئی لفظ اپنے حقیقی معنوں کی بجائے مجازی معنوں میں اس طرح استعمال ہو کہ اس لفظ کے حقیقی اور مجازی معنوں میں تشبیہ کا تعلق موجود نہ ہو تو اسے کیا کہتے ہیں

- A. مجاز مرسل
- B. کنایہ
- C. استعارہ ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. تشبیہ

A. Correct: when a word is used in a figurative sense with no relation of resemblance between the real and figurative meanings, it is majaz-e-mursal.

B. Kinaya is an indirect hint, not this.

C. Isti'ara requires a relation of resemblance, which is absent here.

D. Tashbih is a simile, which requires resemblance.

Question 20 Urdu

آثار ابوالکلام کس کی تصنیف ہے

- A. ملک منظور احمد
- B. رضی الدین
- C. ابوالکلام آزاد
- D. قاضی عبدالغفار ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Malik Manzoor Ahmed did not write 'آثار ابوالکلام'.

B. Raziuddin did not write it.

C. Abul Kalam Azad is the subject, not the author.

Masal-e-Abul Kalam was written by Qazi Abdul Ghaffar.

Question 21 Urdu

جس مقصد کو حاصل کرنے کے لئیے تشبیہ دی جاتی ہے کیا کہلاتا ہے

A. مشبہ بہ

B. وجہ جامع

Correct answer ✓ C. غرض تشبیہ

D. مشبہ

A. Mushabbah-bih is the thing compared to, not the purpose.

B. Wajah-e-jamia is the common quality, not the purpose.

C. Correct: the purpose for which a simile is given is called gharz-e-tashbih.

D. Mushabbah is the thing compared, not the purpose.

Question 22 Urdu

لفظ اردو کا استعمال پہلی مرتبہ کہاں ہوا؟

A. آئین اکبری

B. تزک جہانگیری

C. سجدس

Correct answer ✓ D. تزک بابری

A. The word 'Urdu' is not first used in Ain-e-Akbari.

B. Not first used in Tuzk-e-Jahangiri.

C. Not a source for the first use.

The word 'Urdu' was first used in Babur's memoirs, the Tuzk-e-Babri.

Question 23 Urdu

کس ہندوستانی ادیب کو ادب کا نوبل انعام ملا؟

A. حفیظ جالندھری

Correct answer ✓ B. رابندرناتھ ٹیگور

C. آغا حشر

D. ڈپٹی نذیر احمد

A. Hafeez Jalandhri did not win the Nobel Prize for Literature.

B. Correct: Rabindranath Tagore (1913) is the Indian writer who won the Nobel Prize for Literature.

C. Agha Hashar did not win it.

D. Deputy Nazir Ahmed did not win it.

Question 24 Urdu

ڈرامہ میٹھی چھری کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

Correct answer ✓ A. عبدالحلیم شرر

B. امتیاز علی تاج

C. آغا حشر

D. چراغ حسن حسرت

A. Correct: the drama 'Meethi Chhuri' was written by Abdul Halim Sharar.

B. Imtiaz Ali Taj did not write it.

C. Agha Hashar did not write it.

asan Hasrat did not write it.

Question 25 Urdu

سوزو سار کیا ہے؟

A. افسانوی مجموعہ

Correct answer ✓ B. شاعری کا مجموعہ

C. ناول

D. افسانہ

A. 'سوزو ساز' is not a story collection.

B. Correct: 'Soz-o-Saaz' is a collection of poetry.

C. It is not a novel.

D. It is not a short story.

Question 26 Urdu

نکات الشعراء کس کی تصنیف ہے۔

A. میر حسن

Correct answer ✓ B. میر تقی میر

C. آغا حشر

D. میر متقی

A. Mir Hasan did not write 'نکات الشعراء'.

B. Correct: 'Nukat-ush-Shuara' was written by Mir Taqi Mir.

C. Agha Hashar did not write it.

o such author.

Question 27 Urdu

یادوں کی دنیا کے مصنف کا نام بتائیے

Correct answer ✓ A. یوسف حسین خان

B. جوش ملیح آبادی

C. ڈاکٹر سلیم اختر

D. جعفر بلوچ

A. Correct: 'Yaadon ki Duniya' (the world of memories) was written by Yusuf Hussain Khan.

B. Josh Malih Abadi did not write it.

C. Dr Saleem Akhtar did not write it.

D. Jafar Baloch did not write it.

Question 28 Urdu

شاعر انقلاب کس کو کہا جاتا ہے

A. حبیب غالب

B. اختر شیرانی

C. شکیل بد ایوانی

Correct answer ✓ D. جوش ملیح آبادی

A. Not called Shair-e-Inquilab.

B. Akhtar Shirani is not called Shair-e-Inquilab.

C. Shakeel Badayuni is not called Shair-e-Inquilab.

...osh Malih Abadi is called 'Shair-e-Inquilab' (Poet of the Revolution).

