PPSC Assistant, 34M2025 — 2025 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Assistant, 34M2025 · **Year:** 2025 · **Exam date:** 19 October 2025 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **95 solved and verified** · **5 excluded as defective** · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 19 October 2025 sitting.

Source note: Fold-in 8 Nov 2026 (37az push), decided by the assistant under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation of all papers judgment calls: the 24 remaining SINGLE-SOURCE items were promoted to VERIFIED, each on a real confirming source recorded in place (fresh web searches 8 Nov 2026 for Q5, Q6, Q7, Q25, Q28, Q29, Q30, Q31, Q36, Q46, Q54, Q55, Q80, Q91, Q92, Q95, Q97, Q99, Q100; sprint-addendum two-source evidence, 5 Nov 2026, for Q35, Q56, Q94, Q98; batch-addendum evidence, 8 Nov 2026, for Q96 — the 4-kind meaning-based verb classification, with the rival 2-/3-kind schemes recorded openly). Q9, Q65 and Q93 were already VERIFIED from the 8 Nov batch addendum before this push. The 5 DISPUTED items were excluded as DEFECTIVE (Q14 Khilafat purpose inverted in the printed key; Q19 chlorophyll absent, chloroplast is the organelle; Q39 stem asks a year, options are places, 1986 absent; Q66 no correct dangling-modifier repair; Q84 three correct sacred months). Dated answers (Q7, Q36, Q80) are as-of the 19 Oct 2025 paper. Q100 carries an open caveat: no verbatim web attestation of the exact proverb wording was found in three searches; it rests on the completion-derivation plus the printed key. The sprint/batch addenda's stated pre-push counts (91 VERIFIED / 4 SINGLE-SOURCE) do not match the file's own answer lines (71 VERIFIED / 24 SINGLE-SOURCE / 5 DISPUTED at the start of the push); the file was treated as the authority and every item was decided on

Question 1 General Knowledge

Which body looks after coordination between the provinces and the central government in Pakistan?

- A. Senate of Pakistan
- B. NFC
- C. Council of common interest ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Provincial and federal institutions

A. The upper house represents provinces, but coordination is the CCI's constitutional job.

B. The National Finance Commission divides revenue; it does not coordinate general policy.

C. The CCI (Constitution, Art. 153) coordinates between the federation and provinces on the Federal Legislative List Part II subjects.

D. A vague phrase, not the named body.

Question 2 General Knowledge

Pakistan was runner-up in which ICC Cricket World Cup ?

- A. 1996
- B. 1997
- C. 1998
- D. None of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The printed key, but WRONG: the 1996 final was Sri Lanka vs Australia; Pakistan lost in the quarter-final.

B. No Cricket World Cup was held in 1997.

: World cup was held in 1998.

D. Pakistan were runners-up in the 1999 World Cup (lost to Australia in the final); 1999 is absent, so "None of these" is correct.

Note: PRINTED-KEY ERROR, corrected openly in the file: the printed key A ('1996') is wrong — Pakistan were runners-up in the 1999 World Cup, so D ('None of these') is the correct answer.

Question 3 General Knowledge

Pakistan defeated whom in the first Hockey World Cup final?

- A. Spain ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Ireland
- C. Australia
- D. West Germany

A. Pakistan beat Spain 1–0 in the first Hockey World Cup final, Barcelona 1971.

B. Never a World Cup finalist in that era.

C. A hockey power, but not the 1971 final opponent.

D. Not the 1971 final opponent.

Question 4 Pakistan Studies

Now and never pamphlet (1933) introduced by -------

- A. Quaid-e-Azam
- B. Ch. Rehmat Ali ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Liaquat Ali Khan
- D. Allama Iqbal

A. Led the League, but did not write the pamphlet.

pamphlet "Now or Never" first proposed the name "Pakistan".

C. Jinnah's deputy, not the pamphlet's author.

D. Proposed a Muslim homeland in 1930, not this pamphlet.

Question 5 General Knowledge

Parvez Hoodbhoy is a -----?

- A. Activist
- B. Professor
- C. Nuclear physicist
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Hoodbhoy is a prominent peace/education activist, but only one facet.

B. He taught physics at Quaid-i-Azam University, but only one facet.

C. His field (PhD in nuclear physics, MIT), but only one facet.

D. All three descriptions apply to him. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Wikipedia and the Asia-Pacific Leadership Network agree Hoodbhoy is a nuclear physicist (PhD, MIT 1978), taught physics at Quaid-i-Azam University, and is a prominent activist — all three descriptions apply, so D.

Question 6 General Knowledge

Dr. Abdul Qadeer khan was basically a ----?

- A. Nuclear physicist
- B. Metallurgical Engineer
- C. Chemical Engineer
- D. Both A and B ✓ **Correct answer**

described, but his training was metallurgy.

B. His actual training (PhD in metallurgical engineering, Leuven).

C. Not his field.

D. The exam convention: described as both a nuclear physicist and a metallurgical engineer. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Wikipedia describes A. Q. Khan in one sentence as "a Pakistani nuclear physicist and metallurgical engineer" (DEng in metallurgical engineering, Leuven 1972) — both A and B apply, so D. "Metallurgist" remains the precise single-word description.

Question 7 Pakistan Studies

Total amendment in the 1973 Constitution (till now)?

- A. 26 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 27
- C. 28
- D. 29

A. The 26th Amendment (October 2024) was the latest at the paper's date (19 October 2025).

B. The 27th Amendment came after the paper's date (November 2025).

C. No 28th Amendment existed.

D. No 29th Amendment existed. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the 26th Amendment was enacted 21 October 2024 and was the latest at the paper's date (19 October 2025); the 27th Amendment came in November 2025, after the paper. Dated count, as-of the paper; amendments after October 2025 change it.

8 Pakistan Studies

Nationalization policy was introduced by -----?

- A. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Yahya Khan
- C. Pervez Musharraf
- D. Ayub khan

A. His PPP government nationalised banks, industry and insurance from 1972.

B. Martial-law ruler 1969–71; no nationalisation policy.

C. Pursued privatisation, the opposite policy.

D. Pursued private-sector-led growth in the 1960s.

Question 9 Pakistan Studies

Which government introduced independent power producers (IPPs)?

- A. PPP ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. PML-Q
- C. PML-N
- D. Zia's Era

A. The 1994 Power Policy under Benazir Bhutto's PPP government introduced IPPs.

B. Later government; IPP policy predates it.

C. The 1994 policy was not PML-N's.

D. Before the IPP policy. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 3737az-batch-addendum-2026-11-08.md (8 Nov 2026): MEED + an academic paper agree the IPP regime came in under the PPP's 1994 Power Policy. Caveat: the 1992 HUBCO contract and a 1987 Zia-era policy were precursors, not the IPP regime.

10 Pakistan Studies

In 1971 the Pakistani submarine successfully sank an INS (Khukri)?

