PPSC Ziladar (127G2024) — 2025 · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Ziladar, 127G2024 · **Year:** 2025 · **Exam date:** 29 June 2025 · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **98 solved and verified**, 2 excluded as defective · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the 2025 sitting.

Source note: Primary source: test360.pk reproduction, "Zilladar 127G2024 29-06-2025" (accessed 31 Oct 2026, read-only live-browser capture). The page shows 100 stems, each with 4 options and a displayed key; the displayed keys were NOT trusted — every answer was verified from reference facts, worked derivations, and targeted sources, never from the displayed key alone. 3 displayed/filed keys are corrected openly: Q9 (C Madras -> D Calcutta, National Assembly Gazette + ARJICC), Q28 (B Kangchenjunga -> A Everest), Q96 (C great benefit -> A very capable, Rekhta Dictionary). 2 questions are DEFECTIVE-excluded by the assistant's decision under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation (37be precedent): Q48 (G20 theme absent from the options), Q81 (garbled inequality, no determinable value). Dated answers are as of the paper, 29 June 2025.

Question 1 General Knowledge

Ibn Battuta belonged to which country?

- A. Spain
- B. Egypt
- C. Morocco ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Ibn Battuta travelled in Spain (Granada) but was not Spanish.

B. He visited Egypt and studied there, but was not Egyptian.

C. Ibn Battuta (1304–1369) was born in Tangier, Morocco, and is the famous Moroccan traveller.

D. He travelled through Syria, but was not Syrian.

Question 2 General Knowledge

How many states does the USA have?

- A. 47
- B. 48
- C. 49
- D. 50 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Too few; the USA passed 47 states in 1912.

B. The count from 1912 (Arizona) until 1959.

C. The count briefly in 1959 after Alaska joined.

D. The USA has 50 states since Hawaii joined in 1959 (plus the District of Columbia, which is not a state).

Question 3 General Knowledge

Which private company first launched humans into orbit?

- A. USA
- B. Russia
- C. SpaceX ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. NASA

not a private company.

B. A country; its launches are state-run (Roscosmos).

C. SpaceX's Crew Dragon Demo-2 (May 2020) was the first orbital human spaceflight by a private company.

D. A government space agency, not a private company.

Question 4 Pakistan Studies

In the battle of Buxar 1764 which commander led the British East India company side?

- A. Mountbatten
- B. Cornwallis
- C. Dalhousie
- D. Munro ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The last Viceroy (1947), nearly two centuries later.

B. Governor-General 1786–1793, after Buxar.

C. Governor-General 1848–1856, after Buxar.

D. Major Hector Munro commanded the Company's forces at Buxar on 22 October 1764.

Question 5 Pakistan Studies

NWFP was officially separated from British India in which year?

- A. 1857
- B. 1901 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1903
- D. 1918

A. The year of the War of Independence; no NWFP separation then.

-West Frontier Province was created on 9 November 1901, carved out of Punjab.

C. No such separation in 1903.

D. The end of the First World War; no NWFP separation then.

Question 6 Pakistan Studies

Who led the 1906 Shimla deposition of 35 members delegation of all India Muslim League?

- A. Quaid-e-Azam
- B. Muhammad Shafi
- C. Sir Aga Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

A. Jinnah was not the deputation's leader; he was then a Congress man.

B. Mian Muhammad Shafi was a member of the deputation, not its leader.

C. The Aga Khan (Sultan Muhammad Shah) led the 35-member Muslim deputation to Viceroy Lord Minto at Shimla on 1 October 1906.

D. He had died in 1898, eight years earlier.

Question 7 Pakistan Studies

Who came with the name of Pakistan?

- A. Ch. Rehmat Ali ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Khizr Tiwana
- C. Muhammad Ali
- D. Allama Iqbal

A. Chaudhry Rehmat Ali coined the name "Pakistan" in his 1933 pamphlet "Now or Never".

premier of the 1940s, not the name's originator.

C. Muhammad Ali Jinnah led the Pakistan movement but did not coin the name.

D. Iqbal gave the 1930 Allahabad Address proposing a Muslim homeland, but the name came from Rehmat Ali.

Question 8 Pakistan Studies

Waqar ul Malik served as------- in the Aligarh university.

- A. President
- B. Secretary ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Treasure
- D. Principal

A. Waqar-ul-Mulk (Mushtaq Hussain) was not president of the institution.

B. Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk served as honorary secretary of the Muhammadan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, after Sir Syed's death.

C. "Treasurer" misspelt; he was not the treasurer.

D. The college's principals were others (e.g. Theodore Beck, Theodore Morison).

Question 9 Pakistan Studies

The All India Muslim Student Federation was established in ------:

- A. Aligarh
- B. Delhi
- C. Madras
- D. Calcutta ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Aligarh was the movement's strong campus base, but no founding record places the establishment there.

ng record places the establishment in Delhi.

C. The displayed key, but WRONG: the Muslim Students Federation records its formation on 1 September 1937 at Chennai (Madras) under M. Muhammad Ismail, but the All India Muslim Students Federation — the body the stem names — was founded in Calcutta.

D. The All India Muslim Students Federation was founded on 1 September 1937 in Calcutta; correct. VERIFIED: National Assembly Gazette + ARJICC — AIMSF founded 1 September 1937, Calcutta.

Note: FILE CORRECTION: the displayed key was C "Madras"; corrected to D "Calcutta" — the All India Muslim Students Federation was founded 1 September 1937 in Calcutta (National Assembly Gazette + ARJICC). See the 37bf batch addendum, 8 Nov 2026 (decision-sheet item 37bf Q9).

Question 10 Pakistan Studies

Nawab Amir Khan of Kalabagh served as governor under which rule?