Question 29 Urdu

ماہنام مخزن کا اجراء کس شہر سے ہوا؟

A. دہلی

B. لکھنؤ

Correct answer ✓ C. لاہور

D. دکن

A. Makhzan was not launched from Delhi.

B. Makhzan was not launched from Lucknow.

C. Correct: the monthly 'Makhzan' was launched from Lahore in 1901 (edited by Sir Abdul Qadir).

D. Makhzan was not launched from the Deccan.

Question 30 Urdu

مسدس کے ایک بند میں کتنے مصرعے ہوتے ہیں

A. دو

B. چار

C. آٹھ

Correct answer ✓ D. چھ

A. A musaddas band does not have two lines.

B. Not four.

C. Not eight.

each band of a musaddas has six lines.

Question 31 Urdu

اگر کلام یا شعر میں دو ایسے الفاظ لائے جائیں جو شکل اور تلفظ میں ایک جیسے ہوں مگر ان کے معنی مختلف ہوں تو اسے کیا کہتے ہیں

A. صنعت مراعاۃ النظیر

Correct answer ✓ B. صنعت تجنیس

C. صنعت ایہام

D. صنعت لف و نشر

A. Mura'at-un-Nazir is bringing together words that are semantically related; the definition given (same form and pronunciation, different meaning) is not it.

B. Correct: two words identical in form and pronunciation but different in meaning is tajnis (paronomasia). The printed key (A) is corrected to B.

C. Iham is ambiguity of meaning, not this.

D. Laf-o-Nashr is a different device (listing then explaining).

Question 32 Urdu

فورٹ ولیم کالج کس شہر میں تعمیر کیا گیا؟

A. دہلی

B. بمبئی

Correct answer ✓ C. کلکتہ

D. جے پور

A. Fort William College was not built in Delhi.

C. Correct: Fort William College was built in Calcutta (1800).

D. Not in Jaipur.

Question 33 Urdu

کس شاعر کو لسان العصرکا خطاب ملا؟

- A. اسرارالحق مجاز
- B. فیض احمد فیض
- C. علامہ اقبال
- D. اکبر الہ آبادی ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Majaz was not called Lisan-ul-Asr.

B. Faiz was not called Lisan-ul-Asr.

C. Iqbal was not called Lisan-ul-Asr.

D. Correct: Akbar Allahabadi was called 'Lisan-ul-Asr' (Voice of the Age).

Question 34 Urdu

اردو کا پہلا ڈرامہ کون سا ہے

- A. رستم و سہراب
- B. اندر سبھا ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. ناگر سبھا
- D. ترکی حور

A. 'Rustam-o-Sohrab' is not the first Urdu drama.

ndra Sabha' (1853) by Amanat Lakhnawi is regarded as the first Urdu drama.

C. Not the first Urdu drama.

D. Not the first Urdu drama.

Question 35 Urdu

منظوم اسلامی تاریخ شاہنامہ اسلام کے خالق کون ہیں

Correct answer ✓ A. الطاف حسین حالی

B. مولانا ظفر علی خان

C. علامہ اقبال

D. حفیظ جالندھری

A. Correct: 'Shahnamah-e-Islam', a versified Islamic history, was written by Altaf Hussain Hali.

B. Zafar Ali Khan did not write it.

C. Iqbal did not write it.

D. Hafeez Jalandhri did not write it.

Question 36 Urdu

شاعر مزدور کس شاعر کو کہا جاتا ہے

A. احمد ندیم قاسمی

B. محسن احسان

Correct answer ✓ C. احسان دانش

D. حبیب جالب

A. Ahmed Nadeem Qasmi is not called Shair-e-Mazdoor.

that.

C. Correct: Ehsan Danish is called 'Shair-e-Mazdoor' (Poet of the Labourer).

D. Habib Jalib is not called Shair-e-Mazdoor.

Question 37 Urdu

چند ہم عصر کس کی تصنیف ہے

Correct answer ✓ A. مولوی عبدالحق

B. مرزا فرحت اللہ بیگ

C. شوکت تھانوی

D. رشید احمد صدیقی

A. Correct: 'Chand Ham Asr' was written by Maulvi Abdul Haq.

B. Farhatullah Baig did not write it.

C. Shaukat Thanvi did not write it.

D. Rashid Ahmed Siddiqui did not write it.

Question 38 Urdu

تیرے آزاد بندوں کی نہ یہ دینا نہ وہ دینا یہاں مرنے کی پابندی وہاں جینے کی پابندی

Correct answer ✓ A. صنعت لف و نشر مرتب

B. صنعت لف و نشر غیر مرتب

C. صنعت ایہام

D. صنعت تر صیع

A. Correct: in the verse the two things are listed first and then explained in the same order — laf-o-nashr murattab (ordered).

is the same, so it is murattab, not ghair-murattab.

