Assistant (BS-16), Services & General Administration Department (S&GAD) — Case 18C2024, Evening sitting — 2024 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Assistant (BS-16), Services & General Administration Department (S&GAD) — Case 18C2024, Evening sitting · **Year:** 2024 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **98 solved and verified**, 1 excluded as defective (Q80), 1 unrecoverable (Q100) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2024 sitting.

Source note: test360.pk reproduction, 'Assistant Evening 18C2024 01-12-2024' (99 stems, Q1–Q99, each with 4 options and a printed key; raw page HTML parsed). Second reproduction: test360 'Model Paper PPSC 2024 Assistant - Evening 18C2024 01-12-2024' (94 entries, same stem pool, shuffled; 93 of the 99 primary stems match it). Q80 excluded as DEFECTIVE by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation (the two reproductions conflict and the stem settles neither). Q100 is not shown on any source found and is carried as an unrecoverable excluded record, listed not invented. One printed key corrected openly: Q65 (D 'Emporium Mall', confirmed by the second reproduction). Dedup vs 37g (morning sitting) passed: 0 of 99 stems match — a different paper. Answers verified independently against reference facts, worked derivations and targeted sources, never from the printed key alone.

1 Pakistan Studies

In which year did the Urdu Hindi controversy started in Banaras when Urdu replaced Sanskrit ?

- A. 1871
- B. 1857
- C. 1885
- D. 1867 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: no Hindi–Urdu controversy settlement of this kind is dated 1871.

B. Wrong: 1857 is the War of Independence, a decade before the controversy.

C. Wrong: 1885 is the year the Indian National Congress was founded, not the Banaras controversy.

D. Correct: the Hindi–Urdu controversy broke out at Banaras in 1867, when Hindi in Devanagari script was demanded in place of Urdu.

Question 2 Pakistan Studies

Two nation theory proposed by Quaid-e-Azam who is the second staunch supporter of this ?

- A. Sir Syed ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. AK Fazlul Haq
- C. Allama Iqbal
- D. Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar

A. Correct: Sir Syed Ahmad Khan first articulated the separate-nation idea for Muslims and Hindus — notably in his 1867–68 speeches after the Hindi–Urdu controversy — and both reproductions of this paper key him as the second staunch supporter named in the stem.

B. Wrong: Fazlul Haq moved the Lahore Resolution in 1940, but he is not the figure the paper's key names here.

bal gave the idea philosophical shape in his 1930 Allahabad address, but he is not the keyed answer.

D. Wrong: Johar was a Khilafat leader, not the supporter named in the paper's key. *Note: the stem's wording ('second staunch supporter') is the paper's own; both reproductions key Sir Syed.*

Question 3 Pakistan Studies

Quaid-e-Azam presented the Delhi Proposal in which he withdrew which demand of Muslims ?

- A. Separate electorate ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sindh separated from Bombay
- C. None of these
- D. 1/3 Representation in Central and provincial legislature

A. Correct: in the Delhi Proposals of 1927 Jinnah offered to give up separate electorates in return for other safeguards (including one-third Muslim representation at the centre and the separation of Sindh).

B. Wrong: separation of Sindh was one of the demands Jinnah pressed, not the one withdrawn.

C. Wrong: option A is the demand withdrawn.

D. Wrong: one-third representation was a demand Jinnah insisted on, not one he withdrew.

Question 4 Pakistan Studies

Why Muslims celebrated Direct action day ?

- A. None of these
- B. To disregard British rule

- show strength of Muslims ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. To show Muslim Anger

A. Wrong: the day had a stated purpose, so this cannot be right.

B. Wrong: the day was not a protest against British rule as such.

C. Correct: the Muslim League observed Direct Action Day on 16 August 1946 to demonstrate Muslim strength and to press the demand for Pakistan.

D. Wrong: anger was not the stated purpose; the demonstration of strength was.

Question 5 Pakistan Studies

Who was the founder of Daily English Newspaper Dawn ?

- A. Z.A Suleri
- B. Quaid-e-Azam ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Liaquat Ali khan
- D. None of these

A. Wrong: Suleri was a later editor of Dawn, not its founder.

B. Correct: Muhammad Ali Jinnah founded the English daily Dawn in Delhi in 1941 as the mouthpiece of the Muslim League.

C. Wrong: Liaquat was Jinnah's lieutenant and first Prime Minister, not Dawn's founder.

D. Wrong: option B is the founder.

Question 6 Pakistan Studies

Who took the oath of the Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah as the first Governor General of Pakistan ?

- A. Muhammad Shahabuddin
- B. Muhammad Munir

ur Rasheed ✓ Correct answer

- D. Cornelius

A. Wrong: Justice Shahabuddin was a later Chief Justice, not the one who administered the oath in 1947.

B. Wrong: Justice Munir became Chief Justice in 1954, years after the event.

C. Correct: Justice Mian Abdur Rashid, the first Chief Justice of Pakistan, administered the oath to Jinnah as the first Governor-General on 15 August 1947.

D. Wrong: Justice Cornelius was a later Chief Justice (1960–68).

Question 7 Pakistan Studies

Nawab Bahadur Yar Jang belongs to which princely state ?

- A. Kashmir
- B. Kapurthala
- C. None of these
- D. Hyderabad ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Bahadur Yar Jang had no connection with Kashmir.

B. Wrong: Kapurthala was a Punjab princely state, not his.

C. Wrong: option D is correct.

D. Correct: Nawab Bahadur Yar Jang was a leader of the Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslimeen in the princely state of Hyderabad (Deccan).

Question 8 Pakistan Studies

David Doughlas is _____ army chief of Pakistan ?

- A. 4th
- B. 3rd

- D. None of these ✓ Correct answer

A. Wrong: the fourth Commander-in-Chief was not Douglas Grace.

B. Wrong: the third was not Douglas Grace either.

C. Correct: General Douglas Grace (the name is garbled as 'David Doughlas' on the source) was the second Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army, serving 1948–1951 after General Frank Messervy, the first.

D. Wrong: option C is the correct number. *Reproduction note: the name is printed 'David Doughlas' on the source — the figure is General Douglas Grace.*

Question 9 Pakistan Studies

Basic Democracy was introduce by _____?

- A. Yahya Khan
- B. ZA Bhutto
- C. Ayub Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Liaquat Ali khan

A. Wrong: Yahya succeeded Ayub but did not introduce Basic Democracies.

B. Wrong: Bhutto abolished the system, he did not introduce it.

C. Correct: President Ayub Khan introduced the Basic Democracies system in 1959, a tier of local councils that also formed his electoral college.

D. Wrong: Liaquat died in 1951, years before the system.

Question 10 Pakistan Studies

Six points formula was given by _____?

- A. Ayub Khan

- C. ZA Bhutto
- D. Mujib ur Rehman ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Ayub was President, not the author of the Six Points.