- A. Yahya khan
- B. Ayub khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Pervez Musharraf
- D. Zia-Ul-Haq

A. Yahya's rule (1969–1971) came after Kalabagh's governorship.

B. Nawab Amir Muhammad Khan of Kalabagh was Governor of West Pakistan (1960–1966) under President Ayub Khan.

C. Decades later (1999–2008).

D. Zia ruled 1977–1988, after Kalabagh's time.

11 Pakistan Studies

First Finance Minister of Pakistan was------:

- A. Zafarullah khan
- B. Ghulam Muhammad ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Khurshid Mahmud kasuri
- D. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto

A. Muhammad Zafarullah Khan was the first Foreign Minister.

B. Ghulam Muhammad was Pakistan's first Finance Minister (1947–1951) and later Governor-General.

C. A much later Foreign Minister (2002–2007).

D. A later Foreign Minister and Prime Minister, not the first Finance Minister.

Question 12 Pakistan Studies

How many times did Quaid-e-Azam visit India after partition?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. None of these (0) ✓ **Correct answer**

A. No visit took place.

B. No visits took place.

C. No visits took place.

D. After partition (August 1947) Jinnah never visited India; he remained in Pakistan until his death in September 1948.

13 Pakistan Studies

Who led the Tashkent declaration from India side?

- A. Lal Bahadur Shastri ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto
- C. Indira Gandhi
- D. Atal bihari vajpayee

A. India's Prime Minister, who signed the Tashkent Declaration with Ayub Khan in January 1966.

B. Pakistan's Foreign Minister at the time, on the Pakistan side.

C. Then Information Minister; she became Prime Minister after Shastri's death at Tashkent.

D. Then an opposition MP, not the Indian signatory.

Question 14 Pakistan Studies

How many times did Nawaz Sharif beam PM of Pakistan?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 4

A. He served three separate terms, not one.

B. He served three separate terms, not two.

C. Nawaz Sharif was Prime Minister in 1990–1993, 1997–1999, and 2013–2017: three times.

D. He never served a fourth term. (Stem prints "beam" for "became".)

15 Pakistan Studies

First prime minister of Pakistan was------:

- A. Khwaja Muhammad Ali
- B. Liaquat Ali Khan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Mohammed Ali Jinnah
- D. Fatima jinnah

A. No such first prime minister; Muhammad Ali Bogra was a later Prime Minister.

B. Pakistan's first Prime Minister (1947–1951).

C. The Quaid-e-Azam was Governor-General, not Prime Minister.

D. Jinnah's sister; she never held the office.

Question 16 Pakistan Studies

On September 9, 1958 Pakistan acquired Gwadar from------:

- A. Iran
- B. Oman ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Bahrain
- D. None of

A. Iran is Gwadar's western neighbour but never owned it.

B. Gwadar was an Omani enclave; Pakistan purchased it from the Sultan of Oman, and it was formally handed over on 8/9 September 1958.

C. Bahrain never held Gwadar.

D. Cut off as printed ("None of these" presumably); wrong, since Oman is present and correct.

17 Pakistan Studies

Ghulam Ishaq Khan become chairman of the Senate during which year?

- A. 1983-1985
- B. 1984-1986
- C. 1985-1988 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1988-1990

A. He was Finance Minister in this period, not Senate Chairman.

B. The dates straddle the changeover and are not the term.

C. Ghulam Ishaq Khan was Chairman of the Senate from March 1985 until becoming President in December 1988.

D. He was President of Pakistan in this period, not Senate Chairman.

Question 18 Pakistan Studies

The Kargil war (1999) with which declaration?

- A. Agra Summit declaration
- B. Shimla Accord
- C. Washington declaration ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Lahore declaration

A. The Agra Summit was in 2001, after Kargil.

B. The 1972 Simla Agreement, decades earlier.

C. The Kargil conflict ended after the 4 July 1999 Washington meeting between Nawaz Sharif and Bill Clinton (the Washington Declaration/statement), under which Pakistan withdrew its forces.

D. The February 1999 Lahore Declaration preceded the Kargil war. (Stem is garbled as printed; the intended question is which declaration ended the war.)

19 General Knowledge

State Bank of Pakistan establish a museum and art gallery Karachi in which year?

- A. 2011 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 2012
- C. 2013
- D. None of these

A. The State Bank Museum & Art Gallery, Karachi, was formally inaugurated on 1 July 2011.

B. A year after the inauguration.

C. Two years after the inauguration.

D. Wrong, since 2011 is present and correct.

Question 20 General Knowledge

PANAMA is the organization which works for-----:

- A. Protection of women
- B. Against child labour
- C. Train to fight women against extremism ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Women rights

A. Too general; not the organisation's stated work.

B. Not this organisation's field.

C. The organisation in question is PAIMAN (printed "PANAMA"), the PAIMAN Alumni Trust, which trains mothers in KP and former FATA in peace groups (Mothers TOLANA) to counter violent extremism; option C is the intended answer.

D. PAIMAN's work is counter-extremism and peacebuilding, not general women's-rights advocacy. NOTE: the stem's name "PANAMA" is a misprint for PAIMAN; the answer rests on that identification alone, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

21 General Knowledge

Who is the highest goal score in the history of field hockey?

- A. Sohail Abbas ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Jaan Sehar Khan
- C. Shahbaz Akhtar
- D. Shahbaz Ahmed

A. Pakistan's drag-flick specialist, with 348 international goals — the highest in field hockey history.

B. Not a record goalscorer.

C. Not the record holder.

D. A great Pakistani forward, but not the all-time top scorer.

Question 22 General Knowledge

Pakistan Olympic headquarters is in----:

- A. Lahore ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Karachi
- C. Rawalpindi
- D. Peshawar

A. The Pakistan Olympic Association is headquartered at the Olympic House, Lahore.

B. Pakistan's largest city, but not the POA headquarters.

C. Not the POA headquarters.

D. Not the POA headquarters.

23 General Knowledge

Faisal Mosque was completed in which year?

- A. 1980
- B. 1986 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1990
- D. None of these

A. Construction was still under way in 1980.

B. The Faisal Mosque, Islamabad, was completed in 1986 (construction 1976–1986).

C. Four years after completion.

D. Wrong, since 1986 is present and correct.

Question 24 General Knowledge

Scribe Hotel in Paris is owned by which country?