C. Iham is not the device here.

D. Tarsi is parallelism, not the device here.

Question 39 Urdu

درج شعر میں گرامر کی رو سے کیا پایا جاتا ہے شام ہی سے بجھا سا رہتا ہے دل ہے گویا چراغ مفلس کا____

Correct answer ✓ A. استعارہ

B. تشبیہ

C. صنعت تضاد

D. صنعت تجنیس

A. Correct (per the printed key and the standard textbook classification): the heart is softens the 'گویا' directly called a poor man's lamp — a metaphor (isti'ara). The word .identification; see the Note

B. A simile would need an explicit comparison; the verse is taught as isti'ara.

C. There is no contrast device here.

D. There is no wordplay on identical words here.

per the استعارہ the verse is filed as ;(as if) 'گویا' **Note:** Note: The verse contains the word .printed key and the standard textbook classification of this verse as an isti'ara

Question 40 Urdu

اردو صحآفت کی پہلی خاتون ایڈیٹر کون ہے۔

A. کشور ناہید

C. قرۃالعین حیدر

D. حجاب امتیاز علی

A. Kishwar Naheed was not the first woman editor.

B. Correct: Muhammadi Begum (editor of 'Tahzeeb-e-Niswan', 1898) is regarded as the first woman editor of Urdu journalism.

C. Qurratulain Hyder was not the first.

D. Hijab Imtiaz Ali was not the first.

Question 41 Urdu

جگر مراد آبادی کا آصل نام کیا تھا

Correct answer ✓ A. علی سکندر

B. علی عباس

C. علی اکبر

D. علی حسن

A. Correct: Jigar Moradabadi's real name was Ali Sikandar.

B. Not his real name.

C. Not his real name.

D. Not his real name.

Question 42 Urdu

ناول خواب رو کس کی تخلیق ہے

Correct answer ✓ A. جوگندر پال

B. بانو قدسیہ

C. عبداللہ حسین

D. قرۃالعین حیدر

A. Correct: the novel 'Khwab Rau' was written by Joginder Paul.

B. Bano Qudsia did not write it.

C. Abdullah Hussain did not write it.

D. Qurratulain Hyder did not write it.

Question 43 Urdu

رباعی کے کون کون سے مصرعے ہم قافیہ ہوتے ہیں

Correct answer ✓ A. پہلا دوسرا اور چوتھا

B. پہلا دوسرا تیسرا

C. چاروں مصرعے

D. پہلا اور تیسرا

A. Correct: in a rubai the first, second and fourth lines rhyme (the third is free).

B. The third line does not rhyme.

C. All four lines do not rhyme.

D. The first and third lines do not both rhyme.

Question 44 Urdu

مینا بازار کس افسانہ نگار کا افسانوی مجموعہ ہے

A. اختر

B. جمیلہ خآتون

C. حسن عسکری

Correct answer ✓ D. کرشن چندر

A. Akhtar Hussain Raipuri did not write 'مینا بازار'.

B. Jamila Khatoon did not write it.

C. Hasan Askari did not write it.

D. Correct: 'Meena Bazar' is Krishan Chander's collection of short stories.

Question 45 Urdu

وہ کون سا ادیب ہے جس نے اقوام متحدہ میں پاکستان کی نمائندگی کی ؛

Correct answer ✓ A. پطرس بخاری

B. ن ۔م ۔ راشد

C. الطاف گوہر

D. جمیل الدین عالی

A. Correct: Patras Bokhari (Ahmed Shah Bokhari) represented Pakistan at the United Nations.

B. N. M. Rashid did not represent Pakistan at the UN.

C. Altaf Gauhar did not represent Pakistan at the UN.

D. Jamiluddin Aali did not represent Pakistan at the UN.

جدید تنقید کا نقطہ آغآز کس کتاب کو قرار دیا گیا ہے۔

A. آب حیات

B. یادگار غالب

C. تنقیدی نظریے

D. مقدمہ شعر و شعری ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 'Aab-e-Hayat' is a tazkira, not the starting point of modern criticism.

B. 'Yadgar-e-Ghalib' is a biography, not the starting point.

C. Not the starting point.

D. Correct: Hali's 'Muqaddama-e-Sher-o-Shairi' (1893) is regarded as the starting point of modern Urdu criticism.

Question 47 Urdu

مصور غم کس ادیب کو کہا جاتا ہے

A. عبدالحلیم شرر

B. علامہ راشد الخری ✓ **Correct answer**

C. مرزا ہادی رسوا

D. خواجہ حسن نظامی

A. Sharar is not called Musawwir-e-Gham.

B. Correct: Allama Rashid-ul-Khairi is called 'Musawwir-e-Gham' (Painter of Sorrow).

C. Mirza Hadi Ruswa is not called that.

D. Khwaja Hasan Nizami is not called that.

48 Urdu

ناصر کاظمی کا اصل نام کیا تھا

A. ناصر علی

Correct answer ✓ B. ناصر رضا

C. محمد ناصر

D. ناصر خان

A. Not Nasir Kazmi's real name.

B. Correct: Nasir Kazmi's real name was Nasir Raza.

C. Not his real name.

D. Not his real name.

Question 49 Urdu

کلام میں یا شعر میں ایسے الفاظ لانا جن کے معنوں میں خاص مناسبت ہو لیکن یہ مناسبت تضاد یا تقابل کی نہ ہو اسے کہتے ہیں۔

A. صنعت لف و نشر

Correct answer ✓ B. صنعت مراعاۃ النظیر

C. صنعت ترصیع

D. صنعت حسن تعلیل

A. Laf-o-Nashr is listing then explaining, not this.

B. Correct: bringing words together that share a semantic affinity (without contrast) is mura'at-un-nazir. The printed key (C) is corrected to B.

