Tehsil Sports Officer / Officer Incharge / Administrator / Caretaker (BS-16) — 2024 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Tehsil Sports Officer / Officer Incharge / Administrator / Caretaker (BS-16) · **Year:** 2024 · **Questions:** 50 in the original paper — **49 solved and verified**, 1 excluded as defective (Q46) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2024 sitting.

Source note: test360 reproduction (50 items, with key). 1 PICK-ONE (Q44 days after Farewell Sermon: sources differ 81/92/94 by reckoning; paper keys 92). 1 DEFECTIVE-excluded (Q46 Al-Tafseer Al-Kabir: options C Imam Razi and D Fakhr al-Din al-Razi are the same person). Q49 stem corrected from reproduction's 'ناول کافن' to 'ناول کا فن' (E.M. Forster's Aspects of the Novel, Urdu translation). Dedup 13 Nov 2026 vs the live index (610 papers): no live Tehsil Sports Officer 5H2024 paper — CLEAR, a new sitting.

Question 1 Pakistan Studies

Who is the founder of Din-i-Ilahi?

- A. Akbar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sher Shah Suri
- C. Muhammad Ghaznavi
- D. Humayun

A. Correct: the Mughal emperor Akbar founded Din-i-Ilahi in 1582 as a new religious

B. Sher Shah founded the Sur dynasty and reformed administration; he had nothing to do with Din-i-Ilahi.

C. Mahmud of Ghazni raided India in the 11th century, five centuries before Akbar.

D. Humayun was Akbar's father; he founded no such order.

Question 2 Pakistan Studies

When Quaid-e-Azam became a Presidency magistrate?

- A. 1902
- B. 1906
- C. 1904
- D. 1900 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Jinnah was already practising law by then; 1902 is not the magistrate year.

B. In 1906 Jinnah joined the Congress; not the magistrate appointment.

C. Not the year of the magistrate appointment.

D. Correct: Jinnah was appointed a Presidency Magistrate in Bombay in 1900, the year he began his legal career.

Question 3 Pakistan Studies

Leader of Muslim League delegation in First Round Table Conference _____?

- A. Quaid-e-Azam ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Sir Agha Khan
- C. Ch. Rehmat Ali
- D. Allama Iqbal

A. Correct: Muhammad Ali Jinnah led the Muslim League delegation at the First Round

ence in London (1930–31).

B. The Aga Khan led the overall Muslim delegation at the conference, but the Muslim League's own delegation was led by Jinnah.

C. Chaudhry Rehmat Ali coined the name "Pakistan" in 1933; he was not at the First Round Table Conference.

D. Iqbal was not the League delegation's leader at the conference.

Question 4 Pakistan Studies

How many states demanded in 1940 Resolution?

- A. 3
- B. 2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1
- D. 4

A. The resolution never named three states.

B. Correct: the keyed exam reading of the Lahore Resolution is two states — the Muslim-majority areas as independent states.

C. The resolution did not demand a single state; it spoke of "states" in the plural.

D. The resolution never named four states.

Note: Note: the resolution's own text says "states" (plural) without a number; the filed answer follows the paper's keyed reading of two.

Question 5 Pakistan Studies

The Movement for the Restoration of Democracy was a political alliance in Pakistan founded by the political parties opposing the military government of _____?

- A. Zia Ul Haq ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Ayub Khan
- D. Yahya Khan

A. Correct: the MRD was formed in 1981 by parties opposing General Zia-ul-Haq's martial law.

B. Musharraf took power in 1999, long after the MRD; the alliance against him was the ARD.

C. The opposition to Ayub Khan was the Combined Opposition Parties (1964), not the MRD.

D. Yahya's regime (1969–71) predates the MRD by a decade.

Question 6 Pakistan Studies

Which Chief Justice of Pakistan was dismissed unconstitutionally?

