Food Grains Supervisor (BPS-09), Punjab Food Department — undated · Solved Past Paper

Body: Punjab Public Service Commission (PPSC) · **Post:** Food Grains Supervisor (BPS-09), Punjab Food Department · **Year:** not stated · **Questions:** 100 in the original paper — **100 solved and verified**, none excluded · **Price:** Free

> **How to use this paper:** each question shows the stem, the four options, and the correct answer. Click “Why each option?” under a question to see all four options explained — one question teaches four topics. General Knowledge answers are as of the the sitting sitting.

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1 Pak Studies

Which Province of Pakistan has the largest area?

- A. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
- B. Punjab
- C. Sindh
- D. Balochistan ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is much smaller than Balochistan in area.

B. Punjab is the most populous province, not the largest by area.

C. Sindh is smaller than Balochistan in area.

D. Balochistan covers about 44% of Pakistan's total area, the largest of all provinces.

Question 2 Pak Studies

The border between Pakistan and Afghanistan is known as?

- A. Khyber Pass
- B. Shahrah-e-Resham
- C. Durand Line ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Bolan Pass

A. The Khyber Pass is a mountain pass on the border, not the name of the border line itself.

B. Shahrah-e-Resham is the Karakoram Highway, a road, not the border.

C. The Durand Line, drawn in 1893, is the international border between Pakistan and Afghanistan.

D. The Bolan Pass is a pass in Balochistan, not the name of the border.

3 Pak Studies

In which year was NWFP named Khyber Pakhtunkhwa?

- A. 2008
- B. 2009
- C. 2010 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 2011

A. The province was still called NWFP in 2008.

B. The renaming had not yet happened in 2009.

C. The 18th Amendment of April 2010 renamed NWFP as Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

D. The renaming was already done by 2011.

Question 4 Pak Studies

The Muhammadan Educational Conference was founded in:

- A. 1884
- B. 1886 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1890
- D. 1891

A. The Conference did not exist in 1884.

B. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan founded the Muhammadan Educational Conference in December 1886.

C. The Conference was already running by 1890.

D. The Conference was already running by 1891.

5 Pak Studies

The Jallianwala Bagh incident took place on 13th April:

- A. 1913
- B. 1915
- C. 1917
- D. 1919 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The massacre did not happen in 1913.

B. The massacre did not happen in 1915.

C. The massacre did not happen in 1917.

D. British troops under General Dyer fired on the gathering at Jallianwala Bagh, Amritsar, on 13 April 1919.

Question 6 Pak Studies

The pamphlet 'Now or Never' was written by:

- A. Allama Iqbal
- B. Chaudhry Rehmat Ali ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Quaid-e-Azam
- D. Sir Syed

A. Iqbal wrote the Allahabad Address, not the 'Now or Never' pamphlet.

B. Chaudhry Rehmat Ali wrote 'Now or Never' in 1933, coining the name Pakistan.

C. Jinnah did not write this pamphlet.

D. Sir Syed died in 1898, long before the 1933 pamphlet.

Which of the following is not a member of the Economic Cooperation Organization (ECO)?

- A. Pakistan
- B. Afghanistan
- C. Chechnya ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Kazakhstan

A. Pakistan is a founding member of ECO.

B. Afghanistan is a member of ECO.

C. Chechnya is a republic within Russia, not a sovereign member state of ECO.

D. Kazakhstan is a member of ECO.

Question 8 Pak Studies

Percentage of women in the population of Pakistan is:

- A. 54%
- B. 51%
- C. 49% ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. 54% is not the female share in any census.

B. 51% is the male share of Pakistan's population, not the female share.

C. Women are about 48-49% of Pakistan's population (48.09% in the 1998 census, 48.55% in 2017), so 49% is the correct option.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Note: Note: PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION — PRINTED-KEY CORRECTION — the book's

and its red circle mark (B) 51%, but 51% is the MALE share; the native-text reproduction (vd10001) marks (C) 49%, and the census female share is 48.09% (1998 census) and 48.55% (2017 census), so 49% is the correct answer. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 9 Pak Studies

Rank of Pakistan according to population size in the world is:

- A. 6th ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 8th
- C. 9th
- D. None of these

A. At the time this paper was set, Pakistan was the 6th most populous country in the world (2017 census).

B. Pakistan was not 8th; it was higher than that.

C. Pakistan was not 9th; it was higher than that.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 10 General Knowledge

The national flower of Pakistan is:

- A. Tulip
- B. Rose
- C. Jasmine ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Sunflower

A. The tulip is not Pakistan's national flower.

B. The rose is not Pakistan's national flower.

...chameli) is the national flower of Pakistan.

D. The sunflower is not Pakistan's national flower.

Question 11 General Knowledge

The boundary line between China and India is called:

- A. Red Line
- B. McMahon Line ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Package Line
- D. None of these

A. There is no China-India boundary called the Red Line.

B. The McMahon Line, drawn in 1914, is the boundary between China and India in the east.

C. 'Package Line' is not a boundary line.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 12 Pak Studies

During British rule in India, in 1905, Bengal was partitioned by:

- A. Lord Minto
- B. Lord Simla
- C. Lord Radcliffe
- D. Lord Curzon ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Lord Minto was Viceroy later (1905-1910) but did not partition Bengal.

B. There was no Viceroy called Lord Simla.

C. Lord Radcliffe drew the 1947 partition boundaries, not the 1905 Bengal partition.

on, Viceroy of India, partitioned Bengal in 1905.

Question 13 Pak Studies

The Simla Deputation (October 1906) consisted of ____ Muslim leaders?