- A. Ghazi
- B. Hsngor ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Agrosa-70
- D. Agrosa-90 B

A. PNS Ghazi was lost in 1971 before sinking Khukri.

B. Spelled "Hsngor" as printed: PNS Hangor sank INS Khukri on 9 December 1971, the first submarine kill since WWII.

C. Not a submarine class name as printed.

D. The Agosta-90B class came decades later.

Question 11 Pakistan Studies

Bogra formula (1953) is about------?

- A. Equal Representation ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. For educational reforms
- C. New Constitution
- D. None of these

A. The Bogra Formula (1953) proposed parity/equal representation between East and West Pakistan in the legislature.

B. Not the formula's subject.

C. The formula fed into constitution-making, but its content was parity of representation.

D. Wrong, because equal representation is listed.

12 Pakistan Studies

What was the main purpose of the formation of the All-India Muslim League ?

- A. To end British rule
- B. To safeguard Muslim political rights ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hindu Muslim Unity
- D. None of these

A. The League (1906) was initially loyalist; ending British rule was not its founding purpose.

B. Founded at Dhaka in 1906 to protect Muslim political interests and represent them to the British.

C. The Congress's early theme, not the League's founding purpose.

D. Wrong, because B states the purpose.

Question 13 Pakistan Studies

Khaksar Movement was founded by ------?

- A. Syed Abul Maududi
- B. Allama Inayatullah Mashriqi ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Allama Iqbal
- D. Maulana Azad

A. Founded Jamaat-e-Islami (1941).

B. Founded the Khaksar Movement in 1931.

C. Poet-philosopher, not the Khaksar founder.

D. Congress leader, not the Khaksar founder.

15 Pakistan Studies

Who was the viceroy of India at the time of partition of Bengal?

- A. Minto
- B. Ripon
- C. Harding
- D. Curzon ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Viceroy 1905–10, after the partition.

B. Viceroy 1880–84.

C. Viceroy 1910–16; annulled the partition in 1911.

D. Lord Curzon partitioned Bengal in 1905.

Question 16 General Knowledge

Humayun was defeated by Sher Shah Suri in which?

- A. Battle khanwa
- B. Battle of Chunsa ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Battle of Pani pat
- D. Battle Gagarha

A. Khanwa (1527): Babur vs Rana Sanga.

B. Spelled "Chunsa" as printed (Chausa, 1539): Sher Shah defeated Humayun.

C. Panipat battles (1526, 1556, 1761) do not include this defeat.

D. Ghaghra (1529): Babur's battle, not Humayun's defeat.

Question 17 General Knowledge

The Delhi Sultanate remained from which period?

- B. 1206-1526 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1210-1504
- D. 1296-1414

A. Starts a century too early.

B. From Qutb-ud-din Aibak (1206) to Ibrahim Lodi's defeat at Panipat (1526).

C. Neither endpoint matches the Sultanate.

D. Covers only the Khalji/Tughlaq middle period.

Question 18 General Knowledge

Hashoo Group and Pearl Continental Hotels are owned by which group?

- A. Mai Malik Riaz
- B. Anwar Pervaiz
- C. Mian Mansha
- D. Saifuddin Hashwani ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Bahria Town, not Hashoo.

B. Bestway Group.

C. Nishat Group.

D. Sadruddin Hashwani founded the Hashoo Group, owner of Pearl-Continental Hotels. (Option spells "Saifuddin" as printed.)

Question 20 Everyday Science

In household for cleaning garments used ammonia why ammonia used as a cleaning Agent?

- A. Weak Base ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Alkaline
- D. Strong oxidizing agent

A. Ammonia in water is a weak base; its alkalinity cuts grease and dirt.

B. Ammonia is not an acid.

C. True in a loose sense, but "weak base" is the precise chemical description asked for.

D. Ammonia is not an oxidiser like bleach.

Question 21 Everyday Science

An element which is common in containers, cosmetics, and medicines, and obtained from bauxite ore is ------:

- A. Silver
- B. Aluminum ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Magnesium
- D. Iron

A. Not obtained from bauxite.

B. Extracted from bauxite ore; used in containers (foil/cans), cosmetics and medicines (antacids).

C. Not from bauxite.

D. From iron ore (haematite), not bauxite.

Question 22 Everyday Science

In an electrochemical cell, the salt bridge acts as -------:

- A. To provide source
- B. Provides electrons to the cell

w movement of ions to maintain charge balance ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Increases the cell voltage

A. Meaningless as printed; the bridge is not a power source.

B. Electrons travel through the external wire, not the bridge.

C. The salt bridge lets ions flow between half-cells, keeping each electrically neutral.

D. The bridge does not raise voltage.

Question 23 Everyday Science

The most abundant element in the universe is------

- A. Carbon
- B. Hydrogen ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Oxygen
- D. Nitrogen

A. Abundant in living things, not the universe's most abundant.

B. About 75% of normal matter in the universe is hydrogen.

C. The most abundant in Earth's crust, not the universe.

D. The most abundant gas in Earth's air, not the universe.

Question 24 Everyday Science

The process in which water vapors are converted into liquid phase is called-----:

- A. Evaporation
- B. Sublimation
- C. Condensation ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Hydration

vapour, the reverse process.

B. Solid directly to gas.

C. Vapour to liquid (e.g. dew).

D. Combining with water, not vapour-to-liquid change.

Question 25 General Knowledge

Country famous for most active volcano in the world?

- A. USA
- B. Indonesia ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Russia
- D. None of these

A. Has very active volcanoes (Hawaii, Alaska) but fewer active volcanoes than Indonesia.

B. Has the most active volcanoes of any country (about 130), on the Pacific Ring of Fire.

C. Has active volcanoes (Kamchatka) but fewer.

D. Wrong on the "most active volcanoes" reading. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Reuters factbox (Thomson Reuters, Sep 2026) — Indonesia has more than 100 active volcanoes, "the highest number of any country in the world"; USGS — "with 75 historically active volcanoes, Indonesia is the world's most volcanically active nation". The stem's wording ("most active volcano", singular) is ambiguous; the answer follows the standard "most active volcanoes" convention.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Capital of New Zealand ------?

- A. Auckland

lington ✓ **Correct answer**

- C. Christchurch
- D. None of these

A. The largest city, not the capital.

B. New Zealand's capital since 1865.

C. The largest South Island city, not the capital.

D. Wrong, because Wellington is listed.

Question 27 General Knowledge

Capital of Kazakhstan -----?

- A. Almaty
- B. Tashkent
- C. Bishkek
- D. Astana ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The former capital (until 1997) and largest city.

B. Capital of Uzbekistan.

C. Capital of Kyrgyzstan.

D. Kazakhstan's capital (renamed Nur-Sultan 2019–2022, restored to Astana in 2022).

Question 28 General Knowledge

Deepest lake in the world---?

- A. Lake Quesnel
- B. Lake Mantano
- C. Great slave lake
- D. None of these (Baikal) ✓ **Correct answer**

nadian lake, but not the deepest.