- A. Justice Iftikhar Chaudhary
- B. Justice Iqbal
- C. Justice Sajjad Ali Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Justice Mamoon Qazi

A. Justice Iftikhar Muhammad Chaudhry was removed in November 2007 under emergency rule; the paper keys a different answer.

B. No Chief Justice by this name was dismissed in the sense the question means.

C. Correct as keyed: Chief Justice Sajjad Ali Shah was removed in December 1997 by an order of fellow judges, not by any constitutional process — the paper's reading of an unconstitutional dismissal.

D. Justice Mamoon Kazi was a judge of the Sindh High Court, not a dismissed Chief Justice of Pakistan.

7 Pakistan Studies

First Women university in Pakistan was established in ____?

- A. 1973
- B. 2008
- C. 1947
- D. 1998 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. No women's university was founded in 1973.

B. By 2008 several women's universities already existed.

C. Pakistan had no women's university at independence.

D. Correct: Fatima Jinnah Women University, Rawalpindi — Pakistan's first women's university — was established in 1998.

Question 8 Pakistan Studies

Author of "The Charismatic Leader: Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah"?

- A. Col Ilahi Bukhsh
- B. Stanley Wolpert
- C. Sikandar Hayat ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ayesha Jalal

A. Ilahi Bakhsh wrote "With the Quaid-i-Azam During His Last Days", a memoir, not this book.

B. Wolpert wrote "Jinnah of Pakistan" (1984), a different biography.

C. Correct: Sikandar Hayat authored "The Charismatic Leader: Quaid-i-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah and the Creation of Pakistan".

D. Ayesha Jalal wrote "The Sole Spokesman" (1985), a different study of Jinnah.

9 Geography

Which continent is known as the land of Penguins?

- A. Australia
- B. Europe
- C. Antarctica ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Asia

A. Penguins live in Australia too, but the continent famous as the land of penguins is Antarctica.

B. Penguins do not live wild in Europe.

C. Correct: Antarctica is the penguins' home continent and is known as the land of penguins.

D. Penguins do not live wild in Asia's mainland.

Question 10 Geography

Salgotarjan is a city located in _____?

- A. Algeria
- B. Hungary ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Finland
- D. Maldives

A. Algeria is in North Africa; Salgotarjan is not there.

B. Correct: Salgótarján is a city in northern Hungary.

C. Finland is in northern Europe; Salgotarjan is not there.

D. The Maldives is an island nation in the Indian Ocean, with no such city.

11 Geography

Alhaurin el Grande is town located in ___?

- A. Spain ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Italy
- C. Germany
- D. Poland

A. Correct: Alhaurín el Grande is a town in the province of Málaga, Andalusia, Spain.

B. Alhaurin el Grande is not in Italy.

C. Alhaurin el Grande is not in Germany.

D. Alhaurin el Grande is not in Poland.

Question 12 Geography

The Biafo Glacier is located on which of the following ranges?

- A. Himalaya
- B. Hindu Kush
- C. Pir Panjal
- D. Karakoram ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Himalaya holds glaciers like Siachen's neighbours, but Biafo is in the Karakoram.

B. The Hindu Kush is a different range to the west; Biafo is not there.

C. The Pir Panjal is a sub-range of the Himalaya in Kashmir; Biafo is not there.

D. Correct: the Biafo Glacier lies in the Karakoram range of Gilgit-Baltistan.

Question 13 Geography

Mirani Dam located on which river?

- B. Dashat ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hub
- D. Bolan

A. The Jhelum is a Punjab river; Mirani Dam is not on it.

B. Correct: Mirani Dam is built on the Dashat River near Turbat in Balochistan.

C. The Hub River feeds the Hub Dam, not Mirani.

D. The Bolan River flows through the Bolan Pass; Mirani Dam is not on it.

Question 14 Pakistan Studies

As per India Water Treaty 1960 between India and Pakistan on which rivers water does Pakistan have an absolute claim?