- A. England
- B. Germany
- C. New York
- D. Pakistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. England never owned the Scribe Hotel.

B. Germany never owned it.

C. New York is a city, not a country, and does not own the hotel.

D. The Hotel Scribe, Paris, was a PIA Investments asset — owned by Pakistan through PIA — as confirmed when a BVI court charged PIA's hotel companies over the Reko Diq award.

25 General Knowledge

The lesser Himalayas have peaks up to which height?

- A. 600-1200 m
- B. 1800-4500 m ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. > 4600 m
- D. 1500-2000 m

A. This is the Siwalik/foothill range, below the Lesser Himalayas.

B. The Lesser (Middle) Himalayas, including the Pir Panjal, rise roughly from 1,800 m to about 4,500 m — the standard textbook range.

C. That is Great Himalayan height (above 4,600 m, up to Everest).

D. Too low for the range's peaks. The answer rests on the textbook height-range convention, hence SINGLE-SOURCE. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 3737bf-batch-addendum-2026-11-08.md (8 Nov 2026): AIOU official course book 'Geography of Pakistan-I' + O-Level Pakistan Studies notes give the Lesser Himalayas as 1800–4500 m.

Question 26 General Knowledge

Petronas Twin Towers are located in ----:

- A. Jakarta
- B. Bangkok
- C. Kula Lumpur ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Manila

A. The capital of Indonesia, not the towers' city.

B. The capital of Thailand, not the towers' city.

C. The Petronas Twin Towers stand in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia (printed "Kula Lumpur").

D. The capital of the Philippines, not the towers' city.

27 General Knowledge

The driest desert in the world is -----:

- A. Thar
- B. Atacama ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Thal
- D. Gobi

A. A large desert in Pakistan/India, but far wetter than the Atacama.

B. The Atacama Desert in Chile is the driest non-polar desert on Earth.

C. A desert region in Punjab, Pakistan, far wetter than the Atacama.

D. A large cold desert in Asia, but wetter than the Atacama.

Question 28 Everyday Science

The world's highest mountain is-----:

- A. Everest ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Kangchenjunga
- C. Makalu
- D. K2

A. Mount Everest (8,849 m) is the world's highest mountain above sea level.

B. The third-highest mountain (8,586 m); this was the page's displayed ✅ key and it is WRONG — recorded here openly, not silently followed.

C. The fifth-highest mountain (8,485 m).

D. The second-highest mountain (8,611 m).

Note: FILE CORRECTION: the displayed key was B "Kangchenjunga"; the world's highest mountain is Everest (8,849 m). Recorded openly in the file, not silently followed.

29 Everyday Science

Mount Etna is located in which country?

- A. Italy ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Germany
- C. Czech Republic
- D. Denmark

A. Mount Etna is an active volcano on the island of Sicily, Italy.

B. Germany has no active volcano of this kind.

C. No Mount Etna there.

D. Denmark has no volcanoes.

Question 30 General Knowledge

The Louvre in France is a -----:

- A. Museum ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Parliament
- C. University
- D. Library

A. The Louvre in Paris is the world's most-visited museum.

B. The French Parliament meets at the Palais Bourbon and Luxembourg Palace, not the Louvre.

C. Not a university.

D. Not a library, though it holds collections; it is a museum.

31 Everyday Science

Who introduced the laws of gravity was given by ----:

- A. Albert Einstein
- B. Isaac Newton ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Stephen Hawking
- D. Galileo

A. Einstein gave the theory of general relativity, which superseded Newton's gravity.

B. Newton formulated the law of universal gravitation (Principia, 1687).

C. A cosmologist of black holes and the Big Bang, not the laws of gravity.

D. Galileo studied falling bodies and motion, but did not formulate the law of gravitation.

(Stem is garbled as printed.)

Question 32 Everyday Science

A body resists change to its state of rest or motion due to----:

- A. Inertia ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Momentum
- C. Force
- D. Torque

A. Inertia is the property by which a body resists any change in its state of rest or uniform motion (Newton's first law).

B. Momentum is mass × velocity; it is not the resistance to change.

C. Force is what CHANGES motion, not what resists change.

D. Torque is rotational force, not resistance to change of motion.

33 Everyday Science

Which element is found in liquid state at room temperature?

- A. Chlorine
- B. Bromine ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Iodine
- D. Fluorine

A. A gas at room temperature.

B. One of only two elements liquid at room temperature (the other, mercury, is not an option).

C. A solid at room temperature.

D. A gas at room temperature.

Question 34 Everyday Science

What term refer to the concentration of salt in sea water?

- A. Saltines
- B. Hardness
- C. Salinity ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Concentration

A. A type of cracker; not a scientific term.

B. Hardness refers to dissolved calcium/magnesium in water, not sea salt.

C. Salinity is the measure of dissolved salt concentration in seawater.

D. A general word, not the specific term for salt in seawater.

35 Everyday Science

Locomotory part of bacteria cell-----:

- A. Flagella ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Cilia
- C. Silia
- D. Farage

A. Bacteria move with flagella, whip-like appendages.

B. Hair-like structures on some eukaryotic cells (e.g. protozoa), not bacterial locomotory organs.

C. A misprint of "cilia"; no such structure.

D. No such biological term (printed as shown).

Question 36 Everyday Science

Mushroom belong to which class?

- A. Algae
- B. Plants
- C. Animalia
- D. Fungi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Algae are photosynthetic organisms; mushrooms do not photosynthesise.

B. Mushrooms were once classed with plants, but they have no chlorophyll and absorb food instead.

C. Animals ingest food and move; mushrooms belong to their own kingdom.

D. Mushrooms are the fruiting bodies of fungi, their own kingdom.

37 Everyday Science

Which is the fastest growing tree?

- A. Bamboo ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Date tree
- C. Deodar
- D. Eucalyptus

A. Bamboo is cited in MCQ convention as the fastest-growing plant (up to about a metre a day), and is the expected answer.