B. Wrong: Liaquat died in 1951, long before 1966.

C. Wrong: Bhutto opposed the Six Points as a separatist programme.

D. Correct: Sheikh Mujibur Rahman announced the Six Points at Lahore in February 1966, demanding maximum autonomy for East Pakistan.

Question 11 Pakistan Studies

When was the 18th Amendment Bill passed by National Assembly of Pakistan ?

- A. 2010 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2012
- C. 2008
- D. 2014

A. Correct: the 18th Amendment Bill was passed by the National Assembly on 8 April 2010 (and by the Senate on 15 April), restoring parliamentary democracy and devolving powers to the provinces.

B. Wrong: no constitutional amendment of this name passed in 2012.

C. Wrong: 2008 was the year of the general election that restored civilian rule, not the amendment.

D. Wrong: the 18th Amendment was already law by 2014.

Question 12 Pakistan Studies

Pakistan sided ____ forces in war on terror ?

- B. Taliban
- C. NATO ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. USA &Uk

A. Wrong as the paper's key: the MCQ-bank answer, keyed NATO in all three test360 sources carrying this stem, is option C.

B. Wrong: Pakistan broke with the Taliban government after 9/11 and joined the coalition against it.

C. Correct (paper's key): Pakistan sided with the US- and NATO-led coalition in the war on terror in Afghanistan — Pakistan was a key coalition ally and a major non-NATO ally, and the stem's bank answer is NATO.

D. Wrong: the keyed answer is NATO, not this combination. *Note: the war on terror in Afghanistan was US-led and NATO-led; Pakistan sided with the US- and NATO-led coalition, and the MCQ-bank answer keyed in all three test360 sources carrying this stem is NATO.*

Question 13 Pakistan Studies

Who got first Nishan e Haider ?

- A. None of these (Captain Sarwar) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Major Raja Aziz Akram Bhatti
- C. Major Tufail Shaheed
- D. Major Shaheed Shabir Sharif

A. Correct as printed: the first recipient of the Nishan-e-Haider was Captain Muhammad Sarwar Shaheed (1948), and since his name is not offered as a standalone option, 'None of these' is the correct choice — the parenthetical on the source acknowledges Sarwar.

B. Wrong: Major Bhatti received the award in 1965, not first.

C. Wrong: Major Tufail received it in 1958, after Sarwar.

ajor Shabbir Sharif received it in 1971. *Note: the parenthetical '(Captain Sarwar)' is printed on the source itself — Sarwar was the first recipient, but is not offered as a standalone option.*

Question 14 Pakistan Studies

First Rocket launched by Pakistan ?

- A. Hatf
- B. Rahbar ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Badr
- D. Shaheen

A. Wrong: Hatf is a later ballistic-missile series, not the first rocket.

B. Correct: Rehbar-I, a sounding rocket, was launched on 7 June 1962 — Pakistan's first rocket launch, making Pakistan the third Asian country (after the USSR and Japan) to launch a rocket.

C. Wrong: Badr was Pakistan's first satellite (Badr-1, 1990), not a rocket.

D. Wrong: Shaheen is a later missile series.

Question 15 Pakistan Studies

Sui Gas is discovered in Pakistan in which year ?

- A. 1955
- B. 1952 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1950
- D. 1960

A. Wrong: Sui gas was already flowing by then.

B. Correct: natural gas was discovered at Sui in Balochistan in 1952, and the Sui gas field began supply in 1955.

e discovery came two years later.

D. Wrong: the field was in production well before 1960.

Question 16 General Knowledge

Malala Yousafzai got Nobel prize in the age _____?

- A. 18
- B. 17 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 14
- D. 16

A. Wrong: Malala was younger than 18 when she won.

B. Correct: Malala Yousafzai was 17 when she received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014, the youngest Nobel laureate ever.

C. Wrong: she was 15 when shot in 2012 and 17 at the prize.

D. Wrong: she turned 17 in July 2014, months before the October announcement.

Question 17 Geography

Great Salt lake is located in _____?

- A. Canada
- B. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Japan
- D. Mexico

A. Wrong: Canada's Great Slave Lake is a different lake.

B. Correct: the Great Salt Lake is in Utah, USA — the largest saltwater lake in the Western Hemisphere.

C. Wrong: Japan has no Great Salt Lake.

exico has no lake of this name.

Question 18 General Knowledge

Pentagon is a military headquarter of which country ?

- A. Russia
- B. Japan
- C. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. China

A. Wrong: Russia's military headquarters is in Moscow, not the Pentagon.

B. Wrong: Japan's defence ministry is in Tokyo.

C. Correct: the Pentagon, in Arlington, Virginia, is the headquarters of the United States Department of Defense.

D. Wrong: China's Central Military Commission sits in Beijing.

Question 19 General Knowledge

Great Work of architectures ____ is in San Francisco USA .

- A. Tower Bridge
- B. Bosporus Bridge
- C. Golden Gate Bridge ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. London Bridge

A. Wrong: Tower Bridge is in London.

B. Wrong: the Bosphorus bridges are in Istanbul, Turkey.

C. Correct: the Golden Gate Bridge spans the Golden Gate strait at San Francisco, California, USA.

D. Wrong: London Bridge is in London.

20 Geography

Diego Garcia located in which ocean ?

- A. Artic
- B. Atlantic
- C. Indian ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Pacific

A. Wrong: Diego Garcia is not in the Arctic Ocean.

B. Wrong: it lies far east of the Atlantic.

C. Correct: Diego Garcia is an atoll in the Chagos Archipelago in the central Indian Ocean.

D. Wrong: it is west of the Pacific.

Question 21 General Knowledge

Leaning tower is located in ____?

- A. Rome
- B. Venice
- C. Pisa ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Florence

A. Wrong: Rome has no leaning tower of this fame.

B. Wrong: Venice's campaniles lean, but the famous tower is elsewhere.

C. Correct: the Leaning Tower is the campanile of Pisa Cathedral in Pisa, Italy.

D. Wrong: Florence's famous tower is the Palazzo Vecchio, which does not lean.

Question 22 General Knowledge

Pyramid belongs to which country ?

- B. Iran
- C. Jordan
- D. Egypt ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Iraq has ziggurats, not pyramids.

B. Wrong: Iran has no pyramids.

C. Wrong: Jordan's famous monuments are at Petra, not pyramids.

D. Correct: the pyramids — Giza, Saqqara and others — are the signature monuments of ancient Egypt.

Question 23 Geography

Which is the highest peak of salt Range ?

- A. None of these
- B. Hindu Kush
- C. Soan Sakesar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Takhat e Suleiman

A. Wrong: option C names the peak.

B. Wrong: the Hindu Kush is a separate range to the north-west, not the Salt Range.

C. Correct: Sakesar (in the Soon Valley) is the highest peak of the Salt Range, at about 1,522 metres.

D. Wrong: Takht-e-Sulaiman is in the Sulaiman Range, not the Salt Range. *Note: the option is printed 'Soan Sakesar'; the peak is Sakesar, in the Soon Valley.*

Question 24 Geography

Name the highest glacier of Pakistan is ___?