C. Tarsi is rhymed parallelism, not this definition.

'll is giving a fanciful reason, not this.

Question 50 Urdu

غزل کے لغوی معنی کیا ہیں

•A. دوستوں سے باتیں کرنا

Correct answer ✓ •B. عورتوں سے باتیں کرنا

•C. خود سے باتیں کرنا

•D. جانوروں سے باتیں کرنا

A. Talking with friends is not the literal meaning of ghazal.

B. Correct: 'ghazal' literally means talking to (or about) women.

C. Talking to oneself is not the meaning.

D. Talking to animals is not the meaning.

Question 51 Urdu

واسوخت سے کیا مراد ہے

•A. جس میں شاعر کسی کی اچھا ئی بیان کرے

Correct answer ✓ •B. ایسی نظم جس میں شاعر محبوب کی جفاؤں اور ترک تعلق کا ذکر کرے

•C. ایسی نظم جس میں طنز کا اظہار ہو

•D. ایسی نظم جس میں کسی کی برائی بیان کی جائے

A. A poem praising someone's goodness is a qasida or madh, not a wasookht.

B. Correct: a wasookht is a poem in which the poet speaks of the beloved's cruelties and the breaking of the relationship.

C. A poem expressing satire is a hajw, not a wasookht.

peaking ill of someone is a hajw, not a wasookht.

Question 52 Urdu

قصیدہ کس زبان کا لفظ ہے

Correct answer ✓ A. عربی

B. فارسی

C. اردو

D. ہندی

A. Correct: 'qasida' is an Arabic word.

B. Qasida is not a Persian word.

C. Qasida is not an Urdu word.

D. Qasida is not a Hindi word.

Question 53 Urdu

اردو کی پہلی مثنوی کا نام کیا ہے

A. زہر عشق

B. طوطی نامہ

C. سحرالبیان

Correct answer ✓ D. کدم راؤپدم راؤ

A. 'Zahr-e-Ishq' is a later masnavi, not the first.

B. 'Tuti Nama' is not the first Urdu masnavi.

C. 'Sehr-ul-Bayan' is a later masnavi (Mir Hasan), not the first.

Kadam Rao Padam Rao is regarded as the first Urdu masnavi.

Question 54 Urdu

ثابت قدم کو سب جگہ تھاؤں کا کیا مطلب ہے

A. شریف آدمی کو کوئی خوف نیہں ہوتا

Correct answer ✓ B. مستقل مزاج آدمی ہر جگہ کامیاب ہوتا ہے

C. مستقل مزاج ا نسان ٹک کر نہیں رہتا

D. ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

A. Not the meaning of the proverb.

B. Correct: 'ثابت قدم کو سب جگہ ٹھاؤں' means a steadfast person finds a place (succeeds) everywhere.

C. The opposite of the proverb's meaning.

D. One of the options is correct.

Question 55 Urdu

طبقات الشعراء کس کا تذکرہ ہے

A. محمد رفیع سودا

B. غآلب

C. کریم الدین احمد

Correct answer ✓ D. میر حسن میر

A. Mirza Rafi Sauda is not the author in the filed tradition.

B. Ghalib is not the author in the filed tradition.

in Ahmed is not the author in the filed tradition.

D. PICK-ONE: the printed key names Mir Hasan for the tazkira 'Tabaqat-ush-Shuara'; the standard MCQ-book tradition attributes it to Mir Hasan, but the attribution is not independently confirmed, so it is filed D as PICK-ONE with the uncertainty disclosed.

Question 56 Urdu

گنج ہائے گراں مایہ کس کی تصنیف ہے

A. مولوی عبدالحق

Correct answer ✓ B. رشید احمد صدیقی

C. شاہد احمد دہلوی

D. فرحت اللہ بیگ

A. Abdul Haq did not write 'Ganj-ha-e-Giran Maya'.

B. Correct: 'Ganj-ha-e-Giran Maya' was written by Rashid Ahmed Siddiqui.

C. Shahid Ahmed Dehlvi did not write it.

D. Farhatullah Baig did not write it.

Question 57 Urdu

نقوش سلیمانی کے خالق کون ہیں

A. سر سید احمد خآن

B. نیاز فتح پوری

C. کرنل محمد خان

Correct answer ✓ D. سید سلیمان ندوی

A. Sir Syed did not write 'Naqoosh-e-Sulaimani'.

C. Colonel Muhammad Khan did not write it.

D. Correct: 'Naqoosh-e-Sulaimani' was written by Syed Sulaiman Nadvi.

Question 58 Urdu

بر صغیر میں اردو کو سرکاری زبان کا درجہ کب ملا؟

- A. 1832
- B. 1834
- C. 1830
- D. 1840

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — EXCLUDED, no answer taught (The correct year is 1837 (Act XXIX of 1837 replaced Persian with the vernaculars, Urdu in the north); 1837 is not among the options (1832 / 1834 / 1830 / 1840), and the printed key (1832) is wrong.)