B. A slow-growing palm.

C. A slow-growing Himalayan cedar.

D. Fast-growing, but not the fastest by the convention. NOTE: botanically bamboo is a grass, not a tree; the answer rests on the MCQ convention, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 38 Everyday Science

Goiter disease is caused by a deficiency of:

- A. Nacl
- B. Calcium
- C. Iron
- D. Iodine ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Common salt (sodium chloride) supplies iodine only when iodised; sodium chloride itself is not the missing nutrient.

B. Calcium deficiency causes bone and teeth disorders, not goitre.

C. Iron deficiency causes anaemia, not goitre.

D. Iodine deficiency enlarges the thyroid gland, causing goitre.

39 Everyday Science

Deficiency of vitamin D causes-------:

- A. Night blindness
- B. Rickets ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Beri beri
- D. Scurvy

A. Caused by vitamin A deficiency.

B. Vitamin D deficiency softens growing bones, causing rickets in children (osteomalacia in adults).

C. Caused by vitamin B1 (thiamine) deficiency.

D. Caused by vitamin C deficiency.

Question 40 Everyday Science

What is Lordosis?

- A. Sharp back
- B. Hollow back ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hump back
- D. None of these

A. Not a spinal-curvature term.

B. Lordosis is the inward (swayback/hollow) curvature of the lower spine.

C. That is kyphosis, the outward curvature of the upper spine.

D. Wrong, since "hollow back" is present and correct.

41 Everyday Science

Marsupials are animals known for having:

- A. Long tail
- B. Pouch ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Small tail
- D. Long limb

A. Many marsupials have tails, but so do other mammals; it is not their defining feature.

B. Marsupials (kangaroos, koalas, opossums) raise their underdeveloped young in a pouch (marsupium).

C. Not defining.

D. Not defining; marsupial limbs vary widely.

Question 42 Everyday Science

Use of photography in surveying and mapping to certain measurement between objects is called --

- A. Geoinformatic
- B. Cartography
- C. Remote Sensing
- D. Photogrammetry ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Geoinformatics is the broad science of spatial data, not this specific technique.

B. Cartography is map-making itself, not measurement from photographs.

C. Remote sensing gathers data from a distance (satellites, aircraft) but the measurement-from-photographs technique has its own name.

D. Measuring distances and positions from photographs, used in surveying and mapping.

43 General Knowledge

Dr. Ruth pfau died in which year?

- A. 2016
- B. 2017 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 2018
- D. 2019

A. A year before her death.

B. Dr Ruth Pfau, the German nun who fought leprosy in Pakistan, died in Karachi on 10 August 2017.

C. A year after her death.

D. Two years after her death.

Question 44 General Knowledge

First Hindu woman to be appointed as a civil judge in Pakistan?

- A. Simon Ezekiel
- B. Suman Bodani ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Krishna Kumari
- D. Harishankar

A. Not the first Hindu woman civil judge.

B. Suman Pawan Bodani, from Sindh, became Pakistan's first Hindu woman civil judge in 2019.

C. Krishna Kumari Kohli became the first Hindu woman Senator, not a civil judge.

D. Not the first Hindu woman civil judge.

45 Current Affairs [DATED — as of the paper]

Which sector is prioritized in Pakistan to attract the foregin investment?

- A. Education sector
- B. Minerals ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Textile
- D. Health sector

A. Not the priority sector for foreign investment in this period.

B. Under the SIFC framework Pakistan prioritised minerals and mining (Reko Diq and other projects) to attract foreign investment in 2024–2025.

C. A major export sector, but not the stated investment priority.

D. Not the stated priority. The answer is a dated policy fact, hence SINGLE-SOURCE. (Stem prints "foregin".)

Question 46 Current Affairs [DATED — as of the paper]

World bank forecasts global economic growth rate in 2025 as ------:

- A. 2.7 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 3.7
- C. 15
- D. 25

A. The World Bank's Global Economic Prospects (January 2025) forecast global growth of 2.7% for 2025 (and 2026).

B. Above the forecast.

C. Not a growth forecast figure.

D. Not a growth forecast figure. A dated forecast, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

47 General Knowledge

Which country won the most Olympic medals in 2020 (held 2021 in Tokyo)?

- A. China
- B. Japan
- C. USA ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. UK

A. China finished second in the medal table (88 medals).

B. The host finished third (58 medals).

C. The United States topped the Tokyo 2020 table with 113 medals (39 gold).

D. Britain finished fourth (65 medals).

Question 49 Current Affairs

By which militia Sudanese army preliminary is in Civil war?

- A. Syrian Army
- B. Kurdish Army
- C. Rapid Support Group (RSG) ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. British

A. Syria's army, unconnected with Sudan's civil war.

B. No Kurdish force fights in Sudan.

C. The Sudanese Armed Forces fight the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) paramilitary in Sudan's civil war since April 2023; the option's "Group" is the force's name as printed.

D. Britain is not a party to the war. The stem is garbled as printed; the answer rests on the identification of the RSF, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

50 Current Affairs

Recently which country abolished British monarchy and became a republic?

- A. Barbados ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Australia
- C. Hong Kong
- D. None of these

A. Barbados removed Queen Elizabeth II as head of state and became a republic on 30 November 2021.

B. Australia remains a constitutional monarchy.

C. Hong Kong is a Special Administrative Region of China, never under the British monarchy now.

D. Wrong, since Barbados is present and correct.

Question 51 Current Affairs [DATED — as of the paper]

Which organization combats climate change in 2025?

- A. CPEC
- B. OPEC
- C. UNO ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. SCO

A. An economic corridor project, not a climate body.

B. The oil exporters' cartel, not a climate-combating body.

C. The United Nations, through the UNFCCC and its climate conferences, is the main international body combating climate change — the best fit among the options.

D. The Shanghai Cooperation Organisation is a security/economic bloc, not the climate body. A best-fit, dated question, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

52 Urdu

یہ دفعتا Meaning of Urdu word

- A. All of sudden ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Anguish
- C. Forbearance
- D. Distressed

.means suddenly, all of a sudden (دفعتاً) "**A.** "Daf'atan

B. Anguish is "iztirab"/"kurb", not daf'atan.

C. Forbearance is "tahammul"/"burdbari", not daf'atan.

D. Distressed is "pareshan", not daf'atan.

Question 53 English

Urdu meaning of Concocted?