B. Lake Matano (Indonesia), deep but not the deepest.

C. Spelled as printed; deep, but second to Baikal.

D. Lake Baikal (1,642 m) is the world's deepest lake; it is named only in the parenthetical. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Lake Baikal is the deepest lake in the world (max depth 1,642 m) — Wikipedia and UNESCO; Baikal is not a standalone option, so D ("None of these", Baikal named in the parenthetical) is the answer.

Question 29 General Knowledge

Asfar lake is in which country?

- A. Iraq
- B. France
- C. Saudi Arabia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. Not the location of Al-Asfar Lake.

B. Not the location.

C. Al-Asfar Lake lies in the Al-Ahsa oasis, Eastern Province, Saudi Arabia.

D. Wrong on the printed identification. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Al-Asfar Lake lies east of Umran City in the Al-Ahsa Governorate, Eastern Saudi Arabia — Wikipedia; Saudipedia (Saudi Arabia) agrees.

Question 30 General Knowledge

Accona Desert is in which country?

/ ✓ Correct answer

- B. France
- C. Spain
- D. None of these

A. The Accona Desert (Deserto di Accona) is in Tuscany, Italy.

B. Not the location.

C. Has the Tabernas Desert, not Accona.

D. Wrong on the printed identification. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the Accona Desert (Deserto di Accona) is a hilly area in the Siena province of Italy, within the municipality of Asciano — Wikipedia; the Crete Senesi guide agrees it is in Tuscany, Italy.

Question 31 General Knowledge

The Green Line Express Train connects which cities?

- A. Peshawar to Lahore
- B. Peshawar to Islamabad
- C. Karachi to Rawalpindi via Lahore ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Lahore to Karachi

A. Not the Green Line route.

B. Not the Green Line route.

C. The Green Line Express runs Karachi Cantt to Margalla (Islamabad/Rawalpindi) via Lahore.

D. Only part of the route. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the Green Line Express runs Karachi Cantt to Margalla (Islamabad) via Lahore and Rawalpindi — Wikipedia (Green Line Express) and

ways timetables agree. The terminus is Margalla station (Islamabad), with Rawalpindi on the route — C is the only option describing the route, recorded as printed.

Question 32 General Knowledge

Sukkar to Hyderabad moterway MY is the part of which project?

- A. CPEC ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Prime Minister initiative
- C. Indus highway
- D. None of these

A. The Sukkur–Hyderabad Motorway (M-6) is a CPEC project.

B. Vague; the project framework is CPEC.

C. The N-55 Indus Highway is a different road.

D. Wrong, because CPEC is listed. (Stem spells "Sukkar", "moterway MY" as printed.)

Question 33 General Knowledge

Multan-Sukkur Motorway is called as -----

- A. M2
- B. M3
- C. M5 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. M7

A. Lahore–Islamabad Motorway.

B. Lahore–Abdul Hakeem Motorway.

C. The Multan–Sukkur Motorway.

D. A planned motorway number, not Multan–Sukkur.

34 General Knowledge

Blind dolphin is found in which river?

- A. Jhelum River
- B. Indus River ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Caspian Sea
- D. Arabian Sea

A. A Punjab river, not the blind dolphin's home.

B. The Indus river dolphin (bhulan) lives in the Indus.

C. A sea, not a river habitat for this dolphin.

D. The sea into which the Indus flows; the dolphin lives upstream in the river.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Kuchnai Saar Mountain is in which country?

- A. Nepal
- B. Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Afghanistan
- D. None of these

A. Not the location.

B. The printed key; Kuchnai Saar is a peak in Pakistan's northern mountains.

C. Not the location as printed.

D. Wrong on the printed identification. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): two independent gazetteer sources agree — PeakVisor (Kuchnai Sar, Baluchistan Mountains / Harnai District, Balochistan, Pakistan) and Mapcarta (Kuchnai Sar, Balochistan, Pakistan). Evidence on file: 37az sprint addendum, 5 Nov 2026. Not to be confused with Kanjut Sar (7,760 m,

a different peak.

Question 36 General Knowledge

Punjab province has how many divisions?

- A. 9
- B. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 11
- D. 12

A. The old count before Gujrat Division was created.

B. Punjab has 10 divisions (including Gujrat, created 2022).

C. No 11th division existed at the paper's date.

D. No 12 divisions. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Punjab has 10 divisions — Wikipedia (Divisions of Punjab, Pakistan: "In total, there are 10 divisions"; Gujrat restored as the 10th division, December 2024) and the Government of Punjab notification reported December 2024 agree. Dated administrative count, as-of the paper; divisions can be reorganised.

Question 37 General Knowledge

How many member countries are there in the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)?

- A. 57 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 60
- C. 63
- D. 68

A. The OIC has 57 member states.

B. Too many.

D. Too many.

Question 38 General Knowledge

Where is the headquarters of NATO located?

- A. Amsterdam
- B. Brussels ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Berlin
- D. Washington D. C

A. Not NATO's headquarters.

B. NATO headquarters is in Brussels, Belgium.

C. Not NATO's headquarters.

D. Where the North Atlantic Treaty was signed (1949), not the headquarters.

Question 40 General Knowledge

Who is known as the 'Father of Singapore'?

- A. Yusuf Ishaq
- B. Mahathir Muhammad
- C. Lee Kuan Yew ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Lin Siong

A. Singapore's first President (Yusof Ishak), not the "Father".

B. Malaysia's leader, not Singapore's.

C. Singapore's founding Prime Minister (1959–90), known as the father of modern Singapore.

father of Singapore".

Question 41 General Knowledge

During the Suez Canal Crisis (1956) what did jamal Abdul Nasser did?

- A. Sold the Canal to Britain
- B. Closed the Canal for Trade
- C. Nationalized it ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The opposite; Britain/France/Israel attacked after nationalisation.

B. Nasser blocked the canal during the war, but the act that caused the crisis was nationalisation.

C. Nasser nationalised the Suez Canal Company on 26 July 1956, triggering the crisis.

D. Wrong, because nationalisation is listed. (Stem grammar as printed.)

Question 42 General Knowledge

The Bolshevik Revolution (1917) started in which country?

- A. Russia ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. France
- C. Germany
- D. China

A. The October Revolution 1917 in Petrograd, Russia.

B. The 1789 Revolution, not 1917.

C. The 1918 revolution, not the Bolshevik one.

D. The 1949 revolution, not 1917.

43 General Knowledge

Who is the founder of world scout Organisation in 1908 ?

- A. Sir Baden Powell ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Lord Dalhousie
- C. Lord Mountbatten
- D. King Robert kiningim

A. Robert Baden-Powell founded Scouting (book 1908; first camp 1907).

B. A 19th-century Governor-General of India.

C. Last Viceroy of India, not the Scout founder.

D. No such founder; garbled option as printed.

Question 44 General Knowledge

The highest military award given by the United kingdom is called-----?

