Parole/Probation Officer (BPS-16), Home Department — 2022 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Parole/Probation Officer (BPS-16), Home Department · **Year:** 2022 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2022 sitting.

Source note: test360.pk full keyed reproduction, 'Model Paper PPSC 2022 Parole/Probation BPS-16 Home Department' (100 questions numbered 1-100, 89 with a printed key and 11 without; accessed 9 Nov 2026). No built paper of this sitting exists. 3 printed-key corrections (Q7, Q43, Q44) and 11 no-printed-key questions answered independently (Q41, Q46, Q55, Q60, Q62, Q63, Q74, Q78, Q85, Q86, Q100). 1 PICK-ONE (Q70), decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. Answers verified independently against reference facts, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Which country has largest reservation of oil _____

- A. US
- B. Russia
- C. Venezuela ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The US does not hold the largest proven oil reserves.

es not hold the largest proven oil reserves.

C. Venezuela holds the largest proven oil reserves in the world.

D. Wrong: Venezuela has the largest oil reserves.

Question 2 History

Russia revulsion occurred in:

- A. 1789
- B. 1917 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1492
- D. None of these

A. The Russian Revolution did not occur in 1789 (that is the French Revolution).

B. The Russian Revolution occurred in 1917.

C. 1492 is the year of Columbus's voyage, not the Russian Revolution.

D. Wrong: 1917 is the year of the Russian Revolution.

Note: Note: Note: stem prints 'revulsion' for 'revolution'.

Question 3 General Science

One US gallon is equal to how many liters:

- A. 1.785
- B. 2.785
- C. 3.785 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. One US gallon is not 1.785 litres.

B. One US gallon is not 2.785 litres.

allon equals about 3.785 litres.

D. Wrong: a US gallon is 3.785 litres.

Question 4 General Knowledge

UNICEF stand for ____.

- A. United Nations Internal Cultural Educational Foundation.
- B. United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. United Nations International Children Educational Foundation
- D. None of these

A. UNICEF does not stand for the Internal Cultural Educational Foundation.

B. UNICEF stands for United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund.

C. It does not stand for the International Children Educational Foundation.

D. Wrong: the Children's Emergency Fund is the full name.

Question 5 History

In British are which princely state was big according to population size.

- A. Kashmir
- B. Hyderabad ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rajasthan
- D. None of these

A. Kashmir was large but not the biggest princely state by population.

B. Hyderabad was the biggest princely state by population in British India.

C. Rajasthan was a collection of states, not one princely state.

D. Wrong: Hyderabad was the biggest by population.

6 English

She deprived her husband _____ all he had.

- A. With
- B. To
- C. Of ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. 'Deprived with' is not the correct preposition.

B. 'Deprived to' is not the correct preposition.

C. 'Deprived of' is the correct phrase: she deprived her husband of all he had.

D. Wrong: 'of' follows deprived.

Question 7 Computer

How many default layout pages in MS power point:

- A. 24
- B. 25
- C. 144
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. PowerPoint does not have 24 default slide layouts.

B. PowerPoint does not have 25 default slide layouts.

C. PowerPoint does not have 144 default slide layouts.

D. PowerPoint has 9 built-in default slide layouts, so none of the numbers offered is right.

Note: Note: CORRECTION: printed key A (24) is wrong — PowerPoint has 9 default slide layouts, so the correct choice is None of these.

8 Urdu Literature

Who wrote novel Akhir e shab ke Humsafar?

- A. Jameela Hashmi
- B. Begum Akhtar Riaz ud-Din
- C. Quratul ain Haider ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Jameela Hashmi did not write Akhir-e-Shab ke Humsafar.

B. Begum Akhtar Riaz-ud-Din did not write it.

C. Quratulain Haider wrote the novel Akhir-e-Shab ke Humsafar.

D. Wrong: Quratulain Haider is the author.

Question 9 Urdu

جرات کا اصل نام کیا تھا؟

A. قلندر بخش

Correct answer ✓ B. یحیی امان

C. نصیر الدین

D. ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

A. Qalandar Bakhsh is the poet's pen-name (Jurrat Qalandar Bakhsh), not his real name.

B. The poet Jurrat's real name was Yahya Aman.

C. Naseer-ud-Din is not Jurrat's real name.

D. Wrong: Yahya Aman was his real name.

Note: Note: Note: web-checked (Wikipedia, Rekhta): Qalandar Bakhsh Jurat's real name was Yahya Aman.

10 Current Affairs

The current CEO of Twitter is ____

- A. Parag Agrawal ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Jack Dorsey
- C. Nad segal
- D. None of these

A. Parag Agrawal was Twitter's CEO from November 2021 to October 2022, the exam period.

B. Jack Dorsey had stepped down as CEO in November 2021.

C. Nad Segal is not a Twitter CEO.

D. Wrong: Parag Agrawal was the CEO at the exam date (2022).

Note: Note: Note: judged by the exam date (2022); Agrawal was replaced after the October 2022 takeover.