Correct answer ✓ من گھڑت .A•

احاطہ .B•

مو ہوم .C•

خام ذہن .D•

A. "Man-gharat" means fabricated, made up — the Urdu for "concocted".

B. "Ihata" means an enclosure or compound.

C. "Mauhoom" means imaginary/fancied, not fabricated.

D. "Kham zehen" means a raw/immature mind.

54 English

Antonym of Distilled?

- A. Rare
- B. Infuse ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Extract
- D. Further

A. "Rare" means uncommon; it is not the opposite of distilled.

B. To distil is to draw out/purify by separation; to infuse is to put in, steep, or instil — the opposite movement, and the MCQ-convention antonym.

C. "Extract" is a near-synonym of distil (to draw out), not its opposite.

D. "Further" means additional; unrelated. The answer rests on the convention, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 55 English

Antonym of Facilitate?

- A. Impede ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Assist
- C. Help
- D. Delay

A. To impede is to hinder or obstruct — the direct opposite of facilitate (to make easy).

B. A synonym of facilitate.

C. A synonym of facilitate.

D. Delaying is one way of hindering, but "impede" is the direct antonym.

56 English

Sir on the fence means------:

- A. To take rest
- B. To remain in troubled situation
- C. To cheer the situation
- D. Delayed in decision ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sitting on a fence is not resting.

B. Trouble is not the point of the idiom.

C. The idiom has nothing to do with cheering.

D. "To sit on the fence" (printed "Sir on the fence") means to remain neutral and undecided, delaying a decision. The idiom's core sense is indecision.

Question 57 English

Analogy of Stubborn: Obstinate::--------:

- A. Confident: Assertive
- B. Reliance: Distrust
- C. Gloomy:Morose ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Penny: Pernicious

A. Related words, but not synonyms of the same closeness; "confident" and "assertive" differ in sense.

B. Opposites, not synonyms; the pair must match the synonym relation.

C. "Gloomy" and "morose" are synonyms, just as "stubborn" and "obstinate" are synonyms.

D. Unrelated words (a coin and a harmful quality).

58 English

He------ of you at 7 in the evening next Sunday.

- A. Have waited
- B. Will be waiting ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Is waiting
- D. Wait

A. Present perfect; wrong for a future time ("next Sunday").

B. The future continuous, correct for an action in progress at a stated future time (7 p.m. next Sunday).

C. Present continuous; wrong for next Sunday.

D. Simple present; wrong for the future time stated.

Question 59 English

I gave her all the money ------ I have.

- A. That ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Who
- C. Whom
- D. Which

A. "All the money that I have": "that" is the relative pronoun for things.

B. "Who" is for people, not money.

C. "Whom" is for people as objects, not money.

D. "Which" can introduce a non-defining clause for things, but "that" is required here after "all".

60 English

Either of these two roads ---- to the post office.

- A. Lead
- B. Leading
- C. Is leading
- D. Leads ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Plural verb; "either" takes a singular verb.

B. A participle, not a finite verb.

C. Continuous aspect; the road does not "lead" progressively.

D. "Either ... leads": singular verb agreeing with "either", stating the permanent fact.

Question 61 English

The referee called ----- the match due to weather.

- A. Off ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. About
- C. Over
- D. To

A. "Call off" is the phrasal verb meaning to cancel.

B. "Call about" means to telephone about something.

C. "Call over" means to summon someone.

D. "Call to" is not the phrasal verb for cancelling.

Question 62 English

Words that modify verb, adjective and another adverb is called?

erb ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Adjective
- C. Verb
- D. Preposition

A. An adverb modifies a verb, an adjective, or another adverb (e.g. "very quickly").

B. An adjective modifies a noun or pronoun only.

C. A verb expresses action or state; it is what an adverb modifies.

D. A preposition shows a relation between a noun/pronoun and another word.

Question 63 English [STEM TRUNCATED AS SHOWN — nothing filled in]

Our dog is of very good breed as ------ is the offspring of two very champion dogs and inherite [TRUNCATED AS SHOWN]

- A. He/them
- B. That/his
- C. It/their ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. She/their

A. "He" personifies the dog and "them" does not fit the possessive sense.

B. "That" cannot stand as the subject pronoun here, and "his" mismatches two dogs.

C. "It" is the pronoun for an animal, and "their" refers to the two champion dogs; the visible stem supports this pair.

D. "She" assumes the dog's sex, which the stem never states. The stem is cut off mid-word, so the answer rests on the visible portion plus the reproduction alone, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

64 English

Bina had got just home when I opened. She ----- at her mother's house.

- A. Had been ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Were
- C. Had
- D. Was

A. The past perfect continuous sense ("had been staying") fits an action already in progress before the past moment.

B. Plural past of "be"; the subject is singular "she".

C. "Had" alone needs an object; it cannot complete the sense.

D. Simple past; the earlier action needs the past perfect ("had been") after "had got".

Question 65 English

I can write a book on grammar. (Passive voice)

- A. A book can be write
- B. Grammar is written by me
- C. A book on grammar can be written by me ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. A book can written me

A. "Be write" is ungrammatical; the past participle "written" is needed.

B. This changes the object ("a book on grammar") to "grammar" and drops the modal.

C. The correct passive: object + "can be" + past participle + agent.

D. Ungrammatical and reverses the sense.

66 English

The speaker said "Ladies and gentlemen, I thank you for your timely help".

- A. The speaker thanked the audience for their timely help. ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. The speaker told to audience for his timely help.
- C. The speaker says thank you to audience
- D. The speaker addressed the audience for their's thank you

A. The correct reported form: "thank you" becomes "thanked", "your" becomes "their".

B. Ungrammatical ("told to") and the pronoun is wrong.

C. Wrong tense (present) and keeps direct speech.

D. "Their's" is not a word, and the sense is lost.

Question 67 Computer

Alibaba group of companies was founded in which year?

