Assistant (BS-16), Clubbed Case ID-163 — 2025 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Assistant (BS-16), Clubbed Case ID-163 · **Year:** 2025 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **97 solved and verified**, 3 excluded as defective (Q48, Q83, Q87) · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2025 sitting.

Source note: GK360 reproduction 'Assistant (BS-16) Past Paper 2025' (100 MCQs, page metadata 'held on 16.11.2025'). Session not stated; the Evening session of the same case and date is held 37ce (distinct paper: only 1/5 of 37ce's stems match). 3 DEFECTIVE-excluded (Q48, Q83, Q87). Dedup verified by the coordinator. Decisions by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Badminton originated from which country in the mid-19th century?

- A. USA
- B. France
- C. UK ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. China

A. Badminton did not originate in the USA; the modern game grew out of the English game of battledore and shuttlecock.

B. Badminton did not originate in France; the game took its name from Badminton House

rshire, England.

C. Badminton developed in the UK in the mid-19th century: British officers brought the game home from India and it was first played at Badminton House.

D. Badminton did not originate in China; China became a later powerhouse of the sport, not its birthplace.

Question 2 General Knowledge

OIC stands for:

- A. Organization of Islamic Cooperation ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Organization of Islamic Council
- C. Organization of Islamic Charter
- D. None of these

A. The Organisation of Islamic Cooperation is the correct expansion of OIC.

B. There is no body called the Organization of Islamic Council.

C. There is no body called the Organization of Islamic Charter.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 3 General Knowledge

AUKUS agreement is a:

- A. Provide the nuclear submarine to Australia
- B. To provide the defense security
- C. Both A & B ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Joint Exercise between Australia and Canada

A. AUKUS does provide nuclear-powered submarines to Australia under the pact.

B. AUKUS does provide for shared defence and security cooperation.

d B are true: the pact covers nuclear submarines for Australia and wider defence-security cooperation, so 'Both A & B' is the answer.

D. AUKUS is not a joint exercise between Australia and Canada; Canada is not a party to AUKUS.

Question 4 General Knowledge

What is the name of the Roman amphitheater in Rome?

- A. Colosseum ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Alhambra
- C. Pyramid
- D. Parthenon

A. The Colosseum in Rome is the great Roman amphitheatre, built from AD 70.

B. The Alhambra is a palace and fortress in Granada, Spain, not a Roman amphitheatre.

C. A pyramid is an Egyptian tomb structure, not a Roman amphitheatre.

D. The Parthenon is a Greek temple on the Acropolis in Athens, not a Roman amphitheatre.

Question 5 Everyday Science

What machine was invented by Eli Whitney in 1794?

- A. Cotton Gin ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Spinning Jenny
- C. Steam Engine
- D. Steam Power

A. Eli Whitney patented the cotton gin in 1794; it separated cotton fibre from seed.

B. The spinning jenny was James Hargreaves' invention (1764), not Whitney's.

engine was developed by Newcomen and Watt, not by Whitney.

D. 'Steam Power' is not a machine Whitney invented; the cotton gin is the 1794 invention.

Question 6 General Knowledge

Which city hosted the 2012 Olympics?

- A. Beijing
- B. Tokyo
- C. London ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Rio de Janeiro

A. Beijing hosted the 2008 Olympics, not 2012.

B. Tokyo hosted the 1964 and 2020 (2021) Olympics, not 2012.

C. London hosted the 2012 Olympic Games.

D. Rio de Janeiro hosted the 2016 Olympics, not 2012.

Question 7 General Knowledge

In which city is the famous building Alhambra located?

- A. Cordoba
- B. Rome
- C. Granada ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Milan

A. Cordoba is a Spanish city, but the Alhambra is not there.

B. Rome is in Italy; the Alhambra is not in Rome.

C. The Alhambra palace and fortress stands in Granada, Spain.

D. Milan is in Italy; the Alhambra is not in Milan.

8 General Knowledge

Which international organization helps with global economic growth and financial stability?

- A. World Bank
- B. UNO
- C. Asian Development Bank
- D. IMF ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The World Bank lends for development projects; its mandate is not global financial stability.

B. The UNO is a general political body, not the guardian of global financial stability.

C. The Asian Development Bank lends in Asia; it is not the global financial-stability institution.

D. The IMF (International Monetary Fund) works for global economic growth and financial stability.

Question 9 Everyday Science

Which planet is called the Morning or Evening Star?

- A. Pluto
- B. Neptune
- C. Venus ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Mars

A. Pluto is a dwarf planet, never called the Morning or Evening Star.

B. Neptune is an outer planet, never called the Morning or Evening Star.

C. Venus, bright in the sky at dawn and dusk, is called the Morning Star and the Evening Star.

e Red Planet, never called the Morning or Evening Star.

Question 10 General Knowledge

Who is called the founding father of China in 1949?

- A. Sun Yat-sen
- B. Mao Zedong ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Xi Jinping
- D. Lee Kuan Yew

A. Sun Yat-sen founded the Chinese republic (1911) but is not called the founding father of China in 1949.

B. Mao Zedong proclaimed the People's Republic of China on 1 October 1949 and is called its founding father.

C. Xi Jinping is a later leader of China, not its 1949 founding father.

D. Lee Kuan Yew founded modern Singapore, not China.

Question 11 General Knowledge

Who wrote the famous book 'The God of Small Things'?