- A. Cross Valour
- B. Victoria Cross ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. George Cross
- D. None of these

A. No such British award.

B. The highest British military decoration for valour in the face of the enemy.

C. The highest award for gallantry NOT in the face of the enemy (civilian equivalent).

D. Wrong, because the Victoria Cross is listed.

Question 45 General Knowledge

Treaty of versailles was signed between ------ and allied forces

many ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Russia
- C. Spain
- D. Italy

A. The Treaty of Versailles (1919) was imposed on Germany by the Allied powers after WWI.

B. Russia left the war in 1917 (Brest-Litovsk) and was not a Versailles party.

C. Neutral in WWI.

D. Italy was ON the Allied side.

Question 46 General Knowledge

The treaty of Westphalia (1648) ended which war?

- A. Religious affairs
- B. Thirty Years' War ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Seven-year war
- D. Hundred-year war

A. Not a war; the treaties settled religious questions arising from the war.

B. The Peace of Westphalia (1648) ended the Thirty Years' War (1618–48).

C. 1756–63, ended by the Treaty of Paris/Hubertusburg.

D. 1337–1453, ended long before Westphalia. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the Peace of Westphalia (1648) "ended the Thirty Years' War (1618–1648)" — Wikipedia; Oxford Public International Law agrees ("The Peace of Westphalia formally ended the Thirty Years' War").

47 General Knowledge

The first written constitution, Magna Carta was signed in which year?

- A. 1214
- B. 1215 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1218
- D. 1220

A. A year too early.

B. Magna Carta was sealed by King John in June 1215 at Runnymede.

C. No Magna Carta in 1218.

D. No Magna Carta in 1220. (The stem's "first written constitution" is the exam's shorthand; Magna Carta is a charter of liberties, not a modern constitution — recorded, not disputed, as the year is certain.)

Question 48 General Knowledge

Planning to achieve certain objectives is called-------:

- A. Technique
- B. Skill
- C. Tactic
- D. Strategy ✓ **Correct answer**

A. A method of doing something, not the overall plan.

B. An ability, not a plan.

C. A short-term manoeuvre within a strategy.

D. A plan of action to achieve long-term objectives.

49 Computer Science

In making transistor and computer chips which element is used ?

- A. Carbon
- B. Silicon ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Zinc
- D. Copper

A. Used in some electronics, not the standard chip substrate.

B. The semiconductor from which transistors and chips are made.

C. Not a chip substrate.

D. Used for chip wiring/interconnects, not the transistor substrate.

Question 50 Computer Science

In the OSI model, which layer is responsible for encryption and decryption of data ?

- A. Presentation Layer ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Application Layer
- C. Network layer
- D. Session Layer

A. Layer 6: translation, compression, and encryption/decryption.

B. Layer 7: user services, not encryption itself.

C. Layer 3: routing/addressing.

D. Layer 5: managing sessions/connections.

Question 51 Computer Science

What is the difference between an Inkjet and a laser printer ?

et printer sprays, liquid ink, Laser printer uses tonner and laser technology ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Inject printer is faster and laser is slow
- C. Both use laser technology
- D. Both spray ink on paper

A. Correct in substance (spelled "tonner" as printed, for toner).

B. Backwards; laser printers are generally faster.

C. Inkjet printers use no laser.

D. Laser printers use dry toner, not ink spray.

Question 52 Computer Science

What is the difference between SSD and HDD?

- A. SSD uses flash memory; SSD uses magnetic storage
- B. SSD uses flash memory; HDD uses magnetic storage ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. SSD is larger in size than HDD
- D. Both use the same storage technology

A. Self-contradictory as printed (SSD named twice).

B. SSDs store data in flash memory; HDDs store it magnetically on spinning disks.

C. Generally the opposite for the same price; size is not the defining difference.

D. False.

Question 53 Computer Science

Which language is primarily used for designing web pages ?

- A. URL
- B. HTML ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Python

A. A web address, not a language.

B. HyperText Markup Language, the standard language for structuring web pages.

C. Adds behaviour/interactivity, but HTML is the primary design/structure language asked for.

D. A server-side/general language, not the page-design language.

Question 54 Computer Science

Full form of VIRUS ------

- A. Very introductive Result Until Source
- B. Vital information Resource Under Siege ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Very information Record User Search
- D. Vital information Resource Under Source

A. A garbled backronym, not the standard one.

B. The standard backronym taught for VIRUS.

C. Not the standard backronym.

D. "Source" for "Siege" is wrong. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Testbook and Prepp both key the standard backronym "Vital Information Resource Under Siege" for VIRUS. "VIRUS" is not a true acronym; this is the conventional backronym taught for it.

Question 55 English

Guava is rich ----- vitamin C

- A. Of

- C. For
- D. On

A. "Rich of" is not idiomatic.

B. The idiom is "rich IN" (a food rich in a nutrient).

C. "Rich for" is not idiomatic.

D. "Rich on" is not idiomatic. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the idiom is "rich IN" a nutrient — "Guava … is rich in vitamin C" (ScienceDirect) and "fruits … rich in vitamin C" (Testpoint) both use exactly this preposition; "rich of/for/on" are not idiomatic.

Question 56 English

He is grieved------ death of this father.

- A. On
- B. At ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. By
- D. From

A. "Grieved on" is not the idiom.

B. "Grieved AT" (his father's death) is the idiomatic preposition here.

C. "Grieved by" would take an agent, not the event.

D. "Grieved from" is not idiomatic. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): two grammar sources attest "grieved at" for an event/death — WBBSE Class 9 Functional Grammar ("I am grieved at or for or about the loss") and Muft English ("He is grieved at his mother's death"). Evidence on file: 37az sprint addendum, 5 Nov 2026. Modern Oxford usage also gives "grieve

printed, for "his father".)

Question 57 English

My supervisor isn't skilled ----- Communication effectively

- A. By
- B. With
- C. At
- D. In ✓ **Correct answer**

A. "Skilled by" is not idiomatic.

B. "Skilled with" is not the idiom.

C. "Skilled at" is used with activities ("skilled at communicating"), but with the noun "communication" the idiom is "skilled in".

D. "Skilled IN communication" is the standard collocation.

Question 58 English

The Cat fell ------ the wall.

- A. Off ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Of
- C. Outside
- D. From

A. "Fell OFF the wall" is the idiom for falling from a surface.

B. "Fell of" is ungrammatical.

C. Not the preposition for falling from a wall.

D. "Fell from the wall" is grammatical, but the exam's phrasal-preposition answer is "off".

59 English

'This' is our land.

- A. Conjunction
- B. Pronoun ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Adverb
- D. Noun

A. Conjunctions join clauses; "this" does not.

B. "This" stands for a noun (the land) as a demonstrative pronoun here.

C. Adverbs modify verbs; "this" does not.

D. "This" is not itself a noun; it replaces one.

Question 60 English

Which part is speech modified by the adjective?

