Account and Audit Officer (Model Paper PPSC 2024) — 2024 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Account and Audit Officer (Model Paper PPSC 2024) · **Year:** 2024 · **Questions:** 25 in the original paper — **25 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2024 sitting.

Source note: test360.pk full keyed reproduction, 'Model Paper PPSC 2024 Account and Audit Officer 12-10-2024' (25 questions numbered 1-25, all 25 with a single printed key; accessed 9 Nov 2026). No built paper of this sitting exists. 2 printed-key corrections (Q1, A to B; Q22, C to B); 3 PICK-ONE (Q1, Q21, Q25), decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation. Answers verified independently against reference facts, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone.

Question 1 English

Choose the Antonym of : Urbanity

- A. Rustic
- B. Crudeness ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Cruelty
- D. Sociability

A. Rustic is a defensible opposite of urbanity (refined city manners), but it describes a country manner rather than the direct opposite of refinement.

s is the direct antonym: urbanity means refinement and politeness of manner, and crudeness is the lack of refinement.

C. Cruelty means delight in causing pain, which has nothing to do with refinement of manner.

D. Sociability means friendliness, which is close to urbanity, not its opposite.

Note: Note: PICK-ONE — printed key A (Rustic) corrected to B: the same stem with the same A/B options was already decided in built 37ln (Q73, Sub-Inspector 2022) as PICK-ONE B (Crudeness); both Rustic and Crudeness are defensible, but Crudeness is the direct antonym of refinement. Library consistency requires the same answer here. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 2 English

Most suitable antonym for: Tangible

- A. Solid
- B. Weak
- C. Concrete
- D. Abstract ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Solid means firm and hard, which is close to tangible, not its opposite.

B. Weak means lacking strength, which is not the opposite of tangible (perceptible by touch).

C. Concrete means real and physical, which is close to tangible, not its opposite.

D. Abstract means existing in thought rather than physically, which is the opposite of tangible (perceptible by touch).

3 English

Most suitable antonym for: Provoke

- A. Pacify ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Promote
- C. Annoy
- D. Sympathies

A. Pacify means to calm someone down, which is the opposite of provoke (to stir up anger).

B. Promote means to encourage or advance, which is close to provoke in the sense of stirring up, not its opposite.

C. Annoy means to irritate, which is close to provoke, not its opposite.

D. Sympathies are feelings of pity, not an action opposite to provoking.

Question 4 English

Synonym of Felicity

- A. Freedom
- B. Choice
- C. Happiness ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Failure

A. Freedom means liberty, which is not what felicity means.

B. Choice means the act of selecting, which is not what felicity means.

C. Happiness is what felicity means: great happiness and joy.

D. Failure is the opposite of success, not a synonym of felicity.

5 English

Synonym of incongruous

- A. Compatible
- B. Harmonious
- C. Inconsistent ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Peace

A. Compatible means able to exist together, which is the opposite of incongruous.

B. Harmonious means in agreement, which is the opposite of incongruous.

C. Inconsistent means not in agreement or not matching, which is what incongruous means.

D. Peace means freedom from disturbance, which is not what incongruous means.

Question 6 English

She was disgusted by her friend's outrageous behavior.

- A. Threatening
- B. Shocking ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Unbecoming
- D. Unacceptable

A. Threatening means expressing an intention to harm, which is not what outrageous means here.

B. Shocking means causing outrage or disgust, which is what outrageous means: her friend's behaviour disgusted her.

C. Unbecoming means not fitting or proper, which is weaker than outrageous and not its best synonym.

D. Unacceptable means not satisfactory, which is weaker than outrageous and not its best

Question 7 English

Sun rises in the east .

- A. Sun rises in east
- B. The sun rises in the east ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Sun rises in the east
- D. The sun rises in east

A. Sun rises in east omits the definite article before both 'sun' and 'east', so it is not correct English.

B. The sun rises in the east is the correct sentence: the definite article is used with 'sun' and with 'east' as a direction.

C. Sun rises in the east omits the article before 'sun', so it is not correct English.

D. The sun rises in east omits the article before 'east', so it is not correct English.

Question 8 English

He ordered me as if I am his brother.