- A. 18
- B. 35 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 40
- D. 50

A. The deputation had more than 18 members.

B. The Simla Deputation that met the Viceroy in October 1906 had 35 Muslim leaders.

C. The deputation did not have 40 members.

D. The deputation did not have 50 members.

Question 14 Pak Studies

The demand for 'Separate Electorate' in India by the Muslims was accepted in?

- A. 1906
- B. 1909 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1919
- D. 1935

A. Separate electorates were demanded in 1906 but not yet accepted.

B. The Minto-Morley Reforms of 1909 accepted separate electorates for Muslims.

C. 1919 brought the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms, after separate electorates were already in place.

D. 1935 brought the Government of India Act, after separate electorates were already in place.

15 Pak Studies

India's Partition plan was announced on?

- A. June 3, 1947 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. July 3, 1947
- C. July 18, 1947
- D. August 14, 1947

A. Lord Mountbatten announced the Partition Plan on 3 June 1947.

B. The plan was announced in June, not July.

C. The Indian Independence Act was passed on 18 July 1947, but the plan itself was announced on 3 June.

D. 14 August 1947 is Pakistan's Independence Day, not the day the plan was announced.

Question 16 Pak Studies

Which Indian Muslim leader was buried in Jerusalem?

- A. Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Nawab Viqarul Mulk
- C. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- D. Maulvi Fazlul Haq

A. Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar died in London in 1931 and was buried in Jerusalem, near the Al-Aqsa Mosque.

B. Nawab Viqarul Mulk was buried in India, not Jerusalem.

C. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was buried in Aligarh, not Jerusalem.

D. Maulvi Fazlul Haq was buried in Dhaka, not Jerusalem.

17 Pak Studies

Who was the last Viceroy of India?

- A. Lord Wavell
- B. Lord Mountbatten ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Lord Linlithgow
- D. Lord Cripps

A. Lord Wavell was Viceroy before Mountbatten.

B. Lord Mountbatten was the last Viceroy of India (1947).

C. Lord Linlithgow was Viceroy from 1936 to 1943, not the last.

D. Lord Cripps was never Viceroy; he led the Cripps Mission of 1942.

Question 18 Pak Studies

Who was the last Governor General of Pakistan?

- A. Quaid-i-Azam
- B. Ghulam Muhammad
- C. Iskandar Mirza ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Ayub Khan

A. Quaid-i-Azam was the first Governor General, not the last.

B. Ghulam Muhammad was the third Governor General.

C. Iskandar Mirza was the last Governor General (1955-1956) before becoming Pakistan's first President.

D. Ayub Khan was a President, never a Governor General.

19 Pak Studies

The Objectives Resolution was passed in?

- A. 1940
- B. 1949 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 1974
- D. 1985

A. 1940 was the year of the Lahore Resolution, not the Objectives Resolution.

B. The Objectives Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly on 12 March 1949.

C. 1974 was the year of the Second Amendment, not the Objectives Resolution.

D. 1985 was the year of the Eighth Amendment, not the Objectives Resolution.

Question 20 Pak Studies

Who was the Indian Prime Minister to sign the Tashkent Declaration with Pakistan?

- A. Jawaharlal Nehru
- B. Lal Bahadur Shastri ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Indira Gandhi
- D. Atal Bihari Vajpayee

A. Nehru died in 1964, before the Tashkent Declaration.

B. Lal Bahadur Shastri, Prime Minister of India, signed the Tashkent Declaration with Ayub Khan in January 1966.

C. Indira Gandhi became Prime Minister after Shastri's death, after Tashkent.

D. Vajpayee was Prime Minister decades later, not in 1966.

21 Pak Studies

Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah joined the Muslim League in?

- A. 1906
- B. 1911
- C. 1913 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1916

A. The Muslim League was founded in 1906, but Jinnah did not join it that year.

B. Jinnah had not joined the League by 1911.

C. Jinnah joined the All India Muslim League in 1913.

D. By 1916 Jinnah was already a League member (Lucknow Pact year).

Question 22 Pak Studies

The Allahabad Address by Allama Iqbal was delivered in?

- A. 1906
- B. 1930
- C. 1930 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1938

A. 1906 was the year the Muslim League was founded, not the Allahabad Address.

B. 1930 is the year of the Allahabad Address — the same answer as (C).

C. 1930 is the year of the Allahabad Address, delivered on 29 December 1930.

D. 1938 was two years before Iqbal's death and after the Address.

Note: Note: PICK-ONE — Options (B) and (C) both read 1930; the Allahabad Address was delivered on 29 December 1930, so both options are the same correct answer. The book's key and red circle mark (C). Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

23 Pak Studies

Which Indian Muslim leader moved the Pakistan Resolution at the All India Muslim League Session held in Lahore in 1940?

- A. Maulvi Fazal ul Haq ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Maulana Bhashani
- C. Maulana Fazal-ur-Rehman
- D. Maulana Shibli Nomani

A. A. K. Fazlul Haq (Maulvi Fazal ul Haq) moved the Pakistan Resolution at Lahore on 23 March 1940.

B. Maulana Bhashani did not move the Resolution.

C. Maulana Fazal-ur-Rehman was a later politician, not the 1940 mover.

D. Shibli Nomani died in 1914, long before the 1940 session.

Question 24 Pak Studies

The 1st Prime Minister of Pakistan, Liaquat Ali Khan, was assassinated on?

- A. December 16, 1951
- B. October 16, 1951 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. September 16, 1951
- D. November 16, 1951

A. Liaquat Ali Khan was not assassinated in December 1951.

B. Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated at Rawalpindi on 16 October 1951.