- A. Abdul Kalam
- B. Arundhati Roy ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Bapsi Sidhwa
- D. George Orwell

A. A. P. J. Abdul Kalam wrote 'Wings of Fire', not 'The God of Small Things'.

B. Arundhati Roy wrote 'The God of Small Things' (1997, Booker Prize).

C. Bapsi Sidhwa wrote 'Ice-Candy-Man', not 'The God of Small Things'.

D. George Orwell wrote '1984' and 'Animal Farm', not 'The God of Small Things'.

Abraham Lincoln was the president of USA:

- A. 12th
- B. 14th
- C. 16th ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 20th

A. Lincoln was not the 12th President (that was Zachary Taylor).

B. Lincoln was not the 14th President (that was Franklin Pierce).

C. Abraham Lincoln was the 16th President of the United States (1861-1865).

D. Lincoln was not the 20th President (that was James A. Garfield).

Question 13 Pakistan Studies

Al-Nasr (Hatf 9) is used for which purpose in war?

- A. Surface to air ballistic missile
- B. Surface to surface ballistic missile ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Submarine missile
- D. Marine to air

A. Al-Nasr (Hatf-9) is not a surface-to-air missile; it is a battlefield-range ballistic missile.

B. Al-Nasr (Hatf-9) is a short-range surface-to-surface ballistic missile, carried on a mobile launcher.

C. Al-Nasr is not a submarine-launched missile.

D. Al-Nasr is not a marine-to-air weapon.

14 General Knowledge

Which is the capital of Japan?

- A. Kyoto
- B. Osaka
- C. Tokyo ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Yokohama

A. Kyoto was Japan's old capital, not the current one.

B. Osaka is a major Japanese city, not the capital.

C. Tokyo is the capital of Japan.

D. Yokohama is a major Japanese port city, not the capital.

Question 15 Pakistan Studies

Article 370 of the Indian Constitution dealt with:

- A. Kashmir under control of India
- B. Independency of Kashmir
- C. Special status of Kashmir ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Article 370 did not place Kashmir 'under control of India' in that wording; it gave the state a special status.

B. Article 370 did not grant Kashmir independence.

C. Article 370 of the Indian Constitution gave Jammu and Kashmir a special status within India.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

16 General Knowledge

Which was the aircraft that dropped the atomic bomb on Hiroshima in 1945?

- A. B19
- B. Fat Boy
- C. B09
- D. B29 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 'B19' is not the aircraft that dropped the bomb on Hiroshima.

B. 'Fat Boy' is not an aircraft; 'Fat Man' was the Nagasaki bomb.

C. 'B09' is not the aircraft that dropped the bomb on Hiroshima.

D. The Enola Gay, a B-29 Superfortress, dropped the atomic bomb on Hiroshima on 6 August 1945.

Question 17 General Knowledge

Who wrote the famous book 'Diplomacy'?

- A. Barack Obama
- B. Henry Kissinger ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Clinton
- D. Mark Twain

A. Barack Obama wrote 'Dreams from My Father', not 'Diplomacy'.

B. Henry Kissinger wrote 'Diplomacy' (1994).

C. 'Clinton' wrote no book called 'Diplomacy'.

D. Mark Twain wrote 'Tom Sawyer' and 'Huckleberry Finn', not 'Diplomacy'.

18 Pakistan Studies

When did India change the status of Kashmir according to A370?

- A. 5 Aug 2020
- B. 5 Aug 2018
- C. 5 Aug 2021
- D. 5 Aug 2019 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. India did not change Kashmir's status on 5 August 2020.

B. India did not change Kashmir's status on 5 August 2018.

C. India did not change Kashmir's status on 5 August 2021.

D. India revoked Article 370 and changed Jammu and Kashmir's status on 5 August 2019.

Question 19 General Knowledge

TAPI Gas pipeline passes through which countries?

- A. Tajikistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India
- B. Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Indonesia
- D. None of these

A. TAPI does not pass through Tajikistan.

B. TAPI (Turkmenistan-Afghanistan-Pakistan-India) is the gas pipeline linking Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan and India.

C. TAPI does not pass through Indonesia.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

20 General Knowledge

The South China Sea is disputed between how many countries?

- A. 5
- B. 7 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 8
- D. 9

A. The South China Sea dispute is not a five-country dispute; more states claim parts of it.

B. Seven is the intended count in the source's key: China, Taiwan, Vietnam, the Philippines, Malaysia, Brunei and Indonesia (Natuna) are counted as parties; see the verification summary — the six-claimant count is also used, so this is a PICK-ONE.

C. Eight is not the count in the source's key.

D. Nine is not the count in the source's key.

Question 21 General Knowledge

Which famous sportsman is known as 'Rawalpindi Express'?

- A. Waqar Younis
- B. Waseem Akram
- C. Shoaib Akhtar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Shahid Afridi

A. Waqar Younis was a great fast bowler, but he is not called the Rawalpindi Express.

B. Wasim Akram was a great left-arm fast bowler, but he is not called the Rawalpindi Express.

C. Shoaib Akhtar, the fast bowler from Rawalpindi, is known as the Rawalpindi Express.

D. Shahid Afridi was known as Boom Boom, not the Rawalpindi Express.

22 Pakistan Studies

The War of Independence 1857 started from which city?

- A. Delhi
- B. Meerut ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Calcutta
- D. Gujrat

A. The 1857 uprising reached Delhi, but it started at Meerut.

B. The War of Independence of 1857 began with the revolt of the sepoys at Meerut on 10 May 1857.

C. Calcutta was not where the 1857 uprising started.

D. Gujrat (Gujarat) was not where the 1857 uprising started.

Question 23 Pakistan Studies

ML1 Railway project is part of which organization/initiative?

- A. Asian Development Bank
- B. IMF
- C. CPEC ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. World Bank

A. ML-1 is not an Asian Development Bank project.

B. ML-1 is not an IMF project.

C. ML-1 (Main Line-1 railway upgradation) is part of CPEC (China-Pakistan Economic Corridor).

D. ML-1 is not a World Bank project.

24 Pakistan Studies

Which party led the Faizabad Dharna?