- A. He ordered me as if I am his brother
- B. He ordered me as if I was his brother
- C. He ordered me as if I were his brother ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. He ordered me as if I will be his brother

A. He ordered me as if I am his brother uses the present tense after 'as if' for an unreal comparison, which is wrong.

B. He ordered me as if I was his brother uses 'was', but the subjunctive 'were' is required after 'as if' for an unreal situation.

d me as if I were his brother is correct: 'as if' takes the subjunctive 'were' for an unreal comparison.

D. He ordered me as if I will be his brother uses the future tense, which does not fit an 'as if' unreal comparison.

Question 9 English

Work hard lest you ----

- A. Will fail
- B. Will not fail
- C. Should fail ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Failed

A. Will fail is wrong after 'lest', which is followed by 'should' (lest you should fail).

B. Will not fail reverses the meaning: 'lest' already carries the negative sense, so a negative verb is wrong.

C. Should fail is correct: 'lest' is followed by 'should' + the base verb, meaning 'in case you fail'.

D. Failed is the past tense and cannot follow 'lest'.

Question 10 English

I differ ---- you on this issue.

- A. To
- B. On
- C. With ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. At

A. Differ to is not an idiom; 'to' does not follow 'differ' in this sense.

s used with a topic (differ on this issue is possible), but the person is the object here, and the idiom with a person is 'differ with'.

C. Differ with is the correct idiom when disagreeing with a person: 'I differ with you'.

D. Differ at is not an idiom.

Question 11 English

We entered ---- an agreement.

- A. For
- B. In
- C. Into ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. At

A. Entered for an agreement is not an idiom.

B. Entered in an agreement is not the idiom for signing an agreement.

C. Entered into is the correct idiom: 'to enter into an agreement' means to sign or conclude one.

D. Entered at an agreement is not an idiom.

Question 12 English

The lion ran ---- the dear and tore it into pieces.

- A. On
- B. At ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Up
- D. Into

A. Ran on the deer is not the idiom for attacking an animal.

B. Ran at means rushed towards to attack, which fits, the lion ran at the deer and tore it

C. Ran up the deer is not the idiom for attacking an animal.

D. Ran into the deer would mean collided with it, not attacked it.

Note: Note: The stem misprints 'deer' as 'dear'. Filed as printed, never silently corrected. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 13 English

A person who opposes war and violence.

- A. Pacifist ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Anarchist
- C. Nihilist
- D. Extremist

A. Pacifist is a person who opposes war and violence.

B. Anarchist is a person who opposes all government and authority, not specifically war and violence.

C. Nihilist is a person who believes life is meaningless, not specifically an opponent of war.

D. Extremist is a person with extreme political or religious views, the opposite of a pacifist.

Question 14 English

The condition of being unable to create a piece of written work because something in your mind prevents you from doing it.

- A. Writer's cramp
- B. Writer's block ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Writer's Box
- D. Writer's Barrier

...amp is a physical hand condition from writing too much, not a mental block.

B. Writer's block is the condition of being unable to create written work because something in the mind prevents it.

C. Writer's Box is not a term for this condition.

D. Writer's Barrier is not a term for this condition.

Question 15 English

One who hates mankind:

- A. Sadist
- B. Masochist
- C. Narcissist
- D. Misanthrope ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sadist is a person who enjoys causing pain to others, not one who hates mankind.

B. Masochist is a person who enjoys their own pain, not one who hates mankind.

C. Narcissist is a person who loves themselves excessively, not one who hates mankind.

D. Misanthrope is one who hates mankind.

Question 16 English

A person who loves books:

- A. Bibliophile ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Bibliophobe
- C. Cinephile
- D. Misanthrope

A. Bibliophile is a person who loves books.

...be would mean a person who fears books, the opposite.

C. Cinephile is a person who loves films, not books.

D. Misanthrope is one who hates mankind, not a lover of books.

Question 17 English

He found himself in hot water over his comments about immigration.