C. Liaquat Ali Khan was not assassinated in September 1951.

D. Liaquat Ali Khan was not assassinated in November 1951.

The Simla Agreement between India and Pakistan was signed in?

- A. 1960
- B. 1966
- C. 1972 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 1988

A. 1960 was the year of the Indus Waters Treaty, not the Simla Agreement.

B. 1966 was the year of the Tashkent Declaration, not the Simla Agreement.

C. The Simla Agreement was signed on 2 July 1972 after the 1971 war.

D. The Simla Agreement was not signed in 1988.

Question 26 Islamiat

Hazrat Sheikh Ali Bin Usman Hajveri (Data Ganj Bakhsh) came to India during the time of:

- A. Mughals
- B. Khiljis
- C. Tughluq
- D. Ghaznavi ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Mughals came centuries after Data Ganj Bakhsh.

B. The Khiljis ruled after the Ghaznavids, after his time.

C. The Tughluqs ruled after the Khiljis, after his time.

D. Data Ganj Bakhsh (d. 1072) came to Lahore during the Ghaznavid period.

27 General Science

The normal temperature of the human body is:

- A. 98.4 °F ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 96.4 °F
- C. 93.4 °F
- D. 100 °F

A. The normal human body temperature is 98.4 °F (37 °C).

B. 96.4 °F is below the normal body temperature.

C. 93.4 °F is well below the normal body temperature.

D. 100 °F is a fever temperature, not the normal one.

Question 28 General Knowledge

Capital of Myanmar is:

- A. Naypyidaw ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Rangoon
- C. Colombo
- D. Khulna

A. Naypyidaw has been the capital of Myanmar since the government relocated there in March 2006.

B. Rangoon (Yangon) is the former capital and largest city, not the current capital.

C. Colombo is the capital of Sri Lanka, not Myanmar.

D. Khulna is a city in Bangladesh, not the capital of Myanmar.

29 General Knowledge

World Population Day is celebrated on:

- A. 11th July ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 11th June
- C. 11th May
- D. None of these

A. World Population Day is observed every year on 11 July.

B. World Population Day is not in June.

C. World Population Day is not in May.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 30 General Knowledge

World Water Day is celebrated on:

- A. 22nd March ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 22nd June
- C. 22nd July
- D. None of these

A. World Water Day is observed every year on 22 March.

B. World Water Day is not in June.

C. World Water Day is not in July.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 31 General Knowledge

World Literacy Day is celebrated on:

September

- B. 6th September
- C. 8th September ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. 5 September is Teachers' Day in India, not World Literacy Day.

B. 6 September is not World Literacy Day.

C. International Literacy Day is observed every year on 8 September.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 32 General Knowledge

Greenwich Mean Time passes through:

- A. Ireland
- B. Morocco
- C. Mali ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. None of these

A. The Prime Meridian (0°) passes west of Ireland, not through it.

B. The Prime Meridian passes west of Morocco, not through it.

C. The Prime Meridian passes through eastern Mali (the Gao region).

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 33 General Science

___ is the nearest planet to Earth:

- A. Venus ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Mars
- C. Jupiter

A. Venus is, on average, the nearest planet to Earth.

B. Mars is farther from Earth than Venus on average.

C. Jupiter is much farther from Earth than Venus.

D. There is a correct option, so 'None of these' is wrong.

Question 34 General Science

Distance between the Earth and the Sun during winter:

- A. Increases
- B. decreases ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. remains the same
- D. fluctuates

A. The Earth-Sun distance does not increase in winter; the Earth is nearest the Sun in early January.

B. The Earth reaches perihelion (nearest the Sun) in early January, which is winter in the Northern Hemisphere, so the distance decreases.

C. The distance changes through the year; it does not stay the same.

D. The distance changes smoothly with the orbit, not by random fluctuation.

Question 35 General Knowledge

Which country has the largest Muslim population in the world?

- A. Iran
- B. India
- C. Indonesia ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Saudi Arabia

large Muslim population but smaller than Indonesia's.

B. India has a large Muslim population but smaller than Indonesia's.

C. Indonesia has the world's largest Muslim population (over 200 million).

D. Saudi Arabia has a much smaller population than Indonesia.

Question 36 General Knowledge

Which city was once known as Constantinople?

- A. Cairo
- B. Qum
- C. Istanbul ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. California

A. Cairo was never called Constantinople.

B. Qum is a city in Iran, never called Constantinople.

C. Istanbul was called Constantinople (and Byzantium before that) until 1930.

D. California is a state in the USA, not a city once called Constantinople.

Question 37 General Science

What is the common name for sodium chloride?

- A. Acid
- B. Qalmi Shora
- C. Gandhak
- D. Salt ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Sodium chloride is not an acid.

B. Qalmi Shora is potassium nitrate, not sodium chloride.

s sulphur, not sodium chloride.

D. Sodium chloride is common table salt.

Question 38 General Science

What is chlorophyll's colour?

- A. Green ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Yellow
- C. Red
- D. Black

A. Chlorophyll, the pigment that lets plants photosynthesise, is green.

B. Chlorophyll is not yellow.

C. Chlorophyll is not red.

D. Chlorophyll is not black.

Question 39 General Knowledge

In which European city are the Headquarters of the Red Cross?

- A. New York
- B. Belgium
- C. Holland
- D. Geneva ✓ **Correct answer**

A. New York is in the USA, not Europe, and hosts the UN, not the Red Cross.

B. Belgium is a country, not a city.

C. Holland is a region of the Netherlands, not a city.

D. The International Committee of the Red Cross is headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland.

40 General Knowledge

Which city is the capital of Sri Lanka?