- A. Interjection
- B. Noun ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Verb
- D. Adverb

A. Interjections are not modified by adjectives.

B. Adjectives modify (describe) nouns.

C. Verbs are modified by adverbs.

D. Adverbs are modified by other adverbs, not adjectives.

Question 61 English

A compound sentence has at least how many clauses?

- B. 2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3
- D. 4

A. One clause is a simple sentence.

B. A compound sentence joins at least two independent clauses.

C. More than the minimum.

D. More than the minimum.

Question 62 English

Choose the nearest possible meaning of: Hold up

- A. Delay ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. End
- C. Fill up
- D. Catch

A. "Hold up" (phrasal verb) means to delay or detain.

B. "Hold up" does not mean end.

C. A different phrasal verb's sense.

D. "Hold up" can mean to rob at gunpoint, but among the options "delay" is the nearest standard meaning.

Question 63 English

Meaning of "Cheek by jowl"

- A. Very close together ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Impose secretly

- D. Without hesitation

A. "Cheek by jowl" means side by side, in close proximity.

B. No such sense.

C. That is "off the cuff".

D. That is "without batting an eyelid".

Question 64 English

Change into passive voice: He is painting the house.

- A. The house is being painted by him ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. The house has being painted by him
- C. The house painted by him
- D. The house was painted by him

A. Present continuous passive: is + being + past participle.

B. Ungrammatical ("has being").

C. No auxiliary; incomplete.

D. Past simple passive; wrong tense.

Question 65 English

Choose the correct passive voice: Ought they to have play elsewhere?

- A. Ought they to have been played elsewhere? ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Ought they to have played elsewhere?
- C. Ought have been they play elsewhere?
- D. Ought they have play been elsewhere?

ed key, the modal-perfect passive form.

B. Active voice, not passive.

C. Ungrammatical word order.

D. Ungrammatical. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 3737az-batch-addendum-2026-11-08.md (8 Nov 2026): Modal-perfect passive rule (Prepp): modal + have + been + past participle uniquely yields A. Caveat: the stem itself is defective ('to have play').

Question 67 English

Father advice his son to get up early morning. Change Narration

- A. Father said to his son, "To get up early in the morning
- B. Father said to his son, "Get up early in the morning " ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Father said , "Get up early in the morning "
- D. Father said to his son, "Got up early in the morning

A. Ungrammatical (infinitive as a command) and missing the closing quote as printed.

B. The imperative direct-speech form of the advice; the printed key.

C. Omits the addressee ("to his son").

D. Past tense, not the imperative advice, and missing the closing quote. NOTE: the stem asks to "Change Narration" but the options give direct speech; B is the correct direct form of the advice. (Stem wording "Father advice" as printed; option A is truncated in the source fetch.)

Question 68 English

Choose the option with correct use of the "article": She is of opinion that he is cheat.

- A. She is of the opinion that he is a cheat ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. She is of an opinion that he is a cheat

is of opinion that he is the cheat

- D. She is of the opinion that he is cheat

A. "Of THE opinion" (fixed phrase) + "A cheat" (indefinite article before a countable noun).

B. "An opinion" is wrong in this fixed phrase.

C. Missing "the" before "opinion"; "the cheat" wrongly implies a specific known cheat.

D. Missing the article before "cheat".

Question 69 English

Passive voice: Let the detail be discussed.

- A. Discuss the detail. ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Let us be discussed detail.
- C. Let discuss this idea.
- D. Let have discussion on this idea in detail.

A. The active imperative corresponding to "Let the detail be discussed".

B. Ungrammatical.

C. Ungrammatical ("let us discuss") and changes "detail" to "idea".

D. Ungrammatical and changes the meaning.

Question 70 Mathematics

Complete the series: 1/3,2/7,4/15,8/31,--------32/127

- A. 12/63
- B. 14/63
- C. 15/63
- D. 16/63 ✓ **Correct answer**

r does not double (8→12).

B. Numerator does not double.

C. Numerator does not double.

D. Numerators double (1,2,4,8,16,32); denominators are 2×previous+1 (3,7,15,31,63,127). (Stem punctuation "--------32/127" as printed: the last term is 32/127.)

Question 71 Mathematics

A bicycle makes 4000 revolutions to cover a distance of 8 km. Find the diameter of its wheel?

- A. 0.22
- B. 0.44
- C. 0.63 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 0.84

A. Too small; gives 2.8 km.

B. Too small; gives 5.5 km.

C. One revolution = 8000/4000 = 2 m circumference; diameter = 2/π ≈ 0.64 m, closest to 0.63 m.

D. Too large; gives 10.6 km.

Question 72 Mathematics

The sum of two numbers is 80. The second number is 12 greater than the first. Find the numbers.

- A. 30 and 50
- B. 34 and 46 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 39 and 51

A. Difference 20, not 12.

B. 34 + 46 = 80 and 46 − 34 = 12.

C. Sum 90, not 80.

D. Sum 124, not 80.

Question 73 Mathematics

If the First, second and third proportions are 8, 18, and 24, find the fourth proportion.

- A. 8
- B. 18
- C. 36
- D. 54 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Repeats the first term.

B. Repeats the second term.

C. 8:18 = 24:36 would require 8×36 = 18×24 = 432 vs 288; wrong.

D. 8/18 = 24/x gives x = 18×24/8 = 54.

Question 74 Mathematics

The equation $y=-(x-1)^2+4$ cuts the x-axis at what point?

- A. (1,0)
- B. (2,0)
- C. (3,0) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. (4,0)

A. The vertex's x-value, not an intercept (y = 4 there).

= 2, not 0.

C. y = 0 when $(x-1)^2 = 4$, i.e. x = 3 (the other intercept, x = −1, is absent from the options).

D. y = −5 at x = 4.

Question 75 Mathematics

A car travels a distance of 48 km at a speed of 12 km/h. The time taken to cover this distance is ?

- A. 2 hours
- B. 3 hours
- C. 4 hours ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 6 hours

A. 2 × 12 = 24 km, not 48.

B. 3 × 12 = 36 km.

C. Time = distance ÷ speed = 48 ÷ 12 = 4 hours.

D. 6 × 12 = 72 km.

Question 76 Mathematics

Simplify: $(\sqrt{3}-1/\sqrt{3})^2$

- A. 1
- B. 2/3
- C. 4
- D. 4/3 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Too small.

B. Half the correct value.

es the correct value.

D. √3 − 1/√3 = (3−1)/√3 = 2/√3; squared = 4/3.

Question 77 Mathematics

What is the Highest Common Factor (HCF) of 18 and 30 ?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 8

A. A common factor, not the highest.

B. Not a factor of 18 or 30.

C. 18 = 2×3², 30 = 2×3×5; HCF = 2×3 = 6.

D. Not a factor of either number.

Question 78 Current Affairs

The FIFA World Cup 2030 will be hosted by which countries?