Question 11 English

_____ two rings here on my little finger belonged to ___ grandmother.

- A. These/my ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. That/mine
- C. Those/me
- D. None of these

A. 'These/my' fits: these two rings belonged to my grandmother.

B. 'That/mine' does not fit the plural rings and the possessive.

C. 'Those/me' does not fit the grammar of the sentence.

D. Wrong: 'These/my' is the correct pair.

12 English

What is the 'Subway'?

- A. A road or path raised above ground level
- B. Short passage to any place
- C. Underground passage ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. A subway is not a road raised above ground.

B. A subway is not a short passage to any place.

C. A subway is an underground passage (or underground railway).

D. Wrong: a subway is an underground passage.

Question 13 Computer

The first computer mouse was built by:

- A. William English
- B. Douglas Engelbert ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Oaniel Coogher
- D. None of these

A. William English helped build the first mouse, but Engelbart is credited as its inventor.

B. Douglas Engelbart invented the first computer mouse.

C. Oaniel Coogher is a garbled name, not the inventor.

D. Wrong: Douglas Engelbart built the first mouse.

Question 14 English

I___my homework when my mother come home.

already done ✓ **correct answer**

- B. Have already done
- C. Already did
- D. None of these

A. The past perfect fits: I had already done my homework when my mother came home.

B. The present perfect does not fit the past-time clause.

C. The simple past does not show the homework was finished before she came.

D. Wrong: 'had already done' is correct.

Question 15 General Knowledge

Which country is the largest producer of oil:

- A. Saudi Arabia
- B. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Iran
- D. None of these

A. Saudi Arabia is not the largest oil producer at the exam date.

B. The USA is the largest producer of oil.

C. Iran is not the largest oil producer.

D. Wrong: the USA produces the most oil.

Note: Note: Note: judged by the exam date (2022); the USA was the top producer then.

Question 16 Computer

To protect a computer from virus, you should install____ in your computer.

- A. Disk cleanup

kup Wizard

- C. Antivirus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Disk Cleanup removes files; it does not protect against viruses.

B. Backup Wizard backs up data; it does not stop viruses.

C. Antivirus software protects a computer from viruses.

D. Wrong: install antivirus software.

Question 17 Criminology

Electronic crime is type of which crime:

- A. Organized crime
- B. Cyber Crime ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. White collar crime
- D. None of these

A. Electronic crime is not classified as organised crime as such.

B. Electronic crime is cyber crime.

C. Electronic crime is not white-collar crime as such.

D. Wrong: electronic crime is cyber crime.

Question 18 General Knowledge

UNICEF was established in which of the following years?

- A. 1945
- B. 1946 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1947
- D. None of these

as not established in 1945.

B. UNICEF was established in 1946.

C. UNICEF was not established in 1947.

D. Wrong: UNICEF was founded in 1946.

Question 19 General Knowledge

The capital of Punjabi is:

- A. Lahore ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Multan
- C. Faisalabad
- D. None of these

A. Lahore is the capital of Punjab.

B. Multan is not the capital of Punjab.

C. Faisalabad is not the capital of Punjab.

D. Wrong: Lahore is the capital.

Note: Note: Note: stem prints 'capital of Punjabi'; the intended word is Punjab.

Question 20 Geography

Capital of Belgium is_____

- A. La paz
- B. Ottawa
- C. Brussels ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. La Paz is the seat of government of Bolivia, not the capital of Belgium.

the capital of Canada, not Belgium.

C. Brussels is the capital of Belgium.

D. Wrong: Brussels is the capital.

Question 21 Current Affairs

In May 2020 which country not set growth target:

- A. India
- B. China ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Pakistan
- D. None of these

A. India set a growth target in 2020.

B. China did not set a GDP growth target in May 2020, the first time in decades.

C. Pakistan set a growth target in 2020.

D. Wrong: China set no growth target in May 2020.

Question 22 History

Bolsheviks revolution took place in:

- A. Italy
- B. France
- C. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The Bolshevik Revolution did not take place in Italy.

B. It did not take place in France.

C. The Bolshevik Revolution took place in Russia in 1917.

ussia is where it happened.

Question 23 Computer

In MS Access, which data type is appropriate store large text and numbers?

- A. Text
- B. Memo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. OLE
- D. None of these

A. The Text type stores short text, not large text.

B. The Memo data type stores large text in MS Access.

C. OLE stores objects, not large text.

D. Wrong: Memo stores large text.

Question 24 Computer

In MS Access, minimum of ____ data type can be assigned to a field?

- A. 02
- B. 06
- C. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. 02 is not the reproduction's keyed figure for this item.