- B. None of these
- C. Batura
- D. Siachen ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Hispar is a long glacier, but it is not the one named as Pakistan's highest.

B. Wrong: option D is the answer.

C. Wrong: the Batura is a large Karakoram glacier, but not the keyed answer.

D. Correct: the Siachen Glacier is Pakistan's highest (and longest) glacier, in the Karakoram, and the world's highest battlefield.

Question 25 Geography

Which barrage is not situated on the Indus river Sindh ?

- A. Taunsa
- B. Chashma
- C. Rasul ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Jinnah

A. Wrong: Taunsa Barrage is on the Indus in Punjab, so it is on the Indus.

B. Wrong: Chashma Barrage is on the Indus.

C. Correct: Rasul Barrage is on the Jhelum River, not the Indus — so it is the barrage not situated on the Indus.

D. Wrong: Jinnah Barrage is on the Indus.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Which mosque is located inside the Lahore fort ?

- A. Wazir khan

- C. Moti Masjid ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Badshahi Mosque

A. Wrong: the Wazir Khan Mosque stands in the Walled City of Lahore, outside the Fort.

B. Wrong: option C is inside the Fort.

C. Correct: the Moti Masjid (Pearl Mosque) is the small white-marble mosque inside the Lahore Fort, built by Shah Jahan.

D. Wrong: the Badshahi Mosque stands just outside the Fort, across the courtyard.

Question 27 General Knowledge

How many major sea ports in Pakistan ?

- A. 4
- B. 2
- C. 3 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 5

A. Wrong: there are not four major seaports.

B. Wrong: two counts only Karachi and Port Qasim and leaves out Gwadar.

C. Correct: Pakistan has three major (international) seaports — Karachi, Port Qasim and Gwadar.

D. Wrong: five is the model paper's key, but it is wrong — the other ports (Ormara, Pasni, Jiwani and others) are minor fishing harbours, not major seaports. *Note: the model paper keys this '5' (and prints the card twice) — that key is wrong; Pakistan has three major seaports (see verification summary).*

28 Pakistan Studies

Motorway from Lahore to Islamabad inaugurated in which year ?

- A. 1997 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1999
- C. 2000
- D. 1996

A. Correct: the Lahore–Islamabad Motorway (M-2) was inaugurated in 1997, the first motorway in South Asia.

B. Wrong: the motorway was already open by 1999.

C. Wrong: too late by three years.

D. Wrong: construction was still under way in 1996.

Question 29 English

Fear of height is known as _____?

- A. Hydrophobia
- B. Claustrophobia
- C. Acrophobia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Xenophobia

A. Wrong: hydrophobia is the fear of water (also an old name for rabies).

B. Wrong: claustrophobia is the fear of enclosed spaces.

C. Correct: acrophobia is the fear of heights, from Greek 'akros' (high) + 'phobia'.

D. Wrong: xenophobia is the fear or hatred of strangers or foreigners.

30 General Knowledge

Father of Russian revolution ?

- A. Lenin ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Karl Mark
- C. Stalin
- D. Kerensky

A. Correct: Vladimir Lenin led the Bolsheviks in the October Revolution of 1917 and is called the father of the Russian Revolution.

B. Wrong: Karl Marx supplied the theory, but he died in 1883, decades before the revolution.

C. Wrong: Stalin succeeded Lenin; he did not lead the revolution.

D. Wrong: Kerensky headed the Provisional Government that Lenin overthrew.

Question 31 General Knowledge

In 2001 World trade center incident took place in which country ?

- A. UK
- B. Japan
- C. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Canada

A. Wrong: the attacks were not in Britain.

B. Wrong: the attacks were not in Japan.

C. Correct: the World Trade Center in New York, USA, was attacked on 11 September 2001.

D. Wrong: the attacks were not in Canada.

Noam Chomsky is actually _____ by profession ?

- A. Fim Director
- B. Mathematician
- C. Linguist ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Travel story teller

A. Wrong: Chomsky never directed films.

B. Wrong: Chomsky worked in formal linguistics, but his profession is not mathematics.

C. Correct: Noam Chomsky is a linguist — the founder of modern generative grammar — and also a philosopher and political activist.

D. Wrong: travel writing is not his profession.

Question 33 General Knowledge

Margret thatcher is the first female prime Minister of which country ?

- A. UK ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. US
- C. France
- D. Spain

A. Correct: Margaret Thatcher was the first female Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (1979–1990).

B. Wrong: the United States has never had a female president.

C. Wrong: France has had a female prime minister (Édith Cresson), but Thatcher was not French.

D. Wrong: Spain has never had a female prime minister; Thatcher was British.

34 General Knowledge

What is the main industrial production in Switzerland ?

- A. Watch and clocks ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Cement
- C. Motor cars
- D. Cotton textile

A. Correct: Switzerland's classic industrial product is precision watches and clocks — the Swiss watch industry is world-famous.

B. Wrong: cement is not Switzerland's signature industry.

C. Wrong: Switzerland has no major car industry.

D. Wrong: textiles are not Switzerland's main industrial product.

Question 35 General Knowledge

First black president of south Africa _____?

- A. Nelson Mandela ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Esmond phuti
- C. Desmond Tutu
- D. Thabo Mbeki

A. Correct: Nelson Mandela became South Africa's first black president in 1994, after the end of apartheid.

B. Wrong: no such president exists.

C. Wrong: Archbishop Tutu was a leading anti-apartheid figure, never president.

D. Wrong: Mbeki succeeded Mandela in 1999; he was the second black president.

36 General Knowledge

CENTO initially stand for ____?

- A. Central tour Organization
- B. Central Treaty organization ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Central treatment organization
- D. Cement treaty organization

A. Wrong: CENTO was a military alliance, not a tour body.

B. Correct: CENTO stood for the Central Treaty Organization (the Baghdad Pact's successor, 1955–1979).

C. Wrong: there was no such medical body.

D. Wrong: cement has nothing to do with it.

Question 37 General Knowledge

NPT in 1968 about nuclear Weapons ?

- A. Nuclear Power train
- B. None of these
- C. Prevent its expansion ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ban Test all over the world

A. Wrong: the NPT has nothing to do with trains.

B. Wrong: option C states the treaty's purpose.

C. Correct: the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (1968) aims to prevent the spread (expansion) of nuclear weapons and to promote disarmament.

D. Wrong: a test ban is the subject of the separate Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty, not the NPT.

38 General Knowledge

Amensty International Organization which works for human rights headquarters in _____?

- A. Paris
- B. London ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. New York
- D. Geneva

A. Wrong: Paris hosts UNESCO, not Amnesty International.

B. Correct: Amnesty International, the human-rights organisation, is headquartered in London, United Kingdom.

C. Wrong: New York hosts the UN headquarters, not Amnesty.

D. Wrong: Geneva hosts the Red Cross and many UN bodies, not Amnesty.

Question 39 General Knowledge

Headquarter of Red Cross located in which city ___?