- A. To receive Parise or resignition
- B. To face criticism or trouble ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. To remain neutral in a situation
- D. To avoid consequences

A. To receive praise or resignation is not what 'in hot water' means (the option is also garbled: 'Parise or resignition').

B. To face criticism or trouble is what 'in hot water' means: he was in trouble over his comments.

C. To remain neutral in a situation is not what 'in hot water' means.

D. To avoid consequences is the opposite of being in hot water.

Note: Note: Option A prints the garbled 'To receive Parise or resignition'. Filed as printed, never silently corrected. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 18 English

I can help out a pinch if you need a babysitter.

- A. Day and night
- B. On regular basis
- C. In case of an emergency ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Under close supervision

ight means all the time, which is not what 'in a pinch' means.

B. On a regular basis means routinely, which is not what 'in a pinch' means.

C. In case of an emergency is what 'in a pinch' means: help when you urgently need it.

D. Under close supervision means watched carefully, which is not what 'in a pinch' means.

Question 19 English

You can refuse to talk to her if you like but you're just cutting off your nose to spite your face.

- A. Trying to harm the other person
- B. Making a situation worse for yourself ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Taking an unnecessary risk
- D. Avoiding problem out of anger

A. Trying to harm the other person is not the idiom: cutting off your nose to spite your face harms yourself, not the other person.

B. Making a situation worse for yourself is what the idiom means: refusing to talk to her hurts you more than her.

C. Taking an unnecessary risk is not what the idiom means.

D. Avoiding a problem out of anger is not what the idiom means.

Question 20 English

Bacon had thirst ---- knowledge.

- A. For ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. About
- C. Of
- D. To

is the correct idiom. Bacon had a thirst for knowledge, a strong desire for it.

B. Thirst about is not an idiom.

C. Thirst of is not the idiom for a strong desire for knowledge.

D. Thirst to is not an idiom.

Question 21 English

He was destined ----- the bar.

- A. About
- B. Over
- C. In
- D. To ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Destined about the bar is not an idiom.

B. Destined over the bar is not an idiom.

C. Destined in the bar is not an idiom.

D. Destined to is the intended answer among the options, though the correct idiom is 'destined FOR the bar' (the bar as a profession).

Note: Note: PICK-ONE — no option is strictly correct: the idiom is 'destined FOR the bar', and 'for' is not listed; D ('to') is the intended answer. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 22 English

He has been given to --- that he is going abroad.

- A. Predict
- B. Understand ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Learn

A. Predict does not fit the fixed phrase: 'given to predict that' is not an idiom.

B. Understand is correct: the fixed idiom is 'given to understand that ...', meaning told or informed that something is the case.

C. Learn does not fit the fixed phrase: 'given to learn that' is not an idiom.

D. Think does not fit the fixed phrase: 'given to think that' is not an idiom.

Note: Note: PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION — C to B: the fixed idiom is 'given to understand that ...' (told/informed), so the blank is 'understand', not 'learn'. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 23 English

His father passed ---- last Sunday

- A. Away ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Off
- C. Ever
- D. Out

A. Passed away means died, which fits: his father died last Sunday.

B. Passed off means happened or was dismissed as something, which does not fit here.

C. Passed ever is not an idiom.

D. Passed out means fainted, which does not fit here.

Question 24 English

You must get rid---- unnecessary things.

- A. Of ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Off
- D. Over

A. Get rid of is the correct idiom: you must get rid of unnecessary things.

B. Get rid about is not an idiom.

C. Get rid off is not an idiom.

D. Get rid over is not an idiom.

Question 25 English

Antonym of Sapient is:

- A. Hunched
- B. Strong
- C. Simple ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Simian

A. Hunched means bent over, which has nothing to do with wisdom.

B. Strong means powerful, which is not an antonym of sapient (wise).

C. Simple is the intended answer: 'simple' (simple-minded) is the only option suggesting lack of wisdom.

D. Simian means ape-like, which has nothing to do with wisdom.

Note: Note: PICK-ONE — no exact antonym of sapient (wise = foolish) is listed; 'Simple' (simple-minded) is the intended/closest answer. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

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