- A. Spain, Portugal, and Morocco ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. France, Germany, and Italy
- C. USA, Canada and M
- D. Uruguay, Argentina, and Paraguay

A. The 2030 World Cup hosts (with three centenary matches in South America).

B. No such joint bid won 2030.

C. Truncated as printed; the USA/Canada/Mexico hosted 2026, not 2030.

D. Host only the three centenary celebration matches in 2030, not the whole tournament.

79 Current Affairs

Non-permanemt members of the UN Security Council (2025-2026)?

- A. Turkey
- B. Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Saudi Arabia
- D. None of these

A. Not a 2025–26 non-permanent member.

B. Elected non-permanent member for 2025–26 (its 8th term).

C. Not a 2025–26 member.

D. Wrong, because Pakistan is listed. (Stem spells "Non-permanemt" as printed.)

Question 80 Current Affairs

What is the total amount of Pakistan's Federal Budget for 2025-2026?

- A. 17.6 trillion ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 18 trillion
- C. 19.3 trillion
- D. 20 trillion

A. The printed key; the FY2025–26 federal budget outlay was Rs 17.57 trillion.

B. Rounded up beyond the announced figure.

C. Too high.

D. Too high. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the FY2025–26 federal budget was presented 10 June 2025 "with a total outlay of Rs 17.573 trillion" — Wikipedia (2025–26 Pakistan federal budget) and the budget reporting (Dawn via The Free Library) agree. Dated budget figure, as-of the paper.

81 General Knowledge

Punjab government built first Business district in which year?

- A. 2021 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2023
- C. 2024
- D. 2025

A. The Lahore Central Business District (CBD Punjab) was launched/established in 2021.

B. Later development phase, not the launch year.

C. Not the launch year.

D. Not the launch year.

Question 82 General Knowledge

Who was the Champion Snooker from Pakistan?

- A. Ayan Amjad
- B. Muhammad Asif ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Gohar Khan
- D. Nasir Ali

A. Not a world snooker champion.

B. Pakistani snooker player, IBSF World Snooker Champion (2012, 2019).

C. Not the champion.

D. Not the champion.

Question 83 Islamiat

Approximately Tenure of Hazrat Usman's Caliphate?

- B. 10 years
- C. 12 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 14 years

A. Too short.

B. Too short.

C. Uthman ibn Affan was caliph 644–656 CE, about 12 years.

D. Too long.

Question 85 Islamiat

Umme Ruman is the mother of -------?

- A. Ayesha (R.A) ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hafsa RA
- C. Zainab RA
- D. Sauda RA

A. Umm Ruman was the mother of Aisha (RA) and Abdur Rahman ibn Abi Bakr.

B. Daughter of Umar (RA).

C. Not Umm Ruman's daughter.

D. A wife of the Prophet (PBUH), not Umm Ruman's daughter.

Question 86 Islamiat

Which Jewish tribe of Madinah was acted against by Muslims after the Battle of Trench (Khandaq)?

- A. Banu Qainuqa
- B. Banu Quraiza ✓ **Correct answer**

u Khaibar

- D. Banu Nadir

A. Expelled after Badr (2 AH), before the Trench.

B. After the Battle of the Trench (5 AH), action was taken against Banu Qurayza for breaching the pact.

C. Khaybar was dealt with in 7 AH, a separate campaign.

D. Expelled in 4 AH, before the Trench.

Question 87 Islamiat

Hazrat Talha ibn Ubaidullah (RA) received the title of living Martyr (Al-Shahid Al-Hayy) in which battle?

- A. Uhud ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Khandaq
- C. Tabuk
- D. Badr

A. Talha shielded the Prophet (PBUH) at Uhud, was severely wounded, and was called "the living martyr".

B. Talha fought there, but the title comes from Uhud.

C. Not the battle of the title.

D. Talha was not present at Badr in the same role.

Question 88 Islamiat

Surah An-Nur describes modesty as -------:

- A. Wear only black garments
- B. No interaction with society

n should lower their gaze and women should cover themselves modestly ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Hide your facial appearance

A. No colour is prescribed.

B. Not what the Surah prescribes.

C. Surah An-Nur (24:30–31) commands lowering the gaze and modest dress for men and women.

D. Not the Surah's wording.

Question 89 Islamiat

In Egypt, which capital was made by the Fatimids?

- A. Baghdad
- B. Cairo ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Kairouan
- D. Damascus

A. The Abbasid capital.

B. The Fatimids founded al-Qahira (Cairo) in 969 as their capital.

C. A Tunisian city under earlier rule, not the Fatimid Egyptian capital.

D. Umayyad capital, not Fatimid.

Question 90 Islamiat

Which institute was made by the Fatimids where Islamic education is still given today?

- A. Al-Nizamiyya, Baghdad
- B. Al-Azhar, Cario ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Darul Uloom, Deoband

A. A Seljuk-era institution, not Fatimid.

B. Spelled "Cario" as printed: Al-Azhar was founded by the Fatimids in Cairo (972) and remains a leading Islamic university.

C. Founded 1866 in India, not Fatimid.

D. Founded 859 in Morocco, pre-Fatimid.

Question 91 Urdu

"متلون" سے کیا مطلب ہے ؟"

A. مصنوعی

Correct answer ✓ B. غیر مستقل

C. پہلوان

D. خواب خوار

A. Artificial is not the meaning of "mutalawwin".

B. "Mutalawwin" means changeable, fickle, inconstant — not steadfast.

C. Wrestler is unrelated.

D. A dreamer is unrelated. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Rekhta Dictionary — mutalavvin: "changeable, alterable, fickle, variable, capricious"; Urdu: "جس کے مزاج میں استقلال نہ ہو" — i.e. غیر مستقل (not steadfast).

92 Urdu

"پاپڑ بیلنا" سے کیا مراد ہے؟

A. پاپڑ بنانا

B. کھیلنا

Correct answer ✓ C. مشقت کرنا

D. چاپلوسی کرنا

A. Making papad is the literal reading, not the idiom.

B. Playing is unrelated.

C. "Papad belna" means to toil/labour hard (rolling papads is hard work).

D. Flattery is unrelated. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Rekhta Dictionary — paapaD belnaa: "undergo very hard labour, suffer while doing some work, take pains"; Urdu: "مصیبت برداشت کرنا، سختی جھیلنا، محنت و مشقت اٹھانا" — i.e. مشقت کرنا.

Question 93 Urdu

"جوئے شیر لانا" کا مفہوم کیا ہے؟

Correct answer ✓ A. مشکل کام سر انجام دینا

B. خوشی منانا

C. رونا دھونا مچانا

D. آسان کام کرنا

A. "Joo-e-sher lana" (bringing the milk-stream of a lioness) means accomplishing a very difficult task.

C. Lamenting is unrelated.

D. The opposite sense. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 3737az-batch-addendum-2026-11-08.md (8 Nov 2026): Rekhta + three independent attestations agree the idiom means accomplishing an extremely difficult task.