Question 59 Urdu

طویلے کی بلا بندر کے سر سے کیا مراد ہے

A. کسی کا انعام لینا

B. کسی کی تعریف کرنا

Correct answer ✓ C. قصور کسی کا سزا کوئی اور بھگتے

D. ان میں سے کوئی نیہں

A. Taking someone's reward is not the meaning.

B. Praising someone is not the meaning.

C. Correct: 'طویلے کی بلا بندر کے سر' means one person suffers the punishment for another's

D. One of the options is correct.

Question 60 Urdu

ڈھول کے اندر پول سے کیا مراد ہے۔

Correct answer ✓ A. حقیقت میں کچھ نہیں محض دکھاوا

B. راز ظاہر ہونا

C. مشکل میں ہونا

D. کسی بات پوشیدہ رہنا

A. Correct: 'ڈھول کے اندر پول' means there is nothing inside, it is mere show.

B. A secret coming out is not the meaning.

C. Being in difficulty is not the meaning.

D. Something remaining hidden is not the meaning.

Question 61 Urdu

رسالہ فنون کس کی ادارت میں جاری ہوا؟

A. مشکور حسین یاد

B. امجد اسلام امجد

Correct answer ✓ C. احمد ندیم قاسمی

D. وزیر آغا

A. Mashkoor Hussain Yaad did not edit 'Funoon'.

B. Amjad Islam Amjad did not edit 'Funoon'.

The magazine 'Funoon' was issued under the editorship of Ahmed Nadeem Qasmi.

D. Wazir Agha did not edit 'Funoon'.

Question 62 Urdu

اردو کی پہلی شاعرہ کسے مانا جاتا ہے

Correct answer ✓ A. ماہ لقا چندہ بائی

B. زینب النساء

C. رشید النساء

D. شاہدہ بیگم

A. Correct: Mah Laqa Bai Chanda is regarded as the first woman poet of Urdu.

B. Zainab-un-Nisa was not the first.

C. Rashid-un-Nisa was not the first.

D. Shahida Begum was not the first.

Question 63 Urdu

روح اقبال کس کی تصنیف ہے

A. عزیز احمد

Correct answer ✓ B. ڈاکٹر یو سف حسین

C. محمد حسن عسکری

D. شبلی نعمانی

A. Aziz Ahmed did not write 'Rooh-e-Iqbal'.

B. Correct: 'Rooh-e-Iqbal' was written by Dr Yusuf Hussain Khan.

ad Hasan Askari did not write it.

D. Shibli Nomani did not write it.

Question 64 Urdu

صحرانورد کے خطوط کس کی کتاب ہے؟

A. سجاد حیدر یلدرم

B. مظفر بخاری

C. ڈاکٹر وحید قریشی

Correct answer ✓ D. مرزاادیب

A. Sajjad Haider Yildirim did not write 'Sehranaward ke Khutoot'.

B. Muzaffar Bukhari did not write it.

C. Dr Waheed Qureshi did not write it.

D. Correct: 'Sehranaward ke Khutoot' is by Mirza Adeeb.

Question 65 Urdu

مردم دیدہ کس کی تخلیق ہے۔

A. مرزاادیب

Correct answer ✓ B. چراغ حسن حسرت

C. امیر مینائی

D. محمد علی جوہر

A. Mirza Adeeb did not write 'Mardum-e-Deeda'.

B. Correct: 'Mardum-e-Deeda' was written by Chiragh Hasan Hasrat.

D. Muhammad Ali Jauhar did not write it.

Question 66 Urdu

دیوان کس کا شعری مجموعہ ہے؟

Correct answer ✓ A. ناصر کاظمی

B. باقی صدیقی

C. انجم رومانی

D. ن۔م۔راشد

A. Correct: 'Deewan' is a poetry collection of Nasir Kazmi.

B. Baqi Siddiqui's collection is not 'Deewan'.

C. Anjum Romani's collection is not 'Deewan'.

D. N. M. Rashid's collection is not 'Deewan'.

Question 67 Urdu

شعری لسانیات کس کی کتاب ہے

A. ضمیر جعفری

B. صوفی تبسم

Correct answer ✓ C. انیس ناگی

D. اے حمید

A. Zameer Jafari did not write 'Shaeri Lasaniyat'.

B. Sufi Tabassum did not write it.

haeri Lasaniyat" was written by Anis Nagi.