- A. Colombo ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Chittagong
- C. Khatmandu
- D. Rajshahi

A. Colombo is the executive and judicial capital (and largest city) of Sri Lanka; the book's own footnote confirms it is the official capital.

B. Chittagong is a city in Bangladesh, not the capital of Sri Lanka.

C. Kathmandu is the capital of Nepal, not Sri Lanka.

D. Rajshahi is a city in Bangladesh, not the capital of Sri Lanka.

Question 41 General Knowledge

Who erected the Taj Mahal in memory of his wife?

- A. Jahangir
- B. Shah Jahan ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Akbar
- D. Humayun

A. Jahangir did not build the Taj Mahal.

B. Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal at Agra in memory of his wife Mumtaz Mahal.

C. Akbar died before the Taj Mahal was built.

D. Humayun died long before the Taj Mahal was built.

42 General Knowledge

Who is the founder of the modern Republic of Turkey?

- A. Caliph Abdul Majeed
- B. Tariq Bin Ziyad
- C. Mustafa Kamal ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Babrak

A. Caliph Abdul Majeed was the last Ottoman Caliph, not the founder of the Republic.

B. Tariq Bin Ziyad conquered Spain in 711, unrelated to Turkey.

C. Mustafa Kamal (Atatürk) founded the Republic of Turkey in 1923.

D. Babrak is not the founder of modern Turkey.

Question 43 General Science

What is the boiling point of water?

- A. 60 °C
- B. 80 °C
- C. 100 °C ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 120 °C

A. Water does not boil at 60 °C at normal pressure.

B. Water does not boil at 80 °C at normal pressure.

C. At normal atmospheric pressure, water boils at 100 °C.

D. Water does not boil at 120 °C at normal pressure.

Question 44 General Knowledge

Which continent is called a Dark Continent?

ca ✓ **Correct answer**

- B. Europe
- C. Asia
- D. America

A. Africa was called the Dark Continent because little was known about its interior by Europeans in the 19th century.

B. Europe was never called the Dark Continent.

C. Asia was never called the Dark Continent.

D. America was never called the Dark Continent.

Question 45 Punjabi Literature

Who wrote 'Heer Ranjha'?

- A. Waris Shah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Bulleh Shah
- C. Sultan Bahu
- D. Mian Muhammad Bux

A. Waris Shah wrote the classic Punjabi epic 'Heer Ranjha'.

B. Bulleh Shah was a Sufi poet, not the author of 'Heer Ranjha'.

C. Sultan Bahu was a Sufi poet, not the author of 'Heer Ranjha'.

D. Mian Muhammad Bux wrote 'Saif-ul-Malook', not 'Heer Ranjha'.

Question 46 Urdu Literature

Faiz Ahmad Faiz was:

- A. A Poet
- B. A Journalist

army personnel

- D. All the above ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Faiz was a great Urdu poet, but that is only part of the answer.

B. Faiz was also a journalist (editor of the Pakistan Times), but that is only part of the answer.

C. Faiz also served as an army officer (commissioned in 1942), but that is only part of the answer.

D. Faiz was all three — poet, journalist and army officer — so 'All the above' is correct.

Question 47 Islamiat

The Holy Prophet (PBUH) was born in ____?

- A. 568 A.D
- B. 569 A.D
- C. 570 A.D
- D. 571 A.D ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Prophet was not born in 568 A.D.

B. The Prophet was not born in 569 A.D.

C. 570 A.D. is sometimes cited, but the standard date given in these papers is 571 A.D.

D. The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was born in the Year of the Elephant, 571 A.D.

Question 48 Islamiat

In 'Azaan', how many times is the word 'Allah-o-Akbar' recited?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6 ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The Takbir is recited more than 4 times in the Azaan.

B. The Takbir is recited more than 5 times in the Azaan.

C. 'Allah-o-Akbar' is recited 6 times in the Azaan (four at the start and two at the end).

D. The Takbir is not recited 7 times in the Azaan.

Question 49 Islamiat

Which Surah of the Holy Quran was the first to be revealed?

- A. Al Hamd
- B. Al Baqarah
- C. Al Alaq ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Al Rahman

A. Surah Al-Fatiha (Al Hamd) was not the first revealed Surah.

B. Surah Al-Baqarah was revealed in Madinah, not first.

C. Surah Al-Alaq (Iqra) was the first Surah revealed to the Prophet (PBUH).

D. Surah Al-Rahman was not the first revealed Surah.

Question 50 Islamiat

Who for the first time started the construction of the Holy Kaaba?

- A. Hazrat Nuh
- B. Hazrat Ismail
- C. Hazrat Ibrahim
- D. Hazrat Adam ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Hazrat Nuh did not first build the Kaaba.

ail helped his father rebuild the Kaaba, but did not first start it.

C. Hazrat Ibrahim rebuilt the Kaaba with Ismail, but the first construction is attributed to Adam.

D. According to Islamic tradition, Hazrat Adam first built the Kaaba; Ibrahim later rebuilt it.

Question 51 Islamiat

According to the Treaty of Hudaibiya, a truce (peace) was declared between Muslims and Quraish for ____ years.

- A. 5
- B. 7
- C. 10 ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. 12

A. The truce was not for 5 years.

B. The truce was not for 7 years.

C. The Treaty of Hudaibiya (6 AH) fixed a truce of 10 years between the Muslims and the Quraish.

D. The truce was not for 12 years.

Question 52 Islamiat

The Torat was revealed on the prophet:

- A. Hazrat Musa ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Hazrat Isa
- C. Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)
- D. Hazrat Daud

A. The Torah (Torat) was revealed to Hazrat Musa (Moses).

was revealed to Hazrat Isa, not the Torat.