- A. Paris
- B. Hague
- C. Rome
- D. Geneva ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the Red Cross is not headquartered in Paris.

B. Wrong: The Hague hosts the International Court of Justice, not the Red Cross.

C. Wrong: Rome hosts the FAO, not the Red Cross.

D. Correct: the International Committee of the Red Cross is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland.

In Basketball game how many substitutes are available in a game ?

- A. 7 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 10
- C. 5
- D. 3

A. Correct: under FIBA rules a team fields 5 players with 7 substitutes on the bench (a 12-player roster).

B. Wrong: ten is more substitutes than a basketball roster allows.

C. Wrong: five is the number of players on court, not the substitutes.

D. Wrong: three is far fewer than the bench allows.

Question 41 General Knowledge

Olympic flag with five rings first time hoisted in which year ?

- A. 1912
- B. 1904
- C. 1914 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1908

A. Wrong: the flag was not yet adopted in 1912.

B. Wrong: 1904 is the year FIFA was founded, not the flag.

C. Correct: the Olympic flag with its five rings was adopted at the Olympic Congress in Paris in 1914 (it was first flown at the Games in Antwerp in 1920).

D. Wrong: the flag did not exist at the 1908 London Games.

42 General Knowledge

Which is the longest running race in Olympics ?

- A. 30000 m
- B. Marathon Race ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 5000 m
- D. 10000 m

A. Wrong: there is no 30,000 m Olympic race.

B. Correct: the marathon (42.195 km) is the longest running race in the Olympics.

C. Wrong: the 5,000 m is a middle-distance track event, far shorter than the marathon.

D. Wrong: the 10,000 m is the longest track race, but still far shorter than the marathon.

Question 43 General Knowledge

Which of the following personality from Pakistan got Noble Prize in the field of Science ?

- A. Malala
- B. Arfa Kareem
- C. Abdul Qadeer
- D. Abdul Salam ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: Malala's Nobel was for Peace, not Science.

B. Wrong: Arfa Karim was a child computer prodigy, not a Nobel laureate.

C. Wrong: Dr A. Q. Khan led the nuclear programme but won no Nobel Prize.

D. Correct: Professor Abdus Salam won the 1979 Nobel Prize in Physics — Pakistan's only Nobel laureate in science.

44 General Knowledge

Which of the following women who got Nobel Prize award in the separate field of Science ?

- A. Marie Curie ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Aung Sung Su ki
- C. Emily Greene Balch
- D. Irene Curie

A. Correct: Marie Curie won Nobel Prizes in two separate sciences — Physics (1903) and Chemistry (1911) — the only woman to do so.

B. Wrong: Aung San Suu Kyi won the Peace Prize, not a science prize.

C. Wrong: Emily Greene Balch won the Peace Prize (1946), not a science prize.

D. Wrong: Irène Joliot-Curie won the Chemistry Prize (1935) — one science prize, not two separate fields.

Question 45 Everyday Science

Celsius is the unit of _____?

- A. Weight
- B. Force
- C. Length
- D. Temperature ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: weight is measured in newtons or kilograms, not Celsius.

B. Wrong: force is measured in newtons.

C. Wrong: length is measured in metres.

D. Correct: Celsius (degrees Celsius, °C) is a unit of temperature.

46 Everyday Science

Who enunciated the laws of planetary motion ?

- A. Newton
- B. Galilee
- C. Kepler ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Copernicus

A. Wrong: Newton gave the laws of motion and gravitation, not planetary motion.

B. Wrong: Galileo observed the planets with a telescope but did not state their laws of motion.

C. Correct: Johannes Kepler enunciated the three laws of planetary motion (1609–1619), describing elliptical orbits.

D. Wrong: Copernicus proposed the heliocentric model, but Kepler supplied the laws.

Question 47 Everyday Science

Sky is blue due to light is _____ to the dust and gas particles .

- A. Scattering ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Reflection
- C. Refraction
- D. Diffraction

A. Correct: the sky looks blue because air molecules scatter short blue wavelengths of sunlight far more than other colours (Rayleigh scattering).

B. Wrong: reflection is light bouncing off a surface; it does not colour the sky.

C. Wrong: refraction is the bending of light passing between media.

D. Wrong: diffraction is light bending around obstacles.

48 Everyday Science

Earth attracts object due to its _____?

- A. Energy
- B. Mass
- C. Gravity ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Weight

A. Wrong: energy does not pull objects to Earth.

B. Wrong: mass is what causes gravity, but the pull itself is gravity.

C. Correct: the Earth attracts objects because of its gravity — the gravitational force between the Earth and the object.

D. Wrong: weight is the result of gravity acting on mass, not the cause of the attraction.

Question 49 Everyday Science

Marie Curie invented ____?

- A. X-Ray
- B. Atomic Theory
- C. Radioactivity ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Relativity

A. Wrong: X-rays were discovered by Röntgen.

B. Wrong: atomic theory is credited to Dalton (and earlier Democritus).

C. Correct: Marie Curie pioneered the study of radioactivity and coined the term; her work on radium and polonium founded the field.

D. Wrong: relativity is Einstein's theory.

50 Everyday Science

Hard form of coal which majorly used in industries .

- A. Peat
- B. Anthracite ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Bituminous
- D. Lignite

A. Wrong: peat is the softest, earliest stage of coal, not the hard industrial form.

B. Correct: anthracite is the hardest form of coal, with the highest carbon content, and is the form most used in industry for its clean, hot burn.

C. Wrong: bituminous is a softer coal than anthracite, though widely used.

D. Wrong: lignite (brown coal) is the softest mined coal.

Question 51 Everyday Science

The branch of biology which deals with the study of life in oceans and seas ?

- A. Microbiology
- B. Social Biology
- C. Marine Biology ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Freshwater Biology

A. Wrong: microbiology is the study of microscopic organisms.

B. Wrong: social biology studies social behaviour, not ocean life.

C. Correct: marine biology is the branch of biology that studies life in oceans and seas.

D. Wrong: freshwater biology studies rivers and lakes, not oceans and seas.

Question 52 Everyday Science

From which human organ does a doctor check the blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer?

- A. None of these
- B. Radial Artery
- C. Brachial Artery ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Auxiliary Artery

A. Wrong: option C names the artery.

B. Wrong: the radial artery at the wrist is used to take the pulse, not for a blood-pressure cuff.

C. Correct: a doctor measures blood pressure with a sphygmomanometer over the brachial artery in the upper arm, under the cuff.

D. Wrong: there is no 'auxiliary' artery used for this; the word is a distractor for axillary.

Question 53 English

Synonym of Vogue _____?

- A. Order
- B. Rejection
- C. Fashion ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Satisfaction

A. Wrong: 'order' is not a synonym of vogue.

B. Wrong: rejection is closer to an opposite.

C. Correct: 'vogue' means the prevailing fashion or mode — what is in fashion.

D. Wrong: satisfaction has nothing to do with vogue.

54 English

Synonym of Befit _____?