B. 06 is not the reproduction's keyed figure for this item.

C. 10 is the reproduction's keyed figure for this item.

D. Wrong: the reproduction keys 10.

Note: Note: Note: the stem is garbled as printed ('minimum of ____ data type can be

a field?), C is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 25 General Science

Diamond is an allotropic from of:

- A. Carbon ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Silicon
- C. Germanium
- D. None of these

A. Diamond is an allotrope of carbon.

B. Diamond is not an allotrope of silicon.

C. Diamond is not an allotrope of germanium.

D. Wrong: diamond is carbon.

Question 26 Pakistan Studies

Term and tenure of Senate membership is ____ years.

- A. 4 years
- B. 5 years
- C. 6 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. A senator's term is not 4 years.

B. A senator's term is not 5 years.

C. A member of the Senate serves a 6-year term.

D. Wrong: the Senate term is 6 years.

27 General Knowledge

Which singer left music considering it haram:

- A. Ali Azmat
- B. Junaid Jamshed ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Salman Ahmed
- D. None of these

A. Ali Azmat did not leave music on religious grounds.

B. Junaid Jamshed left music considering it haram.

C. Salman Ahmed did not leave music on religious grounds.

D. Wrong: Junaid Jamshed left music for religious reasons.

Question 28 English

Tea: Leaves: Coffee:

- A. Plants
- B. Seeds ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Stimulant
- D. None of these

A. Tea comes from leaves and coffee comes from beans, which are seeds.

B. Coffee beans are seeds, so the parallel is leaves : seeds.

C. Stimulant describes both, but it is not the parallel part.

D. Wrong: coffee comes from seeds, as tea comes from leaves.

Question 29 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan assassinated in which city:

- B. Lahore
- C. Rawalpindi ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Liaquat Ali Khan was not assassinated in Karachi.

B. He was not assassinated in Lahore.

C. Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated in Rawalpindi in 1951.

D. Wrong: Rawalpindi is the city.

Question 30 Islamic Studies

When Jahad became Farz:

- A. 01 Hijri
- B. 02 Hijri ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 03 Hijri
- D. None of these

A. Jihad did not become obligatory (farz) in 1 Hijri.

B. Jihad became farz in 2 Hijri.

C. Jihad did not become farz in 3 Hijri.

D. Wrong: 2 Hijri is the standard dating.

Question 31 Criminology

Which of the following is a form of cyber crime.

- A. Software
- B. Hacking ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hardware

ne of these

A. Software is a thing, not a form of cyber crime.

B. Hacking is a form of cyber crime.

C. Hardware is a thing, not a form of cyber crime.

D. Wrong: hacking is cyber crime.

Question 32 Criminology

A study of the personality of the offenders in physical term is called a

- A. Criminal sociology
- B. Pinalology
- C. Criminal Anthropology ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Criminal sociology studies crime in society, not offenders' physical personality.

B. Penology is the study of punishment, not of physical personality.

C. The physical study of offenders' personality is criminal anthropology (Lombroso).

D. Wrong: criminal anthropology is the answer.

Question 33 Sociology

The term sociology was coined by_____

- A. Max Weber
- B. August Comte ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Email Durkheim
- D. None of these

A. Max Weber did not coin the term sociology.

omte coined the term sociology.

C. Emile Durkheim developed sociology but did not coin the term.

D. Wrong: Comte coined 'sociology'.

Question 34 Social Work

Which concept is not used in social work:

- A. Analysis
- B. Structuring ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Tabulation
- D. None of these

A. Analysis is used in social work research.

B. Structuring is the concept the reproduction keys as not used in social work.

C. Tabulation is used in social work research.

D. Wrong: structuring is the keyed answer.

Note: Note: Note: the item is loosely worded; B is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 35 Criminology

Human trafficking is a form of:

- A. Hate crime
- B. Organized crime ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Violent crime
- D. None of these

A. Human trafficking is not classed as a hate crime.

B. Human trafficking is a form of organised crime.

trafficking is not classed simply as a violent crime.

D. Wrong: it is organised crime.

Question 36 Sociology

Gemeinschaft term coined by

- A. Ferdinand Tonnies ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Schopenhauer
- C. Ernst Mach
- D. None of these

A. Ferdinand Tonnies coined Gemeinschaft (community).

B. Schopenhauer did not coin Gemeinschaft.

C. Ernst Mach did not coin Gemeinschaft.

D. Wrong: Tonnies coined the term.

Question 37 Research Methods

Which of the following is the first step in starting the research process?

- A. Survey of related literature
- B. Identification of problem ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Searching sources of information to locate problem
- D. None of these

A. A survey of literature comes after the problem is identified.

B. Identification of the problem is the first step in the research process.

C. Searching sources to locate a problem follows identification.

D. Wrong: identifying the problem comes first.

38 Sociology

Who presented 4 types of sociology?

- A. Sorokin
- B. Spencer
- C. Email ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Sorokin did not present the four types of sociology in this item.

B. Spencer did not present them.

C. Emile (Durkheim) is the keyed answer for the four types of sociology.

D. Wrong: the reproduction keys Emile.

Note: Note: Note: option C prints 'Email', evidently a misprint of 'Emile' (Durkheim).