C. The Quran was revealed to Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH), not the Torat.

D. The Zabur was revealed to Hazrat Daud, not the Torat.

Question 53 Islamiat

The longest Surah in the Holy Quran is:

- A. Al-Imran
- B. Al Nisa
- C. Al-Baqarah ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Al Maida

A. Al-Imran is the third Surah, not the longest.

B. Al Nisa is not the longest Surah.

C. Surah Al-Baqarah, with 286 verses, is the longest Surah of the Quran.

D. Al Maida is not the longest Surah.

Question 54 Islamiat

When was Hajj made obligatory?

- A. 2 A.H
- B. 5 A.H
- C. 7 A.H
- D. 9 A.H ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Hajj was not made obligatory in 2 A.H.

B. Hajj was not made obligatory in 5 A.H.

C. Hajj was not made obligatory in 7 A.H.

made obligatory in 9 A.H. (the Farewell Pilgrimage followed in 10 A.H.).

Question 55 Islamiat

Which Surah does not start with Bismillah?

- A. Al Tauba ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Al Nas
- C. Al Noor
- D. Al Naml

A. Surah Al-Tauba (Surah 9) is the only Surah that does not begin with Bismillah.

B. Surah Al-Nas begins with Bismillah.

C. Surah Al-Noor begins with Bismillah.

D. Surah Al-Naml begins with Bismillah.

Question 56 Islamiat

In which Surah has Bismillah occurred twice?

- A. Nahal
- B. Al Tauba
- C. Al Nas
- D. Al Naml ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Surah An-Nahl has Bismillah only at its start.

B. Surah Al-Tauba has no Bismillah at its start.

C. Surah Al-Nas has Bismillah only at its start.

D. Surah Al-Naml has Bismillah at its start and again in verse 30, in Sulaiman's letter to the Queen of Sheba.

57 Islamiat

The name of the fifth Kalimah is:

- A. Kalima Tauheed
- B. Kalima Shahadat
- C. Kalima Istighfar ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Kalima Tamjeed

A. Kalima Tauheed is the first Kalimah.

B. Kalima Shahadat is the second Kalimah.

C. Kalima Istighfar (Astaghfar) is the fifth Kalimah.

D. Kalima Tamjeed is the third Kalimah.

Question 58 Islamiat

Which is the 12th month of the Islamic year?

- A. Muharram
- B. Rajab
- C. Shawal
- D. Zilhaj ✓ **Correct answer**

A. Muharram is the 1st month of the Islamic year.

B. Rajab is the 7th month of the Islamic year.

C. Shawal is the 10th month of the Islamic year.

D. Zil Hajj (Dhul-Hijjah) is the 12th month of the Islamic year.

Question 59 Islamiat

Identify the last Ghazwa in which the Prophet Hazrat (PBUH) participated.

- B. Tabuk ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hunain
- D. Ahzab

A. The Battle of Mutah (8 AH) was before Tabuk.

B. The Expedition of Tabuk (9 AH) was the last Ghazwa in which the Prophet (PBUH) himself participated.

C. The Battle of Hunain (8 AH) was before Tabuk.

D. The Battle of Ahzab (5 AH) was much earlier than Tabuk.

Question 60 Islamiat

Hazrat Yousuf was the son of:

- A. Hazrat Ishaq
- B. Hazrat Yaqoob ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Hazrat Ismail
- D. Hazrat Loot

A. Hazrat Ishaq was Yousuf's grandfather, not his father.

B. Hazrat Yousuf (Joseph) was the son of Hazrat Yaqoob (Jacob).

C. Hazrat Ismail was not Yousuf's father.

D. Hazrat Loot was not Yousuf's father.

Question 61 Islamiat

Which Surah of the Holy Quran is called the heart of the Quran?

- A. Surah Al-Ikhlas
- B. Surah Ya Sin ✓ **Correct answer**

- D. Surah Ar-Rehman

A. Surah Al-Ikhlas is called one-third of the Quran, not its heart.

B. Surah Ya Sin is called the heart of the Quran.

C. Surah Al-Baqarah is the longest Surah, not the heart of the Quran.

D. Surah Ar-Rehman is called the bride of the Quran, not its heart.

Question 62 Islamiat

In which language was the Injeel revealed?

- A. Hebrew ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Arabic
- C. Latin
- D. Greek

A. The book gives Hebrew as the language of the Injeel's revelation.

B. The Injeel was not revealed in Arabic (that is the Quran).

C. The Injeel was not revealed in Latin.

D. The Injeel was not revealed in Greek.

Question 63 Islamiat

In which Surah of the Holy Quran is the word 'Khatimum Nabiyyeen' mentioned?

- A. Al Falaq
- B. Al Fateha
- C. Al Tauba
- D. Al Ahzab ✓ **Correct answer**

in-Nabiyyeen (Seal of the Prophets) is not in Surah Al-Falaq.

B. It is not in Surah Al-Fateha.

C. It is not in Surah Al-Tauba.

D. It is in Surah Al-Ahzab, verse 40.

Question 64 Islamiat

How many are the most exalted angels?

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four ✓ **Correct answer**

A. There are more than one exalted angel.

B. There are more than two exalted angels.

C. There are more than three exalted angels.

D. The four most exalted angels are Jibrail, Mikail, Israfil and Izrail.

Question 65 Islamiat

Which two prayers have no Azaan?

- A. Janaza, Eid ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Fajr, Zuhr
- C. Zuhr, Asr
- D. Asr, Maghrib

A. No Azaan is given for the Janaza (funeral) prayer or the Eid prayers.

B. Fajr and Zuhr both have Azaan.

Asr both have Azaan.