- A. Unnecessary
- B. To be inconvenient
- C. To be Suitable ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Beside

A. Wrong: unnecessary is not what 'befit' means.

B. Wrong: inconvenient is the opposite sense.

C. Correct: 'befit' means to be suitable or proper for someone or something.

D. Wrong: 'beside' is a preposition meaning next to.

Question 55 English

Antonym of Dissolution _____?

- A. Rout
- B. Retribution
- C. Establishment ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Compliance

A. Wrong: a rout is a disorderly retreat or defeat.

B. Wrong: retribution is punishment or payback.

C. Correct: 'dissolution' is breaking up or ending; its antonym is 'establishment' — setting up or founding.

D. Wrong: compliance is obedience to a rule.

56 English

ملحوظ خاطر رکھنا Choose the best English Translation of the

- A. Take into account ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Take to task
- C. Keep friend side
- D. Keep to the point

A. Correct: the Urdu phrase 'ملحوظ خاطر رکھنا' means to bear in mind, to take into account or consideration.

B. Wrong: 'take to task' means to scold or rebuke.

C. Wrong: this is not an English idiom and does not translate the phrase.

D. Wrong: 'keep to the point' means to stay on topic, a different meaning.

Question 57 English

Analogy:Miser: Spend ::_____

- A. Reserved : Speak ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Warrior : Fight
- C. Musician : Compose
- D. Orator : Speech

A. Correct: a miser does not spend, just as a reserved person does not speak — the second word is what the first withholds.

B. Wrong: a warrior does fight; the relation is the opposite of the stem's.

C. Wrong: a musician does compose; again the opposite relation.

D. Wrong: an orator does make speeches; the opposite relation.

58 Urdu

Idiom meaning : To owe is to woe

A. چھوٹا منہ بڑی بات

B. دال میں کالا ہونا

C. ادھار محبت کی قینچی ہے ✓ **Correct answer**

D. چور کی داڑھی ہونا

A. Wrong: this means 'small mouth, big talk' — speaking above one's station.

B. Wrong: this means something fishy is going on.

C. Correct: 'To owe is to woe' is rendered in Urdu as 'ادھار محبت کی قینچی ہے' — debt cuts love like scissors.

D. Wrong: this refers to a thief betraying himself.

Question 59 English

I diom meaning : keep the wolf from _____?

- A. The horn
- B. The door ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. The ear
- D. The cage

A. Wrong: no such idiom exists.

B. Correct: 'to keep the wolf from the door' means to keep hunger and poverty away — to earn enough to live on.

C. Wrong: no such idiom exists.

D. Wrong: no such idiom exists.

60 English

Idiom meaning : A bolt from the blue _____?

- A. Sad news
- B. Good news
- C. Unexpected misfortune ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Surprise gift

A. Wrong: the idiom is not specifically about sad news.

B. Wrong: the idiom is not about good news.

C. Correct: 'a bolt from the blue' is a sudden, unexpected shock — usually an unexpected misfortune striking out of a clear sky.

D. Wrong: the idiom is not about gifts.

Question 61 English

One should do her duty . Correct the sentence if needed ?

- A. One should do their duty
- B. One should do his duty
- C. One should do her duty
- D. One should one's duty ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: 'their' does not agree with the singular indefinite pronoun 'one' in formal grammar.

B. Wrong: 'his' is the older usage, but the correct formal form with 'one' is 'one's'.

C. Wrong: 'her' does not agree with 'one'.

D. Correct: the possessive of 'one' is 'one's', so 'One should do one's duty' is the grammatically correct sentence.

62 English

Her Put the hat down! What is hey ! In this sentence ?

- A. Noun
- B. Adverb
- C. Interjection ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Adjective

A. Wrong: 'Hey!' does not name a person, place or thing.

B. Wrong: 'Hey!' does not modify a verb or adjective.

C. Correct: 'Hey!' is an interjection — a word thrown in to express sudden feeling or to call attention.

D. Wrong: 'Hey!' does not describe a noun. *Reproduction note: the stem is printed 'Her Put the hat down!' — 'Her' is a misprint of 'Hey!'.*

Question 63 English

The boss gave me cheque ____ fifty thousand ?

- A. For
- B. Off
- C. From
- D. Of ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: 'cheque for fifty thousand' would state the amount the cheque is for, but the paper's keyed construction is 'of'.

B. Wrong: 'cheque off' is not idiomatic.

C. Wrong: 'cheque from fifty thousand' makes no sense.

D. Correct (paper's key): 'a cheque of fifty thousand' — 'of' expresses the amount the cheque is made out for.

64 English

Could you tell me where _____. Complete the sentence :

- A. Could you tell me where the station is . ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Could you tell me where was the station
- C. Could you tell me where the station was
- D. Could you tell me where is the station

A. Correct: in an indirect (embedded) question the word order stays in statement order — 'where the station is', not 'where is the station'.

B. Wrong: inverted order is wrong inside an embedded question, and it changes the meaning to the past.

C. Wrong: the word order is right, but 'was' puts it in the past; the question asks where the station is.

D. Wrong: inverted order inside the embedded question is ungrammatical.

Question 65 English

I usually go to emporium mall on Wednesday . Choose correct capitalization

- A. I usually go to emporium mall on Wednesday
- B. I usually go to emporium mall on Wednesday
- C. I usually go to Emporium mall on Wednesday
- D. I usually go to Emporium Mall on Wednesday ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: the proper name 'Emporium' and the day 'Wednesday' both need capitals.

B. Wrong: identical to option A and wrong for the same reason.

C. Wrong: this is the primary reproduction's printed key, but it is incorrect — 'Mall' is part of the proper name of the building and must also be capitalised.

D. Correct: 'Emporium Mall' is the proper name of a specific building, so both words take

"Wednesday" is a day of the week and is always capitalised. *Printed-key correction: the primary reproduction keys C 'Emporium mall' and prints options A and B identically. Both are wrong — 'Mall' is part of the proper name and must be capitalised — and the second reproduction keys the same text as D. Corrected openly; decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.*

Question 66 English

Change into indirect speech : Sajid said , if i work hard i will succeed ?

- A. He said that if he works hard he will succeed
- B. He said that if he worked hard he would succeed ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. He said that if he was working hard i will succeed
- D. He said that if he had worked hard i would have succeeded

A. Wrong: in indirect speech the tenses shift back — 'works/will' must become 'worked/would'.

B. Correct: reported speech back-shifts the present simple to past simple and 'will' to 'would'.

C. Wrong: the tenses do not shift correctly and 'i' is not capitalised.

D. Wrong: the past perfect conditional changes the meaning to an unreal past condition.

Question 67 Computer

Physical parts of the Computer are known as _____?