- A. TLP ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. TTP
- C. PAT
- D. PMLN

A. Tehreek-e-Labbaik Pakistan (TLP) led the Faizabad Dharna (2017).

B. Tehreek-e-Taliban Pakistan (TTP) did not lead the Faizabad Dharna.

C. Pakistan Awami Tehreek (PAT) did not lead the Faizabad Dharna.

D. PML-N was the government of the day; it did not lead the Faizabad Dharna.

Question 25 Pakistan Studies

First Afghan origin dynasty in the Indian sub-continent:

- A. Mamluk
- B. Mughal
- C. Sadat
- D. Lodhi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Mamluks were a Turkic slave dynasty, not the first Afghan-origin dynasty.

B. The Mughals were of Turco-Mongol origin, not Afghan.

C. The Sayyids (Sadat) were not the first Afghan-origin dynasty.

D. The Lodhi dynasty (1451-1526) was the first Afghan-origin dynasty in the subcontinent.

Question 26 Pakistan Studies

In which year was the BISP Act passed?

- B. 2009
- C. 2010 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 2011

A. The BISP Act was not passed in 2008.

B. The BISP Act was not passed in 2009.

C. The Benazir Income Support Programme Act was passed in 2010 (Act XVIII of 2010).

D. The BISP Act was not passed in 2011.

Question 27 Pakistan Studies

Who is the father of the nation of Pakistan?

- A. Quaid-e-Azam ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Liaquat Ali
- C. Allama Iqbal
- D. Iskandar Mirza

A. Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah is the father of the nation of Pakistan.

B. Liaquat Ali Khan was Pakistan's first Prime Minister, not the father of the nation.

C. Allama Iqbal is the national poet and thinker of Pakistan, not called the father of the nation.

D. Iskandar Mirza was Pakistan's first President, not the father of the nation.

Question 28 Pakistan Studies

In which year did Sir John Marshall discover the Indus Valley Civilization?

- A. 1920
- B. 1921

2 ✓ Correct answer

- D. 1923

A. The excavation campaign under Sir John Marshall ran in 1921-22; Harappa was found in 1921, so 1920 is wrong.

B. Harappa was excavated in 1921, so 1921 is also defensible for the discovery; the printed key (1922, the Mohenjo-daro find) is retained as a PICK-ONE — see the verification summary.

C. Mohenjo-daro was uncovered in 1922 in the same campaign, which is the year the printed key gives; the campaign as a whole is dated 1921-22.

D. The discovery was in the early 1920s, not 1923.

Question 29 Pakistan Studies

Muslim League observed the Day of Deliverance in:

- A. 1938
- B. 1939 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1940
- D. 1942

A. The Day of Deliverance was not observed in 1938.

B. The Muslim League observed the Day of Deliverance on 22 December 1939, after the Congress ministries resigned.

C. The Day of Deliverance was not observed in 1940.

D. The Day of Deliverance was not observed in 1942.

Question 30 Pakistan Studies

Who was Asma Jahangir?

- B. Human rights activist
- C. SG of HRCP
- D. All of These ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Asma Jahangir was a lawyer.

B. Asma Jahangir was a human rights activist.

C. Asma Jahangir served as Secretary General of the Human Rights Commission of Pakistan (HRCP).

D. All three descriptions are true, so 'All of These' is the answer.

Question 31 Pakistan Studies

Which state first joined Pakistan?

- A. Hunza
- B. Makran
- C. Bahawalpur ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Kalat

A. Hunza acceded later than Bahawalpur.

B. Makran acceded later than Bahawalpur.

C. Bahawalpur was the first princely state to accede to Pakistan (October 1947).

D. Kalat acceded later than Bahawalpur (March 1948).

Question 32 Pakistan Studies

Who presided over the Muslim League session in 1940?

- A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Fazal-e-Haq

ma Iqbal

- D. Muhammad Ali Johar

A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah presided over the Muslim League's Lahore session of March 1940.

B. Fazal-e-Haq moved the Lahore Resolution but did not preside over the session.

C. Allama Iqbal had died in 1938 and did not preside in 1940.

D. Muhammad Ali Johar had died in 1931 and did not preside in 1940.

Question 33 Pakistan Studies

Who was the first principal of GC Lahore?

- A. T. C. Lewis
- B. C. G. Christophel Nagel
- C. W. Bell
- D. G. W. Leitner ✓ **Correct answer**

A. T. C. Lewis was not the first principal of Government College Lahore.

B. C. G. Christophel Nagel was not the first principal of Government College Lahore.

C. W. Bell was not the first principal of Government College Lahore.

D. G. W. Leitner founded Government College Lahore in 1864 and was its first principal.

Question 34 General Knowledge

According to UNDP, what is the rank of Pakistan in climate-affected countries?

- A. 8 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 10
- C. 12
- D. 5

anks 8th on Germanwatch's long-term Global Climate Risk Index (1998-2017), the figure the question cites; see the verification summary.

B. Pakistan is not ranked 10th on that index.

C. Pakistan is not ranked 12th on that index.

D. Pakistan is not ranked 5th on that index (5th is a different short-term figure).

Question 35 Geography

Which river is informally called the 'Everest River'?

- A. Indus
- B. Yarlung Tsangpo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Yellow River
- D. Brahmaputra

A. The Indus is a great river of Pakistan, but it is not called the Everest River.

B. The Yarlung Tsangpo, the upper course of the Brahmaputra that flows through the Himalayas by Everest, is the river informally called the Everest River; see the verification summary — the Brahmaputra name (D) is the same river downstream, so this is a PICK-ONE.

C. The Yellow River is in China and is not called the Everest River.

D. The Brahmaputra is the same river as the Yarlung Tsangpo downstream; the intended answer is the Tsangpo name, so D is not the keyed answer.

Question 36 Geography

Corrosion of a river bed creates a:

- A. Bay
- B. Pool ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. None of these

A. Corrosion of a river bed does not create a bay.

B. A pool is the hollow scoured in a river bed by corroding (abrasive) flow, which is the intended answer; the wording is loose (potholes are the classic product), so this is a PICK-ONE — see the verification summary.