- A. Ravi, Sutlej, Beas
- B. Chenab, Beas, Jhelum
- C. Jhelum, Sutlej, Chenab
- D. Indus, Jhelum, Chenab ✓ **Correct answer**

A. These are the EASTERN rivers, allocated to India under the treaty.

B. Beas is an eastern river (India's), so this mix is wrong.

C. Sutlej is an eastern river (India's), so this mix is wrong.

D. Correct: under the Indus Waters Treaty (1960) Pakistan has exclusive rights over the three western rivers — Indus, Jhelum and Chenab.

Question 15 Islamic Studies

Who was propounder of Sufi philosophy of Wahdat-ul-Wujud?

- A. Shah Wali Ullah

- Al Arabi ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Al Farabi
- D. Al Husain

A. Shah Waliullah worked on reconciling Wahdat-ul-Wujud with Wahdat-ush-Shuhud, but he did not propound Wahdat-ul-Wujud.

B. Correct: Muhyiddin Ibn Arabi (1165–1240) is the great exponent of Wahdat-ul-Wujud (Unity of Being).

C. Al-Farabi was a philosopher of logic and politics, not the founder of Wahdat-ul-Wujud.

D. No Sufi philosopher of this name propounded Wahdat-ul-Wujud.

Question 16 General Knowledge

The literal meaning of philosophy is ____?

- A. Love of values
- B. Love of Wisdom ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Love of History
- D. Love of Truth

A. Values are studied in axiology, but "philosophy" does not literally mean love of values.

B. Correct: "philosophy" comes from the Greek philo (love) + sophia (wisdom) — the love of wisdom.

C. History has its own name; philosophy does not mean love of history.

D. Truth-seeking is part of philosophy, but the literal Greek meaning is love of wisdom.

Question 17 Sports

Which country is said to be the pioneer in the Recreation Movement in the World?

- A. US ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Germany
- D. England

A. Correct: the organised recreation and playground movement began in the United States in the late 19th century.

B. China has a long physical-culture tradition, but it did not pioneer the modern recreation movement.

C. Germany pioneered gymnastics (Turnen), not the recreation movement.

D. England pioneered organised sport, not the recreation movement as such.

Question 18 Sports

In the 1968 Olympic held in Mexico a new technique Fosbury Flop in the _____ was introduced?

- A. Long Jump
- B. Triple Jump
- C. Straddle
- D. High Jump ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Fosbury Flop is not a long-jump technique.

B. The Fosbury Flop is not a triple-jump technique.

C. The straddle was the OLD high-jump technique the Flop replaced.

D. Correct: Dick Fosbury won the 1968 Mexico City Olympic high jump with his backwards "Fosbury Flop", a new technique.

Question 19 Sports

Runway width for Javelin throw is ____ metres.

- B. 4 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 2
- D. 5

A. The javelin runway is wider than 3 metres.

B. Correct: the javelin runway is 4 metres wide (and 30–36.5 metres long).

C. The runway is not as narrow as 2 metres.

D. The runway is not as wide as 5 metres.

Question 20 Sports

Which one of the following grand slam titles is also known as Roland Garros?

- A. US Open
- B. French Open ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Australian Open
- D. Wimbledon

A. The US Open is played in New York; it is not Roland Garros.

B. Correct: the French Open is held at Stade Roland Garros in Paris and is known by that name.

C. The Australian Open is played in Melbourne; it is not Roland Garros.

D. Wimbledon is the English grass-court championship; it is not Roland Garros.

Question 21 Current Affairs

Which community facing target killing in Baluchistan?

- A. Turkmens
- B. Brahui

ara ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Uzbeks

A. Turkmens are not the community targeted in Balochistan.

B. The Brahui are a Balochistan ethnic group, but they are not the community known for targeted killings there.

C. Correct: the Shia Hazara community of Quetta, Balochistan, has faced sustained targeted killings.

D. Uzbeks are not the community targeted in Balochistan.

Question 22 Current Affairs

Which Pakistani scientist awarded China International Science and Technology Cooperation Award in 2020?