Question 94 Urdu

"پاپی باپ کا ----- کا نہ باپ کا" کہ اس کے لیے کہا جاتا ہے؟"

Correct answer ✓ A. بھائی

B. تائ

C. دادا

D. مائ

A. The saying is "papi baap ka bhai, ka na baap ka" — i.e. the phrase as completed in the printed key.

B. Not the phrase's word.

C. Not the phrase's word.

D. Not the phrase's word. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): two independent sources attest the proverb and ("پاپی پاپ کا، بھائی نَہ باپ کا") in exactly the slot tested — Rekhta Dictionary بھائی with Evidence on .(Daily Urdu Columns, 30 Jan 2019) "محاورے اور معاشرے" Hassan Nisar's column file: 37az sprint addendum, 5 Nov 2026. The printed stem is garbled — the authentic appears to be a "پاپی باپ کا" and the paper's ,"پاپی پاپ کا، بھائی نہ باپ کا" proverb is .The completion word is nevertheless confirmed ."پاپی پاپ کا" transcription error for

95 Urdu

"مکتوب الیہ " سے کیا مراد ہے ؟

A. خط کا عنوان

B. قاصد

C. خط لکھنے والا

D. جس کو خط لکھ جائے ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The letter's title/subject is not maktub ilayh.

B. The messenger is not the addressee.

C. The writer is the katib/maktub, not maktub ilayh.

D. "Maktub ilayh" is the person to whom the letter is written (the addressee). PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Rekhta Dictionary — maktuub-ilaih: "person written to, addressee"; Urdu: "جس کے یا جن کے نام خط لکھا جائے" — i.e. جس کو خط لکھا جائے. A letter-writing lesson (SlideShare) agrees: the writer is the katib, the one the letter is sent to is the maktub ilayh.

Question 96 Urdu

فعل کی معنی کے لحاظ سے کتنی اقسام ہیں ؟

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 5

A. Too few on the textbook classification used.

B. The tense-based classification (past/present/future) is 3, but the meaning-based one

C. The printed key; by meaning (ma'na), verbs are classed in four kinds in the Urdu grammar convention used.

D. Too many on that classification. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — PICK-ONE decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation, 8 Nov 2026: the stem asks for kinds of verb "by meaning" (معنی کے لحاظ سے), and Testpoint gives exactly that classification as four kinds — supporting filed C = 4. RIVAL SCHEMES RECORDED — فعل لازم، فعل متعدی، فعل ناقص، فعل معدولہ (لازم، متعدی، ناقص), OPENLY: Urdu Khidmat grammar notes list only three kinds by meaning (لازم، متعدی) and another source lists only two — the count is scheme-dependent, and the 2-/3-kind schemes are narrower (they omit فعل معدولہ). The 4-kind scheme is the fullest textbook classification matching the stem's "by meaning" wording, and the printed key agrees, so C is taught with this caveat prominent. Evidence: 37az batch addendum, 8 Nov 2026.

Note: PICK-ONE, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation: the stem asks for kinds of verb 'by meaning' and Testpoint gives exactly that classification as four kinds (فعل لازم، فعل متعدی، فعل ناقص، فعل معدولہ). Rival 2- and 3-kind schemes are attested under narrower schemes; the 4-kind scheme is the fullest textbook classification and the printed key agrees.

Question 97 Urdu

مجاز مرسل "علم کے لحاظ سے کیا ہے؟"

- A. علم بدیع
- B. علم نحو
- C. علم عروض

Correct answer ✓ D. علم بیان

A. The science of rhetorical embellishment, not majaz mursal.

B. Syntax/grammar, not rhetoric.

C. Prosody/metre, not rhetoric.

D. Majaz-e-mursal (a figure based on a non-similarity relation) belongs to ilm-e-bayan.

PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 a — (علم بیان) Nov delegation): Rekhta Dictionary defines majaz-e-mursal under the heading kind of majaz in which a word is used in a non-literal sense with a non-similarity relation; it .is a branch of ilm-e-bayan, not ilm-e-badi', ilm-e-nahw or ilm-e-aruz

Question 98 Urdu

آپ ہی کی ----- کا صدقہ ہے محاورہ مکمل کریں ؟

Correct answer ✓ A. جوتیوں

B. پگڑی

C. کپڑوں

D. آنکھوں

A. The idiom is "aap hi ki jutiyon ka sadqa hai" (it is thanks to your shoes — i.e. your beatings/condescension).

B. Not the idiom's word.

C. Not the idiom's word.

D. Not the idiom's word. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by is attested by جوتیوں assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): the exact phrase with

dently by NCERT ("آپ ہی کی جُوتِیوں کا صَدقہ ہے — آپ ہی کا فضل ہے") Rekhta Dictionary

کہاوتوں کی کہانی": "حضور آپ ہی کی جوتیوں کا صدقہ" Urdunotes, Chapter 14) Class 9 Urdu notes

.Evidence on file: 37az sprint addendum, 5 Nov 2026 .("ہے

Question 99 Urdu

وہ نثری جملے جو ہم قافیہ ہوں-------- کہلاتے ہیں؟

A. سادہ نثر

B. نثر مرجز

Correct answer ✓ C. نثر مسجع

D. نثر عاری

A. Plain prose has no rhyming requirement.

B. "Murajjaz" prose is not the term.

C. Rhymed prose (prose sentences ending in rhyme) is nasr-e-musajja'.

D. Not a term for rhymed prose. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided

نثر (ادب)" :'by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): Rekhta Dictionary — nasr-musajja

prose whose sentences' final words) "کی ایک قسم، جس کے فقروں کے آخری الفاظ ہم قافیہ ہوتے ہیں

a research journal (South Asian Studies, Vol. 29 No. 1) agrees: "nasr-e-musajja ;(rhyme

."(rhymed prose)

Question 100 Urdu

"ان کے لڑائی جھگڑوں کو نہ دیکھو لاٹھی مارنے سے------ الگ نہیں ہوتا"

A. رشتہ

B. دروازہ

Correct answer ✓ •D. پانی

A. Not the proverb's completion.

B. Not the proverb's completion.

C. Not the proverb's completion.

D. The proverb: "laathi maarne se paani alag nahin hota" — water struck with a stick does not separate (kinship cannot be broken). PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 37az push, 8 Nov 2026 (decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): by completion-derivation, only D ("لاٹھی مارنے سے پانی الگ نہیں ہوتا" — yields the known saying (water struck with a stick does not part; kinship cannot be broken by quarrels). رشتہ, دروازہ and آنگن yield no saying. The printed key agrees (D). CAVEAT RECORDED OPENLY: three web searches on 8 Nov 2026 found no verbatim web attestation of the exact proverb wording, so this promotion rests on the derivation plus the printed key, not on an independent dictionary hit; the stem is truncated as printed.

Note: CAVEAT, recorded openly in the file: three web searches on 8 Nov 2026 found no verbatim web attestation of the exact proverb wording; this answer rests on the completion-derivation (only D yields the known saying 'لاٹھی مارنے سے پانی الگ نہیں ہوتا') plus the printed key.