C. Creep is slow soil movement on a slope, not a river-bed form.

D. One of the options is the intended answer, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 37 Everyday Science

What is a Supernova?

- A. Massive Stellar Explosion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Collection of stars
- C. Blast of earth
- D. None of these

A. A supernova is a massive stellar explosion at the end of a star's life.

B. A collection of stars is a cluster or galaxy, not a supernova.

C. A blast of the earth is not a supernova.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 38 Everyday Science

Which process is used by plants to convert CO2 and sunlight into glucose?

- A. Respiration
- B. Transpiration
- C. Chloroplast

tosynthesis ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Respiration releases energy from glucose; it does not make glucose from CO2 and sunlight.

B. Transpiration is water loss from leaves, not glucose-making.

C. The chloroplast is the organelle where the process happens, not the process itself.

D. Photosynthesis is the process by which plants convert CO2 and sunlight into glucose.

Question 39 Everyday Science

Which instrument is used to measure the purity of milk?

- A. Seismograph
- B. Manometer
- C. Lactometer ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Barometer

A. A seismograph measures earthquakes, not milk purity.

B. A manometer measures gas pressure, not milk purity.

C. A lactometer measures the purity (density) of milk.

D. A barometer measures air pressure, not milk purity.

Question 40 Everyday Science

Galvanometers work on the principles of:

- A. Electromagnetism ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Resonance
- C. Large current
- D. Voltages

meter works on the principle of electromagnetism: a current in a coil in a magnetic field deflects the needle.

B. Resonance is not the principle of a galvanometer.

C. A galvanometer measures small currents; it does not work on 'large current'.

D. A galvanometer does not work on the principle of voltages alone.

Question 41 Everyday Science

Which part of the eye detects dim light?

- A. Cones
- B. Cornea
- C. Rods ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Iris

A. Cones detect colour and bright light, not dim light.

B. The cornea focuses light; it does not detect dim light.

C. Rods in the retina detect dim light.

D. The iris controls the size of the pupil; it does not detect dim light.

Question 42 Everyday Science

CRISPR/CAS9 is used for changing which part of human biology?

- A. DNA sequence ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. DNA disorder
- C. RNA
- D. Ribosomes

A. CRISPR/Cas9 edits the DNA sequence (gene editing).

as9 does not target a 'DNA disorder' as such; it changes the DNA sequence.

C. CRISPR/Cas9 does not change RNA; it edits DNA.

D. CRISPR/Cas9 does not change ribosomes.

Question 43 Everyday Science

What is the main cause of ozone layer depletion?

- A. Carbon
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Sulphur
- D. CFC ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Carbon alone is not the main cause of ozone depletion.

B. Nitrogen compounds play a part, but they are not the main cause.

C. Sulphur is not the main cause of ozone depletion.

D. Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) are the main cause of ozone-layer depletion.

Question 44 Everyday Science

What is the range of a normal calcium level in the human body?

- A. 7.5-10.5 mg/dl
- B. 8.5-10.5 mg/dl ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 9.5-10.5 mg/dl
- D. 6.5-10.5 mg/dl

A. 7.5 mg/dl is below the normal calcium range.

B. The normal total calcium level in blood is 8.5-10.5 mg/dl.

C. 9.5-10.5 mg/dl is too narrow for the normal range.

is below the normal calcium range.

Question 45 Everyday Science

A body that survives atmospheric entry after a meteoroid burns and reaches the Earth's surface is called:

- A. Meteoroid
- B. Super Nova
- C. Meteorite ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Galaxy

A. A meteoroid is the rock in space, before it enters the atmosphere.

B. A supernova is a stellar explosion, not a fallen rock.

C. A body that survives atmospheric entry and reaches the Earth's surface is called a meteorite.

D. A galaxy is a huge collection of stars, not a fallen rock.

Question 46 Everyday Science

What is the shape of a Sulfur dioxide molecule?

- A. Linear
- B. Compound
- C. Non-Linear ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bonding shape

A. Sulfur dioxide (SO2) is not linear; its bent shape comes from the lone pair on sulfur.

B. 'Compound' is not a molecular shape.

C. SO2 has a bent (non-linear) shape, about 119 degrees.

D. 'Bonding shape' is not a molecular shape.

47 Everyday Science

Which instrument is used to measure earthquakes?

- A. Seismograph ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Barometer
- C. Gravity meter
- D. None of these

A. A seismograph is the instrument used to measure earthquakes.

B. A barometer measures air pressure, not earthquakes.

C. A gravity meter measures gravity, not earthquakes.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 48 Everyday Science

Immunological memory refers to protection against:

- A. Immune system
- B. Anti-Biotic
- C. Anti-Gins
- D. Virus

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation)

A. 'Immune system' is not what immunological memory protects against; the stem is unintelligible as printed.

B. 'Anti-Biotic' is not what immunological memory protects against; the stem is unintelligible as printed.

C. 'Anti-Gins' is not a term; the stem is unintelligible as printed.

ot what immunological memory protects against as worded; immunological memory is the faster response on re-exposure to the same antigen, so no option is correct as printed — DEFECTIVE-excluded.

Question 49 Geography

Glacial grooves indicate movement in which direction?

- A. Perpendicular
- B. Horizontal axis
- C. Parallel to glacier ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Glacial grooves (striations) do not run perpendicular to ice movement.

B. Glacial grooves do not run on a horizontal axis across the flow.

C. Glacial grooves (striations) run parallel to the direction of glacier movement.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 50 Computer Science

Blue chips and AI are used in which generation of computers?

- A. 2nd
- B. 3rd
- C. 4th
- D. 5th ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Second-generation computers used transistors, not blue chips and AI.