- A. 1990
- B. 1995
- C. 1999 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 2004

A. A decade too early; Alibaba did not exist then.

B. The year of early Chinese internet ventures, not Alibaba.

C. Jack Ma founded Alibaba in Hangzhou in 1999.

D. By 2004 Alibaba already ran Taobao (2003) and Alipay (2004).

Question 68 Computer

Servers are computer that provides resources to other computers connected -----:

- B. Network ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Supercomputer
- D. Mainframe

A. Clients RECEIVE resources from servers; the blank needs what the computers are connected to.

B. Servers provide resources to computers connected to a network; the wording fits the stem.

C. A supercomputer is a type of powerful machine, not what the computers connect to.

D. A mainframe is a type of large computer, not the connection. The answer is wording-dependent, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 69 Computer

Digital marketing refers to ----:

- A. Internet marketing
- B. Web marketing
- C. Online marketing
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. One name for digital marketing, but not the whole answer.

B. One name for it, but not the whole answer.

C. One name for it, but not the whole answer.

D. Internet, web and online marketing are all names for digital marketing.

Question 70 Computer

Which AI related term is also linked with information technology?

ficial Intelligence

- B. Cloud computing
- C. Zero proofing knowledge
- D. All of these ✓ **Correct answer**

A. An IT-linked field, but only one of the options.

B. An IT-linked field, but only one of the options.

C. A garbled form of "zero-knowledge proof", a cryptographic/IT concept; as printed it is not a standard term.

D. The intended best-fit answer: all three are presented as IT-linked. The question's wording is weak, hence SINGLE-SOURCE. PROMOTED to VERIFIED — 3737bf-batch-addendum-2026-11-08.md (8 Nov 2026): AI, cloud computing and zero-knowledge proof (recovered from the garbled 'Zero proofing knowledge') are all IT-linked, so D follows by elimination.

Question 71 Computer [DATED — as of the paper]

Which company decided to open a quantum research lab in Boston 2025?

- A. Google
- B. AI
- C. Deep seek
- D. NVIDIA ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Google has quantum work (Santa Barbara), but did not open the Boston lab.

B. "AI" is a field, not a company.

C. DeepSeek is a Chinese AI company; it did not open a Boston quantum lab.

D. NVIDIA announced its Accelerated Quantum Research Center (NVAQC) in Boston on 18 March 2025. A dated news fact, flagged as such.

72 Computer

In MS Excel ------ is used to convert to HTML.

- A. Internet assistant Wizard ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Assistant Network
- C. System Network
- D. Network

A. The legacy "Internet Assistant Wizard" in older Excel versions converted worksheets to HTML — the MCQ-convention answer.

B. No such Excel feature.

C. No such Excel feature.

D. A general term, not the conversion tool. The answer rests on the legacy-feature convention, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 73 Computer

A relevant group of web pages linked with web domain name is called------

- A. Web host
- B. Webpage
- C. Weblink
- D. Website ✓ **Correct answer**

A. A web host is the server/service that stores the pages, not the group of pages.

B. A single page, not the group.

C. A link between pages, not the group.

D. A website is a group of related web pages under one domain name.

74 Computer

In Microsoft office macro is used for which function?

- A. Task recorder
- B. Record respective task ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Record mouse move
- D. Record of keyboard

A. A macro is not itself called a "task recorder"; it is the recorded sequence.

B. A macro records a sequence of commands/tasks so they can be replayed — the function the question asks for.

C. Macros record commands, not merely mouse movement.

D. Macros record more than keystrokes (menus, commands, formatting). The wording is ambiguous between A and B; B is the function, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 75 Mathematics

How many tangests can be drawn in a circle?

- A. 0
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. Infinite ✓ **Correct answer**

A. A tangent can be drawn at every point of a circle.

B. Two tangents can be drawn from one EXTERNAL point, but the question asks for the circle as a whole.

C. No such limit.

D. A tangent exists at every point of the circle, and there are infinitely many points. (Stem prints "tangests".)

76 Mathematics [STEM TRUNCATED AS SHOWN — nothing filled in]

A sum of Rs 12,500 amount to Rs 15,500 in 4 years at simple rate of interest what is the rate o [TRUNCATED AS SHOWN]

- A. 3%
- B. 4%
- C. 5%
- D. 6% ✓ **Correct answer**

A. At 3% simple interest the 4-year interest would be Rs 1,500, not Rs 3,000.

B. At 4% the interest would be Rs 2,000.

C. At 5% the interest would be Rs 2,500.

D. Interest = 15,500 − 12,500 = Rs 3,000; rate = 3,000 × 100 ÷ (12,500 × 4) = 6%. The stem is cut off, but the visible figures determine the rate; hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 77 Mathematics

Find the correct next number in the sequence :6 ,9, 18,45 ,126?

- A. 274
- B. 329
- C. 359
- D. 369 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Does not follow the difference pattern.

B. Does not follow the difference pattern.

C. Does not follow the difference pattern.

D. Differences are 3, 9, 27, 81 (each ×3); the next difference is 243, and 126 + 243 = 369.

78 Mathematics

If x-y=1 and 4y-x= 2,what is the value of "x" ?

- A. 1
- B. 2 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 3
- D. 4

A. If x = 1, then y = 0 and 4y − x = −1, not 2.

B. From x − y = 1, x = y + 1; substituting: 4y − (y + 1) = 2, so 3y = 3, y = 1, x = 2.

C. If x = 3, then y = 2 and 4y − x = 5, not 2.

D. If x = 4, then y = 3 and 4y − x = 8, not 2.

Question 79 Mathematics

A car travels at a speed of 55 km/h what distance will it cover in 12 minutes?

- A. 10 km
- B. 11 km ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 12 km
- D. 13 km

A. 10 km would take about 10.9 minutes, not 12.

B. 12 minutes is 1/5 of an hour; 55 ÷ 5 = 11 km.

C. 12 km would take about 13.1 minutes.

D. 13 km would take about 14.2 minutes.

Question 80 Mathematics

If a person has $12 and spends $8.40 how much money does he have left?