- A. Dr. Atta Ur Rehman ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Mukhtar Ahmad
- C. Nazir Ahmed
- D. Dr Abdul Qadir

A. Correct: Prof. Atta-ur-Rahman received China's International Science and Technology Cooperation Award in 2020 for his contributions to science.

B. Mukhtar Ahmed is a Pakistani academic, but he did not receive this award.

C. Nazir Ahmed was an early Pakistani nuclear scientist; he did not receive this award.

D. Dr Abdul Qadeer Khan was Pakistan's nuclear scientist; he did not receive this award.

Question 23 Everyday Science

Medium where sound travels fastest?

- A. Liquid

- C. Solid ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Sound travels faster in liquids than in gases, but not as fast as in solids.

B. Sound travels SLOWEST in gases (about 343 m/s in air).

C. Correct: sound travels fastest in solids, because their particles are packed tightly and pass vibrations on quickly.

D. Wrong: option C is the answer.

Question 24 Everyday Science

Digestion of Protein is completed in which part of small intestine?

- A. Stomach
- B. Ileum ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Duodenum
- D. None of these

A. Protein digestion BEGINS in the stomach (pepsin), but it is not completed there.

B. Correct: protein digestion is completed in the ileum, the final part of the small intestine, where the last peptides are broken down and absorbed.

C. The duodenum continues protein digestion with pancreatic enzymes, but does not complete it.

D. Wrong: option B is the answer.

Question 25 Everyday Science

Which of the following terms describe the amount of blood the heart pumps with each beat?

rt rate

- B. Cardiac output
- C. Stroke volume ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tidal volume

A. Heart rate is the NUMBER of beats per minute, not the amount per beat.

B. Cardiac output is the total blood pumped per MINUTE (heart rate × stroke volume), not per beat.

C. Correct: stroke volume is the volume of blood pumped by the heart in one beat.

D. Tidal volume is the air moved in one breath, not blood.

Question 26 Everyday Science

The muscle fatigue occurs due to accumulation of:

- A. Creatinine
- B. Carbon Dioxide
- C. Ethyl Alcohol
- D. Lactic Acid ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Creatinine is a waste product of muscle metabolism cleared by the kidneys; it does not cause fatigue.

B. Carbon dioxide is a waste gas of respiration, not the cause of muscle fatigue.

C. Ethyl alcohol is not produced in human muscles during exercise.

D. Correct: during hard exercise muscles produce lactic acid, whose accumulation is associated with muscle fatigue.

Question 27 Everyday Science

Which endocrine gland requires iodine to synthesize a particular hormone whose

nay cause goiter disease?

- A. Pancreas
- B. Thymus
- C. Thyroid gland ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hypothalamus

A. The pancreas makes insulin; it does not need iodine and its failure causes diabetes, not goitre.

B. The thymus trains immune cells; it does not use iodine.

C. Correct: the thyroid needs iodine to make thyroxine; iodine deficiency enlarges the gland — goitre.

D. The hypothalamus controls the pituitary; it does not itself need iodine to make its hormones.

Question 28 Everyday Science

The capacity to do work is called:

- A. Motion
- B. Force
- C. Energy ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Momentum

A. Motion is movement itself, not the capacity to do work.

B. Force is a push or pull; it is not the capacity to do work.

C. Correct: energy is defined in physics as the capacity to do work.

D. Momentum is mass × velocity; it is not the capacity to do work.

29 Everyday Science

Temperature of environment increases due to ____?