B. Third-generation computers used integrated circuits, not blue chips and AI.

C. Fourth-generation computers used microprocessors, not blue chips and AI.

D. Fifth-generation computers are built around AI (and VLSI/ULSI chips); the stem prints

or the chip technology, so this is a PICK-ONE — see the verification summary.

Question 51 Computer Science

Movement graphics and special signs refer to:

- A. Animation
- B. Transition
- C. Effects
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Animation is one of the things named, but the question's intended answer is the combined one.

B. Transition is one of the things named, but the question's intended answer is the combined one.

C. Effects are one of the things named, but the question's intended answer is the combined one.

D. Movement graphics and special signs cover animation, transitions and effects together, so 'All of these' is the intended answer; the wording is loose, so this is a PICK-ONE.

Question 52 Computer Science

Who is the co-founder of Google?

- A. Steve Jobs
- B. Warren Buffet
- C. Larry Page ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Steve Jobs co-founded Apple, not Google.

B. Warren Buffett is an investor, not a co-founder of Google.

e co-founded Google with Sergey Brin in 1998.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 53 Computer Science

In computer terminology, 'Machine' refers to:

- A. Window
- B. Hardware ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Software
- D. None of these

A. In computer terminology, a 'machine' is not a window (a window is a display area).

B. In computer terminology, a machine is the hardware (the physical computer).

C. Software is the programs run on the machine, not the machine itself.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 54 Computer Science

Which of the following does not change when a computer connects to the internet?

- A. Server
- B. TCP
- C. IP Address ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Link

A. The server does not change when a computer connects to the internet.

B. TCP is the protocol used; it does not change on connecting.

C. The IP address is the intended answer in the source's key (the address assigned to the connection is treated as unchanged during the session); the wording is loose, so this is a PICK-ONE — see the verification summary.

the connection itself, it is what is established, not what stays unchanged.

Question 55 Computer Science

Invention of the transistor is a famous work of which laboratory, also used in the UNIX operating system?

- A. Bell Laboratories ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Apple
- C. IBM
- D. None of these

A. The transistor was invented at Bell Laboratories (1947, Bardeen, Brattain and Shockley); Bell Labs also developed UNIX.

B. Apple did not invent the transistor.

C. IBM did not invent the transistor.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 56 Computer Science

Sending data to the server is called:

- A. Downloading
- B. Uploading ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Deleting
- D. Saving

A. Downloading is receiving data from the server, not sending it.

B. Sending data to the server is called uploading.

C. Deleting is removing data, not sending it to the server.

D. Saving is storing data, not sending it to the server.

57 Computer Science

The device that supplies power to the computer is the:

- A. IPU
- B. PSU ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. PPT
- D. SMTP

A. 'IPU' is not the computer's power supply.

B. The PSU (Power Supply Unit) supplies power to the computer.

C. 'PPT' is a PowerPoint file type, not a power supply.

D. SMTP is the mail-sending protocol, not a power supply.

Question 58 Mathematics

What is 36% of 1,450,000?

- A. 52200
- B. 522360
- C. 522000 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 14536

A. 52,200 is 3.6% of 1,450,000, not 36%.

B. 522,360 is not 36% of 1,450,000.

C. 36% of 1,450,000 = 0.36 x 1,450,000 = 522,000.

D. 14,536 is about 1% of 1,450,000, not 36%.

Question 59 Mathematics

How many multiples of 5 exist between 15 and 100, including 15 and 100?

- B. 18 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 19
- D. 20

A. 16 is too few: the multiples of 5 from 15 to 100 are 15, 20, ..., 100.

B. The multiples of 5 from 15 to 100 inclusive are (100 - 15)/5 + 1 = 18.

C. 19 is one too many.

D. 20 is two too many.

Question 60 Mathematics

If you divide 12 pencils among X people, how many pencils does each person get?

- A. X/12
- B. 12/X ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 12X
- D. 1/12X

A. X/12 would give each person less than one pencil when X is large; the division is the wrong way round.

B. 12 pencils shared among X people gives each person 12/X pencils.

C. 12X would multiply the pencils, not share them.

D. 1/12X is not the share per person.

Question 61 Mathematics

The average of 10 students is 80. After adding 5 new students, the average of 15 students increases to 85. What is the total score of the new students?

- A. 460

- C. 525
- D. 550

A. 460 is too low: the 15 students total 15 x 85 = 1,275 and the first 10 total 800.

B. The new 5 students total 1,275 - 800 = 475.

C. 525 is too high by 50.

D. 550 is too high by 75.

Question 62 Mathematics

If XY = 11 * 9, find the value of X^2 + Y^2 - XY:

- A. 101
- B. 102
- C. 103 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 104

A. 101 is not 121 + 81 - 99.

B. 102 is not 121 + 81 - 99.

C. Reading the stem's intended values as X = 11 and Y = 9 (the factors of 11 x 9): X^2 + Y^2 - XY = 121 + 81 - 99 = 103; the stem does not state X and Y separately, so this is a PICK-ONE — see the verification summary.

D. 104 is not 121 + 81 - 99.

Question 63 Mathematics

If the area of a rectangle is 30 cm^2 and the width is 5 cm, find the length:

- A. 5
- B. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. 12

A. 5 cm is the width, not the length.

B. Length = area / width = 30 / 5 = 6 cm.

C. 10 cm would give an area of 50 cm^2.

D. 12 cm would give an area of 60 cm^2.

Question 64 Mathematics

The monthly salary of a salesperson is 1000 + 2000 * C, where 1000 is the base salary and C is the number of cars sold. What does 2000 represent?

- A. The base monthly salary of a salesperson
- B. The average monthly commission earned by each salesperson ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. The average number of cars sold by the dealership each month
- D. The average price of a used car

A. 1000 is the base salary, not what 2000 represents.

B. 2000 is the commission earned per car sold, which the source keys as the average monthly commission per salesperson; no option says 'per car', so B is the closest option — a PICK-ONE, see the verification summary.