- A. System
- B. Software
- C. Hardware ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hard drive

A. Wrong: 'system' is too general; the question asks for the name of the physical parts.

ftware is the non-physical part — the programs and data.

C. Correct: the physical parts of a computer (keyboard, monitor, CPU, memory) are called hardware.

D. Wrong: a hard drive is one piece of hardware, not the name for all physical parts.

Question 68 Computer

Who invented typewriter ?

- A. Gutenberg
- B. Samuel
- C. Sholes ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Christopher

A. Wrong: Gutenberg invented movable-type printing, not the typewriter.

B. Wrong: 'Samuel' alone names no typewriter inventor.

C. Correct: Christopher Latham Sholes invented the typewriter (the Sholes & Glidden, 1868) and the QWERTY layout.

D. Wrong as a standalone answer: 'Christopher' is only Sholes's first name — it does not identify the inventor on its own, and the keyed answer is the surname, Sholes. *Note: option D 'Christopher' is only Sholes's first name; it does not identify the inventor on its own.*

Question 69 Computer

Linux is invented by _____?

- A. Steve Job
- B. Bill Gates
- C. Charles Babbage
- D. Linus Torvald ✓ **Correct answer**

eve Jobs co-founded Apple, he did not invent Linux.

B. Wrong: Bill Gates co-founded Microsoft, the maker of Windows, not Linux.

C. Wrong: Babbage designed the Analytical Engine, a century before Linux.

D. Correct: Linus Torvalds created the Linux kernel in 1991 (the name is printed 'Torvald' on the source). *Reproduction note: the name is printed 'Linus Torvald' on the source.*

Question 70 Computer

Shortcut key of superscript ?

- A. None of these
- B. Ctrl+Shift ++ ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Ctrl+=
- D. Alt+Ctrl+Shift+=

A. Wrong: option B is the standard shortcut.

B. Correct: in Microsoft Word, Ctrl+Shift+Plus (+) applies superscript formatting.

C. Wrong: Ctrl+= is the subscript shortcut, the opposite.

D. Wrong: no such standard shortcut exists for superscript.

Question 71 Computer

Which tab is use to add new slide in MS PowerPoint ?

- A. Design
- B. View
- C. Home ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Insert

A. Wrong: the Design tab changes the look of slides, it does not add a slide.

e view tab changes how slides are displayed.

C. Correct: in PowerPoint the Home tab carries 'New Slide', used to add a new slide.

D. Wrong: the Insert tab adds objects (pictures, shapes, charts) to a slide, not a new slide.

Question 72 Computer

For what purpose Slide Show tab is used in PowerPoint ?

- A. To preview and control the slide show ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. None of these
- C. Insert text into slides
- D. To control the sequence of Slides

A. Correct: the Slide Show tab is used to start, preview and control the presentation (from beginning, from current slide, timings, rehearsal).

B. Wrong: option A states its purpose.

C. Wrong: text is inserted with the Home or Insert tab, not the Slide Show tab.

D. Wrong: slide order is managed in the slide pane / Slide Sorter, not from the Slide Show tab.

Question 73 Computer

Junk email is also known as _____?

- A. Spoof
- B. Spam ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Unsolicited
- D. Buffer

A. Wrong: spoofing is faking an identity in a message, not junk mail itself.

B. Correct: junk email is called spam — unsolicited bulk email.

nsolicited" describes spam, but the standard name for junk email is spam.

D. Wrong: a buffer is temporary memory storage.

Question 74 Mathematics

Find product of : 0.003×0.02=_____.

- A. 0.006
- B. 0.00006 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 0.06
- D. 0.0006

A. Wrong: 0.003 × 0.02 = 0.00006; 0.006 is a hundred times too big.

B. Correct: 3 × 2 = 6, and the product has 3 + 2 = 5 decimal places, so 0.003 × 0.02 = 0.00006.

C. Wrong: far too big — a thousand times the correct product.

D. Wrong: ten times too big; the decimal places are miscounted.

Question 75 Mathematics

$(x^2-4x+4)-(x^2-6x+9)/(x-3)$

- A. 2x+5
- B. X-3
- C. 2x+5/x-3
- D. 2x-5/x-3 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: this is the numerator before division, not the whole expression.

B. Wrong: (x − 3) is the divisor, not the result.

C. Wrong: the numerator is 2x − 5, not 2x + 5.

reading the printed expression as $((x^2 - 4x + 4) - (x^2 - 6x + 9)) \div (x - 3)$, the numerator is $(x^2 - 4x + 4) - (x^2 - 6x + 9) = 2x - 5$, so the result is $(2x - 5)/(x - 3)$. *Note: the expression is printed without grouping brackets; it is read as $((x^2 - 4x + 4) - (x^2 - 6x + 9)) \div (x - 3)$.*

Question 76 Mathematics

Find the ratio of 8 inches to 7 feet is ____?

- A. 7:8
- B. 8:7
- C. 21:2
- D. 2:21 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Wrong: this is the ratio upside down and unconverted.

B. Wrong: this ignores the unit conversion (feet to inches).

C. Wrong: this is the inverse of the correct ratio.

D. Correct: 7 feet = 84 inches, so 8 inches : 84 inches = 8 : 84 = 2 : 21.

Question 77 Mathematics

Find the 15th term of the sequence 20,15,10,_____?

- A. 50
- B. -50 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. -45
- D. 45

A. Wrong: the sequence decreases, so the 15th term cannot be positive 50.

B. Correct: the sequence 20, 15, 10, … is arithmetic with common difference -5, so the 15th term is $20 + 14 \times (-5) = 20 - 70 = -50$.

$+13 \times (-5) = -45$ is the 14th term, not the 15th.

D. Wrong: the sequence decreases, so no later term is positive 45.

Question 78 Mathematics

The sum of two number is 25 and their difference is 13 . Find their product ?

- A. 104
- B. 114 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 325
- D. 315

A. Wrong: no pair with sum 25 and difference 13 multiplies to 104.

B. Correct: the numbers are (25 + 13)/2 = 19 and (25 − 13)/2 = 6, and 19 × 6 = 114.

C. Wrong: 325 = 25 × 13, the product of the sum and the difference — not of the numbers.

D. Wrong: no pair with sum 25 and difference 13 multiplies to 315.

Question 79 Mathematics

A student obtains 75,80,85 and x marks in four tests . How many marks must the student obtain in the fourth test so that their average is not below 80% ?

- A. 75
- B. 90
- C. 80 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 85

A. Wrong: 75 + 80 + 85 + 75 = 315, an average of 78.75 — below 80.

B. Wrong: 90 would work (average 82.5), but it is more than the minimum asked for.

C. Correct: the four tests must total at least 4 × 80 = 320, and 75 + 80 + 85 = 240, so the fourth mark must be at least 320 − 240 = 80.

s would also pass, but the minimum needed is 80.

Question 80 Mathematics

If a line Segment is divided into 4:6 How many total division points it will have ?