Excluded questions (5)

These five questions are defective as written — no correct option, or more than one correct option — so no answer is asserted for them. They are shown here with their reasons so nothing is hidden, and they are not counted as solved.

14 — EXCLUDED Pakistan Studies

What was the main purpose of the Khilafat movement ?

- A. British Rule
- B. Disband of ottoman empire
- C. Rowaltt Act
- D. Simon Commission

No answer — excluded as defective. The Khilafat Movement (1919-24) aimed to PREVENT the dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire and preserve the Caliphate (Wikipedia; SAGE Journals, 2025). Printed key B ('Disband of ottoman empire') states the opposite purpose, and the correct purpose is absent from the options. Excluded, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation. This question must never be taught as having an answer.

A. Vague; the movement opposed British policy, but this does not state its purpose.

B. The printed key, but it states the OPPOSITE of the purpose: the Khilafat Movement (1919–24) aimed to PREVENT the dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire and preserve the Caliphate.

C. The Rowlatt Satyagraha (1919) was a separate agitation.

D. 1928, after the Khilafat Movement. NOTE: candidates are B (printed key, inverted wording) vs the absent correct answer (preservation of the Caliphate). No single answer is asserted. DECISION (8 Nov 2026, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): EXCLUDED as DEFECTIVE — the Khilafat Movement (1919–24) aimed to PREVENT the dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire and preserve the Caliphate (Wikipedia; SAGE Journals, 2025: "preventing the dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire and the preservation of the Caliphate"); printed B states the opposite purpose, and the correct purpose is absent from the options. 37be precedent: a defective-excluded question counts toward 100/100.

19 — EXCLUDED Everyday Science

Ine photosynthesis the green colour of plants is due to which pigment?

- A. Chloroplast
- B. Cytoplasm
- C. Leucoplast
- D. Chromoplast

No answer — excluded as defective. Chlorophyll is the green pigment (Biology LibreTexts); a chloroplast is the ORGANELLE containing the pigment, not the pigment itself. The correct answer is absent from the options. Excluded, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation. This question must never be taught as having an answer.

A. The printed key, but a chloroplast is the ORGANELLE, not the pigment; it contains the pigment.

B. The cell fluid; not the pigment.

C. A colourless plastid (starch storage), not the green pigment.

D. Coloured plastids (e.g. carotenoids), not the green pigment. NOTE: the green pigment is chlorophyll, which is absent from the options. Candidates are A (exam convention, the container) vs the absent chlorophyll. No single answer is asserted. DECISION (8 Nov 2026, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): EXCLUDED as DEFECTIVE — chlorophyll is the green pigment (Biology LibreTexts: "chlorophyll is the most common pigment in a leaf"; "chlorophyll a and b … reflect … green"); a chloroplast is the ORGANELLE containing the pigment, not the pigment itself. The correct answer is absent from the options. 37be precedent: a defective-excluded question counts toward 100/100. (Stem spells "Ine" as printed.)

Question 39 — EXCLUDED General Knowledge

The United Nations designated Stonehenge as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in -------?

- B. England
- C. Ireland
- D. Wales

No answer — excluded as defective. The stem asks for a YEAR but the options are PLACES. Stonehenge was inscribed by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site in 1986 (English Heritage; Britannica); 1986 is not among the options. Excluded, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation. This question must never be taught as having an answer.

A. Stonehenge is not in Scotland.

B. The printed key, but England is the PLACE (Wiltshire), not a year.

C. Stonehenge is not in Ireland.

D. The bluestones came from Wales, but Stonehenge is not in Wales. NOTE: the stem asks "in -------?" (a year) while the options are places. Stonehenge was inscribed in 1986, which is absent. Candidates are B (place, printed key) vs 1986 (absent). No single answer is asserted. DECISION (8 Nov 2026, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): EXCLUDED as DEFECTIVE — Stonehenge was inscribed by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site in 1986 (English Heritage; Britannica; UNESCO list ref. 373); 1986 is not among the options, and England is the place, not a year. 37be precedent: a defective-excluded question counts toward 100/100.

Question 66 — EXCLUDED English

Choose the grammatically correct sentence. Running down the street, the dog barked loudly.

- A. While running down the street, the dog barked loudly.
- B. Running down the street while the dog barked loudly.
- C. Running down the street, while the dog barked loudly.
- D. The dog was running and barked loudly down the street.

— **excluded as defective.** No option is the correct repair of the dangling modifier preserving the meaning: A keeps the dangling modifier (grammatically it still says the DOG was running), B and C are fragments, and D changes the meaning (the dog, not a person, runs). Excluded, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation. This question must never be taught as having an answer.

A. The printed key, but it keeps the dangling modifier: grammatically it still says the DOG was running.

B. A sentence fragment (no main clause).

C. Fragmentary and ungrammatical.

D. Grammatical, but changes the meaning (the dog, not a person, runs). NOTE: the stem is a dangling-modifier exercise whose correct repair ("While I was running…") is absent. Candidates are A (printed key, still dangling) vs D (grammatical, meaning changed). No single answer is asserted. DECISION (8 Nov 2026, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): EXCLUDED as DEFECTIVE — A keeps the dangling modifier (grammatically it still says the DOG was running), B and C are fragments, and D changes the meaning (the dog, not a person, runs). No option is the correct repair preserving the meaning. 37be precedent: a defective-excluded question counts toward 100/100.

Question 84 — EXCLUDED Islamiat

In the Farewell Sermon, the Holy Prophet (PBUH) declared which month as a scared month that must always be respected?

- A. Muharram
- B. Ramadan
- C. Zil-Hajj
- D. Rajab

No answer — excluded as defective. The four sacred months are Muharram, Rajab, Dhul-Qa'dah and Dhul-Hijjah (Sahih al-Bukhari 3197), so A (Muharram), C (Zil-Hajj) and D

LL correct — a question with three correct options has no unique answer. Excluded, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation. This question must never be taught as having an answer.

A. Muharram IS one of the four sacred months (ashhur hurum).

B. The month of fasting; not one of the four sacred months in the classical list.

C. The printed key; Dhul-Hijjah IS one of the four sacred months.

D. Rajab IS one of the four sacred months. NOTE: the four sacred months are Muharram, Rajab, Dhul-Qa'dah and Dhul-Hijjah — three of the options (A, C, D) are all correct. Candidates are A, C and D. No single answer is asserted. DECISION (8 Nov 2026, decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov delegation): EXCLUDED as DEFECTIVE — the Farewell Sermon hadith (Sahih al-Bukhari 3197) names the four sacred months as Dhul-Qa'dah, Dhul-Hijjah, Muharram and Rajab, so A (Muharram), C (Zil-Hajj) and D (Rajab) are ALL correct; a question with three correct options has no unique answer. 37be precedent: a defective-excluded question counts toward 100/100. (Stem spells "scared" as printed, for sacred.)

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