C. 2000 is a money amount, not the number of cars sold.

D. 2000 is a money amount, not the price of a used car.

Question 65 Mathematics

If the radius of a sphere is 2r, find the volume of the sphere:

- A. 36πr^3
- B. 32/4πr^3

- D. 32/3πr^3 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 36 pi r^3 is not (4/3) pi (2r)^3.

B. 32/4 pi r^3 = 8 pi r^3, which is not the volume.

C. 1/32 pi r^3 is far too small.

D. Volume = (4/3) pi (2r)^3 = (4/3) pi x 8r^3 = 32/3 pi r^3.

Question 66 English

What is the synonym of 'OPPROBRIUM'?

- A. Regard
- B. Honor
- C. Respect
- D. Disgrace ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 'Regard' is the opposite of opprobrium.

B. 'Honor' is the opposite of opprobrium.

C. 'Respect' is the opposite of opprobrium.

D. 'Opprobrium' means disgrace or public shame.

Question 67 English

Choose the correct antonym of 'ACME':

- A. Apex
- B. Abyss ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Capstone
- D. Prime

synonym of acme (the highest point), not an antonym.

B. 'Acme' means the highest point; its antonym is the lowest point, the abyss.

C. 'Capstone' is a synonym of acme, not an antonym.

D. 'Prime' is a synonym of acme in the sense of the best, not an antonym.

Question 68 English

Which of the following is NOT a preposition?

- A. Away ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Behind
- C. Under
- D. In front

A. 'Away' is an adverb, not a preposition — it is the correct answer.

B. 'Behind' is a preposition.

C. 'Under' is a preposition.

D. 'In front' is a prepositional phrase (in front of), so it is prepositional, not the answer.

Question 69 English

Choose the correct complex sentence:

- A. The dog barked loudly
- B. He went to the playground and won the match
- C. She smiled when she saw her friend ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. She is reading a book

A. 'The dog barked loudly' is a simple sentence, not a complex one.

B. 'He went to the playground and won the match' is a compound sentence, not a complex

C. 'She smiled when she saw her friend' is a complex sentence: the subordinate clause 'when she saw her friend' depends on the main clause.

D. 'She is reading a book' is a simple sentence, not a complex one.

Question 70 English

What kind of word is 'ALIKE'?

- A. Adverb ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Linking adverb
- C. Possessive adjective
- D. Conjunction

A. 'Alike' is an adverb (it modifies in the manner of being alike).

B. 'Alike' is not a linking adverb in the sense the option means; it is a plain adverb.

C. 'Alike' is not a possessive adjective.

D. 'Alike' is not a conjunction.

Question 71 English

Choose the correct preposition: 'We should put ___ the meeting until next week.'

- A. On
- B. Off ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. With
- D. Down

A. 'On' is not the preposition used with 'put' for postponing.

B. 'Put off' means to postpone, so 'off' completes the sentence.

D. 'Down' is not the preposition used with 'put' for postponing.

Question 72 English

Fill in the blank: 'She wrote the preface ___ this book.'

- A. To ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. On
- C. With
- D. Up to

A. 'She wrote the preface to this book' is correct: a preface is written 'to' a book.

B. 'Preface on this book' is not the idiomatic preposition.

C. 'Preface with this book' is not the idiomatic preposition.

D. 'Preface up to this book' is not the idiomatic preposition.

Question 73 English

What is the underlined word in: 'He is like a professional'?

- A. Noun
- B. Pronoun
- C. Preposition ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Adjective

A. 'Like' is not a noun here.

B. 'Like' is not a pronoun here.

C. In 'He is like a professional', 'like' is a preposition (showing resemblance).

D. 'Like' is not an adjective here.

74 English

Choose the correct preposition: 'He is envious ___ them.'

- A. To
- B. Of ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. At
- D. With

A. 'Envious to them' is not idiomatic.

B. 'Envious of them' is correct: one is envious of someone.

C. 'Envious at them' is not idiomatic.

D. 'Envious with them' is not idiomatic.

Question 75 English

Choose the correct sentence:

- A. What to take a milk although water is not available
- B. Even milk is available and water is not available
- C. What to speak of milk, even water was not available ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. 'What to take a milk although water is not available' is not a correct sentence.

B. 'Even milk is available and water is not available' is not a correct sentence.

C. 'What to speak of milk, even water was not available' is the correct idiom (what to speak of = let alone).

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

76 English

Choose the correct pair of analogies:

- A. Gustatory: Vision
- B. Tactile: Taste
- C. Auditory: Visual
- D. Olfactory: Smell ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Gustatory relates to taste, not vision.

B. Tactile relates to touch, not taste.

C. Auditory relates to hearing and visual to sight; they are not a matching pair.

D. Olfactory relates to smell: the matching pair is Olfactory : Smell.

Question 77 English

Fill in the blank: 'His comment was irrelevant ___ the main issue.'

- A. To ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. On
- C. With
- D. At

A. 'Irrelevant to the main issue' is correct: something is irrelevant to a subject.

B. 'Irrelevant on' is not idiomatic.

C. 'Irrelevant with' is not idiomatic.

D. 'Irrelevant at' is not idiomatic.

Question 78 English

Choose the correct punctuation:

- Hubert, the old man, remembered, understood, and flushed with anger
- B. Mr. Hubert, the old man, remembered, understood and flushed with anger ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Mr. Hubert, the old man, remembered, understood and flushed with anger?
- D. Mr. Hubert, the old Man, remembered, understood and flushed with anger

A. The serial (Oxford) comma before 'and' is also acceptable punctuation, so A is not wrong as such; the keyed answer is B — a PICK-ONE, see the verification summary.