D. Asr and Maghrib both have Azaan.

Question 66 Islamiat

The Salaat Witr is a part of _____.

- A. Fajr
- B. Zuhr
- C. Isha ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Asr

A. Witr is not part of the Fajr prayer.

B. Witr is not part of the Zuhr prayer.

C. Witr is prayed after the Isha prayer, as part of the night prayers.

D. Witr is not part of the Asr prayer.

Question 67 Islamiat

How many times does the word 'Zakat' occur in the Holy Quran?

- A. 30
- B. 32 ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. 34
- D. 36

A. The word 'Zakat' does not occur 30 times.

B. The word 'Zakat' occurs 32 times in the Holy Quran, the standard cited count.

C. The word 'Zakat' does not occur 34 times.

D. The word 'Zakat' does not occur 36 times.

68 Islamiat

The commandment for observing Fast has been stipulated in the Surah _____.

- A. Al Nisa
- B. Al Imran
- C. Al Maida
- D. Al Baqarah ✓ **Correct answer**

A. The commandment of fasting is not in Surah Al-Nisa.

B. The commandment of fasting is not in Surah Al-Imran.

C. The commandment of fasting is not in Surah Al-Maida.

D. Fasting is commanded in Surah Al-Baqarah, verse 183 ('O you who believe, fasting is prescribed for you').

Question 69 Islamiat

In which Surah has Hajj been commanded?

- A. Al Baqarah ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Al Imran
- C. Al Nisa
- D. Muhammad

A. Hajj is commanded in Surah Al-Baqarah (verses 196-197 on the pilgrimage rites).

B. Surah Al-Imran also mentions Hajj (3:97), but the book's key is Al-Baqarah.

C. Hajj is not commanded in Surah Al-Nisa.

D. Hajj is not commanded in Surah Muhammad.

Which was the tribe of Hazrat Abu Bakr?

- A. Banu Khizraj
- B. Banu Aus
- C. Banu Tamim ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Banu Hashim

A. Banu Khazraj was a tribe of Madinah, not Abu Bakr's tribe.

B. Banu Aus was a tribe of Madinah, not Abu Bakr's tribe.

C. Abu Bakr belonged to the Banu Taym clan of the Quraysh, spelled 'Banu Tamim' in this paper.

D. Banu Hashim was the Prophet's own clan, not Abu Bakr's.

Question 71 Islamiat

For how many years did the caliphate of Hazrat Abu Bakr last?

- A. Three years
- B. Two years ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Four years
- D. Five years

A. Abu Bakr's caliphate did not last three years.

B. Abu Bakr was Caliph for about two years (27 months, 632-634 AD).

C. Abu Bakr's caliphate did not last four years.

D. Abu Bakr's caliphate did not last five years.

72 English

Pick the correct word:

- A. Formdible
- B. Formidable ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Firmdable
- D. Pharmidable

A. 'Formdible' is a misspelling.

B. 'Formidable' is the correct spelling (meaning inspiring fear or respect).

C. 'Firmdable' is a misspelling.

D. 'Pharmidable' is a misspelling.

Question 73 English

He died of a serious:

- A. Decease
- B. disease ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. demise
- D. death

A. 'Decease' is a noun meaning death, not something one dies 'of' in this phrase.

B. 'He died of a serious disease' is the correct collocation.

C. 'Demise' means death itself, not an illness.

D. 'He died of a serious death' is not correct English.

Question 74 English

Mark the synonym of 'chair':

estal

- B. Boasting
- C. Seat ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Pride

A. A pedestal is a base for a statue, not a synonym of chair.

B. Boasting means bragging, not a synonym of chair.

C. 'Seat' is a synonym of chair (something to sit on).

D. Pride is a feeling, not a synonym of chair.

Question 75 English

Choose the correct sentence:

- A. She resembles to her mother
- B. She resembles with her sister
- C. She resembles her cousin ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. The two brothers resemble on each other

A. 'Resemble' takes no preposition, so 'resembles to' is wrong.

B. 'Resembles with' is wrong for the same reason.

C. 'She resembles her cousin' is correct — resemble takes a direct object, no preposition.

D. 'Resemble on' is wrong; resemble takes no preposition.

Question 76 English

Which one is the antonym of Fugitive?

- A. Immigrant
- B. Refugee
- C. Absconder

tive ✓ **Correct answer**

A. An immigrant is someone who moves to a country, not the opposite of a fugitive.

B. A refugee is someone who flees, close in meaning to a fugitive, not its opposite.

C. An absconder is someone who escapes, like a fugitive.

D. A captive is someone held prisoner — the opposite of a fugitive, who has escaped.

Question 77 English

In a sentence, 'no sooner' is always followed by:

- A. That
- B. As
- C. Than ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Then

A. 'No sooner... that' is not the correct pairing.

B. 'No sooner... as' is not the correct pairing.

C. 'No sooner' is always followed by 'than' (no sooner had I arrived than it rained).

D. 'No sooner... then' is not the correct pairing.

Question 78 English

One who is capable of dealing with many subjects is called:

- A. Genius
- B. Intellectual
- C. Versatile ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. Vulnerable

A. A genius is exceptionally intelligent, not necessarily able to deal with many subjects.

:tual is a thinking person, not necessarily able to deal with many subjects.

C. A versatile person can deal with many subjects or tasks.

D. A vulnerable person is open to harm, not able to deal with many subjects.

Question 79 English

What is the one-word substitution for a person who is unable to pay his debt?