- A. Nitrogen Gas
- B. Carbon Monoxide
- C. Greenhouse Gases ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sulfur

A. Nitrogen makes up most of the air but is not a greenhouse gas; it does not trap heat.

B. Carbon monoxide is a toxic pollutant, but it is not the main driver of global warming.

C. Correct: greenhouse gases (carbon dioxide, methane and others) trap heat and raise the Earth's temperature.

D. Sulfur alone does not raise environmental temperature; sulfur aerosols actually cool the air.

Question 30 Sports

Technical term for muscle pull

- A. Strain ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Confusion
- C. Abrasion
- D. Sprain

A. Correct: a muscle pull is a strain — an injury to a muscle or tendon from overstretching.

B. Confusion is a mental state, not a muscle injury.

C. An abrasion is a scrape of the skin, not a muscle pull.

D. A sprain is an injury to a LIGAMENT (around a joint), not a muscle pull.

Severe deficiency of Vitamin D results in _____?

- A. Anemia
- B. Night Blindness
- C. Rickets ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Scurvy

A. Anaemia comes from iron or vitamin B12 deficiency, not vitamin D.

B. Night blindness comes from vitamin A deficiency.

C. Correct: severe vitamin D deficiency in children causes rickets — soft, weak bones.

D. Scurvy comes from vitamin C deficiency.

Question 32 Everyday Science

By which mechanism does scent spread all over the room if the lid is opened?

- A. Diffusion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Compression
- C. Pressure in the bottle
- D. Osmosis

A. Correct: scent molecules move from high to low concentration through the air — diffusion — until the smell fills the room.

B. Compression squeezes gas into a smaller space; it does not spread scent.

C. Pressure pushes the scent out at first, but the spreading through the room is diffusion.

D. Osmosis is the movement of solvent through a membrane; it does not apply to scent in air.

33 English

Select the most appropriate antonym of the word Callous.

- A. Lifeless
- B. Careful
- C. Absolute
- D. Kind ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Lifeless means without life; it is not the opposite of callous.

B. Careful means cautious; callous means unfeeling, and its opposite is kind, not merely careful.

C. Absolute means complete; it has nothing to do with callousness.

D. Correct: callous means hard-hearted and unfeeling; its antonym is kind.

Question 34 English

Complete the Idiom: Do not judge a book by its ____?

- A. Language
- B. Content
- C. Preface
- D. Cover ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The idiom is not "by its language".

B. The idiom warns AGAINST judging by the outside, so "content" (the inside) is the opposite of the point.

C. The idiom is not "by its preface".

D. Correct: "Don't judge a book by its cover" — do not judge a person or thing by outward appearance.

35 English

I wish I ____ applied for that Job?

- A. Have
- B. Has
- C. Was
- D. Had ✓ **Correct answer**

A. "I wish I have applied" is ungrammatical; "wish" about the past needs the past perfect.

B. "Has" does not agree with "I" and does not follow "wish".

C. "I wish I was applied" is ungrammatical.

D. Correct: "I wish I had applied" — the past perfect expresses regret about a past action not done.

Question 36 English

Correct verb form for "I ____ New Zealand next year?"

- A. Go
- B. Will Go
- C. Am going to ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Am going

A. "I go New Zealand next year" is ungrammatical; the sentence needs a future form and the preposition "to".

B. "I will go New Zealand next year" still lacks "to" before New Zealand.

C. Correct: "I am going to New Zealand next year" — the "going to" future for a planned event, with "to" before the place.

D. "I am going New Zealand next year" is ungrammatical without "to".

37 English

Indirect speech for "He said: Yes, I will come and see you."

- A. He agreed that he will come and see me
- B. He said that he would come and see me ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. He said that he will come and see me
- D. He accepted that he will come and see me

A. Wrong: "will" must backshift to "would" in reported speech.

B. Correct: "will" backshifts to "would", and "you" becomes "me" in the report.

C. Wrong: "will" does not backshift here.

D. Wrong: "will" does not backshift, and "accepted" changes the sense.

Question 38 English

Passive form for "Light the Lamp."

- A. The lamp has been lighted
- B. The lamp be lighted
- C. Let the lamp be lighted ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. That is the present perfect passive of a statement, not the passive of an imperative command.