Question 39 Criminology

Who put forward psycho- analytical theory of crime?

- A. Sigmund Fraud ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Alfred Adler
- C. Karen Horney
- D. None of these

A. Sigmund Freud put forward the psycho-analytical theory of crime.

B. Alfred Adler's individual psychology is a different theory.

C. Karen Horney's theory is a different psychoanalytic view.

D. Wrong: Freud is the psycho-analytical theorist.

Note: Note: Note: option A prints 'Sigmund Fraud'; the intended name is Freud.

40 Social Work

Medical social work is related to:

- A. Health and Care ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Social and preventive medicine
- C. Social group work
- D. None of these

A. Medical social work is related to health and care.

B. Social and preventive medicine is a medical field, not the social-work relation.

C. Social group work is a different social-work method.

D. Wrong: health and care is the relation.

Question 41 Research Methods

Aim of social research is:

- A. Theoretical
- B. Utilitarian
- C. Both A and B ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Social research aims at theory (theoretical aim).

B. Social research aims at practical use (utilitarian aim).

C. Both A and B: social research has both theoretical and utilitarian aims.

D. Wrong: the aim is both theoretical and utilitarian.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; C answered independently — social research serves both theory and practice.

42 Sociology

Ibn Khaldun presented the idea of sedentary and nomadic through these terms he shows:

- A. Symbolic loss
- B. Metabolic loss
- C. Inevitable loss ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Ibn Khaldun's sedentary/nomadic contrast is not described as symbolic loss.

B. It is not described as metabolic loss.

C. The reproduction keys inevitable loss for the decline Ibn Khaldun describes.

D. Wrong: inevitable loss is the keyed answer.

Note: Note: Note: the stem is elliptical as printed; C is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 43 Sociology

A characteristic feature of a rural community is

- A. Formal relationship
- B. Community sentiment ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Rational will
- D. None of these

A. Formal relationship is the mark of an urban community, not a rural one.

B. Community sentiment is the characteristic feature of a rural community.

C. Rational will (Gesellschaft) marks urban life, not rural life.

D. Wrong: community sentiment marks the rural community.

CORRECTION: printed key A (formal relationship) is wrong — rural communities are marked by informal, personal relations and community sentiment; formal relations mark urban communities.

Question 44 Sociology

The spread of the belief and social activities of one culture to different ethnicities, religions, nationalities is known as:

- A. Cultural diffusion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Cultural lag
- C. Cultural diversity
- D. None of these

A. The spread of beliefs and activities of one culture to others is cultural diffusion.

B. Cultural lag is when one part of culture changes faster than another, not this spread.

C. Cultural diversity is the variety of cultures, not the spread.

D. Wrong: the spread is cultural diffusion.

Note: Note: CORRECTION: printed key B (Cultural lag) is wrong — the spread of culture is diffusion; lag is uneven change within a culture.

Question 45 Sociology

A rural area people took number of years to accept the use of mobile phones. It is

- A. Acculturation
- B. Cultural lag ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Cultural inertia
- D. None of these

A. Acculturation is adopting another culture, not slow adoption of a new thing.

g is the slow acceptance of a new element, as with mobile phones in a village.

C. Cultural inertia is resistance to change generally, not the time-lag in adoption.

D. Wrong: slow adoption is cultural lag.

Question 46 Sociology

Cultural change process is

- A. Inventions
- B. Discoveries
- C. Experiment
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Inventions drive cultural change.

B. Discoveries drive cultural change.

C. Experiments drive cultural change.

D. Cultural change proceeds through all of these: inventions, discoveries and experiments.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; D answered independently — all three are processes of cultural change.

Question 47 Research Methods

In order for a variable to be measured, a research must provide an?

- A. Operational definition ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Quantitative theorem
- C. Hypothesis
- D. None of these

A. To measure a variable, research must give an operational definition.

ıtive theorem is not what measurement requires.

C. A hypothesis is a testable statement, not the measurement definition.

D. Wrong: an operational definition is required.

Question 48 Social Work

Civil welfare rights roots trace back to:

- A. Humanity
- B. Humanism ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Religion
- D. None of these

A. Humanity is a general value, not the keyed root of civil welfare rights.

B. Humanism is the keyed root of civil welfare rights.

C. Religion is not the keyed root in this item.

D. Wrong: humanism is the keyed answer.

Question 49 Research Methods

If one dependent variable is after independent variable and before dependent variable is called:

- A. Dependent variable
- B. Intervening variable ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Extraneous variable
- D. None of these

A. A dependent variable is the outcome, not the in-between variable.

B. A variable between the independent and dependent variables is the intervening variable.

eous variable is an outside influence, not the in-between variable.

D. Wrong: the intervening variable sits in between.

Question 50 Research Methods

A testable statement is called _____.

- A. Observation
- B. Hypothesis ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Experiment
- D. None of these

A. An observation is what is seen, not a testable statement.

B. A testable statement is called a hypothesis.

C. An experiment tests a hypothesis; it is not the statement itself.

D. Wrong: a hypothesis is a testable statement.

Question 51 Sociology

Who defined " sociology as the science of social phenomena subject of natural and invariable laws?"