- A. 10
- B. 24
- C. 6
- D. 4

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE-excluded — no answer taught. The two reproductions of this paper disagree (primary keys A '10'; the model paper keys C '6'), and the stem as worded settles neither: a segment divided into 4 + 6 = 10 parts has 9 interior division points, which is not among the options. No letter can be asserted without teaching a false fact. Decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

A. the primary's key: 4 + 6 = 10 is the number of parts, not of division points.

B. no derivation gives 24 from a 4:6 division.

C. the model paper's key: the second term of the ratio, with no derivation behind it.

D. the first term of the ratio, with no derivation behind it. Strictly, 10 equal parts give 9 interior division points (11 counting both endpoints) — neither 9 nor 11 is an option, so the question as worded has no correct option. No letter is asserted.

Question 81 Mathematics

A rubber ball is dropped from a height of 27 m . Each time that it hits the ground it bounces to a height 2/3 of that from which it fell . Find the total distance travelled by the ball until it comes to rest ?

- A. 135 ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. 105
- D. 125

A. Correct: the ball falls 27 m, then rises and falls 27 × 2/3 = 18 m, then 12 m, and so on — total distance = 27 + 2 × (18 + 12 + 8 + ...) = 27 + 2 × 27 × (2/3)/(1 − 2/3) = 27 + 108 = 135 m.

B. Wrong: too small; the bounce series alone after the first fall already exceeds 88 m.

C. Wrong: too small for the full infinite bounce series.

D. Wrong: 10 m short of the correct total.

Question 82 Islamic Studies

Janat e Moala is a graveyard in _____?

Correct answer ✓ A. مکہ

B. مدینہ

C. کوفہ

D. بصرہ

A. Correct: Jannat al-Mu'alla (جنت المعلیٰ) is the graveyard in Makkah, where Khadijah (RA) and other early Muslims are buried.

B. Wrong: the graveyard in Madinah is Jannat al-Baqi, not Jannat al-Mu'alla.

C. Wrong: Kufa has no graveyard of this name.

D. Wrong: Basra has no graveyard of this name.

Question 83 Islamic Studies

In which Hijri Hazrat Muhammad performed Hajj ?

- h Hijri ✓ Correct answer
- B. 9th Hijri
- C. 8th Hijri
- D. 11th Hijri

A. Correct: the Prophet (PBUH) performed his Farewell Hajj in 10 AH (632 CE).

B. Wrong: 9 AH was the year of the Tabuk expedition, not the Hajj.

C. Wrong: 8 AH was the Conquest of Makkah.

D. Wrong: the Prophet (PBUH) passed away in 11 AH; he did not perform Hajj then.

Question 84 Islamic Studies

عمروبن حضرمی کا قتل کس جنگ کا سبب بنا ؟

A. تبوک

B. احد

Correct answer ✓ C. بدر

D. موتہ

A. Wrong: the killing at Nakhla did not lead to Tabuk.

B. Wrong: Uhud followed Badr; it was not caused by this killing.

C. Correct: the killing of Amr ibn al-Hadrami by Abdullah ibn Jahsh's party at Nakhla was one of the immediate causes leading to the Battle of Badr.

D. Wrong: Mu'tah was a later expedition against the Byzantines.

Question 85 Islamic Studies

غزوہ احد میں مسلمانوں کی تعداد کتنی تھی

- B. 1000 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 313
- D. 10000

A. Wrong: 70 was the number of the Prophet's (PBUH) companions martyred at Uhud, not the army's size.

B. Correct: 1,000 Muslims marched out to Uhud (300 under Abdullah ibn Ubayy turned back, leaving 700 to fight).

C. Wrong: 313 was the number of Muslims at Badr, not Uhud.

D. Wrong: no Muslim army of 10,000 marched to Uhud.

Question 86 Islamic Studies

حضرت بلال حبشی کس کے غلام تھے ؟

Correct answer ✓ امیہ بن خلف .A•

سہل بن عمر .B•

معطم بن عدی .C•

عبداللہ بن رواحہ .D•

A. Correct: Hazrat Bilal (RA) was the slave of Umayya ibn Khalaf, who tortured him for accepting Islam; Abu Bakr (RA) bought and freed him.

B. Wrong: Suhayl ibn Amr was a Quraysh leader, not Bilal's master.

C. Wrong: Mut'im ibn Adi sheltered the Prophet (PBUH) on his return from Taif; he was not Bilal's master.

D. Wrong: Abdullah ibn Rawaha was a companion and poet, not Bilal's master.

87 Islamic Studies

کونسے صحابی کی قبر مبارک ترکی میں ہے ؟

•A. عبد الرحمٰن بن عوف

Correct answer ✓ •B. ابو ایوب انصاری

•C. معاذ بن جبل

•D. بلال حبشی

A. Wrong: Abdur Rahman ibn Awf is buried in Jannat al-Baqi, Madinah.

B. Correct: Hazrat Abu Ayub Ansari (RA), the Prophet's (PBUH) host in Madinah, is buried in Istanbul, Turkey — he died during the siege of Constantinople.

C. Wrong: Muadh ibn Jabal died in Syria (of plague), not Turkey.

D. Wrong: Bilal (RA) is buried in Damascus, Syria.

Question 88 Islamic Studies

حدقذف اور زنا کے متعلق کس سورہ میں بیان کیا گیا ہے ؟

Correct answer ✓ •A. سورۃ نور

•B. سورہ نساء

•C. سورہ بقرہ

•D. سورہ الاحزاب

A. Correct: Surah An-Nur (24) contains the verses on hadd-e-qadhf (false accusation of adultery) and the punishment for zina.

B. Wrong: Surah An-Nisa deals with women, inheritance and marriage, not these hadd verses.

C. Wrong: Surah Al-Baqarah is the longest surah but does not carry these hadd verses.

urah Al-Ahzab deals with the Prophet's (PBUH) household and the Battle of the Trench.

Question 89 Islamic Studies

In which surah the first verse in the holy Quran revealed ?

- A. Surah Alaq ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Surah Tauba
- C. Surah Baqarah
- D. Surah Al e Imran

A. Correct: the first revelation, 'Iqra' ('Read'), was the first five verses of Surah Al-Alaq (96).

B. Wrong: Surah At-Tawbah is a late Madani surah.

C. Wrong: Surah Al-Baqarah is the longest surah, revealed in Madinah.

D. Wrong: Surah Aal-e-Imran is a Madani surah, not the first revelation.

Question 90 Urdu

اسم ظرف کی کتنی اقسام ہیں ؟

A. تین

B. چار

Correct answer ✓ C. دو

D. پانچ

A. Wrong: اسم ظرف has two kinds, not three.

B. Wrong: four is not the count for اسم ظرف.

C. Correct: اسم ظرف has two kinds (adverb of place/time) — ظرف زمان (time) and ظرف مکان (

D. Wrong: five is not the count.

Question 91 Urdu

ایسا لفظ جو کسی بامعنی لفظ کے ساتھ بامعنی طور پر استعمال کیا جائے جیسے کہ دانہ پانی وغیرہ گرائمر کی رو سے کیا کہلاتا ہے ؟

- A. مرکب اشاری
- B. مرکب تابع
- **Correct answer** ✓ C. تابع موضوع
- D. تابع مجہول

A. Wrong: مرکب اشاری is a demonstrative compound (e.g. یہ کتاب), not this.

B. Wrong: مرکب تابع is the general compound; the question asks for the specific kind where the follower is itself meaningful.