- B. $3.60 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. $3.80
- D. $4.20

A. 12 − 8.40 is not 2.80.

B. 12.00 − 8.40 = 3.60.

C. 12 − 8.40 is not 3.80.

D. 12 − 8.40 is not 4.20 (that would follow spending $7.80).

Question 82 Islamiat

What was the duration of pious Caliphates?

- A. 30 years ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 35 years
- C. 40 years
- D. 45 years

A. The Khilafat-e-Rashida (Abu Bakr to Hasan, 632–661 CE) lasted 30 years, per the well-known tradition.

B. No such reckoning.

C. No such reckoning.

D. No such reckoning.

Question 83 Islamiat

------- Umer Bin Hasham was the name of

- A. Abu jahal ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Utba

- D. Abu Lahab

A. Amr ibn Hisham (printed "Umer Bin Hasham") was known as Abu Jahl.

B. Utbah ibn Rabi'ah was a different Quraysh leader.

C. Shaybah ibn Rabi'ah was Utbah's brother, a different man.

D. Abd al-Uzza ibn Abd al-Muttalib, the Prophet's uncle, a different man.

Question 84 Islamiat

آنحضور صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کے زمانے میں کعبہ کے کلید برادر کون تھے؟

Correct answer ✓ A. حضرت عثمان بن طلحہ

B. حضرت عثمان ظعون

C. حضرت عثمان بن عفان

D. ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

A. Uthman ibn Talhah of the Banu Abd al-Dar held the key of the Kaaba in the Prophet's time and kept it after the conquest of Makkah.

B. Uthman ibn Maz'un was a companion, not the key-bearer.

C. Uthman ibn Affan was the third Caliph, not the Kaaba's key-bearer.

D. Wrong, since Uthman ibn Talhah is present and correct.

Question 85 Islamiat

ہجرت کے چوتھے سال کس عظیم شخصیت کی ولادت ہوئی؟

Correct answer ✓ A. امام حسین

B. امام حسن

D. امام جعفر صادق

A. Imam Husayn was born in 4 AH (in Sha'ban).

B. Imam Hasan was born in 3 AH, the year before.

C. Abbas ibn Ali was born later (26 AH).

D. Imam Ja'far al-Sadiq was born in 83 AH.

Question 86 Islamiat

رسول صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم کے اہم مراسلات پر مہر لگانے والی انگوٹھی کس کے پاس تھی؟

A. حضرت زید بن ثابت

B. حضرت علی

C. حضرت بلال

Correct answer ✓ D. حضرت حنظلہ

A. Zayd ibn Thabit was the Prophet's chief scribe of revelation, not the keeper of the seal ring among these options.

B. Ali ibn Abi Talib was a scribe, but the seal-keeping association in this question is with Hanzala.

C. Bilal was the muezzin, not the seal keeper.

D. Hanzala al-Katib (Hanzala ibn al-Rabi') was among the Prophet's scribes associated with the seal used on letters; the intended answer among the options. The historical record also names Mu'ayqib ibn Abi Fatima as keeper of the seal, who is not an option, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

87 Islamiat

کس کی ذہانت کی وجہ سے رسول صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے ان کی تعلیم کا الگ بندوبست کیا؟

- A. حضرت زینب
- B. حضرت فاطمہ
- C. حضرت حفصہ ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. حضرت عائشہ

A. No such separate teaching arrangement is recorded for Zaynab in this context.

B. No such arrangement is recorded for Fatimah.

C. Hafsa bint Umar was literate and keen to learn; the Prophet arranged for Al-Shifa bint Abdullah to teach her reading and writing — the arrangement this question refers to.

D. Aisha was herself a great teacher of others, not the subject of this arrangement. The answer rests on the traditional account alone, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 88 Islamiat

حضرت ابوبکر نے اخری ایام میں کتنی نمازوں کی امامت کی؟

- A. 10
- B. 12
- C. 14
- D. 17 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Not the traditional count.

B. Not the traditional count.

C. Not the traditional count.

D. The traditional count given in the sources is that Abu Bakr led 17 prayers as imam

rophet's final illness. The answer rests on the traditional count alone, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 89 Islamiat

اے زور اور نوجوان تیر چلا "اپ صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے یہ الفاظ غزوہ احد میں کس کو کہتے تھے؟"

A. حضرت ابوذر غفاری

B. حضرت علی

C. حضرت سعد بن عبادہ

Correct answer ✓ D. حضرت سعد بن ابی وقاص

A. Abu Dharr was not the archer addressed.

B. Ali fought with the sword at Uhud, not as the archer addressed.

C. Sa'd ibn Ubadah was an Ansari chief, not the archer.

D. At Uhud the Prophet said to Sa'd ibn Abi Waqqas, "Throw, Sa'd! May my father and mother be sacrificed for you" — the famous archery address.

Question 90 Urdu

جب کلام میں ایک ہی جنس یا قبیل کے الفاظ لائے جائیں تو اس صنعت کا نام کیا ہے؟

A. حسن تعطیل

B. صنعت تکرار

Correct answer ✓ C. صنعت مرات النظیر

D. صنعت لف و نشر

A. Husn-e-ta'lil is giving a fanciful reason for something, not grouping same-genus words.

B. Takrar is repetition of the same word, not bringing together words of one genus.

...nazir is the device of bringing together words of the same kind, genus, or family in one passage.

D. Laff-o-nashr is stating several things together and then explaining them in order, not genus-grouping.

Question 91 Urdu [STEM TRUNCATED AS SHOWN — nothing filled in]

[ایسے الفاظ جو حقیقی معنوں میں نہ ہوں بلکہ کسی اور تعلق سے مجازی معنوں میں استعمال ہو اور ان الف

[TRUNCATED AS SHOWN

A. کنایا

B. تشبیہ

Correct answer ✓ C. مجاز مرسل

D. استعارا

A. Kinaya is allusive speech where the literal meaning is also possible; not the definition in the visible stem.

B. Tashbih (simile) is a comparison based on SIMILARITY between two things.

C. Majaz-e-mursal is using a word in a figurative sense on the basis of a relation OTHER than similarity (e.g. cause for effect, part for whole) — exactly what the visible stem describes.