B. In the British convention the comma before 'and' in a short list is usually omitted: 'remembered, understood and flushed with anger' is the keyed form.

C. A question mark does not belong at the end of this statement.

D. 'Man' with a capital M mid-sentence is a spelling error.

Question 79 English

Complete the sentence: 'She was waiting when he ___'

- A. Had arrived
- B. Arrived ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Would have arrived
- D. None of these

A. 'Had arrived' (past perfect) does not fit 'was waiting when he...' in this simple sequence.

B. 'She was waiting when he arrived' is correct: past continuous + simple past.

C. 'Would have arrived' does not fit this sentence.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 80 Urdu

فقرہ مکمل کریں: بیل منڈھے چڑھانا

B. شانے

C. چیوترا

Correct answer ✓ D. منڈھے

A. 'Kandhe' (shoulders) is not the completion of this idiom as printed.

B. 'Shane' is not the completion of this idiom as printed.

C. 'Cheotra' is not the completion of this idiom as printed.

D. The idiom is completed as 'bail mandhe charhana' (to put the bull on the shoulder — to take on a burden).

Question 81 Urdu

دو چار قواعد کی روح سے کیا ہے؟

A. محاورہ

B. ضرب المثل

Correct answer ✓ C. روز مرہ

D. مقولہ

A. 'Do chaar' is not a muhavara (idiom) in the technical sense used here.

B. It is not a ضرب المثل (proverb).

C. 'Do chaar' (a couple, a few) is a روز مرہ — an everyday colloquial usage.

D. It is not a مقولہ (saying) in the sense the question means.

82 Urdu

درج ذیل میں سے کون سا فقرہ درست ہے:

A. میرے بچو! خدا تمہیں سلامت رکھے

Correct answer ✓ B. میرے بچوں! خدا تمہیں سلامت رکھے

C. تمہیں میرے بچوں خدا تجھے سلامت رکھے؟

D. میرے بچوں؛ خدا تمہیں سلامت رکھے

A. 'Mere bacho! Khuda tumhein salamat rakhe' uses the wrong vocative form.

B. 'Mere bachon! Khuda tumhein salamat rakhe' is the grammatically correct sentence (plural vocative with 'tumhein').

C. 'Tumhein mere bachon Khuda tujhe salamat rakhe?' mixes singular and plural and is wrong.

D. The semicolon form with the same wording is not the correct sentence as printed.

Question 83 Urdu

فقرہ مکمل کریں: ___ میں شرم کیا

A. شرع

B. شرح

C. شرہ

D. شرا

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation)

A. 'Shara' is not the completion of this phrase as the source keys it.

B. 'Sharh' is the source's key, but the phrase is not attested in any source consulted, so no

:can be confirmed — DEFECTIVE-excluded.

C. 'Sharha' is not the completion of this phrase.

D. 'Shara' is not the completion of this phrase.

Question 84 Urdu

ضرب المثل مکمل کریں: اوکھلی میں ___ دینا

Correct answer ✓ A. سر

B. پاؤں

C. ہاتھ

D. زبان

A. The proverb is completed as 'aukhli mein sar dena' — to put one's head in the mortar, i.e. to invite trouble.

B. 'Paon' (foot) does not complete this proverb.

C. 'Haath' (hand) does not complete this proverb.

D. 'Zuban' (tongue) does not complete this proverb.

Question 85 Urdu

یک جان دو قالب کا درست مطلب ہے:

A. گہری دشمنی

Correct answer ✓ B. گہری دوستی

C. رشتہ داری

D. کوئی نہیں

A. 'Yak jaan do qalib' does not mean deep enmity.

ud qalib (one soul, two bodies) means deep friendship.

C. It does not mean kinship in general.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'Koi nahin' is wrong.

Question 86 Urdu

وہ فعل جس میں گزرے ہوئے زمانے کے بارے میں بتایا جائے اور وہ زمانہ دور کا ہو:

A. ماضی قریب

B. ماضی استمراری

Correct answer ✓ C. ماضی بعید

D. ماضی مطلق

A. Maazi qareeb is the recent past, not the distant past.

B. Maazi istimrari is the continuous past, not the distant past.

C. A verb telling of a distant past event is maazi baeed (distant past).

D. Maazi mutlaq is the absolute past, not specifically the distant past.

Question 87 Urdu

آگ پھانکنا محاورہ ہے، اس کا درست معنی ہے:

A. غصہ دلانا

B. لڑائی بڑھانا

C. صلح کرنا

D. بدگوئی کرنا

No answer is given for this question, and none is taught. NO CORRECT OPTION — DEFECTIVE-excluded (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation)

ilana' is not the attested meaning of 'aag phankna'; the idiom's meaning is not confirmed by any source consulted.

B. 'Larai barhana' is not the attested meaning of 'aag phankna'.

C. 'Sulh karna' is not the attested meaning of 'aag phankna'.

D. The nearby idiom 'aag mein phandna' means taking up a painful or daring task, which is none of the four options, so the keyed meaning (badgoyee) cannot be confirmed — DEFECTIVE-excluded.

Question 88 Urdu

عقابی شان سے جھپٹتے تھے جو بے بال و پر نکلے۔ اس فقرے میں 'بے بال و پر' کا کیا مطلب ہے؟

Correct answer ✓ A. بغیر کسی سہارے کے

B. گہرے دوست

C. دشمن

D. لڑائی کی باتیں

A. 'Be baal-o-par' (without wings and feathers) means without any support — the correct meaning.

B. It does not mean deep friendship.

C. It does not mean enemy.

D. It does not mean talk of fighting.

Question 89 Urdu

چار حرف بھیجنا کا درست معنی ہے:

Correct answer ✓ A. لعن طعن کرنا

- C. لڑائی ڈلوانا

- D. کوئی نہیں

A. 'Chaar harf bhejna' means to curse or rebuke someone (to send four letters of abuse).

B. It does not mean to honour someone.

C. It does not mean to start a fight.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'Koi nahin' is wrong.

Question 90 Islamic Studies

Who killed his infidel father in Ghazwa-e-Badr?