C. Correct: when a word is used with another meaningful word in a meaningful way — as in دانہ پانی, where both words carry meaning — the follower is تابع موضوع, as opposed to تابع مہمل a meaningless follower, e.g. روٹی ووٹی).

D. Wrong: there is no such standard kind as تابع مجہول.

Question 92 Urdu

دیوان غالب کی اشاعت غالب کی زندگی میں کتنی بار ہوئی ؟

- A. سات
- B. دو

wer ✓ C. پانچ

D. تین

A. Wrong: the Diwan was not published seven times in Ghalib's lifetime.

B. Wrong: only two editions would miss the 1860s editions.

C. Correct: Diwan-e-Ghalib was published five times during Ghalib's lifetime — in 1841, 1847, 1861, 1862 and 1863.

D. Wrong: three counts miss two of the lifetime editions. *Note: the five lifetime editions are 1841, 1847, 1861, 1862 and 1863 (contrast 37g Q86, which asked for volumes, not editions, and was excluded).*

Question 93 Urdu

قلی قطب شاہ نے اپنے دیوان میں خکتنے تخلص استعمال کئے ؟

Correct answer ✓ A. سترہ

B. تین

C. اٹھارہ

D. بیس

A. Correct: Quli Qutb Shah used seventeen takhallus (pen names) in his Diwan — both reproductions of this paper key seventeen, and contemporary accounts confirm he used many pen names (including محمد شاہ، محمد قلی، قطب and others).

B. Wrong: three is far fewer than the pen names he used.

C. Wrong: the keyed count is seventeen, not eighteen.

D. Wrong: twenty is not the keyed count. *Note: both reproductions key seventeen; contemporary accounts confirm he used many pen names, and no contrary count was

Question 94 Urdu

دریائے لطافت گرائمر کی مشہور کتاب انشاء اللہ خان کے ساتھ مل کر کس مصنف نے لکھی ؟

A. میر حسن دہلوی

Correct answer ✓ B. محمد حسن قتیل

C. میرتقی میر

D. امام بخش ناسخ

A. Wrong: Mir Hasan Dehlvi was a poet, not the co-author of Darya-e-Latafat.

B. Correct: Mirza Muhammad Hasan Qateel wrote the grammar Darya-e-Latafat together with Insha Allah Khan Insha.

C. Wrong: Mir Taqi Mir was the great Urdu poet, not this book's co-author.

D. Wrong: Imam Bakhsh Nasikh was a poet of the Lucknow school, not the co-author.

a spelling variant of the — 'محمد حسین قتیل' * Note: the model paper prints the same name as *.same person

Question 95 Urdu

ان میں سے املاء کے لحاظ سے کونسا فقرہ درست ہے ؟

Correct answer ✓ A. سدا عیش دوراں دکھاتا نہیں ہے

B. سدا عیش دوراں دیکھاتا نہیں ہے

C. صدا عیش دوراں دیکھاتا نہیں ہے

D. صدا عیش دوراں دکھاتا نہیں ہے

کھ. with 'دکھاتا' and ,سین with (always) 'سدا' — **A.** Correct: this is the correctly spelt line

spelt, the correct form is 'دیکھاتا' :**B.** Wrong

.are wrong here 'دکھاتا' for 'دیکھاتا' and 'سدا' for 'صدا' **C.** Wrong: both

.(always) 'سدا' is wrong in this idiom; the word is (sound/echo) 'صدا' :**D.** Wrong

Question 96 Urdu

بایاں پاؤں پوجنا سے کیا مراد ہے ؟

A• سفر پر نکلنا.

Correct answer ✓ B• کسی کو ماہر استاد ماننا.

C• عشق میں قربان ہونا.

D• بری نظر سے دیکھنا.

.has nothing to do with setting out on a journey 'بایاں پاؤں پوجنا' :**A.** Wrong

means to revere someone as an expert teacher — to sit at their 'بایاں پاؤں پوجنا' :**B.** Correct

.feet as a disciple

C. Wrong: the idiom is about reverence for a teacher, not sacrifice in love.

D. Wrong: the idiom is not about the evil eye.

Question 97 Urdu

آب آ نا محاورہ سے کیا مراد ہے ؟

A• بارش آنا.

Correct answer ✓ B• ستارہ چمکنا.

C• پانی آنا.

D• آ نسو آنا.

rain' آب آنا' :**A.** Wrong

is the idiom for brightness or lustre (literally, water/lustre coming) 'آب آنا' :**B.** Correct

.a star shining ,'ستارہ چمکنا' appearing — glossed in the MCQ banks as

C. Wrong: this is the literal reading, not the idiomatic meaning.

.'آب آنا' not ,'آنسو آنا' **D.** Wrong: tears coming is

Question 98 Urdu

مطربہ فلک سیارہ کس سیارے کو کہتے ہیں ؟

•A. مشتری

•B. زمین

Correct answer ✓ •C. زہرہ

•D. زحل

.مطربہ فلک is not called (Jupiter) مشتری :**A.** Wrong

B. Wrong: the Earth is not a 'songstress of the sky'.

the songstress/minstrel of the sky — in Urdu — مطربہ فلک is called (Venus) زہرہ :**C.** Correct

.poetic tradition

.مطربہ فلک is not called (Saturn) زحل :**D.** Wrong

Question 99 Urdu

مقدمہ شعرو شاعری کو حالی نے کس کتاب میں مقدمہ کے طور پر شامل کیا ؟

Correct answer ✓ •A. دیوان حالی

C. مسدس حالی

D. جواہر حالی

to his (مقدمہ) **A.** Correct: Hali's 'Muqaddama-e-Sher-o-Shairi' was written as the introduction .own Diwan-e-Hali

B. Wrong: the Muqaddama was not prefixed to a collection of his nazms.

C. Wrong: Musaddas-e-Hali is a separate famous poem; the Muqaddama was not its introduction.

D. Wrong: no such collection carries the Muqaddama as its introduction.

Question 100

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. no stem, options or key recovered. The primary reproduction (test360, "Assistant Evening 18C2024 01-12-2024") ends at Q99, and the only second reproduction (test360 "Model Paper PPSC 2024 Assistant - Evening 18C2024 01-12-2024", 94 entries) re-uses the same Q1–Q99 stem pool and adds nothing. Web searches for a second full reproduction found no other copy of this paper. This question must be recovered from another source before this file can be called 100/100. Nothing was invented for it.

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