- A. Karl Marz
- B. August Comte ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Max Weber
- D. None of these

A. Karl Marx did not define sociology in these words.

B. Auguste Comte defined sociology as the science of social phenomena subject to natural and invariable laws.

C. Max Weber defined sociology differently (social action).

omte gave this definition.

Note: Note: Note: option A prints 'Karl Marz'; the intended name is Marx.

Question 52 Research Methods

The reasoning that uses general principal to predict specific results is called

- A. Inductive
- B. Deductive ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of these

A. Inductive reasoning goes from specific observations to general principles.

B. Deductive reasoning uses general principles to predict specific results.

C. Both cannot be right: the two are opposite directions of reasoning.

D. Wrong: general-to-specific is deductive.

Question 53 Sociology

Who first introduced the notion of anomie into sociology?

- A. Comte
- B. Durkheim ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Marz
- D. None of these

A. Comte did not introduce anomie into sociology.

B. Durkheim first introduced the notion of anomie into sociology.

C. Marx did not introduce anomie.

D. Wrong: Durkheim introduced anomie.

Note: option C prints "Marz", the intended name is Marx.

Question 54 Social Work

Social welfare administration is one of the:

- A. Methods in social work
- B. Public act
- C. Public administration ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Social welfare administration is not a method of social work as such.

B. It is not a public act.

C. Social welfare administration is a branch of public administration.

D. Wrong: it belongs to public administration.

Question 55 Social Work

Counselling is a_____

- A. Direct method ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Indirect method
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of these

A. Counselling is a direct method of social work, working face to face with the client.

B. Counselling is not an indirect method (administration, research).

C. Both cannot be right when counselling is a direct method.

D. Wrong: counselling is a direct method.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; A answered independently —

s classed with the direct methods of social work (casework), as against the indirect methods (administration, research).

Question 56 Sociology

Common place in village which is used for commonly in village is called:

- A. Pasture
- B. Charagah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Land
- D. None of these

A. Pasture is the English word, not the village term.

B. Charagah is the common village grazing ground.

C. Land is a general word, not the common place.

D. Wrong: charagah is the common village place.

Question 57 Sociology

If speed of inventions decreases then culture hang

- A. High
- B. Abnormal
- C. Low ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. If inventions slow, culture does not hang high.

B. Abnormal is not the keyed description.

C. If the speed of inventions decreases, culture hangs low (lags).

D. Wrong: low is the keyed answer.

Note: the stem is garbled as printed; C is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 58 Sociology

Who created the term Verstehen?

- A. Karl Marx
- B. Max Weber ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Wilhelm Dilthey
- D. None of these

A. Karl Marx did not create the term Verstehen.

B. Max Weber created (popularised) the term Verstehen, interpretive understanding.

C. Wilhelm Dilthey used the term earlier in philosophy, but Weber is the sociological answer.

D. Wrong: Weber is the keyed answer.

Question 59 Sociology

An upward shift in social class is called:

- A. Upward mobility ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Social customs
- C. Social mobility
- D. None of these

A. An upward shift in social class is called upward mobility.

B. Social customs are not a shift in class.

C. Social mobility is the general term; upward mobility is the upward shift.

D. Wrong: upward mobility is the precise term.

60 Research Methods

Survey is used which research method:

- A. Quantitative
- B. Qualitative
- C. Both A and B ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Surveys are used in quantitative research.

B. Surveys are used in qualitative research too.

C. Both A and B: the survey method is used in both quantitative and qualitative research.

D. Wrong: surveys serve both kinds of research.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; C answered independently — surveys are used in both quantitative and qualitative research.

Question 61 Sociology

Who wrote the book Sociological Imagination?

- A. Hans Gerth
- B. C Wright Mills ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Talcott Parsons
- D. None of these

A. Hans Gerth did not write The Sociological Imagination.

B. C. Wright Mills wrote The Sociological Imagination (1959).

C. Talcott Parsons did not write it.

D. Wrong: C. Wright Mills is the author.

62 Social Work

Social case work involves ____

- A. Social study
- B. Social Diagnosis
- C. Social treatment
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Social case work involves social study.

B. Social case work involves social diagnosis.

C. Social case work involves social treatment.

D. Social case work involves all of these: study, diagnosis and treatment.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; D answered independently — study, diagnosis and treatment are the three stages of social case work.

Question 63 Criminology

Which of the following is considered a white- collar crime?

- A. Consumer fraud
- B. Income tax evasion
- C. Bribery
- D. All the these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Consumer fraud is a white-collar crime.

B. Income tax evasion is a white-collar crime.

C. Bribery is a white-collar crime.

D. All of these are white-collar crimes.

Note: no printed key on the reproduction; D answered independently — fraud, tax evasion and bribery are all white-collar crimes.