- A. Maaz Bin Jabal
- B. Abu Ubaida bin Jarrah ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Abdul Rehman Bin Auf
- D. Hazrat Hamza

A. Maaz bin Jabal did not kill his father at Badr.

B. Abu Ubaida bin Jarrah killed his own father, Abdullah ibn al-Jarrah, at the Battle of Badr.

C. Abdul Rehman bin Auf did not kill his father at Badr.

D. Hazrat Hamza did not kill his father at Badr.

Question 91 Islamic Studies

Fabricated Hadith is called:

- A. Modhu ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Marfoo
- C. Maqtu

A. A fabricated Hadith is called Mawdu (printed 'Modhu').

B. Marfu is a Hadith traced to the Prophet, not a fabricated one.

C. Maqtu is a Hadith stopping at a Tabi'i, not a fabricated one.

D. One of the options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 92 Islamic Studies

Which wife of Prophet (PBUH) is called 'Umul Masakin'?

- A. Hazrat Safia
- B. Hazrat Maria
- C. Hazrat Zainab bint Khuzaima ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hazrat Khadija R.A

A. Hazrat Safia is not called Umul Masakin.

B. Hazrat Maria is not called Umul Masakin.

C. Hazrat Zainab bint Khuzaima is called Umul Masakin (Mother of the Poor).

D. Hazrat Khadija is not called Umul Masakin.

Question 93 Islamic Studies

What did the Holy Prophet (PBUH) abolish in Khutba Hujjat-ul-Wida?

- A. Humanities
- B. Blood Feuds
- C. Old customs ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Childhood killing

A. 'Humanities' is not what the Farewell Sermon abolished.

ds were also abolished in the Farewell Sermon, so B is defensible; the printed key (C, old customs) is retained as a PICK-ONE — see the verification summary.

C. In the Farewell Sermon the Prophet abolished the customs of the days of ignorance ('all customs of ignorance are under my feet'), which is the keyed answer.

D. Childhood killing (infanticide) was condemned, but it is not the keyed answer here.

Question 94 Islamic Studies

Which Hadith is authentic but slightly weaker than Sahih?

- A. Ghareeb
- B. Hasan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Modhu
- D. Sahih

A. Ghareeb is a Hadith with a single narrator, not the grade below Sahih.

B. Hasan is an authentic Hadith slightly weaker than Sahih.

C. Modhu (Mawdu) is fabricated, not Hasan.

D. 'Sahih' is the strongest grade, not the one slightly weaker than itself.

Question 95 Islamic Studies

Who first used the title 'Ameer-ul-Momineen'?

- A. Hazrat Abubakar R.A
- B. Hazrat Usman R.A
- C. Hazrat Ali R.A
- D. Hazrat Umar R.A ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Hazrat Abubakar was the first Caliph, but the title 'Ameer-ul-Momineen' was first used later.

man was not the first to use the title.

C. Hazrat Ali was not the first to use the title.

D. Hazrat Umar was the first to use the title 'Ameer-ul-Momineen' (Commander of the Faithful).

Question 96 Islamic Studies

Which wife of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) was gifted by the Egyptian king and became the mother of his son Ibrahim (AS)?

- A. Hazrat Safia (RA)
- B. Hazrat Maria Qibtiyya (RA) ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Hala (RA)
- D. Hazrat Khadija (RA)

A. Hazrat Safia was not gifted by the Egyptian king.

B. Hazrat Maria Qibtiyya was gifted by the Egyptian ruler al-Muqawqis and became the mother of Ibrahim.

C. Hazrat Hala was not gifted by the Egyptian king.

D. Hazrat Khadija was the Prophet's first wife, not gifted by the Egyptian king.

Question 97 Islamic Studies

Which Hadith has only one narrator?

- A. Modhu
- B. Sahih
- C. Ghareeb ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hasan

A. Modhu (Mawdu) is fabricated, not the single-narrator grade.

...e sound grade, not the single-narrator grade.

C. Ghareeb (Gharib) is the Hadith narrated by only one narrator at some stage.

D. Hasan is the good grade, not the single-narrator grade.

Question 98 Islamic Studies

To check the background of Hadith narrators, we examine the:

- A. Sahih
- B. Masnad
- C. Maqto
- D. Sanad ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 'Sahih' is a grade of Hadith, not the chain examined for narrators' backgrounds.

B. 'Masnad' is a collection arranged by narrator, not the chain itself.

C. 'Maqto' is a broken chain grade, not the chain examined.

D. The Sanad is the chain of narrators whose backgrounds are examined (Ilm al-Rijal).

Question 99 Islamic Studies

A Quran is declared as a Healing and mercy for those peoples who are:

- A. Disbelievers
- B. Believers ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Cynic
- D. None of these

A. The Quran is not described as healing and mercy for disbelievers.

B. The Quran is described as healing and mercy for the believers (Quran 17:82).

C. The Quran is not described as healing and mercy for cynics.

e options is correct, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 100 Islamic Studies

Bait-e-Rizwan was held to avenge false news spread about which Sahabi?

- A. Hazrat Ali R.A
- B. Hazrat Talha R.A
- C. Usman Bin Affan R.A ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hazrat Saad R.A

A. Bait-e-Rizwan was not held over news about Hazrat Ali.

B. Bait-e-Rizwan was not held over news about Hazrat Talha.

C. Bait-e-Rizwan (the pledge under the tree at Hudaybiyah) was taken to avenge the false report that Usman bin Affan had been killed.

D. Bait-e-Rizwan was not held over news about Hazrat Saad.

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