- A. Poor
- B. Vagabond
- C. Solvent
- D. Insolvent ✓ **Correct answer**

A. 'Poor' means having little money, not specifically unable to pay a debt.

B. A vagabond is a wanderer, not a debtor.

C. A solvent person CAN pay their debts — the opposite.

D. An insolvent person is unable to pay their debts.

Question 80 English

His silence _____ to refusal.

- A. Tantamounts
- B. is tantamount ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Is tantamounting
- D. tantamounted

A. 'Tantamounts' is not the correct verb form here.

B. 'His silence is tantamount to refusal' is correct — tantamount is an adjective, used with 'is'.

ounting' is not a correct form.

D. 'Tantamounted' is not a correct form.

Question 81 English

Pick the wrong word:

- A. Transpyre ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. Transfer
- C. Tranquil
- D. Tranquility

A. 'Transpyre' is not a word — the correct word is 'transpire'.

B. 'Transfer' is a correct English word.

C. 'Tranquil' is a correct English word.

D. 'Tranquility' is a correct English word.

Question 82 English

The husband ruled by his wife is called:

- A. Penpricked
- B. Henpecked ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. Indebted
- D. Liquidator

A. 'Penpricked' is not the word.

B. A henpecked husband is one ruled or nagged by his wife.

C. 'Indebted' means owing money, not ruled by a wife.

D. A liquidator winds up a company, not a husband ruled by his wife.

83 English

The workman may seek indulgence _____ the Labour Court for his guaranteed rights.

- A. of
- B. to
- C. in ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. for

A. 'Indulgence of the Labour Court' is not the correct phrase.

B. 'Indulgence to the Labour Court' is not the correct phrase.

C. 'Seek indulgence in the Labour Court' is the correct legal phrasing.

D. 'Indulgence for the Labour Court' is not the correct phrase.

Question 84 English

Which is the correct sentence?

- A. I am sick by your lies
- B. I am sick from your lies
- C. I am sick of your lies ✓ **Correct answer**
- D. I am sick to your lies

A. 'Sick by' is not the correct preposition here.

B. 'Sick from' is not the idiom used here.

C. 'I am sick of your lies' is correct — 'sick of' means fed up with.

D. 'Sick to' is not the correct preposition here.

Question 85 English

Which is the correct sentence?

- B. He brushed aside my argument ✓ **Correct answer**
- C. He brushed to my argument
- D. He brushed over my argument

A. 'Brushed on' is not the idiom.

B. 'He brushed aside my argument' is correct — 'brush aside' means to dismiss or ignore.

C. 'Brushed to' is not the idiom.

D. 'Brushed over' would mean to cover lightly, not to dismiss an argument.

Question 86 English

Fill in the blank: The swimmers should avoid _____ a contaminated swimming pool.

- A. entering ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. being entered
- C. entered
- D. have entered

A. 'Avoid' is followed by a gerund: 'avoid entering a contaminated swimming pool'.

B. 'Being entered' is passive and makes no sense here.

C. 'Entered' is not the form that follows 'avoid'.

D. 'Have entered' is not the form that follows 'avoid'.

Question 87 English

The noun form of the verb 'excite' is:

- A. Exciting
- B. excited
- C. excitatement

A. 'Exciting' is an adjective (or participle), not the noun.

B. 'Excited' is an adjective, not the noun.

C. 'Excitatement' is not a word.

D. 'Excitement' is the noun form of 'excite'.

Question 88 Urdu Literature

احسان دانش کا دورِ حیات:

Correct answer ✓ A. 1914 تا 1982

B. 1920 تا 1990

C. 1930 تا 1986

D. 1935 تا 1988

A. Ehsan Danish (احسان دانش) lived from 1914 to 1982.

B. Ehsan Danish was not born in 1920 and did not die in 1990.

C. Ehsan Danish was not born in 1930 and did not die in 1986.

D. Ehsan Danish was not born in 1935 and did not die in 1988.

Question 89 Urdu Literature

خوشامد کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

A. مولانا الطاف حسین حالی

Correct answer ✓ B. سر سید احمد خان

C. مرزا غالب

.D•

A. Altaf Hussain Hali did not write the essay 'Khushamad'.

is an essay (inshaiya) by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan, one of his well- (خوشامد) '**B.** 'Khushamad

.known reformist essays

C. Mirza Ghalib did not write the essay 'Khushamad'.

D. Colonel Muhammad Khan did not write the essay 'Khushamad'.

Question 90 Urdu Literature

کہانی 'بہروپیا' کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

A. پریم چند•

B. پطرس بخاری•

Correct answer ✓ C. غلام عباس•

D. صوفی تبسم•

A. Premchand did not write the short story 'Behroopia'.

B. Patras Bukhari did not write the short story 'Behroopia'.

.is a famous short story by Ghulam Abbas (بہروپیا) '**C.** 'Behroopia

D. Sufi Tabassum did not write the short story 'Behroopia'.

Question 91 Urdu Literature

پاکستان بن گیا، کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

A. کشور ناہید•

B. بانو قدسیہ•

Correct answer ✓ D. خدیجہ مستور

A. Kishwar Naheed did not write 'Aur Pakistan Ban Gaya'.

B. Bano Qudsia did not write 'Aur Pakistan Ban Gaya'.

C. Parveen Shakir, a poet, did not write 'Aur Pakistan Ban Gaya'.

D. 'Aur Pakistan Ban Gaya' (اور پاکستان بن گیا) is a lesson by Khadija Mastur (خدیجہ مستور).

Question 92 Urdu Literature

ناول 'آنگن' کو کون سا ایوارڈ دیا گیا؟

A. آدم جی ایوارڈ

B. لکس اسٹائل ایوارڈ

C. صدارتی ایوارڈ

Correct answer ✓ D. آدم جی ادبی ایوارڈ

A. 'Adamjee Award' is the same award named without 'Literary' — the same answer as (D).

B. The Lux Style Award is a modern entertainment award, not the award for 'Aangan'.

C. 'Aangan' did not win a Presidential Award.

D. Khadija Mastur's novel 'Aangan' (1962) won the Adamjee Literary Award — the award's full name.

Note: Note: PICK-ONE — Options (A) 'Adamjee Award' and (D) 'Adamjee Literary Award' name the same award; (D) is its full name. Khadija Mastur's 'Aangan' won the Adamjee Literary Award in 1962. The book's key and red circle mark (D). Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