Question 64 Criminology

Differential association theory was developed by sociologist

- A. Gunnar Mydral
- B. Herbert Spencer
- C. Edwin Sutherland ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Gunnar Myrdal did not develop differential association theory.

B. Herbert Spencer did not develop it.

C. Edwin Sutherland developed differential association theory.

D. Wrong: Sutherland is the theorist.

Question 65 Sociology

Which institution fulfills society basic needs?

- A. Emergence Unit
- B. Social Institutions ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Protective care center
- D. None of these

A. An emergence unit is not the institution that fulfils basic needs.

B. Social institutions fulfil society's basic needs.

C. A protective care centre is not the general institution.

D. Wrong: social institutions fulfil basic needs.

66 Statistics

In statistics, bivariate data is data on each of ____ variables, where each value of one of the variables is paired with a value of the other variable

- A. One
- B. Two ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Three
- D. None of these

A. Bivariate data is not data on one variable.

B. Bivariate data is data on two variables, paired together.

C. Bivariate data is not data on three variables.

D. Wrong: bivariate means two variables.

Question 67 Research Methods

Feminist Research aims at:

- A. Study of women's education
- B. Addressing women's issues with women's perspective ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Promotion of women research scholars
- D. None of these

A. Feminist research is not only about women's education.

B. Feminist research addresses women's issues from women's perspective.

C. It is not only about promoting women research scholars.

D. Wrong: addressing women's issues from women's perspective is its aim.

68 Social Work

Darul-ul-Aman is designated for

- A. Old age
- B. Disabled
- C. Women ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Dar-ul-Aman is not for old age.

B. Dar-ul-Aman is not for the disabled.

C. Dar-ul-Aman is a shelter for women.

D. Wrong: Dar-ul-Aman is designated for women.

Question 69 Research Methods

Research through one person to next and next is called

- A. Survey
- B. Snowball sampling ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Clinical trials
- D. None of these

A. A survey does not pass from one person to the next.

B. Snowball sampling proceeds through one person to the next.

C. Clinical trials are medical tests, not this sampling.

D. Wrong: snowball sampling works person to person.

Question 70 Sociology

Ibn Khuldun gave the concept of:

flict ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Structural
- C. Functional
- D. None of these

A. Ibn Khaldun's theory of the rise and fall of dynasties is sometimes classed with conflict theory.

B. Ibn Khaldun is not a structural theorist in the usual sense.

C. Ibn Khaldun is not a functionalist in the usual sense.

D. Ibn Khaldun's core concept is asabiyyah (social cohesion), which is not among the options, so D is also defensible; A is kept as the printed key.

Note: Note: PICK-ONE: Ibn Khaldun's core concept is asabiyyah (social cohesion), which is not offered, so D (None of these) is defensible; A kept as the printed key.

Question 71 Sociology

Movement of individuals, families and groups on the basis of hierarchy of stratification is called:

- A. Social Stratification
- B. Social movement
- C. Social mobility ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Social stratification is the hierarchy itself, not the movement within it.

B. A social movement is collective action, not movement on a hierarchy.

C. Movement of individuals or groups on the hierarchy of stratification is social mobility.

D. Wrong: social mobility is the movement.

72 Sociology

Rural infrastructure made villages_____.

- A. Small
- B. Lightened
- C. Developing ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Rural infrastructure does not make villages small.

B. Lightened is not the keyed description.

C. Rural infrastructure made villages developing.

D. Wrong: developing is the keyed answer.

Note: Note: Note: the stem is garbled as printed; C is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 73 Sociology

Sociological perspective means

- A. Understanding human behavior in broader context of society ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Understanding human behavior in narrower context of society
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of these

A. The sociological perspective means understanding human behaviour in the broader context of society.

B. It does not mean understanding behaviour in a narrower context.

C. Both cannot be right when the two are opposites.

D. Wrong: the broader context is the perspective.

74 Sociology

Farmers in villages do

- A. Plough wings and harvest
- B. Watering and crops
- C. Both A and B ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Farmers plough, sow and harvest.

B. Farmers water crops.

C. Farmers do both: ploughing and harvesting, and watering crops.

D. Wrong: both A and B describe farmers' work.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; C answered independently — farmers do both.

Question 75 Sociology

Who wrote first textbook on rural sociology:

- A. John M.Gillette ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Wallace Olsen
- C. Kenneth P. Wilkinson
- D. None of these

A. John M. Gillette wrote the first textbook on rural sociology.

B. Wallace Olsen did not write the first textbook.

C. Kenneth P. Wilkinson did not write the first textbook.

D. Wrong: Gillette wrote the first textbook.

76 Sociology

Cases of emergence rural sociology in farmer production low he will

- A. Survive
- B. Produce more
- C. Domestic consumption ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. A farmer with low production does not simply survive on it.

B. He does not produce more by low production.

C. With low production he produces for domestic consumption.

D. Wrong: domestic consumption is the keyed answer.

Note: Note: Note: the stem is garbled as printed; C is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 77 Sociology

Farmers link with capitalist through ____.