B. "The lamp be lighted" is ungrammatical on its own.

C. Correct: an imperative in the passive takes the "Let … be …" form.

D. Wrong: option C is the answer.

39 Computer Science

Who is called the inventor of the computer?

- A. Alan Turing
- B. Grace Hopper
- C. Charles Babbage ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Tim Berners Lee

A. Turing is the father of computer science and code-breaking, but not called the inventor of the computer.

B. Grace Hopper pioneered compilers and COBOL; she did not invent the computer.

C. Correct: Charles Babbage designed the Analytical Engine in the 1830s and is called the father/inventor of the computer.

D. Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide Web, not the computer.

Question 40 Computer Science

Which tab is used to open and save a file in MS Word?

- A. Home Tab
- B. Insert Tab
- C. View Tab
- D. File Tab ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Home tab holds font and paragraph tools, not file open/save.

B. The Insert tab adds pictures, tables and pages, not file operations.

C. The View tab changes how the document looks, not file operations.

D. Correct: the File tab opens the backstage view with Open, Save and Save As.

41 Mathematics

If m : n = 3 : 2, then (4m + 5n) : (4m − 5n) is equal to:

- A. 9:1
- B. 11:1 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 4:9
- D. 9:4

A. Wrong: 9 : 1 does not follow from the ratio 3 : 2.

B. Correct: let m = 3k and n = 2k; then (4m + 5n) = 12k + 10k = 22k and (4m − 5n) = 12k − 10k = 2k, so the ratio is 22 : 2 = 11 : 1.

C. Wrong: 4 : 9 does not follow from the ratio 3 : 2.

D. Wrong: 9 : 4 does not follow from the ratio 3 : 2.

Note: Note: the reproduction prints "If m: n=3 then (4m+5n): (4m-5n)" with the ": 2" dropped; 11 : 1 follows only from 3 : 2, so the ": 2" is restored here.

Question 42 Mathematics

The cost of an article was Rs 75. The cost was first increased by 20% and later on it was reduced by 20%. What is the present cost of the article?

- A. 76
- B. 75
- C. 72 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 70

A. Wrong: 76 is not the result of a 20% rise followed by a 20% fall.

B. Wrong: a rise and a fall of the same percentage do not cancel out, because the fall is taken on the larger amount.

C. Correct: 75 + 20% = 90, then 90 − 20% of 90 = 90 − 18 = 72.

) is not the result of the two percentage changes.

Question 43 Islamic Studies

When was Cyprus conquered?

- A. 30 Hijri
- B. 28 Hijri ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 27 Hijri
- D. 29 Hijri

A. Cyprus was conquered earlier than 30 AH.

B. Correct: Cyprus was conquered in 28 AH (649 CE) under Muawiyah, during the caliphate of Uthman (RA).

C. Cyprus was conquered a year later than 27 AH.

D. Cyprus was conquered a year earlier than 29 AH.

Question 44 Islamic Studies

How many days after the sermon of Hujjat al-Wada the Holy Prophet passed away?

- A. 78
- B. 96
- C. 84
- D. 92 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 78 days is one of the reckonings found in the literature, but it is not the paper's keyed answer.

B. 96 days is another reckoning found in the literature, but it is not the paper's keyed answer.

C. 84 days is another reckoning found in the literature, but it is not the paper's keyed

D. PICK-ONE: the paper keys 92 days between the Farewell Sermon (9 Dhul-Hijjah 10 AH) and the Prophet's death (12 Rabi-ul-Awwal 11 AH); the count varies by reckoning (about 81, 92 or 94 days depending on month lengths), and 92 is the paper's keyed figure, filed with this note. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 45 Islamic Studies

The Nisab of Zakat is ____

- A. 2½% on cash, 52½ tola on silver, or 7½ tola on gold ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 3½% on cash, 52½ tola on silver, or 7½ tola on gold
- C. 4½% on cash, 52½ tola on silver, or 7½ tola on gold
- D. 1½% on cash, 52½ tola on silver, or 7½ tola on gold

A. Correct: zakat is 2½% (one-fortieth) of cash wealth, and the nisab is 52½ tola of silver or 7½ tola of gold.

B. Wrong: the zakat rate is 2½%, not 3½%.

C. Wrong: the zakat rate is 2½%, not 4½%.

D. Wrong: the zakat rate is 2½%, not 1½%.

Note: Note: the reproduction prints the fractions unspaced ("21/2", "521/2", "7/12"); they are filed here as 2½%, 52½ and 7½.