D. A. Hameed did not write it.

Question 68 Urdu

فٹ پاتھ کی گھاس ادب کی کس مصنف سے تعلق رکھتا ہے

Correct answer ✓ ناول .A•

افسانہ .B•

ڈرامہ .C•

تنقید .D•

A. Correct: 'Footpath ki Ghaas' is a novel.

B. It is not a short story.

C. It is not a drama.

D. It is not a work of criticism.

Question 69 Urdu

اردو کا عروض کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

شان الحق حقی .A•

ظفر معر .B•

نازش حیدری .C•

Correct answer ✓ حبیب اللہ خآن ظفر .D•

A. Not the author in the filed tradition.

B. Not the author in the filed tradition.

uthor in the filed tradition.

is shared by several books (Jang Bahadur Jalil, 1922; Dr 'اردو کا عروض' **D.** PICK-ONE: the title Jamaluddin Jamal's textbook); the filed answer follows the printed key (D, Habibullah Khan author — ا-ب-ح Zafar), consistent with the AIOU catalogue entry for a book of this title by a .filed D as PICK-ONE with the ambiguity disclosed

Question 70 Urdu

دشت سوس کس کا ناول ہے

A. خدیجہ مستور

Correct answer ✓ B. جمیلہ ہاشمی

C. بانو قدسیہ

D. کشور ناہید

A. Khadija Mastoor did not write 'Dasht-e-Soos'.

B. Correct: 'Dasht-e-Soos' is a novel by Jamila Hashmi.

C. Bano Qudsia did not write it.

D. Kishwar Naheed did not write it.

Question 71 Urdu

آنندی ایک مشہور افسانہ کس کی تخلیق ہے۔

A. رشید احمد صدیقی

B. پریم چند

C. سجاد حیدر یلدرم

Correct answer ✓ D. غلام عباس

med Siddiqui did not write 'Anandi'.

B. Premchand did not write 'Anandi'.

C. Sajjad Haider Yildirim did not write it.

D. Correct: 'Anandi' is a famous short story by Ghulam Abbas.

Question 72 Urdu

اشتہار آور کا مرادف ہے۔

A. بھوک مٹانے والی چیز

Correct answer ✓ B. بھوک تیز کرنے والی چیز

C. زندگی ختم کرنے والی چیز

D. تیز دوڑنے والی چیز

A. Something that kills hunger is the opposite.

B. Correct: 'ishtihar-aawar' means something that sharpens the appetite.

C. Something that ends life is not the meaning.

D. Something that runs fast is not the meaning.

Question 73 General Knowledge

Adeeb Rizwi is famous in the field of;

- A. Engineering
- B. Healthcare ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Business
- D. Sports

A. Adeeb Rizvi is not famous in engineering.

r Adeeb Rizvi is famous in healthcare (founder of SIUT, Karachi).

C. He is not famous in business.

D. He is not famous in sports.

Question 74 General Knowledge

The GT road is one of the major Highway of pakistan ,what does GT stand for?

- A. General traffic
- B. Grand trunk ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Good traffic
- D. None of these

A. GT does not stand for General Traffic.

B. Correct: GT Road stands for Grand Trunk Road.

C. GT does not stand for Good Traffic.

D. One of the options is correct.

Question 75 Urdu

بارش کی آواز کس کا شعری مجموعہ ہے؟

A. غالب

B. حالی

C. امیر مینائی

Correct answer ✓ D. امجد اسلا م امجد

A. Ghalib's collection is not 'Barish ki Aawaz'.

B. Hali's collection is not 'Barish ki Aawaz'.

hal's collection is not 'Barish ki Aawaz'.

D. Correct: 'Barish ki Aawaz' is a poetry collection of Amjad Islam Amjad.

Question 76 General Knowledge

Which country is known as the gift of Nile:

- A. Egypt ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Iraq
- C. Sudan
- D. Palestine

A. Correct: Egypt is known as the gift of the Nile.

B. Iraq is not called the gift of the Nile.

C. Sudan is not called the gift of the Nile.

D. Palestine is not called the gift of the Nile.

Question 77 Pakistan Studies

Before becoming the prime minister , Feroz Khan Noon has served as a Governor of :

- A. Balochistan
- B. East Pakistan(East Bengal) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Punjab
- D. Sindh

A. Feroz Khan Noon was not Governor of Balochistan.

B. Correct: before becoming Prime Minister, Feroz Khan Noon served as Governor of East Pakistan (1953–1955).

C. He was not Governor of Punjab.

ot Governor of Sindh.

Question 78 History

Who started the Khaksar Tahreek in 1930

- A. Abdul Ghffar Khan
- B. J.M.Saeed
- C. M.Ali Johar
- D. Allama Anayat Ullah Mashraqi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Abdul Ghaffar Khan started the Khudai Khidmatgar movement, not the Khaksar Tehreek.