مضمون 'وقار الملک' کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

A. مفتی محمود

Correct answer ✓ B. مولوی عبدالحق

C. غلام رسول مہر

D. مولانا شبلی نعمانی

A. Mufti Mahmood did not write the essay on Waqar-ul-Mulk.

B. Maulvi Abdul Haq (Baba-e-Urdu) wrote the biographical essay on Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk, included in his sketches of contemporaries ('Chand Hum Asr').

C. Ghulam Rasool Mehr did not write this essay.

D. Shibli Nomani died in 1914, before this essay was written.

Question 94 Urdu Literature

اردو زبان کے پہلے ناول نگار کا نام بتائیے؟

A. منشی پریم چند

Correct answer ✓ B. مولوی نذیر احمد

C. عبدالحلیم شرر

D. مولانا شبلی نعمانی

A. Premchand was a great novelist, but not the first Urdu novelist.

B. Maulvi Nazir Ahmad is regarded as the first Urdu novelist — his 'Mirat-ul-Uroos' (1869) is the first Urdu novel.

C. Abdul Halim Sharar was a later novelist, not the first.

nami was a historian and biographer, not the first Urdu novelist.

Question 95 Urdu Literature

پنڈت رتن ناتھ سرشار اور مولانا عبدالحلیم شرر جیسے صاحب قلم کس ہندوستان کے علاقے سے تعلق رکھتے تھے؟

A. لاہور

B. دلی

Correct answer ✓ C. لکھنؤ

D. اودھ

A. Lahore was not the home of Sarshar and Sharar.

B. Delhi was not the home of Sarshar and Sharar.

C. Pandit Ratan Nath Sarshar and Maulana Abdul Halim Sharar are the classic writers of Lucknow.

D. Awadh is the wider region containing Lucknow — also true, but Lucknow is the city the two writers are identified with.

Note: Note: PICK-ONE — (D) Awadh is the wider region that contains Lucknow, so it is also factually true; the book's key and red circle mark (C) Lucknow, the city both writers are identified with. Decided by assistant under owner's 8 Nov 2026 delegation.

Question 96 Urdu Literature

پنڈت رتن ناتھ سرشار کو کیا کہا جاتا ہے؟

A. شیکسپیئر

B. ورڈز ورتھ

Correct answer ✓ C. چارلس ڈکنز

D. ڈاکٹر واٹسن

not called the Shakespeare of Urdu.

B. Sarshar is not called the Wordsworth of Urdu.

C. Pandit Ratan Nath Sarshar is called the Charles Dickens of Urdu literature.

D. Sarshar is not called Dr Watson.

Question 97 Urdu Literature

پریم چند کا کون سا ناول سماج کے ظلم کا نمایاں ثبوت ہے؟

A. میدان عمل

Correct answer ✓ B. بازار حسن

C. گؤدان

D. امراؤ جان ادا

A. 'Maidan-e-Amal' is not the novel cited for this.

B. Premchand's 'Bazaar-e-Husn' (Seva Sadan) shows the oppression of women and society most prominently.

C. 'Godan' is Premchand's great novel of peasant life, but the book's answer for this question is 'Bazaar-e-Husn'.

D. 'Umrao Jan Ada' is by Mirza Hadi Ruswa, not Premchand.

Question 98 Urdu Literature

مضمون 'مامتا' کس کی تصنیف ہے؟

A. عطا الحق قاسمی

Correct answer ✓ B. احمد ندیم قاسمی

C. مرزا ادیب

A. Ata-ul-Haq Qasmi did not write the essay 'Mamta'.

.is by Ahmad Nadeem Qasmi (مامتہ) '**B.** The essay 'Mamta

C. Mirza Adeeb did not write the essay 'Mamta'.

D. Premchand did not write the essay 'Mamta'.

Question 99 Urdu Literature

غالب کی تاریخ ولادت اور تاریخ وفات بتائیں:

- A. 1797-1869 ✓ **Correct answer**
- B. 1803-1868
- C. 1800-1878
- D. 1900-1978

A. Mirza Ghalib was born on 27 December 1797 and died on 15 February 1869.

B. Ghalib was not born in 1803 and did not die in 1868.

C. Ghalib was not born in 1800 and did not die in 1878.

D. Ghalib lived in the 19th century, not the 20th.

Question 100 Urdu Literature

میر مہدی حسین مجروح اور مرزا غالب سے کیا تعلق رکھتے تھے؟

A. بھانجی

B. رشتہ دار

C. دوست ✓ **Correct answer**

D. بیوی کے بھائی

ajrooh was not Ghalib's niece

B. 'Relative' is too vague — Majrooh was not a blood relative of Ghalib.

C. Mir Mehdi Hussain Majrooh was Ghalib's beloved disciple and lifelong acquaintance, is the (دوست) 'called 'Farzand-e-Dilband' (beloved son); among the four options, 'friend .intended answer

D. Majrooh was not Ghalib's brother-in-law.

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