- A. Market
- B. Trade ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Technology
- D. None of these

A. Farmers link with capitalists through the market in general, but the keyed link is trade.

B. Farmers link with capitalists through trade.

C. Technology is not the keyed link.

D. Wrong: trade is the keyed answer.

78 Sociology

The farmer's priority is:

- A. Substance
- B. Commercial
- C. Both A and B ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. A farmer's priority is subsistence.

B. A farmer's priority is also commercial production.

C. Both A and B: subsistence and commercial farming are both priorities.

D. Wrong: both subsistence and commercial are priorities.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; C answered independently — farmers farm both for subsistence and for sale.

Question 79 Sociology

Shifting of labor from rural to urban is become:

- A. Exceeds ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Scarcity
- C. Normal
- D. None of these

A. Shifting of labour from rural to urban areas becomes excessive (exceeds).

B. Scarcity is not the keyed description.

C. Normal is not the keyed description.

D. Wrong: exceeds is the keyed answer.

Note: the stem is garbled as printed; A is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 80 Sociology

The village economy is based on:

- A. Agriculture ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Animal
- C. Iudustry
- D. None of these

A. The village economy is based on agriculture.

B. Animals are part of it, but agriculture is the base.

C. Industry is not the base of the village economy.

D. Wrong: agriculture is the base.

Note: Note: Note: option C prints 'Iudustry'; the intended word is Industry.

Question 81 Sociology

Which is the feature of Ruler Society?

- A. Face to face interaction ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hight density population
- C. Dynamic Lifestyle
- D. None of these

A. Face-to-face interaction is the feature of rural society.

B. High density population marks urban society, not rural.

C. A dynamic lifestyle marks urban society, not rural.

ce-to-face interaction marks rural society.

Note: Note: Note: stem prints 'Ruler Society' for 'Rural Society'.

Question 82 Social Work

In villages for health government provide:

- A. Dispensaries
- B. Primary health unit
- C. Rural health centre ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Dispensaries are small units, not the government's village health provision in this item.

B. A primary health unit is a smaller unit.

C. The government provides Rural Health Centres in villages.

D. Wrong: Rural Health Centre is the keyed answer.

Question 83 Sociology

Ruler areas people usually associated with:

- A. Agriculture ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Industries
- C. Professional
- D. None of these

A. Rural people are usually associated with agriculture.

B. They are not usually associated with industries.

C. They are not usually associated with professional work.

D. Wrong: agriculture is the rural association.

Note: stem prints 'Ruler areas' for 'Rural areas'.

Question 84 Sociology

Which among the following is an indirect method of social control?

- A. Folkways
- B. Propaganda ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Costoms
- D. None of these

A. Folkways are an informal method, not an indirect method.

B. Propaganda is an indirect method of social control.

C. Customs are an informal method, not an indirect method.

D. Wrong: propaganda is the indirect method.

Note: Note: Note: option C prints 'Costoms'; the intended word is Customs.

Question 85 Sociology

Why studying kural sociology is important:

- A. Technology
- B. Knowledge
- C. Reforms in farm production
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Studying rural sociology is important for technology.

B. It is important for knowledge.

C. It is important for reforms in farm production.

D. It is important for all of these: technology, knowledge and farm reforms.

Note: no printed key on the reproduction; D answered independently — all three are reasons to study rural sociology. Stem prints 'kural' for 'rural'.

Question 86 Sociology

Modern agriculture aims:

- A. To obtain the highest yields
- B. To get the highest economic profit possible
- C. Both A and B ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Modern agriculture aims to obtain the highest yields.

B. Modern agriculture aims to get the highest economic profit possible.

C. Both A and B: modern agriculture aims at both high yields and high profit.

D. Wrong: both aims are correct.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; C answered independently — modern agriculture pursues both yield and profit.

Question 87 Sociology

_____is a major feature of rural sociology:

- A. Heterogeneity
- B. Homogeneity ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Dynamic life
- D. None of these

A. Heterogeneity marks urban life, not rural sociology.

B. Homogeneity is a major feature of rural sociology.

C. A dynamic life marks urban life, not rural sociology.

omogeneity is the feature.

Question 88 Sociology

Which among the following is an informal method of social control?

- A. Coercion
- B. Customs ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Education
- D. None of these

A. Coercion is a formal method of social control.

B. Customs are an informal method of social control.

C. Education is a formal method of social control.

D. Wrong: customs are informal.

Question 89 Sociology

Sociological ____ allows people to see the relationship between their personal experiences and broader social and historical events.

- A. Consciousness
- B. Imagination ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Theory
- D. None of these

A. Sociological consciousness is not the term for this insight.

B. The sociological imagination lets people see the link between personal experience and broader history.

C. Sociological theory is the general body of theory, not this specific insight.

D. Wrong: the sociological imagination is the term.

_____ and industrialization led to the emergence of the working class as a large and powerful body, which led to the birth of Marxism, and gave a new perspective and relationship with the society they lived in.