B. J. M. Saeed did not start the Khaksar Tehreek.

C. Muhammad Ali Jauhar did not start the Khaksar Tehreek.

D. Correct: Allama Inayatullah Mashriqi started the Khaksar Tehreek in 1930.

Question 79 Urdu

تحسین و تردید کے مصنف کا نام بتائیے۔

A. وزیر آغا

Correct answer ✓ B. فتح محمد ملک

C. نذیر نیازی

D. آل احمد سرور

A. Wazir Agha did not write 'Tehseen-o-Tardeeed'.

B. Correct: 'Tehseen-o-Tardeeed' was written by Fateh Muhammad Malik.

C. Nazeer Niazi did not write it.

d Surdor did not write it.

Question 80 General Knowledge

Manama is the capital of which Asian country:

- A. Laos
- B. Combadia
- C. Bahrain ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Kuwait

A. Vientiane is the capital of Laos.

B. Phnom Penh is the capital of Cambodia.

C. Correct: Manama is the capital of Bahrain.

D. Kuwait City is the capital of Kuwait.

Question 81 Urdu

سراسمیگی ؛کا مترادف ہے

A. شاگرد بنانا

Correct answer ✓ B. خوف زدگی

C. سمجھ بوجھ

D. قریب جانا

A. Making someone a pupil is not the meaning.

B. Correct: 'sarasimagi' means confusion and fearfulness (خوف زدگی).

C. Understanding is not the meaning.

D. Going near is not the meaning.

82 General Knowledge

Name the former President of Brazil who has been sentenced to nearly ten years imprison over a corruption :

- A. Michel Temer
- B. Luiz I. Lula de Silva ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Dilma Rousaf
- D. Itamar Franco

A. Michel Temer was not sentenced then.

B. Correct: in July 2017 former Brazilian President Luiz Inacio Lula da Silva was sentenced to nine and a half years in prison for corruption.

C. Dilma Rousseff was not sentenced then.

D. Itamar Franco was not sentenced then.

Question 83 Urdu

توحید؛ کا متضاد ہے

Correct answer ✓ شرک .A•

واحدانیت .B•

مشرک .C•

کافر .D•

A. Correct: the opposite of tawhid (oneness of God) is shirk (associating partners with God).

B. Wahdaniyat is a synonym of tawhid, not its opposite.

C. A mushrik is one who commits shirk, not the opposite concept.

an unbeliever, not the opposite of tawhid.

Question 84 General Knowledge

The wakhan Corridor located to the North of Pakistan belongs to :

- A. Pakistan
- B. Turkrnanistan
- C. Tajikstan
- D. Afghanistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Wakhan Corridor does not belong to Pakistan.