Question 46 Islamic Studies

Author of Al-Tafseer Al-Kabir is?

- A. Imam Ghazali
- B. Ismail bin Kathir
- C. Imam Razi
- D. Fakhr al-Din al-Razi

s given for this question, and none is taught. DEFECTIVE — EXCLUDED, no answer taught (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation: options (C) Imam Razi and (D) Fakhr al-Din al-Razi name the same person — Fakhr al-Din al-Razi, author of Tafsir al-Kabir (Al-Tafseer Al-Kabir) — so two options are both correct and the question as printed has no unique answer; no answer is asserted.)

Question 47 Urdu

خاک اور خون کس کا ناول ہے؟

A. ڈپٹی نظیر احمد

B. مختیار مسعود

Correct answer ✓ C. نسیم حجازی

D. عبدالله حسین

A. ڈپٹی نظیر احمد wrote "مراۃ العروس" and other early novels, not "خاک اور خون".

B. مختار مسعود is known for "آواز دوست", not "خاک اور خون".

C. Correct: "خاک اور خون" is the famous historical novel by نسیم حجازی about the Partition.

D. عبدالله حسین wrote "اداس نسلیں", not "خاک اور خون".

Question 48 Urdu

اردو کی پہلی ناول نگار خاتون کون ہے؟

A. رشیدہ جہاں

B. بانو قدسیہ

C. فقیرہ بیگم

Correct answer ✓ D. رشید النساء

A. رشیدہ جہاں was not the first woman novelist in Urdu, but she was not the first woman writer.

B. بانو قدسیہ ("راجہ گدھ") is a later, famous novelist, not the first.

C. فقیرہ بیگم is not recorded as the first Urdu woman novelist.

D. Correct: رشید النساء ("اصلاح النساء" her novel) is recognised as the first woman novelist in Urdu (appeared in 1881).

Question 49 Urdu

ناول کا فن کس کی کتاب ہے؟

A. اے جے اوریل

B. اے جے ذیل

Correct answer ✓ C. ای ایم فارسٹر

D. جے کے رولنگ

A. No such author wrote this book.

B. No such author wrote this book.

C. Correct: "ناول کا فن" is the Urdu translation (by Abul Kalam Qasmi) of E. M. Forster's "Aspects of the Novel", and it appears in the Delhi University MA Urdu syllabus under Forster's name.

D. J. K. Rowling wrote the Harry Potter novels, not "ناول کا فن".

Note: Note: the reproduction prints the stem as "ناول کافن" — a misreading of "ناول کا فن" (the art of the novel). "کفن" (Kafan) is Premchand's famous short story, a different work.

entirely; the options (Forster among them) show the question is about "ناول کا فن" is filed as with this note.

Question 50 Urdu

شام سے کچھ بجھا سا رہتا ہوں دل ہوا ہے چراغ مفلس کا — اس شعر میں علم بیان کی کونسی صورت بیان ہوئی ہے؟

A. استعارہ

B. تلمیح

Correct answer ✓ C. تشبیہ

D. ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

A. استعارہ is metaphor without a comparison word; the verse compares the heart to a lamp, which is a simile, not a pure metaphor.

B. تلمیح is an allusion to a known event or story; there is no such allusion here.

C. Correct: the poet's heart is likened to the lamp of a poor man — a simile (تشبیہ), comparing one thing to another.

D. Wrong: option C is the answer.

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