- A. Urbanization ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Modernization
- C. Westernization
- D. None of these

A. Urbanisation and industrialisation led to the working class and to Marxism.

B. Modernisation alone is not the keyed cause.

C. Westernisation alone is not the keyed cause.

D. Wrong: urbanisation is the keyed answer.

Question 91 Sociology

In capitalism, _____ class possess only their own labor power, which they must sell in order to survive

- A. Bourgeoisie
- B. Peasant
- C. Proletariat ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The bourgeoisie own the means of production; they do not sell only their labour.

B. The peasant works the land; the class described is not the peasant.

C. In capitalism the proletariat possess only their labour power, which they must sell to survive.

D. Wrong: the proletariat is the class.

92 Sociology

One person move from one country to another referred as

- A. To improve their living standard ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Common culture
- C. To fulfill basic needs
- D. None of these

A. Moving from one country to another is done to improve the living standard.

B. Common culture is not what the move is referred to as here.

C. Fulfilling basic needs is a related reason, but the keyed answer is improving the living standard.

D. Wrong: improving the living standard is the keyed answer.

Note: Note: Note: the stem is elliptical as printed — the options list reasons for migration; A is kept as the reproduction's printed key.

Question 93 Sociology

Pastoral society means

- A. Nomadic group of people who travel with a herd of domesticated animals, which they rely on for food ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. A society driven by the use of technology and machinery to enable mass production
- C. An organization devoted to the study and cultural of cultivated plants
- D. None of these

A. A pastoral society is a nomadic group travelling with a herd of domesticated animals.

B. A technology-driven mass-production society is an industrial society.

C. An organisation studying cultivated plants is not a pastoral society.

pastoral means nomadic herders.

Question 94 Mathematics

A man takes 6 hours 15 minutes in walking a distance and riding back to starting place. He could walk both ways in 7 hours 45 minutes. The time taken by him to ride back both ways

- A. 5 hours
- B. 4 hours and 45 min ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 4 hours and 30 mins
- D. None of these

A. Walk one way + ride one way = 6h 15m; walk both ways = 7h 45m, so walk one way = 3h 52.5m and ride one way = 2h 22.5m.

B. Ride both ways = 2 x 2h 22.5m = 4 hours 45 minutes.

C. 4 hours 30 minutes does not follow from the figures.

D. Wrong: the ride both ways takes 4 hours 45 minutes.

Question 95 Sociology

When people own large scale involve in agriculture by using animal plough it will be

- A. Agricultural society ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Horticulture society
- C. Industrial society
- D. None of these

A. Large-scale agriculture using animal ploughs is an agricultural society.

B. A horticulture society uses hand tools on small plots, not animal ploughs at scale.

C. An industrial society is based on machines, not animal ploughs.

gricultural society is the answer.

Question 96 Sociology

Some friend meets for a tea at some place it is referred as

- A. Customs
- B. Folkways ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Culture
- D. None of these

A. Meeting friends for tea is not a custom in the strict sense.

B. Meeting friends for tea is a folkway, an everyday habitual practice.

C. Culture is the whole way of life, not this single practice.

D. Wrong: it is a folkway.

Question 97 Mathematics

If the price of the commodity in increased by 50% by what fraction must its consummation be reduced so as to keep the same expenditure on its consummation?

- A. 1/2
- B. 1/3 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1/4
- D. None of these

A. If price rises by 50%, expenditure stays the same only if consumption falls by 1/2 of the new amount, which is 1/3 of the old.

B. New price is 3/2 of the old, so consumption must be 2/3 of the old: a reduction of 1/3.

C. 1/4 does not keep expenditure the same.

D. Wrong: consumption must fall by 1/3.

98 Sociology

Some cultural elements grow fast than the other which in turn legs behind is called:

- A. Cultural diffusion
- B. Cultural lag ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Cultural diversity
- D. None of these

A. Cultural diffusion is the spread of culture, not uneven growth.

B. When some cultural elements grow fast and others lag behind, it is cultural lag.

C. Cultural diversity is variety, not uneven growth.

D. Wrong: uneven growth is cultural lag.

Question 99 Research Methods

The reasoning that uses specific observations to construct general principal is:

- A. Inductive ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Deductive
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of these

A. Using specific observations to construct general principles is inductive reasoning.

B. Deductive reasoning goes from general principles to specific results.

C. Both cannot be right: the two run in opposite directions.

D. Wrong: specific-to-general is inductive.

Question 100 Sociology

Which of the following basic needs of human beings are fulfilled by social institutions?

- B. Food
- C. Personality development
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Social institutions fulfil the need for shelter.

B. Social institutions fulfil the need for food.

C. Social institutions fulfil personality development.

D. Social institutions fulfil all of these basic human needs.

Note: Note: Note: no printed key on the reproduction; D answered independently — shelter, food and personality development are all served by social institutions.

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