B. It does not belong to Turkmenistan.

C. It does not belong to Tajikistan.

D. Correct: the Wakhan Corridor, north of Pakistan, belongs to Afghanistan.

Question 85 Urdu

پریشر ککر کس کا لکھا ہوا ناول ہے

A. اے حمید

B. احمد علی

C. انتظآر حسین

Correct answer ✓ D. صدیق سالک

A. A. Hameed did not write 'Pressure Cooker'.

B. Ahmed Ali did not write it.

C. Intizar Hussain did not write it.

D. Correct: 'Pressure Cooker' is a novel by Siddique Salik.

86 Urdu

گلشن ہند کے مولف کون ہیں

A. میر تقی میر

Correct answer ✓ B. مرزا علی لطف

C. مرزا شوق

D. قدرت اللہ شہاب

A. Mir Taqi Mir did not write 'Gulshan-e-Hind'.

B. Correct: 'Gulshan-e-Hind' was written by Mirza Ali Lutf.

C. Mirza Shauq did not write it.

D. Qudratullah Shahab did not write it.

Question 87 Urdu

پیسہ اخبار کے پہلے مدیر کون تھے

A. سید محمد خان

B. ماسٹر رام چندر

C. مولوی محمد باقر

Correct answer ✓ D. منشی محبوب عالم

A. Syed Muhammad Khan was not the first editor of 'Paisa Akhbar'.

B. Master Ram Chandra was not its first editor.

C. Maulvi Muhammad Baqir edited 'Delhi Urdu Akhbar', not 'Paisa Akhbar'.

D. Correct: Munshi Mahbub Alam was the first editor of 'Paisa Akhbar'.

88 Urdu

ضر ضر کے معنی کیا ہیں

Correct answer ✓ A. تیز آندھی کا طوفان

B. تیز کام کرنا

C. تیز دوڑنا

D. زبان درازی کرنا

A. Correct: 'ضر ضر' means a fierce windstorm.

B. Working fast is not the meaning.

C. Running fast is not the meaning.

D. Being rude in speech is not the meaning.

Question 89 Urdu

کار آشیاں بندی کے معنی کیا ہیں

A. کام چوری کرنا

B. کام درست کرنا

C. کام کرنے کا سوچنا

Correct answer ✓ D. گھونسلا بنانا

A. Shirking work is not the meaning.

B. Doing work properly is not the meaning.

C. Thinking of working is not the meaning.

D. Correct: 'kar-e-aashiyan bandi' means nest-building.

ترجمے کا فن کس کی تصنیف ہے

Correct answer ✓ A. مرزا حامد بیگ

B. حامد کاشمیری

C. حامد حسین قادری

D. ڈاکٹر ملک حسن اختر

A. Correct: 'Tarjume ka Fun' was written by Mirza Hamid Baig.

B. Hamid Kashmiri did not write it.

C. Hamid Hussain Qadri did not write it.

D. Dr Malik Hasan Akhtar did not write it.

Question 91 Urdu

بلاغت کے لئیے ضروری شرط کیا ہے

A. بات کو گول مول کر کے پیش کیا جائے

Correct answer ✓ B. کلام فصیح ہو

C. عبارت میں باریک خیالات پیش کئیے جائیں

D. الفاظ کو تمثیلی صورت میں پیش کیا جائے

A. Presenting a matter in a roundabout way is not the condition of balaghat.

B. Correct: the necessary condition of balaghat (eloquence) is that the speech be fasiha (pure, fluent). The printed key (C) is corrected to B.

C. Subtle ideas are a quality of balaghat, not its necessary condition.

D. Presenting words figuratively is not the condition.

92 Computer Science

_____Act as a buffer between CPU and main memory.

- A. Cache Memory ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. ROM
- C. RAM
- D. Static Ram

A. Correct: cache memory acts as a buffer between the CPU and main memory.

B. ROM is read-only memory, not a buffer.

C. RAM is the main memory itself, not the buffer.

D. Static RAM is a type of memory, not the buffer.

Question 93 Urdu

پت جھڑ میں خود کلامی کے مصنف کون ہیں

Correct answer ✓ A. سجاد باقر رضوی

B. ڈاکٹر رشید امجد

C. انیس ناگی

D. حفیظ جالندھری

A. Correct: 'Pat Jhar Mein Khud Kalami' was written by Sajjad Baqir Rizvi.

B. Dr Rasheed Amjad did not write it.

C. Anis Nagi did not write it.

D. Hafeez Jalandhri did not write it.

94 Computer Science

An E-mail address consists of two parts , username of ID and _____

- A. Domain Name ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Password
- C. URL
- D. None of these

A. Correct: an e-mail address consists of two parts, the username and the domain name.

B. A password is not part of an e-mail address.

C. A URL is not part of an e-mail address.

D. One of the options is correct.

Question 95 Urdu

نکلے تیری تلاش میں کون سی صنف ادب سے تعلق رکھتا ہے

A. آپ بیتی

Correct answer ✓ B. سفر نامہ

C. ناول

D. تحقیق

A. 'Nikle Teri Talash Mein' is not an autobiography.

B. Correct: 'Nikle Teri Talash Mein' is a travelogue (safarnama).

C. It is not a novel.

D. It is not a research work.

96 Mathematics

In a row a student is standing 13th from the right and 8th from the left . How many students are there in total?

- A. 18
- B. 19
- C. 20 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 21

A. 18 is not the total.

B. 19 is not the total.

C. Correct: 13th from the right and 8th from the left gives 13 + 8 − 1 = 20 students in total.

D. 21 is not the total.

Question 97 Mathematics

A person cross a 600m long street in 6 minutes . What is the speed in km/hr?

- A. 3.6 km/hr
- B. 7.2 km/hr
- C. 8.4 km/hr
- D. 10 km/hr

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — EXCLUDED, no answer taught (600 m in 6 minutes is 100 m/min = 6 km/h, which is not among the options (3.6 / 7.2 / 8.4 / 10 km/h); the printed key (10 km/h) is wrong for the printed stem.)

Question 98 English

Complete the proverb: Better _____ than never.

- A. Late ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Sometimes
- D. Repeat

A. Correct: 'Better late than never.'

B. 'Better once than never' is not the proverb.

C. 'Better sometimes than never' is not the proverb.

D. 'Better repeat than never' is not the proverb.

Question 99 Urdu

پنجاب میں سب سے پہلا اردو اخبار کون سا تھا

Correct answer ✓ A. کوہ نور

B. شریف دھیاں

C. فکرو نظر

D. نوازش

A. Correct: 'Koh-e-Noor' (1851) was the first Urdu newspaper in Punjab.

B. Not the first Urdu newspaper in Punjab.

C. Not the first Urdu newspaper in Punjab.

D. Not the first Urdu newspaper in Punjab.

Question 100 English

Fill in the blank ; a judge should deal _____equal justice to all.

- A. Out ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. On

- D. With

A. Correct: 'deal out equal justice' is the idiom — to deal out means to distribute. The printed key (D) is corrected to A.

B. 'Deal on' is not the idiom.

C. 'Deal in' means to trade in something.

D. 'Deal with' means to handle or cope with, not to distribute justice.

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