D. Isti'ara (metaphor) is based on similarity, which the stem excludes ("کسی اور تعلق سے"). The stem is cut off, so the answer rests on the visible portion, hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 92 Urdu

"پانی وانی, روٹی روٹی, "میں وانی اور ووٹی گرامر کے لحاظ سے کیا ہیں؟

B. جامد

C. مصدر

Correct answer ✓ D. مہمل

A. "Kalima" is a meaningful word; "wani"/"woti" carry no meaning of their own.

B. "Jamad" is a noun not derived from another word; "wani" is not a noun of this kind.

C. "Masdar" is a verbal noun; "wani" is not one.

D. "Muhmal" is a meaningless rhyming echo-word attached to a real word (pani-WANI, roti-WOTI) — exactly what "wani" and "woti" are.

Question 93 Urdu

جادہ پیماہ "ترکیب کا مفہوم کیا ہے؟"

A. ہوا کا رخ بتانے والے

Correct answer ✓ B. راستہ چلنے والا

C. درجہ حرارت ناپنے والا

D. سمت جانچنے والا

A. That would be a weathervane, not "jadah-pema".

B. "Jadah-pema" (one who measures/traverses the road) means a traveller, one who walks the path.

C. That is a thermometer.

D. That is a compass.

94 Urdu

"برا فروخنگی" کے معنی کیا ہیں؟

A. سطحی طور پر

B. بھلائی طور پر

Correct answer ✓ C. غصہ یاطیش

D. خوشی خوشی

A. "Superficially" is not the meaning.

B. "In a good way" is the opposite sense.

C. "Bar-afrokhtagi" means being enraged, anger, indignation.

D. "Gladly" is not the meaning.

Question 95 Urdu

یک شد نہ دو شد کا مطلب کیا ہے؟

A. دوہرا نقصان

B. دہرا فائدہ

C. مشکل کا حل

Correct answer ✓ D. ایک مصیبت سے دوسری مصیبت ملانا

A. "Double loss" is close but not the idiom's stated sense.

B. "Double benefit" is the opposite sense.

C. "Solution of a difficulty" is not the idiom's sense.

D. "Yak shud na do shud" (one did not happen, two happened) is used for one trouble being followed by another — the MCQ-convention sense. The answer rests on the idiom

hence SINGLE-SOURCE.

Question 96 Urdu

پانچ انگلیاں پانچوں چراغ کا مطلب کیا ہے؟

Correct answer ✓ A. بہت لائق ہونا

B. بہت نقصان ہونا

C. بہت فائدہ

D. بہت نالائق ہونا

A. Correct: Rekhta Dictionary glosses "پانچوں اُنگلیاں پانچوں چراغ" as "ماہر، استاد، ہوشیار، چابک دست، پورم پور، ہنر مند" (expert, master, clever, skilful, accomplished) — being very capable.

B. "Great loss" is the opposite sense.

C. "Great benefit" is the sense of the DIFFERENT idiom "پانچوں انگلیاں گھی میں" (fingers in ghee) — "مختار کل ہے، ہر طرح مزے میں ہے"; the filed key confused the two idioms and is corrected here openly.

D. "Being very incapable" is unrelated. VERIFIED: Rekhta Dictionary (idioms-containing-ungliyaan), checked independently 8 Nov 2026; the filed key C is corrected to A by the assistant's decision under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Note: FILE CORRECTION: the filed key was C "great benefit"; corrected to A — Rekhta Dictionary glosses "پانچوں اُنگلیاں پانچوں چراغ" as expert, master, clever, skilful, accomplished. The filed C is the sense of the different idiom "fingers in ghee". Corrected by the assistant's decision under the owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 97 Urdu

نہ نو من تیل ہوگا نہ رادھا ناچے گی کا مطلب کیا ہے؟

.A•

Correct answer ✓ سخت شرائط کی وجہ سے کام نہ ہونا .B•

اپنی مرضی کرنا .C•

دوسروں کے اشاروں پر چلنا .D•

A. Rising prices are not the idiom's point.

B. "If there is no nine maunds of oil, Radha will not dance": an impossible precondition means the work will never be done.

C. Doing as one pleases is not the sense.

D. Acting on others' signals is not the sense.

Question 98 Urdu

تحقیق مجلہ " بنیاد" کس یونیورسٹی سے شائع ہوتا ہے؟

Correct answer ✓ لمز .A•

نمل .B•

فاسٹ .C•

جی کی یونیورسٹی .D•

A. "Bunyad — A Journal of Urdu Studies" is published by the Gurmani Centre for Languages and Literature at LUMS (Lahore University of Management Sciences).

B. NUML publishes other journals (e.g. Daryaft), not Bunyad.

C. FAST University does not publish Bunyad.

D. GC University does not publish Bunyad.

درست ترکیب بنائیں؟

A. بے نیل مرام

B. با نیل مرام

C. نیل مرام

D. بے نیل و مرام ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Missing the conjunction "و"; not the set phrase.

B. "Ba" (with) reverses the sense.

C. Missing the prefix "بے"; not the set phrase.

D. "Be-nail-o-muram" (without aim or purpose) is the correct set phrase.

Question 100 Mathematics

Given the coordinates (-4,1) and (6,-5)in the plane ,find the lenght of the sgment?

- A. √100
- B. √116
- C. √136 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 36

A. That would need the squared differences to total 100; they total 136.

B. That would need the squared differences to total 116.

C. Distance = $\sqrt{[(6-(-4))^2 + (-5-1)^2]} = \sqrt{[10^2 + (-6)^2]} = \sqrt{(100+36)} = \sqrt{136}$.

D. 36 is only the squared vertical difference, not the distance. (Stem prints "lenght"/"sgment".)

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Source: https://www.test360.pk/test/zilladar-127g2024-29-06-2025-2345 (accessed 31 Oct 2026). See the source note on this page about the corrected keys and the excluded questions.